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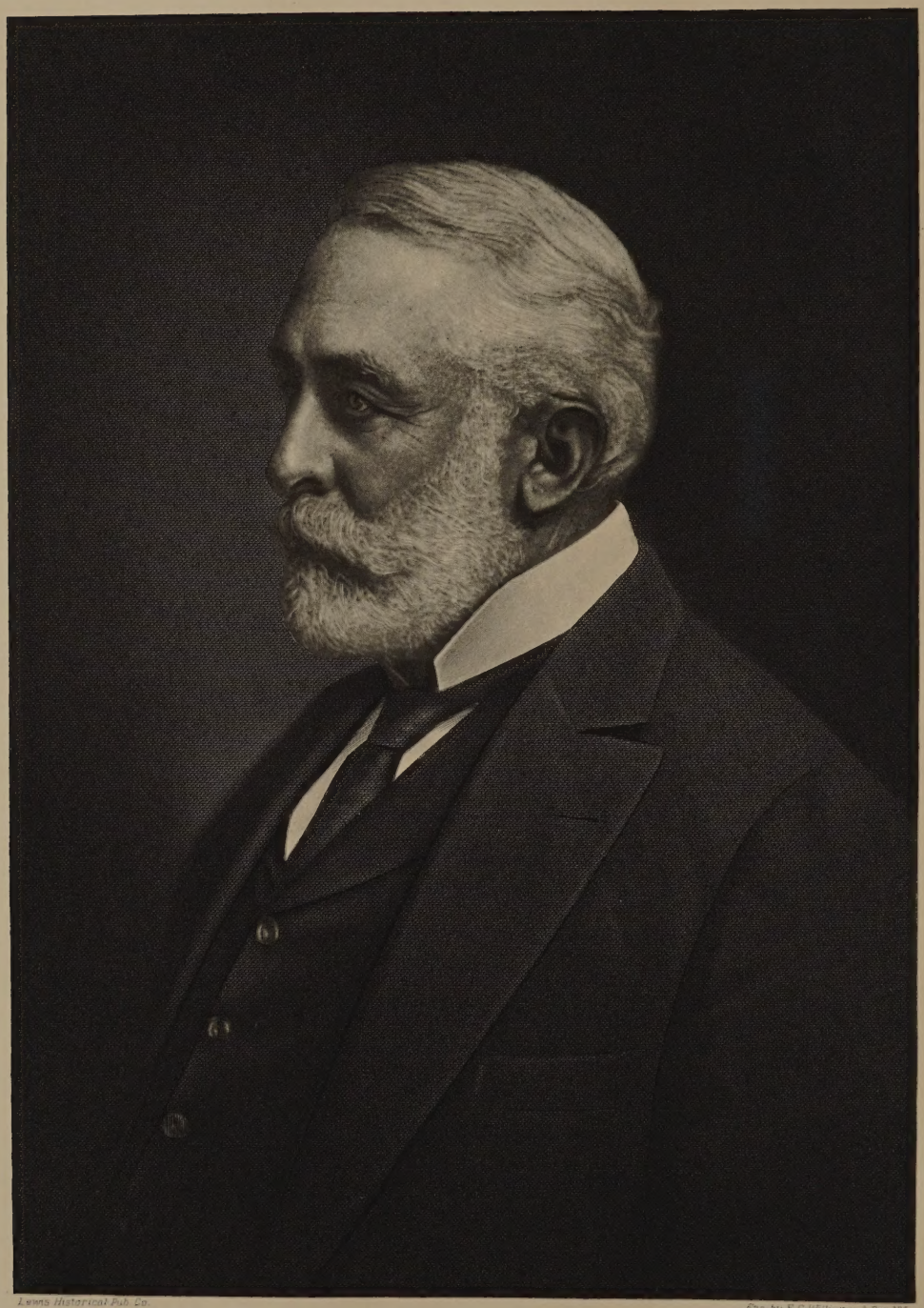

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Henry C. Frick

# PITTSBURGH
# *of*
# TODAY

## *Its Resources and People*

*By*

FRANK C. HARPER

VOLUME V

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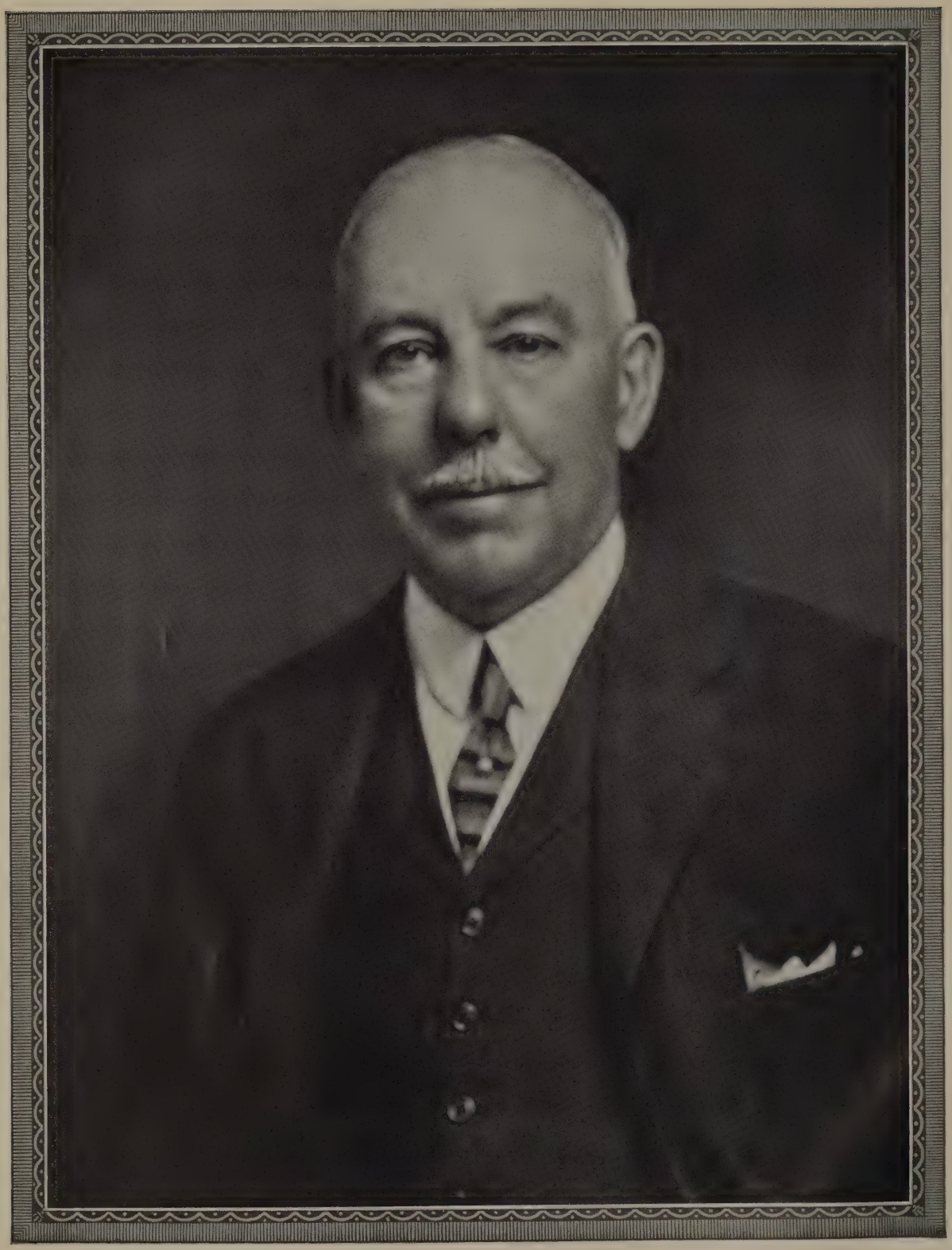

H H Westinghouse

**HENRY HERMAN WESTINGHOUSE**—The name Westinghouse has been written large and forever not only upon the annals of Pittsburgh but upon those of this Nation and wherever else in the world trains are run and electricity and machinery are used. Henry Herman Westinghouse, chairman of the board of directors of the Westinghouse Air Brake Company is the last survivor of the generation of this family that has contributed so much to the material advancement and comfort of mankind.

It is a moot question: Which is the dominant factor in determining the character and career of an individual, heredity or environment? A definite effort was made in the preparation of this article to discover, if possible, the roots of that mechanical genius which suddenly burst forth in the Westinghouse family in the nineteenth century, and in father and sons has functioned steadily for nearly a hundred years. So little can be found in the histories of the localities where the family has lived that one is forced to the conclusion that one of H. H. Westinghouse's outstanding characteristics, modesty, is a family trait, and this has made it necessary to call upon associates for much of the data and conclusions that follow.

The family, which has been established in this country for more than one hundred and seventy-five years, was originally German. John Hendrik Westinghouse, great-grandfather of our subject, came here directly from Germany, with his widowed mother. He was then fifteen years old. They located in North Pownal, Vermont, in 1755 when that territory was also claimed by New York State and Massachusetts. Their land lay on the west side of the Hoosic River. His name appears in the first United States Census (1790) as "Westonhouse," and that spelling often appears on later records, even down to 1848, when the election of George "Westonhouse" (father of the famous brothers, George and Herman) as justice of the peace in Schoharie, New York, was recorded.

George Westinghouse, Sr., was born on the homestead in North Pownal, Vermont, in 1809, son of John Ferdinand Westinghouse and died in 1890, in Pittsburgh, and was buried in Schenectady, New York. He was reared as a farmer boy and given such educational opportunities as the local schools afforded. In the early days the farmer had to be something of a mechanic; he must have the ability and be equipped with the tools to make small repairs on his implements and buildings as occasion demanded. This was the environment of young Westinghouse, and as soon as he was able to handle tools he showed exceptional aptitude for mechanical work. As will be seen, his skill as a craftsman increased as he matured and a faculty for invention soon showed itself and developed ultimately to a point where the importance of his manufacturing interests made it more profitable for him to give up all farm work and devote himself exclusively to labor which had always been more congenial, and which became at once vocation and avocation; and along with these developments was disclosed an executive ability of no mean order—talents and qualities that were to make outstanding men of his sons, George and Herman.

Soon after his marriage in 1831, George Westinghouse, Sr., removed to Ohio, locating near Cleveland. But the climate did not agree with him and his wife, who, before marriage, was Emmeline Vedder, and they returned to the East and lived for a time in Minaville, Montgomery County, New York. The question arises: Why was Minaville selected? Was it because that was the home of Mrs. Westinghouse's branch of the Vedder family? The Vedders are one of the oldest New York Dutch families and are numerous in both Montgomery and Schoharie counties. Mr. Westinghouse's first important invention was an improved threshing machine. This met with such favor that it became necessary for him to provide himself manufacturing facilities, which were extensive for that day. He found a suitable water power at Central Bridge, Schoharie County, and about this time, 1836, he bought a farm that lay along the river there and converted one of the buildings into a workshop. He took out one patent after another, and his manufacturing operations soon made such demands upon his time and attention that he had to turn over to others the cultivation of his farm, upon which, up to that time, he had depended for his subsistence and the capital with which to carry on his experimental work. His products included improved threshing machines, winnowing devices, endless-chain power transmitters and a seed scraper for broom corn, on all of which he obtained patents. This business was carried on under the name of G. Westinghouse Company. In 1859 he removed his residence and business to Schenectady, but the old plant and business at Central Bridge was carried on by his son-in-law, Spencer Moore.

George Westinghouse married Emmeline Vedder, who was born in 1810 and died in 1895. Seven sons and three daughters were born from this union: 1. Catherine, married Spencer Moore. 2. Jay. 3. Mary, died unmarried. 4. John. 5. Albert. 6. George, the inventor. 7. Elizabeth, died unmarried. 8. Henry, died in infancy. 9. Herman, died in infancy. 10. Henry Herman, of whom further.

Henry Herman Westinghouse, son of George and Emmeline (Vedder) Westinghouse, was born in Central Bridge, New York, November 16, 1853. He was graduated from Union High School, Schenectady, in 1870, and the following year, he took up the study of mechanical engineering at Cornell University. But, in 1872, at the solicitation of his brother, he gave up his formal studies to become identified with the Westinghouse Air Brake Company. This company had been organized by George Westinghouse (q. v.) and

incorporated in 1869. There can be no doubt that these brothers inherited from their father in intensified degree those physical and mental qualities that found their expression and satisfactions in the field of mechanics; and from what has already been said about their father's activities, it will be seen that their early environment contributed greatly to the development of their genius. Thoroughness was a characteristic family trait, and Herman Westinghouse went into his brother's plant determined to learn the air brake business "from the ground up," both theoretically and practically. His first job was in the foundry, then he went into the machine shop as a bench hand and also learned pattern-making; this was followed by a course in mechanical drawing in the engineering department. From all this Mr. Westinghouse learned much more than engineering science and practice; he learned what might be called "human engineering." He had mixed freely with his fellow-workmen and had discovered their viewpoints. He had learned the limitations of Mr. Average Man, his outlook on life, his ambitions and his reactions to his environment. All this information was to prove of great value to Mr. Westinghouse in his coming contacts as a business executive; but it was also to give color and shape to his welfare and sociological activities in the years to come. Having served his apprenticeship in the practical manufacturing branches of the business, he went to work in the offices of the company, of which he was made general agent. In 1887 he was made general manager of the company and in 1899 he was elected its vice-president. He succeeded to the presidency upon the death of his brother in 1914 and continued to serve in that capacity until 1915 when he decided to "retire," at which time he became chairman of the board of directors. It has not been discovered what Mr. Westinghouse meant by "retire," for there are few seventy-eight-year-olds in this or any other country so active.

The introduction of electric lighting in the late '70's of the last century created a need for a high-speed steam engine to drive the dynamos. Like his brother George, Herman was quick to sense the mechanical needs of the hour, and he designed the single-acting engine, a new type which embodied many novel ideas adapting it not only for that specific purpose, but for driving many other kinds of machinery. In 1881, he organized The Westinghouse Machine Company to manufacture the engine, and, later, in 1885, in association with William L. Church, Walter C. Kerr and I. H. Davis, he formed the engineering firm of Westinghouse, Church, Kerr and Company, of which Mr. Westinghouse was for many years president. For some years this company marketed the Westinghouse Single-Acting Engine in every country in the world where steam power was used. Later, the company took important engineering contracts, among which may be mentioned the work on the famous South Station in Boston and the Pennsylvania Terminal in New York City.

Thirty-six patents have been issued covering developments in air-brake design, construction and operation. Mr. Westinghouse made many important contributions to these improvements. He made a most enviable reputation as a designer of machinery and won a place among the outstanding mechanical engineers of his day.

It has been noted already that the three Westinghouses, George, Sr., George, Jr., and Herman, besides their mechanical talents, have been possessed of executive abilities in large measure. Their success as heads of great enterprises makes extended comment in this connection superfluous. But Herman Westinghouse is the possessor of another quality which has endeared him to a countless number of his fellowmen. He is filled with the milk of human kindness and has the spirit and poise of a philosopher. It is said by those who have been associated with him closely for years that under all conditions—and plenty of trying and exasperating situations arise in all organizations—Mr. Westinghouse has never been known to lose his serenity. He has a reputation for being very broad-minded, and for trying to discover honest motives behind the opinions of people with whom he is compelled to differ. During almost a lifetime a most intimate friend says he has never heard Mr. Westinghouse utter a harsh word to anybody or express a bitter criticism. These qualities and his love of human kind placed him in the vanguard of those executives who have recognized the importance and value of welfare work among employees. The sympathies and understanding awakened in his apprentice days have deepened with the passing years, and the personal comfort, safety and happiness of the workers in his organizations have received close study at his hands, with the result that many beneficent measures have been adopted.

Besides being chairman of the board of directors of the Westinghouse Air Brake Company of Pittsburgh, Mr. Westinghouse is chairman of the board of directors of the Canadian Westinghouse Company, Limited, and he is also a director of The Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, director of the Westinghouse Brake and Saxby Signal Company, Limited, of London; president of the Campagnie des Freins Westinghouse of Paris. He is a member of many clubs and societies, among which may be mentioned the Duquesne and University clubs of Pittsburgh, the Century Association and Engineers', Grolier, Bankers' and Cornell clubs of New York City, and several golf and country clubs. He is a trustee of Cornell University, and is a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, American Academy of Political and Social Science and the American Society for the Advancement of Science, of which he was elected a Fellow on May 21, 1925.

Henry Herman Westinghouse married May 27, 1875, in Ithaca, New York, Clara L. Saltmarsh, daughter of George and Abigail (Overacker) Saltmarsh. Three daughters were born from this union: Florence, who died at the age of thirteen; Katharine, now wife of E. T. Clark. They reside in Goshen, New York. The youngest child, Marjorie, died at the age of thirteen. The loss of these two daughters produced a wound that has never healed. Mr. and Mrs. Westinghouse are now (1931) building a new residence in Goshen to be near their daughter and her family.

According to associates who are in a position to know, Mr. Westinghouse has always kept himself in the background, giving precedence to what he considered to be the best interests of his brother George. This fact was always recognized by the latter; and although the brothers did not always see eye to eye, there can be no question that no other person was ever so close and intimate with George Westinghouse, or had so much influence with him as this younger brother; and this seems to have been entirely apart from their fraternal relation. Their association in business covered a period of forty-one years, and it was but natural, therefore, that Herman Westinghouse should be made the chief executor of his brother's estate, whose policies he has continued with a success that is its own tribute to his abilities.

G. B. B.

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**BURTON HARRIS WITHERSPOON**—With a background of many years' experience in managerial capacities with leading business service organizations of the country, Mr. Witherspoon, in 1929, came to Pittsburgh and assumed the presidency of the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory, of which nationally known organization he has continued to be the head since then. Under his management this institution has not only continued to maintain its high reputation, gained during its existence of half a century, but has even grown in influence and importance.

Burton Harris Witherspoon was born at Wolfe City, Texas, a son of R. F. and Flora (Benigno) Witherspoon, both now living in retirement from active affairs in California. Mr. Witherspoon received his education in the public schools and having graduated from the high school at Shawnee, Oklahoma, attended successively the University of Wisconsin, the University of Oklahoma, and the University of Washington, at Seattle. He then became connected for five years with the Bausch & Lomb Optical Company of Rochester, New York, and afterwards with the Safe-Cabinet Company of Marietta, Ohio. Beginning with 1920 he was western sales manager of the last-named company at San Francisco, California, until the company was merged with the Remington-Rand organization. He then became assistant zone manager covering the entire West, in which capacity he continued until March, 1928, when he assumed charge of the Los Angeles office. Until March, 1929, he was district manager of the Remington-Rand Business Service, Incorporated, with headquarters at Los Angeles. At that time he came to Pittsburgh as president of the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory, a position in which he has continued since then, serving also as president and as a member of the board of directors of the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory of Texas, located at Dallas.

The nation-wide service of the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory, with branch offices and laboratories in many of the principal cities of the United States, is the result of half a century of dependable inspection and testing service to industry. Founded in 1881 by William Kent and William F. Zimmerman, mechanical engineers, it later was acquired by Captain A. E. Hunt and George H. Clapp, who inaugurated the unique service of inspection of materials, testing of machinery and metals, and chemical analyses, a service upon which the business was built. Industrial establishments found their unbiased services of great value, and were soon won over to them. In 1891 it was made a limited partnership under the name of the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory, Limited, and in 1907 was incorporated under the laws of Pennsylvania. The business was started in the Schmidt Building on Fifth Avenue, with the chemical laboratory located at the old Carbon Iron Works. The physical laboratory was later moved to the basement of the Fitzsimmons Building on Fourth Avenue. Still later, all departments were grouped at No. 325 Water Street, where the business remained for twenty-two years. In 1910, the laboratory erected its own building at Seventh and Bedford avenues, but the rapid growth of the business created a demand for still larger quarters, and in 1923 the old Newsboys' Home, corner of Stevenson and Locust streets, was purchased. The institution now occupies the entire property. One of the most important achievements of the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory was the development of aluminum, which was patented in 1889 by the late Charles Martin Hall. At that time he was only twenty-two years of age, and much of the credit for the development of his invention belongs to the laboratory, which made possible the production today of approximately 500,000,000 pounds of aluminum a year. The present organization and service of the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory embraces the following departments: General Inspection Department, comprising a well-organized corps of accredited inspectors, principally for the inspection of various steel and iron products. Department of Research and Special Investigation, which includes research along chemical and engineering lines, the working out of methods for the purpose of lowering manufacturing costs, and expert advice in patent litigation along metallurgical and chemical lines. Chemical Department, which includes laboratories at several strategical points for conducting chemical tests involving metals, asphalts, clays, silicates, coal and petroleum products, alloys, water, and food products. Physi-

cal Testing Department, with laboratories at Pittsburgh and elsewhere, for physical tests of building materials of all kinds including those for highways, for power plant tests, and for the solving of other engineering problems.

Not the least important of the functions of the laboratory is the bringing to it of men from various industrial plants for training along the scientific lines offered in the company's "fellowship plan." These candidates or students go forth from the laboratory as finished products, not only to carry its good name and widen its influence, but also to render expert service themselves to their respective concerns. This service proves of great value in actual demonstration of laboratory methods as applied to specific plant needs by these trained specialists. The results of this training are, among other things, evident in reduced cost of manufacturing, increased quality of the product, larger and quicker production, and greater returns from a broader market.

That feature of the laboratory which fortifies the manufacturer with a compelling proof of the superiority of his product and its selling values might be called "scientific research as to the product (will it sell?)." The question sometimes arises as to when should a product go into the laboratory for inspection and appraisement at the hands of scientists who approach the work with a fresh, outside viewpoint. Some businesses send their products only when there is performance trouble, when something goes wrong and the buyer complains. It is the laboratory's proper function to act in such cases and assist in correcting the difficulty. Products inspected, tested, analyzed or developed by the laboratory or the "fellowship plan" may carry the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory endorsement.

Scientific research as to selling features: The laboratory asserts that the salesman armed with unbiased and independent proof of his claims, by which he can dramatically portray the selling features of his product, has something to awaken interest in the prospect. He is prepared, effectively, to answer objections, remove doubt, and establish confidence. Selling features, to carry a successful appeal, ought always to be backed by scientific proof. The laboratory is prepared to supply such scientific proof. The buying public searches for independent, disinterested facts regarding purchases, and accepts the same when it is convinced they are unbiased and reliable. The laboratory declares it "will only certify facts as they are found," and, that "the door to greater sales may be opened to those who visualize and apply this idea to their marketing program."

The officers of the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory are: George Tallman Ladd, president of the United Engineering & Foundry Company, chairman of the board; Burton H. Witherspoon, president; A. R. Ellis (q. v.), vice-president; F. O. Gardner, secretary and treasurer.

Mr. Witherspoon has to his credit an exceptionally fine record of military service during the World War. Commissioned a first lieutenant of Field Artillery, in 1917, he served successively with the 1st Division of the Regular Army, the 3d Army Corps and the 2d Army Corps, American Expeditionary Forces, in France. When he received his honorable discharge he held the rank of lieutenant-colonel. He is a member of numerous Masonic bodies, including the Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; the American Legion; the Athens Athletic Club of Oakland, California; the Sales Managers Club of Pittsburgh; the Railway Club of Pittsburgh; the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce; the Pittsburgh Press Club; the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; and the Keystone Athletic Club.

Mr. Witherspoon married, May 28, 1919, Emma Clay Thompson, of Ada, Oklahoma. Mr. and Mrs. Witherspoon have three children: Burton Harris, Jr., Frank Thompson, and John Garland. The family home is at No. 2256 Beechwood Boulevard, Pittsburgh.

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**ALBERT RALPH ELLIS**—A native and lifelong resident of Pittsburgh, Mr. Ellis, by profession a civil engineer, became connected with the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory immediately after graduating from college. Ever since then, covering now a period of a quarter of a century, he has been identified with this nationally known organization. His ability and energy gained him frequent promotions to different positions of ever-increasing responsibility and importance and in recent years he has been vice-president in charge of all operations of the laboratory. His contributions to the steady growth and success, which the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory has enjoyed during the last twenty-five years, have been many and important.

Albert Ralph Ellis was born in Pittsburgh, March 17, 1881, a son of Albert Clarke and Mary (MacKeever) Ellis. His father, who died in 1929, was for many years secretary of the Credit Men's Association of Pittsburgh. Mr. Ellis received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Pittsburgh and then attended Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering in 1905. Immediately following his graduation he accepted a position with the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory as an inspector of steel works. Ever since then he has continued to be identified with this institution, a detailed history of which is to be found in the preceding article, devoted to the career of Burton Harris Witherspoon, now the president of the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory.

Five years after Mr. Ellis first became connected with the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory, he was made chief engineer, in which capacity he served during 1910-14. In the latter year he became assistant manager of the New York City office, in 1918 assistant general manager of the main office in Pittsburgh, and in 1921 general

manager. In the next year, 1922, he was elected a member of the board of directors, and in 1929 he was made vice-president and placed in complete charge of all operations.

Mr. Ellis is a member of the American Society for Testing Materials, International Association for Testing of Materials, the American Concrete Institute, the American Society for Municipal Improvement, the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, the American Welding Society, the National Electric Light Association, the Engineers Society of Western Pennsylvania, and the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce. He also is a member of the Dallas Lodge, No. 508, Free and Accepted Masons, the University Club, the Pittsburgh Field Club, and the Keystone Athletic Club, all of Pittsburgh. For many years he has been very much interested in all forms of sports and he was one of the earliest hockey enthusiasts and supporters in Pittsburgh, organizing the first hockey club at Cornell University. His religious affiliation is with the East Liberty Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Ellis married in Pittsburgh, in 1922, Miriam Frances Whitehouse, a daughter of Josiah and Annie (Hayes) Whitehouse. Mr. and Mrs. Ellis, who make their home at No. 6963 Edgerton Avenue, Pittsburgh, have one son, Albert Ralph Ellis, Jr., born June 15, 1929.

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**WILLIAM HENRY MAYER, M. D.**—Having specialized throughout his entire career, covering now almost two decades, in the practice of neurology and more recently in that of neuropsychiatry, Dr. Mayer is regarded as one of the leading neurologists in western Pennsylvania. He enjoys a large and important practice, many of his patients coming from considerable distances in the states of Maryland and West Virginia, as well as from Pennsylvania. Throughout his career he has been prominently active in hospital work and in teaching. His exceptionally high standing in his profession is indicated by his having been made a Fellow of both the American College of Physicians and the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine; and he was also elected, several years ago, to the presidency of the Allegheny County Medical Society.

William Henry Mayer was born in Pittsburgh, October 30, 1887, a son of William L. and Anna (Beckman) Mayer, both now deceased. His father was a musician and for many years was prominently identified with the work of the American Federation of Musicians, of which he was vice-president, with headquarters in New York City. Dr. Mayer received his early education in the public grade and high schools of Pittsburgh and then attended for a time the University of Pennsylvania. Later, he transferred to its medical schools, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1912. During 1912-13 he served as an interne in Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh, and at the expiration of this term, in 1913, he established himself in the private practice of his profession. In the same year he was made assistant neurologist at the South Side Hospital. Later he held a similar position at the Presbyterian Hospital, after which he became successively staff neurologist at Passavant Hospital, neurologist-in-chief at the Allegheny General Hospital, associate neurologist at St. Francis Hospital and, finally, neurologist at the Pittsburgh Diagnostic Clinic. At the present time (1931) Dr. Mayer still holds the last-named post, serving also as attending neurologist to the Passavant Hospital and the Allegheny General Hospital, as associate psychiatrist at St. Francis Hospital, as well as in the position of assistant professor in the School of Medicine of the University of Pittsburgh. His offices are located in No. 5074 Jenkins Arcade, Pittsburgh. He is a Fellow and former president of the Allegheny County Medical Society, a member and president-elect of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and of the American Medical Association, of the house of delegates of which latter he was at one time a member. He also maintains membership in the American Psychiatric Association, the Association for Mental and Nervous Research, Phi Beta Pi Fraternity, the University Club, and the South Hills Country Club. Dr. Mayer is well known as a writer on neurological subjects, and a number of papers from his pen have appeared in the leading medical journals. He resides with his sister at No. 212 Charles Street, Pittsburgh.

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**F. G. ACKERSON**—Widely known to his Pittsburgh public as a portrait artist of unusual talents, F. G. Ackerson has won a name for himself by the distinguished quality of his work which is frequently exhibited in the galleries of this city. His pictures have taken several coveted awards, and have found a ready market among patrons of art in western Pennsylvania, and may be found in private collections.

Mr. Ackerson was born at Portage, Michigan, in 1884, a son of W. H. and Sarah J. (Snyder) Ackerson. His mother's father was killed in the battle of Gettysburg. His own father, also now deceased, died when he was but fourteen years of age, thus throwing upon him at this early age the responsibility of maintaining a home for him and his mother. In spite of this handicap Mr. Ackerson found some time to devote to drawing and painting. His early education was obtained in Portage public schools, but this was meager, owing to the early death of his father. So he studiously applied himself to evening study. F. G. Ackerson first came to Pittsburgh in 1907, taking a position as stenographer for the Pennsylvania Water Company, and later acting in similar capacity for A. Leo Weil, Pittsburgh attorney. Shortly after this Mr. Ackerson became associated with the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, at East Pittsburgh. After serving in this capacity for some four or five years he entered the Advertising Department where he subsequently became copy chief. But owing to his love for art he later entered the

art department where he is now assistant art director. His work here has embraced practically every form of commercial art work—and every medium. His work now is chiefly creative, having to do with all forms of design and layout encountered in commercial art work. He has won several first honors and other recognition at exhibits at the Pittsburgh Advertising Club. He is now in a position with the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company where he is able to make use of the talents which are his in the field of his chief interest. It is also interesting to know that in his spare time Mr. Ackerson has devoted considerable time to the study of astronomy, and in his collection of paintings may be found many astronomical subjects, such as landscapes on the moon in which he shows the weird lighting effects among the craters of that nearby satellite.

Ever since he was seven years old, Mr. Ackerson has been painting and drawing, returning to his favorite diversion again and again when leisure permitted. Mr. Ackerson is well known to Pittsburgh people through his exhibited work—including portraits, landscapes and still lifes. It is by his portraits that he is best known, perhaps, particularly his portrayal of children in little character and genre studies. Mr. Ackerson exhibits every year at the Associated Artists of Pittsburgh "show." In 1921 a canvas which he hung took second honor, and was subsequently purchased by the One Hundred Friends of Pittsburgh Art for their permanent collection. Mr. Ackerson's style is of the direct and simple kind which makes for speedy painting and is somewhat reminiscent of Hals. He will finish a picture in one sitting of perhaps two and a half hours, gaining in this way a remarkable spontaneity with no consequent loss of solidity of effect. Many of his pictures are widely known through reproduction in colored supplements of the local papers. Mr. Ackerson is a member of the Associated Artists of Pittsburgh. In other phases of life, he is a Republican in his political affiliations, and a member of the United Brethren Church. His home and studio are situated at No. 103 Colonial Building at Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania.

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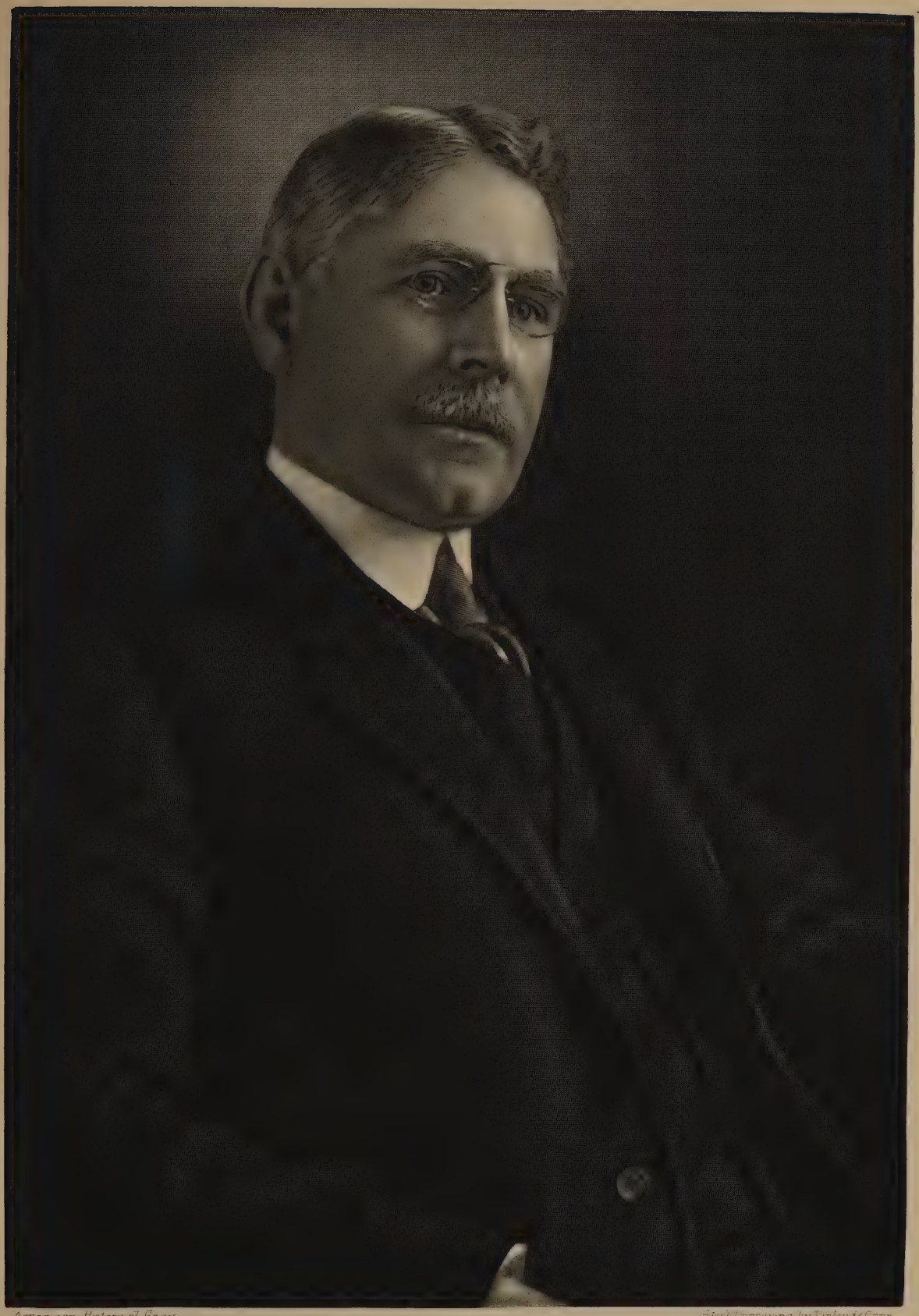
**WILLIAM HOLMES STEVENSON**—Three generations ago when Pittsburgh was a small trading village, there was a public inn standing where Diamond Square has since been laid out. It was named "The Black Bear" and its proprietor was William Stevenson. He was the father of George Keeport Stevenson and the grandfather of the late William Holmes Stevenson.

William Holmes Stevenson was for many years one of the most progressive merchants and public-spirited citizens of this district. He was more than ordinarily interested in civic affairs and was by his fellow-citizens called to public offices of responsibility. He was an intimate and valued friend of Andrew Carnegie, who sought his help in the establishment and location of the Institute of Technology that was founded by and which bears the name of that great ironmaster. He was valuably assistful to Mr. Carnegie in his counsels associated with his philanthropic work and was a member of the Carnegie Hero Fund Commission from the date of its founding, in 1904, until his death. In civic enterprises he was a leader, one of his most enthusiastic projects having been a canal to connect Pittsburgh with the Great Lakes, and he was often heard to remark that "a navy yard in Pittsburgh is no idle dream," when he was serving as chairman of the Lake Erie and Ohio Canal Board. Here was one of the real builders of the modern Pittsburgh, a man of outstanding qualities of leadership, conspicuously successful as a merchant and possessed of the highest principles of citizenship. In the final analysis of contributors to the great city that is Pittsburgh in its progress to its international fame, justice will demand that a name that must be enrolled will be that of William Holmes Stevenson.

He was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, January 19, 1857, and died here September 22, 1930.

He was a son of George Keeport and Mary Dickson (Brown) Stevenson and was the second born of a family of three sons and six daughters. He was educated in the public schools and was graduated from the high school where John Alexander, later to become an eminent citizen, was a classmate. His father began his business career in the employ of William Holmes, a grocer, in honor of whom he named his son. A fellow clerk was John Porterfield, who became proprietor of the business and was in due course succeeded by George Keeport Stevenson, who continued the business as George K. Stevenson, Incorporated. It was in this enterprise that William Holmes Stevenson began his active business career. The store was at first located at First Avenue and Market Street, later being removed to Sixth Avenue and still later to Wood Street, with a branch in East Liberty. These moves were necessitated by the continuous growth of the industry, which prospered as the city grew, and Mr. Stevenson, in association with his brother, J. B. Stevenson, eventually came into control and filled the office of president.

When the Carnegie Institute of Technology was located at Schenley Park, Mr. Stevenson became a member of the board and served in that capacity from 1902 until 1909. With the continuing success of his business he also gave much time and thought to civic enterprises and for years was a constant advocate of the project to dig a hundred-mile canal between the city and Lake Erie, as a vital connecting link in the national inland waterways system. He was active in the work of the Waterways Congress and was a member of the Mississippi Valley Waterways Association, the Atlantic Deeper Waterways Association, and other organizations whose activities were devoted to inland navigation. From its organization he was chairman of the advisory committee of the



American Historical Socy

Steel Engraving by Finlay & Conn

Wm. H. Stevenson.

Pittsburgh Playgrounds Association and was instrumental in having the playgrounds turned over to the city for administration. From 1907 to 1909 he was president of the Presbyterian Union; he was a member of the board of managers of the Pittsburgh Free Dispensary and served on the membership committee of the Pittsburgh Athletic Association. He was also a member of the Pennsylvania State Historical Commission, serving as its secretary, and later became chairman of that commission appointed by Governor Fisher. Quoting from the memorial of the Hero Fund Commission:

> Mr. Stevenson was, from his boyhood, interested in the history of his native city and the territory of which it is the metropolis. It was largely through his efforts, aided by a number of kindred spirits, that the Western Pennsylvania Historical Society was organized and obtained a suitable building for its purposes near the corner of Biglow Boulevard and Parkman Avenue.
>
> He was active in securing legislation creating the Pennsylvania Historical Commission, of which he was chairman from 1919 to 1923, and in 1929 again became chairman, succeeding Colonel Henry W. Shoemaker, who had been appointed United States Minister to Bulgaria.
>
> One of the last acts of Mr. Stevenson's life was to rise from his sick bed to sign a contract for the erection of a great addition to the building of the Western Pennsylvania Historical Society, for which he had succeeded, with the help of his friends, in raising the necessary funds.

When Pittsburgh celebrated its sesqui-centennial anniversary in 1908, Mr. Stevenson was chairman of the committee conducting it. In appreciation of his work on that occasion he was presented with a handsome silver loving cup. He was chairman of the executive committee of the centennial celebration of 1916, commemorating the one-hundredth anniversary of the city charter. He was a member of the Presbyterian Church and belonged to the Duquesne Club, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, and the Bellfield and Oakmont Country clubs. He also served, from 1911, as president of the Historical Society of Western Pennsylvania.

William Holmes Stevenson married, April 7, 1881, Frances La Une Large, daughter of Henry and Anna (Greenlee) Large, both natives of Pennsylvania. For several generations the Large family has been prominently identified with the industries of western Pennsylvania, one of which was the operation of a whiskey distillery. Henry Large was a son of Jonathan Large, who held the rank of brigadier-general of western Pennsylvania, and he was a son of John Large, a soldier of the War of the Revolution, whose body lies in the Lebanon churchyard, in Mifflin Township. The family originally came to this district from Somerset County, New Jersey.

William Holmes and Frances La Une (Large) Stevenson were the parents of the following children: 1. George K., died at the age of two years. 2. Anna Large, died in 1921. 3. Henry Large, died in November, 1928, at the age of forty-one years. 4. William Holmes, Jr., married Leaugeay Phillips, and they are the parents of five children: Leaugeay, William Holmes, 3d, John Phillips, Robert Large, and Elaine Frances.

On the occasion of the death of Mr. Stevenson many tributes of respect and affection were paid him in resolutions adopted by various organizations, copies of which were sent to his family. Among them were the City of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, the Historical Society, Hero Fund Commission, and other influential institutions in which he had been an active and valued member. One of the outstanding personalities in the entire history of Pittsburgh, he loved the city and took pride in its growth and commercial progress. It is probably not extravagant praise of him to say that he gave practically the last one-third of his lifetime to work for its continued prosperity. He was far-visioned and in this gift was able to look into the future and to view a still greater Pittsburgh rising upon the foundations which he had helped so greatly to set in place. Few men of his era equalled him in his importance to the municipality—none exceeded him.

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**STANLEY SMITH, M. D., F. A. C. S.**—An ophthalmologist in the city of Pittsburgh, where he has practiced for many years, Dr. Stanley Smith has achieved a career of great distinction in the field of his chosen occupation. Dr. Smith's standing is indicated not only by his successful practice but also by his election some years ago as a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons.

Stanley Smith was born on June 7, 1874, in Warren County, Pennsylvania, son of B. F. Smith, prominent oil producer now retired, and of Rosamond (Gilson) Smith, deceased. He received his preliminary education in the public schools of Bradford, Pennsylvania, and following graduation from the high school, entered Kiskiminetas Preparatory School. Meanwhile Dr. Smith had determined upon a medical career, and accordingly he later entered Jefferson Medical College, in Philadelphia, from which he was graduated in 1896, with the Doctor of Medicine degree. During 1896 and 1897 he was an interne at Allegheny General Hospital in Pittsburgh, after which he began the general practice of his profession in this city. Dr. Smith continued in general practice until 1904. At that time he undertook post-graduate studies at the Wills Eye Hospital and Polyclinic in Philadelphia, completing this work in 1905. Upon his return to Pittsburgh, he limited his practice entirely to ophthalmological cases. He is staff ophthalmologist of the Eye and Ear Hospital and the Columbia Hospital at Pittsburgh, having been a member of the staff of the former organization since 1906. In addition to being a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons, he is a member of the Academy of Oto-Laryngology, a member

of the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, the Pittsburgh College of Physicians, the Pittsburgh Ophthalmological Society, the Pittsburgh Slit-Lamp Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the American Medical Association. He is associate professor of ophthalmology at the Medical School of the University of Pittsburgh, and consulting oculist of the Carnegie Institute of Technology.

During the period of the World War Dr. Smith enlisted in his country's cause, and was commissioned captain in the Medical Corps of the United States Army on June 11, 1917. He went overseas with the American Expeditionary Forces, and was assigned to Base Hospital No. 27, at Angers, France, serving overseas for a period of eighteen months. He was honorably discharged with the rank of major in April, 1919.

Dr. Smith is affiliated fraternally with the Free and Accepted Masons, and in this great order is a member of all bodies of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite including Pennsylvania Consistory. He is also a member of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, and of several other orders including the American Legion and the Veterans of Foreign Wars. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Country Club, and of the University Club of Pittsburgh. In politics Dr. Smith is a Democrat. He worships with his family as a member of Shady Side Presbyterian Church in this city. He was one of the original tenants of the Physicians Building, No. 121 University Place, Pittsburgh, into which he moved at the time of its completion in 1925, and where his offices are still maintained.

Dr. Stanley Smith was married, on April 23, 1902, at Bradford, Pennsylvania, to Sophia Lavens, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Lavens. They have one child, Esther Lavens, born in 1914. Dr. and Mrs. Smith make their home at No. 6201 Howe Street, Pittsburgh.

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**PATRICK J. CALLAGHAN**—Since 1912 Patrick J. Callaghan has occupied the position of State mine inspector in Pennsylvania, filling this office with efficiency and success. He is a man of wide experience in the mining field and is well qualified for the place to which he was appointed.

Mr. Callaghan was born at Irwin, Pennsylvania, on August 12, 1875, a son of William J. Callaghan, who was born in Scotland in 1857, and died in January, 1924, and of Margaret (Hickey) Callaghan, born in East Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in 1859, whose death occurred in July, 1902. The father was for many years an official of the Fayette Mining Company.

Patrick J. Callaghan attended the public schools of Versailles Township, in Allegheny County, and later entered the California State Normal School, from which he was graduated in 1900. Having decided to take up educational work, he taught for three years in Fayette County, Pennsylvania, and for one year in Westmoreland County, but then he accepted the position of fire boss in the coal mines of the Rainey Coal Company in Fayette County. After two years in this connection he became mine foreman for the Frick Coke Company, and with this firm he remained for eight years, until his appointment as State mine inspector in 1912. Mr. Callaghan occupies this office at the time of this writing, making his headquarters at Bridgeville, Pennsylvania, and covering the southwest corner of the State.

In politics Mr. Callaghan is a member of the Republican party. He has been prominent in civic affairs, serving as a member of the Bridgeville Council, and as its president since 1917. He is affiliated fraternally with Lodge No. 831 Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, at Carnegie, and with the Knights of Columbus. With his family he worships in the faith of the Roman Catholic Church.

Patrick J. Callaghan married, in 1902, Isabel Trodden, of Uniontown, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Patrick and Mary Trodden of that place. Mr. and Mrs. Callaghan became the parents of several children, of whom three are living: 1. Patricia, who was graduated from Seton Hill College in 1928; in 1929 a member of the faculty of the Carrolltown High School, Carrolltown, Pennsylvania. 2. Gwendolyn, a member of the senior class at Seton Hill College (1929). 3. Genevieve. The residence of the family is situated at Bridgeville.

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**WILLIAM ERNEST HART, B. S., M. D., F. A. C. S.**—Dr. Hart was born at Washington, Pennsylvania, January 30, 1882, a son of Dunning and Mary Jane (Davis) Hart. His father, born in 1836, died in 1923, and his mother born in 1839, died in 1911. Dunning Hart, who was engaged in stock raising and milling for many years, was a veteran of the Civil War, he serving with Company G, 140th Infantry, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and was severely wounded at Gettysburg. Dunning Hart was a son of David Hart, whose first visit to western Pennsylvania was made as a soldier in General Washington's Army, during the Whiskey Insurrection.

Dr. Hart received his early education in the public grammar schools of his native town and then attended a private preparatory school there. In 1905, he was graduated from Washington and Jefferson College with the degree of Bachelor of Science. He took up the study of medicine at Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland, and was graduated in 1909, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. During 1909-11, he served as an interne at Roosevelt Hospital, New York City, and then, during 1911-12, as resident surgeon at the Tuxedo Park (New York) Hospital. Returning to Washington, in 1912, he established himself there in the general practice of medicine, devoting, however, special attention to surgery. In 1921, he removed to Pittsburgh. Since his removal to Pittsburgh he has devoted all of his time

to the practice of surgery and gynecology. His offices are located at No. 121 University Place, Pittsburgh. Dr. Hart is associate gynecologist at the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital, Pittsburgh, and a member of the staff of the Pittsburgh Diagnostic Clinic. He is a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons. He is also a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, the Pittsburgh Surgical Society, and the Johns Hopkins Surgical Society. During the World War he served as surgeon for the Students' Army Training Corps at Washington and Jefferson College, Washington, Pennsylvania, and also as a member of the Medical Advisory Board of Washington County under the Selective Service Act, as well as on the executive board of the Washington County Red Cross. He is a member of Sunset Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of Washington; Beta Theta Pi and Nu Sigma fraternities; the University Club of Pittsburgh and the Pittsburgh Country Club. In politics he is an Independent. His religious affiliation is with the First Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh. Fond of outdoor life, he finds his recreation chiefly in hunting, fishing, and golf.

Dr. Hart was married at Washington, District of Columbia on November 9, 1915, to Edith Randolph Shackleford, a native of Virginia and a descendant of one of the earliest families. Dr. and Mrs. Hart make their home in Pittsburgh at No. 5414 Howe Street, and are the parents of two children: Edith Shackleford Hart, and Stuart Shackleford Hart.

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**JOHN VANCE BOOTH**—After his return from military service during the World War, Mr. Booth entered the automobile business and spent the first eight years in Pittsburgh and Wilkinsburg. Since 1926 he has been established in McKeesport as the distributor of Chevrolet cars for this city and nearby territory. His establishment is one of the most modern and best equipped of its type in Allegheny County and it does a very large and profitable business, being one of the leading Chevrolet agencies in the Pittsburgh district. Mr. Booth, a successful and progressive business man, is widely and favorably known, both in McKeesport and in other towns of the Pittsburgh district.

John Vance Booth was born in Pittsburgh, February 8, 1898, a son of Franklin and Henrietta (Vance) Booth. He was educated in the public grammar and high schools of Pittsburgh and at Duquesne Academy and, after leaving school, was connected for one year with the Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh. In the fall of 1917 he enlisted in the Motor Transport Corps and was assigned to detached service, being stationed at Baltimore, Maryland. He was mustered out of service in November, 1918, at Camp Lee, Virginia. Returning to Pittsburgh, he then entered the automobile business as already related. In the summer of 1926 he established himself in business in McKeesport, under the firm name of the Booth Chevrolet Company, with headquarters at No. 712-14 Market Street. His business headquarters are housed in a building measuring forty by one hundred and forty feet, with two other buildings, measuring one hundred by one hundred feet and sixty by sixty feet respectively, the former being devoted to the used car department, the latter to the sales and showrooms. The equipment is of the most modern type throughout and thirty people are needed to look after the constantly growing patronage. The business is incorporated with a capital of $50,000. Mr. Booth is its president and manager, with Mrs. H. V. Booth as vice-president and Mrs. R. J. Booth as secretary and treasurer. From its inception the business has enjoyed constant prosperity and growth. Today the annual sales amount to four hundred and thirty new cars and some six hundred and seventy-three used cars. Mr. Booth has served as president of the Pittsburgh Chevrolet Dealers Association; he is a member of the Pennsylvania Automobile Dealers Association, the McKeesport Chamber of Commerce, Lodge No. 136, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Youghiogheny Country Club of McKeesport, and the Pittsburgh Country Club. His religious affiliation is with the Sixth Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Booth was married, in September, 1927, to Rachel Elizabeth Jones, a daughter of John H. Jones, of Pittsburgh. Mr. and Mrs. Booth make their home at No. 2137 Duquesne Avenue, McKeesport.

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**FREDERICK MURRAY JACOB, M. D.**—Though one of the younger Pittsburgh physicians, Dr. Jacob, today (1931), is one of the best known medical men in Allegheny County. He has been engaged in the practice of his profession for more than fifteen years in his native city, where he specializes in dermatology, a branch of medicine in which he is regarded a leading authority. He is also an instructor in this subject at the University of Pittsburgh. He is connected with several Pittsburgh hospitals, and is a member of various medical, fraternal and social organizations.

Dr. Frederick Murray Jacob was born in Pittsburgh, in 1892, a son of William H. and Mary A. (Murray) Jacob. His father, now deceased, was for many years successfully engaged in the restaurant business in Pittsburgh. Dr. Jacob received his early education in the public schools of his native city and, having graduated from the Central High School of Pittsburgh, he took up the study of medicine at the Medical College of the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1913. For the next two years, 1913-15, he served as an interne at Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh. During part of this period and for some time afterwards, from 1914 until 1917, he was an instructor in immunology at the Pittsburgh Medical College. With the entrance of the United

States into the World War in 1917, Dr. Jacob temporarily withdrew from private practice and entered the military service of the United States as a lieutenant in the Medical Corps of the United States Army. He served overseas with Base Hospital, No. 27, at Angers, France, continuing in active service until April, 1919, when he received his honorable discharge. At that time he went to St. Louis, Missouri, and, during 1919-20, practiced medicine there and served as assistant in dermatology at Washington University, St. Louis, Missouri. Returning to Pittsburgh in 1920, he there resumed the practice of his profession, specializing in dermatology. He maintains his offices in Suite 7026, Jenkins Arcade. Associated in practice with him is Dr. William H. Guy, one of the best known dermatologists in this country. Dr. Guy is professor of dermatology at the Medical College of the University of Pittsburgh, and Dr. Jacob is also associated with him there, serving as assistant professor. Dr. Jacob is a member of the staff of the Pittsburgh Hospital and of St. Margaret's Hospital. He is secretary of the Allegheny County Medical Society, and is a member of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, and the American Dermatological Association. His clubs include the University Club and the Pittsburgh Country Club, and he is a member of Nu Sigma Nu and Alpha Omega Alpha fraternities. His religious affiliation is with St. Paul's Roman Catholic Cathedral. In politics he is a Republican.

Dr. Jacob married in Pittsburgh, in 1921, Regina Frauenheim, a daughter of the late Edward J. Frauenheim, of Pittsburgh. Dr. and Mrs. Jacob are the parents of four children: 1. Mary Regina. 2. Frederick M., Jr., who died at the age of five years. 3. Walter Lindsay. 4. Edward Frauenheim. The family home is located at No. 1159 Murray Hill Avenue, Pittsburgh.

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**JOSEPH HORNE**—Vice-president of the Joseph Horne Company, a commercial enterprise at Pittsburgh which, through long years of effective public service, has attained the status of a city institution, Joseph Horne continues in his own career the executive direction of this company with which members of his family have been prominently associated through three generations. The first of the name in America was Henry Horne, who came from Bavaria, in 1770, to seek a new home and a new life in the Western Hemisphere. Settling in Pennsylvania, he served with the Patriot Army during the Revolutionary War, and passed the remainder of his days in this State. Among his children was a son, John, and he in turn had a son, Joseph, who was born in Bedford, County, Pennsylvania, and came to Pittsburgh in 1846. He married Mary E. Shea, and they became the parents of several children among whom was Durbin Horne.

It was Joseph Horne who founded the great enterprise at Pittsburgh which now bears his name. He was succeeded as head of the company by Durbin Horne, who resigned the presidency in 1915 and died in 1916. He had married, meanwhile, Mary T. Andrews, who died in 1923, a daughter of A. H. Andrews of Cincinnati. Among his children the sole survivor is Joseph Horne, named for his grandfather, of whom this is primarily a record. He was born at Pittsburgh, on September 28, 1889, and received his preliminary education at Shadyside Academy in this city, and The Hill School at Pottstown, Pennsylvania. Later he entered Yale University, from which he was graduated in 1911, with the Bachelor of Arts degree. On his return to Pittsburgh he became connected with the Joseph Horne Company Department Store. Since the record of the Horne family in Pittsburgh through three generations has been very largely the history of the great commercial enterprise established by the grandfather in 1849, an account of the Joseph Horne Company in some detail is given here. It is interesting to note that the descendants of two other founders who were partners with the original Joseph Horne in the establishment of the company have also continued this connection through the third generation.

The Joseph Horne Company was established in its first form in 1849, at No. 79 Market Street, Pittsburgh, by that Joseph Horne who had come to this city from Bedford County, in 1846. The intervening three years he spent as an employee in various Pittsburgh stores before launching into business for himself. The original storeroom occupied 60x240 feet. It was just at the period when he established his independent venture that the discovery of gold in California led to a rush of pioneers from the East, seeking fame and fortune in the gold fields of the Pacific Coast. Because of its location, Pittsburgh became an embarkation point for many of the wagon trains, and this factor exercised a contributing influence to Pittsburgh growth. Mr. Horne, with other worthy merchants of the period, shared in the prosperous times.

Early in the business he had been joined by two partners, C. B. Shea and A. P. Burchfield. The partnership was successful from the beginning, and shortly afterwards the increasing demands of business led to the acquisition of an adjoining building at No. 77 Market Street. During this period the firm engaged in wholesale, as well as retail trade, although later they confined their attention solely to the latter field. In 1871, the business was moved to Penn Avenue, at Sixth Street, into a new building known as Library Hall. At that time the wholesale business was established in separate quarters, and later became known as the Pittsburgh Dry Goods Company. In 1892, the first building at the present site was erected, and in 1903, an additional building, known as the East Shore was annexed. Twenty years later, in 1923, the store was enlarged sixty-eight per cent. by the erection of the North Store building, and within, a few years the Joseph Horne Company added further to its holdings the nine-story Service-Warehouse building on the north

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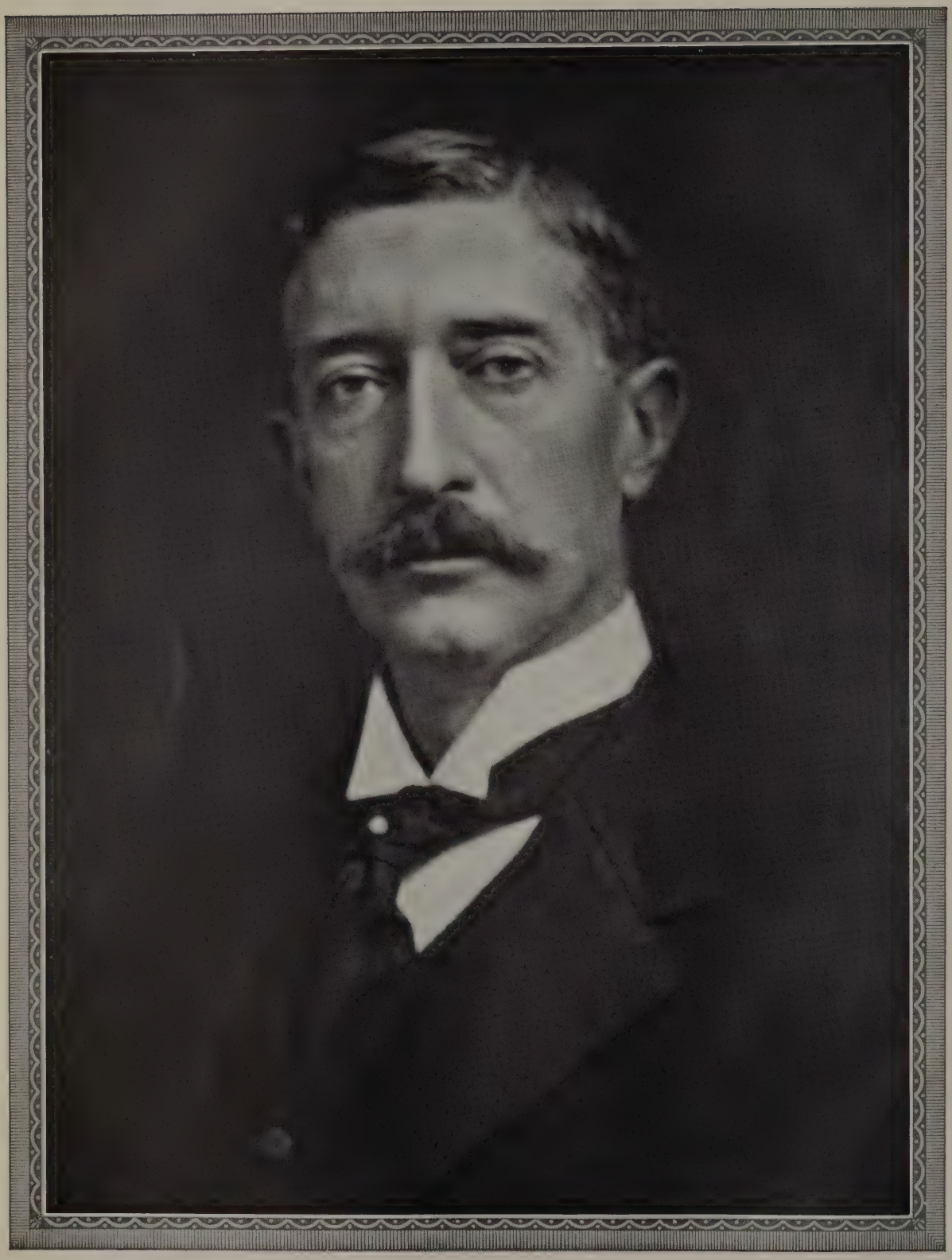
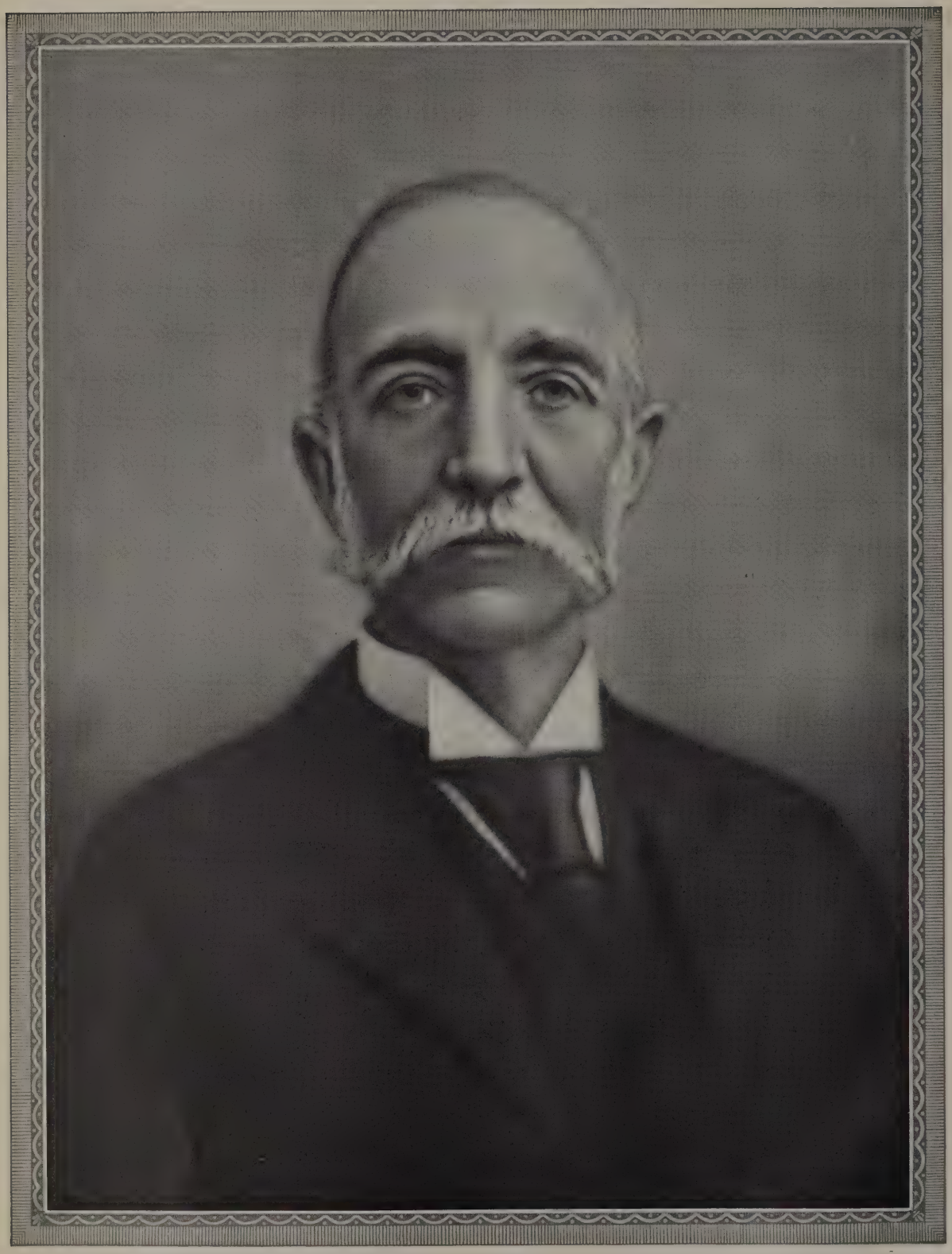
Dr. Norris

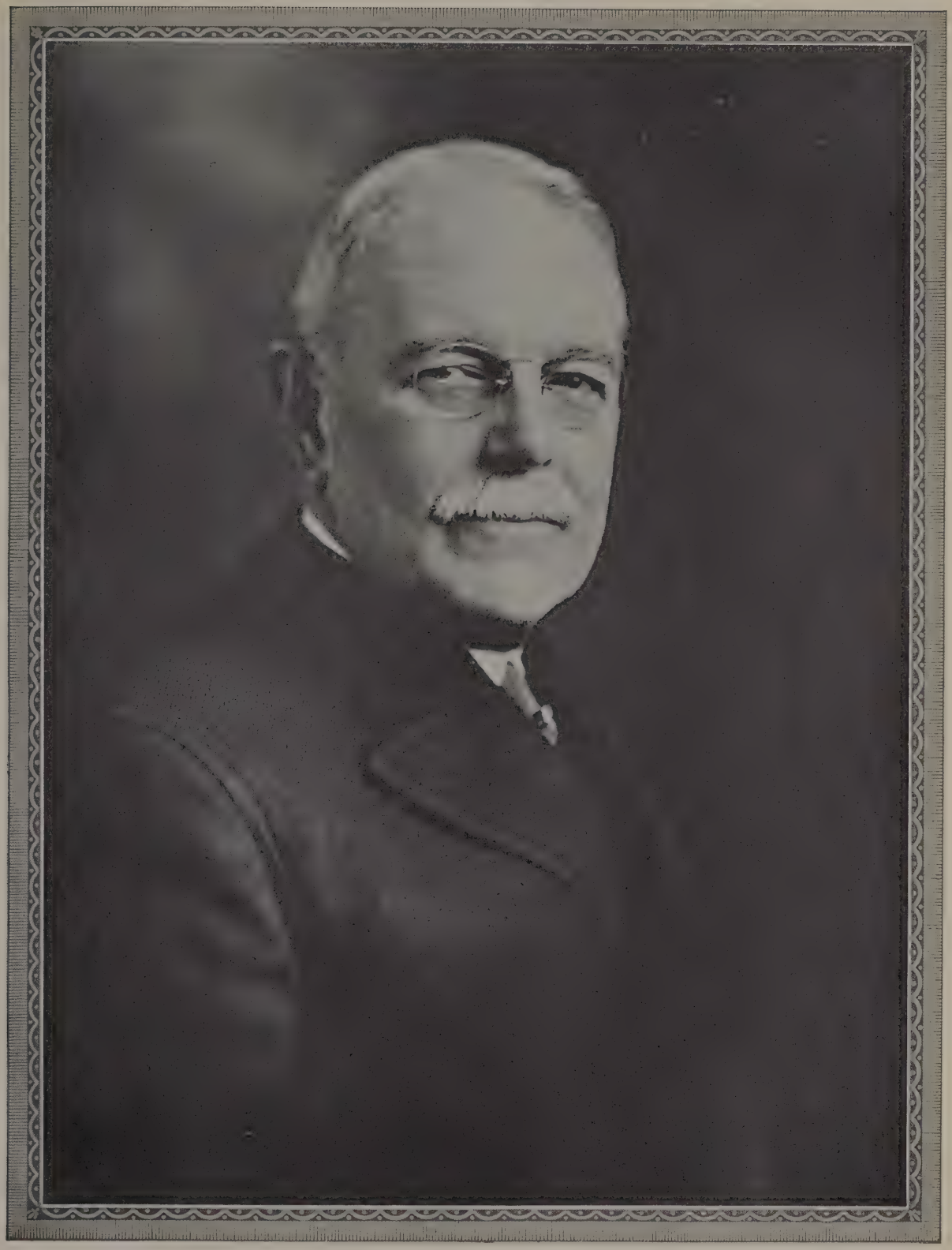


Durbin Horne.

Joseph Horne



C. Bernard Shea



J B Shea

C. Bernard Shea

side, which contains the manufacturing, warehouse, and service departments of the business. This steady record of growth was achieved in the face of two devastating fires which caused tremendous loss. The dangers of flood were also successfully passed. Ownership and management of the business have continued from the beginning in the hands of the founders and their direct descendants. The present heads of the company are: Albert H. Burchfield, president, son of Albert P. Burchfield, the founder; with the following vice-presidents, William H. Burchfield and A. H. Burchfield, Jr., son and grandson respectively, of Albert P. Burchfield; Joseph Horne, grandson of the founder, and son of the late Durbin Horne, former president; and C. Bernard Shea (q. v.), grandson of Christian B. Shea, the founder, and son of the late Joseph B. Shea, former president and chairman of the board.

In 1916 the Joseph Horne Company joined with a number of notable firms situated in the largest cities of the country, in creating the Retail Research Association, an organization devoted to the study of retail problems, and the exchange of figures and information of mutual benefit. From this developed a second organization, the Associated Merchandising Corporation, comprising the same members and uniting the forces of nineteen large, non-competitive stories for group buying. There is no financial interest between the members; they merely operate together in the maintenance of European offices and buying efforts for mutual economic advantage.

In joining this organization, the Joseph Horne Company has kept well abreast of the modern methods of merchandising, and in 1928, they took another step in the same direction by following the modern custom of large businesses in making part of their stock available to the public. Hitherto the company had been a closed corporation, but now they place a small part of their stock on the market, and this was promptly oversubscribed many times. The solidity of their position was thus demonstrated, with the confidence which their long record of service had inspired in Pittsburgh people. The policies laid down by the founders have been adhered to by later heads of the business, and these have contributed very definitely to the success of the firm. The Joseph Horne Company is a Pittsburgh institution in every sense of the term, locally owned and managed, and serving the interests of the community in a capable and experienced manner.

When Joseph Horne, now vice-president of the company, first entered the Horne organization, upon his graduation from Yale, he spent some time in each of its various departments, familiarizing himself with all the details of their operation. He rose to his first executive position in 1915, when he was elected secretary and director of the company. From 1926 to 1929, he served as assistant to the president of the company, Joseph Bernard Shea, and upon the resignation of the latter from office in August, 1929, Mr. Horne was promoted to the position of vice-president, which he now occupies. No member of the Horne organization has been content to rest on the successes of the past. Each and every one has worked hard in order that the future may be just as successful, and Mr. Horne himself has been no exception. He has given his attention consistently to the direction of the company's large affairs, and his services have been of genuine importance in its recent growth.

Mr. Horne is also a director and secretary of the Pittsburgh Parking Garage, a member of the Board of Directors of the Allegheny General Hospital, a trustee of Christ Methodist Episcopal Church, a member of the Psi Upsilon Fraternity, the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, and several clubs, including the Civic Club, the Allegheny Country Club, the Pittsburgh Golf Club, the Fox Chapel Country Club, the University Club, and the Keystone Athletic Club. Mr. Horne enlisted in the service of his country during the World War, was commissioned first lieutenant, and was a member of the 316th Infantry, 79th Division, of the American Expeditionary Forces, for eleven months, in France. He has been generous in his support of worthy and philanthropic enterprises in this city, and active in various phases of its social life. Mr. Horne is also a member of the Atwood Post No. 285 of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, and of Post No. 5 of the American Legion. He maintains his residence in Pittsburgh, at No. 123 University Place.

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**C. BERNARD SHEA**—In following his father and grandfather as an executive officer of the Joseph Horne Company's great department store at Pittsburgh, C. Bernard Shea is the third of his family in successive generations to devote himself to an enterprise which is justly accounted an institution in the city's business life. He was born on December 25, 1893, at Pittsburgh, a son of Joseph Bernard and Clara Bell (Morgan) Shea. His grandfather, C. Bernard Shea, was a founder of the Horne Company, and his father was its president for many years. Clara Bell (Morgan) Shea, the mother, survives her husband and continues her residence in Pittsburgh, at No. 909 Amberson Avenue. She is a daughter of the late Colonel A. S. M. Morgan, United States Army, and of Clare (Bell) Morgan, both deceased.

Joseph Bernard Shea was one of Pittsburgh's leading business men during his entire active career. He was born in Allegheny, on June 2, 1863, son of Christian Bernard and Elizabeth (Galway) Shea, and following the completion of his preliminary education, entered Princeton College, from which he was graduated in 1885 with the Bachelor of Arts degree. After leaving college, he entered the office of the Vulcan Forge and Iron Works, and in 1887 became associated with the Pittsburgh Dry Goods Company, an offshoot of the Joseph Horne Company, which engaged entirely in wholesale trade. Ten years later he was elected

president of this company, and held office as its chief executive until 1901, when he resigned to become treasurer and a director of the Joseph Horne Company, succeeding his father. In 1910 he was elected vice-president, and five years later, at the death of Durbin Horne, became president of the Joseph Horne Company. This office he occupied until August, 1929, when ill health forced him to resign from the active duties of presidency. He continued, however, as chairman of the board of directors until his death, on January 7, 1930.

Mr. Shea was a man of wide interests, both commercially and culturally, and in civic affairs. He was a director of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York, the Union National Bank of Pittsburgh, the Pittsburgh branch of the Cleveland Federal Reserve Bank, the Pittsburgh Aviation Industries Corporation, the Retail Research Association and the Associated Merchandising Corporation, of both of which he was also treasurer. He was a director and vice-president of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, and a life trustee of Princeton University. For many years Mr. Shea was treasurer of the Western Pennsylvania Exposition Society, and at one time was president of the Pittsburgh Orchestra Association. He was a man of broad cultural interests and a connoisseur of books, whose library of rare works and first editions brought him national recognition. He was active in the city's social life, and a member of the following clubs: The Pittsburgh Club, the Duquesne Club, the University Club, the Longue Vue Club, the Fox Chapel Club, and the Oakmont Country Club of Pittsburgh; the Croaton Country Club of Virginia Beach, Virginia; the Hyannis Port Country Club, of Hyannis Port, Massachusetts; the Nanibajou Country Club, of Duluth; the Princeton Club of Western Pennsylvania; the University and Princeton clubs of New York, and the Ivy and Nassau clubs of Princeton, New Jersey. During the period of the World War, Mr. Shea's organizing genius was placed at the disposal of the government. He was made chief of the raw materials department of the Bureau of Air Craft Production, and rendered important service in this position at Washington, D. C., throughout the duration of the war.

"The death of J. B. Shea, chairman of the Board of Directors of the Joseph Horne Company," wrote the Pittsburgh "Post-Gazette" in a leading editorial on Mr. Shea's death, "removes not only a great merchant, but a public-spirited citizen, and a man whose fine quality of friendship endeared him to a very wide personal circle. . . . His life was well rounded by his interests and service. He had a smile and a kindly word where they were needed along with financial aid to unfortunates. He had a way of making lasting friendships. Pittsburgh has lost an outstanding citizen."

C. Bernard Shea, of whom this is primarily a record, son of Joseph Bernard and Clara Bell (Morgan) Shea, was educated at Shady Side Academy, in Pittsburgh; the Hill School, at Pottstown, Pennsylvania; and Princeton University, from which he was graduated in 1917 with the Bachelor of Science degree. In the same year, upon the entry of the United States into the World War, he joined the military forces of his country and served as an instructor in military aeronautics from November, 1917, until December, 1918. At the end of this time he returned to Pittsburgh to begin his career with the Joseph Horne Company, largest department store in Pittsburgh, and thereafter worked in practically every department of this vast enterprise for several years. He began by unpacking merchandise and never left one department for another until he had learned the details of its operation very thoroughly. In 1921, Mr. Shea was made research director of the company, and in 1923, division merchandise manager. On August 22, 1929, he was elected vice-president and assistant merchandise manager, positions which he has since occupied with every success. He has also been a director of the company since 1921.

In addition to this connection, Mr. Shea is a trustee and a member of the executive board of the Pittsburgh Homoeopathic Hospital. He worships in the faith of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and is a member of the following clubs: The Pittsburgh Club, the Pittsburgh Golf Club, the University Club of Pittsburgh, the Fox Chapel Golf Club, the Oakmont Country Club, the Harvard-Yale Club, the Princeton Club of Western Pennsylvania, the Princeton Club of New York, and the Cannon Club of Princeton.

On June 8, 1918, at Pittsburgh, C. Bernard Shea married Miriam McDonald, daughter of Robert A. McDonald, of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Shea maintain their residence at No. 201 Tennyson Avenue.

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**HARVEY MERRICK PHIFER**—Connected with the Joseph Horne Company of Pittsburgh since 1885, with the exception only of seven years, during which he was engaged in business in Ohio, Mr. Phifer has held various positions of ever-increasing responsibility during this long period of continuous service with one concern, and for many years has been store manager of the company. In this position he has shown outstanding executive and business ability and has won for himself the full confidence of the management and the liking and respect of the entire personnel. He ranks very high among department store executives and is regarded as one of the leading business men of Pittsburgh.

On both his parents' sides Mr. Phifer is a descendant of old American families. On his father's side he is of German extraction, his paternal great-grandfather, Jacob Phifer, having come from Germany to this country in Colonial times. He located in New York State and later settled in Knox County, Ohio. Prior to his coming to this country he had served for ten years as a soldier in Europe. He also served for three years during the Revolutionary War and for three months in

H. M. Phifer

the War of 1812. He died October 9, 1846, at the age of eighty-nine. On his mother's side Mr. Phifer is a direct descendant of Edward Dotey, one of the Mayflower Pilgrims, who was one of the signers of the Solemn Compact in Cape Cod Harbor, November 11, 1620, was a party to the first duel fought in New England, June 18, 1621, and married Faith Clarke. From them Mr. Phifer traces his descent through their fourth child, Samuel, who married Jane Harmon; through their fourth child, Edward, who was the father of John Dotey, the latter, like his son, John Dotey, having served in the Revolutionary War with Captain Jacob Ten Eyck's Company, 1st Battalion, Somerset, New Jersey, Militia. John Dotey married Esther Hunt and their daughter, Jane Dotey, married Samuel Baxter. Mary Baxter, a daughter of Samuel and Jane (Dotey) Baxter, married Thomas Hunt, and their daughter, Honour Jane Hunt, is the mother of Harvey M. Phifer. The Hunt family, to which Mr. Phifer is related through his maternal grandfather, Thomas Hunt, was founded in this country by Jonathan Hunt, who served as a soldier in the Revolutionary War. His sixth child, also named Jonathan Hunt, had a son, Thomas Hunt, who, as already related, married Mary Baxter and was Mr. Phifer's maternal grandfather, his sixth child, Honour Jane Hunt, being Mr. Phifer's mother.

John J. Phifer, the father of Harvey M. Phifer was born at Mount Vernon, Ohio, January 24, 1838. On June 3, 1860, he married Honour Jane Hunt, a daughter of Thomas and Mary (Baxter) Hunt. Twenty-two months later he enlisted in the 43d Regiment, Ohio Volunteers, for service in the Civil War. He had been licensed to preach in 1858, and during the few years which he spent in the Union Army, he frequently officiated as chaplain of his regiment. While serving as a lieutenant of his company, he was sent to guard a blockhouse at Sulphur Branch Trestle, Alabama, and was taken prisoner by General Forrest. After spending two months in Confederate prisons, he was sent North with other officers for exchange. He took part in many of the important battles and at the close of the war, entered the Missouri Conference, where he preached for nine years. He was then transferred to the North Ohio Conference and preached there for eight years until an attack of diphtheria so affected his throat that it became necessary for him to resign from the ministry. For a number of years he was associated with his brother-in-law, Colonel L. G. Hunt, as a partner in a transportation enterprise. He retired from business in 1906 and died May 30, 1921.

Harvey Merrick Phifer was born at Mount Vernon, Ohio, March 2, 1866, a son of John J. and Honour Jane (Hunt) Phifer. The latter, who is in her eighty-sixth year, now resides with her daughter, Mrs. V. A. Debes, in South Philadelphia. Harvey M. Phifer received his early education in the public schools of Ohio and then attended and graduated from the Iron City College in Pittsburgh. In 1885 he entered the employ of the Joseph Horne Company, famous Pittsburgh department store. Later he became secretary to Joseph Horne, in which capacity he had the privilege of associating intimately with the founder of the business. He continued with the company until 1889, when he entered the wholesale produce business in Ohio. In 1896 he returned to Pittsburgh and again became connected with the Joseph Horne Company, with which he is still identified. In 1903 he became assistant store manager and subsequently was made store manager, in which position he still serves today. His rapid rise was the result of his talent for organization and systemization. Mr. Phifer enjoys a national reputation for his salary and bonus plan for salespeople, which has been adjudged by leading merchants as the most equable method of remuneration for store salespeople yet devised and has been adopted by many stores. As the manager, he is in charge of personnel and expense control in the store. He is a member of the Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and United States Chamber of Commerce, the Keystone Athletic Club, the Hungry Club, Royal Arcanum, a director of the Pittsburgh Personnel Association, also member of the Executive Committee of the Research Bureau for Retail Training of the University of Pittsburgh, of which he was chairman for a number of years. He is an interesting after-dinner speaker and his services as toastmaster are in frequent demand. For many years he has been prominently active as a church worker, being a member of the South Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Wilkinsburg, of the official board of which church he has been chairman for the last fifteen years.

Mr. Phifer married, at Loudonville, Ohio, May 9, 1889, Minnie A. Black, a daughter of Philip J. and Margaret Black. Mr. and Mrs. Phifer, who make their home at No. 1318 Wood Street, Wilkinsburg, have five children: 1. Harry Edwin, who attended Carnegie Institute of Technology and is now connected with the Joseph Horne Company. He married Clara Myrtle Davis and they have two children: Jane Eileen and Beverly Margaret. 2. Charles Gerald, a graduate of the University of Pittsburgh with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, now with the National Cash Register Company. During the World War he was with the 18th Division at Petersburg, Virginia, later being transferred to the Officers' Training School at Jacksonville, Florida, where he was commissioned a second lieutenant. He was then transferred to New York City and later to Washington, District of Columbia, where he served under General George W. Goethals, famous army engineer, under whom he had charge of the revision of manuals and systems for the quartermaster's department. He married (first) Mary Romaine Hess, by whom three children: Charles Gerald, Albert Leroy, Harvey Cameron. He married (second) Charlotte McGoogan. 3. Joseph Bernard, who also attended Carnegie Institute of Technology, and is now with the Pittsburgh Auto Equipment Company. He, too, is a

veteran of the World War, during which he served with the 107th Field Artillery overseas in France and Belgium. He married Grace Elizabeth Miller, and has one child, Kenneth Dale. 4. John Philip is a graduate of the University of Pittsburgh with the degree of Bachelor of Science and is now with the American Salesbook Company, married Ruth Romayne Beerbower, and has one child: Marilyn Ruth. 5. Richard Le Roy, a student at the University of Pittsburgh, class of 1932.

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**WILLIAM HENRICI FRIESELL**—Having first become connected with the Joseph Horne Company of Pittsburgh in 1901, Mr. Friesell's rise with this great department store has been very rapid and since 1910 he has been one of the executive officers of the company, serving now both as its secretary and treasurer, as well as a member of its board of directors. Of course, his position in business and financial circles in Pittsburgh is one of importance and influence and he is generally regarded as one of the most able of Pittsburgh's business executives.

William Henrici Friesell was born in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, July 6, 1872, a son of Peter and Lydia (Kistler) Friesell, both now deceased. His father was for many years associated in business with his two brothers, John and Jacob, operating a well-known and successful iron foundry in Pittsburgh at First and Penn avenues. He was a veteran of the Civil War, having served with the 6th Pennsylvania Infantry. Mr. Friesell received his education in the public grammar and high schools of Pittsburgh. After leaving school he became connected with the Bindley Hardware Company of Pittsburgh, with which he remained for some time. Next he was for eleven years employed in various clerical capacities with the McConway & Torley Company. In 1901 he became office manager for the Joseph Horne Company, the leading department store of Pittsburgh, with which company he has continued to be prominently identified ever since then. In 1910 he was made treasurer and controller, and in 1928 he was also elected secretary, filling the duties of all three offices ever since that year. In the latter year he was also made a director of the company. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, president of the Credit Bureau of Pittsburgh, a director of the Pittsburgh Thrift Corporation of Pittsburgh, a member of the Keystone Athletic Club, and a member of numerous Masonic bodies, including Duquesne Lodge, No. 546, Free and Accepted Masons, as well as the various other Masonic bodies up to and including the Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. He is also a member of Syria Temple of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliation is with the 6th United Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Friesell married, in Pittsburgh, in 1893, Agnes Henderson, a daughter of Archie K. and Rebecca Douglas Henderson. Mrs. Friesell's father, a pharmacist, took keen interest in all civic affairs; served on the old Pittsburgh Council and the old Central Board of Education. He was a lifelong active member of the Methodist Episcopal Church and also an active worker in various Masonic orders.

Mr. and Mrs. Friesell, who make their home at No. 5704 Elgin Avenue, Pittsburgh, have five children: 1. William H., Jr., born in 1894, a graduate of Princeton University and now connected with the Joseph Horne Company, married Gertrude Stupakoff. 2. Rebecca, now Mrs. Dandridge S. Robertson. 3. Ivy, who married Dr. George L. Kesel, a well-known dental surgeon of Pittsburgh. 4. Agnes, who married Edward McKee Aiken, president of Aiken and Company, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. 5. Alberta, who makes her home with her parents.

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**WILLIAM HODGE BURCHFIELD**—The Joseph Horne Company of Pittsburgh has maintained its position as one of the leaders in the city's commercial life through the efforts of the sons and grandsons of its founders who have worthily carried on the traditions of service and excellence established many years ago. William Hodge Burchfield is a son of Albert Pressley Burchfield, one of the men who laid the foundations of the great Horne Company, and in his own career has devoted himself to executive duties with the company with which his name has been so largely associated in Pittsburgh life. He is now its vice-president.

Mr. Burchfield was born at Pittsburgh on August 23, 1877. His mother, before her marriage, was Sarah J. McWhinney. His father, Albert Pressley Burchfield, was an original member of the Joseph Horne Company, and fifth in the direct line of descent from Captain Joseph Sheirer, Revolutionary soldier and patriot, who was born near Londonderry, Ireland, in 1730, and came in early life to Pennsylvania, where he died in 1776. Albert Pressley Burchfield died on January 8, 1910.

William Hodge Burchfield, of this record, attended the public schools of Pittsburgh, and spent two years at Shady Side Academy here. For a year following, he studied at Lawrenceville School, in New Jersey, and then entered Princeton College, from which he was graduated in 1902 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Immediately afterwards he began the active business of life in the Pittsburgh Department Store of the Joseph Horne Company, following in the footsteps of his father, and of his elder brother, Albert Horne Burchfield, now president of the company. The story of this organization's growth from the time of its original establishment has been related elsewhere in these pages, and its position in Pittsburgh life needs no commentary. Mr. Burchfield, as a young man, was put through the various departments of the store in preparation for the more important duties of executive office, and rose within

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the organization as he demonstrated his capacity for higher position. He first became assistant to the general manager in 1907, and in 1909, became merchandise manager, during which time he served as general manager of several different departments. In 1916 he became divisional merchandise manager, having supervision over all home furnishing and yard goods departments. Meanwhile, in 1908, he had been elected a director, and after a quarter of a century of active service in the company he was made executive vice-president on August 22, 1929, following the death of Joseph Bernard Shea, president of the company for many years, and son of one of the original founders. In the history of the Horne store in its later period, the succession of the junior members of the family to executive office has been notable. Not only in the Burchfield family, but in the Horne and Shea families as well, sons and grandsons of the founders have taken their places within the organization and carried on its work. Mr. Burchfield today, as executive vice-president, has charge of the management division, and supervises its important duties with complete efficiency and success.

In other connections he is a trustee of the Grove City College, a director of the Soldiers and Sailors Memorial Hall, and of the Pittsburgh Motor Club, and a member of the board of governors of the Stanton Heights Golf Club. He has given his active support to many important civic and benevolent enterprises in the city, serving as a member of the committee of management of the East Liberty Young Men's Christian Association. Mr. Burchfield, indeed, has taken a prominent part in young men's work in the city. He is also a member of the Chamber of Commerce and its public affairs committee, and vice-chairman of the Joseph Horne Outing Association. Fraternally, he is affiliated with the Free and Accepted Masons, and in this order is a member of many higher bodies, including Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and Syria Temple Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Mr. Burchfield worships in the Presbyterian faith, and is both a member and president of the board of trustees of the Sixth United Presbyterian Church. He is a member of the following clubs: The Union Club, the University Club, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Keystone Athletic Club, the Pittsburgh Field Club, and Stanton Heights Golf Club. He maintains his residence at No. 401 South Negley Avenue, in the city, and has never married.

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**S. CLAY MYERS**—Identified with the dry good business since his youth, Mr. Myers, though a native of Pennsylvania, spent the early part of his business career with well known dry goods stores in Kansas City and St. Louis, Missouri. In 1913 he returned to his native State and became identified with the Joseph Horne Company, with which famous Pittsburgh department store he has been connected ever since in positions of constantly increasing importance and responsibility. Since 1929 he has been vice-president and general merchandising manager of the company, positions which he has filled with ability and success. He is widely known in mercantile circles and is generally regarded as one of the ablest merchandising managers in this country.

Clay Myers was born at York Springs, Adams County, Pennsylvania, October 24, 1874, a son of Jonathan and Margaret (Myers) Myers, both now deceased. His father was for many years a prominent cattle and dairy farmer in Adams County. Mr. Myers received his education in the public schools of his native county. After leaving school he entered the general merchandising business as salesman and manager in a general store at New Oxford, Pennsylvania, associated with Mr. Emory Stock. From there he went to Kansas City, Missouri, where he was connected for thirteen years with the John Taylor Dry Goods Company, first as a salesman and later as buyer for the ready-to-wear departments. He next went to St. Louis, Missouri, where he was connected for four years with one of that city's leading department stores. In January, 1913, he came to Pittsburgh as manager of the ready-to-wear departments of the Joseph Horne Company. Subsequently he took charge of additional departments, the total number of which gradually increased to thirty-four separate departments. At the reorganization of the Joseph Horne Company, in 1929, Mr. Myers was promoted to the positions of vice-president and general merchandising manager, both of which offices he continues to hold. He is a member and a director of the National Garment Retailers Association of America.

In August, 1928, as a reward for commercial services in promoting good-will between America and Belgium Mr. Myers was decorated with the Order of the Crown of Leopold by the Belgian Government. The ceremony took place at the Belgian Embassy in Paris during the meeting of the Garment Retailers' Association of America, when Mr. Myers and three other officers of the organization were honored. Mr. Myers' clubs include the Pittsburgh Field Club, the Stanton Heights Golf Club, the Arts in Crafts Club, the Wykagyl Country Club, and the National Republican Club.

Mr. Myers married, in Kansas City, Missouri, September 1, 1912, Augusta Huth. Mr. and Mrs. Myers, who make their home at No. 601 North Negley Avenue, Pittsburgh, have four children: 1. Clay, Jr., born in 1913, a graduate of Shady Side Academy, and now a freshman at Princeton University. 2. Roy, born in 1914, a student at Shady Side Academy, who will enter Williams College, class of 1935. 3. Margaret, a student at Winchester School. 4. Harriet, a student at the Winchester School.

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**CLIFFORD G. DUNNELLS**—By profession a civil engineer, Professor Dunnells not only enjoys a national reputation as a consulting civil

engineer, but has been one of the outstanding men in the field of engineering education. A member of the engineering faculty of the Carnegie Institute of Technology for the last two decades, he has been during the greater part of this period professor of building construction, and it is largely due to his efforts that the department of building instruction was established at Carnegie Institute of Technology. Thousands of students have been benefited by Professor Dunnells' work, the influence of which has been felt in the building industry throughout the entire country.

Clifford G. Dunnells was born at Glenfield, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, July 8, 1875, a son of Clifford Charles and Susan Emma (Christy) Dunnells, both now deceased. His father was for many years a successful furniture manufacturer in Pittsburgh, North Side, specializing in church furniture. Professor Dunnells received his earliest education in the public grade schools of Pittsburgh and, in 1893 he was graduated from the old Central High School. During 1893-94 he was a student at the old Western University of Pennsylvania, now known as the University of Pittsburgh. In 1894 he matriculated at Lehigh University, Bethlehem, and was graduated in 1897 with the degree of Civil Engineer. He then became connected as a civil engineer with the old Pittsburgh Bridge Company. When this company, in 1900, was taken over by the American Bridge Company, Professor Dunnells continued his affiliation with the last-named concern, remaining with it as assistant designing engineer until 1910. In that year he resigned and became consulting engineer to several important architectural concerns in Pittsburgh. Since 1925 he has been vice-president and a director in charge of all engineering for the well-known Pittsburgh firm of Hunting, Davis & Dunnells, with offices in the Century Building, Pittsburgh. During the last twenty years Professor Dunnells has been responsible for the engineering work on some of the largest industrial, financial and business structures in the Pittsburgh district, and he has also had a part in the construction of buildings of importance in various parts of the country east of the Mississippi River.

Important as Professor Dunnells' work has been in the field of civil engineering, he has become even more widely known as an educator. In 1910 he became an instructor in mechanics at the Carnegie Institute of Technology. Two years later, in 1912, he was called upon to organize the department of building instruction in the School of Industries at the Carnegie Institute of Technology and since then he has been professor of that department. From this small beginning he has built up a department which now (1931) has an enrollment of a hundred pupils in its day classes and about seven hundred in its night school. The department of building instruction at the Carnegie Institute of Technology was the first of its type to be founded by any American institution of higher learning. In 1929 it graduated the largest class of any department in the institute.

Porfessor Dunnells is a Registered Civil Engineer and a member of the Engineers Society of Western Pennsylvania, the American Society of Civil Engineers and the American Concrete Institute. His clubs include the Faculty Club of the Carnegie Institute of Technology and the Highland Country Club. He is also a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce and of Lehigh Chapter of Delta Upsilon Fraternity. For many years prominently active in Masonic affairs, he is a member and a Past Master of McKinley Lodge, No. 318, Free and Accepted Masons; a Past High Priest of Shiloh Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and a member of Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. In politics he is a Republican. In religion he is a member of Trinity Cathedral (Episcopal), of Pittsburgh, and for eight years he has been treasurer of the Church Club of the diocese of Pittsburgh.

Professor Dunnells married (first) in Pittsburgh, in 1901, Bessie Hunter MacCord, who died in 1903, leaving one son, Clifford G., Jr., who is now in business in New York City. He married (second), in 1906, Rene J. Gould, who died in 1915, leaving two daughters: Dorothy Rene, who was graduated from the Carnegie Institute of Technology with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1928, and who received the degree of Master of Science from Yale University in 1930; and Elizabeth Cora, a senior at the Margaret Morrison School in Pittsburgh. Professor Dunnells married (third), in 1916, Inez E. Mullian. By this marriage he has two children: Mary Susan, and Margaret Ellen. The family residence is located at No. 141 Riverside Street, North Side, Pittsburgh.

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**CHARLES JOSEPH BARONE, M. D., F. A. C. S.**—A distinguished figure in the medical sciences, Dr. Charles Joseph Barone has been a resident of Pittsburgh for many years. His services are divided between his own practice and various educational duties. Dr. Barone has maintained a special interest in the training of young doctors and the general progress of medical education. It was this, together with his desire to facilitate relations between the United States and Italy which led him to establish two fellowships which he maintains, one in memory of his father and one in memory of his mother. Under the terms of these fellowships, a student of Italy comes each year to America for post-graduate work, and in the same way, an American student is sent to Italy to familiarize himself with methods and practices of that country. Dr. Barone bears the entire expense of these fellowships. The importance of such a service has been recognized both in this country and in Italy, and he has received from

King Victor Emmanuel III of Italy, the decoration "Cavaliere of the Crown of Italy."

Dr. Barone was born on December 25, 1890, at Buffalo, New York, son of the late Cosimo and Francesca (Ianne) Barone, both natives of Italy. They were married in their native land and came to America in April, 1888, settling in Buffalo.

In this city Charles J. Barone grew to manhood, attending parochial and public schools. He was graduated from Buffalo Central High School in 1911, and from the University of Buffalo, in 1915, taking the Doctor of Medicine degree. Dr. Barone had early determined upon a medical career, and continued further preparations for his chosen work. During 1915 and 1916, he was an interne at the German Deaconess Hospital at Buffalo, and at the end of this time went to Pittsburgh, becoming resident physician at the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital, where he remained until June, 1917. Next he was attached to the Royal Victoria Hospital, at Montreal, Canada, but in January, 1918, he was commissioned first lieutenant in the Medical Corps, United States Army, and sent to Camp Greenleaf, Georgia, in active service. Later Dr. Barone was transferred to the University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine, to teach obstetrics under government supervision. In the closing months of 1918, however, he was again sent South, as camp sanitary inspector at Camp Gordon, Georgia. There he remained until January, 1919, when he was honorably discharged and placed on the reserve list with the rank of captain, which he still holds.

Dr. Barone became supervisor of the Maternity Dispensary of the Pittsburgh University School of Medicine, and at the same time assumed the duties of a full-time instructor as assistant professor of obstetrics in the university. He has since continued his educational work, in addition to practicing privately.

In 1922, Dr. Barone opened offices for the first time, specializing in obstetrics and gynecology. His career in this field has been exceptionally distinguished, and his services are in wide demand. Dr. Barone's position among the members of his profession was indicated by his election as a fellow of the American College of Surgeons. In addition he is a fellow of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the Allegheny County Medical Society. He is a member of the senior staff of the Obstetrical Department at Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital, was formerly an associate on the staff of West Penn Hospital and the St. Francis Hospital. Dr. Barone is past president of the National Alpha Phi Delta Fraternity, and is now national secretary-treasurer of that order. He is also affiliated with the Nu Sigma Nu Fraternity, is a member of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church, in Pittsburgh, a member of the Knights of Columbus, the Italian Historical Society of New York, the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, and of many clubs, including the South Hills Country Club, the Oakmont Country Club, and the University Club of Pittsburgh.

Dr. Barone married, on November 19, 1930, Grace Ida Jageman, daughter of Joseph P. and Ida (Hippely) Jageman. He maintains his residence and offices at No. 4715 Fifth Avenue in this city.

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**SAMUEL C. JAMISON**—A man of great prominence in fraternal circles and civic affairs is Samuel C. Jamison, manager for western Pennsylvania of the Pennsylvania Manufacturers Association, with offices at 819 Oliver Building. For twelve years Mr. Jamison served efficiently in the office of coroner for the city of Pittsburgh and has occupied many other posts in which his services to his fellow-citizens were gratuitous. Notable among these was the work he did as a member and president of the Board of Education. Mr. Jamison is a serious-minded and public-spirited man who has won his way to the high regard and esteem of his fellows by his faithfulness to trusts and the extent of his capabilities, for in a variety of capacities he has acquitted himself with distinction.

Mr. Jamison was born in County Down, Ireland, on May 11, 1869, the son of James and Ellen C. (Coulter) Jamison, both natives of the North of Ireland. James Jamison was in the employ of the Pennsylvania railway system from the time of his arrival in this country until his death. Samuel C. Jamison received his early education in the public schools of Scotland, transferring to the Pittsburgh public schools when his family arrived in America. Later he attended the Pittsburgh College of Pharmacy from which he was graduated in 1891 with the degree of Graduate of Pharmacy. He established a drug business of his own in Pittsburgh which he operated for twenty-five years, but accepted in 1909 the office of coroner, which post he held until 1921. In the latter year he became associated with the Pennsylvania Manufacturers Association.

Beginning with Crescent Lodge, No. 576, Free and Accepted Masons, Mr. Jamison is a member of all bodies of that order, including the Scottish Rite, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of which he served as Potentate in 1925. He belongs also to Islam Grotto, and the Loyal Order of Moose. Mr. Jamison is a member of the Union Club, and the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, in which he serves as a member of both the insurance and the safety council. For six years he served ably as a member of the Pittsburgh Board of Education, being president of that body in the year 1907-08. He was also for several years president of the Franklin sub-district educational board. He attends the Episcopal Church and is Republican in his political affiliations. Bridge whist constitutes his favorite recreation and to his pleasant Pitts-

burgh home he likes to invite his friends for an evening rubber.

Mr. Jamison married, in 1893, Cora Elizabeth Richman, native of Warren, Ohio, whose death occurred in 1919. Their one daughter was named Margaret Richman.

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**JOHN PERRY GRIFFITH, M. D., F. A. C. S.**—Having established himself in the practice of surgery following the completion of his medical education and training, Dr. Griffith today (1931) is one of the leading surgeons of western Pennsylvania. Throughout his entire career he has been identified with Mercy Hospital, where he has always maintained an office. He is well known as an author of numerous papers on surgical subjects, has given a considerable share of his time to teaching, maintains membership in numerous medical organizations, and takes an active part in the religious and social life of Pittsburgh. While he enjoys a large and profitable practice, his attractive personality and other fine qualities have gained for him a very large circle of friends.

John Perry Griffith was born at Camden, Pennsylvania, May 31, 1883, a son of John and Hannah (Davis) Griffith. His father, now deceased, was a mechanical engineer. Dr. Griffith received his early education in the grade and high schools of Homestead, Pennsylvania, and then took up the study of medicine at the Medical-Chirurgical College, Philadelphia, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1906. Coming to Pittsburgh, immediately after leaving medical school, he served as an interne at Mercy Hospital during 1906-07. He was licensed to practice in 1907 and immediately took up surgery as his specialty, establishing his offices in Mercy Hospital, of which institution he has been a full staff member since 1910. He is assistant professor of surgery at the Pittsburgh University School of Medicine and a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons, as well as a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, and the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine. Early in 1930 he was nominated for the presidency of Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, being the sole nominee for this office, this nomination being tantamount to election. This also indicates how highly he is regarded by his fellow-practitioners in Pittsburgh. During the World War he served on the Pittsburgh Medical Advisory Board under the Selective Service Act. Dr. Griffith is well known as a writer on surgical subjects and has to his credit numerous important contributions to the leading surgical and medical papers of this country. He is a member of Phi Rho Sigma Fraternity, the Duquesne Club, the Pittsburgh Country Club and the University Club of Pittsburgh. His religious affiliation is with the Sixth United Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Griffith married, February 12, 1914, Alice Caroline Michel, a daughter of Charles and Mary K. Michel. Dr. and Mrs. Griffith, who make their home at 5809 Marlborough Street, Pittsburgh, are the parents of two children: 1. John Perry, Jr., born July 22, 1916. 2. Charles M., born August 3, 1919.

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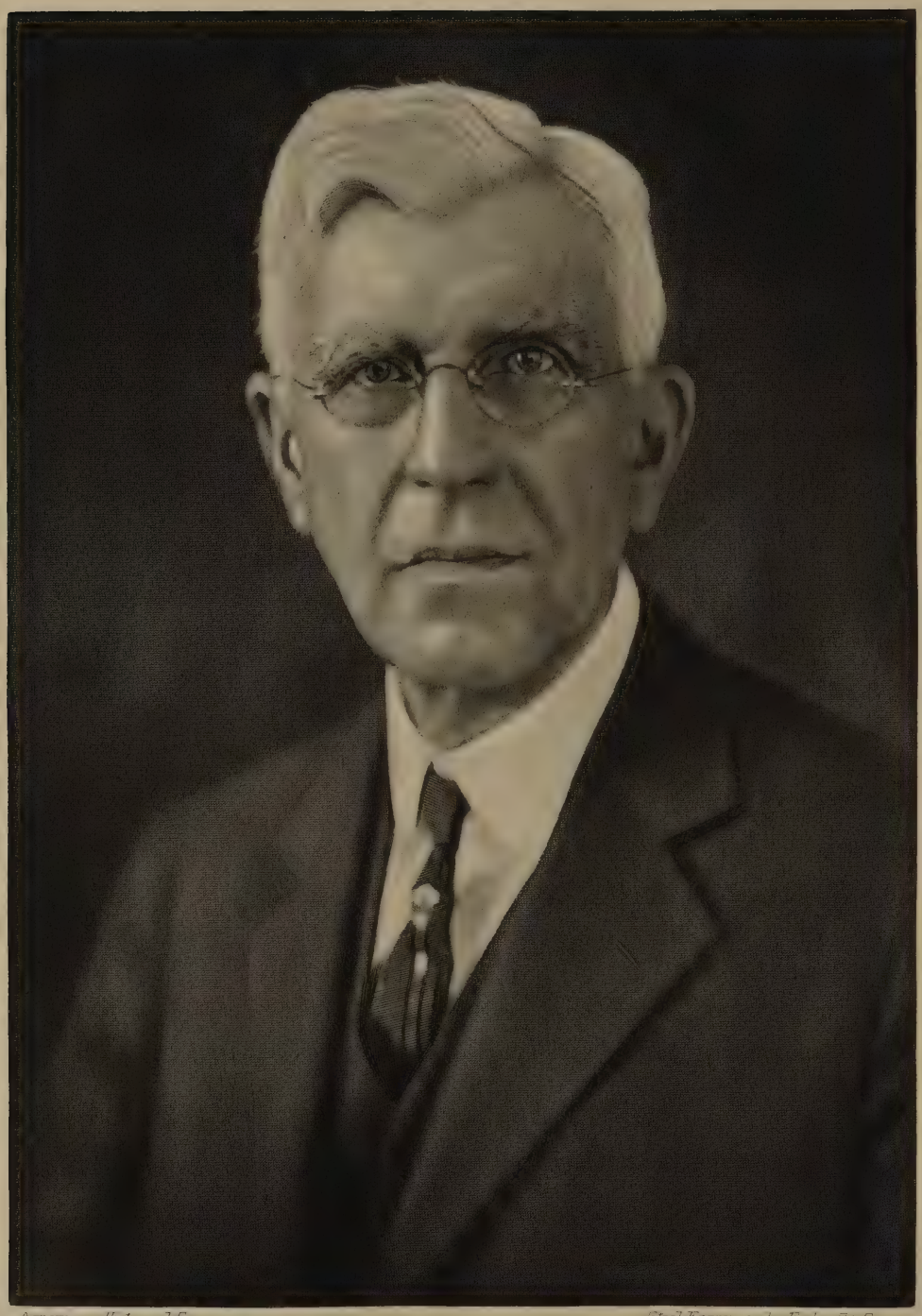
**D. FRANK SULLIVAN**—An artist of standing and a prominent figure in artistic circles of Pittsburgh, D. Frank Sullivan has made this city the center of his operations through his entire active career. His services have been widely sought by many Pittsburgh enterprises and individuals, and all his work is performed with the complete success long associated with his name.

Mr. Sullivan was born at Boston, Massachusetts, on October 17, 1892, a son of Daniel J. and Katherine T. (Madden) Sullivan. D. Frank Sullivan was educated in the public schools of Boston, and following graduation from high school there, entered the Massachusetts School of Art. Later he studied for a year at the Academie Collarosie, at Paris, and took post-graduate work at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology and Georgetown University. At the completion of his educational training, Mr. Sullivan came to Pittsburgh as instructor at the Pittsburgh Academy. He also opened a studio of his own in this city, where he combines fine art work with commercial art, acting as consultant to several manufacturers in design. Mr. Sullivan is well known both for the high quality of his work and his activities as an educator in art. He was formerly an instructor at the University of Pittsburgh and Carnegie Institute of Technology, in their art schools, and now has charge of the commercial art courses of the Pittsburgh industrial schools. Since September 1, 1930, he has had charge of the new Clifford B. Connelley Trade School Art Department, where he supervises instruction in woodworking, printing, layout and design, and all the applied arts. Mr. Sullivan is a member of the Associated Artists of Pittsburgh, the American Federation of Artists, and the Eastern Arts Association. Several of his paintings are by Pittsburghers, including a series of murals of "Old King Cole," and a fantastic water color called "The Keeper of the Garden," which is in the permanent collection owned by The Hundred Friends of Art.

Mr. Sullivan is a Democrat in his political affiliation, and worships in the Roman Catholic faith, as a member of the Sacred Heart Church in Pittsburgh. After the entry of the United States into the World War in the spring of 1917, Mr. Sullivan enlisted in the United States Navy as a color expert in the camouflage department, serving with the rank of chief carpenter's mate, until his honorable discharge in December, 1918.

On July 8, 1929, D. Frank Sullivan married, at Pittsburgh, Jules Koreff. They maintained their residence in this city at No. 5941 Baum Boulevard, where Mr. Sullivan's studio is also situated.



American Historical Soty

Steel Engraving by Finlay & Conn

John W. Dunbile

**JOHN WESLEY DUNKLE**—Former Federal attorney for Allegheny County, a lawyer of extended experience and dignity at the bar, and remembered for his constructive record as State Legislator at Harrisburg, the late John Wesley Dunkle had a life replete of service to those around him, in the law, in public office, and as the friend and the inspirator of younger men, whom he consistently imbued with the elevated principles of the law as they set out on their respective careers.

Seventy-five years of age at the time of his passing, he had spent nearly twenty-six years in the city of Pittsburgh, and had attained a degree of warm esteem here amounting to veneration. Always he was deeply interested in the contemporary movements of the profession, of civic affairs, and of economic forces for the betterment of his community as a whole; and until the very last, he continued to be active, youthful in spirit, and progressive in his views, which were solidly founded on a basis of integrity and sound character.

The family to which he belonged had been represented long in Clarion County, on a farm near West Freedom. It was there that he was born, November 9, 1855; his father had become a resident there in childhood, brought there by his parents; and hence, three generations of the paternal line have been represented in Clarion County. Mr. Dunkle's parents were Michael and Caroline (Boyer) Dunkle, the latter having been connected in the past with the family after whom Boyertown was named. The Dunkles, for the most part, had engaged as farmers; Michael Dunkle followed this traditional employment, and was highly regarded as a leader in agricultural science, and as a leader in public opinion.

Reared on the family farm near West Freedom, Mr. Dunkle attended the schools of the district. Early in life he was of the opinion that, while he enjoyed the peace and quiet and the society of the people of the countryside, he would leave the farm, and become first a teacher. After some years of teaching, and of saving, he hoped he would be able to prepare himself at law; for even as a youth he was inspired to take up the practice of this profession. The ideals of teaching were close to his heart, also, and he regarded this as a most worthy manner in which to realize his later purpose as an entrant into law. To this end, he became a student in the State Normal School at Edinboro, Pennsylvania, where he prepared himself suitably to enter the educational field, then taught, rather distinguishing himself as an educator in the comparatively brief duration of his experience.

Thus it came about that he secured the early academic experience as an instructor before entering the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, where, in 1880 and at the age of twenty-four, he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. For a time, thereafter, Mr. Dunkle returned to education, teaching in several schools and taking an interest in Republican politics, centering these activities in Clarion County. Admitted to the bar of Pennsylvania, he combined his legal and political objectives, took advantage of the favor and popularity which were accorded him at his frequent public appearances as a speaker —Mr. Dunkle, tall, handsome, sparkling of eye, gifted of speech was one in whom the people felt confidence, and to whom, listening to his logic, they accorded their admiration—and became a candidate for district attorney.

That was in the fall of 1887, when he was twenty-six, a young man, but well-drilled for his place and thoroughly able to handle it. He made his campaign brilliantly, and was elected. Such was the beginning of his public-professional life, which would, later, assume much greater importance to the people among whom he made his home. In order to better employ himself as district attorney, Mr. Dunkle took residence at Warren, the county seat; and at Warren, in the ensuing years, he became a figure of prominent leadership. The term as district attorney ran three years. So well did Mr. Dunkle serve the constituents that in 1890 he won a reëlection, and in '93 repeated the performance, serving as district attorney three consecutive terms, for nine years, until 1896. For one term he served as burgess, in North Clarion County. His administration left nothing to be desired; he demonstrated that a mind capable at the law was equally capable at the more generalized duties of administering to the borough.

His father had joined the Republican party when that party was founded in the Civil War period. Mr. Dunkle, from boyhood, favored the principles of a high tariff, together with the other principles which then differentiated the Republicans from the Democrats; and with the rise of the party occurred his own rise in public place. In 1889, and again in 1892, he served as chairman of the Republican County Committee. Here his very pleasing address and appearance and the unfailing logic of his orations moved the people to his will, and he was a leader in the county, State and national campaigns. In 1903-04 Mr. Dunkle went to Harrisburg as member of the Lower House. The interests of the public were well championed by him from the floor, in the introduction of suitable bills favoring the farmer and the business circles at large, and in support of similar legislation, much of which he carried to enactment by means of his fine gift of speech and logic.

In 1905, by appointment of President Roosevelt, whom he had earnestly supported for the Presidency, he was appointed Federal attorney, and came to Pittsburgh. For four years, exercising the responsibilities of his office, he proved himself the ablest of Federal attorneys, and his record as such is written in the historic annals of law in Pittsburgh and Allegheny County. Retiring from

the post in 1909, he resumed his private practice, continuing his residence in the city of Pittsburgh; and he practiced, brilliantly and constructively, readily meriting the plaudits given him by his colleagues of the bar and bench, until the close of his life took him from fifty years of legal service.

The law and public responsibilities alone, great as they were, did not absorb the whole of Mr. Dunkle's keen interest in general affairs. He held extended interest in financial operations, and when the Conewango Building and Loan Association was founded in 1894, at Warren, he was one of the corporators. As a lawyer he frequently was called into consultation to advise in business matters; and almost universally his counsel was demonstrated to be sound—the logic that made him win his campaigns for office was the sincere and well-based logic that made his business conferences valuable. Usually Mr. Dunkle practiced without associates, yet he had one in Warren—Nathan Orr—while he was acting as district attorney.

Mr. Dunkle married, on September 19, 1883, Susan A. Dillon, a daughter of Rev. Samuel Patterson and Mrs. Sarah (Rennick) Dillon. Mrs. Dunkle's father was for twenty years a minister of the Presbyterian Church. His death, at the age of forty-seven, was a distinct loss to the denomination, and to the many who had held him as a friend and spiritual guide.

To Mr. and Mrs. Dunkle were born three children as follows: 1. Lester Dane, who died on April 16, 1931; he married Irene Rogers, whose death occurred in 1928. Of this union there were three children: May Irene, Susan Elizabeth, and John Dane. May Irene and Susan Elizabeth Dunkle are twins, and they make their home with their grandmother, Mrs. Susan A. (Dillon) Dunkle, who continues to reside in Pittsburgh. 2. Earl, now located in Seattle; graduate of Yale University, at New Haven, Connecticut; married Florence Hull, daughter of Judge Hull of Ashtabula, Ohio, and they have two children: John Hull and William Earl. 3. Miss Murna M. Dunkle, an artist, with studios in New York City.

John Wesley Dunkle's death occurred in Pittsburgh, January 20, 1931. Interment was in Pittsburgh. In his passing, a legion persons lost a friend; the State lost a personable, volatile and inspiring leader in its public affairs; and the profession was bereft of one who had graced its ranks for many years, a leader of honorable prestige, whose name and record are preserved with distinction. Pittsburgh, the city of Warren, and his native community of West Freedom—all took his passing as a personal bereavement, and the press of these centers had much to say in recognition of his valued life.

His lifetime, as a whole, will endure for its worthy example, for the notable spirit which guided him onward and ever ahead to new heights of service to his fellowmen, and for the wealth of friendship and memory left behind him, an undiminished treasure for mankind.

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**HAROLD G. KUEHNER, M. D., F. A. C. S.**—One of the youngest members of the medical profession to be honored as a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons in Pittsburgh, Dr. Harold G. Kuehner also has to his credit award of the Mellon Fellowship at the University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine, and through constant study and conscientious practice has attained a prominent place in the surgical branch of his calling. He maintains a deep interest in professional organizations, which, with unceasing research work, monopolizes most of his spare moments.

Dr. Kuehner was born September 16, 1894, at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, son of P. W. and Emma (Hagemann) Kuehner. P. W. Kuehner, formerly engaged in a wholesale business at Beaver Falls, is now retired; the mother, Mrs. Kuehner, is deceased.

Harold G. Kuehner attended the grammar and high schools of Beaver Falls and then entered the University of Pittsburgh, which graduated him in 1916 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Two years later he had completed his studies in the School of Medicine of the University of Pittsburgh, with his degree of Doctor of Medicine, and in 1918-19 qualified for his license through interneship at Mercy Hospital. For a year thereafter he was in the laboratory at Mercy Hospital, but in 1920-21 returned to the university, having been awarded the Mellon Fellowship. During this same period the doctor also served as pathologist at Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital. In 1921 he took up surgery, and since has been engaged in that branch of the profession. Dr. Kuehner maintained offices in downtown Pittsburgh during 1925-28, but in the last-named year was elected adjunct staff surgeon at Mercy Hospital, and since has conducted his private practice at the hospital. His professional affiliations include the Allegheny County Medical Society; Pennsylvania State Medical Society; American Medical Association; Society for Biological Research; Clinical Pathological Society; Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, and, as previously mentioned, he is a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons. Dr. Kuehner also is a member of the faculty of the University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine, being an instructor in surgery. During the World War period he served in the Officers' Reserve Corps. The doctor is a member of Alpha Omega Alpha Fraternity, and the University Club of Pittsburgh. His religious belief is that of the Episcopal Church.

Dr. Harold G. Kuehner married, June 14, 1922, at Pittsburgh, Mabelle Cole, daughter of John C. and Louella Cole, of Beaver Falls. They have two children: 1. Janet, born November 19, 1923. 2. Joanne, born February 19, 1925. The doctor and his family reside at No. 6939 Reynolds Street, Pittsburgh.

**WILLIAM FLINN**—In the passing of William Flinn, Pittsburgh and the State of Pennsylvania lost a most distinguished, public-spirited worker for the public welfare, and business circles lost a leader.

Born at Manchester, England, May 26, 1851, he died at St. Petersburg, Florida, February 19, 1924, aged seventy-two years, the majority of which had been given to honored activities in Pennsylvania. His parents, John Flinn and Mary (Hamilton) Flinn though Irish, had taken residence in Manchester, England, several years before the birth of William Flinn, and before he was a year old they came to the United States, 1851. They settled in Pittsburgh in that early period prior to the War Between the States; and have been continuously and notably represented here by generations succeeding them, each having played a valued rôle in development of the municipality.

After he had secured his academic instruction in the public schools of Pittsburgh, William Flinn at once set out on a career, the beginnings of which were modest, given mainly to the accumulation of experience, but destined to become large in comparison with the careers of men among whom he lived, politically and in business direction. Politically, as a progressive citizen, he entered Republican councils at the age of twenty-six, becoming an active worker for the party's causes in the old Sixth Ward, and attaining office as member of the Board of Fire Commissioners, the only solely municipal political post he ever held. In 1881, such had become his reputation for public work, that he was elected to the Pennsylvania State Legislature at Harrisburg. In 1890, on the strength of the record made in the Lower House, he was elected to the State Senate, and he remained incumbent there until his resignation from the Legislature in 1901.

An earnest, able champion of measures for the welfare of his State, William Flinn became known as the father of the Good Roads Act, which became law in 1895. He sponsored legislation for the betterment of child labor conditions, for the regulation of ballot boxes and primary election expenses. He urged the adoption of voting machines, favored a fair and equitable civil service, and was a consistent worker for extension of parks and boulevards. During the score of years spanning his record at Harrisburg, he advocated measures and reforms the benefits of which will continue for many years to come.

William Flinn's chief business interests were involved with contracting on a large scale, and were centered in the firm of Booth and Flinn, Ltd., formed in 1893 by himself in association with James J. Booth. The concern engaged in many vast building enterprises, bringing all of these to a successful conclusion. Most noteworthy, perhaps, of its long record of construction-service, was completion of the Liberty Tunnels and the Armstrong Tunnels of Allegheny County, and in the later years of the company's continuation, the Holland Vehicular Tunnel between New York City and New Jersey. Mr. Booth retired from the firm in 1898; George H. Flinn, son of the founder, succeeded him, and in 1924 two other sons, W. A. and A. Rex Flinn attained to membership. Ralph Emerson Flinn, another son, also spent a few years associated with the company. George H. Flinn died on March 29, 1929, and his brother, A. Rex Flinn (q. v.) took control.

His character and integrity assured William Flinn of the respect and warm esteem of those with whom he came in contact through his lengthy and useful career. He was most devoted to his family, and took great pleasure in the development of his farm on the Kittanning Road, beyond Sharpsburg, which he named Beechwood Farm. This was celebrated over a wide stretch of the State for its Guernsey cattle, German police dogs, and Belgian hares, which William Flinn raised upon it. In later years especially he spent much time on his farm, and traveled each year to resorts and centers of climatic, political and social interest. He was a frequent visitor, during the winter months, at cities in Florida, St. Petersburg being his favorite community, where, as noted previously, his death occurred. He married Nancy Galbraith in the year 1874.

The life and works of William Flinn could not fail to give inspiration to the lives of others, and many men today of prominence in Pittsburgh have cause to look back with appreciation to his counsel at a crucial time in their respective lives. A genial, friendly, outspoken man upon occasion, he attracted friendliness, and his friends were of increasing numbers through the years. These mourned his passing as a man and an associate, their united expressions combining in a beautiful tribute of the spirit, in memory of one whose works live on behind him.

Having come here as an infant, William Flinn always regarded Pittsburgh as his native place; and Pittsburgh will recall him as a distinguished son.

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**A. REX FLINN**—Native of Pittsburgh and a son of the late distinguished William Flinn (q. v.), A. Rex Flinn was born on February 5, 1885. He received his academic education in the public schools of Pittsburgh and at Shady Side Academy, completing his academic work at Yale, from which, in 1906, he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. On completion of college he took a trip around the world, afterwards returning to Pittsburgh and commencement of his life in business. For a time, A. Rex Flinn was associated with his father in the construction-contracting firm which the latter headed here; but he struck out for himself in due course, organizing three lumber companies and a private railroad, for logging purposes. And he has continued at lumbering, now being interested principally in the Duquesne Lumber Company, large-scale lumber operatives, with offices in the Union Bank Building. This company was formed in 1910. Since that year, through

more than a score of years, the firm's activities have extended steadily, and it has long been a foremost company in wholesale lumber circles. A. Rex Flinn continues to serve as president. G. C. Adams, of Philadelphia, is vice-president, and R. C. Herrmann is secretary and treasurer. A. Rex Flinn is president also of the construction company of which his father was a founder—Booth and Flinn, Ltd. He is a director of the Forbes National Bank and the Colonial Trust Company.

Deeply interested in works of citizenship and philanthropy, he is a member of the board of managers of the Kingsley Association, a director of the Legal Aid Society, a manager of the Pittsburgh Newsboys' Home, and member of the boards of the West Penn Hospital and Shady Side Academy. Politically, he is affiliated with the Republican party. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Golf Club, the Fox Chapel Golf Club, the Duquesne Club, and a communicant of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

A. Rex Flinn married, in 1915, Eleanor Bradley, of Brookline, Massachusetts, a descendant of a famous New England family of that name. Their children are: William, 2d, and Mary Louise. The family residence is at No. 5558 Aylesboro Avenue.

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**THOMAS L. DISQUE, M. D.**—His native city, Pittsburgh, has been the scene of Dr. Disque's successful professional activities as a physician since the completion of his medical training and education. During the first decade of his career he was engaged in general practice, but since then he has confined himself entirely to the practice of urology. He is prominently active in hospital work, is a member of numerous medical organizations and, until several years ago, gave much time to teaching at the University of Pittsburgh. His professional standing is of the highest and his large practice indicates how successful he has been in his work and how highly he is regarded for his skill.

Dr. Thomas L. Disque was born in Pittsburgh, in 1870, a son of Henry and Jean (Lawrence) Disque, both now deceased. His father was for many years successfully engaged in the wholesale drug business in Pittsburgh. Dr. Disque received his early education in the public grade and high schools of Pittsburgh and then studied for about two years under a private tutor. At the end of this period he matriculated in the Western Pennsylvania Medical College, now the School of Medicine of the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1892. During the next year he had charge of the Medical Dispensary at the Medical College. This was followed by two years as resident physician at the City Home at Mayview. In 1895 Dr. Disque established himself in the private practice of his profession and for the next ten years he carried on very successfully a general practice. At the end of this period he pursued post-graduate work in urology in New York City, Chicago, and at Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, Maryland. Having completed these studies, he took up urology as his specialty and since 1906 has confined himself entirely to this branch of the medical science. He is staff urologist at the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburgh. For many years he was professor of urology at the School of Medicine of the University of Pittsburgh, but in recent years has given up teaching and has devoted all of his time to his practice. He is a member and a past president of the Pittsburgh Urological Society, the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and the Allegheny County Medical Society. His clubs include the Pittsburgh Athletic Club. His religious affiliation is with the Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Disque married in Philadelphia, in February, 1909, Margaretta Wilson. Dr. and Mrs. Disque are the parents of one son, Thomas Lawrence Disque, Jr., born in 1916. The family home is at No. 705 South Aiken Avenue, Pittsburgh. The doctor's office is in Suite 707, Jenkins Building, Pittsburgh.

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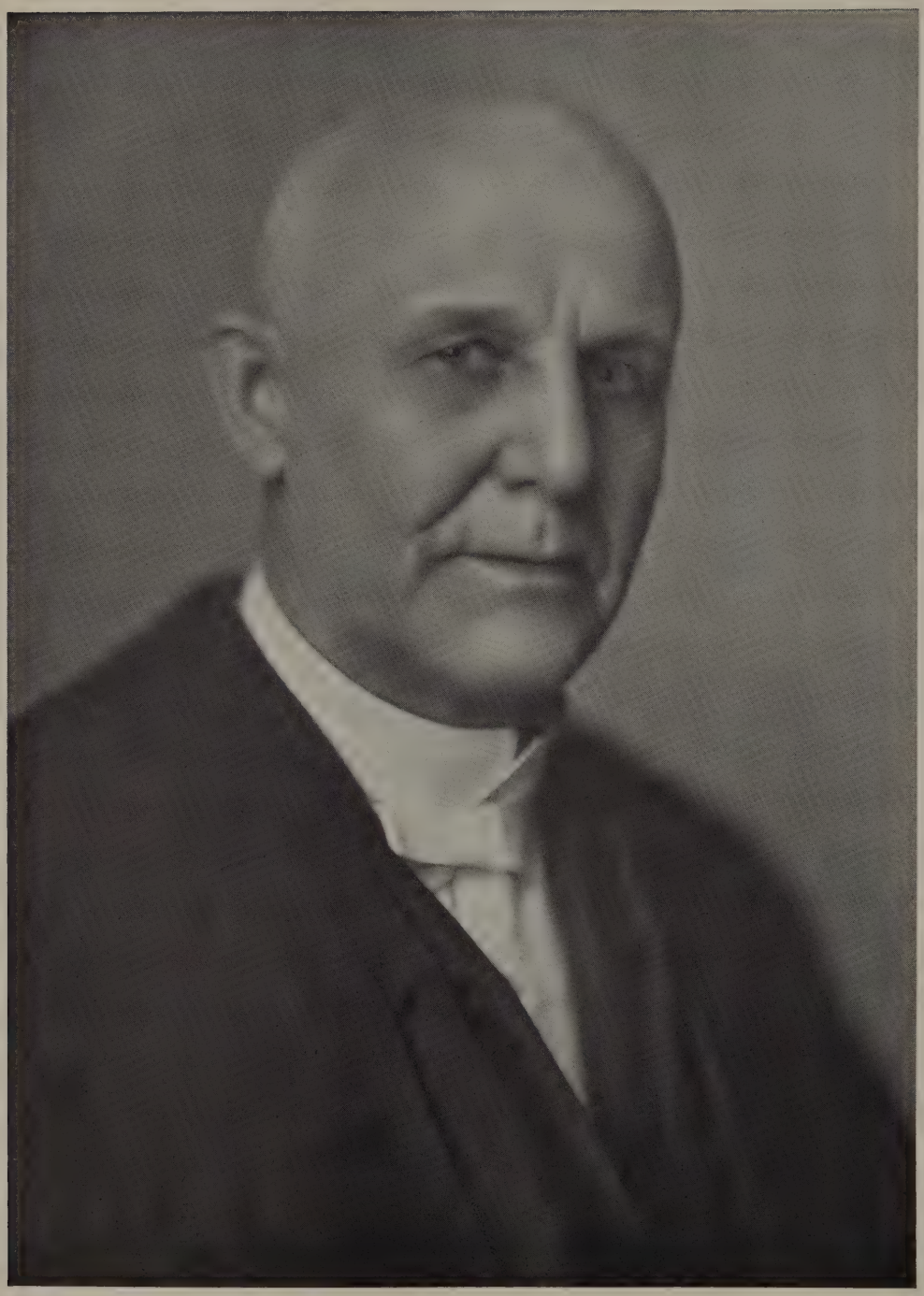
**JAMES FRANK McCANDLESS**—Having connected in his youth with the firm of Boggs and Buhl, one of Pittsburgh's well-known department stores, Mr. McCandless continued actively identified with this store for a period of forty years. Since his retirement from the vice-presidency of Boggs and Buhl he has devoted a considerable share of his time to the affairs of the Dollar Savings and Trust Company of Pittsburgh, one of the leading financial institutions of the North Side, of which he is now first vice-president and a director. He is also a director of several other important financial and business enterprises. Mr. McCandless is one of the outstanding business men and financiers of this section of Pittsburgh, widely known and highly respected.

James Frank McCandless was born at Mercer, Pennsylvania, June 10, 1862, a son of the late John Alexander and Sarah (Livermore) McCandless, both now deceased. His father was for many years a prominent attorney of Mercer and also was greatly interested in educational affairs, serving as the first school superintendent of Mercer County. Mr. McCandless' paternal grandfather, James McCandless, was a veteran of the Mexican War and was one of the builders of the old Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Canal. Educated in the public schools of Mercer, James Frank McCandless left school at the age of fourteen years and at that time began his mercantile career as a clerk in a country store. Seven years later, in 1883, he came to Pittsburgh and became a clerk in the Boggs & Buhl Department Store, with which he was actively identified until seven years ago. From the beginning he showed outstanding ability and this, combined with his capacity for hard work, his devotion to the firm's interests, and his many other fine qualities, gained him frequent promotions to positions of ever-increasing responsibility and importance. He



Jos F Campbell

became silk buyer for this store and in that capacity he used to make monthly trips to New York City and annual trips to Europe. Later he was made merchandise manager and, when the firm was incorporated, he became a member of the board of directors. Shortly after that he was made vice-president and treasurer, in which two capacities he continued until 1923, when he retired from active participation in the store's affairs. However, he still is a member of the board of directors and continues as a director in the Boggs & Buhl Department Store, that well-known mercantile establishment on the North Side, Pittsburgh. He is first vice-president and a director of the Dollar Savings & Trust Company, a director of the Second National Bank of Pittsburgh, The Peoples-Pittsburgh Trust Company, the American Fruit Growers, Incorporated, and the Colonial Royalties Company, as well as the Rex-Hide Rubber Company. His clubs include the Duquesne Club, the University Club, the Pittsburgh Country Club, the Pittsburgh Field Club, the Longue Vue Country Club, and the Pittsburgh Athletic Association. Mr. McCandless is very fond of traveling and since his retirement from active business has devoted much of his time to this form of recreation, having visited during the last seven years nearly every country in the world.

Mr. McCandless is not married. He makes his home at the Pittsburgh Athletic Association.

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**PAUL BEADLE STEELE, M. D.**—Although among the younger men in the medical profession of Pittsburgh, Dr. Paul B. Steele, orthopedic surgeon, is justly entitled to be placed among the leaders in his department of medicine. While the doctor is a native of Eastern Pennsylvania, his practice has been carried on since graduation from medical school in Pittsburgh and vicinity. Dr. Steele was unusually fortunate in having as an associate for several years one of the acknowledged surgeons of Pittsburgh, and his experience as a member of the medical corps of the United States Army during the World War also added immeasurably to his knowledge of orthopedics.

Dr. Steele was born September 4, 1892, at Crenshaw, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania, son of William S. and Melda (Millen) Steele, both now deceased. William S. Steele, for many years prior to his death, was engaged as owner and operator of stores in Jefferson, Potter, and Lackawanna counties, Pennsylvania.

Paul B. Steele completed the grade schools of Crenshaw and high school at Brockway, Pennsylvania. He then studied one year at Dickinson College, but in 1911 entered the medical department of the University of Maryland, whence he was graduated in 1915 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Coming to Pittsburgh, he was interne at Allegheny General Hospital in 1915-16. Immediately thereafter he became an assistant to Dr. David Silver, Professor of Orthopedic Surgery at the University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine and was thus occupied until 1917, when he entered the military service. Commissioned a lieutenant, orthopedic unit, Dr. Steele was assigned to the First Army later was promoted to captain. While with the American Expeditionary Forces he saw active service in the second battle of the Marne; at Chateau-Thierry; in the St. Mihiel and Argonne offensives; also at Soissons, attached to the 1st Division, operating section. Dr. Steele returned from overseas and was honorably discharged on October 7, 1919. He again became associated with Dr. Silver, doing orthopedic surgery at the Allegheny General Hospital, and at that time he also took up the private practice of surgery. Dr. Steele is consulting orthopediatrician at St. Margaret Memorial Hospital and on the surgical staffs of Passavant Hospital and Sewickley Valley Hospital. His qualifications and his specialty have resulted in his being enrolled as an instructor in orthopedic surgery in the school of medicine of the University of Pittsburgh. In professional organizations he is actively interested, being a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society; Pennsylvania State Medical Society; American Medical Association, and a Fellow of the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine. Dr. Steele is a member of the Presbyterian church and his fraternal interests are given to Phi Beta Pi, the Masonic Order, and the American Legion. His social activities are confined to membership in the University Club, Stanton Heights Golf Club, and the Wildwood Country Club.

Dr. Paul B. Steele married November 9, 1923, Anne McNeill, a daughter of the late John McNeill. They have two sons: Paul B., Jr., and David V. Q. The Steele family resides at No. 5606 Dunmoyle Street, while the doctor's offices are located at No. 7058 Jenkins Arcade, Pittsburgh.

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**JUDGE JAMES McFADDEN CARPENTER**—Late distinguished jurist, long of eminence on the bench as justice of the Court of Common Pleas, Judge James McFadden Carpenter had an honored career, in every way worthy of his notable background of ancestors. His forebears were of note in Pennsylvania from the seventeenth century.

(I) Henry Carpenter, progenitor in America, was a native of Switzerland. He came to this country in 1698, located at Germantown, then in Lancaster County. A civil engineer of unusual scientific learning, he had a full and useful lifetime.

(II) Daniel Carpenter, his son, was also a civil engineer, and he carried forward the work laid aside by the elder Mr. Carpenter when he died.

(III) Captain Daniel Carpenter, next of the line, won his commission in the forces of the Continent, in the War of the Revolution. He was a man of extended affairs, of quiet leadership, a gentleman; he was buried in Westmoreland County.

(IV) John Carpenter, son of the Captain, took

up the profession of law, and won distinction, making his residence at Murrysville. He married Jane Murry, of that community, daughter of Jeremiah Murry, after whom the place had its name. The latter came from Ireland in 1783.

(V) J. Murry Carpenter, son of this marriage, was a farmer, of Murrysville, and a civil engineer. In fact he dealt variously in these two vocations, also being gifted as a business man. His farm, in Westmoreland County, still is in possession of the family; and the original farmhouse, built of brick, is standing there, more than a century old. J. Murry Carpenter married Eleanor McFadden; both died at Murrysville, and are buried there.

(VI) Judge James McFadden Carpenter, their son, was born in January, 1850; he had his early schooling before the days of the War Between the States, and continued it through that conflict, and afterwards. His father died at the age of seventy years.

Spending his boyhood on the farm, he attended the old Murrysville Academy—*alma mater* of many highly eminent figures in the history of Pennsylvania. While still a young man, the Judge came to Pittsburgh, and he worked at surveying to defray the expenses of study for the law. His preceptor was T. C. Lazear, prominent counsellor of Pittsburgh after the Civil strife; and Judge Carpenter prepared himself thoroughly under the careful tutelage of the master, passing the examinations of the bar with high standing.

Admitted to the bar, he practiced alone, and from commencement of his professional career was successful. He made a name for himself, in court, and in preparation of his cases—for convincingness, thoroughness, and strict accuracy and justice. With passage of the years his standing heightened. The Governor appointed him to fill an unexpired term as judge of the Court of Common Pleas. He did well in the office, entered the race for election thereto in 1915, was elected for the ten years' term; and in 1925 won a reëlection. Hence, he was filling the third term when his death occurred, and it may truly be said of Judge Carpenter that he made legal history; he was a guiding light of the Pennsylvania bench, and bench and bar do his memory honor to the present time.

Judge Carpenter married Mary Knox, a daughter of John L. L. and Rebecca (Hood) Knox, the former a prominent citizen of Allegheny County, both early residents of Pittsburgh's North Side. Mrs. Carpenter died in 1890, leaving four children: 1. Alice Lazear, who continues to make her home in Pittsburgh, at the family residence. 2. Rebecca Knox, since deceased. 3. Eleanor, deceased. 4. James McFadden Carpenter, Jr., of further mention.

James McFadden Carpenter, Jr., was born in East Liberty. He received his early education at the Thurston School, and at East Liberty Academy prepared for advanced studies. From Haverford College he took the degree of Bachelor of Arts; later, from Cornell, he received the degree of Doctor of Philosophy, and was appointed professor of languages at Haverford, where he was scholastically engaged at his work when death occurred, January 2, 1932. Dr. Carpenter had married Paulette Hagemans, a daughter of the Belgian Consul-General; and of this union were born three children: Marguerite Hagemans, Mary Knox, and James McFadden Carpenter, 3d, who now represents the eighth generation of the Carpenter line in America.

Judge Carpenter's death occurred in Pittsburgh, May 13, 1926. He was seventy-six, and the record of his years fills a large place in the annals of bar and bench, in Pennsylvania.

The circle of his friends was large, for the Judge had not been one to give attention to his profession only, to the exclusion of all else. He took great pleasure in the society of his children, in the retirement of his home, in his library. Always the scholar and judicial mind, he attained a vast respect among his colleagues; of kindly humor and genial disposition, he had reached a popular veneration in his several connections. The Judge was a member of East Liberty Presbyterian Church, and was an elder in that denomination. He was especially interested in movements of the bar association—and heartfelt tribute, in the form of a resolution, was given his memory when he died, by these former associates of his lifetime and his work. His place, in truth, was impossible to fill, in actuality; and it can never be filled in the hearts of men.

Leader of bar and bench, outstanding figure in his centers of activity, Judge Carpenter left behind him a career which, in retrospect, well may serve as an inspiring example to younger members of the profession. As he served justice, so did he serve his fellowmen; and so is his name, and his memory, given added lustre with the passage of years.

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**JOHN HENRY LOTT**—Mechanical and constructive ability is seldom passed on from father to son but the exception which proves the rule is to be found in the inheritance of John Henry Lott, construction engineer of Pittsburgh. Mr. Lott's father was a contractor who won a name for himself by the ingenious methods he evolved in the erection of the structures for which he contracted. The son has climbed quite a few steps beyond his paternal ancestor, as is to be expected, since the construction operations of today are more often projected on a large scale and require something more scientific than the rule o' thumb methods of the past generation. John H. Lott specializes on the installation of the machinery going into hydro-electric and other water power plants, in the erection and installation of the requirements of the modern reservoir and water systems of our cities and towns. His work has carried him to many parts of the East and the Middle West greatly enlarging his range of knowledge and experience. The uniformly good results of

his operations augur well for his future in his profession.

John Henry Lott was born in Clark County, January 20, 1877, son of J. N. and Sarah (Hess) Lott, both of whom are deceased. His father was, during the greater part of his life, a builder, and impressed upon his son some of the characteristics which had made for success. Mr. Lott, the elder, had served three years in the Union forces of the Civil War, in the 44th Regiment, Ohio Volunteers. Captured by the Confederates, three months were spent in Libby Prison, Richmond, Virginia.

The lad, John H., attended the public schools of his native town. Determined to pursue a career somewhat allied to that of his father, he supplemented his education by private and special study of construction engineering. He was but twenty when he started to work in the plant of the Hagar Strawboard & Paper Company, of Cedarville, Ohio, where he remained for two years. Several additional years were spent as a machinist with Smith & Vaile, in Dayton, Ohio.

In 1902, Mr. Lott moved to Pittsburgh, having accepted employment with the Dravo-Doyle Company as a directing engineer. The Dravo-Doyle Company is rather noted as a sort of training school for men in the construction business, many of the foremost of Pittsburgh's men in the industry having started as employees of this company.

In 1915, Mr. Lott was made the superintendent of construction, a position he now holds, and in which he has general supervision of the installations of the concern, and the direction of the operations of eight superintendents. His own particular specialties are the installing of turbines, pumps, industrial water purification plants, and the like. In the supervision of this work he has visited the districts about Cleveland, Ohio; Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania; Indianapolis, Indiana, as well as the smaller localities.

His devotion to business rather overshadows other phases of his life, although he finds time and the desire to belong actively to the First Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh and to do his share in any movement for the betterment of his home city and of the people who reside within its bounds. In politics he is a Republican, but cares nothing for political preferment. He keeps in touch with his fellow engineers by membership in the Power Engineers Society of Pittsburgh.

John H. Lott married, at Cedarville, Ohio, on November 6, 1906, Mabel Owens, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Owens of Cedarville, Ohio.

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**JOHN FRANCE**—High position in the business field of the Pittsburgh district of Pennsylvania is held by John France, of the firm of France and Rosso, contractors and builders, of Forest Hills. He has made this place for himself by virtue of an unflagging industry, an appreciation of what the people want and an honesty of workmanship that meets with the hearty endorsement of all who have had occasion to enjoy its results. A popularity earned by his deep interest in public affairs, his conduct of offices which he has filled, and a genial personality, has brought to his house a large clientele that makes for his own prosperity while it at the same time reflects its influence upon the whole community in its progress.

He was born in Pittsburgh, April 8, 1887, a son of Robert France, a native of England and a pattern maker, who came to America when a young man and settled in Pittsburgh. He became associated with the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company and was in its employ for twenty years, until his death, in February, 1922. His wife, mother of his son John, was Martha (Heaton) France, a native of Ohio. The boy was educated in the public schools of Pittsburgh and Turtle Creek. After graduating from the Turtle Creek High School, he entered the service of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company and was assigned to the maintenance department, of which he eventually became supervisor. He remained there until 1924, when he resigned and established a general contracting and building business in Forest Hills in association with Joseph F. Rosso, under the firm title of France and Rosso. The concern employs on an average of twenty-five men and does a general contracting business, also building homes for investment and speculation. Mr. France is a director in the Forest Hills Building and Loan Association. He is also a partner in the Forest Hills Motor Company, distributors of Chrysler automobiles. Interested in civic matters, he is now serving his third term as burgess of Forest Hills and was township commissioner from 1916 to 1918, before it became a borough of Pittsburgh. He is a member of Orient Lodge, No. 590, Free and Accepted Masons; the Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Masons, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Mr. France is also president of the Masonic club, known here as the Formas Club. His church affiliation is with the Presbyterian.

John France married, in July, 1912, Tillie Bremm, of Turtle Creek, Pennsylvania, daughter of Peter and Dorothy Bremm. Their children are: 1. Gladys Pearl, born September, 1918. 2. John Irving, born July 4, 1920. 3. William, born March 27, 1923.

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**JOHN MAIRS THORNE, M. D., F. A. C. P.**—A practitioner at Pittsburgh for more than thirty years, Dr. John Mairs Thorne was born at Hastings, Minnesota, on January 11, 1865. His father, Colonel John Loveband Thorne, was of English birth, son of John and Anne Thorne, and member of the famous old English family of this name whose origins are traced to the remote period of William the Conqueror.

John Thorne, Dr. Thorne's grandfather, lived at Winkleigh, Devonshire, England, where was born

his eldest son, John Loveband Thorne. The family later removed to Barnstable, Devonshire. In 1833, when he was only twenty, having been born on May 18, 1814, Colonel Thorne came to America to seek the advantages of a newer world. He became a leading merchant at Batavia, New York. He held a commission in the New York State Guard for a number of years, from which he derived his title. John Loveband Thorne married, in 1863, Josephine Chapman, of Matawan, New Jersey, who was born in New London, Connecticut. They were the parents of three children: 1. John Mairs, of this record. 2. Edward C. 3. Annie.

John Mairs Thorne passed his early years in Minnesota. He attended public and private schools in Hastings, and then began work in an uncle's drug store where he remained until he reached the age of eighteen. Having determined upon a medical career, he then entered Jefferson Medical College, at Philadelphia, from which he was graduated in 1886 with the Doctor of Medicine degree. For the year following he was an interne in the West Penn Hospital in Pittsburgh, and in 1887 began the general practice of his profession at McKeesport. During the ten-year period from 1887 to 1897 he was also surgeon for the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, the W. Dewees Wood Iron Mills, and the McKeesport Hospital.

In 1897 Dr. Thorne went to the Pacific Coast to take up general practice at Los Angeles, but two years later he returned to Pittsburgh, where his professional activities have since centered. From 1904 until 1913 he was a member of the surgical staff at South Side Hospital, but in the latter year he gave up this connection to take post-graduate work at the New York Polyclinic Hospital and the Harvard Medical School. Since 1913 Dr. Thorne has limited his practice to internal medicine and in this field has met with distinguished success.

Dr. Thorne is licensed to practice in Pennsylvania, California, and Minnesota. He has been honored by the members of his profession in his election as a Fellow of the American College of Physicians and of the American Medical Association. Dr. Thorne is also a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society and served as its president in 1917. He is a member of the Pennsylvania Medical Association, the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, of which he was vice-president in 1907, and the American Therapeutic Society. During the period of the World War he served as secretary of the Auxiliary Medical Committee for National Defense in Allegheny County. Since 1914 he has been a member of the medical staff of the Presbyterian Hospital in Pittsburgh, and more recently consulting physician to Dixmont Hospital. He is a member of the University Club and the Pittsburgh Field Club, and in politics is a Republican voter.

Dr. Thorne has been twice married; he married (first) on October 24, 1893, Marie Frederica Hartje, who died in 1899. They became the parents of two children: 1. John Mueller, born in October, 1894, graduated from the University of Pittsburgh, and is now a mechanical engineer in this city; he married Louise Reinecke, and they have three children: Carrol O. Thorne, John Reinecke Thorne, and Phoebe Ann Thorne. 2. Marie Henrietta, who married Frederic L. Bishop, Doctor of Philosophy, Professor of Physics at the University of Pittsburgh; they have a daughter, Ann Thorne Bishop, one year old. Dr. Thorne, married (second) on December 2, 1901, Mrs. Caroline (Hartje) Reineman. They reside at No. 4363 Schenley Farms Terrace.

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**J. RAY DONAHUE**—In practical experiment in several business lines, following his completion of school work, J. Ray Donahue, of Pittsburgh, has illustrated to the public with whom he has come in contact that insurance is the field best suited to his abilities, its allied branches having been made a careful study, with accompanying intimate knowledge of their details. Mr. Donahue is one of the younger element of local business men, yet he has done a great deal of progressive work in his field and added to the general advancement of commercial activity. Good citizens invariably display an interest in the civic operations of the government under which they live and in this respect he takes a prominent position, although he is not of a disposition to aspire to public office personally. It is the prosperity of the people as a whole that most interests men of his character and to effect improvement in any condition under which they live is their earnest desire. This is one of the outstanding traits of Mr. Donahue and one that has drawn to his business a large and profitable clientele and also a large number of loyal friends, whom he retains by his impeccable honesty of purpose and sincerity of achievement and close attention to his duty and their best interests. He thus brings about a coöperation that promotes the contentment of all.

Born in Pittsburgh, November 15, 1896, he is a son of Joseph A. and Mary T. (Barnhart) Donahue, both natives of this city, his mother deceased. His father has been engaged for years as a contractor and builder here. Educated in the parochial schools and at the Holy Rosary High School, his first business venture was in association with the Bunson Coal Company of Danville, Illinois, which he left to engage with J. K. Davison and Brothers, of this city, sand and gravel dealers. He remained with this house until 1917, then went with the Painter-Dunn Company as salesman of Pierce Arrow motor cars. His real life work began in 1918, when he became associated with the insurance firm of Johnson and Harder, general agents for the Massachusetts Bonding and Insurance Company, remaining for one year and then obtaining the general agency of the Georgia Casualty Company, the business of which he conducted here until 1924, when the agency was consolidated with that of F. E. McGillick and con-

tinued as such. In 1925 Mr. Donahue withdrew from this association to assume charge of the real estate department of F. G. Conley and Company, where he continued until 1927, in which year he became vice-president in charge of production of the Republic Casualty Company of Pittsburgh. May 1, 1928, this concern was reorganized and the name changed to the Pennsylvania Surety Company, with Mr. Donahue vice-president and manager of agencies and production. The offices are in the Wabash Building. Mr. Donahue is a Republican in politics and a Roman Catholic in religion, being a member of the parish of St. Paul's Cathedral. His favorite recreations are golf and a good baseball game. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce; Pittsburgh Surety Association; Insurance Federation of Pennsylvania; Insurance Club of Pittsburgh, and the Union Club.

J. Ray Donahue married, in 1918, Marie Janet Curley, of Pittsburgh. Their children are: 1. J. Ray, Jr. 2. Walter Richard. 3. Dorothy Marie. 4. Mary Elizabeth. 5. Marie Janet. 6. Margery Ann. 7. Elsie Ward.

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**JOHN F. COLLINS**—Beginning his career, after a careful and extensive training in the public schools, at a college and at one of the leading business colleges, in the capacity of head bookkeeper of a large industrial concern, Mr. Collins proved himself so able that within a comparatively short time he was made treasurer of this company. Ever since then, some twenty years ago, he has devoted himself to work in the field of accountancy and business administration and during this period he has been connected at different times with various large and important enterprises. Since 1919 he has been affiliated with several well-known insurance companies, specializing in indemnity, casualty and similar forms of insurance, serving with each of these in important executive positions. Today he is treasurer of the Pennsylvania Surety Corporation of Pittsburgh, one of the largest and most successful enterprises of its type. In this position he finds full scope for his marked talents as a financial administrator, talents which are fully appreciated by his business associates, who, as directors of the company, include many of Pittsburgh's most prominent and influential capitalists and industrial leaders.

John F. Collins was born at Salmon Falls, New Hampshire, October 21, 1887, a son of James E. and Mary (Gilchrist) Collins. His father, now retired, was for many years successfully engaged in the insurance business at Dover, New Hampshire, and was also prominently active in politics as a supporter of the Republican party. Mr. Collins received his early education in the public schools of Dover, New Hampshire, and, after graduating from high school in 1903, attended Dartmouth College, Hanover, New Hampshire, for two years and then the School of Finance and Business Administration of the Bryant & Stratton College, Boston, Massachusetts, from which latter he graduated in 1906. Immediately afterwards he became head bookkeeper for the Fessenden Cooperage Company, Townsend, Massachusetts, later being promoted treasurer of this company, with offices in New York City. In 1911 he severed his connection with this company and became general auditor of the George Focht Sons Steel Company, Hoboken, New Jersey. Five years later he joined the staff of the Audit Company of New York as a senior accountant. The entrance of the United States into the World War resulted in his leaving this company in the following year and during 1917-19 Mr. Collins served with the Finance Division of the United States War Department as an auditor-at-large. In 1919 he withdrew from government service and joined the Royal Indemnity Company, New York City, as assistant comptroller. Three years later, in 1922, he became chief accountant for the Lumber Mutual Casualty Insurance Company, New York City. Having associated himself, in 1924, with the Republic Casualty Company, Pittsburgh, as comptroller, he was elected treasurer of this company in February, 1927, and served in that capacity until May 1, 1928, when he became treasurer of the Pennsylvania Surety Corporation, which at that time took over the business of the Republic Casualty Company. In this important position he has continued since then. He is a member of the Casualty Actuarial Society of New York, the Insurance Club of Pittsburgh, the United States Chamber of Commerce, the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, the Masonic Club of Jersey City, New Jersey, and Hiram Lodge, No. 17, of Jersey City, New Jersey, Free and Accepted Masons. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, though he takes no active part in political affairs beyond exercising his privilege and duty of voting. His religious affiliations are with the East End Christian Church of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Collins married at Jersey City, New Jersey, in 1908, Anna C. Neidert, a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. John Neidert of Jersey City, New Jersey. Mr. and Mrs. Collins are the parents of two children: 1. Gilbert Collins, born at Jersey City, New Jersey, in 1910. 2. John F. Collins, Jr., born at Jersey City, New Jersey, in 1914. The family residence is located at No. 561 South Negley Avenue, Pittsburgh, while Mr. Collins' offices are in the headquarters of the Pennsylvania Surety Corporation on the third floor of the Wabash Building, Pittsburgh.

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**CASS W. JONES**—A native and lifelong resident of Pittsburgh, Mr. Cass W. Jones has been connected with the one company, now known as the Rosedale Foundry & Machine Company, for about fifty-five years. He has been one of its executive officers for many years, serving first as vice-president and, during the last two decades, as vice-president and secretary. The headquarters of his company, including Mr. Jones' offices, are

located at No. 1725 Preble Avenue, Pittsburgh. Mr. Jones' residence is at No. 939 Kirkbride Street, North Side.

The Rosedale Foundry & Machine Company was established in 1868 by L. Peterson, Jr., and William H. Irwin, father of the present president. At that time it was operated as a stove foundry under the style of L. Peterson, Jr. & Company, its chief product being then the founding, casting and construction of the so-called Pittsburgh Furnace, a widely used and known hot-air, rolling-mill and machine-castings furnace. In 1872 the stove business was discontinued and the manufacture of general iron castings substituted. In 1874 the name was changed to the Rosedale Foundry Company and, in 1878, through the withdrawal of Mr. Peterson and the purchase of his interests by Mr. Irwin, the entire control of the business came into the hands of the latter. In 1901 the company was consolidated with the Specialty Manufacturing Company, of Pittsburgh, and purchased the Playford Stoker Company of Cleveland, the name being changed at that time to its present style, Rosedale Foundry & Machine Company. Since 1891, when Mr. William H. Irwin died, Mr. H. T. Irwin has been president and treasurer. Mr. William H. Irwin was a native of Allegheny City and a veteran of the Civil War, during which he served as an officer in the Union Army. During the early days of its existence the company maintained a plant in the lower part of Allegheny City, on the bank of the Ohio River and on the line of the old Pittsburgh & Cleveland Railroad, embracing about two and one half acres, with buildings covering nearly half that area. Even then it was thoroughly supplied with all the best and most modern machinery and improved appliances, and its products were known for their high quality and the excellence of their workmanship. Of the work done by the company in its early days were large and small railroad and rolling-mill castings, steel molds, hammer dies, and special work in these several directions. The Pittsburgh Furnace, already mentioned, enjoyed great vogue and was extensively used, being free from dust and smoke, simple and economic in structure, with arrangements for combustion that permitted the employment of any fuel, from wood or hard coal to bituminous dust or coke. In its early days the annual business of the company averaged about $100,000, and some seventy skilled workmen were employed. Today the annual business of the company is very much greater and more than twice as many men or about one hundred and sixty, are on the company's payroll. The company now manufactures heavy mill and steel works machinery and automatic stokers for boiler plants. In 1911 and 1912 it manufactured the one hundred and twenty large valves required for the locks of the Panama Canal, each valve weighing about 27,000 pounds.

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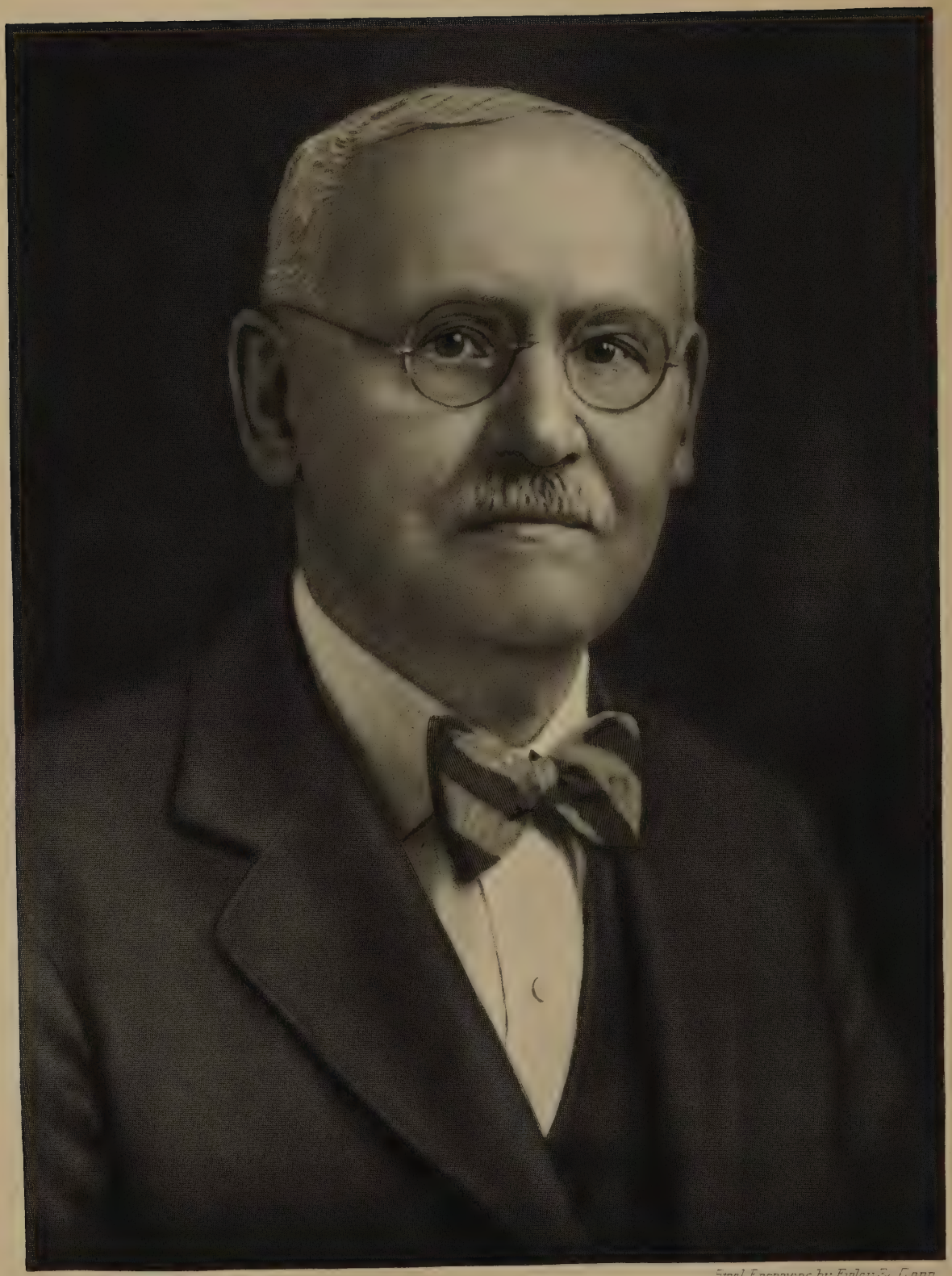
**CHRISTIAN SIEBERT**—The Siebert family of Pittsburgh has had much to do with the building up of the city, and the first of the name, preceding the American generation, was William Siebert, of the neighborhood of Hesse Kassel City, Germany. He resided in "Siebertshausen, Kreis Rodenburgh," and there reared his family. It was his son, John Siebert, who became the founder of the Siebert line in the United States.

Born at the family place mentioned, John Siebert set sail for America June 4, 1836, landing at Baltimore, Maryland, September 3 of that year. From there, with his sons, Christian and William, 2d, he came to Pittsburgh, traveling in wagons, by portable railroad, and canal. They reached Pittsburgh, where the family has since been of note, October 3, 1836, and on October 7 began work on the Espy Farm. Fortune favored them in the next three years; the father and his sons became farmers in Baldwin Township, Allegheny County. John Siebert spent the balance of his years at farming in the vicinity of Pittsburgh. Twice married, he married (second) the cousin of his first wife. She was Annie Kunigunde Krapp, daughter of George Krapp, born at Berbera, Germany. Of the first union was born a son, Barthel. Of the second, as mentioned: William, Susan, Paul, Elizabeth, Barbara, Barnard, Sarah, and John, 2d, and Christian. John Siebert, the progenitor, died in Pittsburgh, in 1852, and his wife died two years later.

Christian Siebert was born at the family place in Germany, in August of 1820, and therefore was sixteen when he came with his father to Pittsburgh. He had a good education abroad and completed it through private study here, entering business as a very young man, first as farmer, as mentioned, and secondly as dairy owner and operator. This business he plied in Shaler Township, Allegheny County, and the farm that he owned is still in possession of the family. Later he went into the shoe manufacturing trade, employing forty workmen. Still later he engaged in the leather trade, on Penn Avenue, near Eleventh Street, under the firm name of Siebert and Berg. These partners were in business together until 1885, when Mr. Siebert retired. Concurrently with these businesses he had engaged in the feed trade, in the firm of Siebert and Keil; and from this he had withdrawn in 1880. From that time onward, with increasing prestige, he engaged as an operator in real estate, accumulating a very considerable fortune for that period. Christian Siebert was a founder of the German National Bank of Pittsburgh, and he served as member of its board from foundation until he died, always being one of the valued voices in sessions of the board. He was active in bringing about erection of the Ewalt Bridge, known better as the Forty-third Street Bridge, to Millvale Borough, across the Allegheny. This was built in 1868, with Mr. Siebert as treasurer of the building and operating company, and treasurer of the operating company until the last of life. He was an incorporator of the Germania Savings Bank, and a director thereof



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Steel Engraving by Finley & Conn

*Peter William Siebert*

until death also; a founder of the Allemannia Fire Insurance Company, the German Fire Insurance Company, and many other ventures which contributed to the economic, civic and social betterment of conditions in the community as a whole.

A Republican from the time when that party was organized, Christian Siebert played an important rôle in local affairs. For a number of years he represented the Eighteenth Ward of Pittsburgh as member of the City Council, and his ideas were looked upon with the favor of acknowledged leadership by fellow-members of that body. His interest in all forms of philanthropic enterprise was keen and helpful, and his private charities were numerous. He was a member and for a time the treasurer of the United German Evangelical Church, at Smithfield Street and Sixth Avenue, and later was a member of the Grace Reformed Church. In 1868, St. Paul's Reformed Church was established. Mr. Siebert served it as an elder thence onward, and was a prime mover in all its affairs, having been outstanding in the plans for the church's erection. For a number of years Mr. Siebert was treasurer of St. Paul's Orphan Home, of Butler. This home subsequently was removed to Greenville, Pennsylvania, and he had been active in establishing the first home organization. Indeed, the facets of his life and works were finely cut, shining forth brightly, like polished examples to his fellowmen, and his passing was regarded not only as a personal bereavement to the hundreds who knew him as their friend and benefactor, but as a loss to the city and the county at large, such had been the magnitude.

Meanwhile his brothers, aforementioned, had taken and still were taking, useful places in development of the city and county themselves, rounding out the value of his generation's service —the second generation of the Sieberts in Pennsylvania. Barthel Siebert, the half-brother, engaged long in the milk business. William was an expert shoemaker and had a store on Diamond Street, Pittsburgh, later removing to Millvale, where he rounded out his life. His home there now is occupied by the Franciscan Sisters. George Siebert was a manufacturer of wagons and carriages and other vehicles. William Siebert and his brother Paul were grocers, at the Little Market, and the former was a political leader; the store was a political headquarters, and William was the first grocer, it is thought, in all of the city who declined to sell whiskey—all grocers had been in the habit of selling it. He quit the business then and entered the livery trade. Paul Siebert, retiring from the grocery firm, built the second four-story brick building on Penn Avenue. He was a valued citizen, and, like William, served on the City Council, from the Tenth Ward. John Siebert, the youngest of the brothers, served in the War Between the States, with the 2d West Virginia Regiment. When he returned he entered the grocery business, which he operated many years. Few families have contributed as much to Pittsburgh as has that of the surname Siebert; and this generation of brothers, led by Christian Siebert, certainly is entitled to an honored place in the memory of the people surviving them.

Christian Siebert, quite aside from his business, political, religious and philanthropic pursuits, was a man of unusual culture and cultivation in knowledge. He was noted for the ability which he owned as mathematician; he wrote German as readily as he did English, and never lost touch with the highest of ideals, these having been inculcated as a part of his early philosophy, and borne by him down to the time of his death. He spent much time in the companionship of his home, and here was at his best, as a husband and father.

He married Margaret Madeline Graessel, native of Alsace. After her mother's death in that province she had been brought to this country and reared by an aunt. To Christian and Mrs. Siebert were born children: 1. Peter William (see following sketch). 2. Robert, who died young. 3. Charles Theodore, who died March 7, 1905. 4. Clara Wilhelmina, who married William Steinmeyer of Pittsburgh (q. v.). 5. Mathilda M., deceased; was the wife of J. B. Carson. 6. John C., deceased. 7. Elmer E. 8. Sarah, who died young.

Christian Siebert's death occurred in Pittsburgh, June 10, 1893, and one biographer has since written of him: "His was a life of quiet force, high-minded effort, and large benevolence, a life that left the world better than he found it." As a pioneer, business leader, citizen and philanthropist; as a friend of his fellowmen, a patron of education and the arts—in every field of his multifarious existence, his life was replete of good, and his record will endure always for the guidance and inspiration of his descendants.

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**PETER WILLIAM SIEBERT**—Advanced in years but always youthful in spirit, Peter William Siebert had rounded out more than eighty years, and continued actively engaged in business, a well-known, respected and beloved figure in financial, civic, and fraternal circles of Pittsburgh, until his death, which occurred December 12, 1931. He belonged to a family long connected with the development of Pittsburgh and this part of the State, his father, several of his paternal uncles, and his grandfather having come here in 1836. From that time down to the present time of writing (1932) the Sieberts, of three generations—the fourth and fifth now taking their places in the work of the world—have contributed of their best to community affairs; have been leaders in business and finance; have made a great name in charity and philanthropic endeavors of all kinds; have supported educational improvements for the young, and have, in short, been patrons of the worthiest development possible to a city in its evolution toward higher and ever more elevated conditions. The surname, indeed, is one of those

most honored in all the chronicles of the city and Allegheny County.

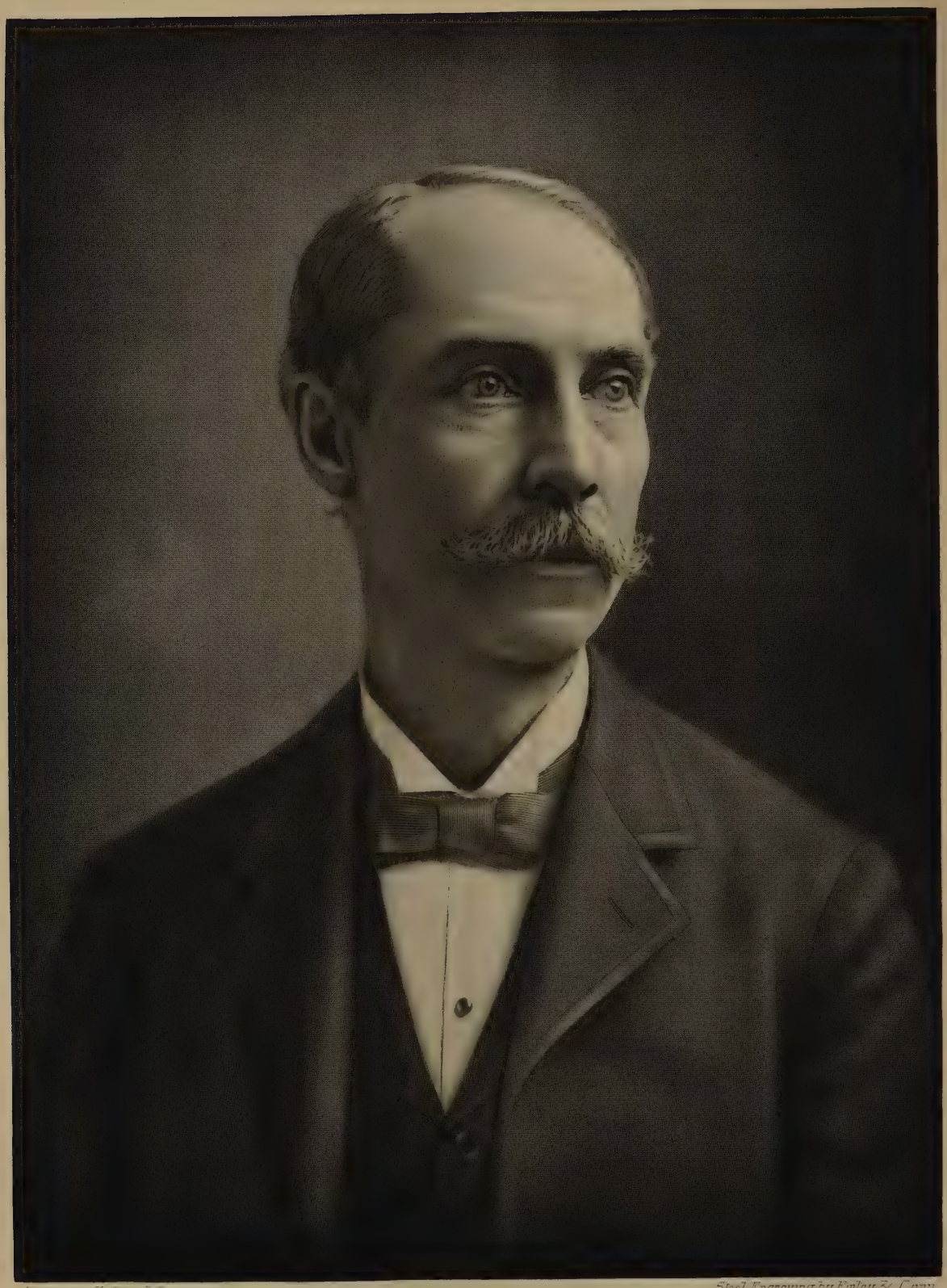
Eldest child of the late distinguished Christian Siebert and Margaret Madeline (Graessel) Siebert, Peter William Siebert was born on the homestead farm in Shaler Township, Allegheny County, January 25, 1849. He received a sound academic training in the schools of the period in the old Ninth Ward (now the Second) in Pittsburgh; studied at the University of Western Pennsylvania (now the University of Pittsburgh); and completed his formal schooling as a student at Witherspoon Institute, at Butler, Pennsylvania. We may say here that this educational program was beyond the average for that period, and Mr. Siebert in the years that followed remained constantly a student—of political, economic and social questions; of literature from the classics down; and of his fellowmen, whom he understood with that sympathy and affection possible only to one of true philosophy who has striven to help those around him to better positions and happier lives.

He was twelve when war broke out between the North and South. Intensely patriotic, with the physique to make of himself a soldier even then, he was on fire to volunteer; but his father opposed this wish on the very good ground that he was too young. But Mr. Siebert would not be halted in his quest of soldiering; he ran away from home, in company with other boys from Pittsburgh, and enlisted. His father, however, caused him to be sent home. Twice more he ran away and volunteered; was accepted, and twice more returned. On the last occasion his father followed him to Wheeling, West Virginia, where he employed a writ of habeas corpus to have him delivered up by the military forces. However, he had served for fourteen months, with Gordon's Battery there, and considered he had done his duty. His father then relented, seeing his son was so filled with patriotism that he would brook nothing to join the troops, and so sent him to West Chester. There he had two years in military school, becoming a captain, and later was identified with the Duquesne Greys of Pittsburgh. He was a member of the Greys in active standing for five years; became a captain of this company, and at the time of his death was the oldest living veteran thereof.

Meanwhile Christian Siebert had attained something of the magnitude of affairs that was to make his name loom large in the history of Pittsburgh; and at conclusion of his war service, Peter William Siebert went to work with him in the leather business. Later he had experience as a bookkeeper in the Third National Bank, and after two and a half years there became cashier for the Transverse Street Railway Enterprise Company. His father was treasurer of the company, and when the elder died, the son succeeded to that office. In 1867 his father had contrived to obtain possession of the charter for the Ewalt or Forty-third Street Bridge. A company was formed; stock was sold; the bridge was built. This took two years and was met with grave difficulties, Peter William Siebert assisting his father in the venture valuably. The stock was sold on the installment-purchase plan. Financiers held it to be a poor stock, but the people, having confidence in the Sieberts, bought it and held it. Good dividends were paid the second year, and the bonded debt cleaned up. The Washington Crossing Bridge has since taken the place of the other. It was an experience which gave to Peter William Siebert a knowledge of business valuable to him and to his associates in later years; it showed the benefit to be derived from practical vision carried through to realization, and much that he had accomplished in his subsequent career is traceable to those early experiences, the bridge work, the work in the leather factory, with the street car firm, and other concerns. In the years that followed the extent of his business operations ramified, so that ultimately his holdings were large, and his estate measured as very considerable, the result of his own efforts and the proper tending of assets left him by his father. With the elder Mr. Siebert he took part in various ventures, many of these being of philanthropic direction; and they were together in their political principles as supporters of the Republican party and workers for the civic weal in Pittsburgh.

In 1874 Mr. Siebert was elected councilman from the Eighteenth Ward. After his removal to the Seventeenth Ward he was elected from that one too, and he continued as member of that body until 1887. In 1886 he was elected chief clerk of the County Commission, which post he held for fifteen years, and from 1901 to 1916 had charge of the registry office for Allegheny County. Hence Mr. Siebert was known very well as a former public figure, the whole term of his service, as councilman, county commissioners' clerk and registry clerk, having covered some forty years. He gave of his best to these positions, and especially was he of merit and worth to the city and county as chief of the registry office, a responsibility which he fulfilled with rare judgment and care. Many persons having so extended a schedule of business responsibilities would not have spared the time for public work of this exacting kind, but Mr. Siebert's public spirit was similar to his patriotic spirit manifested at an earlier period in his life—he was determined to give his best for the advantage of the people, and that best was his to give. Pittsburgh and the county are the gainers for his faithful duties.

He was active in numerous fraternal orders, among them the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Royal Arcanum, and the Heptasophs. For many years he was Supreme Ruler of the Society of Good Fellows, a social and benevolent organization. He belonged to the Young Men's Republican Club, which had as its principal interest the Federal tariffs, and was a founder and the treasurer of the Colonial Republican Club; an



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Steel Engraving by Finlay & Conn

W. Greenmeyer

incorporator of St. Paul's Reformed Church (for some time member of the church board and chairman thereof), and in his later years was the only one of the original group of incorporators living; was a founder of St. Paul's Orphans' Home of the Reformed Church at Butler, now re-located at Greenville, Pennsylvania; and for nine years served as a director of the Orphans' Home at Fort Wayne, Indiana. Of a quiet and unassuming temperament, Mr. Siebert gave his services and his gifts of money to philanthropic causes without ostentation, as display of any sort was distasteful to him, and the high regard in which he was held in his various circles of endeavor attests to the soundness of his popularity. Genial, a pleasing companion, an interesting talker—especially on topics of the history of Pittsburgh and the county, in which field he was considered something of an authority—he was the center of many gatherings and a welcome addition to every society of his choice. Mr. Siebert was the author of a brochure entitled, "Old Bayardstown," which comprises what is now the Second Ward. This was read at a meeting of the Pennsylvania Historical Society on January 27, 1925, and has been in demand for the perusal of several organizations. It is considered to be not only a rare but also an authentic history of the ward. This is an interest that had grown upon Mr. Siebert with advancing claim.

Mr. Siebert married, in Pittsburgh, October 8, 1874, Sarah O'Brien, a daughter of Charles and Catharine (Bracken) O'Brien, pioneers of Burlington, Iowa, where they took residence in the days of the covered wagons. Indians then were numerous on the plains where corn and wheat now grow and where paved highways thread the low-lying hills with their white testimonials to a commonwealth's progress. Mr. O'Brien was a business man, owned grain elevators, and had made such a reputation in the growing and handling of corn that he is remembered still in Iowa as the "King of Corn" by many. He was many years in the grain trade, becoming one of the outstanding men of Burlington and Iowa, prominent in the Chicago Grain Exchange, and known from coast to coast in the society of grain dealers. The old O'Brien homestead still stands and is in possession of the family.

To Mr. and Mrs. Siebert children were born: 1. William C., since deceased; he married Anna Klepner. 2. John Franklin, deceased. 3. Paul T., married Mary Shamberg, and they have a daughter, Sara Jane. 4. George Edward. 5. Sara M. Siebert, at home.

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**WILLIAM STEINMEYER**—A man of distinguished background in the history of the city of Pittsburgh, himself a distinguished gentleman, a dominant figure in spheres of finance, and a devout, exemplary Christian whose efforts for the good of his fellowmen were extended through a lifetime of service and understanding, William Steinmeyer, who lived to the age of eighty-two, deserves a place of prominence in the annals of men of the past. It was truly said of William Steinmeyer: "He was a friend of mankind." Throughout his more than sixty years given to business enterprise, he used his material means to achieve the spiritual end, always shaping the destinies of his private fortunes for the welfare of those who lived around him. To William Steinmeyer, money was not the supreme goal for striving; it was only a means with which to attain the true end of his desires, giving its strength in support of public-spirited projects designed for the benefit of the people of Pittsburgh and beyond the confines of the city. He is remembered, in that sense of his great service, as a public benefactor.

Native of Pittsburgh, born August 10, 1848, he was a son of August and Anna Marie Elizabeth (Niehaus) Steinmeyer. He was born on the property on which the Oliver Building now stands, this property consisting of ten lots, was owned by his father, August Steinmeyer, and in later years sold to William Steinmeyer by the Olivers.

August Steinmeyer, one of the early figures of the city area, was a pioneer in merchandising and financial fields. From comparatively small beginnings he built up a considerable position in the business and society and church circles of Pittsburgh; he was recognized universally as a man of sterling character, and though quiet, his reputation as a goodly man and Christian was known everywhere that he had his extended dealings. With the passage of decades, while Pittsburgh grew—and he helped bring growth to Pittsburgh by means of his varied activities in economic fields—August Steinmeyer came to control more and more of the city's respect and its business agencies. A pioneer merchant and financier, he will best be recalled for his pioneership in the insurance development which became the Allemannia Fire Insurance Company of contemporary times. This strong institution knew the directing headship of two generations of the family; for August Steinmeyer, one of its moving spirits at foundation, continued active on its board of directors until 1878 and the close of his very active, progressive and useful life in finance. His investments were ramified, interlacing a broad strip of the financial web of Pittsburgh. Member of the Lutheran denomination, he was a leader in its movements; and here again the succeeding generation, in the person and the works of his son, concerning whom we write in the tribute of retrospect, followed in his notable and Godly example of mercy and charity.

Before proceeding it is appropriate to note that the Steinmeyers come from the hardy Saxon race which has made Pennsylvania the Commonwealth of prestige and high standing occupied by it today. Long represented in America, each of the line's generations have given us sturdy, mentally gifted and spiritually endowed men and women capable of and actually attaining to leadership of their

times and localities. Pittsburgh has been fortunate in the concentration and residence of the family, which goes down in the city's annals as one of those most praiseworthy for its constructive and long-maintained conscientious efforts for civic, social and economic traditions of the best, laying the foundation stones of the present, and of the future.

William Steinmeyer had from his father the rugged sternness which, in this family, has always indicated the soundest character; and this was softened by the heritage from his mother's side, the Niehaus family being known for cultural though less practical success in the world of human affairs. This stern quality did much to conceal a natural tenderness, which those who knew him valued, treasuring it as a priceless and personal attribute shared with them. He had a sense of humor matching the quality of his bearing and presence as a gentleman at all times and under every circumstance, and was a student of literature, economics, and the Bible. In short, William Steinmeyer, from his youth to middle years and to the years of his veneration, bore himself always as fitted his station and purpose in life; he made himself worthy of life's rewards before he claimed them, and men were proud indeed to call him a friend, and to share in the pursuits that filled his career with activity remunerative to himself and others. He attended the old Third Ward School of Pittsburgh, had the experiences common to the sons of gentlemen in that period before the Civil War, and wished to go into the Union Army, but was restrained by his parents, who pointed to his immature years—he was twelve when the war broke out, but such was his sense of patriotism, and adventure, that he really desired to enter the service, and might have done so in the last year of the conflict had not his father put down the hand of stern refusal. Without consent, of course, he could not go. Meanwhile he studied, preparing himself for college, and entered in due course the Iron City College, which then enjoyed a place of elevation in academics. It had been decided, agreed upon between his father and himself, that he would enter business with the elder when he had finished his formal education. While still in school he became associated with August Steinmeyer in the latter's leather goods store in Smithfield Street. That was in 1861, and he worked at the store during vacations while at college. College completed, he gave his full time to the leather goods store, and worked with his father in many ventures. Before the age of his majority he had thus acquired not only a sound (and at the time an unusually extended) academic training, but had also prepared himself by experience to enter man's estate with an uncommon knowledge of business from a practical and theoretical point of view. In 1867, when in his nineteenth year, he became a messenger for the Third National Bank. This brought him into contact with finance; he liked the work, was given larger responsibility; and in 1871 he became cashier—very young, but fully qualified, for such an important position. From 1871 until his passing, through a period of three-score years, he maintained an increasing place in the economic circles of Pittsburgh.

For twenty-eight years the principal business works of William Steinmeyer were centered in this position as cashier of the Third National. In that time his outside interests had increased, and he was a holder in diverse and sundry organizations, among them the Allemannia concern in the fire insurance field. He resigned from the bank in 1899, and, having been a director with the Allemannia company since 1878, when he succeeded his father there, was elected president of the Allemannia Fire Insurance Company, assuming office at his withdrawal from the bank's staff of executives.

His cashiership had been of inestimable value to the bank; fellow-members of the staff listened to his views as to those of a seasoned financial figure—which in fact he was—and the directors frequently acted in accordance with his judgment. From 1899 onward, the insurance firm was the recipient of this financial wisdom, and Mr. Steinmeyer's direction of the company brought to this long-established and solid firm a growth both steady and considerable. He, with his associates, made the Allemannia one of the great fire insurance agencies in this part of the Nation, and he continued in charge as president up to the time of his demise. Though his years prevented a too hearty participation in active affairs, William Steinmeyer was visiting his offices as president of the Allemannia until the last; and those who worked under him were inspired to heightened efforts, for the company and the policyholders, simply in witnessing the vision and the maintained purpose and character of their venerable superior. His was an example of character not to be challenged from any quarter; strict with his personal activities, he expected no less from his associates and subordinates; and it is fitting to say here that they usually lived up to his trust and confidence. He found men good, worthy; and they, appreciative of this trust reposed in them so sincerely, seldom disappointed through overt act of their own.

The First English Lutheran Church, of Grant Street, was the recipient of William Steinmeyer's religious adherence, his gifts of charity, to be expended through the authorized philanthropic orders of the church, being large, depended on for the support of worth while works. His outside gifts, to be sure, were even more extensive, yet such was his quietness in matters of the kind that oftentimes his intimates were unaware of his benefactions. He did much for the church, as his father had done before him, and was one of those most relied on for decision in its financial plans as well as in its projects of good. He was one of the oldest members of Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce and at his death was the last surviving charter member.

William Steinmeyer married, on October 4,

1877, Clara W. Siebert, daughter of Christian Siebert, notable figure of the preceding generation in Pittsburgh's history (q. v.); and of this union children were born as follows: 1. Madelene, now Mrs. J. Fletcher Hunter. 2. Miriam E., now Mrs. Dickson K. Coyle. 3. William A. Steinmeyer. 4. Charles S. Steinmeyer. Mrs. Steinmeyer also survives her beloved husband, and formerly was very active with him in movements of philanthropic end. At present she continues several of their former charities. Eight grandchildren survive William Steinmeyer, and he left one brother, Henry F. Steinmeyer. The family residence, where William Steinmeyer's death occurred, is at No. 4736 Wallingford Street. Last rites were held from the home of his daughter, Mrs. J. Fletcher Hunter, No. 4732 Wallingford Street, and interment was in Allegheny Cemetery.

Rich in philosophy, friendship and years, as well as in service to those about him, William Steinmeyer's life was closed in a deserved and serene tranquillity, surrounded by those whom he loved, and in the midst of the scenes of his constructive and unselfish lifetime. He will be remembered to the close of the city's history, as a native son, a first citizen, and a leading spirit, whose presence improved his environment, and who was the benefactor of oncoming generations.

The following resolutions were adopted by the board of directors of The Allemannia Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh at the time of Mr. Steinmeyer's death:

At a special meeting of the board of directors of The Allemannia Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, held March 25, 1931, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, Our venerable and beloved President, William Steinmeyer, died on the 14th day of March, 1931, at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in his eighty-third year; and

WHEREAS, Mr. Steinmeyer first became identified with The Allemannia Fire Insurance Company on January 14, 1878, as a director, became treasurer on the 9th day of March, 1887, and was elected president on the 13th day of January, 1897, and has been president ever since; and

WHEREAS, The growth and success of this company has been largely due to Mr. Steinmeyer and his activities since his first association with it; therefore, it is the desire of the board of directors to commemorate on the minute book of the company our sense of obligation to his memory, and the great loss to this company by his death. Now, therefore, be it, and it is hereby unanimously

*Resolved,* That it is the deep and heartfelt sense and feeling of this board of directors that in the death of William Steinmeyer this company has lost an invaluable counsellor and guide, a president whose ripe experience and wisdom have been of the greatest service to this company in the direction and management of its affairs, and that throughout the association of William Steinmeyer with this company he has been a living example by close and able attention to his duties, of fidelity to his company, and a shining and illustrious example to the board of directors, to his fellow officers, and to all the employees and agents of the company, and represented the finest tradition of American manhood, business integrity and honor. And be it further

*Resolved,* That a copy of this resolution, duly transcribed, be sent to Mr. Steinmeyer's family with our sincere sympathy and as a memorial of the deep love, appreciation and esteem in which he was held by this board of directors. Signed by the

COMMITTEE.

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**EDMUND WEBSTER MUDGE**—President of the Edmund W. Mudge and Company of Pittsburgh, and a director of many important industrial corporations in this city, Edmund Webster Mudge has been a leading figure in Pittsburgh life for many years. He was born on January 12, 1870, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, a son of Thomas H. and Mary Emma (Sheppard) Mudge, both deceased, who were lifetime residents of Philadelphia.

Educated in the public schools of his native city and at the Friends School in Southern New Jersey, Edmund Webster Mudge began his active business career in 1886. For twelve years thereafter, he was employed by a wholesale hardware concern of Philadelphia, the latter period of this employment being in Pittsburgh, where he had charge of the company's interests. In the meantime, however, in 1896, he had established himself as a coke, coal, pig-iron and steel broker in Pittsburgh, organizing the Edmund W. Mudge and Company, of which he has since served as president. Under his guidance this company grew rapidly, extending the range and scope of its interests and building up a large and profitable business. Today (1931) it is one of the most important enterprises of its kind in the Pittsburgh district.

In addition to this connection, Mr. Mudge's services have been sought by other large interests. He is a director of the Bell Telephone Company of Pennsylvania, the Weirton Steel Company, the National Steel Corporation, the Edgewater Steel Company, the Bessemer Securities Corporation, the Grant Building, Inc., of Pittsburgh, the L. P. Seeley Company, of which he is also treasurer; the Pittsburgh Aviation Industries Corporation, and the Union Fidelity Title Insurance Company. He is also president and a director of the Mudge Oil Company, treasurer and a director of the Mudge-Weir Securities Company, president and director of the Reliance Coke and Furnace Company, vice president and director of the Fidelity Trust Company, and president and director of the Westmoreland Connellsville Coal and Coke Company.

In other phases of Pittsburgh life, Mr. Mudge has also been active, taking a prominent part in civic and benevolent enterprises and in church work. He is a director of the Allegheny General Hospital, a trustee of the Family Welfare Association of Allegheny County, a member of the Pitts-

burgh Chamber of Commerce, and a member of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Redeemer. In addition he is a trustee of Trinity Cathedral, and a trustee of the Episcopal Diocese of Pittsburgh, to all of which his services have been of considerable value. His club memberships include: the Duquesne Club, the Pittsburgh Club, the University Club, the Fox Chapel Golf Club, the Oakmont Country Club, the Longue Vue Country Club, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, all of Pittsburgh; the Union League Club of Philadelphia, and the Union Club of Cleveland.

Edmund Webster Mudge married, in 1899, at Pittsburgh, Pauline Seeley, daughter of the late Leonard Seeley of this city. Mr. and Mrs. Mudge are the parents of two sons: Edmund Webster, Jr., and Leonard S., both of whom are associated with their father in business. The residence of the family is maintained at No. 1000 Morewood Avenue, Pittsburgh, while Mr. Mudge's offices are in the Grant building. His summer home is located on Chesapeake Bay.

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**HOWARD ZACHARIAS**—For more than three decades Pittsburgh has been the scene of Mr. Zacharias' successful professional activities as a lawyer. Engaged in a general civil practice, he is especially well known as an able practitioner of corporation law. He is the legal representative of a number of corporations and is also a director and active in the management of various concerns.

Howard Zacharias was born in Pittsburgh, March 19, 1877, a son of Ivor and Jane (Thomas) Zacharias, both natives of Wales, Great Britain, and now both deceased. Mr. Zacharias' father, prior to his death, was connected with the Pittsburgh Valve, Foundry & Machine Company for many years. Howard Zacharias received his early education in the grade schools of Pittsburgh and then attended the Central High School, from which he was graduated in 1893. He then took up the study of law and was admitted to the Allegheny County Bar in December, 1897. Immediately afterwards he established himself, independently, in the practice of law, conducting a general civil practice. For the past twenty-six years he has maintained his offices in the Frick building, Pittsburgh. His ability as a practitioner of corporation law has become well known and has brought him several calls to participate in the active management of a number of companies. He is president and a director of the North Side Amusement Company, secretary and a director of the National Oil & Gas Company, and a director of the Brighton Laundry Company, the Mine Safety Appliance Company, the Potter Title Mortgage Guarantee Company, the Potter Title & Trust Company, the Triangle Theatre Company, the Sommerville Company and the Thomas Spacing Machine Company, of which last two he is also vice-president. Of the Sommerville Company he is also the treasurer. Mr. Zacharias is a member of John Marshall Lodge, No. 736, Free and Accepted Masons, also the Duquesne Club and the Wildwood Country Club.

Mr. Zacharias was married in Pittsburgh, on March 18, 1902, to Elizabeth McKinley. Mr. and Mrs. Zacharias make their home at No. 5816 Wayne Road, Pittsburgh. They have three children: 1. Isabel, a graduate of Wilson College, Chambersburg, Pennsylvania; in 1930 teaching at the Sterrett School. 2. Jane, connected with the bond department of Moore, Leonard, Lynch & Company, well-known Pittsburgh investment banking house. 3. Betty, making her home with her parents.

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**H. EDMUND FRIESELL, D. D. S., Sc. D., LL. D., F. A. C. D.**—During the greater part of his career Dr. Friesell has devoted his brilliant gifts to teaching and to administrative work in connection with the School of Dentistry of the University of Pittsburgh. His position as a dental educator is one of great eminence and has gained him international recognition. Few men in this country or, indeed, anywhere else have done more to further the cause of dental education and to elevate the dental profession.

H. Edmund Friesell was born in Pittsburgh, November 10, 1873, a son of the late Jacob and Margaret (McClaren) Friesell. His father was for many years identified with the iron industry and was also well-known as a musician, having been at one time leader of the old "Great Western Band." Dr. Friesell received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Pittsburgh and then graduated from the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1895. Immediately afterwards he started in the active practice of his profession, in which he continued until 1915. During this early period of his career Dr. Friesell gave much of his time to teaching and in recent years he has devoted all of his time and attention to the cause of dental education. In 1903 he became an instructor in the School of Dentistry of the University of Pittsburgh and in the following year, 1904, he was elected dean of this school, in which capacity he still serves. During 1906-17 he also served as professor of operative dentistry and dental pathology at Western Reserve University, Cleveland, Ohio.

For twenty years Dr. Friesell has been a member of the Dental Educational Council of America, and he was a member of the commission which made a survey of the dental schools of the United States and Canada under the auspices of the Carnegie Foundation. He is also a member of the commission on survey of dental curriculum, which likewise carries on its work under the auspices of the Carnegie Foundation. Other bodies, devoted to furthering the cause of dental education, in which Dr. Friesell is active, include the International Association for Dental Research; the American Institute of Dental Teachers, of which

he is a past president; and the International Dental Congress, of which he was the first vice-president in 1926. He is a Fellow of the American College of Dentists, which he helped to organize in 1920 and of which he is also a past president. Indeed, all of the dental organizations in which he holds membership have honored him at one time or another by election to their presidency and he is a past president of the American Dental Association, the Pennsylvania State Dental Society, and the American Association of Dental Schools. He is also Past Supreme Grand Master of Psi Omega, national dental fraternity, and Advisory Research Fellow for the Mellon Institute of Pittsburgh.

During the World War he was a member of the Committee on Dental Education and Dental Schools and also served as local examiner in Pittsburgh for men seeking commissions as dental officers. He was commissioned as a colonel by the Governor of Kentucky.

His services to the cause of dental education and of dentistry have received recognition on the part of several institutions. Marquette University conferred upon him, in 1919, the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws and the University of Pittsburgh bestowed upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Science in 1930. The Rhode Island State Dental Society awarded him its medal of honor. He is the author of many papers on dental subjects and also on the history of dentistry. His clubs include the Faculty Club, the University Club and the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, and he is also a member of numerous Masonic bodies, including Duquesne Lodge, No. 546, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is a Past Master, and the various other Masonic organizations, up to and including the Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member of the following professional, academic and honorary fraternities: Psi Omega, Delta Tau Delta, Pi Gamma Mu, Omicron Kappa Upsilon, Omicron Delta Kappa and Scabbard and Blade.

Dr. Friesell married in Pittsburgh, in 1898, Esther Hutchison. Dr. and Mrs. Friesell, who make their home in the Schenley Apartments, Pittsburgh, have three children: 1. Dorothy. 2. Charles Edmund, who was graduated from Ohio State University, Columbus, with the degree of Electrical Engineer. 3. Elizabeth, a student at Ohio Wesleyan University, Delaware, Ohio. Dr. Friesell's offices are at the corner of Thackeray and O'Hara streets, Pittsburgh.

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**THE ALLEGHENY OBSERVATORY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH, Frank C. Jordan, Ph. D., Sc. D., director**—One of the oldest institutions of its kind west of the Alleghenies, and ranking high in scientific merit, the Allegheny Observatory of the University of Pittsburgh is at present under the direction of Frank C. Jordan, Doctor of Philosophy, who has accomplished fine things in the realm of astronomy, especially along the line of photographic photometry.

Founded in 1859, in the seventy-two years of its existence, the observatory has had a most distinguished list of directors. Even with its original rather meager equipment, the observatory was noted among scientists for the quality of its work, and now, with the finest apparatus, one piece of which, the Thaw Photographic Refractor, is without a duplicate, the contributions of the observatory to science are of outstanding importance.

Frank C. Jordan, who became director on October 15, 1930, when Dr. Curtis left to take charge of the Detroit Observatory, received his education at Marietta College, where he graduated in 1889 with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy. He received the degree of Master of Arts in 1892, and was then engaged in teaching mathematics and science till 1905, when he became a fellow in astronomy at the University of Chicago, doing his work at the Yerkes Observatory. Before his graduate work was finished he was called to the Allegheny Observatory as assistant, and did not receive his Doctor of Philosophy degree until 1914. Marietta College conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Science in 1929 in recognition of his work in astronomy. Dr. Jordan was married in 1893, and his wife died in 1907. In 1909 he married Mrs. D. T. Roy, who had two children: Jean Caywood, now the wife of a surgeon at the Guthrie Clinic in Sayre, Pennsylvania, and Andrew Tod, whose wife is the daughter of Mr. J. S. Crutchfield, of Sewickley, now a missionary working with the university students of China. A son, John William Jordan, is an honor student at Marietta College.

An organization known as the Allegheny Observatory Association was the founder of the Allegheny Observatory in 1859, and continued in charge of the observatory until 1867, when the property, by deed of gift, was transferred to the Western University of Pennsylvania, which later became the University of Pittsburgh. Until 1905 the observatory was located in Allegheny at what is still known as Observatory Hill, near the former site of the University of Western Pennsylvania. Funds to the amount of some three hundred thousand dollars were donated by the citizens of Pittsburgh, and a new building was finished in 1905, on a beautiful site in Riverview Park, the equipment being materially increased. The main elements of this equipment are as follows: 1. A thirteen-inch refractor, the objective by Alvin Clark. It was with this telescope, the principal instrument of the old observatory, that Professor Langley and Professor Keeler did the work which made the observatory so well known in scientific circles. 2. The Keeler Memorial telescope, a reflector of thirty inches aperture, which is used in connection with a spectrograph for the study of stellar radial velocities. About eight

thousand spectrograms have been secured with this instrument. 3. The Porter Spectrograph, a gift of the Hon. Henry Kirke Porter. This is used in connection with the Keeler reflector in studies of the solar spectrum. 4. The Thaw Photographic Refractor, the most important instrument in the observatory. This is entirely a Pittsburgh product, both the mounting and the lens, completed in 1914, being made by the Brashear Optical Company. It is used solely for photographic work, and is the largest photographic refractor—as distinguished from reflectors—in the world, being used mainly for investigations in the distances of the stars, and the photographic study of variable stars. Some forty-five thousand plates have been obtained with this instrument. There are in addition various kinds of minor apparatus, and a fine astronomical library. Although some teaching is done by the staff of the observatory, due to its connection with the University of Pittsburgh, its main work is still pure research in astronomy.

The directors of the observatory have been notable men. The first director was Samuel Pierpoint Langley, whose term of office was from 1867 to 1889. His work on the heat of the moon and on the infra-red heat spectrum of the sun made his name universally known in the scientific world. At the old observatory, also, he made his experiments in aero-dynamics, which led to his invention of the airplane. The man who made Langley's first model airplane, according to the plans which Langley had worked on so long and enthusiastically, was W. R. Ludewig, professor of Practical Machine Work at the university, now in charge of the Public Evening Service of the Observatory. In this capacity he has entertained more than one hundred thousand visitors. William Thaw, of Pittsburgh, for many years chairman of the Observatory Committee, furnished Mr. Langley the money for these experiments, which had an influence not yet to be fully comprehended on the future of America, and indeed, of the whole world. When Mr. Langley left the observatory to become secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, he was succeeded by James Edward Keeler, who was in charge from 1892 to 1898. With the thirteen-inch telescope of the observatory, and a spectrograph of his own design, he did the work which made him famous among astronomers—the proof that the rings of Saturn could be neither solid, liquid nor gaseous, but were composed of countless discrete particles, or rocks, little moons in effect, each of which was pursuing its own independent course around the planet. In 1898 Dr. Keeler became director of the Lick Observatory, and he was succeeded by John Alfred Brashear, whose name is spoken of in Pittsburgh almost with reverence, and later by F. L. O. Wadsworth. In this interim the planning and building of the new observatory occupied most of the time and attention of the staff, allowing practically no detailed research. Frank Schlesinger became director in 1905, and with the new building and equipment, instituted in 1914 a very extensive program of study to determine by photography the distances of the stars. He was succeeded in 1920 by Dr. Heber D. Curtis, who was in turn succeeded in 1930 by Dr. Frank C. Jordan. At the close of 1931 the distances of about one thousand stars have been determined, and forty-five thousand photographic plates taken. It is estimated that this work will continue for at least twenty-five years more.

The staff of the observatory at present comprises: Dr. Frank C. Jordan, director; Dr. Keivin Burns, astronomer and assistant director; Zaccheus Daniel, astronomer; Nicholas E. Wagman, astronomer; Esther M. Doody, computer; Bertha G. Crissman, temporary computer; Charles W. Hetzler, graduate assistant, and William R. Ludewig, lecturer and demonstrator in charge of the Frick Public Evening Service. The research work of the observatory is at present concentrated in three major fields; the determination of star distances (stellar parallaxes) in charge of Mr. Daniel, assisted by all the members of the staff; the study of variable stars by photography, in charge of Dr. Jordan, and the precise determination of standard solar wave-lengths, in charge of Dr. Burns. The technical results of these various pieces of research are published in current astronomical periodicals, and in the "Publications of the Allegheny Observatory" of which seven volumes and a part of an eighth have already appeared. While of course the work of the observatory is highly technical, it was one of Dr. Brashear's dearest dreams to make as much as possible of this knowledge available to the general public. He felt intensely that this building and its work, the funds for which he was so largely instrumental in raising, and the building itself containing, in the crypt, the ashes of himself and his wife (with those of Dr. Keeler and his son), was for the public benefit. He secured an endowment fund of fifteen thousand dollars from the late H. C. Frick, which maintains the Frick Public Evening Service. Through this service, from April to November, some fifty people an evening are given a look at the various objects of the heavens through the thirteen-inch telescope, if the night is clear, or otherwise are shown lantern views of these same scenes. Between five and six thousand visitors per year avail themselves of this privilege, made possible through the generosity of one of Pittsburgh's leading citizens, and by the kindly heart of one of her best loved men, Dr. Brashear.

Thus through scientific integrity and public service, the Allegheny Observatory of the University of Pittsburgh, fulfills the dearest ambitions of those responsible for its origin and maintenance. In the true meaning of the words, it is a public benefaction.

Thos. McNeil III

**ELMER ALLEN HOLBROOK, B. S., E. M.**—Dean of the schools of Engineering and Mines at the University of Pittsburgh, Elmer Allen Holbrook has behind him a varied career both in the profession of mining and as an educator. He was born at Fitchburg, Massachusetts, on June 23, 1880, a son of John Perry and Martha (Allen) Holbrook. Educated in New England schools, he was graduated in 1904 from Massachusetts Institute of Technology with the Bachelor of Science degree, and subsequently took the degree of Engineer of Mines at the University of Illinois in 1916.

Meanwhile, however, the active work of his life was well under way. Following his graduation from Massachusetts Institute of Technology in 1904, Dean Holbrook became superintendent of the Gould Mines Company in Montana, and in 1905 was superintendent of the Ruby Gulch Mining Company. From 1906 to 1909 he served as general superintendent of the Daly Reduction Company at Hedley, British Columbia, and from 1909 to 1910 practiced independently as a consulting engineer. In 1911 he accepted the position of professor of mining at Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax, and this was the beginning of his career as an educator. Dean Holbrook remained at Halifax until 1913. From 1913 to 1915 he was assistant professor of mining, and from 1915 to 1917, professor in mineral preparation at the University of Illinois. For five years thereafter, from 1917 to 1922, he was associated with the United States Bureau of Mines, being assistant director of the bureau from 1920 to 1922. During this period he was also supervising mining engineer and executive officer of the investigations branch of the bureau. From 1919 to 1920 he was superintendent of the Pittsburgh Station of the Bureau of Mines.

In discharging the duties of these various positions Dean Holbrook was consistently successful, acquiring a reputation of considerable extent in professional circles. In 1922 his services were sought by Pennsylvania State College, and from that year until 1927 he was dean of the School of Mines of the College. From 1925 to 1927 he also served as dean of the graduate schools there. In 1927, he came to the University of Pittsburgh as dean of the schools of Engineering and Mines, and since that time has continued to occupy these positions. Under his administration the schools have been considerably strengthened, and with the elevation of standards has come an important gain in prestige. Dean Holbrook is a member of the American Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineers, the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, the Coal Mining Institute of America, the Engineers Society of Western Pennsylvania, and the American Engineering Standards Committee. He is affiliated with the Phi Gamma Delta, the Sigma Xi, the Theta Tau, the Sigma Tau, the Sigma Gamma Epsilon, and the Phi Kappa Phi fraternities, and is a member of the Cosmos Club at Washington, District of Columbia. He is a member of the State Sanitary Water Board. He has written frequently on mining and engineering subjects, being the author of about fifty articles which have been published in technical journals.

On August 15, 1905, Elmer Allen Holbrook married (first) Sarah Kirby, daughter of Charles E. and Kate (Cummings) Kirby, of Fitchburg, Massachusetts, who died in 1907. One daughter, Katherine, was born to them. In 1912, Dean Holbrook married (second) Edith L. Brookfield, daughter of Walter G. and Edith (Piers) Brookfield, of Halifax, Nova Scotia. They are the parents of the following children: John Brookfield, born, 1913; Dorothy Mary, born, 1915; E. Allen, born, 1919; and Ruth Estelle, born, 1920. Dean Holbrook worships with his family in the faith of the Methodist Episcopal Church. His Pittsburgh residence is situated at No. 1543 Shady Avenue.

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**THOMAS McNEIL, III**—Men are judged by their character first, and by their accomplishments second, though the accomplishments, as a general rule, are the consideration attracting attention and arousing public interest. When the public's mind is focussed on a man, having become interested in him because of his activities, it does not extend its full approval until his character, his motives, and his personal history are known. Public approval, then, like self-respect, is founded on character. Without good character no man, however brilliant his achievements may seem, can hope to be judged great.

The attributes of greatness based on character were possessed in liberal degree by the late Thomas McNeil of Pittsburgh; yet such was his fate that death closed a useful, exemplary and unusual career during its very ascendancy. For Thomas McNeil died at the age of thirty-five. His was the foundation for great accomplishments; his the character, the vision and opportunity to win unusual heights; and before he died, even at an age so young, he had attained a standing in the industrial and commercial spheres of Pennsylvania making his name of some renown. In so far as it extended, his life was great, and his career, fraught with attainments beyond his years, remains behind him indelibly written upon the records for all to see, that those who survive him may judge the worth of a life well spent. Without one voice raised in dissent, his late associates found him worthy and accorded to his memory the respect and emulation due it. Passage of the years has failed to dim the feeling of appreciation for his character and his works, which endure after him as memorials. Time and judgment, both, accord to his memory distinction and honor.

Born in Pittsburgh, November 22, 1869, Thomas McNeil died here, March 4, 1906. His birth occurred at the family residence on Penn Avenue, opposite the old Thaw residence, where the Joseph Horne department store now is located. His parents were James and Margaret (Caldwell) Mc-

Neil. Both parents were natives of Scotland, but did not meet until in America, where they were married. James McNeil located, first, in Canada; but after a short time there he came to Pittsburgh and opened a small shop for the manufacture of riveted steel pipe. This was the first riveted steel pipe to be made in this district, and James McNeil, immigrant from Scotland, had that distinction. His shop grew. From a small beginning it took on large dimensions; the name McNeil became one of prominence in manufacturing and financial circles of Pennsylvania. With James McNeil was associated his brother, and they did business under the name style of James McNeil and Brother. James McNeil, seeking rest for his declining years, retired from the firm, turning over his interests to his son, of whom we write; he went to California, and his death, there, occurred ten days after the death of his son—a double tragedy, removing two dearly beloved leaders from the business world of Pittsburgh and Pennsylvania.

Thomas McNeil attended the old Grant School in his native city, graduated from high school, matriculated in Cornell University at Ithaca, New York, where he was especially proficient in mathematics and graduated with his class in 1895, as mechanical and electrical engineer. The course, one of the most difficult and absorbing offered at Cornell, usually required six years for its completion, yet so earnestly and intelligently did Thomas McNeil apply himself that he completed it in four. Not that he was what is designated by the academically-hated word, "a grind," for he indulged in all the collegiate activities opened to him, and was a man of prominence on the campus, an outstanding athlete, member of the football and baseball teams, a leader in student activities. Through the all-too-brief balance of his years following graduation (eleven years), he maintained a deep love for his *alma mater;* and he was honored by election to the presidency of the Cornell Club of Western Pennsylvania. From this, however, he was forced to resign for reasons of health, about a year before he died.

As a young man starting his career, Thomas McNeil worked at the Westinghouse Electrical Company's works in Pittsburgh. Later, he decided a smaller organization would afford him a greater opportunity; and for a time after leaving Westinghouse he was connected, as engineer, with the firm of Velty and McDonald, Pittsburgh; and it was only after this experience with Westinghouse and the other firm that he would come into his father's business—not that he disliked the business, for he did not; but he was a proud young man, and wanted it known he would accept no favors. Even after he went to work as his father's associate he was careful not to take favors, and indeed went to the other extreme, denying himself some of the privileges rightfully his as an employee. This of course had a beneficial effect on the firm's morale. He came into the firm at a time when business was slack. Largely due to his fresh viewpoint and his keen mental and physical energy, his spirit of progress and his very real organizational ability, business increased, and it increased steadily during the years of his connection, first as his father's associate, and later as general manager, following the elder partner's retirement

At his death he held the office of general manager and treasurer of the riveted steel pipe company, and had he lived there is no doubt that he would have achieved notable victories in the industrial and financial fields of strife which constantly occupy the best strength of dominant manhood in our greatest cities. As it was, he achieved unusual victories. It was no small thing for him to head, successfully, the large steel pipe corporation which he directed, below the age of thirty-five. It was no small thing to hold the respect and friendship of associates and employees alike, retaining their loyalty in minor crises, and continuously being known to them affectionately and with sincere admiration. It was no small thing to attain the independent financial fortune which he attained at his age. It was not small the way he participated in movements of citizenship, as a leader in popular causes for the betterment of Pittsburgh. None of these was small, and could not be, for his character, on which these efforts had their foundation, was suited to great accomplishment, and Thomas McNeil, before he died, was well launched on the road to works truly great.

Thomas McNeil married, in 1896 Josephine Martin, a daughter of James and Margaret Martin, early residents of Pittsburgh; and of this union were born children: 1. James, since deceased. 2. Helen D., who married Edwin King; and they had two children, Helen J. and Lois. Lois King died April 30, 1931, aged six years. Mrs. McNeil, active in social and church and philanthropic affairs of Pittsburgh, continues to make her home here.

Member of the University Club, the Duquesne Club, and (as noted) the Cornell Club of Western Pennsylvania, Thomas McNeil had a wide variety of interests in social spheres as well as in business and citizenship. He was active as a Mason, and very prominent in the circles of the church. He was a communicant of Christ's Methodist Episcopal Church. The Sunday school work interested him especially, and he was helpful in the conduct of the Sunday school services.

Thomas McNeil, whose character was large and his works most worthy, was the friend of all mankind. He made a place in the hearts of men which belongs to him today just as much as it did in life; and that place will ever be his—for the memory of Thomas McNeil.

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**ADOLPH LEO LEWIN, M. D.**—Widespread recognition of his professional skill and high esteem as a representative citizen of the Pittsburgh region has come to Dr. Adolph Leo Lewin who, for more than a third of a century has been intimately a part of the professional, educational,

social and philanthropic life of his adopted city. Only after long and thorough scholastic training in medicine and surgery, at home and abroad, did he start in the general practice. He built for himself a large and exclusive clientele and is enjoying the fruits of his careful preparation and the labors of early years. On the staffs of several hospitals, pathologist in the faculty of the University of Pittsburgh, one of the founders of the Montefiore Hospital, a lover of children to whom he devotes much of his attention and philanthropy, a leader in civic movements, a great traveler, fond of the out-of-doors and growing things, Dr. Lewin is the exemplification of the well-rounded man looking out upon a wide horizon of life, one who lives wisely and well, making the world a better place because of his presence.

Dr. Lewin was born at Wronke, Germany, February 25, 1871, coming to this country when he was but eight years of age. He was the son of Herman and Pauline (Nachod) Lewin, natives of Germany, who migrated to the United States in 1880. Herman Lewin was a tailor by trade, his wife, a member of one of the oldest and foremost families of Leipzig, Germany. Her direct ancestors were prominent financiers in their own country, one of them founding the first bank in Germany. This is peculiarly interesting in view of the fact that Dr. Lewin has shown unusual ability as a banker in Pittsburgh.

The son, Adolph Leo, was sent to the public schools of Pittsburgh, attending the old Third Ward School, in Allegheny City, now a part of Pittsburgh. He was later a pupil in the Franklin School in the course of his preparation for college. He was graduated from Duquesne University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, receiving his Master's degree in Arts, in 1895. He won his medical degree at the University of Pittsburgh, in 1892; did post-graduate work at Johns Hopkins Medical School, at Baltimore, Maryland, and in the University of Berlin, from which he holds the degree of Doctor of Medicine and Surgery; and pursued his studies in medicology in the University of Paris, France; at London, Vienna, Heidelberg, and other places.

In 1895 he began the practice of his profession in Pittsburgh, rapidly taking a foremost place in the medical fraternity of Western Pennsylvania. He was on the medical staff of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital from 1892 to 1899, and again in 1908. He was the pathologist on the faculty of the University of Pittsburgh, also in 1908. One of the founders of the Montefiore Hospital, he is on the staff of that institution. In private practice, Dr. Lewin specializes on internal medicine at the present time. In line with his constant association with all that is worth the while in his profession, he is a member of the American Medical Association, of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and of the Allegheny County Medical Society.

It is not in medicine alone that Dr. Lewin has been successful; he is a banker, the vice-president of the Pennsylvania Savings Bank, and a director of the Pennsylvania National Bank from which he resigned after thirty years service. He was for sometime president of the Allied Boards of Trade of Allegheny County, serving as such from the day of its organization in 1906, until he became the chairman of the executive board of that body; this organization includes the forty-seven boards in the county. He is on the Board of Public Education for Pittsburgh; and retains a lively interest in the Alumni Association of the University of Pittsburgh.

In his individual tastes and recreative interests, Dr. Lewin is as wide minded as he is in the professional and financial world. For some years his fifty-acre estate in Wilkins Township, Allegheny County, its charming summer home, the gardens, landscaped terraces, golf course and more utilitarian features has been one of the show places of Western Pennsylvania. He spends a part of his vacations upon the estate enjoying its beauties, but takes particular delight in having as his guests great groups of city-born children. Every year he gives a giant picnic upon his grounds to which approximately a thousand children come and have the time of their young lives. All sorts of things are provided for their amusement and they are entertained in a right royal style by their genial host.

The doctor travels often and far, both in this country and abroad meeting and knowing as friends the great men of both hemispheres. In his large collection of autographed photographs are those of Presidents; one which is particularly prized is that of the late Theodore Roosevelt. His library houses a collection large and select, works in many languages, rare editions, quite in keeping with the culture and learning of one who has been for so many years the student. His fraternal affiliations have been with the Masons, being a member of Solomon Lodge, No. 231, Free and Accepted Masons; Shiloh Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and Mount Moriah Council, Royal and Select Masters.

Dr. Adolph Leo Lewin married, on April 15, 1897, Eva Jackson, daughter of Isaac and Hannah Jackson, both of whom are now deceased. Dr. and Mrs. Lewin have a son, Herbert A., born March 21, 1903, who has been educated in the grammar schools of Pittsburgh and the Peabody High School, from which he was graduated with the class of 1921. He then matriculated in Princeton University, from which he was graduated, in 1925, with the degree of Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering. In 1929 he was in New York City with the Radio Corporation of America as an electrical engineer.

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**WILLIAM WARD WASSON**—Although William Ward Wasson launched his independent business career in Pittsburgh just slightly more than ten years ago, he has, during the past decade, risen rapidly in the ranks of the financial leaders

of the steel city and now occupies a prominent position among them. He not only heads the concern which he was instrumental in founding in 1920, The Pittsburgh Finance Corporation, but also is president of several other financial and real estate institutions. Not alone in business has he been successful, but his activities have extended into various civic, social and fraternal circles.

William Ward Wasson was born at Butler, May 1, 1888, a son of William James and Samantha Jane (Rumbaugh) Wasson. His father spent most of his active career as a builder in western Pennsylvania. Mr. Wasson received his early education in the public grade schools of Butler County and followed this with two years of study at Slippery Rock Normal School. After four years at Grove City College, where he graduated in 1911 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, he matriculated in 1914 at Yale University, from which he took a Bachelor of Arts degree in 1915. While in college, Wasson was very active in athletics earning his letters in football, baseball and track.

While attending Yale, Mr. Wasson was very fortunate in having as instructors, William Lyons Phelps and the late William Howard Taft. During his senior year there he majored in law, Mr. Taft then being Kent Professor of Law. Mr. Wasson's studies that year also included economics, finance, banking, and other related subjects, which undoubtedly have been of great benefit to him in his business life. Especially is this true of his law studies and subjects on finance, the line of endeavor in which he now is engaged necessitating a knowledge of these professions.

After leaving Yale in 1915, Mr. Wasson became associated with the American Book Company in New York City and so remained until 1918. At this time he resigned and identified himself with the Burroughs Adding Machine Company as sales agent at Pittsburgh. Two years later, in 1920, Mr. Wasson was instrumental in the organization of the Pittsburgh Finance Corporation and at that time assumed the office of executive vice-president. So successful was he in the conduct of this business that he became president of the company, one of the largest of its kind in Pittsburgh, which office he continues to hold. This institution, which specializes in automobile financing and real estate, has on its payroll about twenty regular employees, with offices located in the American Bank Building. Mr. Wasson's activities also include executive positions with the following concerns: Wasson & Company, Inc., president; Colonial Realty Company, vice-president; Family Funding System, Inc., president; Wasson Sales Company, Inc., president; Builders' Mortgage Company, president.

Among his professional affiliations may be named the National Association of Finance Companies, while in civic life he is a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, and since 1916 he has been an active member of the Rotary Club of Pittsburgh.

His religious affiliation is with the First Presbyterian Church. Mr. Wasson has attained the thirty-second degree in the Masonic Fraternity, at the age of twenty-one, being a member of both Scottish and York Rite bodies, and of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. His clubs include the Harvard-Yale-Princeton Club of Pittsburgh, the Yale Club of New York, the University Club of Pittsburgh, the St. Clair Country Club, the Keystone Athletic Club, the Miami Beach Bay Shore Club, Almas Club, Shrine Club of Pittsburgh, Laughing Waters Gun and Rod Club, and many other clubs and societies. Very fond of hunting and fishing, Mr. Wasson is deeply interested in the Izaak Walton League, and The Wild Life League of Pennsylvania, in the activities of which he takes a prominent part.

On June 14, 1911, at Grove City, Pennsylvania, William Ward Wasson married Erla M. McCoy. Mr. and Mrs. Wasson have no children. They reside at No. 320 Martin Avenue, Mt. Lebanon, and spend part of their winters at their Miami Beach home, 1350 Pennsylvania Avenue.

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**OTTO HORIX**—President and owner of the Horix Manufacturing Company, Otto Horix has built this enterprise to a position of importance among Pittsburgh industries and one of leadership in its field throughout the world. As manufacturers of automatic bottle and can filling machinery their product is widely considered the most satisfactory on the market, and is winning for itself a steadily increasing number of users.

Mr. Horix was born at Akron, Ohio, on December 16, 1872, a son of Frederick and Julia (Kirn) Horix. The father, a pioneer in the brewing business in Akron, is now living retired at the age of eighty-eight. The mother died in 1926. Her people were early settlers in Akron. Otto Horix attended the public schools of his birthplace, including the high school, and later was graduated from business college. He began his active career with a hardware and sheet metal manufacturing company at Akron, where he remained for some three years. Thereafter he moved to Cleveland, becoming associated with the Cleveland Faucet Company. Mr. Horix soon demonstrated the value of his services in executive capacity. Starting as manager of the office, he gradually assumed more and more responsibility, and eventually became treasurer and general sales manager of the company. In 1917, however, he made another change. Removing to Pittsburgh, where he has since made his home, he became president aand general manager of the McKenna Brass Manufacturing Company, and served in that capacity for eleven years with every success. During this period he organized, among other progressive measures, the automatic bottle filling machinery department, and while engaged in this work began to realize the possibilities which lay open to a man of initiative and energy who was willing to devote himself to building up a profitable business.

With this in mind, Mr. Horix, in the fall of the year 1927, bought out the Joseph F. Haller Company's plant at Corliss Station, changed the name to the Horix Manufacturing Company, and began operations which were to bring the company, under his guidance, to a position of recognized leadership. His plant specializes in the manufacture of automatic bottle and can filling machinery for the food packing industry, such products as catsup, chili sauce, vinegar, oils, pickles, soups, baked beans, spaghetti, pineapples, and other similar products are filled automatically at high speed on Horix-Haller-Rotary Filling Machines in practically all of the leading food packing industries in the country. The original company was founded on a very modest scale in 1905 by Joseph F. Haller; today (1931) the plant covers a large floor space, and the Horix-Haller filler is the generally accepted standard of the food packing industry throughout the world.

Mr. Horix's business has been, perhaps, the chief interest of his life and it has grown to success through his efforts. But he has not neglected other aspects of community activity in Pittsburgh, and is known for his public-spirited support of worthy civic movements. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, and a member of its manufacturers committee. He is also an active member of the Pittsburgh Rotary Club, a member of the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Pittsburgh Country Club, and the Civic Club of Allegheny County. In politics he is an independent voter.

Otto Horix married, at Warren, Ohio, Fannie Helen Craig, and they are the parents of two children: 1. Helen, now Mrs. Helen Horix Fairbanks. 2. Fred H., twenty-seven years old, now secretary and treasurer of the Horix Manufacturing Company. He was graduated from Lafayette College in 1925 with the Bachelor of Arts degree, and is a member of the Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity. Mr. Horix's offices are situated in the company plant at Corliss Station, while the residence of the family is maintained in Pittsburgh at No. 6311 Darlington Road.

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**EDWIN STANTON FOWNES**—Following in the footsteps of his grandfather and father, both well known in the iron and steel industry of westtern Pennsylvania, Edwin Stanton Fownes, at the age of seventeen years, became connected with William Clark & Company, a firm originally founded by his father and by two of his uncles. Five years later he was elected secretary of one of the companies owned by this firm and later he was closely associated with his two older brothers, Henry Clay Fownes and William Clark Fownes, in the management of numerous companies owned by the Fownes interest in the steel and allied industries. Since 1901 he has been president of the Gem Manufacturing Company, an enterprise which he built up to great success and prosperity and which he directed until very recently, when the active management of it was taken over by his son. Mr. Fownes is widely known in business and industrial circles in Pittsburgh, is a member of several of the leading clubs and for many years has taken an active part in church work in Pittsburgh.

Thomas and Jane Fownes, the grandparents of Edwin Stanton Fownes, came to Pittsburgh from Staffordshire, England, in 1841. For a number of years Thomas Fownes operated a foundry in what is now the downtown business district of Pittsburgh, until it was destroyed by fire in 1848. Eight years later, in 1856, he removed to Youngstown, Ohio. Thomas and Jane Fownes were the parents of eight children, their third son, Charles Fownes, becoming the father of Edwin Stanton Fownes.

Charles Fownes early in life became associated with a foundry, operated under the firm name of John B. Herron & Company. After his retirement from that firm he joined his wife's brothers, William and Edward Clark, in organizing the Solar Iron Works, which operated under the firm name of William Clark & Company and which owned a successful hoop rolling mill at Thirty-fifth Street and Allegheny Valley Railroad, Pittsburgh. At the time of his death, in 1871, he was official of this concern. He married Sarah A. Clark, and they were the parents of six children, of whom were sons: 1. Henry Clay Fownes, born September 12, 1856, whose career is described in detail in an article devoted to the life story of his son, William Clark Fownes, Jr. (q. v.). 2. William Clark Fownes, born March 17, 1858, died March 24, 1928, having been associated with his brother during his business life. At the time of his death he left one son, Captain William G. Fownes, who served with the First Division in France during the World War. 3. Edwin Stanton Fownes, of whom further.

As already noted, Mr. Fownes' mother was the sister of William Clark, who for many years was the senior member of the firm of William Clark & Company. He was the founder of the Carrie Furnace Company, at Rankin, Pennsylvania. In 1887 the Clark Company was dissolved and the firm of Fownes Brothers was formed as a holding corporation, to take over control of the business formerly conducted by William Clark & Company, as well as of other enterprises, in which the three brothers were interested. In 1898 they disposed of the Carrie Furnace Company to the Carnegie Steel Company, by which it is still operated. In 1902 Fownes Brothers started in the Midland Steel Company at Midland, Pennsylvania, which they successfully operated until it was sold to the Crucible Steel Company. In 1904 they started the Rust Boiler Company, which they operated until 1912, when it also was sold. In 1913 they organized the Standard Seamless Tube Company and erected a plant at Economy, Pennsylvania. This was, perhaps, their largest and most successful accomplishment and this company was operated by the

Fownes interest for many years and enjoyed an exceptional growth and prosperity. In 1928 it was taken over by Spang, Chalfant & Company, although members of the Fownes family retained an interest in it. Fownes Brothers also developed several other companies during their many years of successful industrial operations in Pittsburgh and the suurrounding district.

Edwin Stanton Fownes, the youngest of the three sons of Charles and Sarah A. (Clark) Fownes, was born, January 3, 1865. He was educated in the public schools of Pittsburgh and, after completing the high school course, entered, in 1882, the employ of the Carrie Furnace Company at Rankin, Pennsylvania, which at that time was being organized by his uncle, William Clark. About fourteen months later he entered the business office of William Clark & Company. In 1887 he was elected secretary of the Carrie Furnace Company, an office he filled until this company was sold in 1898 to the Carnegie Steel Company. He also was an official in most of the other companies owned by the Fownes interest, including the Reliance Coke Company, until it was sold in 1905. In 1899 Mr. Fownes, as an individual, organized the Gem Manufacturing Company, of which he is still the president and which he has brought to a very high degree of success and prosperity. The management of this company has now devolved on Mr. Stanton's only son, James Alden Fownes (q. v.). The original plant of this company was at Lawrenceville, but in 1915 it was installed in its present large and modern plant on the North Side, Pittsburgh, where it manufactures steel and brass bench oilers, electric welded oilers, torches, tallow pots, supply cans, foundry chaplets, flexible shafting dies, and special stampings. Branch sales offices are maintained in the leading industrial centers of the country and the company's products today enjoy a national distribution. Mr. Fownes also is a director of the Phoenix Oil & Gas Company. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, the Duquesne Club, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Automobile Club of Pittsburgh, and the Oakmont Country Club, of which latter his brother, Henry Clay Fownes, was the founder and has been the president for many years. In politics he is a Republican. His religious affiliation is with Calvary Episcopal Church, of Pittsburgh. At one time he was very active in church work and, always greatly interested in music, he sang for many years in church choirs, making also occasional appearances as a soloist.

Mr. Fownes married, in Philadelphia, April 8, 1891, Caroline A. Filley, a daughter of the late James A. and Mary Filley, of Philadelphia, an old and prominent family of that city. Mr. and Mrs. Fownes are the parents of two children: 1. Sarah A. (Fownes) Wadsworth, the mother of one daughter, Caroline, and a resident of Pittsburgh. 2. James Alden Fownes, whose interesting business career is described in a separate article which follows. Mr. Fownes makes his home at No. 1200 Murrayhill Avenue, Pittsburgh, while his business offices are located on the twenty-third floor of the Clark Building, Pittsburgh.

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**JAMES ALDEN FOWNES**—At the age of twenty-five years, James Alden Fownes became connected with the Gem Manufacturing Company of Pittsburgh, a concern founded by his father more than twenty years before. Eight years later he became executive vice-president of this company and since then has had practically complete charge of the company's affairs. It is one of the leading industrial establishments of Pittsburgh and Mr. Fownes is regarded as a very able and successful business executive. As a member of several business, civic and social organizations, he is a worthy representative of his family, so well known in the business and social life of Pittsburgh.

James Alden Fownes was born in Pittsburgh, August 13, 1895, the younger child and only son of Edwin Stanton and Caroline A. (Filley) Fownes. His father's very active and successful career as an executive in large industrial enterprises is described in the preceding article (q. v.). James Alden Fownes received his early education at Shady Side Academy, Pittsburgh, and then attended Lafayette College, Easton, Pennsylvania, until 1918. In that year he entered the operations department of the American Steel & Wire Company. Two years later, in 1920, he became connected with the Gem Manufacturing Company of Pittsburgh, of which his father was the founder and president. At first Mr. Fownes was connected with the purchasing department and later he became purchasing agent. When, in 1928, his father virtually retired from active business, Mr. Fownes was made executive vice-president of the Gem Manufacturing Company and since then has been its active head. This company, founded by Mr. Fownes' father, was incorporated in 1899. The plant was at first located at Lawrenceville, Pennsylvania. In 1915 the company removed to Pittsburgh and since then has occupied a large and well equipped plant, specially designed for its needs, at No. 1229 Goebel Street, North Side. Its main offices are also located there, while branch sales offices are maintained in New York City, Philadelphia, Chicago, Memphis, Washington, and San Francisco. Associated with Mr. Fownes in the management of the company is Mr. D. A. McCaffrey, who is its secretary. The products of the Gem Manufacturing Company include: steel and brass bench oilers, electric welded steel oilers, torches, tallow pots, supply cans, foundry chaplets, flexible shafting dies and special stampings.

Mr. Fownes is a member of the National Association of Manufacturers and of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce. His clubs include the Duquesne Club and the Oakmont Country Club, of which latter his uncle, Henry Clay Fownes, the oldest brother of his father, was the founder and today is still the president. He is also a member

of the Lafayette College Chapter of Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliation is with Calvary Episcopal Church of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Fownes married, in Pittsburgh, March 7, 1919, Anna Gay Bradley, a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Emerson E. Bradley. Mr. and Mrs. Fownes are the parents of one daughter, Ann, born August 11, 1922. The family home is located at No. 6542 Northumberland Street, Pittsburgh.

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**WILLIAM CLARK FOWNES, JR.**—Representing the third generation of his family in the steel industry, Mr. Fownes has been widely known in this field for more than a quarter of a century and today is still prominently active in several important corporations. In more recent years he has also successfully engaged in the investment banking business. His standing in industrial and financial circles is of the highest and he is widely known throughout the entire country. Outside of business circles, Mr. Fownes is known as one of the best amateur golfers of the United States. In 1910 he won the National Amateur Golf Championship, eight times he has held the Pennsylvania State Golf Championship, and in 1926-27 he had the honor of serving as president of the United States Golf Association. He is by no means the only member of his immediate family to be thus prominently identified with golf, both his father and his son being keen golf enthusiasts and amateur players of high standing.

Henry Clay Fownes, the father of the subject of this article, is the oldest son of Charles and Sarah A. (Clark) Fownes, and a grandson of Thomas and Jane Fownes, who came to Pittsburgh from Staffordshire, England, in 1841. His grandfather was the first of the family to enter the foundry business, from which later generations have branched out into the steel industry. Henry Clay Fownes was born September 12, 1856, and was educated in the public grammar and high schools of Pittsburgh. His father operated a foundry at Lawrenceville, Pennsylvania, which was later taken over by his son. He was also one of the organizers of the Solar Foundry, which eventually became the Standard Seamless Tube Company and of which Henry Clay Fownes was the president until recently. Henry Clay Fownes is still active in industrial and financial circles in Pittsburgh and is also prominent in that city's social and club life and is especially well known in the golfing world. More than a quarter of a century ago he founded the famous Oakmont Country Club, the golf course of which is now recognized as among the finest and most difficult championship courses in this country. For its first dozen years he captained and starred on the Oakmont team, which at that time ranked without a peer in this district. He has always been the guiding influence of the Oakmont Country Club, having until recently served as its president.

William Clark Fownes, Jr., son of Henry Clay and Mary Robinson (Moore) Fownes, was born in Chicago, Illinois, October 22, 1877. He received his early education in the public schools and at Shady Side Academy, Pittsburgh, and then took up the study of engineering at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in chemical engineering in 1898. In the same year he entered the engineering department of the Carnegie Steel Company, with which he continued until 1900, when the S. Jarvis Adams Company was founded in Pittsburgh and when he became its manager. Later the Fownes interest, consisting of Mr. Fownes' father, Henry Clay Fownes, and his two uncles, the late William Clark Fownes and Edwin Stanton Fownes (q. v.), purchased this company. In 1902 they organized the Midland Steel Company, of which Mr. William Clark Fownes, Jr., became secretary, a position he continued to hold until this company was sold in 1911. In 1913 the Fownes interest organized the Standard Seamless Tube Company, and Mr. Fownes was made treasurer of this company, a position he continued to hold until the company was taken over by Spang, Chalfant & Company, in 1928, when Mr. Fownes became chairman of the executive committee and a member of the board of directors of Spang, Chalfant and Company. In the meantime, in 1917, the Reliance Coke Company had been organized by Mr. Fownes' father and his brothers, and Mr. Fownes served as secretary and treasurer of that company until it, too, was sold. In 1928 the firm of Fownes & Orr, investment bankers, was formed, and since that time Mr. Fownes has served as chairman of its board of directors, the president of this company being John Bruce Orr.

Mr. Fownes is also a director of the Farmers' Deposit National Bank of Pittsburgh, the Oil Well Supply Company, and the McKinney Manufacturing Company, of Pittsburgh. The business offices are located on the twenty-third floor of the Clark Building, Pittsburgh. He is a member of the Engineers' Society of Western Pennsylvania and of the American & Steel Institute. His clubs include the Duquesne Club, the Pittsburgh Club, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Pittsburgh Golf Club, the Fox Chapel Golf Club, and the Oakmont Country Club, of which latter he is a director. All these clubs are located in or near Pittsburgh, but Mr. Fownes is also a member of several other golf clubs, including the Pine Valley Golf Club, near Philadelphia, the National Golf Links of America, at Southampton, Long Island, New York, and the Pinehurst Country Club, Pinehurst, North Carolina, of which he is a member of the board of governors. As already mentioned, Mr. Fownes had the distinction of winning, in 1910, the National Amateur Golf Championship and of serving during 1926-27 as president of the United States Golf Association. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his

religious affiliation is with the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Fownes married Sara Parker, of Pittsburgh. They were the parents of three children: 1. Henry Clay Fownes, II, a sketch of whose career follows. 2. Elizabeth, deceased. 3. Louise, who married H. J. Blue, of Pinehurst, North Carolina, in which city Mr. and Mrs. Blue make their residence. The family residence of Mr. and Mrs. Fownes is located at No. 1037 Hulton Road, Oakmont.

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**HENRY CLAY FOWNES, II**—In the ranks of amateur golfers, Henry Clay Fownes, II, is a worthy successor of his grandfather and father, both of whom are classed among the most skillful amateur golfers in the United States. The former is the founder and has been the president from the time of its organization of the Oakmont Golf Club, one of the famous golf clubs of this country, while the latter is a former national amateur golf champion and an ex-president of the United States Golf Association. Mr. Fownes himself has played golf since his early childhood and today (1931) is one of the ranking amateurs in the western Pennsylvania district, having many victories to his credit. Golfing, however, by no means absorbs all of his energy and attention. He is a veteran of the World War, was formerly connected with one of the large industrial establishments owned by his family, and since its formation in 1928, has been secretary and treasurer of Fownes & Orr, investment bankers, of Pittsburgh. As a business man he has shown marked ability, while as a golfer he has become known for his skill and for his fine sportsmanship.

Henry Clay Fownes, II, was born in Boston, Massachusetts, November 30, 1896, a son of William Clark Fownes, Jr. (q. v.), and Sara (Parker) Fownes. He is a grandson of Henry Clay Fownes, who, together with his two brothers, William Clark Fownes and Edwin Stanton Fownes founded the Midland Steel Company and the Standard Seamless Tube Company and is widely known in the steel industry. The subject of this article received his early education at Shady Side Academy, Pittsburgh, and then entered the Sheffield School of Yale University, which he attended until May, 1917, when he joined the Yale Unit of the Ambulance Service. With it he served until the end of the war, with the French Army in France and Belgium. Returning to the United States in May, 1919, he resumed his studies at Yale University, but in March, 1920, was forced to withdraw from college on account of illness. Having recovered his health he entered business, in November, 1921, becoming connected at that time with the sales department of the Standard Seamless Tube Company, of which his father at that time was the treasurer. Mr. Fownes continued this connection until the company was taken over by Spang, Chalfant & Company, in 1928. At that time the firm of Fownes & Orr was organized and Mr. Fownes became secretary and treasurer, a position he continued to hold, John Bruce Orr being president. This Pittsburgh investment banking house, though still comparatively young, has already made for itself an enviable reputation and position in the financial circles in Pittsburgh, much of its success being due to Mr. Fownes' ability. He is also a member of the board of directors of the Townsend Company, manufacturers of rivets, wire and wire nails, and of the Bradford Producing Company, well-known oil company. In politics he is a Republican, while his religious affiliation is with the Shady Side Presbyterian Church, of Pittsburgh. He is a member of the Yale Chapter of Chi Phi Fraternity, and his clubs include the Duquesne Club, the University Club, the Oakmont Golf Club, the Fox Chapel Golf Club, all of Pittsburgh, and the Pine Valley Club, near Philadelphia. As already noted, Mr. Fownes' favorite sport is golf. Having apparently inherited his interest and skill in this game from his grandfather and his father, he began to play it when he was still quite young. Though he does the greater part of his golfing at the Oakmont Golf Club, which was founded by his grandfather, he is favorably known on many other golf links in the United States. In the spring of 1929 he took part in the National Open Golf Championship, qualifying for play against the leading professionals of this and other countries, but withdrawing afterwards. In June, 1929, he won, with his father, William Clark Fownes, Jr., the Father and Son Championship at the Oakmont course. This victory, gained by one stroke, marked the fifth victory of this championship by Mr. Fownes and his father, the title having been held by them during the first four years of the play, which began in 1922.

Mr. Fownes married, November 15, 1927, Margery Townsend, a daughter of the late C. C. Townsend, many years president of the Townsend Company, manufacturers of rivets, wire and wire nails. Mr. and Mrs. Fownes are the parents of one son, John Townsend Fownes, born August 26, 1928. The family residence is at No. 532 Wilkins Avenue, Pittsburgh. Mr. Fownes' business offices are located in Suite No. 2301 Clark Building, Pittsburgh.

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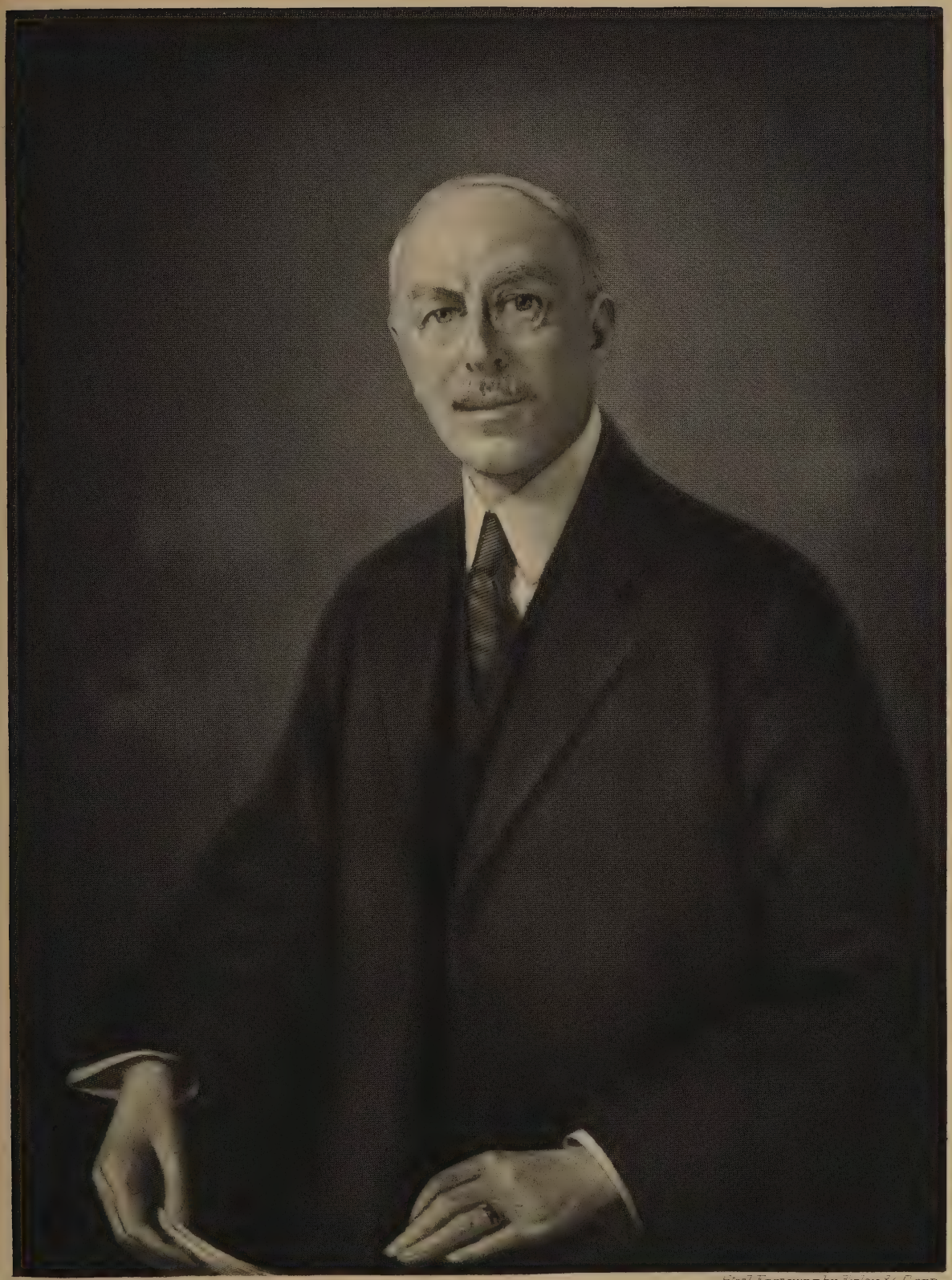
**OLIVER SYLVESTER HERSHMAN**—Publishers and editors of America are familiar with the record of Oliver Sylvester Hershman, who, as president, publisher and owner of The "Pittsburgh Press," came into national renown for the outstanding success of that publication. Known to his many associates in Pittsburgh and elsewhere by the affectionate title of "Colonel," he was justly entitled to that cognomen by virtue of his military and State interests, having been aide with the rank of lieutenant-colonel on the staffs of two Governors—first appointed to the staff of Governor Stuart, in 1907, and reappointed by Governor Tener. Colonel Hershman was a leader



American Historical Soc'y.

Steel Engraving by Finlay & Dunn

Oliver S. Strauss.

in newspaper publishing circles for some forty years; his newspaper experience as a whole from the time when he began in a modest rôle until he disposed of his great journalistic holding seven years before his death, ran nearly three-score years; and throughout that extended period his advancement was steady. As the publishing field in Pittsburgh grew, so did his leadership in that field augment. His career *entoto* provides both guidance and inspiration for all who are interested in the business departments of journalism, and its record is one of the romances of American business; for the Colonel, beginning as an office boy, hewed out his fortune, progressing rung by rung up the ladder of his life's chosen work until he held the responsible place for which he will be recalled to his late associates. Colonel Hershman was a leader also in Republican circles, a national character in the shaping of opinion for support of that party's organization through several decades; he was a champion of all that was best in civic, social and economic and cultural fields for those about him in the city and State; and his patriotism was of that stamp which leads men to do their utmost as citizens, in times of peace and its progressive administrations as well as in the turbulent times of warfare.

The Colonel came from a stock well known for its patriots, and his father, we should note in this connection, laid down his life for the cause of the Union in the War Between the States. Henry Logan Hershman had been a resident of Allegheny County for many years. An honorable, upstanding figure here, he is listed among the pioneer builders of the Greater Pittsburgh area, and when the call for Federal reënforcements came he was among the first to leave his home and family to carry arms in courageous vindication of the unification of the Nation, preserving it from secession, and helping to put down the traffic in slaves. Killed in line of duty, 1863, he left a glorious heritage, and very little more. His widow, the former Lucy Buhoup, was left with the care of the modest family home and the rearing of their son, Oliver S. Hershman, whose birth had occurred, in Allegheny County, on July 2, 1859.

Orphaned at the age of four, he was early faced with the problems of making his way—not that the family was in want, but simply through the psychology of personal responsibility, the attitude toward life and the world engendered in the young at the loss of a parent. He inclined toward a sober, even a grave outlook, and this caused him to put his strength and mind to the test of man's estate fully a decade before the average lot of men of today, who, reared in luxury and afforded a college education in some cases by them unwanted, fail to get down to work until after the age of their majority. Hence it was a combination of advisability and this early childhood attitude toward a career that caused Oliver S. Hershman, then aged twelve, to find employment on the old "Morning Mail." That was in 1871; and during the next fifty-two years closing with 1923 he applied himself assiduously to every task at hand. Eager to learn of newspapering, he approached it from the business point of view, and he realized that to progress he must educate himself. Kindly managers and editors guided him in this, taking pleasure in helping a boy patently so eager for knowledge; and the net result was, that Colonel Hershman, who had left his formal schooling, received a far better and more individual schooling at the hands of his superiors and himself. He read voraciously, took absolute enjoyment in abstract principles, and at the same time held a thoroughly practical understanding of the theories' application, particularly in publishing. When he was fourteen he went to work for "The Evening Telegraph," and as this was an afternoon newspaper he did his studying at night. "The Mail," as a morning paper, had forced him to observe irregular hours and to study at odd times. From the point of view of his pay, too, the second job was better. "The Mail," we may note, was Pittsburgh's first penny newspaper; "The Telegraph" was a more conservative publication, and with it Colonel Hershman built his career.

In 1884, after he had been with the paper eleven years, it was consolidated with "The Chronicle," under the name of "The Chronicle-Telegraph." The amalgamation proved markedly fortunate for "The Telegraph" as well as for the reading public, who were better served; and Colonel Hershman was now in a position to take a hand in the direction of the newspaper. He acted as secretary of the corporation, then was advanced to the post of treasurer, finally became general manager, and in the course of time and increasing resources purchased control of "The Chronicle-Telegraph." It was, under his management, a very paying proposition, for he exercised a practical vision rarely encountered, and took an interest in the editorial policy of his publication as well as in its business department, realizing that the news was his stock in trade. He gave the best of news coverage, locally and nationally. In 1900, receiving a good offer and having other ideas in mind, he disposed of his newspaper to the late Senator George Oliver, and bought "The Pittsburgh Press," which had been founded in 1883 by Thomas M. Bayne. Almost simultaneously, now, he purchased "The News"; merged the latter with the former; retained the title, "The Pittsburgh Press," and during the next twenty-three years, on policies already well understood by him, and proven to be successful, built up this organization until it was one of the greatest in the Nation. "The Press" is remembered as one of the strongest papers in Pittsburgh. It acquired a volume of advertising that for many years put it at the head of contenders for supremacy in that category, and it frequently, during the annual check-ups, headed the list of all American dailies for volume of paid space. Colonel Hershman retained the authority

of editor as well as of publisher; was president, treasurer and chief holder of stock in the publishing company issuing the paper—the Press Publishing Company—and held these dual positions until he sold out to the Scripps-Howard newspaper chain.

Scripps-Howard, who control more than a score of strong newspapers throughout the United States and whose chief newspaper today is "The World-Telegram" (an amalgamation of the old "World" and "Telegram") of New York City, had not at that time entered the New York field, and acquisition of "The Pittsburgh Press" was their most ambitious step ahead as successful publishers. They paid six and a quarter millions for Colonel Hershman's property and good will. This was the largest sum ever paid over up to 1923 for a single general newspaper in this country, and, according to newspaper executives, the price was not exorbitant, as it very closely approximated a just appraisal based on the revenue produced over a long period of years by that excellent publication. And we have here the picture of a publisher accepting these millions for something he himself had created, in the course of his honorable and progressive years, dating from the time when he was receiving a few dollars weekly as office boy in the old Pittsburgh "Mail." It has been said, with justice, that Colonel Hershman's life affords material for a novel of American life. A great publisher, he was a great citizen, the benefactor of his city, and the supporter of his party and the Nation.

Colonel Hershman's various newspaper properties were strictly non-partisan, giving both the Republican and Democratic views on all national questions, criticizing both when occasion demanded, praising either when a step considered for the best welfare of the people as a whole was taken. Locally, his papers preserved an even more independent viewpoint if that was possible; for the Colonel stood always for the advancement of the interests of Pittsburgh, regardless of party considerations. Himself a Republican, it was perhaps a temptation at times to use the tremendous influence at his daily command for his favorite measures, but so fair was his point of view he would not do this. Both sides courted his personal favor as well as his journalistic support; he gave his personal favor where he pleased, but his paper always had to find the middle, cooler course, sounding the general trend of thought, championing measures occasionally at odds with the Colonel's own desire. In such a case the policy of the paper dominated his personal preference. The people and the paper before self, might have been his watchword. A dominant factor in the Republican ranks, his paper found much to support which found favor with that party, and Colonel Hershman personally was a leader in its field. In 1904 he was delegate to the Republican National Convention at Chicago, and we have already mentioned his appointment to the staffs of two of the State's chief executives. His business and profession as publisher and editor—these were his main diversions as well as his work. He loved his work both as a vocation and an avocation, and found many theories and causes to champion through the columns of "The Pittsburgh Press." His foremost interest in life, outside the paper, was in the support and education of the children of his employees and friends. These he contrived to educate, giving them advantages which he himself had had to strive for at odd hours while working; and it was a common saying among his associates that no kinder man than the Colonel ever drew breath. His benefactions were bestowed quietly, and oftentimes his nearest associates were unaware of his gifts; for he shunned publicity for himself. In point of service he became the oldest editor and publisher in the city of Pittsburgh, being one of the oldest in America. Numbers of present-day journalists whose names are nationally known had their training under him; he inspired them to their best, and often made it possible for them to advance when another might have found it expedient to curb their blossoming talent. Unselfishness was a keynote of his character; he never begrudged another what could fairly be earned, in his own or in another field. He was a warm advocate of amateur athletics, sports in general filling what he considered a necessary part in the lives of men; and he was an incorporator of the Forbes Baseball Field. It was Colonel Hershman's backing that resulted in formation of the Pittsburgh Newspaper Publishers' Association. He was a trustee of the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital, member of the American Academy of Political Science, the National Geographic Society, Western Pennsylvania Exposition Society, the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce; belonged to the Duquesne, Union, University, Pittsburgh Country, Oakmont Country, the Automobile and Pittsburgh Athletic clubs; held club memberships at Santa Monica, California, the Deal Golf Club, near Allenhurst, New Jersey, and was affiliated with several other civic, social and fraternal organizations, among them the Fellowship Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons. Of all these organizations his favorite probably was the Pittsburgh Publishers' group, of which he was president several terms, and through which he upheld steadily the ideals of the business-profession that he had made his own.

On May 24, 1904, Colonel Hershman married Belle C. Boyd, of Akron, Ohio, member of a family prominent in that city and State. Their children are: 1. Cecile Jane Boyd, who married Madison J. Keeney. 2. Harold Boyd Hershman. 3. Elda Belle Vaught. The family residence is at No. 200 Bellefield Avenue, and here Mrs. Hershman continues to reside.

The associates of Colonel Hershman united in paying him their last respects, concurring in their high opinion of his service to the city, the State and Nation. His death occurred in Pittsburgh, July 9, 1930. A number consider that he was the

dominant factor in modern journalism, from both the business and editorial viewpoints, in Pittsburgh and the State. Others, regarding his life in retrospect, hold his memory worthy for his benefactions, for the inspiration he gave to individuals as a man, and for the notable example of his life in its living. Certain it is that he was a useful citizen, a devoted husband and father, and that the quality of his works entitled him to distinction as a man truly great among his fellows.

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**FREDERICK BROWN UTLEY, M. D.**—In the broad and important field of internal medicine, Dr. Frederick Brown Utley, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, is recognized as a leading practitioner. His practice and reputation have steadily grown during the twenty-two years of his activity in Pittsburgh, and his usefulness to mankind and to his profession has been enhanced by his services as teacher of internal medicine in the Medical School of the University of Pittsburgh.

Frederick Brown Utley was born March 15, 1880, at Rodman, Jefferson County, New York, son of Charles Albert and Mary (Brown) Utley, both deceased. The father who was in early life a farmer, during his later years was associated with a silk manufacturer at Gloversville, New York. There the son attended grammar and high school, pursuing his academic studies at Yale University, from which he graduated in 1903 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In 1907 he graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Columbia University, in New York, and obtained his degree of Doctor of Medicine. His early practical experience was also gained in New York, where, from July 1, 1907, to July 1, 1909, he was interne at the Presbyterian Hospital, and for six months house physician. On July 1, 1909, he went in the Sloane Hospital for Women, specializing in obstetrical cases. Thus was he occupied until October in the same year, when he moved to Pittsburgh and took the post of resident obstetrician at the old Reineman Hospital, now part of the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital. During the two and a half years of his tenure of this office, Dr. Utley was also engaged as part-time instructor in obstetrics in the Medical School of the University of Pittsburgh. From January 1, 1912, to July 1, 1916, he was associated with Dr. James D. Heard, professor of medicine at the University of Pittsburgh. Also, from January 1, 1912, to the time of writing (1929), save for the interruption of his military service, he has been teaching internal medicine in the Medical School, first as demonstrator, second, as instructor, and now as assistant professor of medicine. During this same interval, the doctor has been conducting a private practice, with the emphasis laid on internal medicine, his offices being in the Highland Building, East End, until 1925, and since then in the Physicians Building. He is a staff member of St. Francis Hospital in internal medicine, occupies a place on the staff of the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital and is medical consultant to the Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburgh. He belongs to the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, which he served as secretary from 1918 to 1924, and as president in 1924-25; and to the American College of Physicians; the American Society for the Study of Internal Secretions; the Biological Society of the University of Pittsburgh, which he served as president in 1925-26; and the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

In June, 1918, Dr. Utley entered the Medical Corps of the United States Army as captain and served at Base Hospital at Camp Hancock and also at Base Hospital No. 125, where he was commanding officer at the time of his discharge in March, 1919, with the rank of major. He now holds a major's commission in the Medical Reserve Corps. He is a member of the national honorary societies, Phi Beta Kappa, and Sigma Xi, and for the past seven years has been a member of the alumni council at large for the latter organization. His political views are Republican. He is a communicant of the Shadyside Presbyterian Church and a member of the University Club of Pittsburgh.

Frederick Brown Utley married, June 10, 1915, in Pittsburgh, Florence Day, daughter of the late Thomas P. Day, of Pittsburgh. Two children were born of the union, twins: Florence Day, and Frederick Brown Utley, Jr., born April 4, 1916. By a former marriage, Mrs. Utley is the mother of two children: William Means Day, born in 1905, now with the New York Telephone Company in New York City, and Elizabeth K. Day, born in 1907, connected with the Trust Department of the National City Bank of New York. Mrs. Utley is a member of the Pittsburgh Golf Club, although neither she nor her husband care for golf.

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**EDWARD W. ENNIS** was born in Pittsburgh, October 20, 1890, the son of Edward W. Ennis of Pittsburgh, who was connected with the steel industry until his death, and Elizabeth (Brown) Ennis, a native of Glasgow, Scotland. Mr. Ennis attended the public schools in Pittsburgh, and then began his business career with the Joseph Horne Department Store, of Pittsburgh, with which he remained four years. He then spent six years with the Keeling Coal Company of Pittsburgh, and in 1914 he became associated with Frank D. Saupp, Inc., distributors of Dodge motor cars. With this company Mr. Ennis served first in the capacity of accountant, and in 1924 he was made secretary of the company, which office he continues to fill. Mr. Ennis is also president of the Health Products Company, and vice-president of the Highland Brokerage Company, and the Carrick Greenhouses, Inc.

Mr. Ennis is a member of the Keystone Athletic Club, and the Pittsburgh Council of the Knights of Columbus. In politics he is an Independent, and in religion, a Roman Catholic, belonging to the parish of St. Wendelin. His recreation is bowling, in which sport he shows marked ability.

Edward W. Ennis married (first), in 1917, Anastasia Freund, of Pittsburgh, and her death occurred in 1919. They had one child, Edward Joseph. Mr. Ennis married (second), in 1923, Hilda Segar, of Pittsburgh, and they are parents of a son, Charles Wilfred.

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**HARRY ELLSWORTH WINNER, Ph. B., Ph. M., L. L. D.**—An educator of distinguished record through many years, Dr. Harry Ellsworth Winner is now principal of the South Hills High School, largest institution of secondary education in the Pittsburgh section. He has passed his entire active career in western Pennsylvania, and is well known to the people of this State.

Dr. Winner was born on January 30, 1878 at Sandy Lake, Pennsylvania, son of James and Sarah C. (Smith) Winner. His father was a farmer by occupation and is now deceased. Harry Ellsworth Winner, the son, attended the rural schools of Mercer County, Pennsylvania, and the grade and high schools at Sandy Lake, Pennsylvania. Later he studied at Fredonia Institute, and in 1901, on the completion of the required course, was graduated from Grove City College with the Bachelor of Philosophy degree. Later he did graduate work in education at the University of Wisconsin, where he took the Master of Philosophy degree in 1921. A few years later, on the anniversary of his completion of a quarter of a century of educational work following graduation from college, Grove City College conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. Dr. Winner taught first in the rural schools of western Pennsylvania, devoting himself to his duties there from 1895 until 1900. In the year 1901, which saw his graduation from Grove City College, he became principal of the high school at Duquesne, Pennsylvania, and in 1903 was made supervising principal of the Duquesne public schools. Three years later, in 1906, he was elected supervising principal of Howard sub-district schools of the city of Pittsburgh, serving as supervising principal of McKee, Woolslair and Andrews schools from 1906 to 1917. In the meantime he had become a well-known member of his profession in the Pittsburgh section, and on the opening of the South Hills High School on April 9, 1917, he became principal of this institution, an office in which he has since served with conspicuous success. This high school, with the largest enrollment in Pittsburgh of any public school, now numbers 2,618 pupils, drawn from the following districts: Duquesne Heights, Mt. Washington, Allentown, Beltzhoover, Knoxville, Beechview, Lee, Banksville, Brookline, and West Liberty. On its opening in 1917 there were only two hundred and sixty-five pupils and sixteen teachers. Thus it will be seen that the enrollment has increased ten-fold in thirteen years. The high school building was entirely completed in September, 1925, and there are now ninety-six teachers under Dr. Winner's supervision. Much of the progress of the institution which he heads may be attributed to his guidance.

Dr. Winner is a life member of the National Education Association, a member of the Pennsylvania State Educational Association, the Pittsburgh Principals' Club, and the Pittsburgh High School Principals' Club. He has been extremely active on behalf of Pennsylvania schools and general educational progress, and was one of the original advocates of the School Code which became a law in 1911. Dr. Winner also represented the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce at Harrisburg during the legislative hearings on this code. He is the author of a number of articles on education, one of the best known of which is the "Distribution of Grades in High Schools." In general he has contributed much to the betterment of the school system of Pennsylvania. Apart from his professional connections, Dr. Winner is a member and Past Master of St. John's Lodge, No. 219, Free and Accepted Masons. He worships with his family in the Presbyterian faith, being a member, ruling elder and teacher of the Men's Bible Class at the First Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh.

On December 23, 1915, Harry Ellsworth Winner married Adeline W. Mollenaeur, and they are the parents of one son, Hal M. By a previous marriage Dr. Winner has another son, E. J. Winner. The residence of the family is situated at No. 426 Eureka Street, Mt. Washington Station, Pittsburgh.

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**ROBERT EDWIN WITHERS**—Identified for more than three decades, practically throughout his entire business career, with the Aluminum Company of America, Mr. Withers, as the result of his outstanding ability, rose very rapidly and since 1898 has been treasurer of this famous and powerful industrial enterprise. In more recent years he has also filled the office of vice-president in charge of finance and has been a member of the board of directors. He holds similar positions in respect to a large number of the subsidiaries of the company and ranks as one of the outstanding executives. He is widely known in Pittsburgh, where he has had his business headquarters for many years and he is a member of several of the leading local clubs. He has also taken an active part in other phases of the community's life, and he naturally is regarded as one of the representative and public-spirited citizens of Pittsburgh.

Robert Edwin Withers was born at Danville, Virginia, March 13, 1865, a son of Dr. Robert E. and Mary Virginia (Royall) Withers. On both his parents' sides he comes from families settled in this country for several generations. His father was a physician and one of Danville's most respected citizens. At the outbreak of the Civil War, Dr. Withers held the rank of colonel of the 18th Virginia Regiment in the Confederate Army. He was the first nominee for Governor of the State of Virginia after the Civil War, served as Lieutenant-Governor of his State, later becoming a United States Senator and finally Consul General of the United States at Hong Kong, China.

R. E. Withers

Dr. Withers was a prominent member of the Masonic fraternity and had the honor of serving as Grand Master of the Knights Templar of the United States.

Mr. Withers was educated in public and private schools in Virginia, supplemented by a course at the Virginia Military Institute, from which he graduated in 1885. Shortly thereafter, he accepted the position of Vice and Deputy Consul of the United States at Hong Kong, China, where he served with distinction for five years. In 1893 he came to Pittsburgh and entered the Keystone Bank as a clerk. He remained there only a short time and in 1895 entered the employ of the Pittsburgh Reduction Company, now the Aluminum Company of America, as chief clerk at the New Kensington plant and he has been with the company ever since. He was made treasurer of the company in 1898 and still retains this office. He was made vice-president in charge of finance in 1922 and a director of the company in 1927. He is also treasurer and director of the United States Aluminum Company, assistant treasurer and director of the Aluminum Cooking Utensil Company, treasurer of the Aluminum Ore Company, treasurer and director of the Aluminum Seal Company, treasurer of the Bauxite & Northern Railway Company, treasurer and director of the Alton & Southern Railroad, treasurer and director of the St. Lawrence River Power Company, assistant treasurer and director of the Massena Terminal Railroad Company, treasurer and director of the Knoxville Power Company, treasurer and director of the Tallassee Power Company, treasurer of the Alcoa Power Company, Limited, treasurer of the St. Louis & Ohio Railroad. His religious affiliation is with the Calvary Episcopal Church, of which he is a member of the vestry. He is president of the board of trustees of Arnold School; and for fifteen years he has been a trustee of the Family Welfare Association (formerly Associated Charities of Pittsburgh). In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party. His principal recreations are golf, fishing, and hunting. He is a member of the Duquesne Club, the University Club, the Oakmont Country Club, and the Masonic Fraternity.

Mr. Withers married, June 2, 1892, Mary Cloyd Kent, of Wythe County, Virginia. Wythe County was named after Chancellor Wythe, who was one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. Mr. and Mrs. Withers are the parents of two sons: Robert Edwin, Jr., and Kent Cloyd. The family home in Pittsburgh is located at No. 924 South Aiken Avenue, and Mr. Withers also maintains a summer home in Wythe County, Virginia, which is known as "Ingleside."

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**EDWIN S. CARPENTER**—The president of E. S. Carpenter, Inc., of Pittsburgh, is Edwin S. Carpenter, distributor for the Graham-Paige automobile in western Pennsylvania. An acquaintance with the Paige car as salesman, which has extended over a period of ten years, long ago convinced Mr. Carpenter of its superiority. This conviction, and his broad sales experience, have enabled Mr. Carpenter to increase his business about four hundred per cent. in the past five years, and to give service to seventy dealers in western Pennsylvania.

Edwin S. Carpenter was born May 19, 1890, at Holden, Missouri, about forty-five miles southeast of Kansas City. His father was George W. Carpenter, for many years engaged in the insurance business in Kansas City, and his mother was Ella S. Carpenter. The son was educated in grammar and high school at Kansas City. His business career began at seventeen, when he went to work for the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway as a clerk. Four years later, when he was twenty-one, he became branch cashier, in Kansas City, for the Reliance Life Insurance Company, the home office of which is in Pittsburgh. His dependable and efficient conduct of his department at Kansas City won recognition from the home office which selected him in 1915 as traveling auditor, with headquarters at the home office in Pittsburgh. He then became assistant to the vice-president. In 1919, Mr. Carpenter resigned from his office with the Life Insurance Company and became a retail salesman for the Pittsburgh Paige Company. Later he became sales manager, and in 1924 he purchased the local distributing company, operating for a time under the old title. It was in 1928 that he reorganized his business under its present title of E. S. Carpenter, Inc. He has eighty men in his organization and occupies one of the best locations in the city for his line of business, a site on Baum Boulevard. H. K. Sullivan is secretary-treasurer of the corporation. Mr. Carpenter belongs to the Pittsburgh Automobile Dealers' Association, the Chamber of Commerce, of Pittsburgh, the East Liberty Trade Association, and the Keystone Athletic Club.

In 1913, Edwin S. Carpenter married, in Kansas City, Missouri, Madge Elizabeth Miller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Z. T. Miller of that city. Mr. and Mrs. Carpenter reside at No. 3133 Raleigh Avenue, Dormont, Pennsylvania.

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**I. LAMONT HUGHES**—Thirty-three years ago, when Mr. Hughes was nineteen years old and had just graduated from high school, he entered the employ of the Carnegie Steel Company as a draftsman in the engineering department of the Edgar Thomson Works at Braddock. Today (1931) he is the president of the Carnegie Steel Company. The intervening years he spent almost entirely with this one company, though from time to time he held important positions for short periods with other enterprises in the steel industry. His rise, during which he filled with unusual ability and success numerous positions of great responsibility, has been one of the romances of the steel industry and today Mr. Hughes ranks as one of

the ablest of the younger generation of steel executives. His success has left him untouched, as far as his manner towards others is concerned, and he undoubtedly is one of the most popular and best liked executives, being equally popular with his associates and with his employees.

I. Lamont Hughes was born at Mercer, Mercer County, January 25, 1878, a son of John and Mary Elizabeth (Ketler) Hughes. He is of Irish-American descent. His forebears were fighters for the cause of the Colonies in the American Revolution and pioneers in the development of the "West," as the region west of the Alleghenies was known at that time. His great-great-grandfather fought seven years in the Continental Army, and his great-grandfather was a pioneer settler in the fertile lands of what is now Mercer County, when that territory was a favorite Indian camping ground. Dr. Isaac C. Ketler, a brother of Mr. Hughes' mother, founded Grove City College. Mr. Hughes' father was a staunch Presbyterian, who taught his children catechism and reverence for the Bible. Mr. Hughes received his early education in the public grammar schools of Mercer and New Castle and later came to live with his sister in Braddock, where he attended high school at North Braddock. At high school he was active in all sports and also devoted himself to his studies to such good purpose, that he headed his class at graduation time with a scholastic record better than had ever been made since the high school had first been established.

Immediately after graduation from high school, Mr. Hughes entered the employ of the Edgar Thomson Works of the Carnegie Steel Company at Braddock. He obtained a position in the engineering department under Mr. E. E. Slick, then chief engineer of the plant and now president of the United States Glass Company. Mr. Hughes was put to work with the engineering corps, spending part of his time in the drafting room and part in the mill with the rod and chain. His ability and industry were quickly recognized and before long he was kept entirely in the drafting room and was given most of the work, which had to be done in a hurry. Though he worked hard during these years he found time and energy to take a correspondence course in mechanical engineering and to study at night. Thus he was fully prepared for the opportunity which came to him in 1901, only four years after he had first entered the employ of the Carnegie Steel Company. At that time the Union Steel Company was building a plant at Donora and Mr. Hughes accepted appointment as head of the drafting room and as assistant master mechanic. He remained there for four years, but when at the end of this period he did not receive the promotion, which he had expected and to which he felt himself entitled, he severed his connection with the Union Steel Company and returned to the Carnegie Steel Company. At that time he was appointed master mechanic of the bar mills of the Carnegie Steel Company in Youngstown, Ohio, his position including the upper and lower mills in Youngstown and the mills at Warren and Girard, Ohio, and at Greenville, Pennsylvania. In March, 1906, Mr. Hughes was made assistant general superintendent of the bar mills of the Youngstown district and five years later, in March, 1911, he became general superintendent of these mills. He continued in this capacity until January 1, 1916, when he was made assistant general superintendent of the entire Youngstown district of the Carnegie Steel Company, whose operations at that time included the construction of the modern steel bar mills and townsite at McDonald, Ohio. In June, 1916, he was sent to Canada as general superintendent in charge of the Canadian Steel Company's project at Ojibway, Province of Ontario. Two years later, in June, 1918, he returned to the United States and became general superintendent of the operations carried on by the United States Steel Corporation for the United States Government at Neville Island, Pittsburgh, which involved extensive construction work of a projected ordnance plant. When this work was curtailed with the signing of the Armistice, Mr. Hughes was made president of the Lorain Steel Company at Johnstown, Pennsylvania, the duties of which position he assumed on May 1, 1919. Soon afterwards, on January 1, 1920, he was made general superintendent of all the operations of the Carnegie Steel Company in the Youngstown district. There he remained for five years until January, 1925, when he was elected a vice-president of the Carnegie Steel Company, having at that time the distinction of being the youngest of the four vice-presidents. In April, 1928, he was made vice-president of the United States Steel Corporation in charge of operations and also assistant to James A. Farrell, president of the corporation, with headquarters in New York City. When, on August 25, 1930, ill health had caused the resignation of William G. Clyde as president of the Carnegie Steel Company, Mr. Hughes was elected to this office by the board of directors on September 1, 1930. This brought him back to Pittsburgh, where his offices are located on the eleventh floor of the Carnegie Building.

He is also president and a director of the Carnegie Steel Company of New Jersey, the Carnegie Steel Company of Pennsylvania, the Clairton Steel Company, the Clairton By-Product Coke Company, the Carnegie Land Company, the Clairton Land Company, the Girard Land Company, the Sharon Land Company, the Conneaut Land Company, the Sharon Coke Company, and the Bessemer Electric Power Company. He also is a member of the boards of directors of the Carnegie Natural Gas Company, the H. C. Frick Coke Company, and the Trotter Water Company. His interest in civic affairs finds expression in his service as a member of the boards of directors of the Carnegie libraries of Braddock, Homestead, and Duquesne, and as member of the board of trustees of Grove City College. He is a member of the American Iron and Steel Institute, the Engineers Society of Western Pennsylvania, the

Duquesne Club, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Youngstown Club, and the Youngstown Country Club. His favorite form of recreation is horseback riding and he is a great lover of horses. Physically, he is always perfectly fit, largely due to the fact that he exercises freely. His principal form of exercise is walking, and each day he almost invariably walks from his home to his office.

Mr. Hughes married, in September, 1902, Elizabeth Little, a daughter of John and Elizabeth (George) Little, of Braddock. Their only child is I. Lamont Hughes, Jr., born February 22, 1918.

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**NORMAN CHARLES OCHSENHIRT, M. D., M. S.**—The beginning of his active career as a physician and surgeon was postponed by Dr. Ochsenhirt, so that he might serve as an officer in the United States Army Medical Corps during the World War. After his honorable discharge from overseas service and upon his return to civilian life, Dr. Ochsenhirt practiced for a short time in a small town in Pennsylvania, then returned to Pittsburgh, where he has continued in the practice of his profession. At first carrying on a general practice, Dr. Ochsenhirt later specialized in surgery and today he is numbered among the most successful of the younger generation of surgeons in Pittsburgh. He is a member of numerous medical associations and is active in hospital work, as well as in teaching at both the medical and dental schools of the University of Pittsburgh. His professional standing is of the highest and he enjoys a large and important practice.

Norman Charles Ochsenhirt was born at Allegheny, now North Side, Pittsburgh, February 12, 1892, a son of Charles and Clara (Bossert) Ochsenhirt. His father is a native of Pittsburgh, his mother of Ohio. Both are now living in Pittsburgh, where his father is successfully engaged in the meat business. Dr. Ochsenhirt received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Allegheny and was graduated from the Allegheny High School in 1907. Later he attended the University of Pittsburgh, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1916 and with that of Doctor of Medicine in 1917. He served as an interne at the Allegheny General Hospital, but on September 21, 1917, enlisted in the United States Army Medical Corps and was promptly commissioned a first lieutenant. He served overseas in France with Base Hospital No. 24 and Base Hospital No. 90. He continued in active service until July 31, 1919, when he received his honorable discharge with the rank of first lieutenant. At that time he established himself in the private practice of medicine at Enon Valley, Pennsylvania, and remained at this location for over one year. Returning to Pittsburgh, Dr. Ochsenhirt became associated in the practice of medicine with Dr. E. J. Thompson, a well-known North Side physician. This association continued until July 1, 1924, when Dr. Ochsenhirt went to the famous Mayo Clinic at Rochester, Minnesota, where he had received a fellowship in surgery. He remained there for three and one-half years and in June, 1927, received the degree of Master of Surgery from the Graduate School of the University of Minnesota. Dr. Ochsenhirt returned to Pittsburgh in September, 1928, and has been engaged in the general practice of surgery since then with offices in the Jenkins Arcade. He is a member of the surgical staff of the Presbyterian Hospital and of the Suburban General Hospital. Dr. Ochsenhirt also devotes considerable time to teaching and he is a demonstrator in surgical anatomy at the Medical School of the University of Pittsburgh and assistant professor in oral surgery at the Dental School of the University of Pittsburgh. He is a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, and the Pittsburgh Surgical Society, as well as of Davage Lodge, No. 374, Free and Accepted Masons, and the Faculty Club of the University of Pittsburgh.

Dr. Ochsenhirt married, June 30, 1920, Avis Hisey, of East Palestine, Ohio, a daughter of Elmer and Alice (Forney) Hisey. Dr. and Mrs. Ochsenhirt make their home at No. 249 Hilands Avenue, Ben Avon. They have one daughter, Avis Marie, born October 2, 1927.

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**REV. HUGH THOMSON KERR, D. D.**—One of the outstanding ministers of the Presbyterian Church in the United States is the Rev. Dr. Hugh Thomson Kerr, pastor, since 1913, of Shady Side Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh, one of the most noted churches of this city. Not only has he held from time to time important offices on several of the Presbyterian national boards, but in May, 1930, he was elected to the highest office in the Presbyterian Church, that of Moderator of the Presbyterian Church of the United States. Besides being an eloquent and impressive preacher and a very active pastoral worker, Dr. Kerr has also been effectively active in many other directions. Bible teaching, traveling, and the writing of religious and educational books, all alike have received a share of his time and attention. He is a member of numerous Masonic organizations as well as of several of the leading Pittsburgh clubs, and for years he has been prominently active in the affairs of the Western Theological Seminary and of the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburgh. His position in Pittsburgh is one of influence and importance.

The family, of which Dr. Kerr is a member, is of Scotch origin and was transplanted to this continent by his grandfather, who settled in Canada, the native country of Dr. Kerr.

Standing in the beautiful and historic cemetery in the village of Elora, in Wellington County, Province of Ontario, Canada, is a tall shaft to the memory of William Kerr, a noted soldier under Wellington and Moore, and on the monument is also an inscription in memory of William Kerr, Jr., long a well-known citizen of Elora.

These two men are the grandfather and father respectively of Rev. Dr. Hugh Thomson Kerr.

William Kerr, the elder, was born at Paisley, Scotland, October 26, 1791, died at Harrison, Province of Ontario, Canada, November 5, 1878, and was buried at Elora. He entered the English Army when he was only fifteen years of age, and being a strong, well-built lad, he readily passed the recruiting officer. He was sent off with the noted 91st Highlanders to Spain and was present under Picton during the many engagements which ended with the battle of Toulouse. He was with Sir John Moore on his retreat and fought at Corunna on the sixteenth of January, 1809. He also took part in the battles at Nivelle, Nive, the Pyrenees, Bayonne, Vittoria, Orthez, Toulouse and other engagements which marked Wellington's final campaign in Spain. With his regiment he took part in the famous battle of Waterloo. This brave soldier came to Canada in 1861 and for many years the family resided at Elora.

William Kerr, Jr., Dr. Kerr's father, who is also buried in the plot at Elora, was born in 1832 and died in 1904. He was married to Ann Thomson, who was born in 1837 and died in 1921. They were the parents of a family to be proud of, the sons being ministers, doctors and one lawyer, and the one daughter marrying a minister. The lawyer, James Kerr, is buried at Elora. The living children, besides the subject of this article, are: Dr. William Kerr, Dr. Thomas Kerr, Dr. John A. Kerr, Dr. Robert Kerr, Rev. Alexander S. Kerr, and Mary, wife of the Rev. Henry Pritchard.

Hugh Thomson Kerr was born at Elora, Province of Ontario, Canada, February 11, 1871, a son of the late William Kerr, Jr., and Ann (Thomson) Kerr. He received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Toronto, Canada, and then attended the University of Toronto, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1894. The next year he received the degree of Master of Arts from this institution. He then spent one year studying theology at Knox College, Toronto, Canada, and continued his theological studies at the Western Theological Seminary in Pittsburgh, which he attended during 1896-97. On October 14, 1897, he was ordained to the ministry of the Presbyterian Church. His first pastorate was with the Oakland Presbyterian Church in Pittsburgh, with which he remained until 1901. He served as pastor of the Hutchinson, Kansas, Presbyterian Church during 1901-08 and then, during 1908-13, as pastor of the Fullerton Avenue Presbyterian Church in Chicago, Illinois. Since 1913 he has been the pastor of the Shady Side Presbyterian Church in Pittsburgh.

For many years prominent in the work of his denomination, he was elected Moderator of the Presbyterian Church of the United States in May, 1930. He is also president of the Board of Christian Education of the Presbyterian Church and a past president and a member of the board of directors of the Western Theological Seminary in Pittsburgh. Another institution in which Dr. Kerr has long been interested is the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburgh, of which he is a member of the board of trustees. During the World War he spent three months in France as a member of the Harbison Commission of the Young Men's Christian Association, investigating the activities of that organization overseas. He spent one summer in the study of theology at Oxford University, England, and, in 1926, made a tour of the Orient in behalf of the educational and missionary activities of his denomination. For nine years he has practiced every Sunday evening over radio station KDKA, and he was among the first to broadcast to the Arctic and the Antarctic.

Dr. Kerr has also been active in Sunday school work, and for seventeen years he has taught a group of Bible students known as the "Pitkin Club" and composed of University of Pittsburgh students. He also teaches what is known as the "Teknon Club," composed of students from the Carnegie Institute of Technology. He is the author of numerous books along religious and educational lines, all of which enjoy considerable popularity and which include the following: "The Gospel in Modern Poetry," "From Port to Listening Post," "Children's Story Sermons," which has been translated into the Japanese, Chinese and Korean languages, "Children's Missionary Story Sermons," "Children's Gospel Story Sermons," "The Highway of Life," and "Old Things New." He is a member of the Duquesne Club and the Longue Vue Country Club, as well as as of Crescent Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and the various other Masonic bodies up to and including the Valley of Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. His favorite recreations are golf and fishing.

Dr. Kerr married at Harmony, Pennsylvania, in 1901, Olive Boggs, a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Detmore Boggs. Dr. and Mrs. Kerr have three children: 1. Anna B., who married Dr. John W. Harmeier, a physician connected with the Mayo Institute at Rochester, Minnesota. 2. Hugh Thomson, Jr., a member of the class of 1931 at Princeton University. 3. Donald Craig, a student at Shady Side Academy, Pittsburgh. The family home is located at No. 827 Amberson Avenue, Pittsburgh, where Dr. Kerr has his study.

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**HILF BROTHERS**—For almost half a century the firm of Hilf Brothers have been leading building contractors in the Mount Washington section of the Pittsburgh district. From the time of its establishment in 1884 by Daniel Hilf, father of the present members of the firm, this company has been extremely active in building work at Mount Washington, maintaining the highest standards of quality both in excellence of design and honesty of materials.

Daniel Hilf was born in 1861 at Rockerbach bei Neustadt an-der-Aisch, Germany, and came to the United States at the age of nineteen years,

settling in Mount Washington, Pennsylvania. Through his initiative, the present organization, Hilf Brothers, stands today as a monument to his ability and industry. From 1884 until 1907 the name of the firm was Daniel Hilf, but in the latter year Mr. Hilf's eldest son, Philip, joined him as a partner and the name then became Daniel Hilf and Son. In 1915, when the second son, Frederick W., was admitted to partnership, the name was changed to Hilf Brothers, although the father still remained at the head of the business until a few days before his death. Finally, in 1921, a third son, Albert W., became a member of the firm. This company has always done general construction work, principally residential, and practically all of its building has been at Mount Washington. During all the time that Daniel Hilf was active in the firm, they built on an average of at least one residence a week; and as this is the oldest contracting organization in Mount Washington, there is a tradition behind their work, built up of years of service to the community, which is jealously maintained. In connection with their contracting the partners of the firm carry on a real estate business. They also do all their own architectural work and design, as well as the mill and finishing work. In this way they are able to render a complete service to home builders of Mount Washington who have not been slow to avail themselves of the opportunity thus offered to secure the finest possible work at reasonable cost. Few organizations or individuals have contributed so much to Mount Washington's growth.

It was characteristic of Daniel Hilf, the founder, that, quite apart from his business activities, he devoted himself most generously to the upbuilding of the community. Liberal in his contributions to worthy causes, he was prominent in church and civic life and in fraternal affairs, setting a high example of community leadership and service for others to follow.

Philip Hilf, eldest son of Daniel and Katherine (Volk) Hilf, and senior member of the present firm of Hilf Brothers was born at Mount Washington, Pittsburgh, on September 13, 1884. His mother was born in Reichelsheim, Hessen-Darmstadt, Germany, in June, 1860, and died in Pennsylvania, on June 20, 1920. A brother of his mother served in the Union cause during the Civil War. Philip Hilf attended the public schools of Pittsburgh, and later studied at Pittsburgh Academy. He began his active career in 1900, when he started work with his father, learning the building trade from the beginning. At this time he was sixteen years old, but already at the age of nine, he had worked in the office on specifications. Mr. Hilf's knowledge of the entire business, acquired by first-hand experience, is very complete and thorough, but there is a division of labor and responsibility among the brothers, and he has special charge of the framing and outside building. This work, needless to say, he carries on with complete success.

In fraternal affairs, Mr. Hilf has long been active, particularly in the higher Masonic bodies. In this great order he is a member of Germania Lodge, No. 509; Zerubbabel Chapter, No. 162, Royal Arch Masons; Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar; all bodies of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, including the Pennsylvania Consistory; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Mr. Hilf is a Republican and is also a member of the Syria Auto Club, the Pittsburgh Auto Club, and an active member of the German Congregational Church at Mount Washington. Apart from the duties of his contracting work, he is president of the Mount Washington German Building and Loan Association.

On June 15, 1905, at Pittsburgh, Philip Hilf married Grace L. Reid. They have three children: 1. Grace, who became the wife of Philip Meider and has one daughter, Carol Grace. 2. Philip Reid, a musician, attending Pittsburgh Academy. 3. Mildred L. Mr. and Mrs. Hilf maintain their residence at No. 135 Navahoe Drive, Mt. Lebanon. Mr. Hilf's offices are at the headquarters of his company, Gray and Norton streets, Mount Washington.

Frederick W. Hilf, second son of Daniel and Katherine (Volk) Hilf, was born at Mount Washington, Pittsburgh, on January 25, 1895. Like his brother he attended the grade schools of the city, and later studied at Fort Pitt Business College. In 1910 he began work with his father and brother, and in 1916 was admitted to partnership in the firm. Mr. Hilf's special duties consist in supervising the foundation and heavy construction work of the company. He has devoted himself to this phase of their activities for many years and is thoroughly expert in its accomplishment. Contributing his part to the progress of the firm, he has shared in the prosperity he helped to create.

Like his brother, Mr. Hilf has been active in the Masonic fraternity of the State, being a member of Schidle Lodge, No. 650, a member of all higher bodies of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, including Pennsylvania Consistory, and a member of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is also a life member of the Cinosia Club, a Masonic organization, and a member of the Syria Auto Club. Mr. Hilf worships with his family in the German Congregational faith, and is a consistent Republican in politics.

In 1917, at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, Frederick W. Hilf married Amelia Vetter. They are the parents of six children as follows: 1. Elizabeth K. 2. Daniel. 3. Margaretta L. 4. Mildred W. 5. Dorothy. 6. Lois Jean. The family residence is situated in Mount Lebanon at No. 274 Beverly Road.

Albert W. Hilf, third son of Daniel and Katherine (Volk) Hilf, was born at Mount Washington in 1896. He graduated from the Pittsburgh grade schools and high school, and attended Carnegie Institute of Technology for two years. For three years thereafter Mr. Hilf was associated as mechanical engineer with the Union Carbide Com-

pany, and for one year with the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company. Then he spent a year in the employ of Day and Zimmerman in Philadelphia, and finally, in 1921, became a partner with his brothers in the firm of Hilf Brothers. In the meantime he had acquired considerable architectural experience, as well as practical training in the estimation of costs, and this is the work to which he devotes himself in the firm. He is registered in New York State as an architect. Mr. Hilf has handled the architectural details connected with the construction work of the company in a manner to merit high praise, and has exercised an important influence in purely business affairs. He is known as one of the most able of Mount Washington's younger business men.

Fraternally, Mr. Hilf is affiliated with Niagara River Lodge, No. 785, Free and Accepted Masons, being also a member, in this order, of Buffalo Council, Royal and Select Masters, and Ismalia Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, at Buffalo, New York. Mr. Hilf is a Republican in politics, and a member of the German Congregational Church. His home is at No. 137 Academy Avenue, Mount Lebanon, Pennsylvania.

In 1921, at Niagara Falls, New York, Albert W. Hilf married Muriel L. Townsend. Mrs. Hilf is a graduate of Cornell University, where she took the Bachelor of Arts degree. They have three children: 1. Eileen J. 2. Gloria M. 3. Paul T.

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**JOB BURTON**—Prominent industrialist and capitalist engaged for many years as a powder manufacturer, the late Job Burton was a man whose passing brought widespread sorrow in business and fraternal circles of Pittsburgh. Born January 1, 1868, in Wednesbury, Staffordshire, England, he died suddenly, while en route to Cleveland from Pittsburgh, at St. Elizabeth's Hospital in Youngstown, Ohio, June 29, 1924, aged fifty-six years. Son of Samuel and Jane (Hill) Burton, he had come to America with his parents when less than two years old; and as a consequence his earliest memories were of Pennsylvania, where the family settled and in which he spent his life. He grew to manhood at Sharpsburg, meanwhile attending school in Mount Washington, Pittsburgh, and all through life was distinguished for intellectual curiosity. Always a student, he became a man truly well educated, in philosophy as well as facts.

The surname Burton, we may pause to relate before proceeding with Job Burton's career, arose from the residence of the family in a parish of that name. The original meaning was "a fortified enclosure," and hence the name appears frequently throughout England. Richard de Burton appears in the rolls of Freeman of York in 1312, and a William de Burton is in the poll tax of Yorkshire in 1379, while another of the name, John de Burton, is listed in Kirby's Quest of Somersetshire, 1327. Indications are that the family to which Job Burton belonged was that of Burton-on-Trent in Staffordshire, whence the members came to this country. Arms are recorded in the name:

*Arms*—Azure, a fesse between three talbots' heads erased or.
*Crest*—A serpent winged with legs azure, scaled argent, standing on a ducal crown or.

Samuel Burton, late father of Job Burton and of note as the family's founding member in America, was of Wednesbury, Staffordshire, registration district of West Bromish. Born January 26, 1830, he married, about 1850, Jane Hill, born July 27, 1830. With his wife and family he came to this country in 1869, and for many years engaged as an iron and steel worker at Sharpsburg. In the family were children as follows: 1. Jane Elizabeth. 2. Noah. 3. Enoch. 4. Samuel. 5. James. 6. George. 7. Frederick. 8. Daniel. 9. Samson. 10. Job, of whom we write.

Job Burton, of the second generation in America, began his active career on completion of his studies in Pittsburgh, 1885, when he was seventeen. With the explosive manufacturing firm of Arthur Kirk and Son, this city, he found employment, and throughout life proved himself a man of action rather than words, with remarkable ability and tireless energy. In his first position, for fifteen years, he made evident such a willingness to assume responsibility that he rose rapidly to higher and more responsible posts. He had made such a thorough study of the business in that time that when, in 1900, the E. I. du Pont de Nemours corporation acquired the control of the Kirk organization, he continued with the larger concern as manager of sales. After three months with his second employers he organized the Burton Powder Company of Pittsburgh, the charter being granted in 1901. Thereafter, elected president of the company bearing his name, he occupied himself in charge of an increasingly important manufacturing house. In 1907 he organized and erected the plant and works of the American High Explosives Company, also of Pittsburgh, with factories at Lowellville, Ohio, and New Castle, Pennsylvania.

A man of untiring force, quick-moving, always ready to make a new friend, and with a wide reputation for honesty and good business judgment, he was remarkably successful as a salesman, and disposed of his company's products to a large clientele with whom he came into personal contact. Men preferred to deal with him personally, and his trade extended through Pennsylvania, New York, West Virginia, Ohio, and the western states. In certain memorable catastrophies his courageous spirit and quickness of perception rushed to the aid of the public, and his knowledge of explosives made him especially useful—as in the case of the Johnstown flood of 1889, when he directed the clearing away of the mass of debris brought down by swollen waters, thus preventing further loss of life and property. He helped con-

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Engdy Finley & Dunn

Job Burton

trol an ice jam of menacing proportions in the Allegheny River at Ford City, Pennsylvania, a few years thereafter.

When his business affairs had grown to a scope of sizable dimensions, making him a figure of influence in the Nation's powder-making industry, he disposed of the holdings to the Grasselli Chemical Company of Cleveland, in 1917, and retired from active affairs. Seven years of life remained to him. These he spent in direction of his personal financial affairs and in public-spirited works as citizen, many of these works being to the lasting benefit of Pittsburgh, where he continued to make his residence. He was a member of Crafton Lodge, No. 653, Free and Accepted Masons, and held all the intermediate degrees up to and including the thirty-second, as member of the Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. He was a member of Chartiers Commandery, Knights Templar, of Carnegie, Pennsylvania, and affiliated with Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. The Chartiers Heights Country Club provided him with an opportunity to engage in a favorite pastime—golf. He played in several tourneys in this part of the State, and belonged to other organizations of the out-doors, including the Pittsburgh Field Club and Pittsburgh Athletic Association. He was one of three honorary members of the Institute of Makers of High Explosives. In religious adherence he was a communicant of the Ingram Presbyterian Church. His residence was in Ingram for many years.

On May 29, 1900, at Ingram, Pennsylvania, Job Burton married Anna Bradley Small, who was born at Noblestown, Pennsylvania, November 12, 1866, a daughter of James Alexander and Anna M. (Cook) Small. Her father, who was born June 5, 1830, in Washington County, Pennsylvania, and who died April 26, 1884, engaged prominently in the harness and saddlery trades for many years. He traced his descent from Samuel Small. Mrs. Small was born in Canonsburg, Washington County, May 15, 1835, and died July 11, 1881. She was a daughter of Samuel and Mary (Huey) Cook, the former having been born in 1804. To Mr. and Mrs. Job Burton were born two children, who died in infancy; and Mrs. Burton continues to make her home in Ingram, at No. 27 Wheeler Avenue.

Keen, ever on the alert for methods of progress, kind and sincere in his bearing, the late Job Burton typified the best of America's business men. He was never too busy to lend a helping hand to those in need, or to those young men who aspired to emulate in any degree his own career. His faith in God was profound; so too was his love of his fellowmen, and his presence compelled friendship. Great and small alike were drawn to him by his unassuming courtesy and graciousness, and even when weighted down by his responsibilities his genial nature made itself felt.

His simplicity and straightforwardness inspired those qualities in others. To all men he was approachable, and to all a friend whose place cannot be filled, yet whose works endure after him in undiminished usefulness.

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**FRANK BRECKENRIDGE BELL, M. E.**—By profession a mechanical engineer, Mr. Bell has been identified with the steel manufacturing industry for more than three decades. During this long period he has been connected with various steel companies in the Pittsburgh and Chicago districts. For the last thirteen years he has been president of the Edgewater Steel Company of Oakmont, Pittsburgh, which he helped to organize and which has grown under his management into one of the most successful and most widely known establishments of its type. Its products enjoy a wide distribution and a wide reputation for quality and reliability. Though the management of this enterprise has required and received the major share of Mr. Bell's time and attention, he has found it possible to devote a part of his time to other activities. He is prominently active in religious and benevolent work and is a member of several well-known Pittsburgh clubs.

Frank Breckenridge Bell was born at Mercer, Pennsylvania, September 24, 1876, a son of the late John W. and Hester (Davitt) Bell. His father was a prominent attorney of Mercer County. Mr. Bell received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of western Pennsylvania and then attended Grove City College for one year, going from there to Lehigh University at Bethlehem. At the latter institution he studied engineering and, in 1897, he was graduated with the degree of Mechanical Engineering. Two years later, in 1899, he came to Pittsburgh as a draftsman with the Pressed Steel Car Company. The following year, 1900, he became connected with the sales department of the Crucible Steel Company of America, and with which he was identified during the construction of the Clairton Steel Works at Clairton, Pennsylvania. After this company had been taken over by the Carnegie Steel Company, Mr. Bell served for a time as assistant superintendent of the open hearth furnaces at Clairton. In 1905 he became assistant superintendent of the Latrobe Steel & Coupler Company at Melrose Park, Illinois. In this capacity he served four years, until 1909, when he left to become superintendent of the Inter-Ocean Steel Company at Chicago Heights, Illinois, a company which then had just been organized. He aided in building the company's new plant, and after the company had been sold, in 1912, to the Railway Steel Springs Company, served for a time as its superintendent. Returning to Pittsburgh, Mr. Bell was made president of the Kennedy-Stroh Company of Pittsburgh, on January 1, 1916. In the following year, 1917, he organized the Edgewater Steel Company of Oakmont, and became its president. His company took over the plant of the Kennedy-Stroh Company, enlarged it and turned it over to the

government during this country's participation in the World War. During this period a large number of six-inch and nine and one-half inch guns were manufactured for the United States Government at the Edgewater Steel Company's plant.

Mr. Bell is a member of the boards of directors of the Jessop Steel Company of Washington, Pennsylvania, of the United Engineering & Foundry Company, and of the Fidelity Trust Company of Pittsburgh. In 1921 he was appointed assistant district chief of the Pittsburgh Ordnance District under the United States War Department, and on November 15, 1930, he succeeded Mr. R. M. Dravo as chief of this district. He is a director of the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburgh and of the Western Theological Seminary. His clubs include the Duquesne Club, the Oakmont Country, the Longue Vue Country Club, and the Pittsburgh University Club; and he is also a member of Sigma Nu Fraternity. His religious affiliation is with the Shady Side Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Bell married at Mercer, Pennsylvania, June 16, 1904, Mary E. Stranahan. Mr. and Mrs. Bell, who make their home at No. 808 Devonshire Street, Pittsburgh, have three children: 1. Davitt S., who was graduated from Lehigh University in 1926 and is now (1931) associated with the Edgewater Steel Company. 2. James A., who was graduated from Williams College in 1928 and is now studying law at the Harvard Law School. 3. Elizabeth E., a member of the class of 1932 at Smith College.

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**LEO LEHMAN**—General manager, secretary and treasurer of the Pittsburgh store of May, Stern and Company, Leo Lehman has spent his entire business career with this organization and has risen to his present responsible position through hard work and consistent effort. In the remarkable expansion of the Pittsburgh enterprise Mr. Lehman has figured prominently, his services proving repeatedly of decisive value to his company. In spite of the demands of business upon him, however, he has never lost touch with the realities of life and has given generously of his time and substance to the support of civic and benevolent enterprises of the city.

Mr. Lehman was born on September 7, 1880, at Indianapolis, Indiana, a son of Joseph Lehman, now deceased, and of Jennie (May) Lehman. He obtained his education in the public schools of his birthplace, and in 1897, immediately following graduation from the high school, he entered the employ of May, Stern and Company as office boy in their Cincinnati store. His native ability, coupled with a strong desire to succeed brought him gradual advancement through various positions at Cincinnati, where he remained until 1901. He worked in every department of the business, and during this period of apprenticeship he became thoroughly familiar with various details of the company's operations. In 1901 Mr. Lehman was placed in charge of the Dayton, Ohio, branch of the company, dealing in retail furniture, and he continued as general manager of the store until the opening of the Pittsburgh branch on March 17, 1906. When this venture was first considered Mr. Lehman was chosen to assist in its organization, and at the opening he assumed the duties of manager. It has never moved from its first location, No. 914-20 Penn Avenue, although the present store and warehouse space is twenty times that of the original enterprise, and the staff of six employees has been enlarged to two hundred. Three of the original employees are still in the company's service. The Pittsburgh store is outstanding among the nine controlled by May, Stern and Company, the others being located at Cincinnati, Ohio; St. Louis, Missouri; New York City; Detroit, Michigan; Dayton, Ohio; Hartford, Connecticut; Indianapolis, Indiana; and Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Its trade is drawn from an extensive territory, encompassing western Pennsylvania, eastern Ohio, and part of West Virginia. More than a score of trucks are now needed for the delivery of furniture and house furnishings to customers in this territory, and the volume of trade is constantly increasing.

It would be difficult to over-estimate the importance of the rôle which Mr. Lehman has played in this record of progress and growth. He has been general manager of the Pittsburgh store since its establishment, building on sound principles of business operation, and guiding its affairs with sure hand along the pathway of success. Mr. Lehman has always taken a deep personal interest in assuring the customers of May, Stern and Company complete satisfaction. He has in his possession a sales slip dated 1898 at Cincinnati, for "One Bedroom Set, $37.50," and the history of this little incident well illustrates his painstaking care in serving patrons as well as his unusually good memory. This sale was made by him to a colored woman at Cincinnati at the beginning of his career with May, Stern and Company. Some fifteen years later, after Mr. Lehman had come to Pittsburgh, he saw this woman walking by the store, and immediately recognizing her, he called to her, greeting her by name much to her astonishment. She again became a customer of his company, and a few days later returned the sales slip for her original purchase to Mr. Lehman in recognition of his consideration and kindness.

May, Stern and Company have always been vitally interested in the welfare of those communities in which their stores are located, lending their hearty support to worthy movements of civic or benevolent character. Some years ago when the magnificent highway, Boulevard of the Allies, was cut out along the cliffs of the Monongahela River, the company landscaped the course of the highway, planting flowers, trees and shrubs to eliminate the unsightly gash caused by excavation.

Recognizing the need of playground facilities on the North Side, Leo Lehman on behalf of his firm, May, Stern and Company, presented the city of

Pittsburgh with a playground immediately adjoining their warehouse, running through from Lacock Street to River Avenue. This civic interest has been widely commented upon and, quoting Leo Lehman when the playground was established, "We sincerely hope that our actions will not only serve a much-needed cause, but likewise be an inspiration to others."

In addition to his position as secretary and treasurer of May, Stern and Company, and manager of the Pittsburgh store, Mr. Lehman is also a director of the company. He is treasurer of the Millard Realty Company of Pittsburgh, an important real estate organization, and owner of the Granite Building, a well-known office building in this city. His business connections, however, have by no means absorbed all his time and attention. He has been extremely active in civic and philanthropic work, contributing generously of his time and attention to many enterprises. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, while he is also vice-chairman of the Allegheny County Town Hall Committee, president of the Pittsburgh Bureau for Jewish Children, treasurer of the Gusky Orphanage and a member of the board of the Pittsburgh Jewish Federation, and Montefiore Hospital. He is affiliated fraternally with the Free and Accepted Masons, and in politics is a Republican voter. The Helping Hand Association and some of the charitable activities of Father Cox engage Lehman's attention.

Mr. Lehman maintains his Pittsburgh residence at No. 5687 Beacon Street. He has never married and his mother lives with him at his home, where he devotes his spare moments to a greenhouse, open to the public, in which many rare plants are on display.

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**CHARLES C. ERHARD**—As secretary-treasurer and director of the Bridgeville Trust Company, of Bridgeville, Pennsylvania, Charles C. Erhard takes an important part in the life of his community and that of the entire Pittsburgh district, of which this is a part. He is also active in the affairs of the town, and is a participant in many enterprises for civic improvement.

Mr. Erhard was born in Bellefonte Center County, Pennsylvania, on September 27, 1890, son of the Rev. Robert Lewis and Mary Jane (Morgan) Erhard, both of whom were natives of the Bellefonte community. His father was a minister in the Methodist Episcopal Church, who died in September, 1921; and his mother, Mary Jane (Morgan) Erhard, a woman of Scotch, Irish and Dutch descent, died in February, 1913. Charles C. Erhard received his early education in the public schools of Braddock, Pennsylvania, having graduated from the high school there with the class of 1909. He began his business career with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, with which he remained in the capacity of clerk for three years. He went next with the Keystone Driller Company, of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, as auditor, and in this position served for three years. He then became associated with the Beaver County Trust Company, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, as secretary and assistant treasurer, and so continued for nine years until, in 1924, he came to Bridgeville and took up his work with the Bridgeville Trust Company, which long has played a significant rôle in the financial world of this community. At that time he became the institution's secretary and treasurer and, in 1926, he was appointed a director of the bank. He is one of the company's valued officials.

Mr. Erhard is prominent in the affairs of the community in and near Bridgeville, and is especially active in civic matters, maintaining a lively interest in politics. His party alignment is with the Republican organization, of which he is a staunch supporter. He is treasurer of three different school districts, and treasurer of the Bridgeville borough schools, as well as of the Collier Township schools, the South Fayette Township schools, and the Upper St. Clair Township schools. In fraternal activities he is a foremost figure, being a member of the New Brighton Lodge, No. 329, Free and Accepted Masons; the New Castle Consistory of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Masons; and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in which he is affiliated with Robinson Lodge. His religious faith is that of the Presbyterian Church.

It might be well, in connection with the record of Mr. Erhard's life, to tell something of the great financial institution in whose affairs he plays so important a part. The Bridgeville Trust Company was organized on October 22, 1902, the first bank to be established in Bridgeville. Its first officers were: John F. Hosack, president; S. A. Foster, secretary and treasurer; and W. W. Murray, vice-president. Its present officers (those in 1929) are: George P. Murray, president; Mr. Erhard, secretary and treasurer. And on the directorate are some of the most loyal and public-spirited citizens of Bridgeville. The present bank building was erected in 1923 at the corner of Washington Avenue and Station Street.

Charles C. Erhard was married in June, 1912, to Margaret Grace Crawford, of New Brighton, Pennsylvania, daughter of William J. and Mary J. (Campbell) Crawford. By this union there have been two children: 1. Margaret Jane, born in January, 1914. 2. Charles C., Jr., born in November, 1919.

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**MOSES SCHONFIELD, M. D.**—A leading pioneer in the use of physio-therapy in the Pittsburgh medical profession was Dr. Moses Schonfield, one of the most popular practitioners in the city. His offices are in Suite No. 432-46, Union Trust Building, Pittsburgh.

Moses Schonfield was born on November 10, 1880, in Columbus, Ohio, son of Louis and Hannah (Nathan) Schonfield, both now deceased. The father was a prominent merchant in Columbus for a time and later in Pittsburgh. The son attended

public schools in Greenville, Ohio, and graduated from high school in Pittsburgh in 1897, next matriculating in the Medical College of the old Western Pennsylvania University, now the University of Pittsburgh. From that institution, he graduated and received his degree of Doctor of Medicine before he reached his twenty-first birthday. That same year he was launched in general medical practice, and he has continued to serve the city of Pittsburgh as a family physician during the intervening thirty years. He belongs to no particular school and restricts his practice to no specialty. Dr. Schonfield has always believed in the efficacy of physio-therapy, however, and was the first to advocate it in Pittsburgh medical circles. The system he first made use of in 1905 has now become a part of every hospital service. Dr. Schonfield continues to give a good deal of attention to this form of treatment. Formerly he was on the staff of the South Side Hospital and of St. Joseph's Hospital. He is a member of the Allegheny County, and the Pennsylvania State Medical Societies, and a Fellow of the American Medical Association.

During the World War Dr. Schonfield served as a member of the local examining board. He is a Republican in politics, a member of the Junior Order, United American Mechanics, and of the Knights of Pythias.

Moses Schonfield married, in Pittsburgh, in 1922, Mary Louise Eldridge, daughter of Samuel and Anna (Scott) Eldridge, both of whom are deceased. Dr. and Mrs. Schonfield reside at No. 4600 Bayard Street, Pittsburgh.

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**KIRKPATRICK Q. BIGHAM**—Son of a distinguished father and member of one of the best known families of western Pennsylvania, Kirkpatrick Q. Bigham has been active in the executive direction of important affairs for many years. His own interests have occupied the greater share of his attention, but for some twenty years he served as a member of the Pittsburgh City Council, and has otherwise contributed to the city's progress.

Mr. Bigham was born in Pittsburgh on March 17, 1851, a son of the Hon. Thomas J. and Maria Louisa (Lewis) Bigham, both now deceased. His father was very active in public life and civic affairs, serving in the State Legislature for a number of terms, and for one term as State Senator. He was one of the most respected men of his time, and an influential figure in the Republican party.

Kirkpatrick Q. Bigham attended the University of Western Pennsylvania, now the University of Pittsburgh. Beginning his active career soon afterwards, he was connected for five years with the engineering department of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and then took up the study of law in the offices of his father and brother. The firm of Thomas J. Bigham and Son, with offices at Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, was very well known in legal circles, and following his own admission to the bar, Mr. Bigham continued in practice with distinguished success until 1902. In that year he opened an office in Mt. Washington, that he might devote his time exclusively to his own affairs. Mr. Bigham is vice-president and was one of the original organizers of the South Hills Trust Company. For fifty years he had been secretary of the Duquesne Inclined Plane Company, when he retired. In these various connections he demonstrated executive talents of a high order, guiding the enterprises under his control with sure hand along the pathway of success. From his father he inherited high standards of service in the public interests, and Mr. Bigham has never failed in his civic duties, no matter what the pressure of his own affairs might be. Not only did he serve from 1880 to 1902 as a member of the Pittsburgh City Council but he has constantly lent his influence and support to worthy movements for advance and progress, enjoying the confidence and respect of the people of this section.

Kirkpatrick Q. Bigham married Emma Tanner of Pittsburgh. Their residence has been maintained for many years at Bigham's Woods, Mt. Washington. Mr. Bigham's offices are situated at No. 1212 Grandview Avenue.

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**WILLIAM J. HOLLAND, Sc. D., D. D., LL. D., L. H. D.**—One of the most distinguished of American scholars, Dr. William J. Holland has achieved a position of eminence in an amazing diversity of fields, ranging through the physical and social sciences to the realms of education and religion. He was born on August 16, 1848, at Bethany, a Moravian mission-station near Mandeville, Jamaica, West Indies. His father, the Rev. Francis Raymond Holland, was a native of North Carolina, a descendant of John Holland, one of the early settlers of Salem (now Winston-Salem) in that State. On his father's side Dr. Holland is descended from the well-known English family, to which belonged Philemon Holland, the translator of Pliny and other classic authors, and William Holland the friend of Whitefield and Wesley. His mother was the only child of Jacob Wolle and Eliza (Horsefield) Wolle of Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, through whom Dr. Holland traces his descent from some of the very early settlers of New England, New York, and Pennsylvania. His ancestor, the Rev. Francis Doughty, is said to have been the first Presbyterian clergyman in North America. He held the first services in the English language on Manhattan Island in 1638, at the request of the Dutch Dominie. Doughty subsequently died in Maryland, the second Governor of which colony was his brother-in-law, William Stone.

At the time of his birth, Dr. Holland's parents were stationed as missionaries of the Moravian Church in Jamaica. In early childhood they brought him to the United States, residing first in Ohio and then later, from 1858 until 1863, in North Carolina, where his father was the pastor

of the Moravian Church in Salem. In the fall of 1863 the family removed to Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, his mother's home.

Dr. Holland received his early education in the schools of the Moravian Church. He completed the prescribed course of study at the Moravian College at Bethlehem in 1867 before he had attained his eighteenth birthday. He is (1931) the oldest living alumnus of that institution. In January, 1868, he entered Amherst College as a junior, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1869. He was immediately made principal of the Amherst High School, where he taught from 1869 to 1870. He then became principal of the high school at Westborough, Massachusetts. During the two years, which succeeded his graduation at Amherst he studied medicine under preceptors, while performing his duties as a teacher. In the spring of 1871 he abandoned the idea of entering the medical profession and in the fall of that year was matriculated in Princeton Theological Seminary, where he completed the regular course of study in 1874. Dr. Holland was ordained as a clergyman of the Moravian Church in the spring of 1872 and during the summer and part of the fall of that year served Moravian churches in Philadelphia, but in the spring of 1874 he became a member of the Presbytery of Monmouth, New Jersey. He was shortly afterwards transferred to the Presbytery of Pittsburgh, and in April of 1874 became the pastor of the Bellefield Presbyterian Church in Pittsburgh. His pastorate continued until the spring of the year 1891. During the seventeen years that he was pastor of the Bellefield Church he was for a long period the permanent clerk of the Presbytery of Pittsburgh, and also served as a trustee of many educational institutions in the city, among others the Pennsylvania College for Women, where for two years, as an act of kindness, he served without compensation as professor of the ancient languages, teaching Latin and Greek. In the year 1887 he received leave of absence from his pastoral duties and went to Japan as the naturalist of the United States Eclipse Expedition under the Navy Department and the National Academy of Sciences. In 1889 he received a similar appointment as naturalist of the United States Eclipse Expedition to Angola, West Africa. Dr. Holland resigned the pulpit to accept the chancellorship of the Western University of Pennsylvania (now the University of Pittsburgh) in the spring of the year 1891. At that time the only departments in the University were the College, the School of Civil and Mechanical Engineering, and the Allegheny Observatory. During his administration the departments of instruction in electrical and mining engineering, medicine, law, dentistry, and pharmacy were added, and the movement to reconstruct the Allegheny Observatory was begun. The number of students was multiplied eight-fold and the university grew and prospered until it held in point of numbers the second place among institutions of higher learning in Pennsylvania. Dr. Holland served as the head of the university until the spring of 1901, when he resigned his position in order to devote his entire time to the affairs of the Carnegie Museum, with which he had been connected since its foundation in 1897.

Between Andrew Carnegie and Dr. Holland there had long existed a close and intimate frendship, beginning as far back as 1874. When Mr. Carnegie announced his gift of a library to the city of Pittsburgh the first trustee named in his letter of gift was Dr. Holland; and later when Mr. Carnegie created the Carnegie Institute, the first name suggested as that of trustee was his old friend, the chancellor of the university. Dr. Holland prepared the constitution and by-laws of the Carnegie Institute, which were adopted by the trustees. He became the director of the Carnegie Museum in 1898, and served continuously in that capacity until 1922, since which year he has been director emeritus. From 1904 until 1922 he also served as trustee of the Carnegie Hero Fund Commission, of which he became president in 1922 and still holds that office. In addition, Dr. Holland has been a member of the board of trustees of the Carnegie Corporation of New York since 1922.

To recount in detail the astonishing range of Dr. Holland's interest in the field of science would require far more space than is here available. Some interesting facts may, however, be mentioned. In early life he was devoted to the study of languages and comparative philology and is known as an accomplished linguist. Besides being familiar with Latin and Greek, which he taught for a number of years after graduation, he devoted himself early in life to the study of the Semitic languages as well as the modern tongues of Europe, all of which he reads and many of which he speaks. He took the Carter prize at Princeton for the best knowledge of Hebrew on entering Princeton Seminary, and devoted much time to the study of Chaldee and Arabic. He was a private pupil in Arabic of the late Professor William Henry Green of Princeton, who urged him to make the study of this language his life-work. In Amherst he enjoyed the friendship and companionship of Joseph Neesima, the first Japanese educated in the United States. He taught him Greek and Neesima in return taught him Japanese. Dr. Holland has a reading knowledge of a score of the modern languages; and has made public addresses in German before learned societies in Berlin and Vienna; has lectured in French in Paris; and in Spanish in Madrid and elsewhere.

While a devoted student of languages through his life, Dr. Holland has been no less devoted to the natural sciences and to art. His father was interested in conchology, his mother's father was an accomplished amateur botanist, the friend of Asa Gray, Torrey, Darlington, and other leaders of botanical research in America. His mother's cousin, the late Dr. Thomas Horsefield, was for fifty years the head of the India Museum in Lon-

don. He naturally inherited the tastes of his ancestors. In very early childhood he began to collect plants and animals and to study their ways.

Soon after settling in Pittsburgh he took up the study of entomology and eventually acquired through purchase and through the service of collectors, whom he employed in different parts of the world, the largest collection of butterflies of the world in private hands in North America. The collection is now deposited in the Carnegie Museum. He has written many papers and books in which he has described hundreds of species new to science from all parts of the world. He is regarded today as one of the highest living authorities upon the lepidoptera (butterflies and moths), and his published papers on entomology number over one hundred and thirty titles. He is the author of "The Butterfly Book," "The Butterfly Guide," and "The Moth Book," published by Doubleday, Doran and Company. A revised edition of the first work at this writing is going through the press, over sixty thousand copies of the first edition having been sold. He is regarded especially as an authority upon the lepidoptera of Africa, from which continent he has described many hundreds of species new to science.

Dr. Holland, however, has not confined himself to the field of entomology. He is recognized today as one of the leading paleontologists of America. As a young man at Amherst he became deeply interested in paleontology under Professor Hitchcock. Shortly after the opening of the Carnegie Museum Mr. Carnegie informed him that he was deeply interested in forming a collection of the extinct animals of North America, and informed Dr. Holland that all the necessary funds needed to make such a collection were at his command. He at once organized the Section of Paleontology in the Carnegie Museum and gathered about him a staff of competent assistants at the head of which was the late John B. Hatcher, one of the most famous paleontologists of America. The collection of paleontological specimens acquired is one of the largest and most important in the New World. One of the well-known specimens in this collection is the skeleton of the colossal dinosaur, *Diplodocus carnegiei,* replicas of which have been installed by Dr. Holland as gifts from Mr. and Mrs. Carnegie in nine of the national museums of Europe and America. Dr. Holland has written many important papers on the osteology of extinct vertebrates, the number of titles in this field being thirty-seven. He has also written upon ornithology (seven titles) and a number of papers on recent mammals.

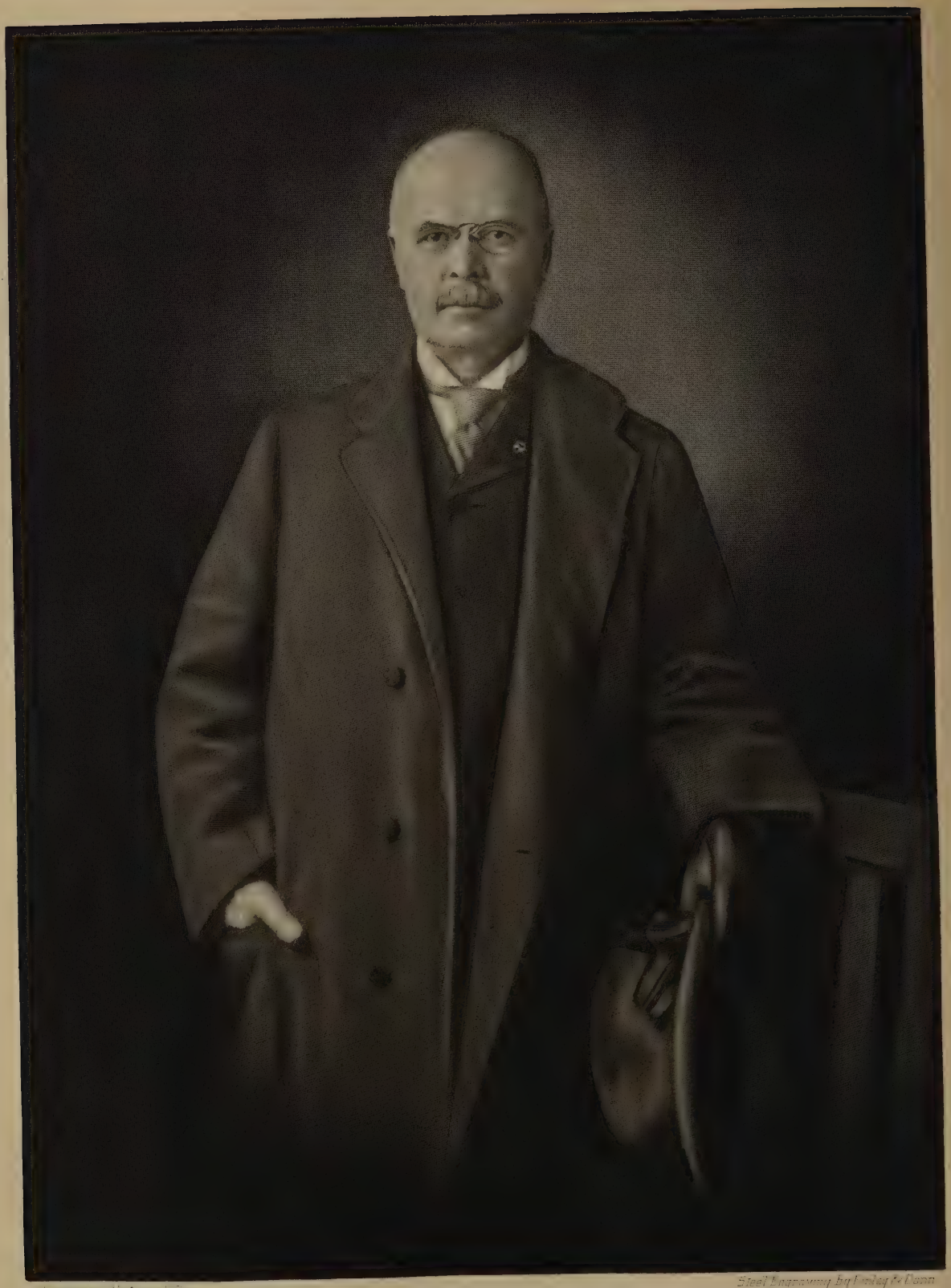
From their commencement to the present time Dr. Holland has been the editor of the publications of the Carnegie Museum, the Annals (twenty volumes) and the Memoirs (eleven volumes). His wide scientific knowledge is reflected in this array of important works, all the articles in which have felt the touch of his revising hand.

During the years in which he was the head of the University of Pittsburgh Dr. Holland lectured on political economy and international law as well as upon zoölogy. For many years he was a director of the Chamber of Commerce of Pittsburgh and often represented that body at the annual meetings of the National Chamber of Commerce in Washington, being on one occasion chairman of the Committee on Currency and Banking. In September, 1905, he delivered before the International Congress of Commercial and Industrial Corporations held at Liège, Belgium, an address on "An International System of Coinage," which was well received and has been translated into many European languages.

Dr. Holland has taken a deep interest in local history as well as in literature. His contributions to the history of western Pennsylvania have been numerous and have appeared in various publications. He contributed the article "Pittsburgh" to the "Encyclopædia Americana," and that on "Museums of Science," to the "Encyclopædia Britannica." His volume "To the River Plate and Back" (Putnams, 1913), may also be mentioned here. It is an account of his journey to South America in 1912 and met with the most cordial reception from the reading public on both sides of the Atlantic.

Still another feature of his amazing versatility is the considerable reputation which Dr. Holland has gained as a painter both in oils and water colors, and as an illustrator. His various books and scientific papers have all been illustrated in the main by his own hands. He formerly lectured upon the history of art, and the biography of Albrecht Dürer, published in the work entitled "Great Men and Famous Women," is from his pen.

In educational circles Dr. Holland has been a distinguished figure. His years of service as head of the oldest institution of learning west of the Appalachian Mountains, and his interest in other kindred institutions have won him a recognized place among the educators of this country. He was president of the Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools of the Middle States and Maryland, and presided at the sessions of this body at Johns Hopkins University in 1894. He is the author of the Act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania creating the College and University Council of that State. He is the oldest trustee of the University of Pittsburgh, and of the Western Theological Seminary. He was long a trustee of the Pennsylvania College for Women, of Washington & Jefferson College, and of the Pittsburgh School of Design for Women. He was one of the founders and first president of the Academy of Science and Art of Pittsburgh. For a number of years he has been president of the Pittsburgh Society of the American Institute of Archæology and served as a councillor of the institute. He is a member of the American Philosophical Society, a Fellow of the American Institute of Social Sciences, and a member of the Council of the Associ-



American Unitarian Soc'y

Steel Engraving by Linley & Conn

Wm M Conway

ation for International Conciliation. Dr. Holland also took the initiative in founding the American Association of Museums, of which he was one of the early presidents. In addition he is an active member of many of the foremost societies devoted to scientific research in both hemispheres. He is a member and former president of the Entomological Society of Cambridge, Massachusetts, and of western Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Entomological Societies of Washington, New York, Brooklyn, France, Germany, Russia, and Brazil; of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, and the Pennsylvania Historical Society. He is an honorary member of the Anthropological and Geographical Society of Sweden, of the Royal Academy of Sciences in Bologna, Italy, of the National Academy of Sciences in Argentina, and of the Royal Academy of Natural Sciences in Spain. He is honorary professor of biology in the University of Mexico. He is a member of the Authors Club in New York, the Cosmos Club in Washington, and the University Club in Pittsburgh.

In recognition of his distinguished career he has received many honorary degrees from leading educational institutions on both sides of the Atlantic. In 1908 the Emperor of Germany conferred upon him the order of the Crown of Prussia, III Klasse, and in the same year President Fallières in person bestowed upon him the order of Officer of the Legion of Honor. In 1909 the Emperor of Austria in person conferred upon Dr. Holland the order of Francis Joseph; in 1910 he was made a Commander of the Crown of Italy by King Victor Immanuel III; in 1911 he received from the Czar of Russia the decoration of a Knight of the Order of St. Stanislas of the II Class, with the star; in 1913 King Alfonso made him a Commander of the Civil Order of Alfonso XII; and in 1919 the King of Belgium personally conferred upon him in his office at the Carnegie Museum the order of Commander of the Crown of Belgium. From 1918 to 1922 Dr. Holland served as Belgian Consul for western Pennsylvania, and helped entertain the King of Belgium during his visit to Pittsburgh.

Dr. Holland's activities in community and public life have been constant. When Pittsburgh held an unenviable record because of the prevalence of typhoid fever he was one of those who took an active part in the campaign to bring about relief. He was appointed by the city a member of the Filtration Commission, of which he is today the sole survivor, and became chairman of the committees upon Methods of Procedure, and Water Analysis, to which the experimental work of the Commission was referred. He attended seventy meetings of the Commission and at his own expense visited Europe to examine all the filtration plants in operation, and also visited numerous American cities in company with other members of the Commission to study the work which was being done. The official report of the commission was written and edited by Dr. Holland and published by the council of the city. The result was the establishment of a great modern filtration plant and the practical elimination of typhoid fever from Pittsburgh. Dr. Holland might well say as he did to one interviewer, "If I had done nothing else in my life than help to eliminate typhoid fever from this community I should be happy." Fortunately, however, for those who have been touched and quickened by his influence he has done much more.

It seems almost impossible that one man in one lifetime should have accomplished so much and mastered so many phases of the great domain of human knowledge. Well may it be said of him, his life is crowned with years and honor and the love of many friends.

On January 23, 1879, Dr. Holland married Carrie T. Moorhead, youngest daughter of the late John Moorhead, one of the best known iron manufacturers of Pittsburgh. On January 23, 1929, Dr. Holland celebrated his golden wedding. Three sons were born to them: John Moorhead Holland, who died in infancy; Moorhead Benezet Holland, a lawyer and vice-president in charge of trusts in the Peoples-Pittsburgh Trust Company; Francis Raymond Holland, an artist and vice-president of the Ferargil Art Galleries on Fifty-seventh Street, New York City.

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**WILLIAM McCONWAY**—Future generations will recognize William McConway as one of the leaders in the building of industrial Pittsburgh, where he operated for many years as a manufacturer of iron and steel and became respected and admired by the whole community. Quiet in his manner of business execution, he went directly toward the goal of accomplishment and had reached it before the world at large became aware of the activity that had brought it about. His interest in education, in the general development and in all important civic matters won him the esteem of the public for services that will be enduring in their benefit to the people and will preserve his name as one of the leaders of his generation.

Born at Desert-Martin, County Derry, Ireland, February 14, 1842, he was a son of John and Isabella (Kissick) McConway, both natives of Derry. They were the parents of three children: 1. Ann Jane, who married John McCallim, deceased, of Sewickley, Pennsylvania. 2. William. 3. Sarah J., who married James B. Graham, of Pittsburgh. John McConway, an ardent Orangeman, came to America and settled at Paterson, New Jersey, and in 1849 his wife and her children followed on the ship "Erin-go-Bragh" and joined him, all very shortly removing to Pittsburgh, where John McConway died in 1853.

William McConway attended school in a building on Grant's Hill, later becoming the site of the Carnegie Building. Compelled to go to work when his father died, his initial employment was with the Livingstone Novelty Works, an enterprise of considerable importance at that period.

He remained with that house but a short time, however, leaving it to enter an occupation which was destined to be his life work. He obtained a better position with the Olnhausen and Crawford Company, manufacturers of malleable iron castings. He remained with this concern until the outbreak of the Civil War, when the patriotic spirit in the youth called him to the colors, and he entered the military service of the United States in September, 1861, as a member of Company M, 102d Pennsylvania Volunteers. This regiment was encamped near Washington during the winter of 1861-62, during which period the young soldier had been promoted to sergeant-major of the regiment and in that capacity accompanied it when it moved into the field to join General McClellan, then operating on the Virginia Peninsula. On July 2, 1863, he was commissioned a second lieutenant and in September, 1864, was honorably mustered out of the service, his contingent then being in the Shenandoah Valley. He had participated in the campaigns that included the operations at Williamsburg, Virginia; Fair Oaks, Malvern Hill, Chancellorsville, Spottsylvania, the Wilderness and at the capture of Marye Heights.

Returning to Pittsburgh from the battlefront, he reëntered the employ of Olnhausen and Crawford, where he was rapidly advanced in position, and on January 1, 1869, he became a member of the newly organized firm of Lewis and Company, which included Samuel Lewis and John J. Torley and which manufactured saddlery hardware and malleable iron castings. Mr. Lewis later withdrew and was succeeded by John Heath and William Dilworth, Jr., when the firm became McConway, Torley and Company, which existed as such until 1880, when Mr. Torley died and shortly afterward Mr. McConway purchased the interest of Mr. Heath and the firm was reorganized, to become the McConway and Torley Company, which was incorporated under that title in 1887. As early as 1873 the manufacture of saddlery hardware had been abandoned and the plant was devoted to an output of Janney car couplers, buffers and malleable iron and steel castings. Located in the old Lawrenceville section of Pittsburgh, the business was continuously prosperous and progressive under the able financial and executive work of Mr. McConway, turning out each year many thousands of tons of essential products and being one of the great industries of the city. In addition to his activities in the manufacturing field, he was a director of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, director of the Second National Bank and of the Union Switch and Signal Company. He was president of Allegheny Cemetery, trustee of Carnegie Institute, of Carnegie Institute of Technology, and of the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital and a member of the Pittsburgh Board of Education. In politics he was a loyal member of the Republican party and his advice and services to that organization were of great value. In fraternal circles he had been honored by election to the thirty-third degree in the order of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. He was Past-Master of Pittsburgh Lodge, No. 484; member of Zerubbabel Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Past Commander of Tancred Commandery, No. 48, Knights Templar; member of Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Masons; Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. For more than forty years he was a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He was a member of the Duquesne Club, of which he served as president from 1899 to 1901; Pittsburgh Club, Pittsburgh Athletic, Union and University clubs of Pittsburgh; Engineers' Club of New York City and a member of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States. He was also a member of a New York organization of Irish-Americans, the chief function of which was to care for their countrymen who had served in the Civil War. He was also senior warden of the Church of the Ascension. His death occurred July 26, 1925.

William McConway married (first), November 9, 1865, Margaret J. Lytle, of Pittsburgh, who died March 1, 1877. He married (second), January 14, 1880, Josephine Alden Eaton, of Pittsburgh, a descendant of John Alden of the "Mayflower," and other pioneer Colonial and Puritan stock. She is a daughter of F. H. Eaton, a prominent merchant, and Josephine (Alden) Eaton, who was a daughter of T. J. Fox Alden, a prominent Pittsburgh lawyer. Mr. and Mrs. McConway's children were: 1. Laura, married Homer Scoville, of New York City, and they are the parents of: Margaret, who married Dr. Ira V. Hiscock, of Yale University; Elizabeth, who married Norman Horn; and Lawrence. 2. Anne, married A. W. McEldowney and they are the parents of: Alison, who married Howard K. Walter; William M.; and Jane. 3. William, married Myra Thayer, and they are the parents of: Isabel, who married Charles T. Stebert; and Louise, who married Stanley O. Law. 4. Elizabeth, married Allen Hazen, deceased, and they were the parents of: Martha, who married Mason Allen Powell; Ruth; Abigail; Richard; Elizabeth; and Allen, Jr. 5. Margaret, married Scovel McLean Buckingham, and they are the parents of: Mary, who married Earl E. Donsten; Margaret; McLean; and Josephine Alden. 6. Josephine Eaton, married Edward J. Cheyney, and they are the parents of: Kirk L.; Charles H.; and Priscilla Alden.

It is not hyperbolical to declare that the citizenship of the late William McConway was ideal. He was not only an industrial leader and an outstanding contributor to the progress of the city of Pittsburgh and to that of the Nation, but he was a patriot whose loyalty to his adopted country was one of his greatest characteristics. He rose from the bottom of the ladder to the top rung and

in ascending it he carried others to success. In the pages of history his name will be indelibly recorded and in the memory of thousands of devoted friends he will remain in affection through life. His kind are rare and they cannot be forgotten.

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**CASPER P. MAYER**—Probably no man has played a more important part in the industrial and social development of the town of Bridgeville, Pennsylvania, than Casper P. Mayer, who from time to time has become engaged in different business enterprises and has brought into being six large factories—institutions which furnish employment to a number of the people of this part of Pennsylvania. When Mr. Mayer came to this place, Bridgeville boasted of only thirty-two houses. The number since that time has increased to five thousand. And a record of Mr. Mayer's life will show that he had more to do with this growth than might be at first imagined.

His early life was one of struggle and hardship. Born in Mifflin Township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, on August 2, 1857, he was a son of Casper and Katherine (Decker) Mayer. His father was born in France and was a miller by trade; he came to the United States, and here was engaged for many years as a miner and farmer. His mother was a native of Alsace-Lorraine. Both parents are now deceased. Casper P. Mayer received his early education in the parochial schools of his native district, and, through his father, early learned of work in the mines. He started to work in a mine when only twelve years old, and from then followed mining for ten years. In 1878 he came to Bridgeville, where for a year he worked in a mine; and, in 1879, at the age of twenty-two years, he became mine foreman in the so-called Bower Hill Mine here. He was made, in 1881, mine manager and mine engineer, and in this capacity continued until 1892, when he resigned. At the time when he was appointed mine foreman, Mr. Mayer was without a formal education; but, desirous of learning, he studied under a private tutor for seven years, until, at the age of thirty-two years, he resigned his position and attended, for two years, Curry University, of Pittsburgh. It was in 1886 that he passed the State mine managers' examination with the highest percentage of correctness in his work that was shown in any application in all Pennsylvania. In 1892, he resigned from his work in the mines, and bought out the firm of Fryer and Collins, retail lumber dealers, in Bridgeville, since which time he has continued the business under his own name; this business, however, has not been his sole activity.

It seemed that Mr. Mayer could not take a lively enough part in the business and industrial affairs of his town and community to suit him. So, with the passing of the years, he has become engaged in one enterprise after another, extending into many different industries and branches of life. In 1902 he built the C. P. Mayer Brick Company's plant, and began to manufacture all kinds of brick. This plant is still in operation. A year later, in 1903, he was one of the organizers of the Bridgeville Trust Company, and he was also a director for several years; he resigned this post to aid in reorganizing the First National Bank of Bridgeville, of which he is still a director. In 1906 he entered the general contracting business, which he conducted for more than two-score years under the name of the C. P. Mayer Construction Company, finally disposing of it in 1928. In 1917 he started the Mayer Aircraft Corporation, a pioneer organization in the aircraft field in Pennsylvania, and today he is the president of this company, which operates six passenger planes and carries on an extensive aircraft business. It has a thoroughly modern and up-to-date flying field, situated near Bridgeville, and is proud of having had the first cabin plane in Pittsburgh, a vehicle which was christened "Pride of Pittsburgh."

Mr. Mayer has been most active in the development of Bridgeville, having procured six factories for the community, and has at all times done everything in his power to aid in civic progress and growth. He is known affectionately by many of the inhabitants as the "Daddy of the Town." A staunch Democrat in his political alignment, he served for a time as a member of the School Board, and helped also to organize the borough of Bridgeville, on whose council he served for ten years. He is a member of the Knights of Columbus, and his religious faith is that of the Roman Catholic Church.

Casper P. Mayer married, in 1878, Minnie Schulte, of Bridgeville, daughter of A. J. and Minnie (Nickoli) Schulte. By this union there were two children: 1. Frank C., born in 1879, who is a graduate of Duquesne University and is now owner and operator of the C. P. Mayer Brick Company, having bought this business from his father in 1924. 2. Charles M., born in 1881, graduated from Duquesne University, and was killed in a gas explosion in 1927. Mr. Mayer has also four grandchildren: Casper P., Francis, Grace, and Charles M., Jr.

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**THOMAS ATTERBURY McGINLEY**—Following in the footsteps of his late father, one of the leading factors in the establishment of several of Pittsburgh's important industrial enterprises, including the Philadelphia Company and the various Westinghouse Companies, Mr. McGinley has been for many years prominently identified with a number of the large concerns of which his father was one of the organizers and a director. He is especially well known as the president of the Duff-Norton Manufacturing Company, the successor of the Duff Manufacturing Company, with which latter company Mr. McGinley started his business career. He also gives freely of his time and means to civic welfare work and is a member of numerous clubs. He ranks as one of the most representative and most substantial business and social leaders of his native

city, to the modern development of which he has made many important contributions.

John Rainey McGinley, the father of the subject of this article, was born at Cresson, Pennsylvania, September 14, 1851, a son of John and Mary (Logan) McGinley. His father was superintendent of the old Portage Railroad. As a result of his father's early death, John Rainey McGinley left school at a comparatively early age and apprenticed himself to a merchant in his home town. Highly ambitious, however, he realized the greater possibilities of a large city and came to Pittsburgh, where he completed a course in a commercial school. Even at that time he showed such outstanding ability that he was made an officer of this institution. Soon afterwards, however, he was launched into a business career that was to carry him to great heights. His energy, ability, and enthusiasm not only brought him success, but also attracted to him men of like type, among them the late George Westinghouse. In 1884 George Westinghouse and John R. McGinley organized the Philadelphia National Gas Company, of which Mr. McGinley was vice-president until 1900. He was also one of the founders of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company. It was largely due to Mr. McGinley that the city of Pittsburgh and other cities were provided with the convenience and advantage of using the clean natural gas. Under his direction the newly-formed company soon made a network of distributing mains throughout Pittsburgh and laid pipe lines to the rich gas fields of western Pennsylvania and West Virginia. Thus the concern became the largest fuel distributor of fuel and lighting gas in the world. Gradually Mr. McGinley extended his interests into diversified channels. He became president of the Duff Manufacturing Company, now known as the Duff-Norton Manufacturing Company; president of the East Pittsburgh Traction Company, now a part of the Pittsburgh Railways Company; and chairman of the board of the Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company. He was also for many years a director of these enterprises, as well as of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company, the Westinghouse Air Brake Company, the Union Switch & Signal Company, the Fidelity Title & Trust Company of Pittsburgh, now known as the Fidelity Trust Company, the Hidalgo Mining Company, and the Parral & Durango Railroad Company of Mexico. In spite of the constant pressure made upon his time and attention by these numerous business connections and responsibilities, Mr. McGinley maintained a deep interest in public affairs and throughout his entire career proved himself a man of true public spirit. His social connections were numerous and for many years he was a member of the Duquesne Club, of which he also served at one time as president. Benevolent institutions and enterprises, too, always found in him a loyal and generous supporter.

Mr. McGinley married Jennie Atterbury, a daughter of the late Thomas B. Atterbury, a glass manufacturer of Pittsburgh and one of the city's most distinguished citizens. Mr. and Mrs. McGinley had five children: 1. Thomas Atterbury, of whom further. 2. Laura, now Mrs. Pierpont L. Stackpole, of Boston, Massachusetts. 3. Jean, now Mrs. Edward Small Moore, of New York City. 4. Marion, now Mrs. Norman S. Mackie, of Princeton, New Jersey. 5. Lois, now Mrs. Cyrus R. Miller, of Sewickley, Pennsylvania. Mr. McGinley died November 29, 1926.

Thomas Atterbury McGinley was born in Pittsburgh, July 18, 1880, the oldest child and only son of the late John Rainey and Jennie (Atterbury) McGinley. He was educated at Shady Side Academy, Pittsburgh, and then, preparatory to entering Yale University, attended Lawrenceville School at Lawrenceville, New Jersey. He was graduated from Yale University in 1901 and immediately afterwards entered the employ of the Duff Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of lifting jacks of Pittsburgh, of which his father was then and for many years after the president. After working through the various departments and acquiring a thorough knowledge of the business, he subsequently became vice-president and general manager, after which he was elected to the position of president and director of the corporation, which office he ably filled until January 1, 1929, when the Duff Manufacturing Company purchased A. O. Norton, Incorporated, of Moline, Illinois, and A. O. Norton, Limited, of Coaticoat, Canada, its Canadian subsidiary. The new corporation formed is called the Duff-Norton Manufacturing Company, of which Mr. McGinley is president. He is also a director of the Fidelity Trust Company, the Westinghouse Air Brake Company, the Union Switch & Signal Company, the Woods Run Settlement Association and the Allegheny General Hospital. He takes considerable interest in civic welfare matters and, in 1926, was appointed by the Governor of Pennsylvania a justice of the peace in his home residential township of Sewickley Heights. During the period of the World War the Duff Manufacturing Company (now the Duff-Norton Manufacturing Company) plant operated one hundred per cent. in war work, and Mr. McGinley was appointed district manager of Air Service in Aircraft Production, United States Army at New York City, serving from early in 1918 until December, 1918. He was appointed major, Air Service Production, United States Army, November, 1918, but the commission was not accepted on account of the ending of the war. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Club, Duquesne Club, University Club, Pittsburgh Golf Club, all of Pittsburgh; Allegheny Country Club, Sewickley, Pennsylvania; the Links Club, New York, and the Yale Club, New York. His principal recreations are shooting and trap shooting. In politics he is Republican.

Mr. McGinley has three children born of his first marriage: John R. McGinley 2d, Elizabeth Bulkeley McGinley, and Gertrude Holden McGinley, all living, principally in Boston and in

Pittsburgh. He married (second), November 22, 1924, in Pittsburgh, Mrs. Estelle S. Floyd.

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**BERTHA FLOERSHEIM RAUH (Mrs. Enoch Rauh),** director of the Department of Public Welfare of the city of Pittsburgh under two administrations of the city's government, has been since girlhood deeply interested in all movements for the improvement of educational, cultural, philanthropic and civic conditions. Since assuming public office her efforts have been largely concentrated on help of the handicapped and unfortunate. To this interest she has added a rare executive ability, and years of hard and laborious work in face of public indifference and multitudinous discouragements. She has been rewarded however, by seeing much of this indifference change to coöperation, as time has passed and a greater social conscience has been awakened. The deep appreciation felt for her efforts has been expressed in her being called respectively "Pittsburgh's First Citizen," "Mother Pitt," "Pittsburgh's Foremost Citizen," "Pittsburgh's Most Useful Citizen," "Lady Astor of Pittsburgh," "Jane Addams of Pittsburgh," and "Pittsburgh's Best Citizen" in conjunction with Dr. Brashear.

Mrs. Rauh (Bertha Floersheim), was born in Pittsburgh, June 16, 1865, of a cultured family of the finest type. Her father, Samuel Floersheim, was prominent in musical and literary circles. Her mother, Pauline (Wertheimer) Floersheim, was the daughter of Moses and Belle (Wormser) Wertheimer. Mrs. Rauh was educated in Pittsburgh, and made a notable scholastic record, receiving the highest average of any pupil in the city on her graduation from Grant Grammar School, and being an honor graduate of Central High School. Previous to her marriage, she was an amateur actress far above average ability, and also a most pleasing singer, ever willing to lend her talents for charitable functions. She coached and acted in plays presented by the Tuesday Night Club and the Concordia Club.

She was not content, however, with merely a social career, and soon began to take part in the welfare work of the city. The associations she helped by her wise guidance and active work to found, and launch successfully, are numerous, and she was connected with the early days of the following: the Juvenile Court Association, the Family Welfare Association of Pittsburgh, the Pittsburgh Chapter of the American Red Cross, the Tuesday Musical Club, the Equal Franchise Federation, the Hospital School for Backward Children, the first Free Dental Clinic of Pittsburgh, the first Penny Lunches, the Children's Service Bureau, the Prison Reform Association of Pennsylvania, the Pittsburgh Orchestra Association, the Pittsburgh Symphony Society, the Consumers' League, the Girl Scouts of Allegheny County, the Travelers' Aid Society, the Public Health Nursing Association, and the Pennsylvania Workshop for the Blind. As a member of various committees of the Civic Club, she helped to establish public comfort stations, an anti-noise crusade, a legal aid society, medical inspection in the public schools, open air schools, vacant lot gardens, and immigration and Americanization work. She served six years as a member of the board of the Humane Society. When the Mental Hygiene Conference of Pennsylvania met in Pittsburgh, Mrs. Rauh was made chairman of the meeting. She has served on the Pennsylvania Board of the National Congress of Mothers, on the board of the Pennsylvania Prison Reform Association, on the board of the Irene Kaufman Settlement, on the woman's committee of the Hebrew Institute, on the board of the Children's Service Bureau. She was also a member of the Anti-Noise Committee of the National Civic Federation, and a member of the executive committee of the Public Charities Association of Pennsylvania. Mrs. Rauh is now honorary vice-president of the National Council of Jewish Women, and honorary president of the Pittsburgh section of the council, having been in past years national president of the council, and president of the Pittsburgh section for nineteen years, also for eight years chairman of the philanthropic department of the National Council. She has been president of the Milk and Ice Association of Pittsburgh for twenty-five years, and director of the Civic Club of Allegheny County for twenty-five years. She is a member of the advisory boards of the following organizations—Pennsylvania Association for Prison Reform, Soho Public Bath Association, the Girls' Patriotic League, the Congress of Women's Clubs of Allegheny County, and the Nurses' Registry Association. She is honorary vice-president of the Animal Rescue League. Mrs. Rauh is in addition, director of the following organizations: The Family Welfare Association of Pittsburgh, the Federation of Jewish Philanthropies, the Travelers' Aid Society, the Public Health Nursing Association, the Girl Scouts of Allegheny County, the Gusky Orphanage, the Squirrel Hill Board of Trade, and the Hebrew Ladies Hospital Aid Society. During the war, Mrs. Rauh was a member of the executive board of the Pittsburgh Chapter of the American Red Cross, a member of the executive board of the Woman's Division, War Savings Stamps Council, and a member of the executive board of the Women's Council of National Defense for Allegheny County. In politics, Mrs. Rauh is a Republican.

As director of the Department of Public Welfare of Pittsburgh, Mrs. Rauh has made a distinguished record. Combined with her ready sympathy, she has a keen insight into practical matters, and thus has been able to avoid either mere sentimentality, or the reverse, a callous adherence to formula and routine without considering the infinite variability of the human beings under her care. She was appointed to this position by Mayor William A. Magee on January 2, 1922, and was the first woman in the United States honored with

an office of this type. A justly deserved tribute to her work was her reappointment on January 2, 1926, by Mayor Charles H. Kline.

Mrs. Rauh is a public speaker of unusual appeal, and has been invited to address gatherings in all parts of the country. She also possesses noteworthy literary ability, and a few of the articles she has had published are, "The Value of the Higher Education," "The Jew and Prejudice," "The Conservation of Woman's Leisure," "Music and the Sunday Observance," "Woman and Service," "Free Dental Clinics in the Public Schools," "A Trip up the Allegheny Valley," "The New Year, a Hope," "Christopher Lyman Magee, an Appreciation."

Bertha Floersheim was married to Enoch Rauh in 1888. She was a devoted wife and a real partner to him—a man who was one of Pittsburgh's most beloved citizens and a contributor to the best in Pittsburgh's public life. His death occurred in 1919, and he was sincerely mourned throughout the city. Mrs. Rauh has likewise been devoted to her children, and has always been a mother of the highest type, devoting a large part of her life exclusively to the rearing of her children, and no nobler monument to her will ever be lifted than her affection for her children and their affection for her. The family life was one of consecration, and the only circumstance which marred it was the death of the husband and father.

The first child of Enoch and Bertha Rauh was a daughter, Helen Blanche, who in her interest in civic and philanthropic problems is following in the footsteps of her mother. Helen B. Rauh was educated in the public schools of Pittsburgh, with a finishing course at the Misses Kirk's School at Bryn Mawr, from which she was graduated in 1920. The next year she became actively a part of the city's philanthropic work, and is a member of the executive board of the Harmarville (Pennsylvania) Convalescent Home, a member of the board of Mercy Hospital, a member of the Congregation of Rodef Shalom Temple, and vice-president of the Sisterhood of Rodef Shalom, a member of the executive board of the Federation of Girls' School Societies, a member of the auxiliary of the Crippled Children's Home in Pittsburgh, a member of the executive board of Yost String Quartet, a member of the executive board of the Skin and Cancer Foundation, being vice-president of the dispensary board of that foundation, a member of the executive board of the Emma Farm Association—an organization providing outdoor recreation for working girls, a member of the executive board of the Music Committee of the Young Men's Hebrew Association and the Young Women's Hebrew Association. In her social activities she belongs to the Westmoreland Country Club and the Concordia Club of Pittsburgh.

The second child of Enoch and Bertha Rauh is a son, Richard S. Rauh, now vice-president and sales manager of the Bankers' Lithographing Company, of Pittsburgh. Richard S. Rauh was, with his mother, the founder of the Pittsburgh Symphony Society.

The following fitting tribute to Mrs. Rauh appeared recently in the "Pittsburgh Press":

> Social service has been her lifelong passion. Even in the years when duties to home and family left her little leisure, she managed to keep in touch with the charities whose demands she deemed most imperative, and now for many years she has given time and an energy to philanthropies of all sorts which are little short of amazing. One thinks of Jane Addams of Chicago and Mrs. Enoch Rauh of Pittsburgh in the same way—each of them an inspiring citizen of her great community, and both of them shining examples of the religion of doing good.

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**ENOCH RAUH**—Business, civic and social life in Pittsburgh gained materially from the part that Enoch Rauh played in its affairs, for not only did he lead his fellowmen as president of the prosperous and useful organization of Rauh Brothers and Company, for years one of the city's foremost wholesale furnishing enterprises, but at the same time he took a lively interest in the work of a number of social and fraternal groups and served his city faithfully and well in public office. It is men of his stern calibre who contribute so richly to civic life and who deservedly win places of renown and distinction among their fellow-citizens; and such a place, indeed, did Mr. Rauh win in Pittsburgh. He was one of those who did most at the time when the city sorely needed a reorganization of its legislative machinery; and after the change in its governmental system was effected, he continued to serve as a member of the City Council with great advantage to his community and his constituency. The death of such a man could not but produce a widespread sense of loss and sorrow among those whom he left behind him in this world, which he had done so much to help by his own life and works.

Enoch Rauh was born in Dubuque, Iowa, on June 12, 1857, son of Solomon and Rosalie (Lippman) Rauh. His father was a Pittsburgh merchant for many years, and a supporter, with his wife, of numerous local philanthropies, and a well-known man of affairs. In 1863 the family removed to Cincinnati, Ohio, to make its home, and it was there that Enoch Rauh attended the public schools. His studies were completed in the night schools of Pittsburgh, whither his family removed in 1872. He also completed a course in the Cutty Business College. His first business experience was as errand boy and wrapper in the employ of his uncles, Abraham Lippman and Louis I. Aaron, retail dry goods dealers on Market Street, Pittsburgh. He established an independent business, however, on February 1, 1882, when the organization of Rauh Brothers and Company was formed; and for two years it was engaged in the wholesale merchandising of men's furnishings, on Wood Street. The company removed its headquarters from time to time, because of its rapid growth, first going to the Arbuckle Building on Liberty Street, near Wood Street, and removing

again, in 1903, this time to No. 951 Penn Avenue, where it remained thereafter. Mr. Rauh remained its president until his death.

In addition to his connection with Rauh Brothers, he was active in many business enterprises in Pittsburgh and vicinity, having been associated with the Homer McLaughlin China Company, of East Liverpool, Ohio. His own sterling integrity in all his dealings early brought him to the fore in the ranks of the Pittsburgh Association of Credit Men, and at the same time brought prestige to the association itself. He was its president for six terms, and was generally believed to have done much toward making it one of the leading organizations of its kind in the United States. He was at one time vice-president of the National Association of Credit Men, and labored with tireless zeal to promote the welfare of these associations. Finding countless opportunities for valuable community work, Mr. Rauh was active in many different phases of the cultural life of the Pittsburgh vicinity, having been a trustee of the Carnegie Library, the Carnegie Institute of Technology, the Carnegie Music Hall, a director of the Gusky Orphanage, and a member of the advisory board of the Young Men's Hebrew Association. In his work in these organizations, he not only lent his invaluable business intelligence to his compeers, but also performed a work which directly aided, in many ways, countless individuals and institutions.

The city itself benefited in an outstanding manner when, in 1911, the Council of Nine was appointed by Governor John K. Tener in response to a pressing need for reorganization of legislative machinery, and Mr. Rauh was made a member of that body. At his death he was the sole member of the original Council of Nine still remaining in office. The constructive achievements of the council in the promotion of public welfare will be felt for many years to come, regardless of changes in the personnel of the body, so effective was the work of the original group. His long councilmanic term was characterized by his willingness to take up the banner of reform whenever he felt that there was a wrong to be righted. He sponsored the Rauh act, which provided for the compensation of city employees for time lost through sickness or injury, and supported the movement that caused the abolition of the city's delinquent tax office and the collection of this money through another medium. The eight-hour day law, anti-child labor legislation, and a large number of equally important reforms were furthered through his steadfast loyalty to his convictions and his constant work in behalf of such projects. Mr. Rauh fostered the movement for establishment of regular concerts in Pittsburgh parks, and advocated every possible advantage for the children of the city, recreation centers, bathing pools, playgrounds and the like. His sympathies extended to all classes, and his aim was to make Pittsburgh a better, finer, happier place in which to live. One of his last acts as councilman was to move approval of an ordinance permitting hospitals and charitable institutions to receive free two hundred and fifty gallons of water for each patient and employee, an increase in the allowance of approximately forty per cent. So went his life, continuously doing whatever good it could do, helping individuals in a wide variety of ways, now through legislation, now through aid of charitable enterprises, now through direct assistance from man to man; for Enoch Rauh always took upon himself the misfortunes of others and the trials of people less fortunate than he.

In fraternal work he was prominent as a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and the Loyal Order of Moose. He was president of the Concordia Club when that organization built its former clubhouse on Stockton Avenue, North Side, and was also a member of the Pittsburgh Press Club, in which he held life membership, and the Westmoreland Country Club.

He married, in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, on December 5, 1888, Bertha Floersheim, born in Pittsburgh, daughter of Samuel and Pauline (Wertheimer) Floersheim, the former of whom was associated with A. Guckenheimer and Brothers and was a man of broad cultural attainments and fine artistic tastes, as well as one of the city's most accomplished amateur violinists. Mr. and Mrs. Rauh became the parents of two children: 1. Helen Blanche, living at home. 2. Richard S., head of the Richard S. Rauh Company, advertising counselors. Mr. Rauh's religious faith, like that of the other members of his family, was that of the Rodeph Shalom Congregation, of Pittsburgh.

The death of this great Pittsburgh citizen, Enoch Rauh, occurred on November 27, 1919. Many were the tributes and expressions of regret and sorrow that were made privately and publicly at that time. Mayor Babcock, in directing that the flags on city buildings be placed at half-mast in his honor, perhaps paid that tribute that was most applicable to Mr. Rauh in his capacity of civic organizer and worker.

Mayor Babcock said:

> It was with the greatest regret that I heard the report of the death of my esteemed and valued friend, Councilman Enoch Rauh. He was kindly by nature and sympathetic to a degree. I had a close acquaintance with him, both before and during my official service with the city. I always found him keenly sagacious and one of the best counselors and advisers it ever was my privilege to meet. He always was thinking first of the interests of the city of Pittsburgh, and every measure that was introduced he viewed in the light of whether or not it was for the advancement of the city he loved so well. He will be greatly missed, not only by myself, but by the council, the business men, the churches, the hospitals, and the many thousands whom he helped in his quiet, sincere way. It will be an exceedingly difficult task to fill his place.

**ALLAN DAVIS**—As a playwright, author, lawyer and forceful public speaker, Allan Davis was widely known and sincerely admired for his abilities and for his personal qualities. In many ways he was brilliant beyond most men and early in life had attained distinction in several fields. Few men of Pittsburgh were as popular with all classes of its citizens, none more so and none more deserving, for it was natural to him to make friends and his unswerving loyalty held them securely and permanently. His achievements were many and the pathway he was following seemed rosy with promise of still greater success, when the call came and his busy and productive life was closed. Pittsburgh profited well through his work and the historic records of the city will bear his name, indelibly written thereon.

He was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, March 4, 1885, a son of Barnett and Annie (Jacobs) Davis. Barnett Davis was born in Wladislawowa, Neustadt, Suwalk, Lithuania, March 27, 1858, and came to America when he was eleven years of age. Annie (Jacobs) Davis was born in Vladimir, Province of Vladimir, Russia, April 11, 1865, and came to America when she was about eight years of age.

Allan Davis, their son, was graduated from the Hancock elementary public school in 1899 and from the Pittsburgh Central High School in 1903. He then matriculated at Harvard University, where he had a notable student career. He won the Pasteur gold medal for debate; the Boylston prize for public speaking; was elected an editor of the Harvard "Monthly"; elected a member of the Round Table; organized and was president of the first Zionist Society at Harvard University; was one of the organizers and president of the Harvard Menorah Society, which was also the first to be organized in the United States. He attended the Harvard Law School, 1906-07; rowed for four years on the various crew squads and finished the four-year college course in three years, *magna cum laude*. From 1907 to 1910 he served as instructor in the Department of English at the University of Pittsburgh; 1910-11 he was educational director of the Educational Alliance of New York, in charge of all the educational activities of the institution conducted by, approximately, seventy teachers and leaders. In 1911-13 he was engaged in writing and speaking in Pittsburgh, studied at the law school of the University of Pittsburgh and lectured in the Department of English in the College of the University of Pittsburgh. On October 18, 1915, he was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. In 1917 he was counsel in the case of Dzikowska *vs.* the Superior Steel Company and in that year was elected a delegate from Pittsburgh to the American-Jewish Congress, receiving the highest vote cast for any delegate in western Pennsylvania. In 1918 he was elected to membership on the Executive Committee of the Zionist Organization of America and in that year he spoke with J. Denny O'Neil in the latter's campaign for Governor of Pennsylvania. He also lectured once a week in the Department of English at the University of Pittsburgh. He spoke Yiddish well, German fairly well and read French, and was also conversant with spoken Hebrew and read with facility the Biblical writings in that language.

He was a member of the Judaeans of Pittsburgh; Concordia Club; Pittsburgh Athletic Association; Harvard Society of Western Pennsylvania; Harvard Club of New York City; the Players, of New York City; member of the Lambs of New York City; Loyal Order of Moose; Knights of Pythias; Audubon Society of Western Pennsylvania; Botanical Society of Western Pennsylvania; Authors' League of America.

He was the author of the following plays, all of which have been produced: "The Promised Land," produced and published in Boston, December 15, 1908; "A House Divided," produced in New Haven, Connecticut, by William A. Brady, June 4, 1912; "The Iron Door," produced in Chicago by John Cort, March 9, 1913; "Gloomy Fanny," a comedy, first produced in Pittsburgh, November 17, 1913; "On Vengeance Height," accepted for production by Margaret Anglin; "The Quest for Happiness," a modern morality play, produced in Cape Charles, Virginia, June 9, 1916, which ran for two years and was published by Samuel French of New York, in 1917; "The Inward Light," 1918. His death occurred January 1, 1929.

Allan Davis married, November 4, 1920, Mary Dresch, daughter of Lawrence and Mary (Quinn) Dresch, her father being a native of France, her mother of Ireland and a direct descendant of Marshal McMahon, who became President of France. Lawrence Dresch served in the French artillery during the Franco-Prussian War. He was born in 1851 and came to America in his youth, afterward making three trips to his native land before he was married, in Pittsburgh, where he died in January, 1919. He and his wife were the parents of seven children, four of whom grew up. 1. Charles Dresch died at the age of nineteen years. 2. Mary, who married Allan Davis. 3. Lawrence, a soldier in the World War, who died December 26, 1919, at the age of twenty-six years, from exposure on the battlefront in France. 4. Winifred, who married Frank E. Everett.

Allan and Mary (Dresch) Davis were the parents of one son: Lawrence III.

Mr. Davis served as counsel for the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers and wrote the history of the Red Cross of Pittsburgh. He was a man of broad tolerance in all things and was the intimate friend of many of the celebrated writers and public men of the country. His character was of the highest quality and his brilliant mind attracted men and women of high intellectual standards and made him a popular companion. His work for mankind was contributive to pleasanter lives for those who were fortunate enough to come under its influence. He was a fine example of upright and progressive citizen, whose death was a great loss to the community.

The American Historical Society

Eng. by E.G. Williams & Bro. NY

Alan Davis

**EMIL J. STOCKHAUSEN**—Associated in business with his father immediately following the completion of his education, Mr. Stockhausen has continued as a member of the firm of Joseph Stockhausen & Son, a contracting firm well known in the building industry in the Pittsburgh district. This firm, founded many years ago by Mr. Stockhausen's father, specializes in so-called "pointing-up" and cleaning work, devoting itself chiefly to the process known as "pointing up" the plaster and brick work on nearly completed buildings. The firm has the distinction of being the oldest of its type in the Pittsburgh district and enjoys an enviable reputation and a very large and profitable business.

Emil J. Stockhausen was born in Pittsburgh, June 15, 1893, a son of Joseph and Barbara (Schmidt) Stockhausen, both natives of Germany. His father has been a well-known and successful contractor in Pittsburgh for the past thirty-five years and has been very active in political, church and civic affairs. The younger Mr. Stockhausen attended the St. George Parochial Grade and High schools and then studied for one year at the Carnegie Institute of Technology. At the end of this period he entered business with his father and is now a member of the firm of Joseph Stockhausen & Son, with offices at No. 613 Boggs Avenue, Mount Washington, Pittsburgh. Mr. Stockhausen's firm frequently executes important contracts for large building concerns in the Pittsburgh district. Among the many buildings, in the erection of which Joseph Stockhausen & Son had played an important part, are the following: Reick-McJunkin Plant, Colonel Hirschman's residence, Atlantic Refining Stations, the West Penn Building, Rosebaum's and McCreerys department stores, the Oliver Building, the Third United Presbyterian Church, the Keenan Building, the Twentieth Century Building, the Colonial Trust Building, and the Citizens National Bank of Brockway, Pennsylvania. Mr. Stockhausen is a member of the board of directors of the South Hills Trust Company and a member of the South Hills Board of Trade and of the Pittsburgh Builders Exchange.

Mr. Stockhausen married in Pittsburgh, October 27, 1914, Carmella Sieger. Mr. and Mrs. Stockhausen have four children: 1. Carmella, a student at the local high school. 2. Joseph, born in 1917. 3. Paul, born in 1923. 4. John, born in 1926. The family reside at No. 613 Boggs Avenue, Mount Washington, Pittsburgh.

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**HARRY F. BURKHOLDER**—By profession an electrical and civil engineer, Mr. Burkholder spent the first fourteen years of his career, immediately following his graduation from college, in railroad work with the Pennsylvania Railroad. Since 1923 he has served with outstanding ability and success as manager of Edgeworth Borough and also in the same capacity in Osborne Borough. As the fourth manager of Edgeworth Borough, he has not only carried on this form of municipal government on the high plane on which it was established by his predecessors, but has succeeded in bringing about still greater improvements and developments in the two boroughs, the affairs of which he manages. He is prominently active in several civic organizations and, of course, is widely known and very popular in his own community.

Harry F. Burkholder was born in Center County, in 1883, a son of Felix and Ellen Mary Burkholder, both now deceased. He received his early education in the public schools and then attended Pennsylvania State College, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering in 1909. In the same year he began his professional career as an electrical engineer with the Pennsylvania Railroad at Logansport, Indiana. Three years later, in 1912, he was transferred in the same capacity to Pittsburgh. In 1914 he took up civil engineering work for the Pennsylvania Railroad at Pittsburgh, in which he continued until 1916. In that year he became identified with the work of physical valuation of the Pennsylvania Lines as the railroad's representative in the offices of the Interstate Commerce Commission and for the next five years was stationed at Chattanooga, Tennessee. In 1921 he returned to the Pittsburgh offices of the Pennsylvania Railroad, with which he continued to be connected as a civil engineer until August 1, 1923. Since then Mr. Burkholder has been borough manager of Edgeworth Borough. Somewhat later, in that year, he was also appointed borough manager of Osborne Borough.

The manager form of government was established in Edgeworth Borough in 1914, the borough being the first municipality in the State of Pennsylvania and the fourteenth in the United States to adopt this form of government. Mr. Burkholder has had three predecessors: Mr. E. A. Beck, who served from January, 1914, until September, 1917; Mr. W. M. Cotton, who served from September, 1917, until March, 1920; and Mr. Robert Lloyd, who served from March, 1920, until August, 1923. The manager form of government has proven very successful, both in Edgeworth and Osborne. Mr. Burkholder has rendered important services to these two communities, and is very popular with his fellow officials.

Mr. Burkholder's prominence in his chosen field of work is indicated by the fact that he is a past vice-president of the International City Managers' Association and a member of the board of directors of the Municipal Administration Service, the last-named organization being sponsored by the Guggenheim Foundation. He is a member of the local lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Shannopin Country Club.

Mr. Burkholder married Laura Dale, of Ingram Borough. Mr. and Mrs. Burkholder have three children: Laura Jeanne, Harriett Louise, and Harry Frederick. Mr. Burkholder's offices are in the Borough Building at Edgeworth, and his family residence on Orchard Place.

**ANDREW OLIVER PEARCE**—Among the men who give time, thought, and energy to the affairs of the Sewickley Valley boroughs, the improvement and beautification of their physical aspects and the economic management of their finances, Andrew O. Pearce, president of the Edgeworth Borough Council, is an outstanding figure. Mr. Pearce, who for the past twenty years has been in the engineering department of the Pennsylvania Railroad system's offices in Pittsburgh, finds his greatest and almost only outside interest in the affairs of Edgeworth Borough. In the past fifteen years he has been one of the leaders in the constant betterment which has been brought about during that time. His tireless study of all questions affecting the borough and its needs, his thorough knowledge, and his insistence on forward-looking policies and accurate, up-to-date business methods, have been a controlling force in all that has been done and is being planned for the future. Whatever problem arises, he is usually found to have studied it out, getting all facts needed to arrive at a decision, and invariably has at least one sensible suggestion as to how to meet it.

Andrew O. Pearce was born in Leet Township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, in 1884, a son of Andrew and Sarah Pearce, both now deceased, and a grandson of the late George Pearce. His grandfather came to this country from England and was one of the early settlers in this part of western Pennsylvania, erecting the first brick home in this section. Mr. Pearce was born on the Little Sewickley Creek Road in a neighborhood, now part of Edgeworth Borough. He received his education in the Edgeworth public school and business college in Pittsburgh, and later attended high school and also completed various home study courses. He then entered the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad, in the engineering department, with which he has been connected ever since. Mr. Pearce was elected a member of the Edgeworth Borough Council in 1913, in a political upheaval, as one of the United party. Other councilmen elected on the same ticket were Thomas Patterson, Charles Harrison, Lawrence Woods, F. F. Brooks, and Alvan L. Davis. They were pledged to put the borough on a business-like basis. They favored the employment of a central head in whom the Council's authority would be vested and who would be responsible to the Council for his actions, in addition to finding some place to house all the activities and records of the borough.

The name, under which the borough of Edgeworth has been known for many years, was given to it in honor of Maria Edgeworth, who founded here a school for girls. The borough of Edgeworth was incorporated February 9, 1904, from a portion of Leet Township, lying along the Ohio River northwestwardly approximately 6,600 feet and comprising an area of approximately one and one quarter square miles. The first Council meeting for the purpose of organization was held December 20, 1904, at the residence of Mr. James A. Houston. The first officials of the borough were: Frederick A. Russell, burgess; James A. Houston, Alexander Laughlin, F. H. Lloyd, Fred C. McCullough, George Herz, E. P. Lord, and F. F. Brooks, councilmen; Fleming Nevin, secretary; and Dudley Rodgers, solicitor. Of these, Mr. F. F. Brooks served as councilman continuously until January, 1929. The borough manager form of government was adopted at the meeting of the Council held on January 12, 1914, and Mr. E. A. Beck was employed as the first borough manager. Edgeworth was the first municipality in the State of Pennsylvania and the fourteenth in the United States to adopt this form of government, which has been in use to the present time, four managers having been employed as follows: Mr. E. A. Beck from January, 1914, to September, 1917; Mr. W. M. Cotton, from September, 1917, to March, 1920; Mr. Robert Lloyd from March, 1920, to August, 1923; and Mr. H. F. Burkholder (q. v.), from August, 1923, to the present time. During this time the streets of the borough have been paved as follows, without incurring indebtedness in the way of bond issues to take care of financing: total mileage of borough streets, 11.7 miles; total miles of paved streets, 8.7 miles; total miles of dirt streets, three miles. On March 19, 1928, the area of the borough was increased approximately three-quarters of a square mile by the annexation of a portion of Leet Township, making the present area of the borough very nearly two square miles. The growth of the borough may be seen from the following comparative figures: valuation assessed in 1908, $1,810,000; valuation assessed in 1930, $6,096,890; 1908 tax rate, eight and one-half mills; 1930 tax rate, eleven mills. In 1930 the tax rate for school purposes was eight mills. In 1910 the population was 1,229, in 1920, 1,373, and in 1930 it had grown to 1,667. The Edgeworth Municipal Building was constructed in 1914 at a cost of $15,000. Modern fire equipment has been purchased for the Edgeworth Volunteer Fire Department. The Zoning Ordinance was enacted on July 20, 1925. In 1916 the underground street lighting system was installed, covering approximately fifty per cent. of the borough and including many large private estates of wealthy people. Opposite Edgeworth, on the Ohio River, the Dead Man's Island Dam has been constructed. Today the following are associated with Mr. Pearce in the management of the affairs of Edgeworth Borough: Henry T. Irwin, burgess; H. F. Burkholder, borough manager and secretary; Abram Stanley, treasurer; John A. Emery, solicitor; and the following members of the Council: J. D. A. Morrow, committee on police; H. B. Higgins, committee on light; J. D. McClester, committee on property; Henry Oliver, committee on fire and water; J. B. Orr, committee on health and sanitation; C. S. Reno, committee on streets; and A. O. Pearce, committee on finance and budget.

Mr. Pearce has been chairman of the finance

and budget committee since he took office and, during his tenure, most of the permanent improvements were made in Edgeworth. Before the high costs of the war time period and since then the people have been paying out ten thousand dollars a year towards the reduction of their bonded indebtedness. With the borough building and fire equipment bonds paid off, and the sewer bonds due to be retired in 1935, the borough will only have part of the Leet Township indebtedness and one thousand dollars a year general improvement fund bonds to pay. At one time, taxes in the borough were down to seven mills, from the high level of eleven, when Mr. Pearce and his colleagues took office, and only the high costs and the large improvement program forced them up again. Under Mr. Pearce's direction, the finance committee drew up a budget, the first one to be used by a borough in Pennsylvania, and were commended by the State for the forward step. Since 1929 Mr. Pearce has been president of the Borough Council, succeeding Mr. F. F. Brooks, president of the First National Bank of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Pearce is a member of several fraternal organizations and of the Shannopin Country Club, of which latter he is a director. His religious affiliation is with the Shields Presbyterian Church, the only church located in Edgeworth and which he joined when a young man. His residence is on Orchard Lane, Edgeworth, while his offices are located in the Pennsylvania Station in Pittsburgh.

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**MARTIN B. LEISSER,** a dean of Pittsburgh's artists, and one of the well-known portrait painters in this country, is still remarkably active at the age of eighty-six years. During his long and distinguished career as a painter he has gained international fame, and examples of his work are to be found not only in many parts of this country, but also in some foreign countries. For many years during the earlier part of his life he was prominently active in teaching, and many younger artists owe much to his capable and inspiring teaching and to his enthusiasm for his art.

Martin B. Leisser was born in Pittsburgh, July 29, 1845, a son of Balthaser and Johanna (Diefenbach) Leisser, both now deceased. His father and mother both were natives of Frankfort, Germany. Mr. Leisser was educated in the public schools of Pittsburgh. The first exhibition of paintings he ever saw was during the Civil War at a "Sacritory Fair," held in the old City Hall of Allegheny, now the North Side of Pittsburgh. These pictures made an unforgettable impression upon the memory of Mr. Leisser and as a young boy he began to show definite artistic talent and commenced to paint. He painted some portraits before he had had any instruction in art, using the poor wood cut illustrations in the newspapers of his day as his instructors. Pittsburgh in his boyhood days had no art schools or drawing classes, and few, if any, of the western cities made provision for these studies, therefore, in 1868 he went abroad to study art in Munich, Germany. He also studied in Paris, France.

During the first years that he studied in Munich he met a number of American boys, including Stanley C. Reinhart and John Alexander of Pittsburgh who came to Munich about the time Mr. Leisser came; also Frank Courier of Boston, Walter Shirlaw of New York, Frederick Freer of Chicago, Frank Duveneck of Cincinnati, and Toby Rosenthal of San Francisco. Most of these young men returned to the United States and contributed toward the development of art and the establishment of art schools in this country; so it is no longer necessary to go to Europe to study art or to see good examples of the very best, for the United States today has wonderful private and public galleries and art schools equal to most of those in Europe.

In 1871, upon Mr. Leisser's return from his first European trip, he opened a studio on Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, and there established himself as a portrait painter, and in this branch of painting he has always specialized. However, he is a very versatile artist and has produced many other paintings besides portraits. One of his early most notable paintings was a composition, quite a large number of figures, entitled "The Temperance Crusade." At different times during his long career he has painted portraits of some of Pittsburgh's best known men, including the late Andrew Carnegie, Judge Paxon of Philadelphia, and Colonel William Herron of Pittsburgh. Mr. Leisser's works have frequently been exhibited in Pittsburgh, New York City, and elsewhere. For many years he has been actively interested in teaching. In the early 'seventies he established the first life class in Pittsburgh. This was a rather radical undertaking and the class at times had a difficult time to get along. Indeed, so primitive were conditions then that each student had to furnish his own candle, the classes being held at night, and only one lamp was available, which, of course, was used to illuminate the model. Later, Mr. Leisser taught at the Pittsburgh School of Design. Here he also established life classes of which he served as principal for a number of years. Mr. Leisser's interest in the teaching of art and especially of painting still continues and he gives an annual award to several art schools, including the Art Department of the Carnegie Institute in Pittsburgh; the Art Gallery at San Diego, California, in honor and memory of his brother, and a dear fellow-student of Munich days, A. M. Farnham, who located in San Diego and there contributed much to the development of art; and the Kunsgewerbe Technische Schule in Frankfort, Germany, in honor of his mother, from whom he claims to have inherited his love for art. The annual prize for the students of the Munich Akademie der Bildenden Kunste, and the Pittsburgh Art Society prize for the best musical composition was made possible by Mr. Leisser and his brother, Charles H. Leisser. Mr. Leisser has also

been instrumental in forming several art associations and today has the distinction of being the oldest living member of the Pittsburgh Art Society.

Mr. Leisser married Sarah Montgomery Stewart, who died in 1907; he has no children. He makes his home and maintains a studio at No. 833 Ridge Avenue, North Side, Pittsburgh.

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**GEORGE WILLIAM LAYNG**—A native of Ohio, but during the greater part of his life a resident of Pittsburgh, Mr. Layng has been in the office of the Registrar of Wills for the last twenty-five years, in April, 1931, having been made deputy registrar of wills. He is one of the best-known and most popular public officials in Pittsburgh and in Allegheny County, but he is known to even wider circles for his fine talent and ability as a landscape painter.

George W. Layng was born in Ohio, a son of John and Elizabeth J. Layng, both now deceased. His father was a veteran of the Civil War. His mother was a native of England. Mr. Layng's paternal grandfather, the late George W. Layng, after whom he was named, was a prominent attorney of Pittsburgh and was at one time president of the Pittsburgh City Council. Mr. Layng received his education in the public grammar schools of Pittsburgh. About 1905 he was appointed chief clerk in the office of the Registrar of Wills, and in 1931 he became deputy registrar with offices in the City-County Building. Mr. Layng was endowed by nature with a fine talent as a painter, which he has trained assiduously, by studying under the late Mr. Woodwell, one of Pittsburgh's best known artists, and under Martin B. Leisser (q. v.), another well known Pittsburgh painter. Mr. Layng spends all his vacations and most of his leisure hours in painting and is especially well known for his happy portraying of landscape scenes with cattle. He has exhibited in local and in international exhibitions and many of his paintings have been reproduced in the rotogravure sections of various Pittsburgh papers. He maintains a studio at North Highland and Baum Boulevard, East End, Pittsburgh. He is a member of the Associated Artists of Pittsburgh; lodge No. 45, Free and Accepted Masons; Tancred Commandery, No. 48, Knights Templar; Zerubbabel Chapter, No. 162, Royal Arch Masons; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is also a member of the Association of Veteran Masons. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliation is with the Sixth United Presbyterian Church, East End, Pittsburgh.

Mr. Layng resides with his sister at No. 5457 Coral Street, East End, Pittsburgh.

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**JOHN JENKINS BUCHANAN, M. D., F. A. C. S.**—Member of a family which has been distinguished in Pittsburgh history through three generations, Dr. John Jenkins Buchanan is a surgeon of brilliant record and national reputation. Few men have achieved a more notable career in the field of their chosen occupation.

Dr. Buchanan's father, Dr. James Galloway Buchanan, was also a surgeon of note at Pittsburgh. He was born on March 21, 1825, in Steubenville, Ohio, son of the Rev. George and Mary (Junkin) Buchanan. Both these families were originally seated in Scotland and were established in America in the days before the Revolution. Joseph Junkin, the first of the maternal line of whom there is record, came to America in the early years of the eighteenth century from County Antrim, Ireland. Although he probably landed in Delaware, and was married there, he came into Pennsylvania soon afterwards. His son, Joseph Junkin, born in 1750, was a soldier of the Revolution, fighting in the patriots' cause against the British. He married Eleanor Cochran, and their daughter, Mary, became the wife of the Rev. George Buchanan.

James Galloway Buchanan, son of the Rev. George and Mary (Junkin) Buchanan was well educated in spite of the fact that his father's income, like that of all clergymen of the period was necessarily limited. He early determined upon a medical career and took his degree at the University of the city of New York, studying there under the distinguished Valentine Mott, and previously, under Dr. Benjamin Tappan, son of the famous Judge Tappan, and brother-in-law of Edwin M. Stanton, President Lincoln's secretary of war. Dr. Buchanan and Mr. Stanton became firm friends, and at the outbreak of the Civil War, Mr. Stanton appointed the former surgeon to the 32d Ohio Volunteer Infantry, with which he served until nearly the close of the conflict, when he received an appointment as medical director of the military hospitals at Atlanta, Georgia.

In 1866, however, Dr. Buchanan established himself in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, now the North Side, Pittsburgh, and soon became prominent in surgical practice. He was one of the first to adopt the modern antiseptic system of surgery, advocated by Lister, and achieved distinguished success in his professional career. Dr. Buchanan was a figure of prominence in other phases of the city's affairs. He married, on March 23, 1850, Amanda Fitz-Allen Jenkins, daughter of John M. and Margaret (McKinley) Jenkins, whose mother was a member of the Ohio McKinley family which also included a president of the United States. Dr. and Mrs. Buchanan became the parents of the following children: 1. George McElroy, who died early in life. 2. Mary Junkin, who married John Cowley of Pittsburgh. Mrs. Cowley, who was graduated from the Pittsburgh Female College, taking her degree *magna cum laude*, has been extremely prominent in Pittsburgh civic and social life. Her daughter, Elizabeth Buchanan Cowley, is a graduate of Vassar College and Columbia University, having taken the Doctor of Philosophy degree at the latter institution. She is a distinguished mathematician of international reputation. 3. John Jenkins, of this record.

John Jenkins Buchanan, son of Dr. James Galloway and Amanda Fitz-Allen (Jenkins) Buchanan, was born in Wellsville, Ohio, on September 15, 1855. When he was about ten years old, his parents moved to Allegheny, Pennsylvania, now part of the city of Pittsburgh, and in the schools of the Second Ward there he received his preparatory education. Later he entered the Western University of Pennsylvania, now the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated in 1877 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. In 1880 he also took the Master of Arts degree. With the example of his father before him, it was natural that he should be drawn to the medical sciences. He entered the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania and, in 1881, took the degree of Doctor of Medicine at that institution. In 1905, in recognition of his distinguished career, Washington and Jefferson College conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Philosophy, while in 1919 the University of Pittsburgh conferred its Doctor of Science degree.

Meanwhile, however, his professional work was well under way. Immediately upon the completion of his medical training, he established himself in practice at Pittsburgh, where he soon became widely known. The demands on his services constantly increased, but Dr. Buchanan limited himself more and more to the general practice of surgery, and since 1897 has devoted himself entirely to this field. Dr. Buchanan's reputation is hardly exceeded by any other surgeon of the country. In his career he has achieved remarkable success, and many honors have come to him for his work. He is a Fellow of the American Surgical Association, the most select organization of its kind in the world, with a membership limited to one hundred and fifty, and only two members resident in Pittsburgh. The Mayo brothers, of Rochester, Minnesota, are members of the American Surgical Association, and every surgeon honored by election stands undisputably in the first rank of his profession. Dr. Buchanan is also a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons, and a member of the various medical societies of State, county and Nation. In the early years of his practice, in 1881-82, he was resident physician at the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, and in 1890, became surgeon at the Mercy Hospital. Dr. Buchanan is now president of the staff of that hospital. He is professor of surgery at the Medical School of the University of Pittsburgh, having charge of the surgical department there, and is the author of many papers on surgery published in the various medical and surgical journals. Dr. Buchanan is also a member of the Société Internationale de Chirurgie. At Pittsburgh he is the dean of the city's surgeons and their leader by right of esteem.

On June 30, 1887, Dr. Buchanan married Ellen Grier, daughter of David A. and Mary (Aiken) Grier, of Pittsburgh. Her father, a wholesale grocer, died in 1860. Dr. and Mrs. Buchanan are the parents of two sons: 1. John Grier of whom further. 2. Edwin Porter, also of further mention.

John Grier Buchanan was born on July 24, 1888. He was educated at the Liberty School, Shady Side Academy, and Princeton University, being graduated from the latter institution in 1909, with the Bachelor of Arts degree, *magna cum laude*. As an undergraduate he was a member of the editorial board of the three college publications, and was a member of the debating team. Taking up his preparations for a legal career, he studied at the Harvard Law School, where, for two of the three years, he ranked first in a class of over three hundred men, and was graduated in 1912 with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, *cum laude*. He was an editor of the "Harvard Law Review," and during his last year was in charge of the Department of Recent Cases of that periodical, and a member of the Board of Student Advisers. Following his graduation from Harvard he began the general practice of law at Pittsburgh, having been admitted to the Pennsylvania bar in 1912. In 1918 he was admitted to practice before the United States Supreme Court. Mr. Buchanan is a member of one of Pittsburgh's foremost legal firms, Smith, Buchanan, Scott, and Gordon, with which he has been connected since the beginning of his practice. He is a leader of the Pittsburgh bar and one of the most successful lawyers of the State. During the period of the World War Mr. Buchanan served as judge advocate general of the army, and is now a major and judge advocate in the Officers' Reserve Corps. He has been a member of the faculty of the Pittsburgh University Law Department since 1914.

On November 14, 1916, he married, at Pittsburgh, Charity A. Packer, daughter of Ira Mitchell and Mary Elizabeth (Robb) Packer. They are the parents of three sons: 1. John Grier, Jr., born September 23, 1917. 2. Gibson Packer, born April 15, 1920. 3. James, born March 7, 1925. Mr. Buchanan is a member of the Society of Phi Beta Kappa, a member of the American Bar Association, and an elder in the East Liberty Presbyterian Church, of Pittsburgh.

Edwin Porter Buchanan, second son of John Jenkins and Ellen (Grier) Buchanan, was born on June 7, 1890. He received his preparatory education at Liberty and Fulton schools, and in 1908 was graduated from Shady Side Academy. Thereafter he was graduated from Princeton University in 1913, and from Harvard Medical school in 1917. Following the completion of his medical course, he was commissioned lieutenant in the Medical Corps of the United States Army, and served in that capacity until after the close of the war, a period of twenty-two months. The last eleven months of this period were spent in France, where Dr. Buchanan was attached to mobile and camp hospitals. After his discharge, he returned to Pittsburgh, where he completed a year's service as resident physician and surgeon at Mercy Hospital. In January, 1920, he entered into association with his father as a practicing surgeon in

Pittsburgh. His offices are situated in Mercy Hospital, where he is a member of the staff. Dr. Buchanan has risen very rapidly in his profession. He is a Fellow of the American Medical Association, a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons, a member of the State, county and national medical associations, of the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, and of the Pittsburgh Surgical Society.

On October 16, 1920, Dr. Buchanan married Marian Vesta Bayley, of Lexington, Massachusetts. They are the parents of four children: 1. Lucia Bayley, born August 29, 1921. 2. Edwin Bayley, born on July 29, 1923. 3. Ellen Grier, born on March 15, 1925. 4. Eustace Watkins, born on April 29, 1929.

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**FRANK RAYMOND FROST**—By profession an engineer, Mr. Frost, for several years during the early part of his career, was engaged in railroad and construction work. He then became connected with an important manufacturing concern at Butler, Pennsylvania, with which he remained until 1917, when he became associated with the Superior Steel Corporation, of Pittsburgh. With this corporation his rise has been rapid, in 1927 becoming its president. Still holding this position, with offices in Pittsburgh, he is considered one of the city's leading and most able industrial executives. Mr. Frost is also prominent in the social life of the community, being a member of several of its leading clubs and of various bodies of the Masonic Order.

Frank Raymond Frost was born at Meadville, Pennsylvania, June 17, 1883, a son of B. F. and Margaret (Phanco) Frost. His father, who was a native of Meadville and who died in 1907, was for many years district sales manager of the Mosler Safe & Lock Company. He was a veteran of the Civil War, during which he served with distinction from May 2, 1861, until March, 1867, with the 5th Regiment, Maine Volunteers. His son still has the age-worn discharge, carefully framed, on the wall of his office as one of his most treasured possessions. Mr. Frost was educated in the public grammar and high schools of Meadville and at the Allegheny Preparatory School, Meadville, after which he attended Allegheny College, also at Meadville, where he studied civil engineering, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1905. He immediately afterward became connected with the Southern Railway, with which he remained during 1905-1907 as a transit man and assistant engineer. In 1907 he became principal assistant engineer in the construction of the Hales Bar Dam, an engineering project of considerable importance across the Tennessee River near Chattanooga, Tennessee. On this work he was engaged until 1910, when he became general superintendent for the Fort Orange Construction Company on its work on the New York Barge Canal at Waterford, New York. Some time later he gave up engineering work and entered the manufacturing business at Butler, Pennsylvania, as assistant superintendent for the Pittsburgh Hickson Company, manufacturers of metallic beds and bed springs. He remained with this company until July 1, 1917, becoming successively superintendent, purchasing agent, and assistant to the president of the concern. After severing his connection with the Pittsburgh Hickson Company, he associated himself with the Superior Steel Corporation, of Pittsburgh, with which he has served in various executive capacities since the summer of 1917. Until 1922 he was assistant sales manager, then general manager of sales. In 1925 he was elected vice-president, and in July, 1927, president, which latter office he continues to fill very ably, being also a member of the board of directors. The main offices of the Superior Steel Corporation, including Mr. Frost's office, are located in Suite No. 3122, Grant Building, Pittsburgh, while its plant is at Carnegie. The company employs some one thousand and five hundred men, and manufactures hot and cold rolled strip steel, used extensively in miscellaneous line stamping, for automobiles, for cash registers, for builders' hardware, and in numerous other lines. Its products have a very high reputation, are widely distributed, and are largely exported to England.

For many years a member of the Masonic Order, Mr. Frost belongs to various bodies of that organization, up to and including the thirty-second degree of the Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, also Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Pittsburgh. His clubs include the Duquesne, Pittsburgh Athletic, University, Field and Longue Vue Country clubs, all of Pittsburgh; the Union Club of Cleveland, Ohio; and the Recess and Athletic clubs of Detroit, Michigan, also the Chicago Athletic Association. Mr. Frost is a golf enthusiast and indulges in this favorite form of recreation as often as possible. His religious affiliation is with the Sixth Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Frost married at Butler, Pennsylvania, in 1905, Amy Lusk, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Lusk of Butler. Mr. and Mrs. Frost are the parents of two daughters: Amy Lucille Frost, who received her early education at Highland Hall, a well-known girls' private school at Hollidaysburg, Pennsylvania, and at Mount Holyoke College, South Hadley, Massachusetts, and graduated at the University of Pittsburgh, class of 1930; and Francis Elizabeth Frost, who received her education at Thurston Preparatory School, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, King-Smith Studio School at Washington, District of Columbia, and is now an art student at Carnegie Institute of Technology.

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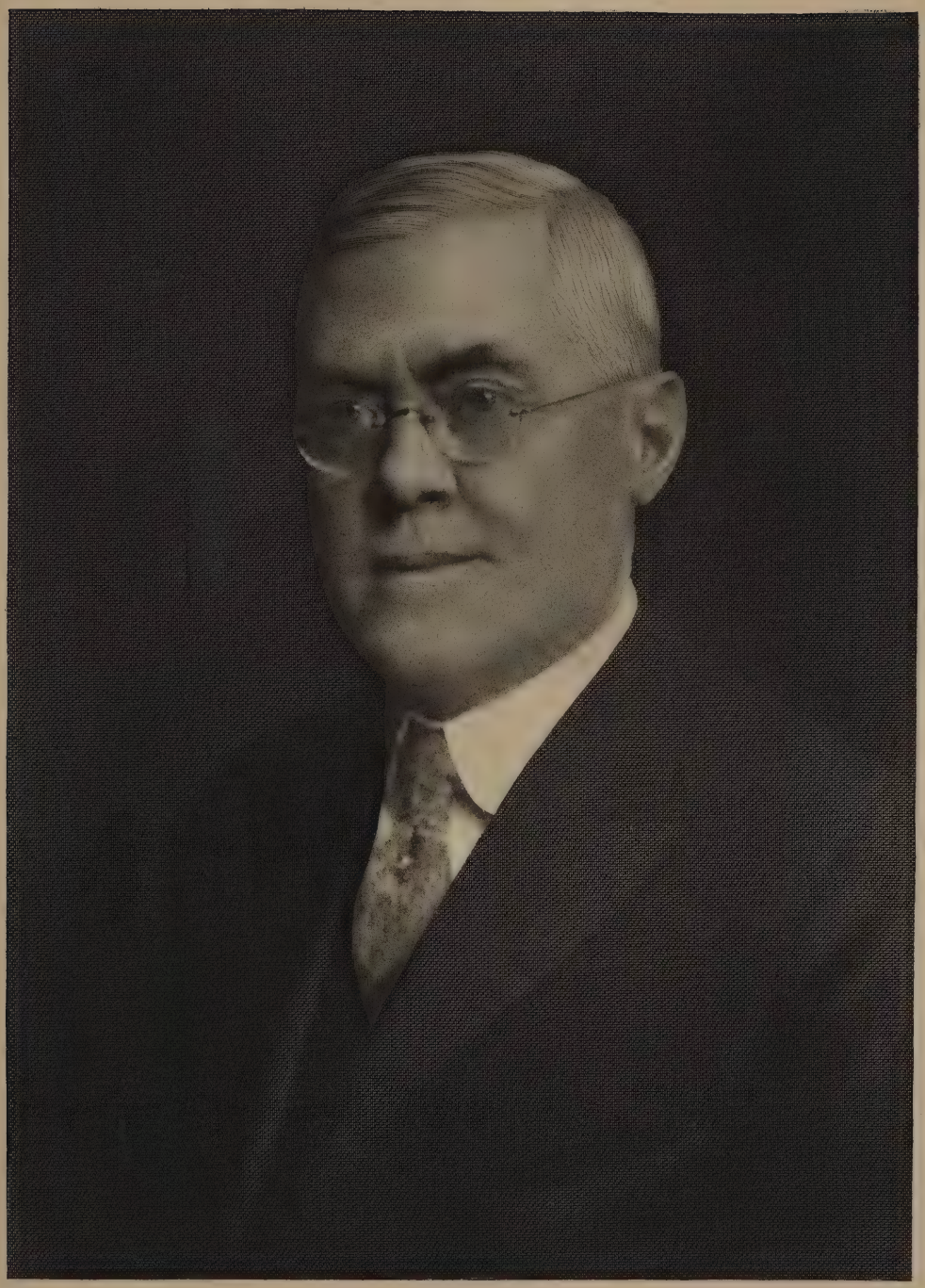
**JAMES ARMAND SCOTT**—When men of the past in steel are mentioned in Pittsburgh, the introduction of James Armand Scott's name is likely, especially if the discussion is between men long connected with the industry.

His was one of those exemplary lives which illustrate lifelong devotion to a worthy vocation and the consequent accomplishment of work of



James A Scott

value to the whole community. For forty-five years he was associated with the Park Brothers at the Black Diamond Steel, and with the Crucible Steel Works of America, with which the former concern was later merged. His service covered a wide range of capacities, including executive work of high order and responsibility, and wherever he was placed, his loyalty, ability and energy marked him for advancement.

The fine traits of character possessed by James Armand Scott, and his liking for steel, may have been in part inherited. Hannibal Scott, his grandfather, is supposed to have come as a young man from east of the mountains to settle in Butler County, whence he moved to Pittsburgh, where he found employment for a number of years in the mill as a nailer. He married Elizabeth Dunlap, who came of a pioneer family; and one of their sons was John Riley Scott, native of Butler County, born February 27, 1832. In boyhood he came to Pittsburgh with his parents. He spent his life here, was a roller in several mills, including the Black Diamond Steel Works, and for a time was employed at the works at Beaver Falls. He died April 10, 1883, after a prosperous, well-spent life. John Riley Scott married Elizabeth Caughey, in Pittsburgh, June 7, 1855. She was born here on July 10, 1837, and died August 27, 1879. Her parents were John and Elizabeth (Stewart) Caughey, natives of Ireland, who had married in Philadelphia and later came to Pittsburgh. They had nine children, of whom James Armand Scott was eldest.

James Armand Scott was born in Pittsburgh, June 10, 1856. He was educated in the public schools and the Central High School, proving himself quick to learn and agreeable of deportment. After completing his schooling he began his long term of association with the Black Diamond Steel Works, first as weigh-master and clerk. The plant was then situated at Thirty-first and Smallman streets in the Lawrenceville section of the city. As he gave evidence of keen insight into the steel trade and of unusual potentialities, he was advanced to the position of paymaster and later to that of assistant manager of the entire plant, a post which he held for years. He won recognition as one of the most proficient men in his line in western Pennsylvania and took first rank as a steel executive. His services were highly esteemed by the company because he knew every inch of the buildings and machinery and every process of the plant which he had entered as a youth of seventeen and with which he had grown to maturity. In 1921 he retired from the steel industry, leaving the crucible behind.

A Republican and interested in the welfare of the community, Mr. Scott did not seek office, but contented himself with using his influence where it would serve the public best. He was a member of Crescent Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and Pittsburgh Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar, as well as the Masonic Veterans' Association of Pittsburgh, the Royal Arcanum, and the Heptasophs. He was a member of the Fourth United Presbyterian Church and supported it liberally.

Mr. Scott married, April 21, 1887, in Pittsburgh, Margaret Black, who was born near Cresson, on the summit of the Allegheny Mountains, and who was the daughter of Samuel and Isabella (Laird) Black, of Scotch-Irish parentage from near Belfast, Ireland. To Mr. and Mrs. Scott was born a son, Walter Graham Scott, June 12, 1888, now a resident of Harrisburg, where he is Deputy Secretary of the Department of Property and Supplies of the State Government. He married Margaret Henderson Wright. Mrs. Margaret (Black) Scott continues to make her home in Pittsburgh.

A man of fine personal appearance, Mr. Scott had a nature so genial and sympathetic that he possessed a rare magnetism. His attitude, in whatever capacity, always was upright, and because of his sterling worth, his death, which occurred February 16, 1925, after a long and honorable career, was a distinct loss to his associates and a grievous bereavement to his family, to whom he had been devoted.

Those admitted to the inner circle of his acquaintance felt that in losing him they lost a part of their finer selves, and to his friends his memory remains a blessed benediction.

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**JOHN DAY GARVIN, M. D.**—Dr. Garvin is regarded as one of the most successful medical practitioners in this city, especially in the field of gastro-enterology, to which he confines his practice. He is a member of several medical, fraternal and social organizations, takes an active interest in religious work and in every respect represents the useful, and public-spirited citizen.

John Day Garvin was born at Old Concord, Washington County, Pennsylvania, December 9, 1893, a son of Rev. James E. and Caroline L. (Parkinson) Garvin. His father, now deceased, was a Presbyterian minister and at one time served as pastor of the Herron Avenue Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh. Dr. Garvin received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Pittsburgh and then attended the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1915. The year 1915-16 was spent at Yale. He then entered upon the study of medicine at the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1921. Immediately following his graduation he served as an interne at the Allegheny General Hospital, Pittsburgh, during 1921-22. He then went to Rochester, Minnesota, and for several years (1922-26), served as a member of the staff of the Mayo Foundation and Mayo Clinic, and in 1926 received the degree of Master of Science in Medicine from the University of Minnesota. In June, 1926, he returned to Pittsburgh and opened an office for practice in the treatment of diseases of the digestive system, to which specialty he has since devoted himself. His office is located in the Jenkins Arcade, Pittsburgh.

During the World War Dr. Garvin served for a brief period at Camp Lee in the Medical Department, being attached to the 319th Infantry. He is a member of the staff of St. Margaret's Hospital, Pittsburgh. He maintains membership in the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Radiological Society of North America, and the Association of Resident and ex-Resident Physicians of the Mayo Clinic. His clubs include the Duquesne Club, the University Club, and Edgewood Country Club. He is also a member of the Sons of the American Revolution (being president of the Pittsburgh Chapter, 1930-31), the Sigma Alpha Epsilon Fraternity, Nu Sigma Nu Fraternity, and Lodge No. 647, Free and Accepted Masons. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party. His religious affiliation is with the Sixth Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh.

Dr. Garvin is not married. He resides with his mother at No. 5740 Darlington Road, Pittsburgh.

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**RAYMOND M. WINTER**—The fine arts and especially painting have been Mr. Winter's chief interests in life. Having displayed considerable artistic talent in his youth, he studied painting under several well-known Pittsburgh artists and, having thus acquired a very effective technique, he has devoted himself to creative work as a painter ever since. However, though he takes his work as an artist very seriously, it is more than anything else, a hobby and recreation.

Raymond M. Winter was born in Pittsburgh, August 20, 1897, a son of Alois and Barbara (Will) Winter, both natives of Germany. Mr. Winter received his early education in the public grammar schools and in parochial schools and then attended and graduated from the Union High School. After leaving high school he followed a very strong natural impulse and took up the study of painting in what was then one of the leading art schools of Pittsburgh, the Stevenson Art School. He also had the benefit of studying under such well-known painters and teachers as Christian Walter and A. H. Gorson, whose private pupil he was. He has become especially well known as a painter of landscape and still life. Numerous times he has exhibited examples of his work at the annual show of the Associated Artists of Pittsburgh, of which organization he is the only life member. He is also a member of the South Hills Country Club and the Keystone Athletic Club. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party. His religious affiliation is with St. Basil's Roman Catholic Church of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Winter is not married. He makes his home at No. 136 Hornaday Road, Carrick, where his studio is also located.

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**HAROLD A. KIPP, B. Sc., M. D., F. A. C. S.**—One of the well known of the younger generation of Pittsburgh's physicians and surgeons is Dr. Kipp, who has been engaged in the active practice of his profession in Pittsburgh since the completion of his professional training. However, the starting of his private practice was somewhat delayed by a period of service in the Medical Corps of the United States Army during the World War. He is active in hospital work, is a member of several medical, fraternal, patriotic and social organizations, and also devotes considerable time to teaching.

Harold A. Kipp was born at Dennison, Ohio, October 16, 1893, a son of Samuel and Amelia (Heck) Kipp. His father, now retired, was for many years active in railroad work. Dr. Kipp received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Carnegie, Pennsylvania, and then attended the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science, in 1915. He took up the study of medicine at the Medical School of the University of Pittsburgh, graduating in 1917 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. After spending one year, 1917-18, as an interne at Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh, Dr. Kipp entered the Medical Corps of the United States Army in 1918. He was commissioned a lieutenant and stationed at the Yale Army Laboratory School, New Haven, Connecticut. Subsequently he had charge of the laboratories at the General Hospital, No. 20, at Prescott, Arizona, where he was stationed until he received his honorable discharge in 1919. Returning at that time to Pittsburgh, Dr. Kipp became Mellon Fellow in pathology at the University of Pittsburgh Medical School, engaging in research work during 1919-20. During 1920-21 he was a resident surgeon at Mercy Hospital and since 1921 he has been adjunct surgeon at this hospital, where he maintains private offices and also at No. 428 Jenkins Building. He is a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons and a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, the Society for Biological Research University of Pittsburgh, the Delta Tau Delta Fraternity, the University Club of Pittsburgh, and Post No. 20, American Legion. Dr. Kipp is the author of a number of papers on pathological and surgical subjects. For some time he has been an instructor in surgery at the Medical College of the University of Pittsburgh. In politics he is a Republican, and his religious affiliation is with the First Presbyterian Church of Carnegie, Pennsylvania.

Dr. Kipp married at Hackensack, New Jersey, November 9, 1929, Margarita Boettger, a daughter, of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Boettger, of Hackensack, New Jersey, and Riverdale, New York. They have one son, Henry William Kipp, born December 14, 1930. Dr. and Mrs. Kipp make their home in Pittsburgh at Squaw Run Road, O'Hara Township.

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**NORMAN ALLDERDICE**—President of the Arch Machinery Company of Pittsburgh, and an executive of numerous other local enterprises,

Norman Allderdice is an important figure in the industrial life of this city. He was born on February 16, 1894, at McKeesport, Pennsylvania, a son of Taylor and Ellen F. (Hansell) Allderdice. His father has long been a leader of Pittsburgh industry.

Norman Allderdice attended the public schools of this city, and was later graduated from St. George's School at Middletown, Rhode Island. Following the completion of his academic training, he became associated with the National Tube Company, with which his father was so long connected, and from 1911 to 1914, occupied various positions in the steel mills of the company at McKeesport. At the end of this time he accepted a position in the Open Hearth Department of the Carnegie Steel Company's Homestead plant, and in 1916 went to Lorain, Ohio, as superintendent of the Open Hearth Department of the National Tube Company. Mr. Allderdice remained in this capacity until 1921, discharging his duties successfully and to the complete satisfaction of the company's executives.

Meanwhile he became well known in steel circles of western Pennsylvania and in 1921 became manager of the Pittsburgh offices of Manning, Maxwell and Moore, manufacturers' agents of New York City. In 1927 he organized the Arch Machinery Company to take over the Pittsburgh branch of this enterprise, becoming president and treasurer of the new organization. Other offices are: Thomas M. Rees, vice-president; Harry W. Cross, vice-president, and John R. Hussey, vice-president and secretary. This company, with offices located at No. 1001 Park Building, Pittsburgh, was organized for sales engineering purposes—selling, installing, and servicing metal working machinery. It operates throughout western Pennsylvania, West Virginia, and eastern Ohio, having built up a highly successful business under the capable direction of its executives. Mr. Allderdice is thoroughly acquainted with all phases of its work, and as president of the company has been largely instrumental in bringing it to its present important position in this field.

Mr. Allderdice's services have also been largely sought by other leading companies. He is president and a director of the Pittsburgh Soap and Chemical Company, the Standard Auto-Tite Joints Company, the United States Chromium Corporation, the Pittsburgh Aerial Surveys Company, the Air Transport Corporation, the Pittsburgh Aircraft Agency Corporation, the Pittsburgh Aviation Management Corporation, and the Pittsburgh Aviation Securities Corporation. He is vice-president and a director of the Pittsburgh Aviation Industries Corporation, a director and chairman executive committee of the Perfect Laundries Company, a director of Manning, Maxwell and Moore, the Pittsburgh Metal Aeroplane Corporation, the Sutton Engineering Corporation, and the Transcontinental Air Transport Company. Mr. Allderdice is a member of the Engineers' Society of Western Pennsylvania, the Railway Business Association, the American Iron and Steel Club and the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce. He is a director of the Children's Service Bureau, and a member of many clubs, including Traffic Club of Pittsburgh, the Railway Club, the Pittsburgh Club, the Duquesne Club, the University Club, the Keystone Athletic Club, the Oakmont Country Club, the Youghiogheny Country Club, the Variety Club, all of the Pittsburgh district, and the Lambs Club of New York City. Mr. Allderdice is a Republican in politics. In religion, he worships in the faith of the Episcopal Church.

Mr. Allderdice's offices are in the Park Building, Pittsburgh. He makes his home at No. 5727 Wilkins Avenue, this city.

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**LYNDON HOLT LANDON, M. D.**—One of the best known surgeons of Pennsylvania, Dr. Landon has been engaged in the practice of surgery for almost two decades. During the earlier part of his career he was located at Philadelphia, but since 1916 he has practiced his profession in Pittsburgh, excepting during the World War, when he saw active service with the Medical Corps of the United States Army in France. He is prominently active in hospital work, is a Fellow and member of numerous medical and surgical organizations, maintains membership in several fraternal, patriotic and social organizations and, in all, represents a high type of useful, patriotic citizen.

Lyndon Holt Landon was born at Pierrepont, New York, March 28, 1886, a son of Frank H. and Coralyn A. (Holt) Landon, his parents now being residents of DeKalb, New York. On his mother's side Dr. Landon is of Revolutionary descent, being the eighth in descent from Jonathan Holt, who, born in 1714, served as a private soldier in the Revolutionary War from Hampton, Connecticut, during 1776-77. From him the line of descent is traced through his son George Holt, who married Elizabeth Farnum; through their son Jedediah Holt, who married Sarah Flint; through their son Jonathan Holt, who married Anna Faulkner; through their son Nathaniel Holt, who married Mary Farnham; through their son Marvin Holt, who married Juliet Drury, these being the maternal grandparents of Dr. Landon; and through their daughter, Coralyn A. Holt, who married Frank H. Landon, and is the mother of the subject of this biography.

Dr. Holt received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Gouverneur, New York. He then attended Colgate University, Hamilton, New York, where he was a member of the class of 1909, leaving, however, before graduating. From there he went to the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, where he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, in 1910. During the next year, 1910-11, he served as an interne at the University Hospital, Philadelphia. In 1912 he established himself in the practice of surgery in Philadelphia, becoming at the same time an instruc-

tor in surgery at the University of Pennsylvania Medical School, in which latter capacity he continued to serve until 1916. During 1912-16 he was also assistant surgeon at the University Hospital, during 1914-16, assistant surgeon at the Polyclinic Hospital, and during 1915-16, assistant surgeon at St. Agnes' Hospital, all these of Philadelphia. In 1916 Dr. Landon removed to Pittsburgh, having accepted the appointment of assistant chief surgeon for the Carnegie Steel Company, in which capacity he continued to serve until 1919, carrying on also a successful and extensive private surgical practice. However, during part of this period Dr. Landon temporarily withdrew from private practice in order to devote his services to his country during the World War. He entered the Medical Corps of the United States Army in 1917 and promptly was commissioned a lieutenant, being later promoted to captain and finally to major. He was attached at first to Base Hospital, No. 115, American Expeditionary Forces, at Vichy, France, as chief of the surgical service. During the later phases of the war he was on detached duty with Mobile Hospital, No. 6 and 8, and with Evacuation Hospital, No. 6, during the Meuse-Argonne offensive. Having received his honorable discharge in 1919, Dr. Landon, late in that year, returned to Pittsburgh and there resumed his private practice as a surgeon, becoming also staff surgeon at the West Penn Hospital, which position he continues to hold, also consulting surgeon to Montefiore Hospital. His offices are located in the Jenkins Building. He is a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons, a Fellow of the Medical Society of London, England, a Fellow of the Philadelphia Academy of Surgery, a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Philadelphia Pathological Society, the Pittsburgh Surgical Society and the College of Physicians of Pittsburgh, of which latter he was president during 1927-28. He is also a member of Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity, Phi Alpha Sigma Fraternity, the honorary medical fraternity of Alpha Omega Alpha, the Sons of the American Revolution, the Military Order of the World War, the Veterans of Foreign Wars, the American Legion, the University Club of Pittsburgh, the Pittsburgh Country Club, the Longue Vue Country Club, the Wildwood Country Club, and Washington Lodge, No. 250, Free and Accepted Masons, of Pittsburgh. His religious affiliation is with the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Dr. Landon married in Philadelphia, December 27, 1913. Mida Elizabeth Crounse, of Altamont, New York. Dr. and Mrs. Landon make their home in Pittsburgh at No. 4205 Bigelow Boulevard, and are the parents of three children: Lyndon Holt, Jr., Nancy Elizabeth, and Suzanne.

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**RAYMOND S. SIMBOLI**—The son of an artist, well known in the Pittsburgh vicinity as a mural painter and interior decorator, Professor Simboli himself is today recognized as one of the best of the younger artists in the Pittsburgh district. Many of his paintings have been exhibited in the East. He is the recipient of many local awards. During his scholastic years he was awarded an important scholarship and the year following a fellowship. He has been prominent for many years as a member of the arts faculty at the Carnegie Institute of Technology, which position he has held since 1917, and as a teacher at the Pittsburgh Artists League.

Raymond S. Simboli was born in Italy, December 26, 1895, a son of Peter and Angelina (Checco) Simboli. Both parents were born in Italy and came to this country in 1900, settling in Pittsburgh. Professor Simboli received his early education in public school and Peabody High School. Having shown artistic talent even as a boy, he continued his education along this line at the Carnegie Institute of Technology. In the year of 1917 he began to teach at this institution until early in 1918, when he enlisted in the United States Army during the World War. He was sent to an officers' training camp and had not seen service abroad when the Armistice was signed. After receiving honorable discharge from army service, he returned to Pittsburgh and resumed his position as a teacher and a painter. In 1928 he was made an assistant professor.

Aside from his teaching, and association with his father in mural and decorating work, Professor Simboli enjoys a high reputation for his paintings, which include landscapes, still lifes and portraits. A number of his paintings have entered and were shown at the International Exhibits in Pittsburgh. He has received numerous awards in the exhibits of the Associated Artists of Pittsburgh. In 1923, third honor; 1926, most meritorious exhibit; 1927, one man show; 1930, Carnegie Institute prize; and in 1931, first honor. In 1917 he was awarded the Hawthorne Scholarship and in 1919 the Tiffany Foundation Fellowship.

Mr. Simboli is a member and past director of the Associated Artists of Pittsburgh, Post No. 5, American Legion, and Tau Sigma Delta, national honorary fraternity. He finds recreation in various sports and is a hearty sports enthusiast.

At South Norwalk, Connecticut, on June 20, 1920, Professor Simboli married Mabel Tito. At this writing (1931), they make their home at No. 6617 Jackson Street, East End, Pittsburgh, and have three children: Raymond S. Jr., Mabel and Donald.

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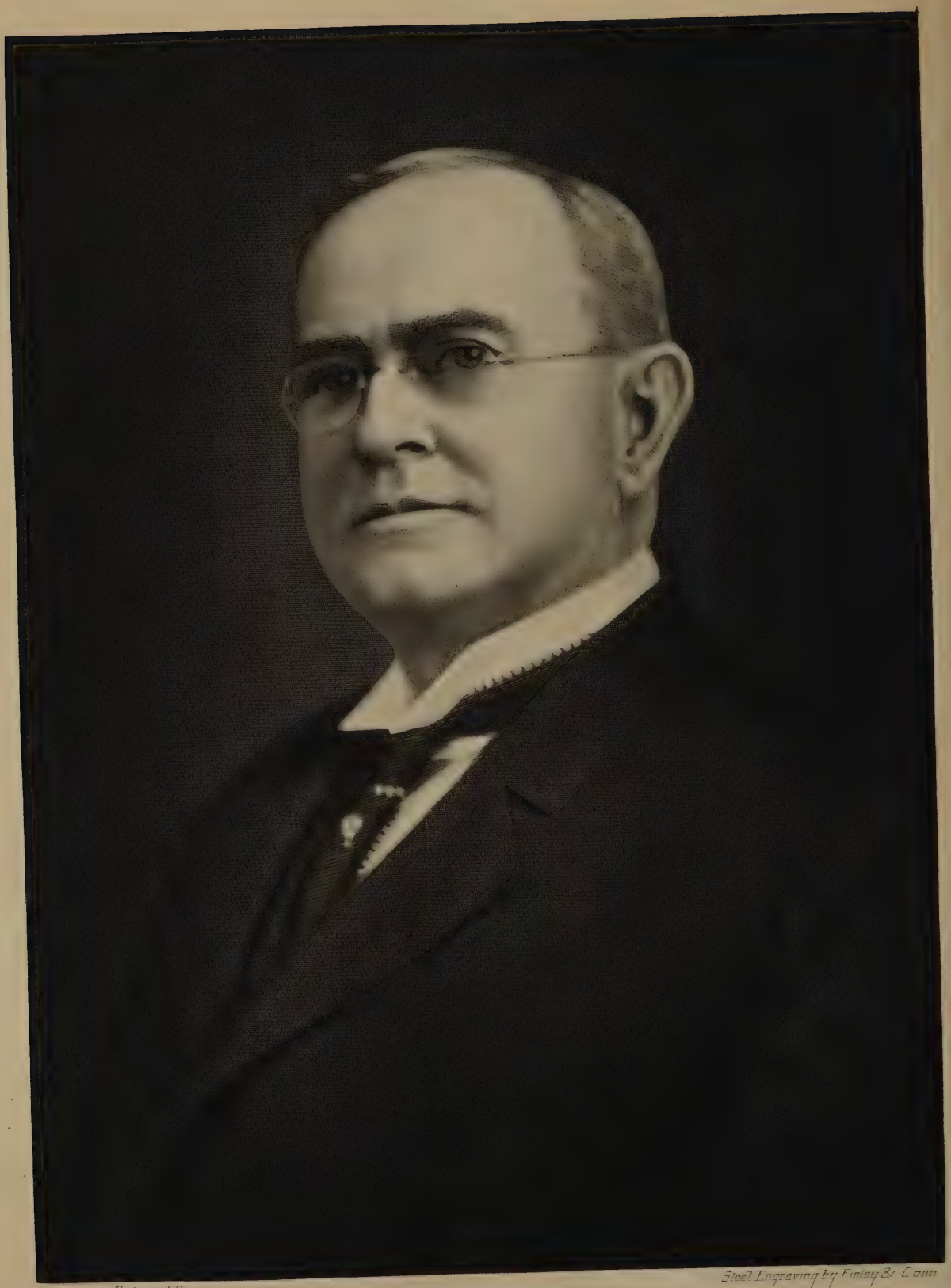
**GEORGE JACOB KASTLIN, M. D., F. A. C. P.**—Though one of the younger generation of Pittsburgh's physicians, Dr. Kastlin, during the comparatively short period he has been established in the practice of his profession in Pittsburgh, has made for himself an enviable reputation as an able and successful medical practitioner. He specializes in internal medicine, is prominently active in hospital work, devotes a considerable part of



American Historical Soc'y

Steel Engraving by Finley & Conn

E. G. Wright

his time to teaching, and is a member of several medical, social and fraternal organizations.

George Jacob Kastlin was born at Savanna, Illinois, July 11, 1900, a son of Henry George and Rose (Rusche) Kastlin. His father, now a resident of Des Moines, Iowa, is an official of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway. Dr. Kastlin received his early education in the public schools of Beardstown, Illinois, and then attended and graduated from the high school at LaCrosse, Wisconsin. Next he matriculated at the University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1922. He then took up the study of medicine at the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1924. During 1924-25 he was an interne at Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh. During 1925-26 he served as an interne in pathology at the Toronto General Hospital, Toronto, Province of Ontario, Canada. Returning then to Madison, Wisconsin, he served, during 1926-27, as associate clinical pathologist at the State of Wisconsin General Hospital. At the end of this period he returned to Pittsburgh, where he acted as chief resident physician in medicine at Mercy Hospital until 1928. In that year he established himself in private practice, specializing in internal medicine and maintaining offices in the Jenkins Building, Pittsburgh. He is also an assistant in the medical department of Mercy Hospital, junior member of the medical staff at the Pittsburgh Skin & Cancer Foundation, professor of hygiene at Duquesne University, demonstrator in medicine at the University of Pittsburgh Medical School, and director of students' health at Mount Mercy Academy. He is a Fellow of the American College of Physicians, a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, the American Association of Pathologists and Bacteriologists, the Clinical & Pathological Society of Pittsburgh, and the Biological Society of the University of Pittsburgh, as well as the Society of the Sigma Xi, Phi Rho Sigma Fraternity, and the University Club of Pittsburgh. During the World War he served in the Students' Army Training Corps at the University of Wisconsin. His religious affiliation is with the Roman Catholic Church.

Dr. Kastlin resides at the Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh.

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**WALTER A. FRAUZ**—Widely known in art circles in Pittsburgh, Mr. Frauz's list of paintings is of a very diversified nature. However, he is especially highly regarded for his conceptions of Greek mythology. His figure and model work is especially fine and many of his works have met with enthusiastic approval.

Walter A. Frauz was born at Parkersburg, West Virginia, in 1870, a son of Henry and Henrietta (Grueninger) Frauz, both now deceased. On his father's side the family has been settled in this country for three generations, while his mother was a native of Germany. His father was a chemist by profession. Mr. Frauz received his education in the public grammar and high schools of Baltimore, Maryland. After leaving school he took up the study of art and for six years studied in Baltimore under leading illustrators and painters of that period. During this time he was a member of the Charcoal Club of Baltimore. One of the outstanding characteristics of many of his paintings is their fine imagery. Among his works should be especially mentioned the following: "King Lear," "The Sorcerers," "Leucothea and Palaemon," "Night," and others of a similar type. His conceptions of Greek mythology are classed as of the finest of their type in this country, and some of them resemble in many ways the work of some of the most famous old masters. Mr. Frauz is a member of the Associated Artists of Pittsburgh and has frequently exhibited his work at the annual exhibition of this organization. He is also a talented musician and a fine violin player, the playing of this instrument being his chief diversion.

Mr. Frauz married in Baltimore, Maryland, in 1895, Ida J. Kresse, a daughter of Colonel Joseph Sudsburg. Mrs. Frauz's father served during the Civil War and took part in every major engagement fought in the East. In his honor there has been erected a monument on the battlefield of Gettysburg, another at Antietam. Mr. and Mrs. Frauz have two daughters: Mrs. Marie Wilhelm, and Mrs. Corinne Lingenfelser. Mr. Frauz's studio and home are located at No. 103 Hawthorne Street, Edgewood, Pennsylvania.

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**ELWOOD GRIEST WRIGHT**—Long before the wells of liquid gold were tapped in the Great Southwest, Pennsylvania's wells were becoming historic, and leaders of the industry here were the oldest pioneers of oil operations in America.

Elwood Griest Wright, who was active in the trade until the close of his life in his seventieth year, made for himself a place as pioneer second to none. Numerous tributes have been written to the pioneers of oil; and these *in toto* may be taken as significant, applicable directly to Elwood Griest Wright, whose half-century of notable activity brought him to the topmost spires of achievement.

Born on a farm near Wrightsdale, Lancaster County, March 31, 1847, he was a son of Samuel and Mary Jane (Clayton) Wright. Samuel Wright was of Irish stock and he had the characteristic sturdy attributes of the race of his descent. Though Irish-American, he was a devout Quaker, and he practiced the tenets of his religion zealously. He became a leader of the church. Likewise of his agricultural community; for, a talented husbandman and of sound judgment, his fellow-agriculturalists turned to him for counsel; and because of his standing as well as that of his immediate family, Wrightsdale was given its name. It is a lasting encomium to the family's char-

acter and pioneering residence in Pennsylvania. Samuel Wright died on his farm at Wrightsdale; so did his widow, who lived to the age of ninety-one years. Mary Jane (Clayton) Wright was a descendant of William Clayton, who, native of England, came to this country aboard a vessel named the "Kent," at an early period of Pennsylvania's and the Nation's development. He left many of the surname in England, where the family has continued to flourish here. William Clayton was an officer under Washington in the Revolution; he served as member of the first grand jury ever to sit in Pennsylvania; and his prestige, great for the time, has not lessened in the quality and merit of his progeny, who are now represented in the fourth, fifth and sixth generations, in Lancaster County and elsewhere. It is of record, as written by a student of Tennyson's poems, that Elizabeth Clayton was the great-great-grandmother of the poet, Alfred Tennyson; and hence, the family of the late Mr. Wright, oil operator of Pennsylvania, and that of the great poet, each had their root in common, by passage through this Elizabeth Clayton to her forebears. This is surely to be recalled as of interest to those who knew Mr. Wright, and who knew in their friendship his unusually gifted mind, in abstract and æsthetic media as well as in the concrete accomplishments of his career; for, indeed, his mind and the gifts thereof were unique in the annals of his industry. Three sons and two daughters were born to Samuel and Mary Jane (Clayton) Wright on their farmstead at Wrightsdale. Elwood Griest Wright had his middle name from a former tenant of his mother's farm, in Pennsylvania—Mr. Griest's son, William, having become a member of the State Senate body, and always having been an admired friend of the household. With this background of honored blood-strain, of its early American wartime and peacetime traditions, and the inspiration of prominent men in his contemporary plane of observance, it was natural, perhaps, that Elwood Griest Wright should give speedy evidence of his vision, his practical application of that vision, and the will to accomplish in new fields.

Spending his boyhood on the Wrightsdale farm, he worked at the duties assigned to him with his brothers and sisters, made himself useful, formed habits of work that persisted through life, and attended the country school. His main education, however, was informal. He educated himself, really. A natural student, he went beyond the requirements of his classes, and when he was away from home continued his studies without supervision, being eager to learn, and realizing well that knowledge was one of the keys to fortune and nobility of character. He was, you perceive, filled with ideals of youth; and it is to his credit that he preserved them in man's work, when he was on his way to fame and power. Contact with men and mature affairs gave him a rich insight into humankind, and this became one of his richest treasures. Subsequently, travel broadened his understanding of men; and his reading and observations brought him to be known as somewhat of a philosopher.

Two years after the Civil War, in 1867, when he was twenty, Mr. Wright went West. The West of that time was considered Illinois; and there he worked on a farm at a low, hard-earned wage. He saved his money for a year, and at twenty-one returned to Pennsylvania, where the cry of oil had brought capitalists, adventurers and young men in quest of their futures from all parts of the nation and from other parts of the world. It was a "gold-rush" period in the history of the State; it rivalled in many instances the scenes of 'Frisco in '49; and in the hurry, drive and confusion, Mr. Wright went clearheadedly forward, winning respect, promotion and a share of the wealth accruing to those who could take it from the strata of the earth. At Turkey City, near St. Petersburg, he was made overseer in charge of a pipe line under construction. Handling men came to him as a ready personal ability; men trusted him, gave him their best—just as, firstly, he gave them his; and the reliance placed in him by his assistants was shared by his superiors. Side by side he worked in the field, putting down the pipe line; never would he ask a man to do what he himself would not do; he inspired confidence, the vigor to go ahead against obstacles; and what was at first respect turned to the warmest esteem and affection, roughly expressed by the workingmen, and more elegantly expressed by his employers, who were frankly pleased with progress under him. He went to Washington, Pennsylvania, as "gauger" for the Southwest Pennsylvania Pipe Line Company. Strict application to detail and theory, to the work and to its supervision, gave him an advantage, and he forged ahead steadily in the estimation of the company's executives. He became an accountant, assistant superintendent, general manager. And as general manager he continued to give his valuable best until retirement, shortly before his demise, in 1916. For years he had been affiliated with Standard Oil's production department. When this branch was removed from Washington to Pittsburgh, he came with it. His residence here was at the intersection of Dallas Avenue and Reynolds Street. He was a prominent figure in Pittsburgh, and had been one in Washington.

As a resident of Washington Mr. Wright was active in social and economic spheres. His financial interest in the Petroleum Iron Works there may have been his most important contribution to the development of Washington; but his interests were widely varied, and gave him a large place in any consideration. His interests were many in Pittsburgh, too. These ranged through those of finance and industry to social, cultural and scientific life; and he was a gardener in his spare hours, being ever so fond of his horticultural specimens at the residence here. His flowers were much admired. He was a member of the Oakmont Golf Club, and he always supported generously, with funds and his spiritual solidity, the

Quaker faith of his forebears. His home and his family—these were his chief pleasures. At home, in the companionship of his loved ones, he was truly himself, thoroughly at ease, a cultured gentleman, loving husband and indulgent father.

Mr. Wright married, November 19, 1890, Sarah Rankin Whitehill, whose father, James Whitehill, was among the first of the oil men producing at Oil City, Pennsylvania. Her mother was Mary Jane (Thompson) Whitehill. To Mr. and Mrs. Wright were born two children: 1. Gertrude Clayton, who died at the age of four. 2. Mildred Whitehill, since deceased; was the wife of William S. McKinney, whose death occurred December 20, 1930. Mrs. Wright continues to reside in Pittsburgh, at No. 1252 Malvern Avenue. In her husband's career she was of great and constant help. In former years they participated in several charitable works together, and a few of these are maintained down to the present (1932) in the kindliness of Mrs. Wright.

Of him it has been said, that he lived his religion in his daily acts. Each day gave him an opportunity for a worthy, even an exemplary, human kindness. He was the friend of his fellowmen; he assisted them to better their conditions; helped to make better communities of Washington and of Pittsburgh; and will long be remembered for his high Christian precepts as well as for his place as a leader of the industrial past which made possible the present, of Pittsburgh and the Commonwealth. Mr. Wright's death occurred in Pittsburgh, April 4, 1926.

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**EDWARD J. McCAGUE, B. Sc., M. D., F. A. C. S.**—Well known in medical circles in Pittsburgh Dr. McCague is one of the most able and successful urologists of western Pennsylvania. With the exception of his more than two years' service during the World War, since the completion of his medical studies he has practiced his profession in Pittsburgh. He is very active in hospital work, gives considerable time to teaching, is a member of numerous medical, fraternal and social organizations and enjoys a high professional standing, being a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons.

Edward J. McCague was born in Yorkshire, England, October 31, 1881, a son of John and Mary (Callahan) McCague. His father, who died in 1920, was for many years connected with the Carnegie Steel Company. Dr. McCague was brought to this country by his parents when he was about seven years of age and he received his education in the public schools of Pittsburgh. After graduating from high school he took up the study of medicine at the Medical School of the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1912. He then spent one year in post-graduate work at McGill University, Montreal, Province of Quebec, Canada, and at the end of this period returned to Pittsburgh and, during 1913-14, served as an interne at Mercy Hospital. During 1914-16 he was associated with Dr. Acheson Stewart, well known Pittsburgh surgeon, both at Mercy Hospital and in connection with Dr. Stewart's private practice at his downtown office. Early in 1917, Dr. McCague temporarily withdrew from private practice to serve with the armed forces of the United States during the World War. He entered the Medical Corps as a lieutenant in April, 1917, and at the time of his honorable discharge, in July, 1919, he held the rank of lieutenant-colonel. Except for the period of his war service Dr. McCague has been chief of the urology department at Mercy Hospital since he began the active practice of medicine in Pittsburgh. For a number of years he has also been associate professor of urology at the Medical School of the University of Pittsburgh. He is a member of the consulting staff of Mayview Hospital and medical director of St. Paul's Orphan Asylum. Besides being a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons, he is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the Allegheny County Medical Society. Duquesne University, Pittsburgh, has conferred upon him the honorary degree of Bachelor of Science. As already stated, Dr. McCague served for more than two years in the Medical Corps during the World War. At first he went overseas with Base Hospital, No. 27, but later was on detached duty with the Casualty Clearing Station, No. 20, Fifth British Army at Cambrai, France. Other assignments included the following: 17th Division, British Expeditionary Forces; 32d Division, American Expeditionary Forces; 3d Division, United States Regular Army, with which division he served in several major engagements including the Marne and the Argonne offensives; 5th Army Corps; United States Army of Occupation in Germany, with which he served for six months in the capacity of senior consulting urologist in the surgeon-general's office. While with the Army of Occupation, he had his headquarters at Koblentz. For distinguished services during the engagement at Crezancy, France, in the Marne offensive, he was cited and, July 15, 1918, received from the French Government the Croix de Guerre. Dr. McCague is a member of the Knights of Columbus, the University Club, the Pittsburgh Club, the Fox Chapel Golf Club, the Rolling Rock Club, the American Legion, the Third Division Association and the Eclat Club, the last-named being an organization in which membership is granted only to American surgeons who saw active war service on the battle fronts during the World War. His religious affiliation is with St. Scholastica Roman Catholic Church, of Aspinwall, Pittsburgh.

Dr. McCague married at Coburg, Province of Ontario, Canada, July 15, 1920, Margaret L. McCook, a daughter of the late Willis McCook, of Pittsburgh. Dr. and Mrs. McCague are the parents of five children: Margaret, Marian, Edward

J., Jr., Willis McCook, and Suzanne. Their home is on Pasadena Road, Aspinwall Borough, Pittsburgh.

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**JOHN J. McCAGUE, M. D.**—A native and lifelong resident of Allegheny County, Dr. McCague has been sucessfully engaged in the practice of medicine in Pittsburgh since the completion of his medical training in 1926. He specializes in urology and in this branch of medical science is regarded an expert. Though one of the younger generation of Pittsburgh's physicians, he already enjoys a very high professional reputation and a large practice. He is active in hospital work, is a member of the medical faculty of Pittsburgh University, and belongs to several medical and social organizations.

John J. McCague was born at Homestead, Allegheny County, November 22, 1896, a son of the late John and Mary (Callahan) McCague. Both his parents, now deceased, were natives of England. His father, at the time of his death in 1920 and for many years prior, had been connected with the Carnegie Steel Company. Dr. McCague received his early education in the grade schools of Homestead and then attended the high school at Munhall, Allegheny County, from which he was graduated in 1915. In the next year he entered the University of Pittsburgh, but, when the United States declared war against Germany, in April, 1917, he left college and entered military service. At first he was attached to a hospital unit formed in Pittsburgh, but later he served overseas with Base Hospital, No. 27, at Angers, France. Having received his honorable discharge, April 1, 1919, he resumed his studies at the University of Pittsburgh. After completing the second year of the premedical course, he took up the study of medicine at the School of Medicine of the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1924. During 1924-25 he served as an interne at Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh, and during 1925-26 pursued post-graduate work abroad, attending for that purpose the University of Freiburg, Germany, and hospitals at Vienna, Austria, Paris, France, and London, England. Returning to this country in 1926, he became assistant to his brother, Dr. E. J. McCague (q. v.), chief of the department of urology at Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh. At the same time he also established himself in private practice as a specialist in urology, with offices at No. 3400 Forbes Street, Pittsburgh. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pittsburgh Urological Society, and a member of the Junior Staff of Pittsburgh Skin and Cancer Clinic. For a number of years he has served as an instructor in urology at the Medical School of the University of Pittsburgh. He is a member of Phi Beta Phi and Delta Sigma Phi fraternities, and of the University Club of Pittsburgh. His religious affiliation is with the Roman Catholic Sacred Heart Cathedral of Pittsburgh.

Dr. McCague married in Pittsburgh, January 31, 1928, Julia Girard, a native of Connellsville, Pennsylvania, a daughter of the late David and Mary E. (Moorehouse) Girard, the latter still living in Connellsville. Dr. and Mrs. McCague make their home at No. 1239 Denniston Avenue, Pittsburgh. They are the parents of a son, John J. McCague, Jr., born January 1, 1929, and a daughter, Julianne, born January 18, 1931.

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**G. HARTON SINGER, JR.**—After five years spent with Pittsburgh banks and bond houses, following his graduation from college, Mr. Singer, together with several other gentlemen, established an investment banking house and is now the chief executive of this firm. Its success, largely the result of Mr. Singer's exceptional business and executive ability, is so marked that today a branch is maintained in New York City. Mr. Singer is one of the most successful of the younger generation of investment bankers in Pittsburgh. His standing in business and financial circles is of the highest and he is a director and an officer of several important financial corporations. He is a veteran of the World War, during which he served in the navy, and is a member of several of the leading Pittsburgh clubs.

G. Harton Singer, Jr., was born in Pittsburgh, July 5, 1892, a son of the late G. Harton Singer, Sr., and Charlotte (Smith) Singer. His paternal grandfather was one of the pioneer steel manufacturers of Pennsylvania and at one time was a partner of Andrew Carnegie. His father, who died in 1929, had been a partner of the firm of Singer, Nimick & Company, steel manufacturers, up to 1915, when he retired from active business. Mr. Singer prepared for college at St. Paul's Academy, Concord, New Hampshire, and then attended Sheffield Scientific School, Yale University, from which he was graduated in 1916. In the fall of that year he connected with the Fidelity Title & Trust Company, of Pittsburgh, in the savings department of which he continued until 1919, excepting for one year during the World War, when he saw service in the United States Navy. The next two years, 1919-21, Mr. Singer acquired further banking experience by working as a bond salesman and subsequently as sales manager for a New York bond house. In 1921 he was one of the organizers of the investment banking house of Wells, Deane & Singer. In January, 1929, this firm was reorganized and incorporated under the name of Singer, Deane & Scribner. The officers of this corporation are as follows: G. Harton Singer, Jr., president, secretary and treasurer; A. G. Deane, vice-president; J. M. Scribner, vice-president; and J. H. Fauset, assistant vice-president. The main offices of the company are located in Suite No. 1308, Commonwealth Building, Pittsburgh, with the New York office at No. 60 Broadway. Mr. Deane is in charge of the latter. Mr. Singer is also secretary and treasurer of the Pittsburgh Bond & Share Corporation and a member of the boards of directors of the Exchange National Bank of Pittsburgh and of the Pennsyl-

vania-Bradford Company. Besides being a member of the Investment Bankers Association of America, he also belongs to the Pittsburgh Bond Club, the Allegheny Country Club, the Pittsburgh Golf Club, the Fox Chapel Golf Club, the Duquesne Club, the Pittsburgh Club and the Yale Club of Pittsburgh. He is a director of the Allegheny General Hospital. In politics he is a Republican.

As has already been related, Mr. Singer enlisted in the United States Navy during the World War. This step he took early in 1918, though at that time he had been married less than a year. For the first nine months he was stationed at Cape May, New Jersey, after which he spent three months, until he received his honorable discharge, at Philadelphia, where he attended an officers' school at the University of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Singer married in Pittsburgh, June 9, 1917, Anna Turner, a daughter of the late James J. and Nettie (Churchman) Turner. Mrs. Singer's father prior to his death was a vice-president of the Pennsylvania Railroad Lines west of Pittsburgh. Mr. and Mrs. Singer are the parents of two children: G. Harton Singer, 3d, born in 1921, and Marguerite Ann, born in 1926. The family residence is located in Morewood Heights, Pittsburgh, and their summer residence is at Sewickley Heights.

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**RALPH LYNCH, M. D.**—Having established himself in the practice of internal medicine in Pittsburgh after an exceptionally extensive and thorough preparation at one of the leading medical schools of Pennsylvania and at several important hospitals, Dr. Lynch has quickly made for himself an enviable reputation as an able and successful physician and has become especially well known as a practitioner of internal medicine. He is very active in hospital work, gives considerable time to teaching, is a member of several medical and social organizations and is regarded as one of the most representative of the younger generation of Pittsburgh's physicians.

Ralph Lynch was born at Greensburg, Pennsylvania, January 23, 1896, a son of the late Thomas and Sarah (McKenna) Lynch, both now deceased. His father was for many years one of the leading industrialists of the Pittsburgh district and at the time of his death, in 1914, was president of the H. C. Frick Coke Company, and a director of the Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh and of several other important industrial and financial enterprises. Dr. Lynch received his early education in the public schools of Greensburg and, having graduated from the local high school, matriculated at Dartmouth College, Hanover, New Hampshire, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1917. Though he had intended to take up the study of medicine immediately following his graduation from college, he postponed his entrance in a medical school for the purpose of serving with the United States Army during the World War. Immediately after graduating from Dartmouth College he enlisted in the Medical Corps and was promptly assigned to Base Hospital, No. 27, at Angers, France. Later he was transferred to the Infantry Training School and was about to receive a commission, when the Armistice was signed. Returning to the United States in April, 1919, and having received his honorable discharge from military service, he entered in the fall of 1919 the Medical College of the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1923. He served as an interne at Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh, during 1923-24, as resident physician in pathology during 1924-25 and as resident physician in medicine during 1925-26. The year 1926-27 he spent as assistant instructor at McGill University, Montreal, Province of Quebec, Canada. From there he went to Boston, Massachusetts, where he served during 1927-28, as a volunteer physician in medicine at the Peter Bent Brigham Hospital. Returning to Pittsburgh in 1928, he established himself in practice, having specialized since then in internal medicine, with offices at No. 3400 Forbes Street. Much of his time, however, is spent at Mercy Hospital. He is a demonstrator in medicine at the Medical College of the University of Pittsburgh, is a Fellow of the American College of Physicians, and a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, and the Clinical Pathological Society. He is also a member of Alpha Delta Fraternity, the Fox Chapel Golf Club, the Westmoreland Polo Club, and the University Club of Pittsburgh. His religious affiliation is with the Roman Catholic Church.

Dr. Lynch married, January 31, 1925, Katharine Gans, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar H. Gans, of Baltimore, Maryland. Dr. and Mrs. Lynch have their home in Hunt Road, Fox Chapel District, Pittsburgh, and are the parents of two children: Hugh McKenna, born in Montreal, in March, 1927; and Ralph Lynch, Jr., born in Pittsburgh, in October, 1928.

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**FRANK G. MINNICK**—Having connected with the operating department of the New York, Lake Erie & Western Railroad immediately after leaving school at the age of eighteen years, Mr. Minnick has continued to be identified with the railroad industry. His career has been spent chiefly with the railroad just mentioned, the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad, and the Lake Erie & Eastern Railroad, Since 1926 he has been general manager of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad, in which capacity he has proven himself an exceptionally able railway executive. He is widely known in the Pittsburgh district and is very highly regarded in railway circles.

Frank G. Minnick was born at Kent, Ohio, September 19, 1873, a son of Charles W. and Ellen L. Minnick. His father, now deceased, was engaged in railroad work throughout his entire

mature life. Mr. Minnick received his education in the public schools and, on July 5, 1891, first went to work for a railway. Until November 15, 1899, he was connected in various capacities with the operating department of the New York, Lake Erie & Western Railroad. Next he became identified with the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad. With it he served successively as freight clerk at Rankin, Pennsylvania, from January 18, 1900, until October 8, 1900; as agent at New Castle Junction, Pennsylvania, from October 8, 1900, until January 1, 1902; as assistant yardmaster at New Castle, Pennsylvania, from January 1, 1902, to April 4, 1904; as miscellaneous clerk in the transportation department at Pittsburgh, from April 4, 1904, until March, 1907; as chief clerk in this department, again stationed at Pittsburgh, from March, 1907, until August 1, 1911; as car accountant at Pittsburgh, from August 1, 1911, to May 1, 1916; as superintendent of the car service at Pittsburgh, from May 1, 1916, to January 1, 1917; and as superintendent of freight transportation at Pittsburgh, from January 1, 1917, to November 14, 1917. When the management of the railroads in this country was taken over by the Federal Government during the World War, Mr. Minnick was commandeered to act as general agent for the General Operating Committee at Pittsburgh, on November 14, 1917. Shortly afterwards, on December 4, 1917, he became manager of the Eastern Railroads Car Pool, in which capacity he served until August 1, 1918. Next he was operating assistant of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad, the Lake Erie & Eastern Railroad, the Monongahela Railway, the Pittsburgh & West Virginia Railroad and the West Side Belt Railroad, from August 1, 1918, to May 1, 1919. Then he was assistant Federal manager for these various roads from May 1, 1919, until March 1, 1920. When the railroads were returned to private ownership, Mr. Minnick resumed his connection with the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad, of which he was made assistant general manager on March 1, 1920. After serving in this capacity with outstanding success for more than six years, he was appointed, July 1, 1926, to his present position, that of general manager of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad. His offices are located in Pittsburgh in the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Terminal Building.

Mr. Minnick is a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, the Duquesne Club, the Keystone Athletic Club, the Shannopin Country Club, and the Railway Club of Pittsburgh, of which latter he served as president during 1925-1926. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Minnick married in Pittsburgh, Mabel Franz, of Pittsburgh. Their home is at No. 308 Lincoln Avenue, Bellevue Borough, Pittsburgh.

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**EDWARD WILLIAM zurHORST, M. D.**—For almost two decades, ever since the completion of his medical education and training, Pittsburgh has been the scene of Dr. zurHorst's professional activities as a physician. Throughout his entire career he has been identified with Mercy Hospital, where he devotes all of his practice to his specialty, internal medicine. Also, for seventeen years he has been a member of the medical faculty of the University of Pittsburgh, being one of the most popular instructors in its medical school. His high standing in his profession is indicated by his having been elected a Fellow of the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine.

Edward William zurHorst was born in Pittsburgh, October 27, 1888, a son of Frederick Wilbrandt Theodore and Wilhelmina Johanna (Studt) zurHorst. Both his parents were born in Germany, but came to this country in their youth. His father, now retired, was formerly a successful and well-known merchant in Pittsburgh. Dr. zurHorst received his early education in the public grade schools of Pittsburgh and then attended the Pittsburgh High School, from which he was graduated in 1906. He then took up the study of medicine at the University of Pittsburgh Medical School, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1912. Following his graduation he spent some time as an interne at Mercy Hospital. At the completion of his term of service he became a full staff member of that institution and since then has devoted all of his practice time to the hospital, specializing in internal medicine. Since 1913 he has taught at the University of Pittsburgh Medical School and since 1921 he has been assistant professor of internal medicine. In 1929 Duquesne University, Pittsburgh, conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Science. Besides being a Fellow of the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, Dr. zurHorst is also a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, the honorary medical fraternity, Alpha Omega Alpha, and the medical fraternity, Phi Chi, as well as the University Club of Pittsburgh.

Soon after the United States entered the World War, Dr. zurHorst, on August 18, 1917, joined the United States Army Medical Corps as a captain. The following month, September, 1917, he went to France and immediately was assigned to Base Hospital, No. 27, at Angers as registrar. Later, he was promoted to the rank of major. He continued in active service until he received his honorable discharge, April 1, 1919, when he returned to Pittsburgh and resumed the private practice of medicine at Mercy Hospital.

Dr. zurHorst married in Pittsburgh, June 30, 1925, Nell Harris, a daughter of the late Hon. John P. Harris. Mrs. zurHorst's father was for many years prominently active in public affairs and at one time served as a member of the Pennsylvania State Senate. He was also extensively interested in the motion picture industry, being one of the pioneers in it and claiming the distinction of having owned the first motion picture theatre in the world. Later his business greatly expanded and he became the owner of a chain

John Toole Sr

of moving picture houses, now operated by the J. P. Harris Corporation, of which Dr. zurHorst is a director. Dr. and Mrs. zurHorst reside at No. 1820 Wightman Street, Squirrel Hill, Pittsburgh.

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**JOHN JOSEPH TOOLE**—Well known in the steel industry of Pittsburgh, John Joseph Toole spent the whole of his career in circles of his trade, save for the final decade at the eventime of life, when he entered into retirement. Seventy-eight years old at his demise, he looked back upon a useful and rounded and extended period of enterprise, the net result of which contributed very helpfully to the advancement of the steel trade, and to the welfare of the city.

Native of England, he was born in Lancastershire, on November 29, 1853. He was a son of Martin and Mary (Howley) Toole, the eldest of four children (he had a sister and two brothers).

Mr. Toole received his academic instruction in Catholic schools, under the good Brothers; and to this formal instruction, in after years, he added much of practical knowledge, together with theoretical knowledge acquired through wide reading and long contact with the steel industry.

When he was fifteen, in England, he started to learn the trade of moulder. From the outset he took a lively, intelligent interest in his work, and was careful to learn every detail.

When he was eighteen he came to the United States, with his father; they located in Pittsburgh, for the elder Mr. Toole also had mastered the trade and wished to pursue it here. John Joseph Toole secured work at the Pittsburgh Steel Casting Company, under the direction of Mr. Aimsworth, who also came from England; and so well did he apply himself that in three years' time he had become foreman. A few considered Mr. Toole too young for such an important place. He was only twenty-one, yet his knowledge was not limited by these years, and his sense of command augured well for the future. He soon demonstrated his ability, and gained the confidence of those under him. Mr. Toole was the first man to use certain chemicals in steel castings to make them lighter in weight. He also made some of the large castings for the Panama Canal. Many of his lifelong friendships had begun during his first three years with the firm. Now, others took root. His was to be a lifetime filled with valuable friendships.

After some twenty-five years with the Pittsburgh Steel Casting Company, Mr. Toole became associated with the Union Steel Castings Company, which since has become the Blawnox Company.

Starting with this organization in the capacity of foreman, he was advanced to the rank of superintendent, which position he retained until retirement from active business affairs, ten years preceding his sudden death, his association with the Union Steel Castings Company having extended through a period of twenty-eight years—to him, the happiest years of his life, for he was one who loved his work and was frequently heard to remark that, if he had a chance to live his life over once more, he would choose the same kind of work.

Even from his earliest connection with the trade in Pittsburgh, Mr. Toole was looked upon as a man of outstanding ability, in his especial line, and later became known as an expert at casting. Many of the largest and most important castings ever turned out in Pittsburgh were cast under his personal supervision. Large cannons, for the government, and other work requiring exact and exceptional knowledge and skill, were done under his charge, the products of his hand and brain. He produced many intricate and difficult designs in iron and steel, as moulder; and for his expert ability will always be remembered with honor in the industry.

Mr. Toole married, in 1880, Mary Walsh, a daughter of Michael and Bridget (Walsh) Walsh, who came to this country from Staffordshire, England, when Mrs. Toole was a girl of eleven. Her father had charge of all the coal used at a great puddling furnace in Staffordshire, and his death occurred shortly after the family's arrival in America.

To Mr. and Mrs. Toole eleven children were born: 1. Mary, wife of H. E. Cook. 2. Lillian Toole, her twin sister. 3. John. 4. Loretta, wife of W. A. Sims. 5. Edward, who married Mary Gillespie; and they have children, John and Mary. 6. Anna. 7. Francis Thomas, who married Izetta Myers; and they have children, John, Francis, and Lillian. Four other children born to Mr. and Mrs. Toole have since died. Mrs. Toole survives her husband.

In 1917 Mr. Toole purchased several acres of land near Verona, Pennsylvania, on the Verona Road, and built the family residence in which Mrs. Toole continues to reside. Here he found deep pleasure, in his garden, with his flowers—and especially so after his retirement as an official of the Union Steel Castings Company.

Native Englishman, he became a loyal American, and took pride in his American citizenship.

Staunch Republican, he never sought office for himself, though on several occasions it was suggested that election would be certain. He supported his party with an ever-widening influence, and was a constructive factor in civic affairs, belonging to the East End Republican Club.

Wherever Mr. Toole was known, at his work, in social and political circles, everywhere, he had many friends, and as his life unfolded their number tended to increase manifold times. A deeply religious man, and one who lived according to the tenets of his views in daily activities, he belonged to Sacred Heart Roman Catholic Church, Pittsburgh; but after removing to Verona became a member of St. Joseph's. He was liberal in support of the philanthropic and educational efforts of the church, until the end. Here, too, his loss

was felt keenly, for he had always done his best—and a large best it was—for his fellowmen.

The life of Mr. Toole was another example of what a man can accomplish without outside help, if his abilities be sufficient and his purpose high. His success in life was based on character, and on work; and perhaps his most outstanding attribute was his love of his work. He died February 26, 1932.

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**RALPH HAMILTON HARRISON, M. D.**—A native of Pittsburgh and a graduate of the city's foremost medical school, Dr. Ralph Hamilton Harrison has carried on the practice of his profession here for over fifteen years He has specialized in the field of internal medicine, and has won an enviable reputation in the sphere of his special work. Dr. Harrison was born in Pittsburgh on November 4, 1891, a son of McClellan and Jessica Mendell (Hamilton) Harrison. His father was formerly assistant auditor of the Pennsylvania Railroad, west of Pittsburgh, and is now living retired. Four generations of both his paternal and maternal families have made their homes in Pennsylvania.

Dr. Harrison thus comes of the finest Pennsylvania stock. He attended the public schools of Pittsburgh, and the old Central High School of Pittsburgh. Thereafter, he entered the University of Pittsburgh, and was graduated from its Medical School in 1914, with the Doctor of Medicine degree. For one year he was an interne at the Allegheny General Hospital. Then he became associated in practice with Dr. George MacNeil, continuing his association until Dr. MacNeil became postmaster of Pittsburgh. At this time Dr. Harrison began private practice, specializing in the field of internal medicine, in which he has won much success. For a number of years Dr. Harrison was dispensary staff member of the St. Francis Hospital, and during the World War he had complete charge of the examination of all war risk cases at the United States Marine Hospital under the commanding officer.

Dr. Harrison's position among men of his profession of Pittsburgh was indicated by his election as Associate Fellow of the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine. He is a member of the Allegheny County, Pennsylvania State, and American Medical associations, and he is affiliated politically with the Republican party. Dr. Harrison is a member of the East End Christian Church. He is affiliated with Duquesne Lodge, No. 546, Free and Accepted Masons, and all bodies of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, including Pennsylvania Consistory, and a member of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Dr. Harrison is also affiliated with the University of Pittsburgh Chapter of the Phi Rho Sigma Fraternity, and the University Club of Pittsburgh. His offices are maintained in the Highland Building in this city.

Dr. Ralph Hamilton Harrison married Rena Johnson Vose, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Vose, of Hamilton, Maine. Mrs. Harrison died on March 20, 1922. During the period of the World War, she had charge of the operating rooms of the Base Hospital, Savennay, France, an institution in which there were twenty thousand beds. On September 24, 1930, Dr. Harrison married Martha J. Burns, daughter of John G. and Sarah (Morrison) Burns of Pittsburgh. They have one child, Martha Jane Harrison, born June 28, 1931. Dr. Harrison makes his home in Pittsburgh, at No. 6349 Marchand Street.

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**BENJAMIN I. DAVIS**—As managing editor for thirty-one years of the "Amalgamated Journal," official organ of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers of North America, Benjamin I. Davis is widely known both in Pittsburgh and in labor circles throughout the country. He is as widely loved for his genial, kindly nature as he is respected for his wisdom and loyalty to the rights of his fellowmen. His son, Louis Wallace Davis, who is a veteran of the World War, is also associated with the "Journal" as its office superintendent.

Benjamin I. Davis was born in Wales on April 24, 1861, a son of John and Sarah (Davis) Davis, both of whom are now deceased. He came with his parents to the United States in 1863, when he was about two years of age. His parents settled in Cleveland, Ohio. He was privileged to attend public school, in Cleveland, for only a short time, and he then formed the connection with the rolling mill industry which continued for twenty-five years. During those years he mastered the science of bookkeeping and fitted himself for the opportunity which later came to him with the establishment of the "Amalgamated Journal" in 1899. Mr. Davis was made managing-editor and still holds the position. The success which has attended these years in the history of the paper has been in large measure due to him, and it has been great enough to enable the "Journal" to have its own plant since 1922. This is located at the corner of South Main and Wabash streets and is sufficiently large and well equipped to take care of all the printing of the Amalgamated Association. Their former location was in property of their own on Grant Street, the site of the present Grant Building, sold to provide ground space for the new structure. Mr. Davis is one of the oldest managing editors in the service of any labor publication, and he is loved for his fine Christian spirit, his liking for his fellowman, and his generally lovable personality.

The fraternal affiliations of Mr. Davis are with the Cambridge Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is a life member; and he is also a life member of the Cambridge Commandery. He is a member and deacon of Mt. Lebanon Baptist Church.

Mr. Davis has been twice married; he was married (first), in 1883, to Elizabeth Jones who died in 1885, leaving a son, David. He married (second), at Bridgeport, Ohio, May 31, 1887, Cath-

erine B. Kaiser, and they are the parents of seven children: 1. Katherine. 2. Margaret. 3. Benjamin, Jr. 4. Louis Wallace. 5. Bertha. 6. John. 7. George W.

Louis Wallace Davis was born at Cambridge, Ohio, December 17, 1895, educated in West End, Pittsburgh, public schools; entered the air service, in February, 1918, in the Signal Department, and was stationed at Carnegie Institute of Technology, the University of Texas, and at Ellington Field, Texas, until his discharge in December, 1918; since 1920, associated with his father on the "Amalgamated Journal"; active in the Boy Scout Movement, as Scoutmaster of Troop No. 87, and a member of the Mt. Lebanon Baptist Church; married Pauline Davis, in Pittsburgh, October 26, 1921, and has children: Wallace, William, and Robert.

Rev. George W. Davis is an ordained minister and graduate of the University of Pittsburgh, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts; graduate of the Rochester Theological Seminary, with the B. D. degree, and of the Colgate-Rochester Divinity School with the degree of Master of Theology; a graduate of Yale University, class of 1931.

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**BENDER Z. CASHMAN, M. D., F. A. C. S.**—The scope of the medical knowledge and practice of Dr. Bender Z. Cashman, of Pittsburgh, his educational service in his field, and his contribution to the advancement of professional organizations have combined to place him in a position of leadership in his section. Dr. Cashman specializes in gynecology.

Bender Z. Cashman was born at New Oxford, Pennsylvania, February 20, 1886, son of Z. H. and Rebecca (Bender) Cashman, both now deceased. The father, a Pennsylvanian, as was the mother, was a grain dealer at New Oxford and a man of prominence in his section, a Republican and at one time county commissioner of Adams County. Dr. Cashman attended the public schools of New Oxford and graduated from Gettysburg Academy. Pursuing his academic studies at Gettysburg College, he graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1905. His medical education was acquired at Johns Hopkins, from which he obtained his Doctor of Medicine degree in 1909. He interned at West Penn Hospital during the following year, 1909 to 1910, and became resident surgeon at St. Francis' Hospital in Pittsburgh in 1910, continuing the connection until 1912. In that year Dr. Cashman began to practice surgery at Lafayette, Indiana, where he remained for two years. In 1914 he came to Pittsburgh to establish himself as a specialist in gynecology and has since continued to devote the major part of his time to this field. He is staff gynecologist of the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital, a post he has filled since the institution was opened in 1921, and he has occupied the same relation to St. Francis' Hospital since 1917. Dr. Cashman is also assistant professor of gynecology at the University of Pittsburgh Medical College. He belongs to the Allegheny County and Pennsylvania State Medical Societies and to the American Medical Association, as well as to the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, the Society for Biological Research of the University of Pittsburgh, and the American Association of Obstetricians, Gynecologists and Abdominal Surgeons. He is a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons.

During the World War, Dr. Cashman enlisted in the Medical Corps of the United States Army in August, 1917, and was commissioned first lieutenant. He was sent overseas and served at Base Hospital No. 27, at Angers, France, for twenty months, receiving his discharge on March 1, 1919, ranking as captain. He now holds a commission as major in the Medical Reserve Corps. He is a Republican in politics and a communicant of the Fourth Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh. His clubs are the Torch and the University. His fraternities are the Alpha Mu Pi Omega and Phi Beta Kappa.

Dr. Bender Z. Cashman married, October 2, 1914, at Pittsburgh, Mary G. Emmert, daughter of W. H. Emmert, auditor and accountant. Children: Mary Rebecca, born in 1915, a student at Peabody High School; Bender Z., Jr., born in 1920; and Sara Emmert, born in 1927.

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**DAVID McROBERTS**—To her builders a city owes much—for they bring her comfortable habitation, impressive business blocks, and the variety of improvements which free the mind of modern civilization from its struggle with the elemental difficulties of existence. But if they be builders of vision, a city and her people owe them even more, for by constructing with due regard to the beauty of architectural lines and the appropriateness of structures in their settings, they may bring an understandable æstheticism into the lives of all the men, women and children who day after day see and live amid the houses. Few men have done more building and done it with more wisdom and vision and appreciation of all the elements involved than David McRoberts, who conducts one of the most extensive contract businesses in the South Hills section of Pittsburgh. The houses which his organization of about thirty people have erected, most of them in the smaller home class, have been of the sort that drew more and more business to the McRoberts office.

Mr. McRoberts served with the American Expeditionary Forces in France during the World War and retains an active interest in ex-service men's affairs. He is a Mason and church worker and plays his part in civic and political activities of Mt. Oliver and Castle Shannon. In consequence, he has extensive acquaintance and friendships among people in a wide variety of walks in life, and everywhere he is held in highest esteem.

Born in Castle Shannon Boro, March 1, 1897, Mr. McRoberts is the son of William and Martha May McRoberts, who were the parents of fifteen children, twelve of whom are still living. The McRoberts family has long been an important one

in the growth and development of Pennsylvania. William McRoberts, a farmer, was born in Mifflin Township, Allegheny County, and his wife was born in Ireland, of mingled Scotch and Irish descent. The subject of this sketch attended the local public schools and was graduated from the Union High School. It was needful that he commence to earn his own livelihood at an early age and he secured a situation as an automobile mechanic, but he continued to study through the medium of correspondence courses offered by the State College and other schools. Later he secured work with the Auto Truck Equipment Company of Pittsburgh, one of the largest equipped concerns of its kind in the United States. Here he remained for seven years. In spite of his youth, he was given an important superintendency and acquired stock in the company. Meanwhile, the war had come and Mr. McRoberts enlisted and was assigned to the 2d Army Artillery Headquarters. He was sent overseas where he saw four months' service before the cessation of hostilities, and received his discharge in January, 1919.

It was in 1924 that Mr. McRoberts established a building and contracting business in his own name, commencing his operations in the section that had been his home throughout his life. There is universal need for the small, inexpensive yet comfortable and charming home, and in this field Mr. McRoberts planned to specialize. In it he has made an outstanding success and has erected perhaps more structures of this type in South Hills than any other builder. The carpenters and other workers in his employ average thirty, depending upon the amount of work under way and the season of the year, a number which gives the McRoberts organization good reason for considering itself one of the largest thereabouts.

Mr. McRoberts serves on the boards of directors of the Overbrook Building and Loan Association and the Fairhaven Building and Loan Association. Politically, he is a Republican, and fraternally, he is affiliated with Monongalia Lodge, No. 269, Free and Accepted Masons. He belongs to both the Veterans of Foreign Wars and the American Legion. With his family Mr. McRoberts belongs to the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. McRoberts married, in 1920, Ethel Louise Green of Castle Shannon, daughter of William and Bertha Green. The six children born to this union are: David Edwin, Robert William, Edith Naomi, Ethel Louise, James Grant, and Jay Warren.

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**CARNEGIE FREE LIBRARY**—It seems quite appropriate that one of the first libraries endowed by the late Andrew Carnegie should have been the free library in the town which bears his own name, Carnegie. During its existence, now covering some three decades, this library has rendered important services to the community, services the more important because the library also serves as the center of numerous community activities. It has always been operated with efficiency and there is no doubt that it has at all times filled entirely the purposes for which it was founded by Mr. Carnegie.

The Carnegie Free Library at Carnegie was one of the four libraries endowed by Mr. Carnegie. It was built in 1899 and opened to the public in 1901. To this library Mr. Carnegie gave an endowment of $100,000, which was increased in 1914 to $200,000. The attractive building is of Pompeiian brick with terra cotta trimmings and is located in the center of the town on a twenty-acre plot, beautifully landscaped and beautifully kept. There is a music hall, with a seating capacity of eight hundred and fifty, which is for theatrical performances and school entertainments; a special room for the use of the Grand Army of the Republic; a lecture hall; and a council chamber in which the officials of the borough meet. The library has more than 18,000 books and its annual circulation of books exceeds 81,000. The library is open to the public every day from nine a. m. until nine p. m. It is governed by a board of seventeen trustees, of which ten members are life members, the other seven consisting of the burgess and the six councilmen. At the present time (1931), Mr. John S. Robb, Jr., is the president of the board; Mr. Case A. Foster, the treasurer, and Mr. L. B. Worley the secretary. Miss Mary B. Harris is the head librarian and Miss Martha A. Logan is in charge of the children's library. The library is located on Beechwood Avenue, Carnegie.

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**WILLIAM HENRY WOMSLEY**—For more than forty-five years William Henry Womsley has been actively identified with important industrial enterprises in Pittsburgh, the latter years of which period have seen him in ever-growing power in the commercial field. He is a man of fine business ability, attractive personality with a sincerity in his work that commends him to those with whom he is actively associated and also to the mass of the people who benefit in proportion to the productiveness of the industry under his hand. Appreciating the value of coöperation with other enterprises, in order that the whole commercial machine may function to the advantage of all, he has adopted a code of business principles which is admired by many who are engaged in production or trade.

He was born in Allegheny County, Maryland, September 25, 1865, a son of Joseph, a native of England, and Elizabeth (Booth) Womsley, also English born, her city being Leeds. Both are deceased. They were the parents of ten children, six being now living. Joseph Womsley, a volunteer in the Union Army, was a merchant at Eckhart Mines, Maryland, and was appointed postmaster of that settlement serving under many administrations. The subject of this sketch finished his common school education, entered the government service and carried the rural mails on horseback until 1882, when he gave up that occupation and came to Pittsburgh to take up a business

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Steel Engraving by Pinsay & Conn

*James Patrick Quinn*

course. After the completion of his business course he obtained a position with Messrs. W. and H. Walker, soap and candle makers and cottonseed oil refiners, remaining with that organization thirty-nine years, passing through various grades of employment, from clerk to cashier and department manager. In 1922 he became associated with the Dunlevy-Franklin Company, pork and beef packers, as manager of the by-products department and having a directorship in that organization. Mr. Womsley is president and director of the Brighton Heights Building and Loan Association, having held that position since its organization in 1924. He is also president of the Womsley Holding Corporation, at present engaged in developing a tract of land in the vicinity of New York in famous Westchester County. He is Independent in politics, and was for many years a trustee of the First (formerly Fourth Avenue) Baptist Church of Pittsburgh, having also been a member of its building committee.

Mr. Womsley married, in April, 1900, Kate Harris, of Pittsburgh, daughter of William and Jane (Jones) Harris. Their children are: 1. William T., born in 1902; a graduate of Pennsylvania State College, class of 1924, with the Bachelor of Science degree. He is now connected with the Dunlevy-Franklin Company, being secretary of the company. 2. Howard G., born in 1905; a graduate also of Pennsylvania State College, class of 1927, with degree of Bachelor of Arts. He is associated with the Frank Wilbur Main Company, of Pittsburgh, and is a certified public accountant.

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**THOMAS G. NELAN, M. D.**—Since the completion of his medical education in 1903, Dr. Nelan has practiced his profession in Pittsburgh, where he is widely known as a very able and successful physician. During the World War he served in the United States Medical Corps.

Thomas G. Nelan was born at Brownsville, Pennsylvania, August 25, 1880, a son of Thomas G. and Ada (Van Hook) Nelan. He received his early education in the public grammar schools, and then attended the East Liberty Academy, Pittsburgh, after which he took up the study of medicine at the School of Medicine of the University of Western Pennsylvania, now known as the University of Pittsburgh. Graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1903, Dr. Nelan established himself in the general practice of his profession in Pittsburgh in the same year, and there he has continued in his professional work leaving it only for the period of his military service during the World War. His offices are located in the Liberty Building, East End, Pittsburgh. Dr. Nelan is a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the American Medical Association, as well as the East Liberty Post, No. 5, American Legion, and numerous Masonic bodies, including: Duquesne Lodge, No. 546, Free and Accepted Masons; Duquesne Commandery, Knights Templar; Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

In July, 1917, a few months after the United States had entered the World War, Dr. Nelan enlisted in the United States Army Medical Corps and was commissioned a first lieutenant. In August, 1918, he went overseas with the Base Hospital No. 54, stationed at Mesnes, France. Later, he was placed in command of the Provisional Base Hospital Unit No. 8 and Base Hospital No. 89. Both of these units were parts of the largest Base Hospitals maintained by the United States forces at Mesnes. While holding this position Dr. Nelan was promoted to the rank of major. In recognition of his services the French Government awarded him the Medaille d'Honneur des Epidemies in Silver, this award being made by ministerial decree, dated March 18, 1919, and signed by the French Minister of War. Dr. Nelan also received a citation from General Pershing.

In Pittsburgh, in 1908, Dr. Nelan married Ora Boyd. Dr. and Mrs. Nelan make their home at No. 205 South Atlantic Avenue, Pittsburgh.

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**JAMES PATRICK QUINN**—Exceptional ability as a business man early displayed itself in the case of James P. Quinn, who eventually came to be a leader in the realty development of Pittsburgh. He began life as a laborer, quickly rose to wider activities and in the years that ensued built up a fortune, made a multitude of friends, became the owner of much valuable property and established a reputation as an authority in the realty field of this district. Scion of a sturdy race, industrious, honest and God-fearing, his devotion to the Catholic faith of his fathers was one of the outstanding traits of his character. He was generous in his benefactions and did not confine his gifts to any one sect, but regarded all worthy causes with unprejudiced interest and came quickly and liberally to the assistance of any that he was convinced deserved help. He possessed the poetic nature that is a characteristic of the Celtic race and gave it expression in his friendly attitude toward all honorable men and at all times and in all circumstances. His opportunities to obtain an education in his youth were inconsiderable, yet he possessed a will to learn and all through life was an avid reader of instructive books, so that he developed his mind and became a well informed man on many subjects. He also indulged himself in travel and had visited Europe, with his son and with his wife. His civic interest was high and he looked upon his citizenship as an obligation to enter into all public activities that were initiated for the general welfare and to do all he could to bring them to a successful conclusion. All of these estimable qualities commended him to the people and made him one of the best known and most popular business men of his day, while his sturdy honesty won him friends wherever he was very well known, and held them until the close of his long and useful life. Possessed of a happy

temperament he continued to remain young in spirit, and retained that in his later days.

He was born in County Tyrone, Ireland, and died in Pittsburgh, October 14, 1916, in his seventy-eighth year. He came to America in a sailing ship when he was a boy of twelve years, making his way to Pittsburgh, where an uncle, Hugh Duffy, was a practicing attorney and with whom he made his home. His mother followed later and he, with great ambition, went to night school while engaged during the day in learning the moulder's trade. His tutor at the night school was the well-known educator, Professor Berry, who grounded him well in elementary work. During the period of the Civil War there was great demand for iron workers and the young apprentice, learning rapidly, was advanced from time to time. In later years he was inclined to make a joke of his abilities as a moulder, but there were others who knew him to have been expert at the trade. Ambition to go farther in the industry led to a proposition to sell on the road the material he was helping to produce and he set forth on this occupation. He was rewarded with success, among his early sales being the steel columns that were used in erecting the old Union Station in Pittsburgh. Since he could sell iron and steel, it occurred to him that he could sell land and houses and he gave up his trade and entered upon the career that was destined to be his occupation for the remainder of his life. His initial venture was the purchase of a small house, which he sold at a reasonable profit and which deal led to expansion, every deal increasing the size of his operations, until the day came when he was one of the leading traders of the city. Among the properties he owned was the building at the corner of Fifth Avenue and Grant Street, where he had his offices for forty years, dealing in real estate and mortgages. He also built a residence at No. 5510 Forbes Street, where he and his wife spent many happy years, it having been finished in 1900. He also had other interests in business, was a director in the old Bank of Industry and associated with other industrial organizations. He was a member of the congregation of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Cathedral and was a liberal supporter of its activities and charitable work.

James P. Quinn married Margaret F. Callahan and they were the parents of one son, James Joseph, who was educated at Duquesne University and St. Mary's College, in Baltimore, Maryland, where he prepared for the priesthood. His death occurred, however, before he was ordained, mourned by a large circle of friends in Pittsburgh. He was a very promising young man and his loss to the church was grievously felt.

Mrs. James P. Quinn was a daughter of Bernard F. and Mary (McCoy) Callahan, both natives of Ireland, who came to the United States early in life and settled in Pittsburgh. Her father served in the Union Army during the Civil War with a cavalry regiment. He was married in old St. Patrick's Church in this city, where all his children were baptized. Bernard F. and Mary (McCoy) Callahan were the parents of the following children: 1. John, died at the age of forty years. 2. Margaret F., married James P. Quinn, deceased. She died March 13, 1923. 3. Rose, deceased. She was a Sister of Charity at Nazareth, Kentucky, and died in the year of her golden jubilee. 4. Katharine, deceased. She was a Sister of the Good Shepherd, at Washington, District of Columbia. 5. Jane. 6. Elizabeth. The two last named reside in the family home at No. 5510 Forbes Street, Pittsburgh.

That period of industrial reconstruction that followed the Civil War was, in many respects, as important in the North as it was in the South. Disorganization in business had resulted from the exigencies of national strife and men of high mental attainments and courage were essential in bringing about order from chaos and restoring confidence and resultant commercial soundness. In this condition there was one man ready to assist. He was James P. Quinn, to whom Pittsburgh owes a debt of gratitude for the part he played in that great work. Not only did he build up his own fortunes by adapting ability and industry to the cause, but by his example showed others the way and thus helped the whole community to regain the position it had, in great measure, lost during four years of turbulence and to move onward toward the high place it now occupies in the industrial activities of the nation. His light shone brightly while he lived and its glow after his passing will act as a beacon for those of this and the coming generations to follow.

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**THOMAS G. McCLEARY**—Superintendent of Braddock's public school system since March of 1920, having come here from Washington, Pennsylvania, where he had served as superintendent, Thomas G. McCleary was born in New Castle, Pennsylvania, May 18, 1874, and is a son of Samuel E. and Asenath (Braham) McCleary.

He was educated in the New Castle public schools, at Geneva College, at Chicago University (whence he took the degree of Bachelor of Arts, in 1902), at Columbia University, where he has had advanced work, and holds the honorary degree of Doctor of Pedagogy from Westminster College. Mr. McCleary began his career in 1894 in the public schools of New Castle. He taught there three years, and in 1897 went to Mt. Lebanon, Allegheny County, as principal. In 1899 he became principal of the East Pittsburgh schools. In 1908 he was elected superintendent of schools at Kane, Pennsylvania. In 1911 he was called to Washington, Pennsylvania, leaving that post, as noted, nine years later, to come to Braddock. As superintendent here his record is one of accomplishment and brilliance. He has effected many changes in the system which work to advantage, and is a valued member of the community.

Mr. McCleary is a member of the National Education Association, the National Department of

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Steel Engraving by Finley & Conn

*James Joseph Quinn*

Superintendence, and a life member of the State Educational Association, also a member of the National Vocational Association. He belongs to the Braddock Chamber of Commerce, in which he is active; past president of the Braddock Rotary Club; the National League of Masonic Clubs, Shrine Automobile Club; and fraternally, holds association with the following in Masonry: Braddock Field Lodge, No. 510, Free and Accepted Masons; Braddock Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Tancred Commandery, No. 48, Knights Templar; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is an elder in the United Protestant Church, and has accomplished much of good in charitable undertakings, through the church and independently.

On August 25, 1904, Mr. McCleary was united in marriage with Agnes Fetterman, daughter of the late Judge C. S. Fetterman and Leila (McElroy) Fetterman. Their children are: 1. Samuel B., graduate of Bethany College, class of 1931. 2. Charles F., graduate of Allegheny College, class of 1931. 3. Thomas G., Jr., student in high school at Braddock.

Mrs. McCleary, prominent in social affairs of Braddock, is a member of the Woman's Club of Braddock, superintendent of the Junior Missionary Society, and active in the Home Missionary Society.

The family residence is at No. 438 Second Street, Braddock.

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**MARLOWE C. WOLFE, M. D.**—Though one of the younger physicians in the Pittsburgh district, Dr. Wolfe, during the comparatively short period he has been engaged in the practice of medicine in and near Pittsburgh has made for himself an enviable reputation as a skillful and conscientious physician and surgeon. He is very much interested in his work and there is no doubt that the future has a brilliant career in store for him.

Marlowe C. Wolfe was born at Delmont, South Dakota, May 5, 1902, one of the two children of David M. and Gale (Boyd) Wolfe. His father is a banker. Dr. Wolfe's mother is a native of Iowa. Having received his early education in the public schools at Kennebec, South Dakota, Dr. Wolfe attended the high school in that town and at Mitchell, South Dakota. He then was a student for one year at Dakota Wesleyan University at Mitchell, South Dakota, and for four years at the University of South Dakota at Vermilion, South Dakota, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1924. He took up the study of medicine at the University of Louisville, Kentucky, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1926. Dr. Wolfe served for one year as an interne at the Presbyterian Hospital in Pittsburgh. Following his interneship he practiced medicine for one year and a half at West Elizabeth, Pennsylvania, and then located at Brentwood, Pennsylvania. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the Allegheny County Medical Society, as well as Incense Lodge, No. 2, of Vermilion, South Dakota, Free and Accepted Masons; and Vermilion Chapter, No. 21, Royal Arch Masons. His religious affiliation is with the Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Wolfe is married and makes his home at West Willock Road, Mount Oliver Station, Pittsburgh.

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**ANTONIO MODARELLI**—Even in his early youth Mr. Modarelli displayed unusual talent for composing, a talent which since then he has carefully developed by study under able teachers. Today (1931), though still in his early manhood, he has to his credit two operas, two symphonic poems, a ballet-pantomime, a suite and many smaller compositions. Most of these have been performed successfully in Europe, where Mr. Modarelli spent a number of years. During this period he also became known as an exceptionally able conductor, a talent which has been recognized by his native city, Pittsburgh, of the Symphony Orchestra of which he is now the conductor. He also devotes some of his time to teaching, both at one of the leading educational institutions of Pittsburgh and in respect to a number of private pupils. Considering the success already achieved by Mr. Modarelli he must be classed as one of the leading and prominent composers and conductors of the younger generation in this country.

Antonio Modarelli was born at Braddock, Pennsylvania, August 29, 1894, a son of Antonio and Rosa (Latronica) Modarelli, both natives of Naples, Italy, and both now deceased. His parents came to this country early in their lives and his father was a prominent merchant in Braddock until his death in 1920. Mr. Modarelli received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Braddock. He began to show great musical talent as a boy and, after leaving high school, commenced the serious study of music at the Dana Musical Institute in Ohio. Although as this time, only in his 'teens, he displayed an unusual talent for composing, having finished his first symphony. After graduating from there, he went to New York, and continued his studies with Ernest Hutcheson. During the World War he was bandmaster in the American naval forces. On his return to Pittsburgh, he established himself as teacher, soloist and coach, until his departure for Berlin in 1922.

In Berlin he studied composition with Hugo Kaun, famous German composer, formerly director of the Wisconsin Conservatory of Music at Milwaukee, now a resident of Berlin. During his eight years in Berlin he wrote the operas "Hanns Frei" and "Sakuntala," the ballet-pantomime "Ocean Flight," which depicts Lindbergh's memorable flight, the two symphonic poems "September" and "Christo Boteff," a suite, and innumerable songs and piano compositions. In 1923 he conducted the "Romanze" and "Menuet" from his

suite in Rostock, Germany, with the Rostock Opera Orchestra, where he received his first European laurels.

In 1928 he was invited as the guest of the Russian Society for Cultural Relations with Foreign Countries to attend and conduct the premiere performance of his symphonic poem, "September," performed by the Soviet Philharmonic Orchestra in Moscow. This symphonic poem was such a success for the composer that it was also given in Leningrad, and other concerts of his works immediately followed. Among these performances was a radio concert dedicated solely to his works, which was broadcast throughout Europe, a recital in which the Russian soprano, Elsa Krueger, the famous baritone, Rogatin, and the tenor from the Stanislawski Opera, Belugin, sang his songs with the composer at the piano, and the noted Russian pianist, Georgi Polianski played several of his piano numbers. On the strength of these triumphs, the president of the society, Mme. Olga Kamenew, invited the composer to make a three-months study of music conditions in present-day Russia.

In April, 1929, a successful recital of the composer's works was given at the Lessing Museum in Berlin, in which two Berlin State Opera stars, Kaete Heidersbach, soprano, and Iso Golland, baritone, interpreted the numbers with the composer at the piano. In November, 1929, his ultra-modern ballet-pantomime, "Ocean Flight," depicting Lindbergh's memorable transatlantic flight, was given its premiere performance in Augsburg, Germany, the composer receiving a tumultuous ovation, and the highest praise from the German press. Typical of these appreciative comments were the following criticisms, taken from various German newspapers:

"The intellectually modern music of Antonio Modarelli through its bubbling vehemence, its rythmic fury and temperamental bearing, has an irresistible lure. A filled house expressed its delight over the presentation by tumultuous applause."

"Antonio Modarelli's musical setting to the ballet, 'Ocean Flight,' is of the picturesque-realistic type. It adheres to the portrayal of the externals: Motor, fog, storm and waves. In this music lives a vigorously moving, rythmic force, whereby the different episodes attain organic independence. His temperament in cleverly handling the most modern means of orchestration is interesting and convincing." . . . "Anton Modarelli shows himself richly endowed rythmically in 'Ocean Flight,' a happy creation both in structure and idea."

"Antonio Modarelli wrote a forceful, authentic modern music, with brilliant ideas, to this drama of the air."

The American Press acclaimed Mr. Modarelli as the first American composer since the World War to be given a world premiere in Germany. On December 7, 1930, his opera "Sakuntala," had its world premiere at the Municipal Opera in Augsburg, Bavaria, Germany, at which occasion Mr. Modarelli registered still another great success.

Mr. Modarelli, the only American composer to be elected to the Society of German Composers, of which Richard Strauss is the president, has brought back with him a fruitful knowledge of conducting and musical life gained by his many experiences in various music centers of Europe. This fact found public recognition in Pittsburgh, when, in May, 1930, Mr. Modarelli was appointed conductor of the Pittsburgh Symphony Orchestra. This famous musical organization has added to its high reputation since then under his leadership. He is also engaged in teaching at Duquesne University.

Mr. Modarelli was married in Berlin, Germany, April 14, 1930, to Miss Johanna Staap, daughter of Philipp and Anna (Mangels) Staap, of Berlin, Germany. Mrs. Modarelli is a sport enthusiast, being especially interested in yacht racing and skiing. At the same time she has also a gift for musical appreciation and criticism, which should prove very helpful to her husband. Since returning to Pittsburgh Mr. and Mrs. Modarelli have made their home at No. 5519 Wellesley Avenue, Pittsburgh.

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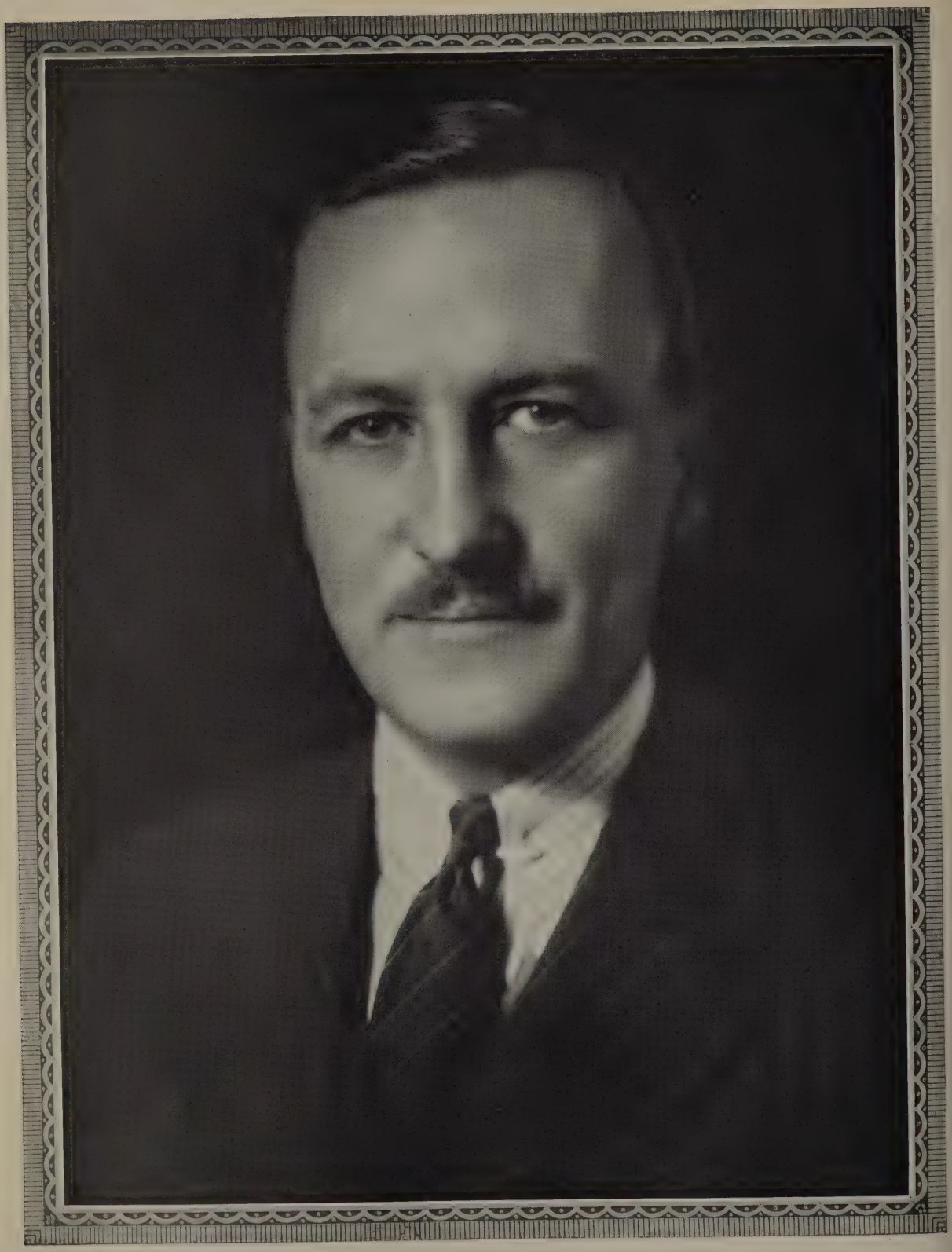
**VANE LEE HENRY**—A native and lifelong resident of Pennsylvania and a graduate of the public schools and State College, Mr. Henry is one of the well-known mining engineers of the Pittsburgh district. After more than twenty years with the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company, about half of which time he spent as superintendent of mines, he severed his connection in 1929 and since then has been president of the Creighton Fuel Company. He has been a resident of Tarentum for many years, and has been prominently identified with that town's public affairs, being its present burgess. He also is active in Masonic affairs and takes a leading part in the social and religious life of the community.

Vane Lee Henry was born at Punxsutawney, Jefferson County, Pennsylvania, April 10, 1885, a son of David Lee and Susan (Neal) Henry. His father, who was born in Jefferson County in 1861, was for many years successfully engaged as a farmer and merchant at Punxsutawney, but is now retired from active business. His mother, too, was born in Jefferson County in 1860, and died in January, 1927. Mr. Henry prepared for college in the public grammar and high schools of his native town and, after graduating from the local high school in 1903, became a student at the Pennsylvania State College, where he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1907. He then entered the employ of the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company at Creighton, Pennsylvania, as a mining engineer. In October, 1918, he was made superintendent of this company's mines, a position he continued to hold with great ability until May 1, 1929. At that time he resigned to



W. P. Albright

become president of the Creighton Fuel Company, of which also he is a member of the board of directors. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party and for ten years he was a member of the Town Council of Tarentum. In 1925 he was elected Burgess of this town for a term of four years, and he was reëlected in 1929 for another four years. He has filled this office with great ability and efficiency, his administration of the town's affairs being not only acceptable to the community, but greatly benefiting its welfare. He has been active in fraternal affairs for many years; is a member of Pollock Lodge, No. 502, Free and Accepted Masons, as well as of numerous other Masonic bodies, up to and including the Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and Syria Temple, of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. His clubs include the University Club of Pittsburgh and the Brackenridge Heights Country Club. His religious affiliation is with the First Presbyterian Church of Tarentum.

Mr. Henry married, November 23, 1910, Edna Vogeley, of Tarentum, a daughter of Jacob G. and Annie (Wollab) Vogeley. Mr. and Mrs. Henry are the parents of four children: 1. Betty L., born November 29, 1912. 2. Mary Jane, born February 26, 1916. 3. Vane Lee, Jr., born August 10, 1924. 4. John Neal Henry, born September 18, 1926. The family home is located at No. 1106 Park Street, Tarentum.

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**JOHN W. FREDETTE, M. D., F. A. C. S.**—Connected with Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh, from the time he entered it as an interne, Dr. Fredette today is a member of its surgical staff. His high standing as a surgeon is indicated by the fact that he is a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons. Though the greater share of his time is devoted to his practice at Mercy Hospital, Dr. Fredette has always given some time to teaching. He also is well known as a research worker, is a member of several medical and other scientific organizations, belongs to several fraternal and social clubs, takes an active part in religious work and has to his credit an exceptionally distinguished service record covering almost two years' overseas service during the World War.

John W. Fredette was born at Lawrence, Massachusetts, February 22, 1891, a son of John and Ellen May Fredette, both of whom are now residents of Philadelphia, his father being general superintendent of the Westinghouse Manufacturing Company plant. Dr. Fredette received his early education in the grammar and high schools of Wilkinsburg, and then took up the study of medicine at the University of Pittsburgh Medical School, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, in 1914, and where he became a member of the medical fraternity, Nu Sigma Nu. Immediately following his graduation he became an interne at Mercy Hospital, serving as such during 1914-15. Next he was resident pathologist and resident surgeon at Mercy Hospital until 1917.

Dr. Fredette's professional career was then temporarily interrupted by the entrance of the United States into the World War, in April, 1917. As one of the first of the medical profession, he entered active service in June, 1917, and in August, 1917, landed in France. He was immediately assigned to the British Expeditionary Forces, being attached to the 30th Division, with the rank of first lieutenant in the Medical Corps. He was in the front lines as a surgeon during the offensive and defensive fighting at Ypres and later was attached to the British 5th Army during the Somme drive. After one year with the British Expeditionary Forces he was transferred to the United States Medical Corps, being attached to Base Hospital, No. 27, at Angers. He received his honorable discharge with the rank of captain, April 1, 1919. At that time he returned to Pittsburgh and resumed the private practice of medicine.

Since 1921 Dr. Fredette has been a senior staff member in the surgical department of Mercy Hospital, spending practically all of his time there. He also is an instructor in surgery at the University of Pittsburgh Medical School, having been a member of its faculty since 1916. Besides being a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons, Dr. Fredette is also a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pittsburgh Biological Society, the Pittsburgh University Club, Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Pittsburgh Field Club, and Duquesne Council, No. 264, Knights of Columbus. For a number of years he has served very effectively as medical director of the Western Pennsylvania Penitentiary. He is a member of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Cathedral.

Dr. Fredette married, on October 15, 1930, Irene Claire Murray, daughter of John J. and Mayme (Claire) Murray, of Pittsburgh. The family residence is in the Hampton Hall Apartments, Dithridge Street.

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**WILLIAM PORTER WITHEROW**—During the years of his active career, William Porter Witherow has devoted himself largely to the manufacture of steel, and is now a well-known figure in this phase of Pittsburgh's industrial life. He founded his own company, guided it to success, and by a subsequent reorganization became vice-president of the important Republic Steel Corporation, a position he now holds.

Mr. Witherow was born at Pittsburgh, on April 15, 1888, a son of the late William and Alice (Douglass) Witherow. His father was for many years a distinguished leader in Pittsburgh life. He was active in public affairs, served as treasurer of Allegheny County, and in his independent career was proprietor of the Duquesne Hotel, vice-president of the Second National Bank of

Allegheny, and vice-president of the Keystone National Bank, at Pittsburgh. He was a Civil War veteran having served with Company E, 123d Regiment. He died in July, 1913, and Alice (Douglass) Witherow died in November, 1922.

William Porter Witherow attended the old Allegheny County Preparatory School, St. Paul's School, at Concord, New Hampshire, and Yale University, where he specialized in mechanical engineering. He was graduated from Sheffield Scientific School, in 1908, with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy. In the same year he entered the employ of the Jones and Laughlin Steel Company, in the engineering and operations department of the Aliquippa Works. In 1910 he withdrew to form the firm of Irvin and Witherow, engineers, who were engaged in the designing of steel buildings and the erection of concrete and steel structures until 1913. In the latter year Mr. Witherow organized the Witherow Steel Company, which had its beginnings in a warehouse on the South Side. Subsequent years brought remarkable growth to the company under Mr. Witherow's guidance. He purchased the property at Neville Island, where his first mill was built, and began operations in 1917. Ten years of further development and growth followed. The outstanding feature of this growth was the development of the Witherow Process for Die Rolling. This provided for rolling many shapes and sections of steel which had been formed by forging and other slower methods. In 1927 the Witherow Steel Company bought the Dilworth-Porter Company, and in 1929 a merger was effected with the Donner Steel Company of Buffalo, New York. Mr. Witherow was president of the Witherow Steel Corporation, president of the Dilworth-Porter Company, and now became chairman of the board of the Donner Steel Company. In 1930, however, this company was consolidated to form the Republic Steel Corporation, and Mr. Witherow became vice-president of this enterprise. Mr. Witherow is also a director of the First National Bank of Pittsburgh, the Peoples Trust Company, the Pittsburgh Coal Company, the Midwest Forge Company, and the Steel Products Company of Pittsburgh. He is president and a director of the Spencer Manufacturing Company.

During the World War, Mr. Witherow's company became active in the manufacture of war materials, and he himself lent his aid to the Red Cross and Liberty Loan drives. He also addressed audiences in theatres throughout the country as a "Four-minute" speaker. In other phases of Pittsburgh life, Mr. Witherow has also been active. He takes a keen interest in public affairs and the successful solution of governmental problems, consistently supporting Republican principles and candidates. He, however, has neither sought nor desired public office. He is a member of the American Society of Automobile Engineers, the Engineers Society of Western Pennsylvania, the Yale Engineers Society, the American Iron and Steel Institute, and the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, of which he is second vice-president. His clubs include the Duquesne Club, the Pittsburgh Golf Club, the Rolling Rock Hunt Club, the Fox Chapel Golf Club, the Allegheny Country Club, and the Harvard-Yale-Princeton Club. He is also a director of the Pittsburgh Young Men's Christian Association, a member and elder of the First Presbyterian Church of this city, and is a liberal contributor to many other causes, whether civic or benevolent. He is a member of the Delta Psi Fraternity.

On December 3, 1912, William Porter Witherow married, at Pittsburgh, Dorothy Dilworth, daughter of the late Lawrence and Virginia (Crossan) Dilworth. They are the parents of two children: William P., Jr., born January 27, 1916, and Virginia C., born April 6, 1920. The Witherow home is situated at 5448 Northumberland Street, and Mr. Witherow's offices are maintained at Fourth and Bingham streets, South Side, Pittsburgh.

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**ALFRED A. PACHEL, B. Sc., M. D.**—Identified with Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh, since the completion of his medical education in 1924, Dr. Pachel, though one of the younger generation of Pittsburgh's physicians, is recognized as one of the able and successful members of the Mercy Hospital staff. He is especially well known in the field of gynecology, his work being restricted to this particular branch of medicine.

Alfred A. Pachel was born at Carnegie, Pennsylvania, January 18, 1900, a son of August and Philomena (Felkel) Pachel. His father is a well-known and successful shoe merchant at Carnegie. Dr. Pachel received his early education in the parochial schools at Duquesne and then graduated from the Duquesne University High School. After that he became a student at the University of Pittsburgh, and was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1922. He then took up the study of medicine at that institution's School of Medicine and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1924. During 1924-25 he served as interne at Mercy Hospital and during 1925-28 was assistant bacteriologist and pathologist at that institution. Since 1928 he has served as assistant to Dr. R. J. Frodey, staff gynecologist at Mercy Hospital. Dr. Pachel is a member of the junior staff of Mercy Hospital, and of the Pittsburgh Skin & Cancer Foundation. He belongs to the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Clinical Pathological Society, and the Society for Biological Research, as well as to Phi Rho Sigma, a medical fraternity, and to Alpha Omega Alpha, an honorary medical fraternity. During the World War he served in the Students' Training Corps at the University of Pittsburgh. He is a member of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church at Carnegie.

Dr. Pachel married at Carnegie, November 19, 1929, Irma Marie McMahon, of Carnegie. One child: Joyce Bernice, born March 20, 1931. Dr.

and Mrs. Pachel make their home at No. 116 Noblestown Road, Carnegie. The doctor's professional offices are located at Mercy Hospital.

**WILLIAM LUCAS DOWLER**—Native of Braddock, William L. Dowler has made his career in this community, and since 1905 has conducted funeral parlors at 441-43 Library Street. He is numbered among the foremost of funeral directors in the Greater Pittsburgh suburban area.

William L. Dowler was born January 30, 1879, son of Thomas J. and Mary (Milliken) Dowler. Thomas J. Dowler settled in Braddock, Pennsylvania, during the War Between the States, 1864. He was a contractor and builder, operated a planing mill and was active in local affairs. He served as burgess, as member of the Borough Council and on the School Board. Fraternally prominent, he was affiliated with Braddock's Field Lodge, No. 510, Free and Accepted Masons, and was secretary for forty-eight years, a Past Master and charter member of the lodge, and a man greatly esteemed by those who had to do with him in social, civic, or commercial enterprises. He died at the age of seventy-two years, in March, 1917. Mary (Milliken) Dowler died in 1931. In the family were the following children: 1. George M. 2. William Lucas, of whom follows. 3. Anna, wife of John K. Lee, of McKeesport. 4. Nellie, wife of George W. Aten, of Beaver County, Pennsylvania. 5. Margaret E., wife of Alfred Harrold, of Willoughby, Ohio. 6. Mildred, wife of James Gasker, of Forest Hills, Pennsylvania. 7. John G., who died in infancy. 8. Jean, who also died in infancy.

William L. Dowler received his academic instruction in the public schools of Braddock. Of age, he entered the profession of funeral direction, and built up an extended enterprise. His mortuary parlors are of the best, fully equipped, with complete facilities for quick work. Mr. Dowler is a member of the County and State Funeral Directors' associations; is active in local affairs; a member of Braddock's Field Lodge, No. 510, Free and Accepted Masons; Wilkinsburg Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Lincoln Commandery, No. 91, Knights Templar; Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; and belongs to Islam Grotto. He served two years as member of the Borough Council, and during that period, as in all years of his active career, helped materially to advance the interests of Braddock. Mr. Dowler holds membership in the Rotary Club, the Chamber of Commerce; for eight years was president of the Masonic Club; has affiliation with the Knights of Malta, with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; is Past President of the State Masonic Club, and Past President of the State Funeral Directors' Association of Pennsylvania. He is a communicant of the Presbyterian Church.

William L. Dowler married, in 1906, Margaret Dale, of Port View, Pennsylvania; and of this union were born children: 1. Thomas J., now associated with his father in the profession. 2. Jean, a graduate of Teachers State College at Slippery Rock. 3. William L., Jr., 4. Charles E.

**JOHN F. NURNBERGER**—Both in the building and contracting business, in which Mr. Nurnberger was successfully active during the earlier part of his career, and in the garage and the coal and coke business, which has occupied his attention during the last decade, he has met with outstanding success. Though his extensive business interests and responsibilities naturally make heavy demands on his time and attention, Mr. Nurnberger has given much time to other phases of the community's life and has been especially active in civic affairs in Baldwin Township, of which he has been a resident for many years. Through his successful operation of various business enterprises, as well as through his effective participation in civic work, he has made many and important contributions to civic progress and has won the respect and confidence of all who have had the privilege of his acquaintance.

John F. Nurnberger was born at East Liberty, Pittsburgh, in 1886, a son of Emil and Annie (Werner) Nurnberger, the former now deceased. He received his early education in the public grammar schools of Baldwin Township and later, in 1904, was graduated from the Pittsburgh Academy. Until 1920 he was successfully engaged in the building and contracting business. He is now the owner of a garage, which enjoys a large patronage, and of a very large and profitable coal and coke business. In connection with the latter, Mr. Nurnberger operates his own coal mine. Since 1926 he has been very active in the affairs of Baldwin Township, having served continuously since then as vice-chairman of the board of the township commissioners. He is also a member of the Allegheny County Association of Township Commissioners and of the Baldwin Township Civic Association. The greater part of his leisure time is devoted to civic affairs and to advancing the welfare of his home community, its people and its institutions. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Junior Order, United American Mechanics; the German Order of Harugari; and the Daughters of Rebekah. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party and for a number of years he has been prominently active in local and county politics. His religious affiliation is with the German Lutheran Church.

Mr. Nurnberger married in Baldwin Township, in 1914, Mary Garavaglia. Mr. and Mrs. Nurnberger have no children. The family home, where Mr. Nurnberger also has his office, is located near Mount Oliver, Allegheny County.

**LEWIS CLYDE BIXLER, M. D.**—Since 1905 the city of Pittsburgh has been the scene of Dr. Bixler's activities as a physician. During

the greater part of this period he has specialized in internal medicine.

He was born at Easton, Pennsylvania, December 23, 1877, a son of Floyd S. and Emily (Evans) Bixler, and a member of an old Pennsylvania family. His father, born in Easton, in 1847, was a prominent merchant of that town. His mother was born in Chambersburg, Pennsylvania, in 1848, and died in December, 1891. Dr. Bixler, one of a family of seven children, all living, received his early education in the public schools of Easton, graduating in 1895, and attended Lafayette College at Easton, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1899. He studied medicine at Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland, graduating in 1903. Following the completion of his medical studies he served as resident house officer at Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, Maryland, during 1903-04. In 1905 he came to Pittsburgh and established himself in the practice of medicine, continuing therein since. He has specialized in internal medicine since 1916, in which branch of his profession he is regarded one of the leading practitioners of this section of western Pennsylvania. He is located in the Highland Building, is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny Medical Society, the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, the University Club, and Delta Kappa Epsilon Fraternity. He is on the staff of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital. He is a supporter of the Republican party, and a member of the East Liberty Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Bixler married in September, 1906, Ida Evans of Easton, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Pennell C. and Carrie (Wolslayer) Evans. Dr. and Mrs. Bixler, who make their home at No. 1005 Sheridan Avenue, East End, Pittsburgh, have three children, Misses Emily E., Carolyn, and Helen E. Bixler.

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**ALFRED REED HAMILTON**—The Hamiltons are a migratory race, and are to be found in almost every region of the world. The surname is a corruption of Hambleton, a manor in Buckinghamshire from which the Scottish Hamiltons are traced while the English Hamiltons probably are sprung from a dozen different sources. In the Hundred Rolls of 1273 A. D., we find several instances of the name in its varient forms as: William de Hameldene and Alexander de Hameldone, Buckinghamshire; Robert de Hameledene, Oxfordshire; and Thomas de Hameldene, Gloucestershire.

The name in America has been well represented in all walks of life, having been borne by statesmen, jurists, lawyers, military officers, medicine men, and authors.

(Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames." Harper: "Encyclopedia of United States History.")

(I) William Hamilton, the first known ancestor of his line, lived at Middle Church Parish, Paisley, Scotland, in the latter part of the eighteenth century. He married Jean Baird. They had a son: Robert, of whom further.

(Family data.)

(II) Robert Hamilton, son of William and Jean (Baird) Hamilton, was born at Middle Church Parish, Paisley, Scotland, July 20, 1797. He married at Paisley, Scotland, July 6, 1818, Agnes Kennedy, born at Paisley, May 27, 1798, daughter of Robert Kennedy, of Abby Parish, Paisley, who was born in Mauchline, Kirkmichael Parish, Scotland, August 15, 1761, died in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, in 1867; and granddaughter of John and Agnes (McClure) Kennedy.

Robert and Agnes (Kennedy) Hamilton were the parents of: William, of whom further.

(Family data.)

(III) William Hamilton, son of Robert and Agnes (Kennedy) Hamilton, was born on Bridgewater Street, Glasgow, Scotland, January 31, 1833, and died at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, April 25, 1911, from a heart attack while attending the annual Tournoi and reception of Division No. 2 Knights Templar, at Exposition Hall in the abovementioned city. When only eight years of age he came to America, probably with his parents or other relatives, and settled in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania. In this locality his early education and training was received and it reaped the benefits later on as the greater part of his life was spent there.

For a period he was in the financial field being associated with the First National Bank of Allegheny City. Mr. Hamilton helped organize the Bellevue Cemetery, later known as Highwood Cemetery, and was appointed secretary of the organization. This position he held for some time. For over twenty-five years he held the office of Superintendent of Parks in Allegheny City and took it upon himself to inspect them regularly and personally. The ultimate result of this long period of service was his well deserved pride in the beauty of the local parks.

Actively interested in all civil affairs, he was recognized as one of the outstanding and progressive men of his day. Mr. Hamilton was a Mason and a member of Allegheny Commandery Knights Templar. He retired from his active career in 1908.

William Hamilton married, in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, October 6, 1857, Sarah Creighton Gillespie, who was born in Washington County, Pennsylvania, October 5, 1836, or 1838, and died May 1, 1909. She was the daughter of Andrew and Anna (Christy) Gillespie, and great-great-granddaughter, on the maternal side, of Robert Shearer, a pioneer from Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, nearly one hundred and fifty years ago.

The Shearers have played important parts in the development of Pennsylvania's history. She was also a second cousin of James Gillespie Blaine, Republican nominee for the Presidency of the United States in 1884, and which he lost to Grover Cleveland by 1,047 votes. Children: 1. William G., married Ellen Wheeler. 2. Agnes K., married Percy R. Smith. 3. Jean B., married Dr. S. S. Brown. 4. Harry W., married Floy B. Ritchey. 5. Alfred Reed, of whom further. 6. James C., married Alma Ritchey. 7. Ethel, married W. T. Mackey.

(Family data. Harper: "Encyclopedia of United States History.")

(IV) Alfred Reed Hamilton, son of William and Sarah C. (Gillespie) Hamilton, was born in old Allegheny City, now on the north side of Pittsburgh, July 17, 1872, and died March 28, 1927. He received his education in the public schools, Park Institute and the Western University of Pennsylvania, which is now the University of Pittsburgh. He was later a trustee of this university.

When Mr. Hamilton entered the University of Pittsburgh, it was as a student in the School of Engineering, a member of the class of 1894. However, he left the university before attaining his degree and engaged in newspaper work in Pittsburgh. Yet he never forgot his ambition and desire to obtain a college degree. He worked toward this goal for a number of years; finally achieved it, and, returning to the university, was awarded the degree he so diligently sought, in 1911. While attending school, he won great fame for himself and the university, as a track man, amateur boxer, and football player. He also won the English prize for three years. During his early days as a student of the university, he was a member of the Philo Literary Society. After his entry into the business world, he retained his interest in athletics and out-door sports.

When the Western University became the present celebrated University of Pittsburgh, Mr. Hamilton did much to aid in developing the athletic spirit and enthusiasm, and to promote an interest in sports. When the University of Pittsburgh planned its famous stadium, he was one of the leaders in the enterprise, a foremost enthusiast in the work, devoting a great deal of his time and ability in its behalf. He took an active part in selling the bonds, and was so zealous throughout the campaign that he won for himself the title of "Father of the Pitt Stadium." He was a trustee of the university, a member of the Athletic Council, and served as president of the General Alumni Association. He also established the training camp of the University of Pittsburgh for athletics, in the Allegheny Mountains, known as Camp Hamilton. He was really the original supporter of the camp, himself. Mr. Hamilton furnished the funds for purchasing the first uniforms for the Pittsburgh Band.

As a boy, Mr. Hamilton spent much of his time in the old Third Ward of Allegheny City. When he left the university and entered the newspaper world he spent quite a long time as a reporter on the "Pittsburgh Daily News," the "Pittsburgh Press," and also the prominent German paper of Pittsburgh, known as the "Volksblatt." His familiarity with certain sections of the city offered him opportunity to develop as a reporter, while his taste for newspaper work which had an opportunity for expression when he was a young man, stayed with him, for after he entered the coal business he founded, and for many years published, the "Coal Trade Bulletin." It was through his newspaper business that he came into contact with some of Pittsburgh's coal operators, and later became one of them.

After entering the coal business, Mr. Hamilton's progress was rapid. It was not long before he became one of the leading men in the coal industry of western Pennsylvania as a producer with mines in various parts of the Pittsburgh section, and West Virginia. He was president of the A. R. Hamilton and Company, with offices in the Commonwealth Building of Pittsburgh, a position which he held until his death.

During the World War, Mr. Hamilton was one of the "dollar-a-year" men, serving as vice-president of the National Coal Association, and was chairman of the Bituminous Committee on production for the association. He offered a plan, which was adopted, for speeding up the production of coal during the war. It was put into practice by the Federal Fuel Administration.

Aside from his interests in the coal business, Mr. Hamilton was active on the board of directors of the Commonwealth Trust Company, and of the Third National Bank of Pittsburgh. In all his varied interests and activities, he showed the same good judgment and ability to devise plans of progress to promote business.

In his younger days, Mr. Hamilton was an enthusiastic horseman and was frequently a familiar figure in the horse show rings, driving his four-in-hand coach or his tandem rig. At one time, he maintained a large racing stable in which he took much pride and interest. He was also a student of agriculture, a practical farmer, a botanist and a breeder of prize stock. He carried on this work on his beautiful farm "Bonny Leas," situated near Windber, Cambria County, Pennsylvania.

Being a great lover of nature, Mr. Hamilton made his farm one of the beauty spots of the State. It was there that he maintained one of the best flocks of Hampshire sheep in the country. His registered herd of short-horn cattle was known the country over, wherever stock fanciers gathered, and, in this line of animal husbandry and stock breeding, Mr. Hamilton held a foremost position as one whose opinions were regarded as

authentic. He served as vice-president of the American Hampshire Sheep Breeders Association, which gave him a remarkable prestige among others of the same line, where his acquantance was very large. As a gentleman jockey, Mr. Hamilton rode numerous times, and won several cups. He also won many prizes with his pedigreed and blooded stock at the Union International Live Stock Shows all over the country.

The interest which Mr. Hamilton manifested in church and charitable work was as outstanding as his activity in business, in athletics, and in farming. He was a member of the East End Christian Church, South Highland Avenue, Pittsburgh, where he served as a trustee for many years. When the congregation of this church began its comparatively recent (1927) completed new building program, Mr. Hamilton, with his ardent enthusiasm and unusual ability, was one of the most successful factors in bringing it to a successful conclusion. Although he lived in one of the largest and most commercial and industrial cities of the world, he was never so engrossed in material affairs that he lost his large interest in humanity, and his regard for his fellowmen. It was in the hearts of his associates, with the friends and acquaintances with whom he "played" that he built for himself a lasting monument. Mr. Hamilton was an outstanding member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, where his initiative and executive ability in regard to plans formulated, were greatly appreciated by his associates. He was a member of the Duquesne Club, the University Club, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Pittsburgh Country Club, and the Oakmont Club, a man of great popularity in all of them.

Mr. Hamilton's death left his widow and children with a host of friends to mourn his sudden going. His splendid achievements in the field of business show us his remarkable ability in this direction, but to get a true conception of the man, we must look to his relations with other men, and seek his philosophy of life. He was a great lover of nature in any form. He was a great reader, and possessed an excellent library. He was a great family man, loved his home, and was never so happy as when he was at home with his wife and children. He was a natural orator, a good after-dinner speaker, quick at repartee, and full of animation. He possessed one of those dynamic personalities which makes friends easily, and holds them easily. He had a wonderful talent for making others feel at ease; the ability to say a friendly word in such a way that it expressed his deep sincerity. He needed no additional praise to his virtues other than his own happy disposition. He was a man of high integrity and sterling worth. His loss has been a great one to his city, his business and his clubs, and deeply felt by his family and those in his intimate circle of friends.

Alfred Reed Hamilton married, April 8, 1890, Grace McGrew. (McGrew IV.) Children: 1. Josephine McGrew, married Charles Thornton Garrison of Pittsburgh, and they have two children: Grace and Eleanor. 2. James Christie, II, married Margaret B. Keith. 3. Paul Alfred. 4. Alfred Reed, Jr. 5. Malcolm Byrne. 6. Sarah Gillespie, married Dr. George Fowler Wheeling. 7. Thomas Fisher.

(Family data.)

(McGrew Line).

MacRaith, sometimes written MacCraith, MagCraith and MagRatha, is derived from the personal name Rath, meaning "good fortune." It was the name of a County Donegal family, the head of which was coart of St. Daveog, or erenagh of Tremon Daveog, now Tremon Magrath, at South Derg; and resided at the Castle of Termon Magrath, at the northern extremity of Lough Erne. Secondly, it was the name of a Thormond family, sometimes written Mac Graw, Magraw, who were hereditary poets and chroniclers to the O'Briens. Thirdly, it was the name of a Scottish family in Kintail, Rosshire, Scotland, some of whom settled in the north of Ireland. The variation which is the nearest approach to McGrew is MacGraha or M'Grahy, which appears in the north of Ireland. Another possible source is given by Woulfe, who suggests that McGrew may be a variant of M'Greave which is a variant of MacGreevy or Mac Riabhough.

(Woulfe: "Irish Names and Surnames," pp. 424-425. O'Hart: "Irish Pedigrees," 1915, Vol. II.)

(I) Alexander McGrew, the first ancestor of his line in America, was born in Omagh, County Tyrone, Ireland, and came to America about the middle of the eighteenth century. From New Jersey, he came to western Pennsylvania with Colonel George Morgan, who was Indian agent during the Revolution. His record during the Revolution was a worthy one, as is evidenced by the following records:

I hereby certify that one Alexander McGrew was a lieutenant in Captain George Baird's Company, Third Battalion, Westmoreland County Militia, 1778—James Smith, Colonel." (See page 280, Vol. II, Pennsylvania Archives, sixth series.)

I hereby certify that the following, viz., Alexander McGrew, Captain from Huntington, Westmoreland County, Tax 7.3-1786, is an extract from p. 495, Vol. XXII, Pennsylvania Archives, third series.

I hereby certify that one Alexander McGrew was Captain of the 6th Company 3rd Battalion, Westmoreland County, Militia 1783 Nehemiah Stockly, Lieutenant Colonel. See p. 315, Vol. II, Pennsylvania Archives, sixth series.

He took up a claim to a plantation "on the waters of Sewickley," in what is now Sewickley Township of Westmoreland County. His patent, under the name of "Alexandria" plantation was granted in 1787, but the account bears interest from 1769. This farm is situated south of Irwin at what used to be called McGrew station, now Rilltown. Family traditions states that after mak-

ing his location on account of a fine spring on the property, he went back to the Susquehannah Country, married Martha Kirk, daughter of William Kirk, of Lock Township, now Perry County, and brought her West with him. There were born to them five sons and three daughters, who, their parents dying while they were young, were called the "orphan McGrews." Children: 1. Robert, settled in Williamsport, now Monongahela City, where he was a hat maker and farmer; married Maria Gordon. 2. William, settled at the same place, and built boats for the Ohio River trade. 3. James, married (first) Sarah Graham, (second) Catherina M. Gordon. 4. Alexander, first came to Pittsburgh and then went down the river to Cincinnati, where he was one of the first settlers; he was a clockman and jeweler; married Amelia Osborne. 5. John, of whom further. 6. Ann, married Benjamin Boyd, to whom, about 1812, a transfer of the interests of the heirs of the plantation was made. 7. Margaret, married Samuel Morgan. 8. Elizabeth, married Minos Tindle, and settled in Pittsburgh.

(II) John McGrew, son of Alexander and Martha (Kirk) McGrew, was born in Westmoreland County about 1785, and died January 17, 1870. He came to Pittsburgh in 1800, when in his fifteenth year, and lived to witness the entire growth of Allegheny City, and most of the growth of Pittsburgh. When he went there, there was one house in Allegheny standing a few rods above the suspension bridge opposite to which was a ferry owned by the father of the late General Robinson. It is not often that a man lives in a single community long enough to witness such a wonderful growth and development. He was for seventy years a reader and subscriber to the "Pittsburgh Gazette." John McGrew married (first) Lydia Liggett. He married (second) Jane Darsie, daughter of Rev. George Darsie, minister of the Christian Church, in New York City. Children, by the first marriage: 1. John, Jr. 2. Robert Liggett, born in 1810, died in 1866. 3. Alexander, born in 1818, died in 1874. Children, by the second marriage: 4. James, born in 1825, died in 1907. 5. Elizabeth, married W. J. Pettigrew. 6. George D., of whom further. 7. Charlotte, married Rev. Joseph King. 8. Wilson, born in 1836, died in 1853. 9. Darsie. 10. Emma J.

(III) George Darsie McGrew, son of John and Jane (Darsie) McGrew, was born February 29, 1828, and died in December, 1909, at the age of eighty-one. He was, for many years, one of the leading business men of Pittsburgh, in coal and lumber, owning boats which were used for the transportation of his coal from the mines to points south, and along the Mississippi River. He married Josephine Kimmel. (Kimmel IV.) Children: 1. Robert Liggett, married Catherine Oesterloh. 2. Julia B. 3. Wilson. 4. James, married Elinor William. 5. Edward K. 6. John, married Alice Luty. 7. Louis, married Marie Hayden. 8. Grace, of whom further.

(IV) Grace McGrew, daughter of John Darsie and Josephine (Kimmel) McGrew, married Alfred Reed Hamilton. (Hamilton IV.)

(Family data.)

(Kimmel Line).

The Kimmel family is an old trades guild family at Frankfort-on-the-Main, a member of which in 1701 sat upon the Third Council bench. In America they have been prominently identified with the military service of the country. Adam Kimmel, Jacob Kimmel, Johann Philip Kimmel, and Valentine Kimmel, arrived in Philadelphia on the ship, "St. Andrew," Captain James Abercrombie, from Rotterdam, last from Cowes, and qualified by taking the Oath of Allegiance, September 14, 1751. The Third Series of Pennsylvania Archives, Vol. I, pp. 116 and 122, shows:

Philip Kimmel assignee of Adam Kimmel against Martin Klandy, in 1766, Philip Kimmel having made affirmation that he gave Jacob and Michael Kimmel and Simon Feree notice of a hearing on this day. The Governor proceeds to a hearing of the matter, upon which it appears that one Thomas Miles obtained a warrant for one hundred acres of land, dated October 24, 1743, and died and that Christmas his widow, after his Death, obtained another Warrant for 50 acres in addition to that obtained by her husband, which last warrant was dated the 5th of November, 1748, afterwards she sold her interest in both these Warrants to one Edminson & one Cook from whom the Right by Course of Conveyances, some very irregular, became vested in Philip Kimmel, alias Kemble, the elder, who designing under these Warrants to include and return about 300 A made Deeds of 100 A's a piece to his sons, Philip, Jacob and MICHAEL.

From this it appears that Michael, the ancestor of our family, was related to Philip, Sr., and was possibly his son.

("Pennsylvania Archives," Vol. I, pp. 116, 122. Egle: "Pennsylvania Foreigners," pp. 332, 333, 352.)

(I) Michael Kimmel, American progenitor of the Kimmel line traced herein, was born in Saxony, in 1736, and died in York, Pennsylvania, in May, 1818. He served as first lieutenant in the 4th Pennsylvania battalion of Captain James Taylor's Company of Lancaster County, under Colonel Anthony Wayne, from January 6, 1776; was regimental paymaster of the 5th Pennsylvania Regiment from March 15, 1777; and retired with the rank of captain July 1, 1778. In 1796 he was taxed in Quemahoning, Somerset County, Pennsylvania. On the 13th day of October, 1789, he certified the results of the election of the Fifth District, York County, where he lived after the Revolution. His name appears in the tax lists of Reading Township, York County, for 1780, 1781, and 1782 as the owner of two hundred acres of land, four horses, three cows, and paying a tax of £46 19s. 0d in 1780, and £12 10s. 0d. in 1782. Near him lived his brother Jacob. In 1783 a list of Reading Township shows:

Michael Kimmel, 200 acres, 7 inhabitants.
John Kimmel, 1 inhabitant.
Jacob Kimmel, 110 acres, 9 inhabitants.

Michael Kimmel married Juliana Asper of York, Pennsylvania, and they were the parents of several children, among them being: 1. John, of whom further. 2. Jacob.

(D. A. R. Lineage Book, Vol. XXX, p. 239. Heitman: "Historical Register of Officers of the Continental Army" (1775-83), p. 332. "History of Bedford, Somerset and Fulton Counties," p. 431. Egle: "Pennsylvania Foreigners," 332, 333, 352. "Pennsylvania Archives," third series, Vol. I, pp. 116, 122; Vol. XXI, pp. 304, 417, 608, 795; fifth series, Vol. II, pp. 50, 156; Vol. III, pp. 10, 20; sixth series, Vol. XI, p. 455. Pennsylvania Census (1790), p. 278. D. A. R. Lineage, Vol. V, p. 23; Vol. XXX, pp. 238, 239; Vol. XLIX, p. 67; Vol. LXII, p. 154; Vol. LXXII, p. 43.)

(II) Dr. John Kimmel, son of Michael and Juliana (Asper) Kimmel, was born in Warrington Township, York County, Pennsylvania, October 15, 1760, and died near Berlin, Somerset County, Pennsylvania, June 5, 1840. He obtained his early education at the school connected with the Warrington Quaker Meeting House. At the age of eighteen, he came to York and read medicine under the direction of Dr. John Morris (a native of Redekin, Prussia, assistant surgeon in Armand's Legion in Northern and Southern campaigns; after the battle of Camden he was made chief surgeon of the Legion), from whom he received a certificate of qualification, which entitled him to practice the art and science of medicine. He came from York County to the vicinity of Berlin before 1791, where he practiced the profession of medicine for nearly fifty years. He was known as one of the earliest physicians in Somerset County. He also kept a store for five years, from 1790 to 1795, and served as an associate judge for many years. He was a prominent member of the community and an ideal public-spirited citizen. In 1786 his name appears on the muster roll of Captain Pennington's Company at York; in Bedford County he was listed among the white inhabitants of Brothers Valley Township, and a return of the officers in the Militia of the Somerset Brigade, Tuesday, July 17, 1798, shows: Second Regiment, Colonel John Kimmel.

Dr. John Kimmel married Elizabeth Urick, a native of Germany, and a member of the same family of Uhrichs who settled in Uhrichsville, Ohio. An account of their early history is found on a following page. Children: 1. Gabriel. 2. William, born in 1789, died in 1847; married, in 1824, Elizabeth Reed, born in 1801, died in 1873. 3. Jacob, married Margaret Scholes. 4. George. 5. Joseph. 6. Michael. 7. Edward, of whom further. 8. Elizabeth, married a Kuhns. 9. Mary A., married a Case. 10. Hester, married a Glessner.

("History of Bedford, Somerset and Fulton Counties, Pennsylvania," pp. 431, 472.)

(III) Edward Kimmel, son of Dr. John and Elizabeth (Urick) Kimmel, was born in Brothers Valley Township, Somerset County, Pennsylvania, in 1803, and died there after 1883. He was a farmer, stock dealer and cabinetmaker, and for two terms served as county commissioner. Edward Kimmel married twice, only the surname, Krissinger, of his first wife having been ascertained. Edward Kimmel and his first wife were the parents of: Josephine, of whom further.

(IV) Josephine Kimmel, daughter of Edward Kimmel, was born in Brothers Valley Township, Somerset County, Pennsylvania, about 1836, and died in October, 1927, in her ninety-second year. She married George Darsie McGrew. (McGrew III.)

(Family data.)

(Uhrich and Uhrichsville History).

The town of Uhrichsville, located on the Baltimore & Ohio and Pennsylvania railroads, is in Tuscarawas County, Ohio, which was formed from part of Muskingum County, February 15, 1808, the name of which, taken from that of an Indian tribe, signifies "open mouth." Uhrichsville was founded by a member of the Uhrich family.

In Hickwelder's Journal, "Gnadenhutten," October 11, 1803, we find the following entry: "John Borroway and Michael Uhrich came from Mount Hope and Lebanon, Pennsylvania, to visit us." The latter, however, Michael Uhrich, returned with his family in 1804 and settled on a large tract of land upon part of which the town of Uhrichsville now stands. The family consisted of three sons and two daughters, namely: John, Michael, Jacob, Hannah and Katy.

Mr. Uhrich's coming proved to be a great blessing to the Gnadenhutten community, as he immediately proceeded to erect a flour mill, while previous to this, corn was ground on a handmill and a mill run by horse-power. He planned to build his home opposite the mill, for which purpose he excavated a cellar at this place, but when a flood came and the cellar was deep under water, thoughts of finishing the work were no longer entertained. Mr. Uhrich then selected a beautiful site on the high bank on the opposite side of the creek (Stillwater), below which picturesque spot the bank sloped down to the Moravian road and fording. Though their homestead was near the mill, it was, however, a great inconvenience to the men and a real hardship to the motherless fifteen-year-old Katy, Michael Uhrich's little daughter and housekeeper. The nearest neighbor lived two miles away, but Katy was visited by Indian girls of her own age. They were not wild Indians, but when under the influence of fire-water, they were undesirable visitors.

In 1809 Michael Uhrich paid one dollar and fifty cents for a ferry license at his mill, and in 1810, he asked to be partly paid by the county for

the bridge which he had built over Stillwater, for which he was allowed seventy dollars. County records show him to have been chosen county commissioner, and he probably was one of the first commissioners for the new county, Tuscarawas. The children of Michael Uhrich remained in the community until their death, except John, who died in Illinois, leaving no children. Michael Uhrich, Jr., married Mary Bolzley, and their home, situated opposite their father's, evolved from a lodging house for travelers into a tavern. Their children were Lydia, William, Philip, Sarah, Mary and Elias. Jacob, third son of Michael Uhrich, Sr., married Mollie Dennith, and they were the parents of Benjamin, Jacob, Joseph, Mary, Rosa, Susan, Ann Amelia and Carolina.

Undoubtedly the birth and death dates of Michael Uhrich are engraved on a mossy stone in the old Gnadenhutten Cemetery, where lie three generations of Uhrichs. Mr. Uhrich may have been born in America, but if so, he was not fully Americanized. In the family, the German language, customs and discipline prevailed.

Michael Uhrich, Jr., devoted himself principally to agriculture, but founded the town of Uhrichville, which first was named Waterford. It was subsequently officially changed to Uhrichville. Three streets are named in memory of his family, Uhrich, Parrish and Gorley.

Jacob Uhrich and his sons continued the milling industry for many years.

The Uhrich family are scattered far and wide. They are a public-spirited family, helping in every good cause, be it church or State. The good which Michael Uhrich and his sons did for the community in which they settled, during its years of pioneer struggle, cannot be overestimated. No plea for charity or work was ever refused. If they had no work ready, they quickly got some ready. To the Moravian Church, of which they were devoted members, they gave invaluable assistance.

(Records obtained through the courtesy of the public library at Uhrichsville, Ohio. C. B. Galbreath: "History of Ohio," Vol. I, p. 438.)

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**WILLIAM AUGUSTUS McCREADY, D. D. S.**—Just as his father achieved eminence in his profession, medicine, Dr. McCready has done so in his profession, dentistry. For more than quarter of a century he has been one of the leading dental surgeons of Pittsburgh. His high professional standing is indicated by the fact that he is a past president of the Pennsylvania State Dental Examining Board and the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania, a Fellow of the American College of Dentists, and president of the Pennsylvania State Dental Examining Board. Though his large practice has always made heavy demands on his time and attention, Dr. McCready has not permitted it to absorb him to the exclusion of other interests. Few members of his profession have done more to elevate its standards and to advance its welfare in Pittsburgh. He is also prominently active in Masonic affairs, in sports, and in religious work.

William Augustus McCready was born in Pittsburgh, December 10, 1877, a son of Dr. Joseph A. and Jennie (Hossler) McCready. Both his paternal and maternal great-great-grandfathers, Joseph McCready and William Hossler, served in the War of the Revolution. His father, who today, though eighty-three years old, is still actively practicing medicine at Shiloh, Ohio, practiced formerly for a period of almost half a century in Pittsburgh and at one time was surgeon for the Carnegie Steel Company. He was the first physician to hold the position of city physician of Pittsburgh and at one time was a member of the Central Board of Education of Pittsburgh. Today (1931) he is the oldest living member in the United States of the Royal Arcanum. Dr. McCready received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Pittsburgh and then studied dentistry at the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1903. In the same year he established himself in the active practice of his profession, being the first to open offices in the Highland Building, East End, where his offices are still located. He is a member of the staff of the Pittsburgh Hospital and of Columbia Hospital, his work at these two institutions being devoted to oral surgery. As has already been related, Dr. McCready is a Fellow of the American College of Dentists, served as president of the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania in 1914 and is a past president of the Pennsylvania State Dental Examining Board. He is now a member of several committees in both of these organizations and he is also a member of the Lake Erie Dental Association and the East End Branch of the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania, as well as of the Pittsburgh Academy of Dentistry. Dr. McCready has always been deeply interested in the scientific aspect of his profession and has been prominently active in organizing classes in research work. For twelve years he has been a member of the Pennsylvania State Examining Board, of which he is now the secretary. During his college days he was very active in all sports and is considered to have been one of the best all around athletes of that time. While attending the University of Pittsburgh he also acted as assistant sports editor of the Pittsburgh "Press" during 1900-03. During this period he was captain of the Press Cyclists Club and of the Pittsburgh Athletic Club's bicycle track team and was considered the foremost rider in this district. Later, with the coming of motorcycles and automobiles, he acted as official referee at motorcycle races in Pittsburgh and himself drove an automobile in the first automobile race ever to be held in Pittsburgh. Today his chief interest in the field of sport is in trap and other kinds of shooting and he is an active member of the National

Rifle Association. He is also a member of Psi Omega, a dental fraternity, as well as of Washington Lodge, No. 253, Free and Accepted Masons, and the various other Masonic bodies up to and including the Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. Other organizations, in which he maintains membership, include Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; the Alcoma Golf Club; and the Syria Automobile Club. His religious affiliation is with the Presbyterian church.

Dr. McCready married in Pittsburgh, in 1906, Martha Schusler. Dr. and Mrs. McCready, who make their home at No. 6113 Jackson Street, East End, have one daughter, Martha Henrietta, now attending the Winchester School for Girls.

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**CLAUDE FREEMAN PUGH**—A native of Ohio, but a resident of Pittsburgh since his boyhood, Mr. Pugh's brilliant and successful career stands as a monument to his energy, industry and ability. It is also true that these qualities today are still appreciated and find their reward, as they always have done. From a modest clerical position with the Pittsburgh Stock Exchange, Mr. Pugh has progressed to membership in this organization, of which he has served at different times as an officer. He is also a member of one of the oldest and best known investment banking houses in the Pittsburgh district, as well as the active head of a company engaged in publishing various financial publications, recognized as authoritative on local securities in the Pittsburgh district. He is generally regarded as being better equipped with financial and industrial statistics and other information than probably any other man in Pittsburgh. Mr. Pugh's position in financial circles is one of eminence and influence, and his acquaintance is, perhaps, not excelled in size and importance by that of any other man in financial circles in Pittsburgh. He is a member of several of the leading Pittsburgh clubs, in all of which his attractive personality has made him very popular.

Claude Freeman Pugh was born in Toronto, Ohio, February 22, 1881, a son of George Clement and Mary Virginia (Snyder) Pugh. At the age of fourteen years, in 1895, he came to Pittsburgh. He received his early education in the public schools of his native town and then attended the Allegheny and the Pittsburgh high schools. On March 1, 1899, he became a "board boy" on the Pittsburgh Stock Exchange, with which organization he continued in various clerical capacities until April 1, 1903. On that date he became secretary and treasurer of the Moorhead Publishing Company, in which capacity, as well as in that of general manager, he has continued since then. Since 1906 he has been in complete charge of this company, well known financial statisticians and publishers of various official stock exchange publications, including the "Collateral Guide" and "Moorhead's Quarterly Record," recognized authorities on local securities, of which Mr. Pugh has long been the editor. At one time Mr. Pugh also served as chief statistician of the Pittsburgh Stock Exchange, of which he became a member many years ago. He is now serving his second term as vice-president of the Pittsburgh Stock Exchange. He is also a member of the Detroit Stock Exchange and of the board of governors of the Association of Stock Exchanges. In 1920 he became connected with the firm of J. H. Holmes & Company, of which he has been a general partner since January 1, 1925.

J. H. Holmes & Company is the oldest investment banking house in the Pittsburgh district. It was founded more than a hundred years ago, in 1822, by the great-grandfather of its present head, under the firm name of N. Holmes & Sons, which did a banking and investment business until a few years ago, when the Union National Bank purchased the banking end of the business. At that time the investment department was continued under the name of Holmes, Wardrop & Co. A few years ago it was changed to J. H. Holmes & Co. The head of the firm is Joseph H. Holmes.

Mr. Pugh is a member of the Duquesne Club, the Union Club, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Keystone Athletic Club, the Oakmont Country Club, and the Chartiers Heights Country Club.

Mr. Pugh married in Pittsburgh, on April 30, 1907, Frances Latshaw, a daughter of William Hart and Annie Wilson (Filman) Latshaw. Mrs. Pugh is a graduate of the Pelham School, Pelham, Connecticut. Mr. and Mrs. Pugh are the parents of one daughter, Anne Virginia Pugh, born July 27, 1908, who was educated at the Knox School, Cooperstown, New York, and at Wellesley College, Wellesley, Massachusetts. The family home is located in Morewood Gardens, while Mr. Pugh's offices are at No. 419 Wood Street, corner of Fourth Avenue and Diamond Street, Pittsburgh.

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**CARROLL FOSTER PURDY**—Having been identified for the greater part of his business career with the investment banking business in his native city, Pittsburgh, Mr. Purdy has been connected for many years with the oldest investment banking house in Pittsburgh, J. H. Holmes & Company. In recent years he has been a partner of this well-known and very successful financial house, and his position in financial and business circles in Pittsburgh is one of importance and influence. He is a member of several Pittsburgh clubs, and, during the World War, proved his patriotism by active military service overseas.

Carroll Foster Purdy was born in Pittsburgh, June 23, 1891, a son of the late Frederick M. and Mary (Kneeland) Purdy. His father was for fifty years associated with the "Pittsburgh Post," serving at the time of his death as its treasurer. Mr. Purdy received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Pittsburgh. In 1909, he entered upon his active business career and became connected with the firm of J. S. & W. S. Kuhn, well known bankers of Pittsburgh. Five years later, in 1914, he resigned and became con-

Claude Freeman Pugh

nected with the Pittsburgh Water Company. However, in 1916 he returned to the financial district and entered the employ of J. H. Holmes & Company as a clerk. With this famous Pittsburgh investment house he held various positions of ever-increasing importance and responsibility, until July 1, 1928, when he was admitted to a partnership. Since then Mr. Purdy has continued to play an important part in maintaining and extending the high reputation enjoyed by this company, a detailed history of which is to be found in the preceding biography of Claude F. Pugh, one of Mr. Purdy's associates in the firm. In 1917 Mr. Purdy's business career was temporarily interrupted, when he went to Canada and enlisted in the Royal Flying Corps. He was commissioned a lieutenant and for more than a year served in England. He has always continued his interest in aviation and is a member of the Aero Club of Pittsburgh. He is also a member of the Edgewood Country Club, the Edgewood Club and the Keystone Athletic Club, all of Pittsburgh, and the Elks Club, of Bradford, Pennsylvania. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliations are with the Protestant Episcopal Church, and more particularly with Calvary Episcopal Church.

Mr. Purdy married, in July, 1926, Mary M. Dunbar, a daughter of the late Philip S. Dunbar. Mr. and Mrs. Purdy, who make their home in Edgewood Borough, Pittsburgh, have a son, Frederick Dunbar Purdy, born February 9, 1928, and a daughter, Mary Carroll Purdy, born February 20, 1931. Mr. Purdy's offices are located at the main offices of J. H. Holmes & Company, which are at the corner of Fourth Avenue and Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

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**EUGENE JOEL SCHACHTER, M. D.**—In medical circles of the Greater Pittsburgh area, Eugene J. Schachter is widely respected for his ability. Dr. Schachter has practiced in Braddock since commencement of his professional career, in 1927, and has one of the largest clienteles of his community. His offices are at No. 606 Braddock Avenue.

Born June 10, 1902, in Allegheny, Dr. Schachter is a son of Isaac and Leah (Pfeiffer) Schachter, both of whom, natives of Austria, came to the United States in 1902. The elder Mr. Schachter, who was in the employ of the Westinghouse Air Brake Company for many years, is now retired.

Dr. Schachter attended the public schools of Braddock, graduated from high school with elevated scholastic standing in 1919, and matriculated at the University of Pittsburgh in the fall of the same year. He attended the University of Pittsburgh until 1922, then transferred to the University of Maryland, where he studied in 1922-1923. He next was a student at the University of West Virginia, 1923-24, and finally entered the Indiana School of Medicine, whence he took the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1926. In 1927 he served as interne, at Columbia Hospital, Wilkinsburg, and the following year came to Braddock, where his practice has been more extended each twelve-month. Dr. Schachter is a member of the staff of Montefiore Hospital, Pittsburgh, and he is affiliated with the Columbia Hospital of Wilkinsburg and the Braddock General Hospital of Braddock. He is a member of the County, State and American Medical associations, a Fellow of the American Medical Society, Phi Delta Epsilon Fraternity, and Lodge No. 838, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. In the Masonic Order he is a member of Lodge No. 657, Free and Accepted Masons, of Indianapolis, Mizpah Chapter, No. 288, Royal Arch Masons, and Allegheny Council, No. 38, Royal and Select Masters. He is a communicant of Achim Synagogue, and resides at No. 1104 Kirkpatrick Street, Braddock.

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**CHARLES P. HOWE**—A native and lifelong resident of Tarentum, Allegheny County, Mr. Howe has been one of this town's most active, public-spirited and useful citizens, since he started upon his career as a journalist and newspaper publisher after leaving college. Indeed, the beginning of his career somewhat predates his leaving college, because it was, while he was still at college, that he founded, in 1904, "The Valley Daily News," which had the distinction of being the first daily newspaper in the lower Allegheny Valley and which today is the only daily newspaper in Tarentum and the only daily publication in Allegheny county north of the Allegheny and Ohio rivers, as well. From comparatively small beginnings this newspaper has grown into a large, prosperous and influential publication, largely as the result of the ability, energy and public spirit of its founder and first editor. At this writing Mr. Howe is the president and treasurer of The News Printing Company, publishing "The Valley Daily News," and in that capacity is also at the head of a large job printing business. Throughout his career he has played an active and important part in the public affairs of Tarentum, always devoting himself to the best interests of the community to the exclusion of all other considerations. He is also a director in several financial institutions and a member of several fraternal, social, civic and religious organizations.

Charles P. Howe was born at Tarentum, Allegheny County, February 27, 1883, a son of the late William Preston and Jane Keziah (Kennedy) Howe. His father, who was a farmer and later successfully engaged in the lumber mill business in Tarentum, was born in Deer Township, Allegheny County, December 1, 1837, and died at Tarentum in May, 1905. Mr. Howe's mother was born at Tarentum, September 10, 1838, and died there, January 27, 1920. Mr. Howe received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of his native town and, after graduating from the local high school in 1900, entered Allegheny College, Meadville, Pennsylvania, where he was a member of the class of 1905. While still at college, in 1904, he started "The Valley Daily

News" in an old barn on Adams Street, this being the first daily newspaper ever to be published in the lower Allegheny Valley. Two years later the publication had expanded sufficiently to require its removal to larger and better equipped quarters, which were found at No. 335 Fourth Avenue, Tarentum. In 1914 still larger and better quarters were required and at that time the company purchased its present building, which has been remodeled, located at No. 201 Fourth Avenue, Tarentum. The business was incorporated March 3, 1905, and at that time the following were elected officers of the corporation: William Preston Howe, president; B. C. Dawson, vice-president; Charles P. Howe, editor and general manager; and J. W. Rutherford, secretary and treasurer. In 1929 the officers of the company were: Charles P. Howe, president and treasurer; W. A. Hawthorne, vice-president; George P. Schmitt, secretary; and George D. Stuart, editor. The stock of the company is held by its officers and employees, the number of the latter averaging twenty-five. The newspaper's policy has consistently been an independent one. It has always championed the people's causes and is known as the "people's paper." However, it has frequently supported Republican policies, if they were not in conflict with the best interests of the community. Mr. Howe has been very active in connection with public affairs and was instrumental in the acquisition on the part of the borough of its water and light plants. Mr. Howe's newspaper enjoys the confidence of the community and nearby districts and today has a daily circulation of 5,600. In connection with this publication, the company also does a large amount of commercial printing. Mr. Howe has been active in Masonic affairs for many years. He is a member of Pollock Lodge, No. 502, Free and Accepted Masons, as well as of several other Masonic bodies, up to and including the Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. He is also a member of Syria Temple, of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, and of the Phi Delta Theta Fraternity. His clubs include the Tarentum Kiwanis, and the Brackenridge Heights Country. Mr. Howe is eligible to membership in the Sons of the American Revolution through his descent from Daniel Howe, his great-grandfather, who enlisted in Captain Macgruder's regiment in Prince George County, Maryland. For six years he served as a member of the Municipal Consolidation Commission for Allegheny County and he is also a director of the Natural Gas Building and Loan Association, the Mercantile Finance Corporation, and the Business Men's Association, Incorporated, of Tarentum. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliation is with the Methodist Episcopal Church of Tarentum, of which latter's official board he is the vice-president. He is also a member of the board of directors of the Allegheny Valley Young Men's Christian Association.

Mr. Howe married, August 15, 1917, Mildred Jane Powell, of Butler County, Pennsylvania, a daughter of David and Elizabeth (Galbraith) Powell. Mr. and Mrs. Howe are the parents of four children: 1. Mary Jane, born July 26, 1918. 2. Margaret Elizabeth, born March 20, 1920. 3. David Powell, born January 15, 1922. 4. Sarah Mildred, born May 29, 1925.

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**ARTHUR E. COLE**—Engaged in educational work for more than twenty-five years, Mr. Cole has spent the greater part of his career in the Pittsburgh district. He is especially well known as a teacher of commercial subjects and as an able educational administrator. For the last eight years he has been educational counsellor at the Langley High School in Pittsburgh. Active in several educational organizations, he is also a member of a number of Masonic bodies and takes a deep interest in many phases of the life of the community.

Arthur E. Cole was born in Columbia County, Pennsylvania, in 1883, a son of Boyd and Nancy (Hess) Cole, the former now deceased. Both his grandfathers served in the Union Army during the Civil War. Mr. Cole received his early education in the public schools of Columbia County and then attended the Bloomsburg State Normal School. After teaching for four years in the public schools, he continued his education at Ohio State University and at Zanerian College, receiving a gold medal and the highest honors for his standing in the special subjects which he studied. During the year following he taught at the Columbia County Teachers' Normal School. In 1907 Mr. Cole came to Pittsburgh and became a member of the faculty of Duff's College, where he taught commercial subjects. Next he went to Tarentum, Allegheny County, to organize the commercial department in the high school there, remaining at the head of this department for eight years. Returning then to Pittsburgh, he took charge of the commercial department of the Allegheny High School for two years. Since 1923 he has been educational counsellor at the Langley High School in Pittsburgh. At different times during his career Mr. Cole has continued his own studies at the University of Pittsburgh, at Pennsylvania State College and at Duquesne University, from which latter institution he received his degree of Bachelor of Science in economics in 1917. For a number of years Mr. Cole has been effectively active in the affairs of the Commercial Teachers' Association of Western Pennsylvania and it is generally recognized that he has done more than any other individual to develop this organization. In 1931 he was elected president of this association. Largely through his instrumentality the organization has enjoyed a very rapid growth and its membership has been increased from eighty-six to over four hundred. Mr. Cole is a member of the National Federation of Commercial Teachers, the National Education Association, and the Pittsburgh Teachers Association. For many years

prominently active in Masonic affairs, he is a member of Dormont Lodge, No. 684, Free and Accepted Masons; St. Clair Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Chartiers Commandery, Knights Templar; Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Islam Grotto, Mystic Order, Veiled Prophets of the Enchanted Realm; the Almas Club; the Acacia Club of Washington, District of Columbia; and the National Association of Masonic Clubs. Still another organization, in which he maintains membership, is the United Club of Pittsburgh. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliation is with the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Cole married in Pittsburgh, in 1908, Hazel E. Egbert, who died in 1924. He has two daughters, Mildred and Margaret. The family home is located at No. 3130 Bergman Street, Sheridan, Pittsburgh.

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**CHARLES THOMAS PROVOST, M. D.**—Of a pioneer family that has provided Pennsylvania with sturdy, worth while citizens for generations, Dr. Charles Thomas Provost has lived up to the best traditions handed down to him by his forebears and, through the long years of study required to prepare himself for the practice of medicine, has distinguished himself scholastically and made an excellent record during his interneship. He has returned to his native town of Overbrook to establish a practice and is looked upon by his fellow-physicians as one of the most promising young man in the profession. Earnestly devoted to his work, thoroughly trained, and possessed of a pleasing personality, Dr. Provost has already developed an excellent practice among the folk who have known him since boyhood and appreciate his dependability and trustworthiness.

Born in Overbrook June 16, 1905, Dr. Provost is the son of Charles W. Provost, born April 11, 1865, in Allegheny County, who owned and operated a flour mill at Fairhaven during former years. Later, he purchased a lumber yard in the same place which he managed until his death, January 27, 1910. His father, and the grandfather of the subject of this sketch, was William Provost, a pioneer of the section and also a miller. He served for many years on the school board of Baldwin Township. Charles W. Provost married Mary A. Thomas of Pittsburgh's South Side. Since the death of her husband she has been teaching in the schools of Overbrook. Of her three children, Dr. Provost is the eldest. He was educated in the Fairhaven public school and attended Knoxville Union High School from which he was graduated with the class of 1922. At the School of Medicine of the University of Pittsburgh he studied for two years, then went to the Hahnemann Medical College, in Philadelphia, where he was accorded his Doctor of Medicine degree in 1928. The following year he spent as an interne in the Homeopathic Hospital at Pittsburgh, and on September 1, 1929, he opened his office for general practice in Overbrook.

Dr. Provost is a member of the staff of the Homeopathic Hospital. He holds membership in the Allegheny County Homeopathic Medical Society, Homeopathic Medical Society of Pennsylvania, and the American Institute of Homeopathy. At the University of Pittsburgh he became a member of Pi Rho Delta and Theta Chi fraternities. He is Republican in his political affiliation and a member of the Presbyterian Church.

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**FRANK CARLISLE IRVINE**—Having taken up banking in 1916, immediately following his graduation from college, Mr. Irvine was connected for the first few years with the bank in his native city, of which his father has been president for many years. There he laid the foundation of the thorough knowledge of the banking business, which has rapidly brought him to the front in banking circles in Allegheny County and which has gained for him a very high reputation as one of the most able and successful of the younger generation of bankers in the Pittsburgh district. Since 1919 he has been connected with the Safe Deposit Bank of Tarentum and with its successor, the First National Bank & Trust Company, of which latter he has been the vice-president in active charge since 1927. He is also prominently active in business affairs as a director and officer of several industrial and financial institutions, takes an active part in fraternal and religious affairs and is especially active in Young Men's Christian Association work.

Frank C. Irvine was born at Evans City, Butler County, Pennsylvania, January 25, 1893, a son of Samuel J. and Elizabeth (Sutton) Irvine. His father, likewise born at Evans City, has been for many years president of the Citizens National Bank of that city. His mother, too, is a native of Butler County. Mr. Irvine received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of his native town, graduating from the latter in 1911, after which he became a student at Washington and Jefferson College, Washington, Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1916. Immediately afterwards he returned to his native town and became connected with the Citizens National Bank, by which he was employed as a bookkeeper until November 15, 1919. On that date he came to Tarentum as cashier of the Safe Deposit Bank, continuing as such until 1927, when this bank was consolidated with the National Bank, to form the First National Bank & Trust Company. Of the latter institution Mr. Irvine is vice-president in charge as well as a director.

The First National Bank & Trust Company, with headquarters at No. 300 Fifth Avenue, Tarentum, was organized in 1890 as the first national bank in Tarentum, its name at that time being the National Bank of Tarentum. The building which it still occupies was erected in the same year, but it has since been remodeled to take care of the constantly expanding business of the Institution. The first cashier of the bank was Mr. O. C. Camp, who later became its president, serving

in that capacity until his death in 1923. Until 1923 the National Bank of Tarentum continued under that name, but in that year it was consolidated with the Safe Deposit Bank & Trust Company, forming the present institution, the First National Bank & Trust Company. Besides Mr. Irvine, its present officers are: George W. Smith, president; Dr. C. L. Leydic, vice-president; D. E. Frew, cashier; J. G. Camp, assistant cashier; R. B. Wilson, assistant cashier; J. A. Thomas, assistant cashier; and G. Merle White, assistant trust officer.

Though the major share of his time and attention naturally is devoted to the affairs of the First National Bank & Trust Company of Tarentum, Mr. Irvine finds it possible to give some consideration to other business interests. He is a director of the Citizens National Bank of Evans City, Pennsylvania, of which his father is the president, and he is also a director and vice-president of the Sterling Steel Foundry Company of Braddock, Pennsylvania. Active in Masonic affairs, he is a member of several of its bodies, including Lodge No. 429, Free and Accepted Masons, of Zelienople, Butler County, Pennsylvania; New Castle Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Pittsburgh. He is also a member of the Brackenridge Heights Country Club, as well as of the Tarentum Kiwanis Club. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party. His religious affiliation is with the First Presbyterian Church of Tarentum. For many years he has also taken a very active interest in Young Men's Christian Association work, and at time of this writing, he is president and a director of the Allegheny Valley Young Men's Christian Association.

Mr. Irvine married, October 12, 1916, Cleola Kaufman, of Evans City, Butler County, a daughter of George J. and Molly (Pfeifer) Kaufman. Mr. and Mrs. Irvine are the parents of three children: 1. Frank C., Jr., born July 29, 1918. 2. Molly, born July 20, 1919. 3. William J., born May 4, 1925. The family residence is located at No. 128 East Eighth Avenue, Tarentum.

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**T. LYLE HAZLETT, M. D.**—Soon after his return to civilian life, following four years of distinguished service as a physician during the World War, first with the American Red Cross in Russia and later with the United States Army both in this country and overseas, Dr. Hazlett became director of the Medical Department of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company. During the decade which he has held this important position, he has made important contributions towards maintaining this vast industrial organization on its customary high level of efficiency.

T. Lyle Hazlett was born at North Washington, Pennsylvania, April 19, 1885, a son of Rev. William J. and Margaret (Lyle) Hazlett. His father, who was born in the north of Ireland near Balymena in 1847, was very effectively active for many years as a Presbyterian minister and is now retired. Dr. Hazlett's mother, a native of Pittsburgh, died many years ago, soon following the birth of Dr. Hazlett. Having received his early education at Sarver Academy, Sarver, Pennsylvania, Dr. Hazlett then attended Grove City College, Grove City, Pennsylvania, and after that took up the study of medicine at the University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1912. He then spent one year as an interne at the South Side Hospital in Pittsburgh and another year as an assistant on the staff of the same institution. Soon after the outbreak of the World War, in 1914, Dr. Hazlett offered his services to the American Red Cross, having the distinction of having been one of the first Pittsburgh physicians to do so. In 1914 he went to Russia as a staff surgeon of the American Red Cross, continuing to work in that country until 1916. He then returned to the United States and, immediately following this country's entrance into the World War in 1917, he entered the United States Medical Corps, with which he continued to serve until 1919. He organized Field Hospital No. 112, in Pittsburgh, which was a unit of the 28th Division, and took this unit to France. He served overseas for eleven months and was commissioned a major and later, a lieutenant colonel. After his return to this country and to civilian life, Dr. Hazlett became medical director of the Mount Alto State Sanatorium for Tuberculosis, in which capacity he served during 1919-20 at Mount Alto, Pennsylvania. Since 1920 he has been director of the Medical Department of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company. He is also a staff physician at the Braddock General Hospital.

Since becoming connected with the Westinghouse organization, he has given much special attention to prevention work in connection with tuberculosis in industry. He has contributed at different times articles to various journals, including the following: "Tuberculosis Prevention Work in a Large Plant," published in the August, 1925, issue of the "Journal of Outdoor Life"; "Practical Results of Physical Examinations in Industry," published in the April, 1928, issue of "Labor and Industry". He is a member of the Valley Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the American Public Health Association and the American Association of Industrial Physicians and Surgeons.

In 1917, Dr. Hazlett was married to Miss Clara E. Barndollar of Everett, Pennsylvania. They have two sons: Theodore Lyle Hazlett, Jr., and Robert Dunlap Hazlett.

The family residence is at No. 6634 Beacon Street, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

Walter F. Cooley

**WALTER FLOYD COOLEY**—A native of New Jersey and a member of an old Colonial family, Mr. Cooley's American ancestry dates back to the earliest English settlements in New England. He is a descendant, through both of his parents, of many able men who, in private and public affairs, have held prominent positions. As early "founders" of towns, delegates to political and religious assemblies, and as officers and soldiers in the Revolutionary and Colonial wars they were highly accredited citizens.

Mr. Cooley since his youth has been engaged in engineering and accounting. He received his early education in the public schools of Trenton, New Jersey, and then attended the New Jersey State Normal School, after which, he studied engineering. This preparation enabled him to enter the service of one of the, then, largest firms manufacturing and erecting iron and steel bridges and buildings. That company, in 1900, became an important unit in the formation of the American Bridge Company, one of the industries that, in less than a year thereafter, were acquired for the organization of the United States Steel Corporation. Mr. Cooley at that time was transferred to the executive offices of the American Bridge Company, then located in New York City, to fill the position of assistant statistician. He was located in Philadelphia in 1902 and 1903 and since 1904 has resided in the Pittsburgh district. Throughout this period he has filled responsible positions and very creditably assisted in the development of this important business institution, now being works auditor. He is regarded as an able business man and enjoys alike the confidence of his superior officers and the liking and respect of his associates. For many years a resident of Bellevue, Allegheny County, Mr. Cooley has always taken an active interest in that town's civic affairs. In his home town, too, he enjoys the confidence of his fellow-townsmen, who appreciate that he has supported many important movements for the welfare and development of the community. He has served very effectively for a period of ten years as a member of the borough council, having been chairman of the committee on finance and president of that body. He now holds the office of burgess of Bellevue Borough, to which he has been elected for a period of four years. In politics Mr. Cooley is a supporter of the Republican party. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Cooley was born at Phillipsburg, New Jersey, January 8, 1877, a son of the late Henry and Emma (Edinger) Cooley. His father who was born at Spring Mills, Hunterdon County, New Jersey, February 27, 1834, and who died October 31, 1919, was for many years engaged in the milling business at Carpentersville, New Jersey. Mr. Cooley's mother was a native of the latter town, being born there May 17, 1844. She died at Trenton, New Jersey, August 15, 1921. Mr. Cooley is one of six children, of whom four are still living.

Mr. Cooley married, June 22, 1906, Josephine M. Pollock, of California, Pennsylvania, a daughter of the late Thomas W. and Harriet Jane (Shutterly) Pollock. Mrs. Cooley is a member of a pioneer family of western Pennsylvania and a descendant of several men who distinguished themselves during the Revolutionary War. She, as well as her two daughters, are members of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Mr. and Mrs. Cooley are the parents of four children: 1. Helen, born June 21, 1907. 2. Marion, born January 25, 1909. 3. Walter F., born March 19, 1911. 4. Ralph S., born March 22, 1913.

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**RAYMOND A. D. GILLIS, M. D.**—A surgeon, engaged in the private practice of his profession at Pittsburgh, Dr. Raymond A. D. Gillis is an important figure among those so engaged in the medical sciences of this section. He has specialized in gynecology and obstetrics, and is a member of the staff of several local hospitals. Dr. Gillis is a Canadian by birth, born at Prince Edward Island, on July 4, 1888, the son of Dr. John A. T. and Regina (Doyle) Gillis. Both parents are now deceased. The father, until his death, was a physician at Prince Edward Island. He was a graduate of McGill University, and a member of the Canadian Parliament for several terms.

Raymond A. D. Gillis, of this record, attended grammar and high school at his birthplace. Later, he was graduated from the Prince of Wales College, Prince Edward Island, and from Laval University, where he took the Bachelor of Arts degree in 1907. His brilliant scholastic record earned for him a Rhodes Scholarship, which enabled him to go to Oxford University, in England, for three years. He was graduated from Oxford with a degree of Bachelor of Arts in Natural Science. Returning to Canada, Dr. Gillis took up the study of medicine at McGill University, from which he was graduated in 1913, with a Doctor of Medicine degree. He was an interne at the Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn, New York, for three years, and in the latter part of this period, was resident gynecologist and obstetrician. Dr. Gillis' preparations for his career were thorough and painstaking. He early decided upon the field of his special study, and spared no effort to master its details. In 1916, he came to Pittsburgh, becoming associate director of the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital, and assistant professor of obstetrics at the University of Pittsburgh Medical School. Here he remained for about a year, and in the spring of 1917, he enlisted in the Canadian Army Medical Corps, in which he received the commission of captain. He was sent to a hospital at Buxton, England, and remained there until he was honorably discharged, after the conclusion of the war in 1919.

Returning to his pursuits of the past, Dr. Gillis took up the private practice of his profession at Pittsburgh, specializing in gynecology and obstetrics. He has been so engaged until the present time. Quickly winning the confidence of those who came to consult him, he has built up an extensive practice and wide reputation through western Pennsylvania. From 1920 to 1927, Dr. Gillis was chief obstetrician at the St. Margaret

Memorial Hospital, and assistant gynecologist and obstetrician at the Pittsburgh Hospital. From 1927 until the present time, he has been a full staff member at Mercy Hospital. Dr. Gillis is a Fellow of the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, a member of the Allegheny County, the Pennsylvania State, and the American Medical associations. He is also a member of the American Association of Obstetricians, Gynecologists and Abdominal Surgeons. Dr. Gillis is affiliated with the Phi Delta Theta Fraternity, and is a member of the Roman Catholic Church. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Athletic Club and the Pittsburgh Country Club. Many articles from his pen have appeared in the medical journals.

Dr. Gillis married, in 1918, in New York City, Peggy Goggin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Goggin. Dr. and Mrs. Gillis have two children: Patricia and John David. Dr. Gillis' offices are in the Medical Arts Building, Pittsburgh, his residence at No. 6939 McPherson Boulevard.

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**TELL WILLIAM NICOLET**—The planning of large construction projects in the field of landscape architecture has constituted the work of Tell William Nicolet, who stands among the foremost men in this profession in this part of the country. He has both studied and taught to others the subject which has made up his career, and since 1920 has been actively engaged in his work in the city of Pittsburgh. His life has been one continuous episode of public service, and he is one of the only two members of the American Society of Landscape Architects in the entire Pittsburgh district.

Mr. Nicolet, the head of this firm, was born in De Soto, Indiana, on October 17, 1890, a son of Luke A. and Annie D. (Casper) Nicolet, both of whom are members of well-known families. Tell William Nicolet received his early education in the public and high schools of Fall River, Massachusetts, and later attended the Massachusetts State College, from which he was graduated in 1914 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. He then became a student at the Harvard Graduate School, from which he received, in 1915, the degree of Master in Landscape Architecture. Upon leaving the university, Mr. Nicolet went to the University of Nebraska to take a position as Assistant Professor of Landscape Architecture. This post he continued to hold from 1915 to 1917. Then it was that he became Associate Professor of Landscape Architecture at the University of Illinois. In 1917 and 1918 he was assistant camp and project planner with the United States Army, stationed at Washington, District of Columbia. Then, in 1919 and 1920, he was Principal Engineer in the Construction Division of the Army, with the rank of captain, and acted in that capacity in connection with the construction of all army camps, hospitals, arsenals, aviation fields, terminals and related enterprises, not only in the United States proper, but also in its outlying possessions. In 1920 he came to Pittsburgh, after having received his honorable discharge from the army with the rank of captain, and here became associated with the organization of Morris Knowles, Inc., which made him its town planning engineer. With that company he remained until 1922, when he opened his own offices and began the independent practice of his profession under his own name. Then, in 1927, his business had grown so rapidly that he found it necessary to make certain changes in order to keep abreast of the increased demand; and, in that year, he met the situation with which he was confronted by establishing a corporation under the name of Nicolet and Griswold, of which he became the president. This firm took up quarters in the Empire Building, and at the time of writing it is conducting a program of landscape design and construction approximating $4,000,000. In 1930 Mr. Griswold left the organization to practice under his own name and the firm of Nicolet and Griswold continued to practice under the leadership of Mr. Nicolet. The firm is responsible for handling a very large percentage of the work that is done in its field of activity in this great industrial city. Mr. Nicolet is also a member of the firm of Nicolet and Deed, designers and builders of yachts, whose offices are situated at No. 901, Empire Building. This firm also has quarters at Nyack, New York, where it specializes in the designing of thirty-three, forty-three and fifty-three-foot standardized cruisers. Extremely fond of yachting, Mr. Nicolet is naturally very well adapted to work of this sort, and is highly regarded in yachting circles. In the Pittsburgh district, some of the outstanding work done by the firm of Nicolet and Griswold is included in the following examples: all of the school grounds of Mt. Lebanon; the Langley and Taylor Allderdice athletic fields, a work performed for the Pittsburgh Board of Education; the athletic field for the Altoona school board; the private residences and grounds of J. E. Lewis, of Pittsburgh, and B. D. Phillips, of Butler, Pennsylvania; and the Allegheny County Memorial Park. These artistic accomplishments are well known to every Pittsburgher or resident of this district, and they speak for themselves and for the genius of the architects who have been behind the designing and the planning of them.

In addition to his work as a landscape architect and a planner of civic projects for the beautifying of schools, homes and public institutions, Mr. Nicolet has long been keenly interested in public affairs, and has been identified with a number of enterprises which are outstanding in the life of Pittsburgh and of the whole Nation. His political alignment has been consistently with the Republican party, whose policies and principles he supports; while he has been for many years a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, in which order he belongs to Lodge No. 683, known as Dormont Lodge. He is also a member of the St. Clair Country Club, the Rotary Club, the Chamber of Commerce, the American Society of Landscape Architects, the American Society of Civil Engi-

neers (in which he holds associate membership), and the Miles River Yacht Club. His favorite recreational activities are golf and yachting, while he is very fond of all outdoor sports, especially those which he believes tend toward better and more healthful living. And the success that he has achieved in landscape architecture and in the general business and commercial world in Pittsburgh is a well-deserved reward for the effort that he has conscientiously expended in his own desire to build a better and a finer city.

Tell William Nicolet married, at Amherst, Massachusetts, on August 8, 1916, Phyllis Cogswell, a daughter of George E. and Gertrude B. (Daniels) Cogswell. Her mother is now deceased. By this marriage Mr. and Mrs. Nicolet became the parents of two children: 1. Janet C., born on June 7, 1918. 2. Tell William, Jr., born on October 16, 1923.

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**RALPH E. GRISWOLD**—The creative faculty of Ralph E. Griswold, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, expresses itself in a phase of design significant to the artistic development of the city—Landscape Architecture. Mr. Griswold is a professional landscape architect, with offices at No. 1004 Professional Building, and has planned and executed many important landscape projects including gardens, private estates, parks, cemeteries, and college grounds.

Ralph E. Griswold was born in Warren, Ohio, August 23, 1894, son of William Tudor and Mabel (Hull) Griswold. His father, who is engaged as a retail merchant in Warren, Ohio, was born in Rome, Ohio, and the mother in Burghill, in the same State. After completing the public and high school courses in Warren, the son matriculated at Cornell University, from which he was graduated with the class of 1916, with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Pursuing graduate work in the same institution the following year, he received the degree of M. L. D.

His professional career began with a year of association with Bryant Fleming, landscape architect, in New York State. While with Mr. Fleming, Mr. Griswold won the Rome prize in landscape architecture and spent the next three years as Fellow in Landscape Architecture at the American Academy in Rome where he received the degree of F. A. A. R. Then came his return to America, for four years of practical association with A. T. Taylor, landscape architect of Cleveland, Ohio. It was in October, 1927, that Mr. Griswold, with this wide and thorough training along both practical and theoretical lines, organized the firm of Nicolet and Griswold, with Tell W. Nicolet, (q. v.). The firm planned and designed the Allegheny County Memorial Park, many pieces of work for the Pittsburgh Board of Education, and numerous beautiful residences, including that of B. D. Philips, of Butler, Pennsylvania, and that of J. E. Lewis, of Aspinwall. In March, 1930, Mr. Griswold withdrew from the firm of Nicolet and Griswold, and opened his own office in the Professional Building, where he is enjoying the patronage of a discriminating and appreciative clientele. Mr. Griswold has originality and the restraint and discrimination which come from training along both engineering and classical lines. He is a member of the American Society of Landscape Architects and is active on several of their committees. He also belongs to the Pittsburgh Architectural Club and the Chamber of Commerce. He enjoys outdoor sports especially swimming. In politics and religion, Mr. Griswold is an independent.

The military career of Mr. Griswold during the World War was of unusual duration and interest. He enlisted in the United States Army in September, 1917, as a private, and in July of the following year while in service with the 1st Division was commissioned second lieutenant of the 40th Regiment Engineers, in the Camouflage Section. In October, 1918, came his promotion to the rank of first lieutenant. He served in France with the American Expeditionary Forces for eighteen months and participated in some of the most famous engagements: Chateau Thierry, the Meuse-Argonne offensive, St. Mihiel. His honorable discharge with the rank of first lieutenant came in July, 1919.

Ralph E. Griswold married, in 1920, Dorothy Griffith, who was born in East Eurora, New York, and they are the parents of a daughter, Dorothy Romola Griswold.

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**WILLIAM A. HALLER**—One of Mt. Oliver's leading business men is William A. Haller, secretary, treasurer, and general manager of the Mt. Oliver Ice Company, and who has been largely responsible for the growth and development of that concern to its present place of importance in the commercial world of Mt. Oliver. Mr. Haller was one of those whose business interests were ruined by the passage of the prohibition amendment for he had been a wholesale liquor dealer since 1897. But with the versatility and determination characteristic of him he turned to an entirely new field, when the new liquor rulings became part of the fundamental law of the land, and has forged his way to success in it. Mr. Haller enjoys the high esteem of other business men of Mt. Oliver and Pittsburgh and has many friends and acquaintances who appreciate his fundamental sterling worth.

Of French descent on both the maternal and paternal sides, Mr. Haller was born at Temperanceville, now known as West End, Pittsburgh, in August, 1876. His father, Augustine Haller, was born in Alsace-Lorraine in October, 1839, and was brought to the United States in 1844. Here he followed the trade of a mechanic and eventually became senior member of the firm of Haller, Beck & Company, manufacturers of salt and bromine, with plants located on the North Side and West End. He married Margaret Philomena Lutz, born at McKee's Rocks, Pennsylvania, on April 2, 1844, and died October 24, 1924.

Of their eight children, five are still living. The death of Augustine Haller occurred in February, 1904.

William A. Haller received his early education in the parochial schools of the town of his birth and later took up a course in bookkeeping at Duquesne College. He was employed by his brother, Samuel P. Haller in the wholesale liquor trade in Pittsburgh from 1897 to 1909. In July, 1909, he removed to Cincinnati, Ohio, to become associated with the firm of Johnston Carmichael Company, also wholesale liquor dealers. Here he remained until the firm changed its headquarters to Pittsburgh, locating its offices on First Avenue. Mr. Haller became a member of the firm and continued in this connection until the passage of the prohibition amendment.

In 1920 Mr. Haller became interested in his present business. A corporation was formed with Theodore G. Stein as president: W. H. Billhartz, vice-president; Mr. Haller, secretary, treasurer and manager; and E. B. Smith, assistant manager and chief engineer. The present impressive plant of the Mt. Oliver Ice Company, Incorporated, was erected and the manufacture and sale of ice begun in 1921. The concern employs six men and does a thriving business throughout the surrounding territory. Mr. Haller is independent in his politics.

In October, 1900, Mr. Haller married Vivetta Carmichael of Carnegie, daughter of James S. and Elizabeth Jane (Fynes) Carmichael. They became the parents of three children: 1. Elizabeth Jane, born September 10, 1906. 2. William A., Jr., born May 23, 1913. 3. Barbara Louise, born June 12, 1923.

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**WILLIAM FERDINAND METZKES**—Well known in Pittsburgh as an interior decorator and mural painter, Mr. Metzkes has gained local fame also for his paintings. A number of these have been shown in local exhibitions and several of them have won prizes. His best work, perhaps, is done in landscapes and especially in pictures showing winter scenes.

William Ferdinand Metzkes was born in Pittsburgh, August 25, 1884, a son of George William and Katherine (Kaufman) Metzkes, the former now deceased. Mr. Metzkes received his early education in the public schools of Pittsburgh. Later he studied at the College of Fine Arts of the Carnegie Institute of Technology. In 1907 he went abroad and spent some time in the study of painting in Munich, Bavaria, Germany. After his return he became active as an interior decorator and mural painter, in which type of work he is still successfully engaged. His leisure time is devoted to the painting of landscapes and flowers. Though Mr. Metzkes found it impossible to study painting until he had reached the age of twenty-three years, he has made rapid progress and today (1931) is one of the best known of the local landscape painters. He is one of a very small group of Pittsburgh artists, who had the distinction of having one of his pictures accepted for the International Art Exhibition. He is a great lover of nature and of flowers, and his portrayals of snow landscape scenes have become widely known. One of his pictures, "Winter Morning," was exhibited, in 1922, in the International Art Exhibition. This picture, as are most of the pictures painted by Mr. Metzkes, was painted in one sitting. He sometimes paints two landscapes in one day. Since 1911 he has been a member of the Associated Artists of Pittsburgh and each year since then he has contributed at least one picture to the annual exhibition of this organization. His work is also represented in the Permanent Art Collection of the Pittsburgh Public Schools, with three of his pictures. He is also a member of Ionic Lodge, No. 505, Free and Accepted Masons.

Mr. Metzkes married Anna Estelle Lowe of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. They have one son, Robert William, born in 1908, who is studying scenic art at the College of Fine Arts of the Carnegie Institute of Technology, attending night classes. The Metzkes family home is located at No. 16 Imogene Road, Pittsburgh. Mr. Metzkes maintains a studio also, in the Little Sewickley Valley, this studio being a cabin in the woods, where he spends his vacations and week-ends.

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**ARTHUR LUTHER HUMPHREY**—No outstanding business man of today more nearly typifies the American ideal of a successful leader, perhaps, than does Arthur Luther Humphrey, of Pittsburgh. Associated with the railroad industry for many years of what might be termed apprenticeship in the humbler ranks, he rose to importance in that field and to eminence in a wide and diversified list of industries today.

Arthur Luther Humphrey was born in Buffalo, New York, June 12, 1860, son of Arthur Kingsbury and Huldah Orcutt Humphrey. His father was a farmer, who gave to his son the advantages of a public and high school education and of training on the farm. It was on August 21, 1877, when he was seventeen years old, that the son entered the railway service as machinist apprentice, on the Burlington and Missouri River Road. He then served as machinist, foreman, master mechanic, and superintendent of motive power on the Southern Pacific, the Atlantic and Pacific, the Colorado Midland, the Colorado Southern, and the Chicago and Alton Roads until August, 1903.

In the year 1903 began his long connection with the Westinghouse Air Brake Company. He was western manager at Chicago until June, 1905, when he was made general manager at Pittsburgh and remained in that office until 1910. He was then elected vice-president, retaining the office of general manager, and three years later, in 1913, was made a director. It was in 1919 that Mr. Humphrey was elected president of the company, a position he now holds. He is also director and president of the Westinghouse Traction Brake Company of Pittsburgh, and the American Brake Company of St. Louis; president of the Loco-

A L Humphrey

motive Stoker Company of Pittsburgh; and chairman of the board of the National Brake and Electric Company of Milwaukee, and the Safety Car Devices Company of St. Louis; chairman of the Executive Committee and a director of the Massey Concrete Products Corporation of Chicago; director of the American Brake Shoe and Foundry Company of New York, the Aviation Corporation of New York, the Duff-Norton Manufacturing Company of Pittsburgh, the Keystone Clay Products Company of Greensburg, Pennsylvania, the Witt-Humphrey Steel Company, of the same town, and the Union Switch and Signal Company, of Swissvale, of which he is chairman of the board. This onerous list of responsibilities does not so over-burden Mr. Humphrey that he does not find time to serve as a director of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce and the Pittsburgh Aviation Industries Corporation, and as chairman of the board of the Pittsburgh Branch, Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland, First National Bank of Swissvale and the Swissvale Trust Company, and as director of the First National Bank and Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh.

In civic matters also Mr. Humphrey plays an active rôle. He is a trustee of St. Margaret's Memorial Hospital and of the University of Pittsburgh. While in Colorado he took an active part in politics, serving two terms in the House of Representatives of that State and acting as Speaker of the House for a term. He is a communicant of the Protestant Episcopal Church. His clubs are: The Duquesne, the Pittsburgh Country, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association and the Longue Vue Country of Pittsburgh; the Union League of Chicago, the Engineers and Bankers, of New York, and the Congressional Country of Washington, District of Columbia.

Arthur Luther Humphrey married, at San Bernardino, California, January 16, 1890, Jennie Field, daughter of Dexter and Sabrina Elizabeth (Millard) Field. Children: Arthur Field, born February 18, 1891; Frederick Dexter, born April 1, 1902.

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**GEORGE FULTON MacDONALD, M. D.**—Having practiced medicine for several years in Tarentum, Pennsylvania, Dr. George Fulton MacDonald fills an important place in community life in this town and its environs, and, ideally fitted by temperament and training for the work that he is doing, is held high in the esteem and affections of his fellowmen.

Dr. MacDonald was born in Gallitzin, Cambria County, Pennsylvania, on April 5, 1890, and his father before him was a physician. His parents were Dr. George F. and Lyda J. (McConnell) MacDonald. The father, born at Stobo, Beaver County, Pennsylvania, was graduated from Western Reserve University, of Cleveland, in 1888, and took up the practice of his profession in Gallitzin, which he continued until his death in May, 1912. The mother, a native of the town of Tarentum, is now living in Pittsburgh. Dr. George F. MacDonald, the younger, received his early education in the public schools in Cambria County, and was graduated from the high school at Gallitzin in the class of 1907. He then studied at Washington and Jefferson College for two years, finishing his pre-medical education at that institution. He then matriculated at the Medical School of the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated in 1913 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He served his interneship at Presbyterian Hospital, Pittsburgh, in 1913 and 1914, after which he became engaged in a general practice at Rossiter, Pennsylvania, for one year. For six months he practiced his profession in Brownsville, Pennsylvania, but after a short time in that place his work was interrupted by the entrance of the United States into the World War. He at once became connected with the Medical Corps of the United States Army, and served overseas with the British Army for twenty months, doing detached service. His commission was that of first lieutenant, later captain, and he was discharged in May, 1919. Since that time he has practiced his profession in Tarentum, and has done much to bring about the upbuilding and improvement of health conditions and the alleviation of suffering in this community.

Also active in hospital work, Dr. MacDonald is a member of the staff of Allegheny Valley Hospital, where he specializes in urological work. He is also a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society and the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and is a Fellow of the American Medical Association. Interested in all the organizational affairs of his community and State, Dr. MacDonald has a number of strong fraternal and social connections in Tarentum, and his work in connection with these groups has brought him the admiration and affection of his fellows. He is a member of the American Legion, the Société des 40 hommes et 8 chevaux, the Free and Accepted Masons, and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. In the Masonic Order he belongs to Pollock Lodge, No. 502, Pittsburgh Consistory of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and Syria Temple of the Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; while, in the Elks, his affiliation is with Lodge No. 644. His religious faith is that of the Presbyterian Church.

Dr. George Fulton MacDonald married, in December, 1921, Marie Wellinger, of Brackenridge, Pennsylvania, daughter of Frederick and Minnie (Berner) Wellinger. And by this union there has been one son, George Frederick MacDonald, born on March 15, 1926.

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**ROSCOE D. BROWN**—In addition to a successful career in the automotive industry, Roscoe D. Brown of Pittsburgh, has a distinguished record in the World War. Mr. Brown was born at Rock City Falls, New York, August 27, 1887, and is the son of Thomas W. Brown, a paper manufacturer, who was born at Exeter, England, and Mary (Mulrenan) Brown, born at Middle Grove, New York.

After attending the public schools at Balston

Spa, New York, Mr. Brown matriculated at Ridley College, from which he was graduated with the class of 1904. His first position in business life was as storekeeper with the Niagara Central Railroad. He remained for many years with this company working up to division superintendent. He came to Pittsburgh in 1911 as district manager for the Electric Service and Prepayment Car Sales Company, and remained with this firm until the outbreak of the war in 1917. Mr. Brown attended the first officers' training camp at Plattsburg in 1915, and also the second, in 1916, receiving a commission as second lieutenant, United States Infantry Reserve Corps, on September 15, 1916. He was called to active service May 4, 1917, being assigned to the first officers' training camp at Fort Niagara. He was commissioned a captain August 15, 1917, and transferred to Camp Meade, Maryland, being assigned to the 304th Engineers. On October 15, 1917, he was made assistant division adjutant of the 79th Division, and on June 20, 1918, was commissioned a major. He served fifteen months overseas, took part in the battle of Mount Faucon, and on his transfer to the 6th Army Corps, saw active service in the Toul Sector until the Armistice was signed. He was then transferred to the 3d Army, and served in the Army of Occupation on the Rhine until July, 1919, On August 26, 1919, he received his honorable discharge, with the rank of major. On his return from the army, Mr. Brown again took up his residence in Pittsburgh, and became associated with the Keleher Company, distributors of Pierce Arrow cars, starting as a salesman. Three years later, in 1922, he made a change, going then with the Painter Dunn Company, also distributors of Pierce Arrow cars, and a year later he was made general sales manager, which position he continues to hold.

Mr. Brown is a member of the Pittsburgh Automobile Dealers' Association, and the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce. He also is a member of the American Legion and of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, being past commander of the John Baird Atwood Post, No. 285, and is a member of Fellowship Lodge, No. 679, Free and Accepted Masons, and of all Scottish Rite Masonic bodies, including Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. In addition, Mr. Brown is past president of the Fellows Club, is a member of the Pittsburgh Athletic Club, and the Pittsburgh Country Club. His favorite recreation is hunting and fishing. In politics, he is a Republican, and in religious preference, attends the Third Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh.

Roscoe D. Brown was married, in 1920, to Mary R. Garrett of Pittsburgh. Their children are: Robert G., and Mary Elizabeth. These children are twins.

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**W. P. LINN NOAH**—For a quarter of a century W. P. Linn Noah has been chief arbiter of the "Hill Top Record" and, partly through the columns of that enterprising and progressive sheet and partly by reason of his own dynamic personality and qualities of leadership, has had much to do with the encouragement of every forward-looking project that has presented itself during the twenty-five years and the stamping out of ultra-conservative ideas. More important, he has originated a surprisingly large share of the movements for betterment of conditions in Mt. Oliver and its environs and through the purposeful and relentless dissemination of propaganda in their favor, has effected their realization. Mr. Noah is popular with the people of the community and has an extensive acquaintance throughout the county. In addition to the wide contacts given him by his work, he belongs to many fraternal orders, the members of which have honored him by election to high offices. He is also active in various business men's associations of his part of the State.

A native of Pennsylvania, Mr. Noah was born in Butler County on August 10, 1877, one of the five children of Peter Jacob and Martha Grazella (Caldwell) Noah, both of whom were born in Butler County. The mother passed away October 14, 1930. The father, who was a farmer, born in 1845, died August 6, 1886. The subject of this sketch received his early education in the public schools of Pittsburgh and, following his graduation from the high school, enrolled in the Grove City College. He studied also at the Pittsburgh Academy, but his business career was begun at an early age in a line of work that possibly determined the course of his life activities, for on the Pittsburgh street corners he sold newspapers. Later, he was employed for two years by a Pittsburgh concern that did ceiling construction work and then for a year lathed houses in the carpenter's trade. In a clerical situation Mr. Noah worked for a year with the Pennsylvania Railroad and for another year was with the Lake Erie Railroad in a similar capacity. Then followed three years as assistant bookkeeper with the American Oil Development Company and another three years as a school teacher, one year in Butler County and two as principal of the Montooth School, Montooth Boro, Allegheny County.

It was in 1904 that he acquired his interest in the "Hill Top Record." On May 23 of that year he formed a partnership with Frank I. Gosser, attorney, and George P. Kountz, for the establishment of the newspaper, for they saw opportunity awaiting development in the field about Mt. Oliver. After a year of joint efforts, the other two sold their interests to Mr. Noah, and from 1905 until June, 1924, when the business was incorporated, he was in sole command as both publisher and owner. With the incorporation, Mr. Noah became president and treasurer. With an independent political attitude, the sheet has stood throughout the course of its existence for worthy and progressive causes and has acquired a circulation of seven thousand and five hundred, which is large for its territory. The "Hill Top Record" has beeen chiefly responsible for the agitation for a Young Men's Christian Association and a Young Women's

Christian Association in Mt. Oliver, and it has effected many civic improvements on the south side of the river.

Although his paper is independent, Mr. Noah's political affiliation is with the Republican party. Besides his directorship of the Hill Top Record Company, he is a director of the St. Clair Savings and Trust Company and belongs to both the Mt. Oliver and Knoxville Business Men's associations, the Hill Top Business Men's Association and the Castle Shannon Business Men's Association. His numerous fraternal affiliations include membership in Franklin Lodge, No. 221, Free and Accepted Masons; Duquesne Chapter, No. 193, Royal Arch Masons; Pittsburgh Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar; Mt. Moriah Council, Royal and Select Masters; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is also a member of Carrick Eagles and so important a member of the Loyal Order of Moose that he was made the second dictator of the Pittsburgh Lodge. He belongs also to Lodge No. 842, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. With his family he belongs to the Knoxville United Presbyterian Church.

On July 29, 1912, Mr. Noah married Phoebe B. Lawson, daughter of Charles Lawson of Montooth. They became the parents of five children: 1. William O., born May 5, 1914. 2. Jack O., born May 3, 1915. 3. Charles Dale, born July 19, 1916. 4. Vera Yvonne, born in 1918. 5. Betty May, born in 1921.

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**GEORGE MATTA**—From his native country, Austria-Hungary, now Czecho-Slovakia, Mr. Matta came to the United States in 1901 at the age of seventeen years, located in Braddock, Allegheny County, and for the next ten years worked in several of the largest mills in that industrial center of the United States. He then engaged for five years in the plumbing business, and in 1916 established himself in the automobile business, in which he has since been successfully engaged. He has built up a large and prosperous business, not only as the Braddock dealer of automobiles, but also as the owner of a spacious and well-conducted public garage and as a dealer in automobile parts and accessories. His success is the more to be admired because it was gained in the face of many difficulties and in spite of the fact that at the beginning of his career he could command only a very limited capital. His determination, one of his outstanding characteristics, is well illustrated by the manner in which he has improved his present business headquarters into a modern and well-equipped property, though it was far from possessing either of these qualities, when Mr. Matta acquired it.

George Matta was born in 1884, in what is now known as the Republic of Czecho-Slovakia. At the age of seventeen years, in 1901, he came to the United States. His parents, John and Elizabeth Matta, remained in their native land. Upon his arrival here, he came to Braddock and found employment in the Westinghouse works and later in wire mills, and steel works, and in other similar industrial establishments. He continued with this type of work until 1911, when he engaged in the plumbing business. Five years later he established himself in the automobile business in Braddock. At first he handled Briscoe and Kissel cars, then in 1922 he had the Braddock agency for the Hudson and Essex cars, but in May, 1931, he discontinued the Hudson and Essex agency and took on the agency for the Auburn cars. His headquarters at No. 1239 Braddock Avenue were formerly an old car barn. Mr. Matta rebuilt and remodelled this property, adding to it a second story, eighty-two by one hundred and thirty feet, where he has housed the sales rooms, storage rooms, parts department and service department. He operates also a public garage with accommodations for about seventy cars. This property is now owned by him and he is now one of the substantial business men of Braddock, proof of his industry, ability and energy in view of the fact that at the time of his arrival in this country, his total capital amounted but to two dollars. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce of Braddock, and of the Slovakian National Society. His religious affiliation is with the Lutheran Church.

Mr. Matta married, in 1906, Anna Cop, a native also of Czecho-Slovakia, and a daughter of George and Anna Cop. Mrs. Matta came to this country in 1903 and since then has been a resident of Braddock. Mr. and Mrs. Matta are the parents of one son, William G. Matta, who makes his home with his parents and who is associated in business with his father. He is a member of the Masonic Order. The family residence is located at Thirteenth Street and Braddock Avenue, Braddock.

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**EARL SPENCE DUNCAN, M. D.**—A native of Pennsylvania and a graduate of its public schools and of one of its leading medical colleges, Dr. Duncan, at the outset of his career as a physician, was associated for three years with one of the leading surgeons and physicians of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania. At the end of that period, in 1919, he came to Tarentum, to engage in the general practice of his profession. During the ten years he has lived and worked in Tarentum, he has not only built up a large and successful practice, but has also made many friends for himself in the community.

Earl Spence Duncan was born at Williamsport, Pennsylvania, March 16, 1889, a son of James M. and Sarah E. (Spence) Duncan. His father, who was born in Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, and who died in 1911, was a successful general merchant at Williamsport, Pennsylvania. Dr. Duncan's mother, who is still living, was likewise a native of Lancaster County. On his father's side Dr. Duncan is of Scotch anecstry, while on his mother's side he is of German descent. Dr. Duncan received his early education in the public schools of Williamsport and of Coatesville, Pennsylvania, and, after graduating from the Coatesville High School in 1910, he took up the study

of medicine. At first, for one year, he attended the medical department of Baylor University, Dallas, Texas, but at the end of that year he came to Philadelphia as a student at the Hahnemann Medical College. He graduated from that institution with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1915, and then served one year as an interne at the Hahnemann Hospital, Philadelphia. After this, he became associated with Dr. Chisolm, a successful physician and surgeon of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, with whom he practiced for three years. In 1919 he came to Tarentum, Allegheny County, and here he has continued in the practice of his profession. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, and the Homeopathic Medical Association. He is also a member of the Knights of Columbus, Alpha Sigma Fraternity, and the Brackenridge Heights Country Club. In politics he is an Independent, while in religion he is affiliated with St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church, of Tarentum.

Dr. Duncan married, in November, 1917, Gladys Stevenson, of Coatesville, Pennsylvania, a daughter of G. E. and Elizabeth (Russell) Stevenson. Dr. and Mrs. Duncan are the parents of four children: 1. Earl Spence, Jr., born August 22, 1918. 2. William S., born in May, 1920. 3. Elizabeth S., born in September, 1923. 4. Ann S., born August 29, 1927.

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**ANDREW H. SEIBEL**—In the field of business Mr. Seibel has been successfully active in recent years as field manager with various well-known concerns in the Greater Pittsburgh district. He has also taken an active part in civic affairs in Greentree Borough, where he has held various local offices and where for the last seven years, he has served as president of the borough council. Religious affairs, too, have received a full share of his time and attention, while his patriotism found expression during the World War in active service in the United States Army. Mr. Seibel is widely known in Greentree Borough and occupies a position of importance and influence.

Andrew H. Seibel was born in Greentree Borough, November 12, 1888, a son of the late John and Catherine (Scheib) Seibel, both now deceased, and a nephew of Peter Seibel, one of the charter members of the borough council, who, though eighty-five old, is still effectively active in civic affairs. Both Mr. Seibel's parents were born in Germany, but they spent the greater part of their lives in the United States. His father, during the earlier part of his career, was engaged in the general merchandising business and later owned and operated a farm in Greentree Borough. He was active in civic affairs, held several important local offices, and was a prominent member of the Roman Catholic Church.

Andrew H. Seibel received his early education in the public and parochial schools and then attended for three years Curry College. After leaving college, he became associated with the grocery firm of Henry Daub & Sons. He was later connected with the sales department of the Carnegie Steel Company for five years. He then entered the grocery business on his own account, at Dormont, and for a number of years successfully operated a grocery store in that town. He continued in this work until February, 1918, when he entered the United States Army, for service in the World War. At first he was stationed at Camp Lee with the 319th Regiment, 80th Division. Sent overseas, he was attached to the British Expeditionary Forces in northern France and with them participated in the Artois, St. Mihiel, and Meuse-Argonne drives. During this period he was gassed and wounded. After his recovery he was transferred to the 305th Signal Corps. After he received his honorable discharge from active military service in June, 1919, he found it necessary to spend several years in retirement, in order to recuperate from the hardships, to which he had been exposed. After recovering his health, he became assistant sales manager of the Seven Baker Brothers. More recently he has been connected with the sales department of the Hankey Baking Company. For nearly fifteen years Mr. Seibel has been prominently active in civic affairs in Greentree Borough. Since 1917 he has been a member of the borough council, of which he has been president since 1923. He has also held several other important local offices, including that of auditor, judge, and inspector of elections. In these various capacities he has made many important contributions to civic progress and to furthering the welfare of the community, its people, and its institutions. He is a member of the Greentree Advancement League and, having helped to organize Greentree Volunteer Fire Department in 1914, he has always been a member of it and for four years served as its president. In politics he is a staunch supporter of the Republican party, in the affairs of which he has been prominently active locally. His religious affiliation is with St. Martin's Roman Catholic Church, of which he is one of its active workers.

Mr. Seibel married, in September, 1919, Mary M. Steedle. Mr. and Mrs. Seibel make their home at Rhodes and Greenmont avenues, Greentree Borough. They have four children: Herman J., Mary Catherine, Verna Louise, and Reta May.

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**HUBERT GEORGE BENSON**—A Newfoundland fisherman during his early years, Hubert George Benson brought with him to the United States and the city of Pittsburgh all the rugged determination and relentless industry, the courage and the daring he had developed in his battles with the elements during his formative years and, in the Benson Lumber and Contracting Company, has erected a business institution that is responsible for an impressive percentage of the building done in the last twenty years in the South Hills section of Pittsburgh. In spite of the enormous amount of detail which his large organization requires that he supervise, Mr. Benson finds time

Thomas Ray Hindley.

for numerous civic activities. For seven years he served as councilman from the Brentwood Boro, and his assistance is always taken as a matter of course when his fellow-citizens are considering projects looking toward improvements in the community. Mr. Benson has extensive fraternal and club memberships, is an active church worker, and has been led by his success into various business connections outside his own company. Everywhere men come to know him they admire his abilities and like him for the splendid personal qualities that are characteristic of him.

Born in Newfoundland August 22, 1878, Mr. Benson is the son of a Newfoundland native and fisherman, now retired and making his home in Pittsburgh, Elisha Benson, and his wife, Eliza (Moores) Benson. She, too, was born in Newfoundland, in 1848, two years after the birth of her husband. The subject of this sketch, one of a family of ten children, attended the public schools of Newfoundland and, beginning when only a boy, followed the trade of fisherman for nine years. In 1899, when he had become of age, he made his way to the United States to seek business opportunity and in Pittsburgh apprenticed himself in the carpenter's trade. For eight years he continued as an employee, constantly making his plans for later individualistic efforts and, in 1907, started to take contracts for building upon his own responsibility. The excellence of the construction he effected soon won for him an enviable reputation, and business came in almost faster than he could perfect an organization large enough to handle it. It was not until 1922 that his business was placed under its present name of the Benson Lumber and Contracting Company. Most of the company's work has been done in the South Hills section where at least six hundred homes have been erected by it. Mr. Benson employs some fifteen men steadily. H. G. Benson and Sons, real estate and insurance, has just been organized for the purpose of taking care of business in that line.

Mr. Benson's other business activities include the presidency of the Brentwood Building and Loan Association and his work as a director of the Bennett Gardens Land Company. He is a life member of the South Hills Country Club and has advanced far in Masonry, with membership in Dallas Lodge, No. 508, Free and Accepted Masons; Zerubbabel Chapter, No. 162, Royal Arch Masons; Tancred Commandery, Knights Templar; Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. Politically Republican, Mr. Benson was nominated by that party as councilman for Brentwood Boro and, victorious in the election, held the office for six years. In the Methodist Episcopal Church of Knoxville he serves as a member both of the official board and the financial committee.

On June 11, 1907, Mr. Benson married Caroline Krehan, daughter of Ernest and Julia Krehan of Pittsburgh. They became the parents of two children: George Hubert, born in April, 1909; and John Charles, born in September, 1911.

**THOMAS ROY HINCKLEY**—One of the younger generation of Pittsburgh's architects, Mr. Hinckley, during the comparatively short time that he has been engaged in private practice as an architect, has made for himself an enviable reputation. He has to his credit the designing of the first cooperative apartment house ever built in Pittsburgh, and he has also handled a number of other important commissions. He is a member of several social, fraternal and professional organizations, a veteran of the World War, and in every respect representative of the highest type of useful and public-spirited citizen.

Thomas Roy Hinckley was born at Olean, New York, July 23, 1895, a son of Thomas R. and Clara (Wright) Hinckley, the former now deceased. On his father's side his ancestry dates back to 1700, in which year the Hinckley family was founded in this country. Several paternal ancestors of Mr. Hinckley fought in both the Revolutionary and the Civil wars, in which latter conflict several members of his mother's family also participated. Mr. Hinckley attended grade and high schools at Buffalo, New York, and was graduated at the Carnegie Institute of Technology in 1922 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in Architecture. After graduating from college, Mr. Hinckley worked with several prominent Pittsburgh architects. In 1927 he entered private practice, which is of a general nature. During the World War Mr. Hinckley entered the air service in 1918, being stationed at Love Field and Fort Sill, Dallas, Texas. He first became an air observer and later went to the training school for flying officers at Fort Sill, where he was commissioned a lieutenant. He was honorably discharged, December 20, 1918. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Chapter, American Institute of Architects; Bellevue Lodge, No. 530, Free and Accepted Masons; and the Aero Club of Pittsburgh. He is also a member of Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity, which he joined during his student days. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliation is with the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Hinckley married at Buffalo, New York, July 18, 1923, Emily MacMichael, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. H. R. MacMichael, of Buffalo, New York. Mr. and Mrs. Hinckley have one child, Thomas R., Jr., born in 1924. They make their home in the Park Mansions, Pittsburgh. Mr. Hinckley's offices are in the Benedum-Trees Building.

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**CHARLES WILLIAM MORTON, M. D.**—The reputation of Dr. Charles William Morton, of Pittsburgh, as a physician and specialist in internal medicine has spread throughout the city and environs, as well as throughout a larger professional circle. He is a Fellow of the American College of Physicians.

Charles William Morton was born in Mifflin Township, Pennsylvania, November 23, 1876, son of Edward H. and Martha Ann (Rath) Morton. The father, now deceased, was in middle years a

merchant but spent the years of retirement on his farm. The family is of pioneer stock, the great grandfather of our subject having been scalped by Indians near Pittsburgh. Charles William Morton made his business start in banking, after he completed his education in the public schools of Homestead, Pennsylvania. He was twenty-two years old when he found employment with the First National Bank in Homestead. His next association was with the Duquesne Trust Company, of Duquesne, Pennsylvania, where he advanced to the position of secretary and treasurer in 1911.

In that year, Dr. Morton determined to fit himself for a professional career. He entered Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia and graduated in 1915 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, after which he passed a year as interne in the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburgh. Thus thoroughly grounded in the theory of medicine and experienced in its practical aspects, Dr. Morton began general practice in Pittsburgh in August, 1916, and he has gradually come to specialize in internal medicine. He is president of staff of Presbyterian Hospital and a member of the medical staff there. He is also associated with the Allegheny County and Pennsylvania Medical Societies and the American Medical Association, as well as the Pittsburgh College of Physicians, and he is a life member of the Presbyterian Hospital Association. His political views are those of the Republican party. During the World War Dr. Morton served on various local examination boards. His fraternal affiliations are with Homestead Lodge, No. 582, Free and Accepted Masons of which he is a life member and past master; the Duquesne Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Mount Moriah Council, Royal and Select Masters; the Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, of which he is a life member; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of which he is also a life member. His clubs are the University and the Stanton Heights Golf.

Charles William Morton married, November 25, 1903, in Pittsburgh, Marie Davis, daughter of the late M. S. Davis, M. D., of Pittsburgh. A child was born of the union: Smith Davis, born on May 15, 1905, a student at the Medical School of the University of Pittsburgh.

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**WILLIAM S. HUSBAND**—A member of an old Westmoreland County family, Mr. Husband has been engaged in the contracting and building business at Braddock, Allegheny County, for as many as four decades. His firm is one of the oldest in its line and its work has always been known for its reliability. Mr. Husband has contributed materially to the growth and development of Braddock and the adjoining territory, many of the most attractive and substantial residence having been built by him. For many years he has also been active in fraternal and religious affairs.

William S. Husband was born in Westmoreland County, December 23, 1863, a son of Henry M. and Frances J. (Latta) Husband. He comes of a family which settled in Maryland in 1662, later went to North Carolina and from there came to Pennsylvania, locating at first in Somerset County and later in Westmoreland County. Mr. Husband's father was a farmer and for many years was prominently active in civic affairs. Born in Westmoreland County, he taught school during the earlier part of his life, served for some years as county auditor and for many years held the position of justice of the peace. William S. Husband was educated in the public schools of his native county and as a youth learned the carpenter's trade with D. C. Frick and later with Wallace & Sharran. In 1885 he came to Braddock, where he followed his trade until 1889, when he established himself in the contracting and building business. He has continued in this work, his present headquarters being located at No. 424 Corey Avenue. Mr. Husband specializes in the building of residences and has confined his activity to Braddock and the country immediately adjoining. He is one of the oldest builders in the Braddock district.

Fraternally, Mr. Husband is a member of Braddock Fields Lodge, No. 510, Free and Accepted Masons; Braddock Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Tancred Commandery, No. 48, Knights Templar; Valley of Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; Syria Temple, of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; and Husband Lodge, No. 386, Knights of Pythias, of which latter he is a Past Chancellor Commander. His religious affiliation is with the Braddock Methodist Episcopal Church in which he is a member of the board of trustees.

Mr. Husband married (first), in 1887, Emma Tor, of Westmoreland County, who died in 1903. By this marriage he was the father of one daughter, Margaret, who married Frank Morton of Ruffsdale. He married (second), in 1907, Anna M. Stucki, of Port Perry, and by this marriage was the father of two children: 1. William S., Jr., who died in infancy. 2. Anna S., who makes her home with her parents. Mrs. Husband, interested like her husband in fraternal affairs, is a member of Lodge No. 75, Order of the Eastern Star. The family residence is located at No. 139 Camp Avenue, Braddock.

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**THOMAS PRESTON COCHRAN, M. D.**—Into the upbuilding and economic advancement of Pittsburgh and vicinity, as into the safeguarding and aiding the health of its citizens, have gone the force and energy of Dr. Thomas Preston Cochran. He is a popular and experienced physician, a citizen with wide public interests, and an astute and successful business man.

Thomas Preston Cochran was born near Millerstown, Greenwood Township, Perry County, Pennsylvania, October 25, 1866, son of Robert Porter and Anna (McFarlane) Cochran. The father, born March 19, 1836, in Millerstown, was a prosperous farmer until his death, March 12, 1913,

and the mother, born near Lewistown, Pennsylvania, March 12, 1836, died February 14, 1924. The family, of Scotch Irish descent, included six children, of whom three are still living. One of these is the subject of this record, and he resides at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. He attended the public schools near Millerstown and for two years was a student at Blair Hall, at Blairstown, New Jersey. He then matriculated in Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia, graduating in 1893 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine.

The scene of his early professional practice was Millerstown, where Dr. Cochran was located for four and a half years. In September, 1927, he moved to Pittsburgh and settled in his present location, where he has since been engaged in the general practice of medicine. He helped organize St. Joseph's Hospital, on the staff of which he serves, and he enjoys a large private practice. He is a member of the County and State Medical societies, and of the American Medical Association. A director of the Hilltop Savings and Trust Company, Dr. Cochran is president and director of the Lyman Building and Loan Association of Pittsburgh, which he helped organize and of which he has been president since its formation, March 12, 1901. No small part of its healthy progress has been due to his wise management. He is also president of the St. Clair Incline Plane Company of Pittsburgh.

The doctor belongs to the Democratic party and to the South Hills Country Club. His fraternal affiliations are with the Free and Accepted Masons, McCandless Lodge, No. 390, Duquesne Chapter, No. 193, Royal Arch Masons; Pittsburgh Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. A member of the Presbyterian church, he has always been active in promoting its welfare.

Thomas Preston Cochran married, in June, 1902, Margaret R. Rickabaugh, of Millerstown, Pennsylvania, daughter of David M. and Sophia (Beaver) Rickabaugh. Her mother was a cousin of Ex-Governor Beaver. Of the five children born to Dr. and Mrs. Cochran, three died in infancy, and a fourth, George Andrew, graduate of Washington and Jefferson University in 1928, with the degree of Bachelor of Science, died January 2, 1929; the only survivor is James Edward, born February 23, 1914.

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JOHN LIGGETT, JR.—An independent artist whose work has won praise in critical circles in both the United States and Europe, John Liggett, Jr., has been a well-known figure in Pittsburgh life for many years. His activities as a patron of the arts, civic leader, and man of affairs have embraced many fields.

Mr. Liggett was born in Pittsburgh, a son of John and Frances (Kelly) Liggett, both natives of Pittsburgh and both now deceased. John Kelly, the maternal grandfather, was the first principal of old Allegheny Academy. John Liggett, Jr., attended the grade schools and the high school of Pittsburgh, and later for two terms studied at Newell Institute. Beginning his active career, he was associated with Joseph Woodwell and Company for six years, and from that time until he retired to manage his own private interests, he joined with his brother, Thomas Liggett, and with Mr. Haymaker in the production of oil.

From the time he was a boy, Mr. Liggett has drawn and painted, and today art is one of his chief interests. Until 1915, however, he had no time for formal study, but since then he has studied extensively, principally under the guidance of Martin B. Leisser, one of Pittsburgh's best known artists. Mr. Liggett and Mr. Leisser travelled together in different parts of the world for several years, continuing their studies and bringing back with them numerous sketches and paintings. Mr. Liggett's canvases have been hung both in Pittsburgh, at the Associated Artists Exhibit, and at the Independent Artists Exhibit in New York City. Many of his pictures have attracted widely favorable comment, and among the best known of these are, "On the Massachusetts Coast," "San Diego from Balboa Park," "Sunset on the Bay," "Country Road, Autumn," and "Autumn Woods." Particularly noteworthy has been the favorable criticism received by Mr. Liggett from French critics. In reproducing "On the Massachusetts Coast" for its cover, the "Revue du Vrai et du Beau" remarked, in its issue of September 10, 1928:

*Il est difficile de donner une plus émouvante et plus large impression de l'immensité, de confondre dans une ligne d'horizon plus lointaine, le ciel et la mer, de nous anéantir devant la majesté de plus d'infini.*

*Le pinceau de John Liggett peut toutefois resserrer le cadre de son sujet, se faire plus restreint, plus intime.*

*Cette année, aux Independants de New York, il nous le prouve avec: "Autumn Woods" et "Country Road, Autumn." Ce n'est plus la côte désertique et l'Ocean infini, sous le ciel de "Massachusetts Coast."*

*C'est une simple étude de saison, de lumière et de reflets, sur les bois et sur la campagne.*

*S'il s'y mêle encore de la majesté et de la grandeur, c'est qu'il y en a toujours, même dans la plus simple page de nature et que ce n'est pas en passant par l'âme d'un John Liggett, qu'elle se trouvera amoindrie, au contraire. La beauté ne saurait lui échapper et il sait la transcrire simple et vraie, telle qu'elle lui apparait.*

Aside from his interest in art, Mr. Liggett has taken a particularly active part in furthering the cause of musical progress at Pittsburgh. He himself plays the flute and the piccolo, and Mrs. Liggett is the possessor of an exceptional soprano voice and is well known in Pittsburgh at the organ. All members of Mr. Liggett's family are musicians. In 1909, Mr. Liggett organized the Pittsburgh Philharmonic Society, established to promote an interest in music here, and was its sole support. It was he who engaged Luigi Von

Kunitz, former concertmeister of the Pittsburgh orchestra, to conduct the society's orchestra. Mr. Liggett is a member of the Associated Artists of Pittsburgh, the Independent Artists of New York City, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, and the Episcopal Church of the Ascension. The residence of the family and his studio are maintained at No. 311 Morewood Avenue, Pittsburgh.

On April 6, 1897, at Cleveland, Ohio, John Liggett, Jr., married Della Crosby. They are the parents of two children: 1. Mrs. C. M. S. Skene, wife of Major Skene, of the United States Army. 2. John, 3d, who attended a preparatory school at Asheville, North Carolina, and the University of Pittsburgh, and is now engaged in productions of the musical theatre.

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**CARL K. WAGENER, M. D.**—After long and rigid preparation, Dr. Carl K. Wagener located in Pittsburgh and has made for himself a notable place among the professional men of western Pennsylvania. Always the student, he has kept abreast the modern advancements in medicine; a lover of children, quite naturally he has specialized in pediatrics and is an authority on the subject of the hygienic care of children. His associations with others of his fraternity have been close and inspiring. In civic, social and business affairs he plays his part, being foremost in offering his aid to any movement which makes for the betterment of conditions and people in his community. He is a busy man, who as yet has found little time for play or to indulge his tastes other than professional.

Carl K. Wagener was born in Pittsburgh, March 22, 1883, the son of William F. and Marie I. (Heuser) Wagener, both of whom are living (1930). His father, a native of New York City, is a manufacturer, and the president of the Nottoway Shook Company, of Blackstone, Virginia, makers of boxes. His mother was born in Pittsburgh. Carl K. Wagener was the only child in the family.

He received the beginnings of his education in the public schools of his native city, and was a graduate of Shady Side Academy with the class of 1903. He matriculated at the University of Pittsburgh for collegiate instruction and continued on through into the Medical School from which he was graduated, in 1910, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. His immediate future record is that of service in numerous institutions in practical preparation for general practice. In succession he was interne for a year at the West Pennsylvania Hospital; resident physician at the Children's Hospital in Pittsburgh for six months; resident physician at the New York City Department of Health Hospital for Contagious Diseases, for half a year; and resident physician at the Manhattan Maternity Hospital, in New York City, for three months.

In 1913, Dr. Wagener returned to Pittsburgh and started in the practice of his profession and in 1916 he began specializing in pediatrics. He was ready for his work, had given years in preparation for it, and had a standing in the community which was to prove of great help in the first years of gaining a clientele. He had become well established when the United States' participation in the World War caused a break in his medical career, but which actually added to the sum of his knowledge of medicine and surgery. Dr. Wagener enlisted in the Medical Corps of the American Army, and served in the 307th Sanitary Train with the 82d Division. He was over seas for more than a year, holding the commission of lieutenant but returning as a captain. He still holds a lieutenant-colonel's commission in the Reserve Corps of the United States Army. He was mustered out of the army in May, 1919.

Dr. Wagener, upon his return to this country, again picked up the reins of his profession, specializing in pediatrics. In this line of practice he is one of the leading authorities and practitioners in the city. He is on the staff of the Children's Hospital of Pittsburgh, on that of the South Side Hospital, and the Columbia Hospital.

Dr. Wagener is a member of the Chamber of Commerce; of the Allegheny County Medical Society; the Pennsylvania State Medical Society; the American Medical Association; the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine; the Pittsburgh Pediatric Society, and the Nu Sigma Nu Fraternity. War memories and friends are kept near by his membership in the Veterans of Foreign Wars. In the Masonic order he belongs to Loyalty Lodge, No. 696, Free and Accepted Masons; Wilkinsburg Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Lincoln Commandery, No. 97, Knights Templar at Wilkinsburg; and Syria Temple of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

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**HILL BURGWIN**—Eminent lawyer, the late Hill Burgwin had a great share in the development of Pittsburgh during the last half-century before his death. He died August 13, 1898, and had been constructively active as a barrister and man of business during forty-seven years. The Episcopal church and civic progress felt the influence of his worthy life; and those who were his friends and who survive him down to the present time (1931) give his memory all the respect accorded him of former years. He was true to the traditions of an honored family.

This family was established in America by John Burgwin, son of John Burgwin (formerly Ap Gwyn, born in 1682; died in 1751), the sole survivor of the ancient house of Gwynn (Gwin), a wealthy landowner living in South Wales, England. The son was born at Hereford, England, February 25, 1731; was liberally educated at Eton and at Cambridge, graduating from his cultural courses with high scholastic standing; and was a student at Oxford when his father died. By right of primogeniture the older brother inherited the family estates; and John Burgwin followed his

father's advice, and with letters of introduction to important men, came to the New World.

Arriving at Charleston, South Carolina, he entered the offices of Hooper, Alexander and Company, who later sent him to Wilmington, North Carolina. There he ultimately settled, becoming a wealthy landowner, for many years a magistrate, clerk of the Superior Court of Justices, and in 1768 was appointed to examine the Provincial accounts for the past twenty years. In 1760 he was appointed clerk of the Upper House of the Assembly. Two years later found him serving as private secretary to Governor Dobbs, which service led to other offices, such as registrar of the Court of Chancery, master of the High Court of Chancery; and then, as favored public servant, he became representative to the North Carolina Assembly from Bladen County. For ten years he was clerk of the Upper House.

John Burgwin married (first) Margaret Haynes, daughter of the planter and merchant, Roger Haynes, formerly of London and Lisbon, and his wife, only daughter and heiress of Richard Marsden, first rector of St. James Parish. Richard Marsden had settled on Cape Fear, one of the earliest Episcopal clergymen in the vicinity, and owned from the original lords proprietors grants to the plantations subsequently known as the Hermitage and Castle Haynes. The date of John Burgwin's first marriage, which was without issue, was February 15, 1753. Upon the death of his first wife, he made a trip to his native land and married Eliza Bush, daughter of George and Elizabeth (Moore) Bush, April 27, 1782, returning to America two years later. Of this union were born children: 1. John Fanning. 2. Caroline Elizabeth. 3. George William Bush.

George William Bush Burgwin was born at the Hermitage, Wilmington, North Carolina, September 2, 1787, and died in 1854. He was a planter on an extensive scale, cultivating large rice plantations. On April 7, 1807, he married Maria Nash, daughter of Governor Abner and Mary Whiting (Jones) Nash, of distinguished lineage. Her paternal great-grandfather was Abner Nash of Tenby, South Wales; his son, Colonel John Nash, of Templeton Manor, Virginia, sat as presiding judge of Prince Edward County, was an officer of the Colonial army and member of the House of Burgesses of Virginia; and his son, Abner Nash, 2d, father of Maria (Nash) Burgwin, was an eminent lawyer, second Colonial Governor of North Carolina, and at the time of his death, in 1786, a member of the Congress at New York. His wife, Mary Whiting (Jones) Burgwin, was a lineal descendant of Governor Bradford of Plymouth Colony. To George William Bush and Maria (Nash) Burgwin were born children: 1. Frances Eliza. 2. Mary Nash. 3. John Henry King. 4. Margaret Ann. 5. Caroline Athelia. 6. George Clitherall. 7. Frederick Nash. 8. Witherspoon Hasell. 9. Anna Maria. 10. Sarah Priscilla. 11. Nathaniel Hill, subsequently known simply as Hill.

Hill Burgwin, prominent lawyer, late of Pittsburgh, was born at the Hermitage, Wilmington, North Carolina, February 21, 1825, and died at his home, Hasell Hill, Pittsburgh, August 13, 1898. Though his health made study difficult, he won the highest distinction of scholarship at the University of North Carolina, during the years he was able to attend classes without break. At the age of seventeen he began reading law in the office of his brother-in-law, Judge Thomas S. Ashe, and later carried on these studies with his uncle, the Hon. Frederick Nash, recalled as Chief Justice of North Carolina; in 1847 he was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court, and after practicing for a while at Elizabeth City came to Pittsburgh in 1851.

Until his retirement from the affairs of a most demanding practice in 1890, Hill Burgwin held place as one of Pittsburgh's foremost attorneys. For a considerable period he served as counsel to the Mechanics National Bank of Pittsburgh; was solicitor, vice-president and member of the board of trustees of the Dollar Savings Bank, and for a long time sat as director of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company, thereby establishing himself in the annals of the city as a dominant economic and professional influence for two-score years. He served the greater community in all progressive business, cultural and spiritual movements. Politically alive to his responsibilities, he served on the Select Council from the Twenty-third Ward from 1869 to 1875. With the creation of the Pittsburgh Diocese in 1865 he enjoyed what was in part the fruit of his own labor, as he had worked for the founding of such a diocese many years. His service to the Episcopal church was considerable. In 1871 he received election to represent the diocese at the General Convention, Baltimore. This honor was bestowed on him repeatedly until his death. From 1871 until 1898 he was of continuous service on the Committee on Canons. In 1880 he acted as one of the joint committee of twenty-one bishops, priests and laymen who were convened for the purpose of revising the Book of Common Prayer, and later was one of the twelve forming a group to revise the constitution of the Episcopal church. For nearly forty years the laity and clergy both consulted him with regard to the interpretation of canonical law.

Hill Burgwin married (first) November 22, 1849, Mary Phillips, daughter of Major Asher Phillips of the United States Army, a lineal descendant of Sir Nicholas Malby, chief commander of the English in Connaught, Ireland, during the reign of Elizabeth, and also a descendant of Sir Richard Ormsby, owner of estates in Lincolnshire, England. Mrs. Burgwin's great-grandfather, John Ormsby, was born in Ireland, 1720; educated at Trinity College, Dublin; and was paymaster for

the Provincial and Colonial armies of General Forbes when Fort Duquesne was taken and Pittsburgh was founded. His son, Oliver Ormsby, owned much land, and furnished supplies from his forge and furnace to fit out the Perry Squadron, bound on its Lake Erie expedition. Mrs. Burgwin was a member of the board of trustees of the Episcopal Church Home, Pittsburgh; and she died here January 1, 1882. Of this union were born children: 1. George Collinson Burgwin, lawyer, banker and a leading figure of his generation in the city of Pittsburgh; graduate of Trinity College and Columbia University. He married Mary Blair, and they had children: Anne, Hill, 2d, Gwendolen, Mary, George Collinson, Jr., John Ormsby, and Margaret Cust. George Collinson Burgwin died April 18, 1925. His wife died five days later. 2. Henry Phillips, born April 23, 1854. 3. John Henry King, born June 19, 1856. 4. Sarah Ormsby, born September 3, 1859. 5. Augustus Phillips, born December 1, 1860. 6. Mary, born October 21, 1862.

Hill Burgwin married (second) October 1, 1888, Susan Read Nash, daughter of the Hon. Henry Nash, of Hillsboro, North Carolina, granddaughter of Chief Justice Frederick Nash, and great-granddaughter of Governor Abner Nash. Of this union was born a son, Kenneth Ogden, March 23, 1890.

The personality of the late Hill Burgwin endeared him to those about him in daily association, and was as fine as his attainments. In private and professional life, both, he was distinguished for his honesty, generosity, sympathetic attitude toward others, the height of his ideals, and total incapacity for hypocrisy. In compelling oratory he spoke out boldly for the causes in which he believed; and this was no hollow oratory, but sincere, given forth with a talented, rounded delivery that gauged the capacity of the man. His genial, warm-hearted manner made him many friends who recall him with an affection not to be lessened by time. Historically, his name will endure always in the records of the great city wherein he made his career, the city that received his benefactions of mind and heart and treasures his memory.

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**ALBERT JOSEPH LOEFFLER**—Prominent member of the Allegheny County bar, figure well known in financial circles of Pittsburgh, and a leader in his community of residence, the late Albert Joseph Loeffler is recalled with affection by his former colleagues, who held him in high esteem.

Born February 15, 1879, in the Oakland District of Pittsburgh, he died in the Glenshaw District, February 19, 1929, at the age of fifty years. Though his life was short, as measured on the Biblical scale of three-score and ten, it was lengthy and full in the list of its many accomplishments; and these, in their aggregate, will perpetuate lastingly his memory in the minds of the people of the greater Pittsburgh area.

Albert Joseph Loeffler was a son of William and Augusta M. (Biechele) Loeffler, the latter of Canton, Ohio, and the former of Germany, where he was born May 22, 1842. William Loeffler was a son of Conrad and Frances Loeffler, who came to the United States from Germany when William Loeffler was a child. They experienced, on this crossing, the hardships then common to long sea voyages under sail. The ship was buffeted about by storms, it caught fire in mid-sea, and the passengers counted themselves fortunate when, after weeks of trial on the water, they set foot in New York. Over the mountains, then, they came to Pittsburgh, making the last part of the trip by canal, in 1848. They located in a residence on Penn Avenue, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, and here William Loeffler grew up.

William Loeffler completed his education in the public schools of Pittsburgh and went to work for Robert C. Schmertz, a pioneer glass manufacturer. By dint of close application to his duties and a thorough understanding of the industry, he became president of the firm, which, meanwhile, had grown from a small organization to be one of the largest window glass factories in the Pittsburgh industrial area. Later it was taken over by the American Glass Company, and William Loeffler retired at the age of sixty. His death, at the age of eighty-two, came in 1924. His widow died three years later. A public-spirited man, William Loeffler was appointed to the school board. He was a bank director, a director of St. Mary's Cemetery, and typified the highest type of citizenship. Self-made, he left behind him memories inspiring to the others coming after him, among these his children, who always cherished him in fond regard. There were four children, and of these the following grew to their majority: 1. William C. 2. Flora, who married Dr. Alfred J. Hopkins. 3. Albert Joseph, of whom further.

Albert Joseph Loeffler, brilliant member of the Pittsburgh bar, received his early education at Holy Ghost College, now known as Duquesne University; and upon graduation therefrom entered the Catholic University of Washington, District of Columbia, from which he received the degree of Bachelor of Laws, in 1900. Admitted to the bar of Allegheny County in December, 1901, he formed a partnership in the practice of his profession with the late J. Scott Ferguson. When the latter died, he went into an association with Edward Schreiner, with whom he practiced under the firm name of Schreiner and Loeffler, attaining a rank of greatest distinction in the courts of Pennsylvania, until his passing. The law held him always as a student; he gave it his best, and won the laurels of the profession, represented in the elevated standing accorded him by his contemporaries in practice. But he interested himself otherwise as well, notably as an educator at law. For a number of years he served as a member of the faculty at Duquesne Law School. This school, established in 1911, conferred on him the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws, June, 1928.

A. J. Cooper.

Mr. Loeffler sat as member of the board of the Oakland Savings and Trust Company, was a director of the Hanlon-Gregory Company, and a director also of the Grading Company of America, the last-named company now known as the Tri-Lok Company. His affairs in finance and general business were extended, yet constantly he placed his profession before other interests. He was a member of the congregation of St. Mary's Catholic Church, Pine Creek, and was active in church and philanthropic movements. He belonged to the Pittsburgh Field Club. Fraternally, he retained affiliation with the Knights of Columbus, in the circles of which, as in all social circles of his habit, he was a most popular member.

On November 25, 1914, he was united in marriage with Josephine Heyl, a daughter of William and Mary (Frauenheim) Heyl. Mr. Heyl belonged to a prominent family in Pittsburgh; he engaged in the leaf tobacco business, as did his father before him, his father's name being Martin Heyl, well known to the people of his time in Pittsburgh. William Heyl was active in realty operations and was of note in the development of numerous projects here.

To Mr. and Mrs. Loeffler were born children as follows: 1. Albert Joseph, Jr. 2. Mary Louise. 3. Virginia Ann. 4. Jane Elizabeth. 5. Josephine Heyl. 6. Ruth Mary. 7. Marjorie. 8. William, 2d. 9. John Paul. Mrs. Loeffler continues to reside in the Glenshaw District of Pittsburgh. She is active in affairs of the church and in the large family of children under her care.

Public-spirited, a man of dignity and reserve, possessed of a charming sense of humor that made him the center of many circles, owning grace of personality and a fine sense of justice, unusual vision and the practical ability to apply that vision to life, Albert Joseph Loeffler was a valued member of his community, and his loss was taken as a severe one by contemporaries of the bar, business, society and the church. Yet the works of his useful life live on and will continue to inspire others surviving him.

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**DAVID M. DAVIS, M. D.**—More than a quarter of a century of practice in Broughton, Pennsylvania, in which he has displayed technical skill and a progressive attitude, have made Dr. David M. Davis one of the outstanding physicians and surgeons of the community. He is also a public-spirited citizen, with an interest in all forward-looking activities.

David M. Davis was born in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, April 3, 1875, son of John and Hannah (Braddock) Davis, and the eldest of ten children. The father was born at Camden, Pennsylvania, farmed all his life, and died February 5, 1918, a much respected citizen. The mother, born in England, is still hale and hearty. The son was educated in the Allegheny County public schools and took an academic course in the higher studies at Harrisburg. His medical training was acquired at Ohio Medical University, from which he graduated with the class of 1901 and obtained his degree of Doctor of Medicine.

His period of interneship was passed in the Protestant Hospital connected with the Ohio Medical University. He immediately began to practice in Broughton and has since remained there, caring for all sorts of cases and winning a large and loyal clientele through his skill and sympathy. His diagnostic ability is intuitive, his understanding not only of the physical but also of the mental condition of his patients prompt and accurate. Dr. Davis is surgeon for the Pittsburgh and West Virginia Railroad Company, having served in this capacity for many years. He is a member of the County, State, and American Medical associations, and during the World War served on the Medical Examination Board. He is also a director of the First National Bank of Castle Shannon. His fraternal affiliations are with Aliquippa Lodge, No. 375, Free and Accepted Masons; McKeesport Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Commandery, No. 86, Knights Templar; Pittsburgh Consistory of the Scottish Rite; Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Lodge No. 1196. His club is the Pittsburgh Motor. He is a communicant of the Concord Presbyterian Church and a member of the Republican party.

David M. Davis married, in 1889, Helen Elizabeth Heath, of North Elizabeth, Pennsylvania, daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth Davis. They are the parents of three children: Wilda, now Mrs. Long; Samuel Arthur; and Dorothea Eleanor.

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**BERNHARD C. ZITZMANN**—Engaged in journalistic work for a period of over forty years, Mr. Zitzmann has been identified with the "Mount Washington News" since 1911, and is now its editor and business manager. Under his experienced and very able direction this newspaper has enjoyed steady growth and prosperity and today is a strong and useful influence in the several communities in which its readers live. Mr. Zitzmann is highly regarded and respected in the Mount Washington District of Pittsburgh and has done much towards developing it.

Bernhard C. Zitzmann was born in Germany in 1862, a son of Franz Joseph and Dorothy (Keller) Zitzmann. His parents were born in Germany and spent their entire lives there. Mr. Zitzmann received his education in his native country, having attended the public schools there and the university in Wurzburg, Bavaria. At the age of twenty-one years he came to the United States and settled at Woodsfield, Ohio, where he began his career as a journalist on a German newspaper, the "Monroe Journal." In 1891 he became the owner of this paper, which he changed in 1899 from a German to an English paper. With characteristic independence and courage he fought the corrupt politicians of that period, the motto of his paper being: "Thou Shalt Not Steal." Be-

cause of illness, Mr. Zitzmann was forced, in 1903, to sell this newspaper and to retire for a short time from active business. Having recovered his health, he opened a music store at Woodsfield, which he conducted for a number of years. In October, 1911, he came to Pittsburgh and became connected with the "Mount Washington News" as a general utility man. He continued with this publication at that time for two years, until in 1913 he accepted the position of printing teacher in the Irwin Avenue Industrial School. To this work he gave his entire time until October, 1918, when he again returned to the field of journalism and once more became connected with the "Mount Washington News." Later he purchased the majority of the stock and he is now its editor and business manager. The "Mount Washington News" was organized in 1903 by a Mr. Montgomery as a medium for advertising for the local business enterprises of Mount Washington and for the development of this community. Mr. Montgomery sold the paper in 1911 to Ganding Brothers, who operated it until Mr. Zitzmann became principal owner in 1918. The paper now covers the communities of Duquesne Heights, Beechview, Dormont, and Mount Washington. It has a weekly circulation of three thousand seven hundred and fifty and is independent in its political opinions. Its headquarters are located at No. 129 Shiloh Street, Mount Washington.

Mr. Zitzmann married in Woodsfield, Ohio, September 30, 1893, Amelia Newhart, who died November 5, 1921. Mr. and Mrs. Zitzmann had three children: 1. Claudia, a graduate of the Teachers' Training School in Pittsburgh and now a member of the faculty of the Peabody High School. 2. Karl N., born in 1900, a graduate of the Carnegie Institute of Technology and now associated in business with his father. 3. Bernhard G., born in 1902, who was also educated at the Carnegie Institute of Technology and is now connected with the "Pittsburgh Press." The family home is located at No. 234 Olympia Street, Duquesne Heights.

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**FRANK L. CONWELL, M. D.**—In an era where specialization has advanced the progress of many trades and professions, medicine and surgery have been prominently represented by students of humanity's ills, who have applied themselves indefatigably to their amelioration. Promiment in this class is Dr. Frank L. Conwell, of Tarentum, whose work with the X-ray and radium is well and favorably known. Coupled with a deep interest in his profession is his sense of the obligations of true citizenship, a regard for which is to be seen in his attitude toward all public matters that engage the attention of the progressive element and have for their motive the improvement of general conditions of living. He has also displayed a commendable loyalty to his country by serving in the military establishment and has won the regard of a large circle of admirers by his favorable attitude toward various professional and social organizations. In the opinion of his colleagues he possesses the attributes that will eventually lead him to a very high position in the profession which he adorns in his early middle life.

Born in Tarentum, October 9, 1893, he is a son of William Conwell, who was born in Pittsburgh in 1857 and was engaged in realty operations, his death occurring in November, 1915, and Mary (Casey) Conwell, also a native of Pittsburgh. The Conwell family dates back in this district from the early days of the nineteenth century, the first of the name having come here from Connecticut. Frank L. was educated in the local public schools, after which he took a course at the Duquesne Preparatory School and then matriculated in the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated in 1914 with the degree of Electrical Engineer. This was followed by a post-graduate course at the same institution, where he majored in medicine and from which he was graduated in 1918 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. In 1918 he entered the United States Navy, was commissioned a lieutenant and served in the Medical Corps until 1921. He then became an interne at Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh, where he remained for a year and then took up his professional career, specializing in X-ray and radium treatments and diagnoses. He is a member of the staff of the Allegheny Valley General Hospital of Tarentum and belongs to the American Medical Association and to the Pennsylvania State and Allegheny County Medical societies. He is an Independent in politics and a Roman Catholic in religion, attending St. Joseph's Church. He belongs to the Catholic order Knights of Columbus, fourth degree, and to the Tarentum Club and the Brackenridge Heights Country Club.

Dr. Frank L. Conwell married, June 25, 1923, Vera Barndollar, daughter of B. M. Barndollar, of Tarentum, Pennsylvania. Their children are: Frank L., Jr., born July 10, 1924, and Patricia, born February 3, 1928.

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**CHARLES W. ZORN**—Coming to Pittsburgh at the age of sixteen years, Mr. Zorn immediately entered the employ of one of the leading funeral directors of Pittsburgh, and continued to be connected with that establishment without interruption for twenty-six years. During this long period he acquired a most thorough knowledge of all branches of the undertaking business, a knowledge which enabled him to guide the business, which he established himself in 1912 at Braddock, quickly to success. Though the name of the firm has been changed once since its establishment, Mr. Zorn has always been the firm's senior partner and during the years he has been located at Braddock, he has become known as one of this city's substantial business men.

Charles W. Zorn was born at Berlin, Somerset County, Pennsylvania, October 27, 1871, a son

of Michael and Ellen (Atchinson) Zorn. He spent his boyhood in his native town, attending the public schools until he was fourteen years of age, when he came to Pittsburgh and entered the employ of Flanery's Funeral Parlor. For twenty-six years he continued with this concern, rising to positions of constantly increasing responsibility and acquiring a most thorough knowledge of the undertaking business. In 1912 he severed his connection with the Flanery firm and established himself in business as a funeral director at Braddock. At that time he formed a partnership with Frank M. Glasser, under the firm name of Zorn and Glasser, which continued successfully until 1922, when Mr. Glasser withdrew and when Mr. Zorn took one of his employees, Clement M. Lembacher (q. v.), into partnership. Since then the business has been operated under the name of Zorn & Lembacher, with headquarters at No. 428 Sixth Street, Braddock. Their funeral parlors are completely and modernly equipped, and all other equipment is of the same nature, including motorized hearses, carriages and ambulances. Mr. Zorn is a member of the Allegheny County Funeral Directors Association, also the State Funeral and Directors Association; member of the Braddock Chamber of Commerce; the Braddock Lodge, No. 883, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; and Lodge, No. 911, Knights of Columbus. His religious affiliation is with the Roman Catholic Church.

Mr. Zorn married Margaret Howe, and they are the parents of two children: 1. Joseph P., a graduate of Eckles College of Embalming, Philadelphia, and now associated with his father in the undertaking business. 2. Lucy, a graduate of the Nurses' Training School at Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh. The family residence is located at No. 445 Fourth Street, Braddock.

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**CLEMENT M. LEMBACHER**—A native and life-long resident of Braddock, Mr. Lembacher, immediately after graduation from high school at the early age of sixteen years, in 1912, entered the employ of Charles W. Zorn at the time the latter founded the firm of Zorn & Glasser, funeral directors, at Braddock. (See preceding sketch.) With the exception of the time spent at the United States Naval Station at Cape May, New Jersey, during the World War, he has been associated with Mr. Zorn in this business, and for some seven years has been his partner. Thoroughly trained in all branches of the undertaking business, he has done his full share in developing the firm's growth and prosperity. He is active in several fraternal organizations and takes an interest in civic and religious affairs.

Clement M. Lembacher was born at Braddock, Pennsylvania, July 28, 1896, a son of Joseph and Minnie (Glasser) Lembacher. His father, who for many years was connected with the American Steel & Wire Company at its Braddock plant, died in 1919. Mr. Lembacher was educated in the parochial schools of his native town and was graduated from St. Joseph's High School in 1912. He entered the employ of Charles W. Zorn, funeral director, in 1912, and was graduated from Eckles College of Embalming in 1920. With the well-known firm of Zorn & Glasser, Mr. Lembacher learned the undertaking business in all its branches and, when Mr. Zorn's partner withdrew in 1922, Mr. Lembacher took his place, since which time the firm has been known as Zorn & Lembacher. Its funeral parlors at No. 428 Sixth Street, Braddock, are widely known for the completeness of their equipment, for the ability of their owners, and for the courtesy and efficiency with which the business is conducted. Mr. Lembacher has been connected with this one business throughout his entire career. He is a member of the Allegheny County Funeral Directors Association; the Braddock Chamber of Commerce; Post No. 99, American Legion; Lodge, No. 883, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; and Lodge No. 911, Knights of Columbus. His religious affiliation is with St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church of Braddock.

Mr. Lembacher married, April 19, 1927, Veronica R. McCarthy, of Pittsburgh. Mr. and Mrs. Lembacher are the parents of one daughter, Mary Veronica. The family residence is located at No. 1200 Lancaster Avenue, Regent Square, Swissvale.

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**ARTHUR H. GROSS, M. D.**—Twenty-two years of practice in Bellevue, with three years previously elsewhere have been the means of bringing the professional work of Dr. Arthur H. Gross to the favorable attention of a large clientele. He has taken a sincere interest in all civic affairs calculated for the benefit of the community.

He was born in Allegheny City, January 26, 1884, a son of Henry J. Gross, born in Pittsburgh in 1862, a tobacco merchant, now retired and making his home in Florida, and Mary (Woernle) Gross, born in Germany in 1863. He attained his education in the public schools, attended Pittsburgh Academy until 1902 and then took the medical course at the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1906. He spent the ensuing year as an interne in the South Side Hospital in Pittsburgh and then practiced for three years in Ellsworth, Washington County, coming to Bellevue in 1910, where he has since been professionally engaged. He is on the staff of the Suburban General Hospital and is a member of the American Medical Association and of the Allegheny County Medical Society. In politics he is a Republican. Fraternally, he holds the thirty-second degree in Free Masonry, being affiliated with Bellevue Lodge, No. 530, Free and Accepted Masons; Bellevue Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Allegheny Commandery, No. 35, Knights Templar; Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Masons; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He

attends the Ascension Reformed Church and belongs to the Shannopin Country Club. From 1918 to 1922 he held a commission as lieutenant, junior grade, in the United States Navy.

Dr. Arthur H. Gross married, May 14, 1914, Adele Ferner, of Stoyestown, Somerset County, daughter of Isaac and Mary (Horner) Ferner.

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**WILLIAM WALSH LERMANN, M. D.**—Qualifying as a specialist in gastro-enterology, William Walsh Lermann has practiced that branch of the medical profession in Pittsburgh since 1922 and has attained a wide reputation for the success of his work. Still on the sunny side of middle life, Dr. Lermann has long been an active and industrious student of the art of Aesculapius and has profited from professional association with distinguished practitioners and medical research work.

He was born at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, July 17, 1893, a son of William P. Lermann, deceased, who was engaged in the steel industry, and Mary C. (Walsh) Lermann. He was educated in the elementary schools at Beaver Falls and completed the high school course at Monessen. He then matriculated at the Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia and was graduated with the class of 1916 and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He then entered the Jefferson Hospital as an interne and remained there until he offered his services to the United States Army and was accepted for the Medical Corps and commissioned a first lieutenant. He was first detailed to Fort Benjamin Harrison and later to Camp Devens, Massachusetts, where he had charge of the ambulance company, No. 304 A. D., of the 76th Division and was commissioned captain, Medical Reserve Corps. In the spring of 1918 he was transferred to Washington, District of Columbia, and appointed professor of sanitary tactics at the Army Medical School. He was honorably mustered out of the service in May, 1919, and returned to Philadelphia, where he became associated with Dr. Martin E. Rehfuss, a widely known specialist in stomach and intestinal work. He also served on the staff at Jefferson Hospital until 1922, when he came to Pittsburgh and established himself in private practice, taking offices in the Jenkins Arcade, his present location, and specializing in stomach and intestinal disorders. He is staff gastro-enterologist of the West Penn Hospital and holds membership in the American Medical Association and the Pennsylvania State and Alleghany County Medical Societies. He belongs to the Alpha Kappa Kappa, medical college fraternity, and is also a member of the University Club of Pittsburgh, Duquesne Club, Keystone Athletic Club, and the Rolling Rock Hunt, Sewickley Hunt, Longue Vue Country, and Pike Run Country clubs.

William Walsh Lermann married, February 14, 1927, in Pittsburgh, Myra M. Love, a native of Johnstown, Pennsylvania. The family residence is at Park Mansions, Pittsburgh.

**WILLIAM H. HOWETT, JR.**—In the few years of his residence in Pittsburgh, William H. Howett, Jr., has made a position of prominence for himself in the field of automobile selling. Mr. Howett was born in Philadelphia, September 25, 1889, and is the son of William H. Howett, a dry goods merchant of Philadelphia, and Elizabeth T. (Schuyler) Howett, also of Philadelphia. He attended the public schools and Central High School of Philadelphia, and after completing the course of study offered, he became associated with the Franklin Baker Company, of Philadelphia, and remained with this company ten years. During this period, however, he was in active service in defense of his country in the World War.

Mr. Howitt enlisted in May, 1917, at the outbreak of the war, in the United States Navy as a second-class seaman. The next month he was assigned to the U. S. S. "Juniata," submarine patrol boat No. 602, on which he remained until April 1918, when he was commissioned ensign and assigned to cruiser, U. S. S. "Frederick," which was on patrol duty of the same kind. In the course of his service on this boat, Mr. Howett made six trips to Europe and back, and received on his discharge, in December, 1918, the rank of lieutenant, junior grade.

Mr. Howett became connected with the Pierpont Motor Company of Philadelphia in 1920, and two years later was made secretary of the company. When the business was sold in 1924, and the Pierpont Motor Company of Pittsburgh founded, Mr. Howett became secretary and treasurer of the latter company, in which capacity he is still serving. He is also a director of this company. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Automobile Dealers' Association, the East Liberty Chamber of Commerce, the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, and the American Legion. In politics he is a Republican, and in religious affiliation, a communicant of the Protestant Episcopal Church. Mr. Howett's recreation is sailing and out-of-door sports.

William H. Howett, Jr. married in 1918, Ruth Volk, daughter of Robert R. and Katherine (Hunt) Volk, of Trenton, New Jersey.

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**WILLIAM ELIAS BARNES**—Identified for more than thirty years with the plate glass manufacturing industry of Western Pennsylvania, William E. Barnes, of Tarentum, has been superintendent of Works No. 1, located at Creighton, of the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company since 1902. Prepared by a university and graduated as a mechanical engineer, he has applied a technical knowledge of his profession to the practical purposes of a great specialized manufacturing industry and has reached the important position he now fills by virtue of ability and an intimate understanding of the details of the work in which he has been for so many years engaged. A man of sterling character and congenial personality, he

William W. Lermann

has a host of friends and is looked upon in this district as one of the leading executives and prominent citizens.

Born in Onondaga County, New York, September 15, 1872, William E. Barnes is a son of Duane D. and Emma (Woodward) Barnes, both natives of that county, the death of his father having occurred in 1908 at the age of seventy-two years, and that of his mother in 1912, at the age of seventy-four years. The son, William E., was educated in the public schools at Manlius, New York, graduating from high school in 1889 and then becoming a student at Cornell University, which institution graduated him with the degree of Mechanical Engineer, class of 1895. The following two and one-half years he was occupied as a draughtsman in the municipal service of New York City, attached to the division located in the Hall of Records, Brooklyn. He withdrew from this employment to become assistant superintendent of Works No. 6, of the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company, located at Charleroi, Pennsylvania, where he remained from 1898 to 1900, when he was assigned, in similar positions, consecutively to the works of the corporation at Floreffe, Tarentum and Creighton, having occupied the post of superintendent of Works No. 1 at the last-named point since 1902. He is a director of the People's National Bank of Tarentum, a Republican in politics, and a member of the University Club of Pittsburgh, and the Brackenridge Heights Country Club of Tarentum.

William E. Barnes married, June 20, 1899, Edith Newcomb, of Charleroi, Pennsylvania, daughter of Neri and Anna (Clark) Newcomb, and they are the parents of two daughters: Hilda, a graduate of Smith College, at Northampton, Massachusetts; married Dr. Glenn H. Heilman, of Tarentum, and they are the parents of two children, Glenda and William Barnes Heilman. 2. Edith, a graduate of Skidmore College, Saratoga Springs, New York.

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**ARAMINTA M. McLANE—Carnegie Free Library, McKeesport, Pennsylvania**—An institution which has done its full share in upholding the cultural level of the McKeesport vicinity and, for that matter, of western Pennsylvania, is the McKeesport Free Public Library, of which Araminta M. McLane is at the present time the librarian. She is thoroughly familiar with library work, having been made librarian of this institution in 1922 and having served for a number of years before that time in other libraries. A woman who is doing everything in her power to interest the people of the McKeesport community in good reading and to satisfy their wants and needs with respect to books, Miss McLane has won the esteem and admiration of those with whom she has come in contact in this city and district.

She was born in Wellsville, Ohio, a city on the Ohio River, just across the State line between Ohio and Pennsylvania and about forty-eight miles northwest of Pittsburgh, a daughter of Daniel and Cynthia M. McLane. Araminta M. McLane received her early education in the public schools of her native State, and upon being graduated from high school at East Liverpool, Ohio, a few miles northeast of her native city, she became a student at the State Normal School, Indiana, Indiana County, Pennsylvania. There she remained for five years, preparing herself for her career as teacher and librarian, serving as librarian while at normal school, and later, in the same capacity, at Temple University Library, Philadelphia. Since her graduation from school Miss McLane has been engaged successfully in both professions, teaching and librarianship. For a time she taught school and was librarian in East Liverpool, Ohio. Her total period of service at the Indiana, Pennsylvania, State Normal School covered eleven years, while her service in the public library at East Liverpool amounted to five and one-half years. It was in January, 1922, that she became library chief at the McKeesport Free Public Library, and from the very outset she was successful in meeting the special book needs and problems of the McKeesport people, as well as in winning their friendship and support. When she came here, in 1922, the library contained 14,126 volumes; and in 1929, it consisted of 24,388 volumes. The circulation in 1922 was 61,162, but since that time it has had a steady growth: 1925, 33,060; 1926, 39,457; 1927, 63,210; 1928, 83,390; 1929, 85,479; 1930, 81,011. Since 1930, a report for four months shows an increase over the first four months of 1929. Attendance in 1928 totaled upwards of 113,000, in 1929, 114,956; in 1930, 107,878. Along with her work as librarian, Miss McLane has established a story hour and book week, and has trained ten girls in the work of the library. A thoroughly up-to-date librarian in every way, she has organized the Popular Library Reading Club. She is a member of the American Library Association, the Pennsylvania Library Association, and Chapter No. 40, of McKeesport, of the Order of the Eastern Star.

Under her management the McKeesport library has been brought to a high degree of efficiency, and has greatly increased its influence and usefulness. This library, situated at Union and Carnegie streets, McKeesport, was built on a piece of land donated by the heirs of the Oliver Evans estate in May, 1901, amounting to about one and one-half acres in area. In 1902 the building was erected at a cost of more than $50,000, the first $50,000 having been contributed by Andrew Carnegie and the rest having been raised by citizens of McKeesport. Prior to this time the library was a small institution, and was situated in the building of the National Bank of McKeesport. The librarian for many years was Margaret McClure, now deceased, and the prime movers in the upkeep of the library were the members of the Woman's Club. The library experienced a small but steady growth from the start. For a

number of years it was headed by James Evans, who filled the position of first president: The members of the present board of trustees are: Judge T. C. Jones, president; Mrs. J. F. Calhoun, vice-president; R. L. McCarty, treasurer; M. G. Webb, secretary; also city solicitor Harry M. Jones, Dr. J. B. Richey (Superintendent of McKeesport schools); Mayor George H. Lysle, J. D. Evans (City Council), Albert F. Johnson (City Council), Mrs. F. H. Emerson, Miss Addie Gibson, Miss Edna Taylor, Mrs. W. H. Coleman, Milnor P. Clark, and Edgar M. Mack.

In addition to her important work as librarian for the McKeesport Free Public Library, Miss McLane is active in the city's social affairs, being a member of the Alpha Sigma Tau Fraternity, the Women's Relief Corps, the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Century Club (of Indiana, Pennsylvania), and the Central Presbyterian Church of McKeesport. At one time she belonged to the Madrigal Club, a glee club for women, and was one of its principal supporters. She makes her home at No. 1418 Versailles Avenue, McKeesport, Pennsylvania.

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**HOMER WARREN WOODS**—Prominently identified with the structural and contracting enterprises of the Pittsburgh district, Homer W. Woods, of Tarentum, has to his credit the erection of some of the finest residences in the valley. Blessed with an industrious and enterprising nature, he has found time to indulge his tastes in civic affairs and has entered into such activities whole-heartedly and to the pronounced advantage of the community for which he has worked. In fraternal and social organizations he has also been active and in church work has served in office with ability. His reputation for honorable business dealings is unassailable and as a public-spirited citizen he has been of high value to the district.

He was born in Hooker, Concord Township, Butler County, Pennsylvania, January 12, 1885, a son of Robert L. and Ida E. (Pisor) Woods. His father was born in Barkeyville, Venango County, in 1864 and is now superintendent of the Union High School building in Harrison Township. His mother is a native of Concord Township. He is of Scotch-Irish and German descent and is one of twelve children of his parents, seven of whom were living in 1929. He was educated in the common schools of Jefferson Township, in night high school, and Butler Business College in Tarentum, where he came in 1901. He became associated with F. W. Ekas, a building contractor, and remained with him until 1919, having become his partner in the building business. In the year last named he established himself independently as an architect and builder, his specialty being home designing. His early work soon drew a profitable trade and he erected many fine residences, among them being the home of C. P. Howe and that of S. M. Hazlett, prominent attorney. He also built the residences of H. M. Brackenridge, John G. Hall, E. E. Armstrong, H. W. Boyd, and many others. His business gives employment to an average of fifty men.

Mr. Woods served as a member of the Borough Council of Tarentum from January 1, 1919, to 1927, was a member of the financial committee for seven years, and president of the council for two years. He is president of the Mercantile Finance Corporation of Tarentum. Also, he is a member and secretary of the Kiwanis Club, and serves as a member of its public affairs and program committees. He was a member of the Children's Welfare Committee in 1930, and was secretary of the official board of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, 1923-29, and president of the Men's Bible Class, 1929. Fraternally, he is affiliated with the J. B. Nicholson Encampment, No. 387, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and is a member of the board of governors of the Home Association of the Knights of Malta, located at Granville, Pennsylvania, holding the office of secretary of that board.

Homer W. Woods married, October 11, 1904, Martha M. Barrickman, of Tarentum, daughter of Thomas and Sarah A. (Springer) Barrickman. Their children are: 1. Charles Preston, born in June, 1906. 2. Velma Viola, married Wesley D. Mainhart, of Tarentum; and they are the parents of two children, Donald and Marjorie. 3. Margaret, married Carl Vogel, of Brackenridge, Pennsylvania, and they have one child, Virginia Margaret Vogel. 4. Warren Watson, born September 26, 1914.

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**WILLIAM EDWARD ARMSTRONG**—Widely known in Allegheny County for his successful work in developing residential property and in the building of homes, Mr. Armstrong also enjoys a State-wide reputation as an exceptionally able public official. For many years he has been deeply interested in improving administrative methods in first-class townships and in this branch of municipal administration he is regarded as a leading authority. He is president of the Baldwin Township Board of Commissioners, Past President of the Pennsylvania State Association of Township Commissioners, and has served several terms as president of the Allegheny County Association of Township Commissioners.

William Edward Armstrong was born in the city of Cork, Ireland, October 10, 1879, a son of the late William Robert and Annie (Cudmore-McCarthy) Armstrong, both now deceased. He was educated at a private academy in Ireland, Queens College and Duquesne University. His father being a newspaper editor and owner, he originally took up newspaper work, he has traveled extensively in China, Japan, India, Australia, Africa, and most European countries, finally settling in Pittsburgh in 1903. He was first connected with the Pennsylvania Railroad as ticket agent and for about ten years as accountant with the United

States Steel Corporation. At the end of this period he entered the real estate business, in which he is still successfully engaged. He has developed numerous suburban properties in the Greater Pittsburgh district and has built, rented, and sold a very large number of homes. Mr. Armstrong is especially well known for his numerous civic activities and more particularly for those in connection with the government of boroughs and townships. For four terms he has served as president of the Allegheny County Association of Township Commissioners. This association includes in its membership the twenty-four first-class townships of Allegheny County and represents a population of some 160,000 people. This association was formed for the purpose of devising more efficient and economical methods of administering the affairs of first-class townships, and was formed by an act of the Pennsylvania Legislature passed in 1925. The Allegheny County Association of Township Commissioners proved so successful and useful that it inspired the organization under the same act of the Legislature of the Pennsylvania State Association of Township Commissioners, which now includes in its membership the sixty first-class townships of the commonwealth, representing some 1,250,000 people. Mr. Armstrong, as has already been stated, served for two terms as president of the State Association and he is now and has been for several terms president of the Baldwin Township Board of Commissioners. He is also president of the Federated Communities of Southeastern Allegheny County; vice-president of the League of Boroughs, Townships and Third-Class Cities of Allegheny County; chairman of the county streets and highways committee of the Allied Boards of Trade. He bears the unique distinction of having been elected unanimously and unopposed to those positions on each and every occasion. He was a member of the Uniform Traffic Regulations Commission of Pennsylvania, and of the Town Planning and Housing Commission. For many years prominently active in Masonic affairs, he is a thirty-second degree Mason and a member of all Masonic bodies, including the following: Geter C. Shidle Lodge, No. 650, Free and Accepted Masons; Shiloh Chapter, No. 257, Royal Arch Masons; Mt. Moriah Council, No. 2, Royal and Select Master Masons; Tancred Commandery, No. 48, Knights Templar; Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and Islam Grotto, Mystic Order, Veiled Prophets of the Enchanted Realm. In politics he is a staunch supporter of the Republican party, in the work of which he has been prominently active for many years.

Mr. Armstrong married, in Pittsburgh, October 3, 1907, Kittie B. Merriman of Sewickley, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong have no children. They make their home on Highview Avenue, Elwyn, Baldwin Township (Mount Oliver Post Office), Pittsburgh, where Mr. Armstrong's business office is also located.

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**CHARLES SUMNER ORRIS, M. D.**—For more than twenty years the town of Tarentum, Allegheny County, has been the scene of Dr. Orris' successful professional activities as a physician. During the two decades he has built up a large and important practice and has become known as a very able medical practitioner, more particularly so in his specialty, the treatment of the ear, nose and throat. He also is active in financial, fraternal and religious circles, is a veteran of the World War, and maintains membership in several fraternal and social organizations. He is regarded as one of the most representative of the professional men in Tarentum.

Charles Sumner Orris was born at Du Bois, Clearfield County, Pennsylvania, March 11, 1880, a son of William C. and Anna Elizabeth (Wilson) Orris. His father, who was born at Leechburg, Pennsylvania, in 1845, and who died March 7, 1915, was a pattern-maker, and a veteran of the Civil War, during which he served for three years with Company I, 142d Volunteeer Infantry of Pennsylvania. Dr. Orris' mother was born at Falls Creek, Pennsylvania, in 1850, and is still living. Dr. Orris received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Elkins, West Virginia, graduating from high school in 1898. Next, he attended the University of West Virginia at Morgantown, West Virginia, for two years and then took up the study of medicine in the medical school of the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1907. After one year as an interne at the Presbyterian Hospital in Pittsburgh, he established himself in the general practice of medicine at Tarentum, Allegheny County, in August, 1908. In 1920 he pursued post-graduate work in Philadelphia and in 1923 in Vienna, Austria. In recent years he has specialized in the treatment of the ear, nose and throat, with offices in the Fishkin Building, Tarentum.

He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the Allegheny County Medical Society, as well as of the medical staff of the Allegheny Valley General Hospital. During the World War he served in the United States Army Medical Corps, being stationed at the American University, Washington, District of Columbia, where he was engaged in gas research work. He received his honorable discharge with the rank of first lieutenant, February 19, 1919. Dr. Orris has been prominently active for many years in Masonic affairs and is a member of Pollock Lodge, No. 502, Free and Accepted Masons; Meredith Chapter, at New Kensington, Pennsylvania, Royal Arch Masons; Allegheny Commandery, No. 35, Knights Templar; and Syria Temple, of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mys-

tic Shrine. He is also a member of the Brackenridge Heights Country Club. For a number of years he has taken an active interest in financial affairs and he is a member of the board of directors of the Tarentum Savings & Trust Company and of the Brackenridge Building & Loan Association. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party. His religious affiliation is with the Central Presbyterian Church of Tarentum, of which he is an elder.

Dr. Orris married, June 29, 1909, Harriet Elizabeth Watters, a daughter of Joseph and Emma (Fleeson) Watters, of Neville Island, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Orris, who died December 15, 1928, was active as a graduate nurse, prior to her marriage.

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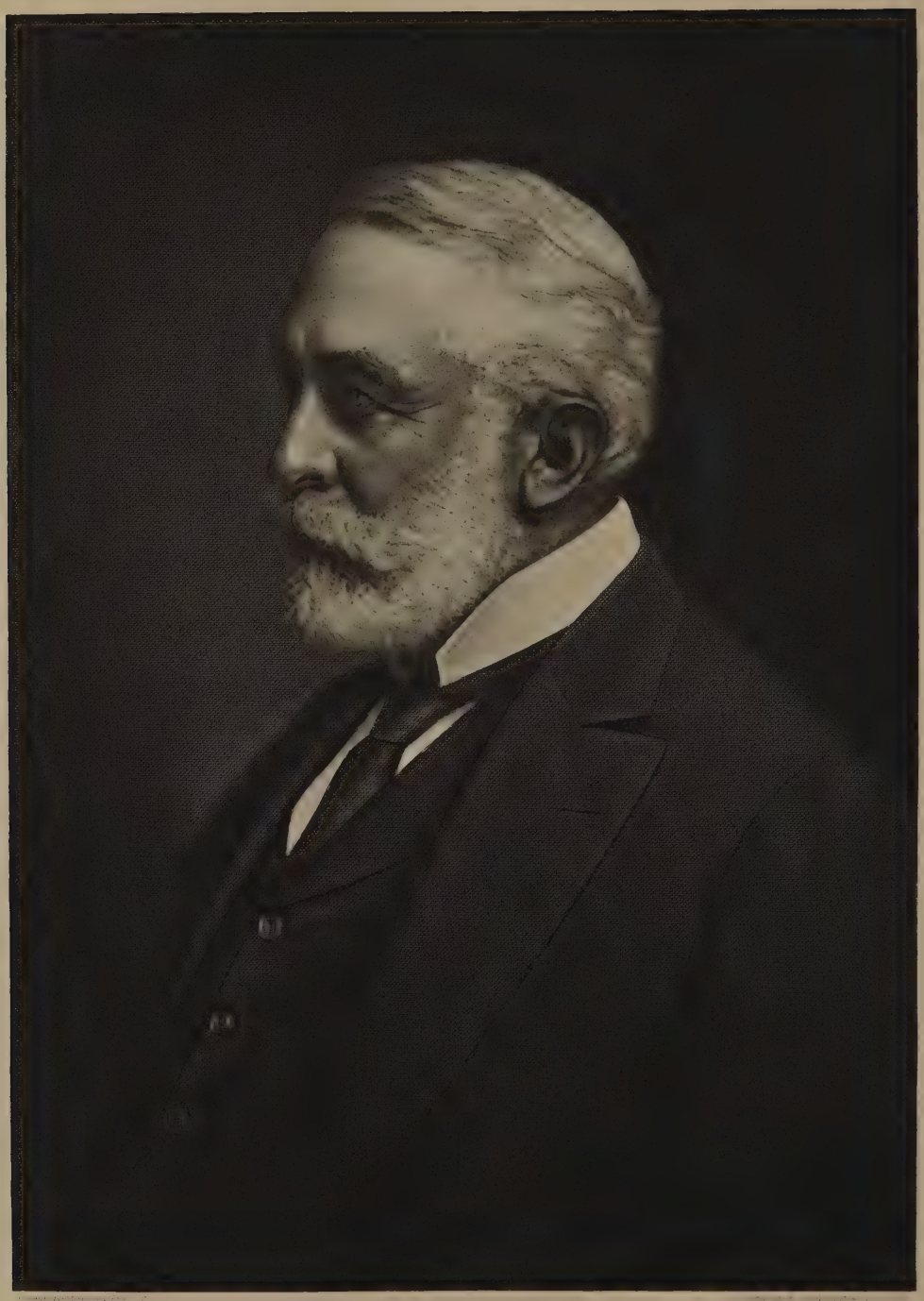
**THOMAS DAVID HARMAN**—Representing the third generation of his family in the ownership and management of a company publishing agricultural papers, Mr. Harman, as one of the executive officers of this company, is today (1931) one of the most widely known agricultural publishers in the United States. Though it is true that this company, when Mr. Harman became connected with it had already been established on a very solid basis by the work of its founder, Mr. Harman's maternal grandfather, Rev. Philip Axtell, and by Mr. Harman's father, its growth and continuous success in recent years is largely attributable to Mr. Harman's own efforts. As the result of a consolidation in 1928, Mr. Harman is associated with several other important figures in the agricultural publishing field. He is one of the leading business men of Pittsburgh, in which city his company has always operated and where it has grown from comparatively small beginnings to its present position of importance and influence.

Thomas David Harman was born in Pittsburgh, August 29, 1888, a son of the late Thomas David Harman, Sr. and Frances (Axtell) Harman. His father, during his early life, was a farmer in Ohio. He came from Ohio to Pittsburgh and there entered the employ of the "National Stockman and Farmer," an agricultural publication established by his father-in-law. At the time of his death, November 9, 1925, he was president of the company publishing this paper, the Stockman-Farmer Publishing Company of Pittsburgh. Mr. Harman's mother was a daughter of the late Rev. Philip Axtell, a well-known clergyman, and descendant of a prominent English family.

Thomas David Harman received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Pittsburgh and then took an agricultural course at the Pennsylvania State College, where he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1911. During 1911-12 he acted as manager of the Keystone State Fair. Entering the business, of which his father was then the head, in 1912, he acquired a very thorough knowledge of all its branches by being connected at different times in various capacities with all its departments. Eventually he became secretary of the company, later vice-president, and in 1925 succeeded his father as president, the company then being known as the Stockman-Farmer Publishing Company. The business was started in 1877, when Mr. Harman's maternal grandfather, Rev. Philip Axtell, James Wickliffe Axtell, and John R. Rush, organized the Axtell-Rodeheafer Company, which company began the publication of a price reporting paper for produce raisers and farmers under the name of "The Price Current." In 1881 the name of the paper was changed to "The Pittsburgh Stockman," and the company took the name of the Axtell-Rush Publishing Company. In 1886 the publication changed its name again and for many years was known as "The National Stockman and Farmer." In 1911, the corporation owning and publishing this paper assumed the name of the Stockman-Farmer Publishing Company. Ten years later, in 1921, the "National Stockman and Farmer," was split into two publications, known as "The Pennsylvania Stockman and Farmer" and "The Ohio Stockman and Farmer." In 1928 Senator Arthur Capper, United States Senator from Kansas, became active in the affairs of the company through a consolidation of several important farm publications in Ohio, Michigan and Pennsylvania and it was at that time that the present corporation of Capper-Harman-Slocum, Incorporated, came into effect. This corporation now publishes three agricultural papers, "The Michigan Farmer," "The Ohio Farmer," and "The Pennsylvania Farmer." The last-named paper is printed in Pittsburgh, at the Pittsburgh headquarters of the company, No. 7301 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, and has a circulation in excess of 155,000, covering Pennsylvania, West Virginia, New Jersey, Maryland, and Delaware. Senator Capper is president of the corporation, with Mr. Harman as vice-president, George M. Slocum, of Michigan, also as vice-president, W. A. Royston, Jr., of Pittsburgh, as treasurer, and Fred H. Nance, of Cleveland, Ohio, is secretary. Mr. Harman is in complete charge of advertising for the three publications. He is a member of the Agricultural Publishers' Association, the Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity, Alpha Gamma Rho, professional agricultural fraternity, the Alcoma Country Club, Pittsburgh Athletic Association, Pittsburgh Advertising Club, Lions Club of Pittsburgh, and a local lodge of the Masonic order. In politics he is a Republican, and his religious affiliation is with the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Harman married, April 21, 1914, Elizabeth Weldon, a native of Ohio, and a daughter of the late R. C. Weldon. Mr. and Mrs. Harman are the parents of three children, all born in Pittsburgh: Thomas David, Jr., Richard, and Harriett. The family residence is located at No. 6361 Jackson Street, Pittsburgh.



Henry C. Frick

**HENRY CLAY FRICK**—There are a few names, so few that they may be numbered upon one hand, that seem to epitomize Pittsburgh, its development, and its greatness. One of these is Henry Clay Frick, whose career is here briefly outlined, and whose name enters many times into the historical narrative of which this is a supplement.

Henry Clay Frick was born at West Overton, Pennsylvania, December 19, 1849, and died December 12, 1919, at the age of sixty-nine years. His most active years were before the age of fifty-two, as, in his fifty-third year, having disposed of the bulk of his vast industrial holdings requiring his constant supervision as executive, he began his career as capitalist, removing many of his financial connections to New York City, though he continued until the last a resident of Pittsburgh. The constructive period of his life was between the ages of twenty-nine and fifty-two. At thirty, building up his coke interests, he had his first million; and his total fortune at its peak was estimated at one hundred and fifty millions. His genius for organization, his practical vision, reacted not only in riches but in untold benefactions to numerous organizations and individuals. He was, in the highest meaning of the term, a philanthropist, who, having acquired an immense fortune, put his money to its most humanitarian and cultural uses. Pittsburgh as a city was his principal beneficiary.

Son of John Wilson and Elizabeth (Overholt) Frick, Henry Clay Frick was descended from ancestors who came from Switzerland and settled in eastern Pennsylvania in 1750. George Frick, his great-grandfather, established himself as a farmer in 1770; Daniel Frick, grandfather, was born in 1796, and married, in 1819, Catharine Miller. Their son, John Wilson Frick, was born in 1822. Henry Clay Frick's mother was of the Rhenish-Palatinate, the daughter of Abraham Overholt, of southwestern Pennsylvania, one of the largest landholders of his period.

In the schools of West Overton and at Otterbein University, Henry Clay Frick received his academic instruction, and he began his business career as clerk in a dry goods store at Mount Pleasant. In 1869 he became bookkeeper in the office of his grandfather, a distiller, at Broad Ford, Pennsylvania, and two years later, attracted by the opportunities he saw in the coke industry of that region, gave his attention to the then new industry. With several associates he invested the field, formed a partnership known as H. C. Frick and Company, purchased three hundred acres of coal land, built fifty coke ovens, and led the business forward rapidly as a ready sale was found for the product. Foundries and furnaces all over the Nation sent in orders, and by 1873 the firm had two hundred ovens. That was a year of panic. Henry Clay Frick bought and leased coke lands over a wide area; in 1876 he bought out his partners, realized large profits, re-invested his money in additional lands, and in 1882, with a capital of two millions, merged all his holdings into the H. C. Frick Coke Company.

Carnegie Brothers and Company at that time became stockholders in the firm, and the capital soon was raised to ten millions. In 1889, because of his outstanding talents at the industry and its leadership, Henry Clay Frick was made an official of the Carnegie enterprises as a stockholder. He became Carnegie's chairman. In 1892, when all the Carnegie interests, save for coke, were collected together into one unit under the name of the Carnegie Steel Company, Ltd., he became executive head of the organization, which had a capital of twenty-five millions. Labor disturbances occasionally brought him to notice. A strike at the Homestead works of the steel company's plant proved a vexing problem, and on July 23, 1892, when every effort was being made to settle difficulties there, an anarchist entered Henry Clay Frick's office in Pittsburgh and shot him twice, stabbed him, and fled.

This looked grave for the executive head of the steel company; his condition was thought serious, and none of his associates expected him to reappear in the office for some time, at least until completely well; but such was his admirable fortitude that less than two weeks after the attempted assassination he boarded a trolley, rode calmly to the office, entered sharp on the hour as was his regular habit, called for the morning's mail and went through it as if nothing had happened. A part of one ear showed the crease of a bullet, and behind the ear a stuffing and patch covered a place where the bullet had embedded itself; otherwise, save that he was a trifle paler than his custom, he showed no ill effects.

At his own request, in 1895, the duties of chairman were divided and a president appointed, to whom were shifted the majority of executive details. Henry Clay Frick continued as chairman. In 1897 he relinquished management of the minor affairs of the coke concern, becoming chairman of its board. The companies of which he was official head, as chairman, in 1899 had assets representing iron ore mines, coal lands, coke ovens, steamship and rail lines for handling the products, natural gas holdings, pipe lines for its handling, five steel mills and nineteen blast furnaces finishing more than three million tons of steel per year. Near the close of 1899 a personal difference arose between Messrs. Carnegie and Frick, which, however, was speedily adjusted; and in 1900 this resulted in formation of an increased capitalization, of one hundred and sixty millions, this embracing the Carnegie Steel Company, Ltd., the H. C. Frick Company, and more than a score of subsidiaries. The year 1902 found Henry Clay Frick established as a capitalist, a leading financial controller of the United States, outstanding in circles of industry, commerce and finance in Pittsburgh and New York City. He was a director of the City National Bank of New York, the Mellon National

Bank of Pittsburgh, and the American Trust Company. For several years he maintained a residence in New York, at Fifth Avenue and Seventieth Street; he also owned a summer residence in Massachusetts; but his chief residence continued to be in Pittsburgh.

Henry Clay Frick married, December 15, 1881, Adelaide Howard Childs, daughter of Asa P. Childs, of Pittsburgh. Of this union were born four children, of whom a son and daughter survive at the present time (1931).

Quick and accurate in his judgment of men and affairs, it appeared an easy thing for Henry Clay Frick to choose the right course always. He never lacked courage to carry out his plans, and was equally courageous and firm in breaking down measures which his sense of right told him were unwise. Personally, he was a modest man, sympathetic, unassuming; and his charities, numerous as they were, were quietly bestowed. He had a marvelous art collection, known as the Frick Collection House in the city of New York, and valued, at the time of his death, at thirty millions. This will eventually become a public museum. The list of his other gifts, provided for in his will, would be exhaustive. But he was generous too in smaller and perhaps more significant ways as well. One day, riding in a street car, he found himself without fare. A working man lent him a nickel; he gave the man his address, and instead of repaying the nickel gave him five dollars—not for charity, but simply in appreciation. His sympathy with the sick was well known, and on one occasion, noticing the wheels of an ambulance were tired with iron, he instructed the hospital to shoe its wheels with rubber, at his expense. This was done. Once when walking along the street he came upon a poor family being ejected for non-payment of rent; and he made out the check. A blind man wanted a broom machine. Henry Clay Frick investigated the asker, found him of good character, and gave him his chance. Still more striking in the humanness of interest perhaps was his regular custom of buying fancy work for which he had no possible use, from two elderly women who could do nothing else to make a living. As a man he lived always by the spirit of true Christianity, and the least imposing as well as the greatest of his generosities demonstrated the worthiness of his character.

For Pittsburgh he did much in an architectural way. The William Penn Hotel was built, largely, from his money. Two of the most striking examples of business edifices to be found anywhere are the Union Arcade and the Frick Building which stand to his memory as memorials. The site deemed most suitable for the Frick Building formerly had on it St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal Church. By paying a great sum for the land and having the edifice removed and reërected on an uptown site, Henry Clay Frick secured the valuable land.

The spirit in which he did things was as impressive as what he did, and the inspiration of his life has a worth not to be calculated in the guidance of men in their respective careers.

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**JOHN YOUNG CHIDESTER**—Great newspapers attain to that position largely through the methods by which they mould and express public opinion and a great responsibility rests upon the shoulders of the individual under whose guidance their voices speak. It is to the credit, therefore, of John Young Chidester, for six years editor of the "Pittsburgh Press," that this important journal has reached the position it holds among the progressive and influential citizens of the community, for during his tenure of office he achieved many substantial improvements in civic conditions through the instrumentality of his editorial voice. For approximately thirty years he was associated with journalism in Pennsylvania, during which time he rose from lowly occupations to the pinnacle of constructive journalism and established himself in the approval of a multitude of people whose interests his publication championed with untiring vigor and frequent success.

He was born in Williamsport, Pennsylvania, September 3, 1881, and is a son of Francis LeRoy Chidester, a mechanic by trade, and Georgetta (Schuck) Chidester, of German descent. His father died in 1910, his mother in 1916, the first-named having been of English blood. Educated in the public schools of Williamsport, he was graduated from the high school there in 1900 and at once became associated with the "Gazette and Bulletin," a morning newspaper of that city, with which he remained for a number of years, becoming its city editor and then accepting the position of managing editor of the "Williamsport News," which he held for three years. In 1912, he came to Pittsburgh and became real estate editor of the "Press." This post was followed, successively, by his promotion to telegraph editor, news editor, and managing editor, his final rise having been to the editorship of the paper, which came in 1923. He was editor of the "Press" until October, 1929, when he retired.

Mr. Chidester is a Republican in politics and attends the Presbyterian Church. He belongs to the Union Club of Pittsburgh and to the St. Clair Country Club and is fraternally affiliated with Dormont Lodge, No. 684, Free and Accepted Masons; Chartiers Commandery, Knights Templar, of Carnegie; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

John Young Chidester married, in October, 1902, Estella Neece, of Williamsport, daughter of Thomas V. B. and Joan (Hayes) Neece. Their children are: 1. Louis O., born February 2, 1905, who was a student for two years at the University of Pittsburgh. 2. John Young, Jr., born November 24, 1916.

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**R. L. (ROBERT LEE) McCARTY** entered the real estate and insurance business in McKeesport, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, in 1896,

and has been engaged in this business ever since. He is one of the oldest and most prominent realtors in McKeesport. During the thirty-five years of his activity in this particular field, he has made many contributions of great value and importance to the development and welfare of the city. He was one of the leaders in arranging matters to the satisfaction of the officials of the National Tube Company, when, in 1902, the removal of its plant, the largest in McKeesport, was threatened. In many other ways, he has been constantly engaged in furthering the best interests of his community, of which he is one of the most substantial, representative, and popular members.

R. L. McCarty was born near Winchester, Virginia, May 28, 1865, son of Andrew and Joanna McCarty. His father, a native of Ireland, immigrated to this country in 1846; his mother's ancestors were from County Meath, Ireland. At the beginning of the Civil War, his father, a strong Unionist, was drafted into the Confederate Army, and served with distinction in Cutshaw's Battery under Stonewall Jackson and Robert E. Lee, in some of the greatest battles of this conflict.

Mr. McCarty was educated in the public schools of his native county, and in 1881 came to McKeesport and engaged in the grocery business until 1896, when he established himself in the real estate and insurance business, in which he has been engaged ever since. He specializes in mortgages and fire insurance, and his offices are located at No. 502 Fifth Avenue. For many years he was manager of the Evans Estate, and in that capacity has had a hand in the development of fine residential properties.

He has been active in many other directions where the welfare of his city was involved. He was one of the founders of the Civic Club, afterwards merged with the Chamber of Commerce, is a director of the National Bank of McKeesport, charter member of the Young Men's Christian Association and one of its directors, member of the Kiwanis Club, Youghiogheny Lodge of Free Masons, Royal Arch Masons, McKeesport Commandery, Knights Templar, and the Royal Arcanum; he is also a trustee and treasurer of the Carnegie Free Library. He is a member of the Central Presbyterian Church of McKeesport, in which he takes an active part, serving twenty-six years as clerk of session, and in 1912 was a delegate from the Redstone Presbytery to the General Assembly of the Presyterian Church, United States of America, at Louisville, Kentucky.

In 1897 Mr. McCarty married Ida M. Tilbrook, daughter of Thomas Tilbrook, first mayor of McKeesport. Mrs. McCarty died in 1916. By his first marriage he is the father of three children: Lilian, now Mrs. C. Martin McGee; Robert Lee, Jr.; and Isabel, now Mrs. W. E. Gilbert, of Tyrone, Pennsylvania. The present Mrs. McCarty was Gertrude B. Miller, daughter of a prominent McKeesport family, and is active in church and welfare work. The family residence is at No. 705 Huey Street, McKeesport.

**WILLIAM SAMUEL HADDOCK**—Journalism, public office, and important social work are branches of Pittsburgh life to which William Samuel Haddock has liberally contributed, and in which he has come to be widely and favorably known among his fellowmen. There is no worthy cause in which he is not keenly interested and often an eager participant, and especially in athletic affairs he is an outstanding figure, having an interest in almost every form of outdoor sport and recreation and doing his full share to promote the physical development of the youth of his community and acquaintance.

He was born in Swansea, South Wales, on July 28, 1875, son of the Rev. William and Sarah (Lewis) Haddock. His father was a noted Welsh preacher, of strong influence in religious activities, who had journeyed on different missions to Welsh colonies throughout the United States. He was also an author of repute. During one of his trips from the homeland, in 1883, his wife died, and in 1887 he brought his family to the United States to live, settling at Frostburg, Maryland, where he engaged in ministerial work, until his death a year later. William Samuel Haddock came to Pittsburgh in 1889, a youth of fourteen years. In Pittsburgh he entered newspaper work, first being employed for a short time on a Welsh newspaper, which he soon left to begin a twenty-eight years' term of service with "Pittsburgh Press." For fifteen years of this time he was manager of the circulation department, and the broad influence of this paper today is largely a result of the work that he did in increasing the number of readers of its columns. His success in that capacity was recognized by his superior officers of the publishing company, who retained him in that office for many years.

Along with his work there, Mr. Haddock did much for the civic and social betterment of his community. As previously noted, he did much for the advancement of the physical condition of the youth of Pittsburgh. He is a member of the National Baseball Federation, which he has served as president, this body being the governing group of all amateur and semi-professional baseball organizations; also of the Greater Pittsburgh Baseball Commission, which supervises amateur associated baseball clubs in the city, and of which he was president; and of the American Olympic Committee for the games at the Antwerp Olympiad. He is also a member of the National Championship Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union; and president of the Allegheny Mountain Association of the Amateur Athletic Union, which has jurisdiction over all amateur sports in western Pennsylvania, Ohio, and West Virginia. In all of these groups Mr. Haddock has endeavored to foster the spirit of true sportsmanship in athletic contests, to keep amateur athletics free from the taint of commercialism, and to enable contestants competing under the rules of the governing bodies of which he is an official to realize the best benefit from their

competition and training. Along with his work in athletics, Mr. Haddock has rendered other valuable service to community and country. During the Spanish-American War, he served in the American Army, having enlisted in April, 1898, as a private in Company C of the 10th Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, known as the "Fighting Tenth," and having served with his regiment in the Philippine Islands in a number of heavy engagements. He received his honorable discharge in August, 1899. He is a member of McKinley Post of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, and commander of Major William H. Davis Camp, No. 98, of the United Spanish War Veterans.

At all times he has been an advocate of the principles of the Republican party, having been what is known as an independent Republican; and in the circles of his party his wide acquaintance gained from his activity in athletics proved to be of advantage when he sought political office. It was in November, 1917, that he was elected sheriff of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, for a four-year term, and the duties of that post he discharged faithfully and well. In 1920 he was a delegate from his district to the Republican National Convention in Chicago. Businesslike, thorough, likable in character, Mr. Haddock, in public office, was far from the type of man ordinarily associated with the sheriff's office; and, as a result, he left that post with the love and affection of the constituency that he had served. His term covered the World War period, and much of his work consisted of opposing the efforts of agitators and propagandists to disrupt the efficiency with which Pittsburgh was turning out her great industrial products for the successful prosecution of the war. He exercised his authority, however, then as always, judiciously and effectively, and there was, during his administration, a singular lack of rioting and violence. Many were the attempts in those days to cause the authorities to overstep their legal limits in fighting propaganda adverse to the Allied Powers, but Mr. Haddock was never tricked into any rash and unconsidered steps by such efforts.

Also active in fraternal affairs, Mr. Haddock is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, in which he belongs to Dormont Lodge, No. 684; St. Clair Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, Chartiers Commandery, Knights Templar; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Knights of Malta, and the Protected Home Circle. A member of the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, he is also prominent in the Union Club, and the St. Clair Country Club.

He married, on August 30, 1907, Wilhelmina S. Kreis, daughter of John C. and Rose Kreis, of Pittsburgh. William Samuel and Wilhelmina S. (Kreis) Haddock are the parents of the following children: Sarah Rose, Ruth, Gwen, Joan, and William.

**CURTIS C. WILLIAMSON**—Engaged in educational work in his native State, Pennsylvania, for forty consecutive years, Mr. Williamson has been superintendent of the public schools of Millvale since 1910. Under his management the Millvale schools have been maintained on an exceptionally high plane of efficiency and have steadily expanded in usefulness and have increased their influence in the community. Mr. Williamson ranks high among educational administrators in Allegheny County and possesses to the fullest degree possible the liking, respect and confidence of his pupils, the teachers working under him, and the community in general.

Curtis C. Williamson was born at Greenville, Mercer County, a son of Frank and Clarinda (Martin) Williamson, both now deceased. His paternal great-grandfather, James Williamson, was a lieutenant in General Washington's army during the Revolutionary War and, in recognition of his services, was granted four hundred acres of land in Mercer County, Pennsylvania. Curtis C. Williamson received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Greenville and then attended Thiel College, a Lutheran institution located at Greenville, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1892 and from which he received the degree of Master of Arts in 1894. Ever since then he has been engaged in educational work in Pennsylvania. In 1894 he came to Bellevue, where he taught until 1910. In that year he was appointed superintendent of the public school system of Millvale, in which capacity he has served until now. The Millvale school system consists of three grade schools and one high school. There are also several parochial schools, but they are not under the jurisdiction of Mr. Williamson. The public school enrollment is one thousand one hundred, including both the grade and high schools. In the latter there are about one hundred non-residents, who receive their high school education in Millvale, their own communities having no high school. The first school built in Millvale was the First Ward School, built in 1867, which is still in use. It was built on an ash or cinder heap beside Girty's Creek. The Second Ward School was built in 1892, the Third Ward School in 1907, and the High School in 1925. The Millvale school system employs the centralized and not the departmentalized system of school management. Mr. Williamson believes that this system employed by him provides a personal knowledge of each pupil and a personal interest in each one to such an extent that the teachers are able to advise the vocational trend of at least eighty per cent. of all pupils who enter high school. The Millvale High School has four-year courses of four separate types, academic, commercial, general and vocational. The Millvale school system has its own school nurse, school physician and athletic coach. Mr. Williamson is a member of the Principals Round Table Club of Allegheny County; Eureka Lodge, No. 290, Free and Ac-

cepted Masons; and Bellevue Chapter, Royal Arch Masons.

Mr. Williamson was married in Pittsburgh, on June 16, 1894, to Eva Robinson. They have two daughters, both now married: Mrs. Hall Porter and Mrs. W. E. Bisler. Mr. and Mrs. Williamson make their home at No. 907 Evergreen Avenue, Millvale. They also maintain a summer home at Greenville, known as "Shady Lea." Mr. Williamson's offices are in the Sample School, Evergreen Avenue, Millvale.

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**LEO DAY O'DONNELL, M. D.**—Following the completion of his medical training at Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia, Dr. O'Donnell came to Pittsburgh as an interne at Mercy Hospital. He has continued to be identified with this institution and today (1931) is one of its surgeons. He is a member of medical, fraternal, social and religious organizations, and in every respect represents the useful, public-spirited citizen.

Leo Day O'Donnell was born in Cleveland, Ohio, May 8, 1895, a son of Michael J. and Helen (Day) O'Donnell. Of Irish descent, his family has resided in the United States for three generations. Dr. O'Donnell's paternal grandfather, the late Cornelius O'Donnell, was a veteran of the Civil War, during which he served with one of the Cleveland, Ohio regiments. Dr. O'Donnell's father, now retired, is a resident of Donora, Pennsylvania. It was in the public grammar and high schools of that city that Dr. O'Donnell received his early education. He then matriculated at the University of Notre Dame, from which he was graduated in 1917 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. He took up the study of medicine at the Jefferson Medical College, in Philadelphia, graduating with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1920. Immediately afterwards he came to Pittsburgh as an interne at Mercy Hospital. At the end of one year, in 1921, he became resident surgeon of that institution, continuing to serve in that capacity until 1923. In that year he became assistant surgeon to Dr. N. P. Davis, and since 1927 with Dr. G. L. Hays at Mercy Hospital, and assistant staff member, devoting since then all of his practice time to this hospital and maintaining his offies there. Since 1923 he has also been an instructor in surgery at the Medical School of the University of Pittsburgh.

During the World War, though still attending medical school, Dr. O'Donnell entered the Officers' Training School of the Medical Reserve Corps in September, 1918, and was stationed at the Carnegie Institute of Technology, Pittsburgh, until he received his honorable discharge in December, 1918. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, and the Phi Alpha Sigma, medical fraternity, as well as of Duquesne Council, No. 264, Knights of Columbus; the University Club of Pittsburgh; and the South Hills Country Club. His religious affiliation is with the Roman Catholic Church of the Sacred Heart.

Dr. O'Donnell married in Pittsburgh, September 28, 1927, Elizabeth Patterson, a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. James W. Patterson. Mrs. O'Donnell's father was for many years chief engineer of the Wabash Railroad and was instrumental in bringing that railroad into Pittsburgh. Dr. and Mrs. O'Donnell have one child: Elizabeth Patterson O'Donnell, born November 25, 1930. They make their home at No. 5611 Elmer Street, Pittsburgh.

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**EARL L. McGRAW**—Within two years from the day he entered the service of the Allegheny Steel Company of Tarentum, as a clerk, Earl L. McGraw had risen to the important position of purchasing agent for the corporation, a post he has held since 1911. It is rare that a man attains high place in the official ranks of a great corporation through any operation of favoritism. These organizations are operated with the sole purpose of large and high-grade production and, in order to obtain satisfactory results, are habituated to placing in charge of their various departments men of brains and accurate calculation. Mr. McGraw happens to represent this class and appears to have given full value to his employers, else he long since would have been superseded by another. He has been well and favorably known in Freeport and the whole Pittsburgh district for many years and has a host of loyal friends here. Aside from his business work he is sincerely interested in all civic affairs of importance to the people and is active in numerous fraternal and social organizations, altogether an admirable and useful citizen and a distinct asset to the commercial and industrial world in which he moves.

He was born in Freeport, Pennsylvania, November 28, 1884, a son of Charles C. McGraw, a native of Schenley, and for thirty-five years an employee of the Pennsylvania Railroad, who died in July, 1925, and of Annie (Croot) McGraw, of Buffalo, New York. He thus has in his veins the vigorous blood of Holland, Ireland, and Scotland. He was educated in the local public schools and in business college, then entered commercial life as a clerk in Pittsburgh, where he was engaged for five years, becoming associated with the Allegheny Steel Company in 1909 in the clerical division. In 1911 he was made purchasing agent and still holds that position. He has served three terms as a member of the Freeport Council and is a director of the Allegheny Valley Hospital in Tarentum. In politics he is a Republican, in religion a Lutheran. He is a member of Armstrong Lodge, of Freeport, No. 239, Free and Accepted Masons; Allegheny Commandery, No. 35, Knights Templar; Orient Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Kittanning Council, No. 52, Royal and Select Masters; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the

Mystic Shrine. He also is affiliated with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and with the Knights of Malta. He is a member of the Breckenridge Heights Country Club.

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**ALFRED K. PEHRSON**—By profession a mechanical engineer, Mr. Pehrson has been connected for almost a quarter of a century in that capacity with one of the department of the Pressed Steel Car Company. He ranks as a very useful member of that company's organization and is very popular with his associates.

Alfred K. Pehrson was born in Sweden, February 16, 1878, a son of Per Pehrson and Karna Pehrson, both now deceased. He received his early education in the public schools of his native country and then graduated from a well-known engineering school in Sweden. At the age of twenty-three years, in 1901, he came to the United States and for the next five years was a resident of New Haven, Connecticut, where he was engaged in engineering work. In 1906 he removed to Pittsburgh and accepted a position as a mechanical engineer in the passenger car department of the Pressed Steel Car Company, with which concern he is still connected. Pittsburgh has continued to be his home and the center of his professional activities.

Mr. Pehrson is possessed of considerable artistic ability, having begun to draw and sketch while he was still quite young. Though he never had any formal instruction or training, he has acquired a fine technique and has become well known in Pittsburgh for his still life and landscape paintings. Specimens of his work are frequently to be seen at the exhibition of the Associated Artists of Pittsburgh, of which organization he is a member. His religious affiliation is with the Lutheran Church, and in politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Pehrson married, in 1925, in Pittsburgh, Nancy Jean Turner. By a former marriage he is the father of one daughter, Karna. The family home is located at No. 109 Washington Avenue, Bellevue.

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**LOUIS ALBERT MEYRAN**—In the years of an active career, Louis Albert Meyran has risen to a position of prominence in Pittsburgh life. His father was a pioneer in finance and industry in this city, and Mr. Meyran himself has continued this tradition, extending his interests to many fields. In his success he has thought of others, and a wide variety of worthy causes have benefited through his gifts.

Mr. Meyran was born on June 23, 1859, at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, a son of Charles and Sophia (Flowers) Meyran, both now deceased. The mother was of American birth. The father was a native of the Province of Hanover, Germany, leaving the familiar scenes of his early life behind him to come to the United States as a young man. At first he was engaged in the jewelry business; later he founded the old Germania Savings Bank (1870), which subsequently became the Citizens Savings Bank of Pittsburgh, and in 1929 was merged with the Peoples-Pittsburgh Trust Company. Mr. Meyran was also one of the first to undertake to bring a supply of gas to the city of Pittsburgh. In 1885 he organized the Manufacturers' Gas Company, the prime object of which was to convey the natural gas of certain wells flowing in Washington County, Pennsylvania, to Pittsburgh. This enterprise, successfully completed, was an engineering feat of notable importance in that day, and more than any other single factor was responsible for the tremendous industrial development which followed here.

Louis Albert Meyran, of this record, received his preliminary education in Pittsburgh public schools, later attending the Western University of Pennsylvania (now the University of Pittsburgh), and finally went abroad to study at Hanover College, in Germany, from which he was graduated after three years, in 1878. Returning to the United States, Mr. Meyran began his active career in Chicago, where he was for a time an iron and steel broker. In 1880, however, he became associated with the Canonsburg Iron Company, Ltd., which was later reorganized as the Canonsburg Iron and Steel Company. Mr. Meyran was both secretary and treasurer of the company. Some time afterwards he disposed of his interests therein to become secretary and treasurer of the Parkersburg (West Virginia) Iron and Steel Company, of which he was an executive for many years. His services were an important factor in its success, and although he is now retired from active participation in its affairs, he is chairman of its board of directors.

Many other enterprises have shared Mr. Meyran's interest. He is vice-president of the Manufacturers' Light and Heat Company; vice-president and director of the New Cumberland Water and Gas Company; a director of the Colonial Trust Company; and vice-president and a director of the Venture Oil Company. At one time, before its merger, he was also vice-president of the Citizens Bank. In spite of the demands of his own affairs upon him, Mr. Meyran has never neglected his duties as a good citizen. He is a trustee of Franklin-Marshall College, at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, and both he and Mrs. Meyran have contributed generous amounts to colleges, churches, and other philanthropic institutions. Worthy civic causes have always had his hearty support. Mr. Meyran, with his wife, is a member of Grace Reformed Church, where he has been an elder for many years, and has held practically every office, to use his own words, except pastor. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce and other civic bodies, a member of the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, and of several technical organizations, including the Engineers' Society of Western Pennsylvania. Mr. Meyran has attained success, but not at the expense of honor. He has been loyal to high standards of

T. H. Morgan

conduct, in business as in private life, and has always sought to promote the public interest.

On November 12, 1885, Louis Albert Meyran married Marie Herrosee, daughter of Charles F. and Henrietta Herrosee. Mr. Meyran's offices are situated in the Union Bank Building, of this city. The Pittsburgh residence of the family is at No. 1125 Shady Avenue, but for the greater part of the year Mr. and Mrs. Meyran live at Hollywood, California.

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**ROBERT LOVE ANDERSON, M. D., F. A. C. S.**—For nearly a quarter of a century his native city, Pittsburgh has been the scene of Dr. Anderson's successful professional activities as a physician. The greater part of this period he has specialized in the practice of urology, in which branch of medicine he is considered a leading authority in western Pennsylvania. He is active in hospital work and also in the work of various medical organizations, in some of which he has held high office. Teaching, too, has claimed a share of his time and attention. He served in the Medical Corps of the United States Army during the World War, and his various useful activities stamp him as one of the leading, public-spirited citizens of Pittsburgh.

Robert Love Anderson was born in Pittsburgh, January 28, 1885, a son of Samuel G. and Sarah Love Anderson. His father, now deceased, was for many years a successful contractor in Pittsburgh. Dr. Anderson received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of his native city and then took up the study of medicine at the Medical College of the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1907. Following his graduation, he served, during 1907-1908, as an interne at St. John's Hospital, Pittsburgh, and then was connected in the same capacity for fourteen months with Mayview Hospital. During 1909-13 he served as chief physician at the Western Pennsylvania Penitentiary. During part of this period, 1910-12, he pursued special studies in urology at the New York Post-Graduate Hospital, New York City. In 1913 Dr. Anderson took up urology as his specialty and, since then, he has devoted his entire attention to this branch of the profession. His offices are located in the Jenkins Arcade, Pittsburgh. He is a member of the staffs of the following hospitals: South Side, Children's, Elizabeth Steel Magee, and St. John's hospitals, of Pittsburgh, and the Homestead Hospital and Valley Hospital of Sewickley. For many years a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society, he has served this organization for four years as its treasurer, was its president during 1928-29, and is now a member of its board of directors and chairman of its committee on public health legislation. He is also a member of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, of which he was first vice-president during 1927-28 and at present a trustee; a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons; the American Medical Association; the Public Health Nursing Association of Allegheny County, of which he is a director; the American Urological Association; and the Pittsburgh Urological Association, of which he has been president and secretary.

For a number of years he has served as assistant professor of urology at the Medical College of the University of Pittsburgh and he is chief of the urological service at the Pittsburgh Disspensary, connected with the University of Pittsburgh. During the World War he served in the Medical Corps of the United States Army with the rank of first lieutenant, being stationed in various camps in the South. He is a member of several Masonic bodies, including the Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. His clubs include the University Club, the Keystone Athletic Club, the South Hills Country Club, and the St. Clair Country Club, all of Pittsburgh. His religious affiliation is with Mount Lebanon Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Anderson married, July 18, 1913, Frances G. Montgomery, daughter of John M. and Sophia H. (Gamble) Montgomery, of Pittsburgh. Dr. and Mrs. Anderson, who make their home at No. 215 Outlook Drive, Mount Lebanon, Pittsburgh, are the parents of two children: 1. Robert Love Anderson, Jr., born in 1915. 2. Frances E. Anderson, born in 1919.

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**ROBERT J. MACRORY**—A native of Ireland, but a resident of Mount Washington, Pittsburgh, since his early youth, Mr. Macrory has been engaged in the real estate business in this part of Pittsburgh for more than a quarter of a century. Not only has he met with outstanding success, but he is recognized as an expert on real estate values and is frequently consulted and employed by the city and by large corporations in connection with their real estate problems. For many years he has been active in civic affairs in Mount Washington, and he is very highly respected there.

Robert J. Macrory was born in Belfast, Ireland, October 4, 1864, a son of Rev. David and Susan (Jones) Macrory, both now deceased. The family came to the United States in 1880, when Mr. Macrory's father became pastor of the Mount Washington Baptist Church, and in which capacity he served until his death in 1887. Before coming to the United States, Mr. Macrory attended the model and junior high schools in Belfast. In 1903 he established himself in the real estate and insurance business in Mount Washington, Pittsburgh. Though twenty-seven years have passed since then, Mr. Macrory still occupies an office in the same building on Shiloh Street in which he started business. He has met with marked success in his business venture and is regarded as one of the most able and expert realtors in this section of Pittsburgh. For twenty-seven years he has been secretary of the Prospect Building and Loan

Association. Mr. Macrory is deeply interested and prominently active in civic affairs in Mount Washington. In 1929 he was elected president of the Washington Heights Board of Trade and in 1930 was the leader in the fight for the equalization of assessments and general taxation for his community. Long prominently active in Masonic affairs, he is a member of St. John's Lodge, No. 219, Free and Accepted Masons; Tancred Commandery, Knights Templar; Shiloh Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Mount Moriah Council, Royal and Select Masters; Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member also of Gold Cross Commandery, No. 445, Knights of Malta. His religious affiliation is with the First Baptist Church of Pittsburgh, of which he has been treasurer since 1922.

Mr. Macrory married Mary R. Williams, who died in 1915. Mr. and Mrs. Macrory had two children: 1. Rev. H. B. Macrory, of Pasadena, California. 2. Vida Jeanette, now Mrs. Patterson, of Youngstown, Ohio. The family residence is at No. 121 Bertha Street, Mount Washington, Pittsburgh.

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**FREDERICK KERN BOOTH, M. D.**—In Pennsylvania the Booth family is largely represented in the higher professions, the church and medicine being prominently occupied by many of its members. Among the men following the last-named occupation is Frederick K. Booth, M. D., who has been in active practice in Tarentum since 1917, after a long period elsewhere in the western district of the State. Dr. Booth long since attained a conspicuous and enviable position in the ranks of his profession and maintains the confidence of the people by virtue of his professional erudition and his clean citizenship. He is popular in all circles and among both the profession and the laity is esteemed as an exponent of the best principles of an exacting science. He has held public office of importance and in social and fraternal activities has been prominent and useful, recognized as one of the leaders in his profession and a progressive citizen of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Born in Limestone, Clarion County, Pennsylvania, August 25, 1876, he is a son of the late Rev. Jacob Booth, a Baptist minister, who was born in Dempseytown, Venango County, in 1835, and who died in July, 1921. He was a veteran of the Civil War and married Anna E. Minnick, of Punxsutawney, who died in 1914. Dr. Booth is a grandson of the late Henry Booth, who for many years was a practicing physician in Dempseytown, Pennsylvania. Dr. Frederick K. Booth acquired his education in Clarion County, finishing high school at Reynoldsville, Pennsylvania, and then attending the Clarion State Normal School. Graduating from the last-named institution, he taught school for five years in Jefferson County and then became a student in the medical college of the University of Pittsburgh. He was graduated with the class of 1905, received his degree of Doctor of Medicine and then became an interne in the Reineman Maternity Hospital of the University of Pittsburgh, also obtaining post-graduate instruction by practical experience in the dispensary of the Western Pennsylvania Medical College. He then established himself in practice in Fairmount City, Pennsylvania, where he remained for eleven years, when he removed to Tarentum and still remains in active practice here. He is a member of the Baptist Church, a Republican in politics and is a member of the American Medical Association and of the State and County Medical societies. He is a member of the staff of the Allegheny Valley Hospital and is president of the Tarentum Board of Health. Fraternally he is affiliated with the order of Free and Accepted Masons, having membership in New Bethlehem Lodge, No. 522, and holding the thirty-second degree of membership in Coudersport Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Masons, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

Dr. Frederick K. Booth married, in 1905, Kathleen K. Phillips, of McKee's Rocks, Pennsylvania, daughter of John H. and Mary (Eich) Phillips. Their children are: 1. George Clarence, born August 19, 1908, a graduate of the University of Pittsburgh, class of 1930; at present a student in Boston Theological Seminary; he is active in Young Men's Christian Association work; a delegate to the World's Conference, Toronto, Canada, and Cleveland, Ohio, in 1931. 2. Kathleen Lenore, born May 19, 1918.

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**GEORGE BAEHR**—Long an active figure in the electrical and steel industry in Pittsburgh and its environs, George Baehr, although a native of Germany, has become outstanding in the life of the western Pennsylvania industrial region; and, in addition to his executive work in connection with different companies here, has won distinction as an inventor of different devices used in steel manufacture. He also has contributed to the literature of industry, having written what is known as the "Motor Inspectors' Handbook," an authoritative work on the subject it deals with, and one which has been widely read by steel mill employees; he also wrote "I Love My Country," a song that has been set to music, this having been written for "those patriotic citizens who love the great outdoors." Such a man could not fail to win a place for himself in Pittsburgh life, while in McKeesport, the city of his residence, Mr. Baehr is highly esteemed.

He was born in Breslau, Germany, on April 11, 1870, son of George L. and Emilie (Baumgart) Baehr. His father, George L. Baehr, was an outstanding figure in artistic circles in this country and in his native Germany, a successful sculptor, and a man highly esteemed and respected among his many friends. George Baehr, the son, received his early education in public and private

schools, and, having come to America with his family while still very young, attended evening courses at Cooper Institute, New York City. His first work was as superintendent of underground work with the Edison Electrical Illuminating Company, of Brooklyn, New York, with which he also held the post of man in charge of generators and instruments, afterward becoming superintendent of the underground department. He then became superintendent of maintenance with the North Hudson Railway Company, of Jersey City, New Jersey, while, later, he was superintendent of the electrical departments of the National Tube Company in its McKeesport and Pittsburgh plants. Then, in Ampere, New Jersey, he served as works superintendent of the Crocker-Wheeler Company. He was, subsequently, master mechanic and electrical engineer with the National Mines and Smelters Company, in Magistral, Mexico. Several years ago he became associated with the Witherow Steel Company, whose headquarters are at Neville Island, Pennsylvania, where he served in the capacity of general superintendent of all the company's operations.

While he has held these different executive positions, Mr. Baehr has also been active in the field of invention, having devised the Baehr flexible coupling; the type "B" limit switch for cranes, made by the Electric Controller and Manufacturing Company; a double run boiler flue furnace, in use at all National Tube Company pipe mills; a skip hoist control, the patent on which was eventually sold to the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company; the Baehr "continuous die rolling process," in use by the Witherow Steel Company; and other mechanical and electrical devices. He also patented a multi-polar electromagnet for pulling a large number of hot pipes out of vat or tank containing molten zinc when pipes are galvanized. For successfully producing hot-rolling of stream line wire for airplanes, Mr. Baehr received special recognition from the United States Government during the war, and by his continuous die rolling process, most of the front axles and rear axles shafts for automobiles are being produced today. He subsequently engaged in the automobile business as distributor of Studebaker cars in western Pennsylvania, this business now (1931) being carried on by his son, William H. Baehr.

Mr. Baehr is also an outstanding figure in different associations and a leader in their work. He is a member of the Association of Iron and Steel Electrical Engineers, to which he lends the value of his experience and training, while in fraternal life he is also active, being a member of the Free and Accepted Masons and a staunch supporter of the enterprises of that order, especially his own lodge, in which he is highly esteemed and loved by his fellow-members. He is also a member of Optimist International and is active in Boy Scout work. In his political views, although much interested in public affairs, he follows an independent course. When he is not engaged in one or another of his many business and professional duties, he enjoys nothing more than to participate in his favorite sports, which are the outdoor recreations of hunting and fishing, quiet and yet so healthful and so beneficial in maintaining the well-being of the physique.

George Baehr has been twice married: first, in Jersey City, New Jersey, on November 26, 1891, to Hannah Isabel Smythe, now deceased; and, second, in Jersey City, New Jersey, on February 28, 1922, to Amelia Smythe. His children are: William H., George, Jr., Grace, and Mary.

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**MARLIN WEBSTER HEILMAN, M. D.**—Engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery in Tarentum since 1910, Marlin Webster Heilman has attained a high reputation in his profession and is counted among the leading medical men of this district of Pennsylvania. Dr. Heilman's selection of a profession was an inherited action, since his father was also a noted physician of Leechburg. Civic and fraternal interests engage such attention from Dr. Heilman during those comparatively brief periods when he is free to indulge himself as to attract the favorable attention of the progressive element of the community, which has shown its esteem and faith in him by patronage of his professional skill in time of need. Sympathetic in his nature, high minded in his attitude on all occasions, optimistic in his work, he possesses those qualities that are most essential to a physician and which are productive of happy results. The people are fortunate to count among their citizens men of his stamp, whose progress in their own arts is reflected among all the activities of a busy and prosperous community and to the advantage of every individual.

He was born in Leechburg, Pennsylvania, November 13, 1883, a son of Dr. U. O. and Martha Esther (Heckman) Heilman, both natives of Armstrong County, of German descent, the mother deceased in 1917. Dr. U. O. Heilman was a graduate of the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, of the class of 1879, after which he practiced in Leechburg until his death in 1930. His son was educated in the local public institutions and after finishing high school in 1902 he attended Bryn Athyn Preparatory School, where he fitted for his matriculation at the University of Pennsylvania. There he took the medical course and was graduated with his degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1909. One year was then spent as an interne in Columbia Hospital in Pittsburgh, at the end of which period he established himself in practice in Tarentum, where he has since been engaged. He specializes in surgery and is a member and president of the staff of Allegheny Valley Hospital in Tarentum. He is a member of the American Medical Association and a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons, also having membership in the Pennsylvania State and Armstrong County Medical societies. He attends the Church of the New Jerusalem and is fraternally

affiliated with the Leechburg Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Masons; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. His politics is Republican, his clubs the Brackenridge Heights Country and University, of Pittsburgh.

Dr. Marlin Webster Heilman married, October 31, 1912, Martha Jane Grant, daughter of Captain James R. Grant, of Franklin, Pennsylvania, a veteran of the Civil War, and Martha Jane (Smith) Grant. Their children are: 1. Martha Jane, born November 9, 1915. 2. Marlin Grant, born September 29, 1919.

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**ALEXANDER C. MONTGOMERY**—Belonging to a family long resident in Pittsburgh, the late Alexander C. Montgomery here lived his life, and contributed materially to the advancement of the greater community.

Born in Pittsburgh, February 27, 1843, he died May 26, 1925, aged eighty-two; and throughout that long and useful life, so lived that others might benefit from his widespread activities. Chiefly known for his prominence as a wholesale dealer and manufacturer of cigars, Alexander C. Montgomery had many other connections in his busy career, a few of which will be touched upon in the present narrative. He had intended to be a surgeon and had learned all the bones in the body in preparation for such a career; but upon entering the tobacco business his time became too occupied for further medical study and the idea of becoming a surgeon was given up.

He was a son of Alexander and Sarah Jane (Hamilton) Montgomery; and it is of note that the Hamiltons, like the Montgomerys were early Pittsburgh residents. Both of these families played a part in development of this and other communities, from pioneer times, and are old in the history of the United States. Alexander and Sarah Jane (Hamilton) Montgomery had their residence in the vicinity of Penn Avenue. They stood for the highest type of citizenship and home environment; and in that environment Alexander C. Montgomery grew to youth.

When the War Between the States had its outbreak, in 1861, he was just completing his course in high school, and though not yet at the age of his majority, enlisted for service in preservation of the Union. His brother Joseph also heeded the call of President Lincoln; and we may note at this point, Joseph Montgomery became a Presbyterian minister, serving eighteen years behind a pulpit at Dayton, Ohio, in his later career of the Gospel. Step by step, through the merit of gallant, courageous and efficient service to the troops, Alexander C. Montgomery was advanced in rank, until he held that of first lieutenant, 193d Regiment. He was active in several engagements, participated in all the hardships of major campaigns, and was mustered out with an honorable discharge, his duty done, the Union saved and slavery put down.

It was then a question of what he should do for his career; he had secured a sufficient academic education for use in business life, and so he now entered the iron trade, at New Castle. Later, returning to Pittsburgh, he engaged in the tobacco business, as wholesale dealer and manufacturer of cigars; and he liked this business better than the former, as it brought him into contact with more congenial people and enabled him to play a fuller rôle in works of citizenship. Besides, he was deeply attached to Pittsburgh, and welcomed an opportunity to make his home here permanently. He began his tobacco business in a small way. By virtue of honest dealing and lively and practical vision he caused his volume to increase, and in the course of years became one of the most successful tobacconists in the city, dealing at wholesale, selling to a wide territory in Pennsylvania and states nearby. As he succeeded in the wholesale cigar field, so did he prosper in others, and became well known for his financial operations, all of which were conceived and carried through with less thought for personal gain than for the resultant benefit to the people-at-large. In this fashion he gained the reputation, among his friends, as a benefactor and philanthropist; and his gifts to the needy, directly and indirectly, were substantial, made in the true Christian spirit of giving.

Alexander C. Montgomery cared little for club or social activities. Of a serious nature, yet he was known quite widely and appreciatively for the finely turned qualities of his ready wit, and was a welcome addition to the circles of his frequentation. He took especial pleasure in observing the growth and improvement of Pittsburgh; and in every movement designed for civic betterment, did his loyal part as a citizen and progressive man of affairs. He saw electric lights replace oil and candles; he saw electric surface cars replace the horse-drawn cars of his boyhood; he saw skyscrapers rise in grandeur where wooden shanties had stood in his youth; and these observations gave him a satisfaction that was wholesome, real and inspiring. He found his fullest happiness in his home, where he delighted to entertain informally.

On January 21, 1886, Alexander C. Montgomery was united in marriage with Annie Reed McConnell, daughter of F. B. and Annie (Slagle) McConnell, the McConnells being among the oldest of families in Pittsburgh. F. B. McConnell, without mention of whom no chronicle of olden Pittsburgh would be complete, was a leading dry goods merchant of that period when the canal was a principal thoroughfare for commerce. A leader in the business field of Pittsburgh and a citizen of great public spirit, he was renowned also as a churchman, both he and his devoted wife being members of the First Presbyterian Church, living their lives as true and sincere Christian people, helping others.

To Alexander C. and Annie Reed (McConnell) Montgomery was born an only son, Francis Alexander, who married Catharine Hutchinson; and they have a son, John Alexander Montgomery.

Alexander C. Montgomery lived his life with

Fred. C. Haller

the best realization of its philosophy. Though he did not have a formal college instruction, he had early acquired the habit of reading, and he read of the outstanding works which live through the ages as classics. His was the real philosophy based on the Golden Rule and exemplified in his friendship for his fellowmen. He loved his fellowmen with sincere devotion, giving them sympathy when it was needed, understanding when that was needed, and friendship always.

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**FRED C. HALLER**, president of the Haller Baking Company at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, has given his entire life to activities in the baking field, and still continues to carry on the work which he knows so well. Besides having organized the Haller Baking Company, and brought it to its present successful position through his own efforts, he is also president of the Haller Baking Company at Toledo, Ohio, and sole proprietor of the Haller Oven Company. This last-named firm builds and markets the Haller Traveling Oven, Mr. Haller's own invention, designed for heavy production in large bakeries. This oven is now being used by leading bakeries in the United States and abroad.

Mr. Haller was born August 25, 1875, at Pittsburgh, the son of Jacob and Mary M. (Weber) Haller, both now deceased. Both parents were born in Germany, coming to America in early childhood. Jacob Haller resided in a log cabin and spent his early boyhood days on a farm located near what is now the corner of Ellsworth and Maryland avenues in the Shady Side district of Pittsburgh. He was educated in the Pittsburgh public schools, and was one of the first students at Duff's Business College here. In his early twenties Jacob Haller engaged in the baking business, conducting a retail store in Wiley Avenue, having served his apprenticeship in this field under several well-known bakers of the period.

Fred C. Haller attended the Pittsburgh public schools until he was sixteen years of age. At this time he entered the employ of his father as driver and salesman on a bakery wagon. Thereafter he entered into various other phases of the business. He was especially interested in the development of a wholesale trade, carrying on this enterprise in addition to several retail bakery stores for a number of years. Mr. Haller organized the Haller Bread Company, a wholesale business, of which he was president and principal owner. Eventually he disposed of this business to the General Baking Corporation, by which firm he was retained as manager of the Pittsburgh branch for a brief period.

For some time Mr. Haller had been of the opinion that a direct house-to-house method of selling bakery products should be introduced into Pittsburgh. Accordingly, in the year 1914, he founded the Haller Baking Company, the pioneer house-to-house baking concern in Pittsburgh, in which firm he holds the controlling interest. The plant of the Haller Baking Company is located at Nos. 200-10 North Denniston Avenue, Pittsburgh. It is a three-story building, modern and up-to-date in every way, erected in 1914. The firm operates a fleet of one hundred and twenty-five trucks and wagons, employs on an average two hundred and fifty persons, and distributes its products over a thirty-five-mile radius. The success of the Pittsburgh enterprise was such that a few years later Mr. Haller entered Toledo, Ohio, where he organized the Haller Baking Company of that city. About the same time he entered into the business of the manufacture of bakery ovens, as the Haller Oven Company.

During 1918 Fred C. Haller was vice chairman and acting manager of the Salvation Army War Fund campaign in the Pittsburgh area. At the beginning of the World War Mr. Haller was identified with the Allegheny County Food Administration, and in the summer of 1918 he was appointed chief of the Baking Division in Pennsylvania, of the United States Food Administration, serving in this capacity under Herbert Hoover, and giving the government the benefit of his long experience in the baking industry. He established an office at headquarters in Philadelphia, visited every county in the State, appointing county lieutenants and service boards, organized the bakers and held public meetings and conferences. Being a technical expert himself he conducted a campaign of education, giving instructions as to the most satisfactory and economical methods of using substitutes to replace the use of wheat and sugar needed for the soldiers. To his educational work is due the subsequent efficiency of the trade. The fact that bakeries of the State supplied over fifty per cent. of the bread consumed as food is evidence that Mr. Haller's division conserved over fifty per cent. of the wheat flour that was saved in Pennsylvania for shipment to our armies and allies abroad.

Mr. Haller is now chairman of a committee of Millers and Bakers to establish an improved School of Milling and Baking Technology at State College, Pennsylvania. He has served on important committees of the American Bakers Association, and is a past president of the Pennsylvania Bakers Association. He is a member of the Bakery Equipment Manufacturers Association, a director of the Pittsburgh chapter Pennsylvania Motor Truck Association; a director of the Highland National Bank of Pittsburgh, director of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce and chairman of its House Committee; a member of the Board of Governors of East Liberty Chamber of Commerce; a member of the Toledo (Ohio) Chamber of Commerce, and a national councilor of the United States Chamber of Commerce. Mr. Haller is a member of the Rotary Club of Pittsburgh, the Allegheny County Civic Club, Chamber of Commerce Town-Hall Committee, and Business Men's Club of the Pittsburgh Downtown Young Men's Christian Association, as well as a member of the East Liberty Young Men's Christian Association. He is a member and a trustee of the First Evangelical

Church of Pittsburgh; a trustee of the Pittsburgh Conference of the church; and a member of the General Conference of the denomination. He is also a trustee of Albright College, at Reading, Pennsylvania.

Fraternally, Mr. Haller is affiliated with George Guthrie Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons. He is a member of the Alcoma Country Club, the Keystone Athletic Club (Pittsburgh), and the Toledo Athletic Club. He has been connected with many philanthropies, and has always been deeply interested and active in civic and welfare projects.

Fred C. Haller was married, October 8, 1902, to Lizzie Love New, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. John A. New, of Pittsburgh. Mr. and Mrs. Haller's only child, a daughter, Mildred E., died in infancy. Mr. and Mrs. Haller maintain their residence at 2516 Laketon Road, Wilkinsburg Station, Pittsburgh; Mr. Haller's offices are situated in the plant of his company on Denniston Avenue, Pittsburgh.

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**GUY H. MOATES, M. D.**—As a medical practitioner specializing in obstetrics, as a citizen and as a loyal supporter of his country at all times, Dr. Guy H. Moates, practicing in Tarentum since 1924, has won and held the esteem of the public and achieved a high reputation in his profession. He came to the Pittsburgh district of Pennsylvania after an exhaustive educational course, supplemented by practical experience here before he entered into private practice. This preparation gave him a foundation upon which he has erected a substantial practice, due to his deep knowledge of the profession in general and of his specialty of obstetrics, in which he has largely engaged. Dr. Moates is also interested in civic affairs and in fraternal and social organizations to such extent as his recreational opportunities afford and is popular in all circles in which he moves. Still in the forenoon of life, he has great opportunities before him and it is the consensus of opinion, among the profession and laiety alike, that he will achieve a distinct fame as the years roll by.

He was born in Sciola, Iowa, October 13, 1895, a son of George W. Moates, a native of Franklin County, Iowa, who cultivated a ranch at Norfolk, Nebraska, and Laura Mabel (Hart) Moates, born in Freeport County, Illinois. Educated in the public schools in Nebraska, he was graduated from the Plainview High School in 1913 and then attended the University of Nebraska, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1917. This was supplemented by a course in the medical school of the University, from which he emerged in 1923 with his degree of Doctor of Medicine. One year as an interne in the Allegheny General Hospital followed, after which he settled in Tarentum and established himself in practice. He is a member of the Staff of the Allegheny Valley Hospital in Tarentum and on the visiting committee of the McGee Hospital in Pittsburgh. He belongs to the American Medical Association and to the Pennsylvania State and Allegheny County Medical societies. His military record includes service on the Mexican border in 1916 with the 9th United States Cavalry, and with the 6th Field Artillery in the Medical Corps. In 1918 he served with the 11th Balloon Squadron, Medical Division, and with the 364th Aero Squadron. In 1919 he was in the service at Newport News, Virginia, detailed to the United States Steamship "Relief," Army Hospital Transport. From October, 1919, to June, 1924, he was in the Medical Department of the 1st Regiment of the Nebraska National Guard. Honorably mustered out of the service, he now holds the commission of captain in the Medical Reserve Corps, 99th Division, 324th Observation Squadron. He is a member and service officer of the American Legion, Post No. 85, and is on State and National committees of that organization. He is a Republican in politics, a Presbyterian in religious faith and belongs to Capitol Lodge, No. 3, of Omaha, Nebraska, order of Free and Accepted Masons.

Guy H. Moates married, in November, 1919, Emmie H. Berges, of New Rochelle, New York, daughter of Philip and Ellen Berges, and they are the parents of Guy H., Jr., born August 20, 1920.

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**JAMES YOUNG HAMBLEY**—A characteristic of the shrewd business man is prompt understanding of new popular needs and readiness in developing an enterprise to take care of these needs. In this day of huge apartment houses and tall business buildings, James Young Hambley, of Pittsburgh, had the acumen to organize the Cooperative Park Mansions, Inc., for the purpose of operating and managing structures. He is president of the company and on its board of directors.

James Young Hambley was born in Salisbury, North Carolina, March 1, 1896, son of E. B. C. Hambley, now deceased, and his wife, Charlotte (Coleman) Hambley. The son attended public school and graduated from high school, after which he entered the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill and continued his studies for two years. From 1914 to 1917 he was engaged in the field work department of the Duquesne Light Company of Pittsburgh. His business career was then interrupted by his prompt response to the world's need for defenders of Democracy during the World War. He enlisted as aviator in the 3d Foreign Detachment and saw nineteen months of active service in France as scout aviator. Mr. Hambley was honorably discharged with the rank of second lieutenant. For about a year after the war, Mr. Hambley was again in the employ of the Light Company. He then engaged in the lumber business in British Columbia for a year. Returning after this experience to Pittsburgh, he entered the Missouri State Life Insurance Company with Horace H. Bell, after which he organized the Cooperative Park Mansions, Inc., a corporation for the operation and management of buildings, with

offices located at No. 1310 Benedium Trees Building. With Mr. Hambley as president are associated W. B. Todd, vice-president; John S. Patterson, treasurer, and Jesse F. Macfarland, assistant treasurer and secretary. To his business Mr. Hambley gives all his time, taking only an academic interest in the affairs of the Republican party. He belongs to the Keystone Athletic Association, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Nemacolin Country Club, and to the Presbyterian Church.

James Young Hambley married, in Pittsburgh, October 2, 1920, Henrietta F. Fisher, daughter of Andrew and Evelyn (Hartje) Fisher, both living. Mr. and Mrs. Hambley are the parents of two sons: James Y., Jr., born June 20, 1921; and Clark C., born October 20, 1923.

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**LLOYD C. PRICE**—Having gained his initial business experience with his father, in the latter's general store in Bowerston, Ohio, Mr. Price, in 1916, established himself in the men's furnishing business at Wilkinsburg, as general manager of the Robinson, Price Company. Though he has since then disposed of his interest in this store, he is now the president of a company which operates three other men's furnishing stores in Dormont, Cannonsburg and Mount Lebanon. These retail establishments are among the most modern and substantial in the several localities. Mr. Price is one of the leading merchants in these towns, especially in Dormont, where he takes an active part in civic affairs also.

Lloyd C. Price was born at Bowerston, Harrison County, Ohio, July 24, 1882, a son of Leonard D. and Olive (Weyandt) Price. His father, born in Jefferson County, Ohio, was a successful general merchant at Bowerston, Ohio, for many years, and died in 1911. Mr. Price's mother, a native of Harrison County, Ohio, died June 16, 1930. Lloyd C. Price was one of a family of four children, three boys and one girl, and is of Welsh and Dutch descent. He was educated in the public grammar and high schools of his native town, graduating from the latter in 1900, after which he attended for two years Washington and Jefferson College, at Washington, Pennsylvania. He then worked for eight years with his father in the latter's general store at Bowerston, Ohio. After his father's death he removed to Cadiz, Ohio, and accepted a clerical position with the men's furnishing store of J. V. Connor, with whom he remained for five years. In 1916 he came to Wilkinsburg and became general manager of the Robinson, Price Company, of which he also was a stockholder. For nine years this company conducted a successful men's furnishing store at No. 809 Wood Street, Wilkinsburg. In 1925 they disposed of this store and opened their present one, at Dormont, under the firm name of Price's, carrying a complete stock of men's furnishings. Two other stores are likewise operated by the company, one in Canonsburg, Pennsylvania, opened in 1919, and another at Mount Lebanon, Pennsylvania, opened in 1927. All three stores enjoy high reputations and a large patronage and require the employment of six people. The company's officers are: Lloyd C. Price, president; and Charles G. Mundt, secretary and treasurer. The Dormont store is located at No. 2890 West Liberty Avenue. Since 1925 Mr. Price has been one of the active members of the Dormont Chamber of Commerce, he has served as president since January 1, 1929. He is a charter member and at the present time president of the Dormont Rotary Club. Active for many years in Masonic affairs, he is a charter member of John A. Brashear Lodge, No. 583, Free and Accepted Masons; a member of Cadiz Chapter, No. 171, Royal Arch Masons, of Cadiz, Ohio; and a charter member of Lincoln Commandery, No. 91, Knights Templar, of Wilkinsburg. His religious affiliation is with the Presbyterian Church. In politics he is a Republican.

Mr. Price married, August 20, 1904, Ida McCauley, of Bowerston, Ohio, a daughter of Robert F. and Sadie (Brown) McCauley. Mr. and Mrs. Price have no children. They make their home at No. 1463 Kelton Avenue, Dormont.

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**WILLIAM EDWARD FLICK**—A native and lifelong resident of Tarentum, Allegheny County, Mr. Flick represents the third generation of his family in the undertaking business in his native town. He learned this business under the able and helpful guidance of his father, who in turn had learned it from his father. After the older Mr. Flick's death, William Edward Flick took over the business started by his grandfather, and has since then carried it on under his own name. It is not only one of the most modernly equipped and efficiently operated undertaking establishments in the town of Tarentum and its vicinity, but it is also one of the oldest business establishments in that locality.

William Edward Flick was born at Tarentum, Allegheny County, June 4, 1886, a son of Henry Walter and Ella (Bovard) Flick. His father, born in Butler County, Pennsylvania, died in May, 1910. He was for many years a successful and well-known funeral director in Tarentum, having carried on the business founded by his father, Edward Flick, who, originally a carpenter, had branched out from the building of caskets into the undertaking business, starting in Tarentum about 1864. Mr. Flick's mother was a native of Allegheny County and died in 1912. Mr. Flick received his education in the public grammar and high schools of Tarentum and, after leaving school, entered his father's undertaking establishment. He continued with his father until the latter's death, in May, 1910. Since his father's death Mr. Flick has carried on the business, being the third member of the family to be at the head of this enterprise. His undertaking establishment is widely known for the efficiency and courtesy of its personnel and for the fact that all of its equipment

is of the most up-to-date and modern type, including an ambulance service.

Mr. Flick has been active in Masonic affairs for many years. He is a member of Pollock Lodge, No. 502, Free and Accepted Masons, and of the various other Masonic bodies, up to and including Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. He is also a member of Syria Temple, of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; the Brackenridge Heights Country Club; and Lodge No. 644, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party. His religious affiliation is with the First Presbyterian Church of Tarentum.

Mr. Flick married, in 1908, Sara A. Waltenbaugh, of Tarentum, Allegheny County, a daughter of James L. and Amelia (Truber) Waltenbaugh. Mr. and Mrs. Flick are the parents of six children: Eleanor, Jane, Edward, Walter, Nell Hart, and Sally Anne. Mr. Flick's business headquarters are located at No. 303 East Sixth Avenue, Tarentum, Allegheny County.

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WYLIE JOSEPH STEWART, M. D.—Physician and surgeon having an extensive practice in the vicinity of Coraopolis, Dr. Wylie Joseph Stewart is well known to members of the medical profession in the greater Pittsburgh area, being accounted a foremost member of this profession. Also, he is an outstanding figure in the realm of banking and finance, being president and a director of the Coraopolis Savings and Trust Company. In citizenship, through his profession and as a banker, he has assisted largely in the development of his community.

Dr. Stewart was born at Library, Allegheny County, May 4, 1873, son of James William and Sarah Harriett (Woods) Stewart. His father, a native of Library, was born in 1843, and died November 9, 1917. His mother, born in Bethel Township, Allegheny County, in 1845, survives to the present writing (1929).

In the public schools of Library, Dr. Stewart secured his basic academic instruction, completing his preparation for college there. For three years he studied at Dennison University, Newark, Ohio, then transferred to the medical department of the University of Pittsburgh, whence he took the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1900.

It was in 1900 that Dr. Stewart opened his offices for the practice of medicine and surgery in Coraopolis. Since then his reputation has increased steadily, until today he is counted among the most prominent members of the profession over a wide area in Pennsylvania, and is well known outside the State. He is a member of the staff of the Valley Hospital at Sewickley, and belongs to the County, State and National Medical associations. He is a member of Lodge No. 674, Free and Accepted Masons; Mt. Moriah Council, Royal and Select Masters; Shiloh Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Tancred Commandery, No. 48, Knights Templar, Pittsburgh; Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He holds membership in the Montour Country Club, belongs to other social organizations, and is an elder of the Presbyterian Church of Coraopolis.

President and a director of the Coraopolis Savings and Trust Company, Dr. Stewart has been largely responsible for the steady, vigorous growth of this institution. The bank was founded in 1903, and twenty-five years later, 1928, resources had multiplied twenty times. On March 31, 1903, assets were in excess of $100,000, and on March 31 of 1928, were in excess of $2,000,000. Modern methods, superior facilities, courteous treatment, all combined with a large capital and surplus, have made it possible for the institution to increase its strong position and the good will of Coraopolis residents. Dr. Stewart, as head of the bank, has brought it much of its business.

Dr. Stewart married, in September, 1907, Irene Henry, of Ottawa, Canada, daughter of John and Lillian Henry. They have children: 1. Wayne Henry, born January 25, 1909; in 1929 a student at Pittsburgh Medical College. 2. Willard Dowlar, born February 25, 1910; student at Allegheny College. 3. James Francis, born January 2, 1914. 4. Robert Joseph, born January 2, 1919.

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SAMUEL BERNHARD MEYER—Having connected in his youth with the Glenshaw Glass Company, of which his father was then the general manager, Mr. Meyer has continued to be identified with this well-known and successful establishment. After his father's death, in 1921, he was made general manager of the company and later he became its vice-president and treasurer. Under his very able and progressive management the company has enjoyed growth and prosperity and today (1931) is one of the important industrial establishments of this part of Allegheny County.

Samuel Bernhard Meyer was born in Pleasant Valley, O'Hara Township, September 1, 1887, a son of John Jacob and Amalia (Seemann) Meyer, both now deceased. His father was a plasterer by trade, but later owned a cooper shop in Pleasant Valley. In 1895 he acquired a financial interest in the Glenshaw Glass Company, of which he eventually became secretary-treasurer and general manager, continuing in that capacity until his death in 1921. He was also active in civic affairs in O'Hara Township and served at one time as a justice of the peace. Religious and fraternal affairs, too, received a full share of his time and attention and, indeed, he was one of the most representative, substantial and highly respected residents of this section of Allegheny.

Having received his early education in the public grammar schools of O'Hara and Shaler townships, Mr. Meyer then attended the Glenshaw High School and after that took a course in business administration at the Actual Business College. In 1907 he became connected with the Glenshaw Glass Company. Starting at the bottom, he

quickly acquired a most thorough knowledge of all branches of the business and, as the years passed, assumed positions of ever-increasing responsibility and importance. Today he is the virtual executive head of the company, his official title being vice-president, treasurer and general manager. He is also a member of the board of directors. He is a member and past secretary of the Sharpsburg-Etna Rotary Club, also a member of numerous Masonic bodies, the latter including Zaradatha Lodge, No. 448, Free and Accepted Masons; Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. In politics he is a Republican, and his religious affiliation is with the English Lutheran Church of Sharpsburg.

The Glenshaw Glass Company dates back to about 1894, when the first plant was erected with money invested to the extent of six hundred dollars each by Messrs. John Farrel, John Stehle, John Altmeyer and J. J. Beck. On January 7, 1895, the first bottle was made by Peter McClafferty. At that time the company only employed ten men, including Mr. Thomas Murphy, who is still connected with the company. The late John Jacob Meyer, the father of the subject of this article, joined the company in August, 1895, and acquiring a financial interest in it, relieved a considerable financial embarrassment. At that time the company bought its present location across the road from its first plant and in 1900 two large furnaces were erected. In the same year Mr. Berner, ex-burgess of Sharpsburg, joined the company. These two furnaces were operated by the company until May 19, 1903, when a fire of unknown origin completely razed the plant, along with the ice houses belonging to the Wittmer Ice Company across the road. The factory was rebuilt immediately and in exactly twenty-one days after it had been destroyed, it was again in full operation. On March 3, 1904, the day of the big flood, the company once more suffered a great amount of damage and loss of stock. The close proximity of these two disasters almost ruined the company. However, the energy and courage of those in charge of the company enabled it to weather the storm. Until 1906 all bottles were made by hand. In that year the company put in a side lever wide-mouth machine to make jars. In the following year, 1907, it acquired a United machine, the first narrow-neck bottle machine ever operated in the United States. This ended the blowing of bottles by hand. In 1913 the company equipped its plant with O'Neil two-men machines and, in 1917, a Lynch one-man machine was installed. Another fire destroyed the plant on December 17, 1917. Almost immediately afterwards, the passing of the Eighteenth Amendment followed and again brought heavy losses to the company, making thousands of dollars worth of beer bottle stock worthless. Thus at one and the same time the company was deprived of its plant and of much of its business and possibly $50,000 worth of moulds and equipment became worthless practically overnight. To add to the gravity of the situation, the head of the firm, Mr. John Jacob Meyer, died in 1921. Once more those interested in the company proved their courage and their faith in the company by promptly rebuilding the plant. At that time Mr. Samuel Bernhard Meyer, the principal subject of this article, was elected general manager, in which capacity he has continued to guide the factory since then with marked success, being now also vice-president, treasurer and a director of the company. At that time Mr. George W. Meyer was made manager of the factory, and Mr. Albert Meyer, designer and mould maker. At the present time the officials of the company, besides Mr. S. B. Meyer, are: A. Berner, president; George W. Meyer, secretary; and George W. Meyer, assistant manager. In 1922 the company's plant was equipped with new Lynch automatic machines. This marked a new era in the history of the factory. However, improvements have been going on right along and even now, in 1931, there are being built new lehrs to replace those of antiquated style, an improvement which will involve the expenditure of $75,000. The company employs, when it is in full operation, some one hundred and twenty people. It makes all shapes and types of beverage bottles in flint, light green and emerald green. Its products are shipped in carload lots to nearly all points east of the Mississippi River, though the bulk of its business is east of Pittsburgh. Every year the company manufactures over 150,000 gross of bottles.

Mr. Meyer married at Glenshaw, April 29, 1914, Estelle Seitz. Mr. and Mrs. Meyer have four children: 1. Jean, a member of the Etna High School class of 1932. 2. Samuel Bernhard, Jr., born in 1917, and now attending Etna High School. 3. James, born in 1920, a pupil in one of the local grammar schools. 4. Grace. The family home is on Kittanning Pike, O'Hara Township.

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**CLARENCE EDWARD FULTON**—Modern production demands with increasing force specialization in the details of manufacture and there is probably no field where it is called upon with greater urgency than that of glass making and its allied arts. A knowledge of ceramics is of great value in the plate glass industry due to the use of ceramic materials in the construction of furnaces, tanks and pots used in the melting of the glass ingredients. The quality of these ceramic products have a very important bearing upon the production of good glass. For this reason the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company deem it advisable to have a ceramic department in their research laboratory located at Creighton, Pennsylvania. This department looks after the ceramic work and problems of the company's manufacturing plants located in various parts of the country. Since 1917, Clarence Edward Fulton has been in charge of this department with the title of chief ceramic engineer. Valuable to the great corporation with which he is associated, he is also an important unit of the industrial district of which Pittsburgh is the hub, and a citizen of unblemished

reputation, esteemed by all and possessed of a large circle of loyal friends.

Born in New Brunswick, New Jersey, January 22, 1889, he is a son of George E. and Mary E. (Hall) Fulton, both natives of New Brunswick. His father, now retired, was for years associated with the Raritan Copper Company, of Perth Amboy, New Jersey, as construction engineer. The family is of English, Scotch and Irish blood and has long been represented among the highly respected citizens of New Jersey and Pennsylvania. Clarence Edward Fulton received his education in the public schools and at Rutgers College in New Brunswick, graduating from the last-named institution in 1911 with the degree of Bachelor of Science, he having majored in ceramics. He then attended the University of Illinois on a fellowship for one year, doing research work in ceramics, and entered the service of the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company July 3, 1912, going to work in the Creighton laboratory as an assistant. Five years later he became the head of the department and so continues. He is a Republican in politics and is now (1929) president of the Tarentum Kiwanis Club and a director and vice-president of the board of the Allegheny Valley Young Men's Christian Association. He is also a member of the Keystone Athletic Club of Pittsburgh and of the Brackenridge Heights Country Club and is president of the board of trustees of the First Presbyterian Church of Tarentum.

Clarence Edward Fulton married, December 30, 1914, Minnie H. Wilmurt, of New Brunswick, New Jersey, daughter of Theodore and Margaret (Ryder) Wilmurt. They are the parents of one daughter, Ruth Augusta, born February 14, 1916; and a son, Theodore Ramsay, born March 17, 1930.

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**MERLE D. SALYARDS**—In the progressive community of Pitcairn, Merle D. Salyards is a well-known and progressive merchant and citizen. His enterprise as merchant has reacted to the welfare of the city, and his works as citizen have been of even more direct and far-reaching effect. He is among the foremost men of Pitcairn, and occupies a position of respect and warm esteem.

Mr. Salyards was born on a farm near New Bethlehem, Clarion County, Pennsylvania, June 30, 1876. His father, Dennis E. Salyards, was a farmer, native of that county, born in 1840. He died March 17, 1927, after a long and useful life of service to his family and persons around him. Mr. Salyards' mother was Marthabelle Miller, also a native of Clarion County, who survives her husband.

After he had completed his academic instruction in the public schools of New Bethlehem, Mr. Salyards continued to live on his father's farm, and helped him with the work to be done there. When he was twenty-one years old he removed to Homestead, worked there for the Singer Sewing Machine Company eighteen months, then came to Pitcairn, where he has resided through the three decades that have followed, coming here in 1899 to found a hardware business under the style of his own name. In 1910 he erected the three-story structure which has since housed his mercantile establishment, at No. 536 Broadway. In the building, also, are apartments, which Mr. Salyards leases to desirable tenants; and in it is the Post Office of Pitcairn. In the store Mr. Salyards does a general retail business as hardware merchant, but engages further than this as builders' supplies distributor, and handles plumbing and heating supplies as well, engaging in contracting. He employs twelve men on the average the year 'round.

For nine years, beginning in Wilson's first administration as President of the United States, Mr. Salyards was postmaster of Pitcairn. Since 1917 he has been a member of the Town Council, and now is president of that body. Fraternally, he is identified with Pitcairn Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, Braddock Lodge, of Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Knights of Pythias, and Knights of Malta. He is a director of the People's National Bank, chairman of the bank's discount committee, and a communicant of the Methodist Episcopal Church, having been a member of the church board since 1909.

Mr. Salyards married, in 1902, Mary J. Matson, of Pitcairn, daughter of Joseph E. and Emma (Green) Matson. Their children are: 1. Charles A., who was born in 1906. 2. Emmabelle, born in 1911, now in training to become a professional nurse, at Western Pennsylvania Hospital.

As a merchant, public-spirited citizen, head of the Town Council and fraternal figure, Mr. Salyards is an active motivating force in the development of his community.

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**JOHN FRANKLIN BAILEY**—In a career devoted to educational work, John Franklin Bailey has come to occupy an important position among the members of his profession in western Pennsylvania, serving now as principal of one of the leading secondary schools of the city of Pittsburgh. He was born on October 21, 1879, in the village of Carmichaels, Pennsylvania, a son of John and Marianna (Barclay) Bailey, both now deceased. His father was a stockman and farmer by occupation.

John Franklin Bailey, the son, attended the elementary schools of his birthplace, Waynesburg College Academy, and Waynesburg College, from which he was graduated in 1903 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Having decided to give his life to educational work, he studied at Columbia University, where he took the degree of Master of Arts in 1904, and subsequently, in 1905-08, took post-graduate work at the University of Chicago School of Education. Meanwhile, in 1904, Mr. Bailey started teaching as an instructor in history at Buchanan College in Missouri. From 1906 until 1910 he was teacher of history in Central High School at St. Paul, Minnesota, and in the latter year was appointed principal of a ward school in

J. D. Bailey

that city. In 1912 he became principal of George Westinghouse High School.

In the year 1914 the late Dr. William M. Davison, superintendent of schools in Pittsburgh, called Mr. Bailey into the superintendent's office where he served as executive secretary until 1920. Then he was appointed principal of Irwin Avenue Junior High School, and on February 2, 1925, when this institution was merged with the new David B. Oliver High School, became principal of the combined institutions. In this position he has since served. The David B. Oliver High School, opening with an enrollment of 1,350 in 1925, in 1930 had 2,434 students. Some ninety-five teachers and instructors serve under Mr. Bailey, and the school itself is located on the North Side. His success in previous positions of responsibility indicated that Mr. Bailey would competently perform any duties assigned to him, and the record of progress of David B. Oliver High School under his guidance amply justifies the confidence reposed in him.

Among the various associations of the men of his profession, Mr. Bailey is secretary of the Pittsburgh Secondary Schools Round Table, a member of the board of directors of the Pittsburgh Principals Club, a member of the National Education Association, the State Educational Association, and the National High School Principals Association. He is a member of the North End Board of Trade, the Civic Association of Allegheny County, and the Torch Club. Mr. Bailey was a pioneer in Boy Scout work in the United States. Interested in the education and proper training of youth, he was quick to recognize the importance of the Boy Scout movement, and allied himself with its progress at an early date. His commission as scoutmaster was signed in 1910 by the late President Taft.

On June 24, 1911, at St. Paul, Minnesota, John Franklin Bailey married Lillian Schmidtt, of that city. They are the parents of two children: 1. Mary Elizabeth, born March 14, 1920. 2. John, born in October, 1924. Both children were born in Pittsburgh. The residence of the family is maintained in this city at No. 48 Hemphill Street, North Side. Mr. Bailey's offices are in the David B. Oliver High School Building on Brighton Road, North Side, Pittsburgh.

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**ALFRED CLYDE YOUNG, D. D. S., F. A. C. D.**—One of the best known dental surgeons and educators in Pittsburgh is Dr. Young, who has been successfully engaged in the practice of dentistry in this city for some fifteen years. He has also devoted himself extensively to educational work as a member of the faculty of the University of Pittsburgh Dental College, of which he is now Assistant Professor in charge of crown and bridge work. His high professional standing is indicated by the fact that he is a Fellow of the American College of Dentists and by the further fact that, in 1930, he was elected president of the Pennsylvania State Dental Society. By his various activities Dr. Young has done much to advance the cause of dental education in Pennsylvania and to elevate the standards of his profession.

Alfred C. Young was born at Delmont, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, December 12, 1889, a son of the late Dr. Alfred G. and Elizabeth (Johnston) Young. His father, who died in 1911, was for many years a general practitioner at Delmont and Turtle Creek, Pennsylvania. Dr. Young's mother died December 30, 1928. His father was also prominently active in civic affairs and in that respect followed in the footsteps of Dr. Young's earlier ancestors. His paternal great-grandfather, Captain John Young, served as an officer during the Revolutionary War in General Schuyler's Army and took part in all of the engagements in which this army fought. He enlisted in the Revolutionary Army from Cumberland County, Pennsylvania. Dr. Young's maternal grandfather was one of the "forty-niners," who went to California during the historic gold rush. Having received his early education in the public grammar schools in Delmont and Turtle Creek, Dr. Young then attended and graduated, in 1908, from the Wilkinsburg High School. From there he went to the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated in 1912, after which he took up the study of dentistry at that institution's Dental College, graduating from it with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1915. In that year he established himself in the practice of dentistry in Wilkinsburg, but soon afterwards removed to Pittsburgh, where his offices are now located at No. 121 University Place. Immediately after graduating from dental school, in 1915, Dr. Young joined the faculty of that department of the University of Pittsburgh and has served very successfully as assistant professor on crown and bridge work. In 1930 he was honored by being elected president of the Pennsylvania State Dental Society. Prior to that he had served on the executive council and as first and second vice-president. He is a member of the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania, of the board of directors of which he was formerly a member, as well as of the East End branch of that society, in which he served very effectively at different times on various committees. As already related, Dr. Young's eminence in his profession has been officially recognized by his election as a Fellow of the American College of Dentists. Other organizations, in which Dr. Young maintains membership, include the dental fraternity of Delta Sigma Delta and the honorary scholastic fraternity of Omicron Kappa Upsilon, as well as Beta Lodge, No. 647, Free and Accepted Masons, and the Faculty Club of the University of Pittsburgh. In politics he is a Republican. His religious affiliation is with the United Presbyterian Church of Wilkinsburg.

Dr. Young married in Pittsburgh, October 4, 1916, Elizabeth Beatty, daughter of Peter P. and Margaret Alexander Beatty. Dr. and Mrs. Young

who make their home at No. 919 Hill Avenue, Wilkinsburg, have three children: 1. Alfred C., Jr., born in 1919. 2. Elizabeth Johnston. 3. Margaret Beatty.

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**THOMAS A. RUSSELL**—Past president of the Allegheny County Funeral Directors' Association, funeral director engaged in his profession in Pitcairn for more than twenty years, Thomas A. Russell is one of the foremost citizens of this community, and is well known through the Pittsburgh metropolitan area.

He was born at Braddock, Pennsylvania, September 10, 1875, son of Frank and Susanna (Arthur) Russell. His father, a cabinet maker by trade, was a native of Scotland, born in 1845. He came to the United States to progress with the Western Hemisphere's advance, settled at Braddock, plied his trade there, and became one of the community's respected citizens. Frank Russell died in 1887. Susanna (Arthur) Russell was born in Elizabeth Township, Allegheny County, 1846, and died November 25, 1915.

Thomas A. Russell attended the public schools of Braddock, secured a comprehensive academic instruction, and until 1900 followed several lines of work. In that year he became identified with the undertaking profession. He was identified with funeral parlors for several years, learning all aspects of the profession, and is a graduate of Barnes School of Embalming, Chicago, from which institution he took the diploma in 1904. In 1905 Mr. Russell opened parlors of his own, in Pitcairn, and has engaged as funeral director with augmented prestige through the years that have succeeded. In his establishment, at No. 568 Broadway, he carries a full line of modern equipment.

Prominent in his profession, Mr. Russell also is of prominence as a citizen and a fraternal figure. For five years he was president of the Pitcairn Board of Health, serving in that office with marked distinction. He has supported all major movements for the advancement of Pitcairn's interests, economically, governmentally and socially. In fraternal affairs active, he is a member of the Blue Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, the Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, and the Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Junior Order of United American Mechanics, the Knights of Pythias, and is a communicant of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Mr. Russell married, in 1904, Anna Gottwalds, of Wilmerding, Pennsylvania, daughter of John H. and Emma Gottwalds; and of their four children one survives: Margaret, graduate of Carnegie Institute of Technology, class of 1928, now a student in Columbia University, New York City. Two children died in infancy, and a third, Jane Russell, died at the age of twelve, in 1928.

As a citizen, professional figure and as a man, Mr. Russell is well known to the people of Pitcairn. His success has been one of professional distinction. His works of citizenship are of lasting good to the community whole. And as a man of pleasing personality and true depth of character he has drawn unto himself legion friends.

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**WILLIAM H. BAEHR**—Having turned his attention to the business of distributing automobiles within one year after his graduation from the engineering department of a Mid-Western college, Mr. Baehr now operates the firm of Baehr Brothers, McKeesport, established by his father in 1910. As the distributor of Studebaker and Cadillac motor cars in McKeesport and the surrounding district, this firm enjoys a large patronage and a very high reputation. In connection with the agency it also operates a storage garage and a service station, both of which are well patronized. Mr. Baehr is one of the progressive and successful business men of McKeesport.

William H. Baehr was born in Jersey City, New Jersey, October 4, 1894, a son of George and Hannah I. (Smythe) Baehr. He was educated in the public schools of McKeesport, Pennsylvania, and at the Ohio Northern University, Ada, Ohio, from which he was graduated with the degree of Mechanical Engineer in 1917. In 1918 he engaged in the distribution of automobiles, in connection with the operating of a wholesale and retail gas and oil business, located at Twenty-eighth and Walnut Street, McKeesport. To this business he has since given his entire attention. As a distributor of automobiles Mr. Baehr represents the Studebaker and Cadillac motor cars. He carries on the business under the firm name of Baehr Brothers at No. 801 Walnut Street, McKeesport, with a branch store at Clairton, Pennsylvania. This firm was established in the spring of 1910 on Ninth Street by Mr. Baehr's father, who later retired in favor of Mr. Baehr and of the latter's brother. Today, (1931) William H. Baehr is the only member of the family active in the firm, his brother George having withdrawn. The present building occupied by the firm was erected in 1925 on the site of the old Methodist Episcopal Church. It occupies a plot seventy-five by one hundred and forty feet, and has four stories, with daylight parking on the roof, which is reached by a ramp. The show-room measures sixty by seventy-five feet and is one of the finest of its type in Allegheny County. The plant throughout is modern and has the latest and most up-to-date equipment. The agency's territory includes not only McKeesport, but also Clairton, Wilson, Elizabeth, Glassport, Versailles, Boston, Duquesne, and several other nearby towns. As many as forty-five people are employed and the average sale of Studebaker cars each year reaches one hundred and seventy-five, while some thirty-five Cadillac cars are sold annually. Mr. Baehr is a director of the McKeesport Chamber of Commerce, the Kiwanis Club, the Yougioheny Country Club, and Lodge No. 641, Free and Accepted Masons. His religious affiliation is with the First Baptist Church of McKeesport.

Mr. Baehr married, March 21, 1917, Bertha E.

Dieckhoff, of Wheeling, West Virginia, daughter of William and Mary M. (Carl) Dieckhoff. Mr. and Mrs. Baehr are the parents of three children: George W., Bruce F., and Louise C. The family residence is located at No. 1410 Library Avenue, McKeesport.

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**EARL WILLIAM CROSS, M. D.**—After some fifteen years of successful practice in medicine at Curtisville, Pennsylvania, Dr. Cross, in 1925, came to Tarentum, Allegheny County, and since then has been one of this town's most successful and popular physicians and surgeons. He is active in hospital work, is a member of several medical organizations and takes a helpful and effective part in other phases of the town's life.

Dr. Earl W. Cross was born at North Clarendon, Pennsylvania, November 6, 1886, one of the four children of John C. and Katherine (Campbell) Cross. He is of English and Dutch ancestry. His father, who was born at Clintonville, Venango County, Pennsylvania, in 1855, was for many years engaged in the oil drilling business, but is now retired. His mother was born June 3, 1865, at Warren, Pennsylvania. Dr. Cross received his early education in the public school of Newport, Ohio, and then attended the high school at Tarentum, Allegheny County, from which he was graduated in 1904. He spent two years at the University of Pittsburgh and then continued his studies in the School of Medicine of the University of Maryland, graduating from that institution with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1908. After one year as interne at St. Joseph's Hospital, Baltimore, Maryland, he spent another year in the same capacity at the Adrian Hospital, Punxsutawney, Pennsylvania. Having thus added practical experience to his previous theoretical training, Dr. Cross established himself in the practice of medicine at Curtisville, Pennsylvania, where he continued until 1925. Since then he has been located at Tarentum, with offices in the Fishkin Building. He specializes in surgery, in which branch of the profession he has also done post-graduate work at Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts. He is a member of the surgical staff of the Allegheny Valley Hospital, as well of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania Medical Society and the Allegheny County Medical Society. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party. His religious affiliation is with the Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Cross married, in 1910, Florence Stultz, of Cambridge Springs, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Joseph and Florence (Vandervort) Stultz. Dr. and Mrs. Cross are the parents of three children: 1. Dorothea, born in August, 1911, is a graduate of Martha Washington College, Abingdon, Virginia; now attending Maryland College for Women. 2. Earl Vandervort, born January 22, 1918. 3. Robert, born April 30, 1920.

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**JAMES G. CAMP**—After ten years in association with the First National Bank and Trust Company of Tarentum, which he entered as a clerk in 1911, James G. Camp was made assistant cashier of that important financial institution, a position he still administers with ability and courteous consideration of the public. He is a public-spirited citizen of highest quality, a man of unblemished character, loyal to his trust and devoted to a legion of staunch friends whom he has made through a delightfully attractive personality. Capable and careful in his business operations, he has before him the likelihood of a still greater administrative office in the field of his choice, where merit is recognized in proportion to its progressive influence in the operations over which its possessor has control. Men of his ability and qualifications are necessary to the proper conduct of important enterprises and Mr. Camp represents the highest standard of such citizenship, which is of great value to the community.

He was born in Tarentum, Pennsylvania, August 24, 1892, a son of Oliver C. Camp, a banker, who was born near Freeport, Pennsylvania, in 1848, and who organized the National Bank of Tarentum, now the First National Bank and Trust Company, in 1890. He was its first president and held that office until three years prior to his death in February, 1924. His wife, mother of James G., was Josephine Mary (Galbraith) Camp, born in Tarentum and now residing here. The family is of Dutch and Scotch ancestry. James G. Camp was educated in the public schools of Tarentum and spent three years as a student of economics at the University of Pittsburgh. In 1911 he entered the service of the First National Bank and Trust Company and has since continued with that institution. Rising through the regular grades, he became teller and then assistant cashier. In 1927 he was elected a director of the institution. He is a Republican in politics and is affiliated with the Masonic Order, being a member, with the thirty-second degree, of Pollock Lodge, No. 502, Free and Accepted Masons; Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Masons, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He attends the United States Presbyterian Church.

James G. Camp married, August 1, 1925, Florence Burd Derrick, of Tarentum, daughter of John and Rachel (Megraw) Derrick, and they are the parents of two children: Nancy Ann, born July 23, 1928; and John Derrick, born June 16, 1931.

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**SAM ROSENZVEIG** was born in Hungary on December 29, 1877, and came to America in 1902. In 1907 he settled in McKeesport, Pennsylvania, and until 1929 worked at the carpenter's trade and contracting. During the World War he was employed in the tube works, but meanwhile carried on his contracting business in McKeesport, erecting all kinds of buildings and keeping from eight to ten men at work. In 1929 Mr. Rosenzveig took over the Hupmobile agency in McKeesport, but this was sold on June 1, 1931. He is now engaged

in the auto wrecking business, in which he is assisted by his son, David, and in this work he has been successful from the outset. Mr. Rosenzveig is one of the most versatile business men in the McKeesport vicinity.

Active at all times in civic affairs, he is a member of the Chamber of Commerce and of several clubs and orders. In the Masonic Order he belongs to the McKeesport Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and the Knights Templar. He is a member, also, of the Knights of Pythias. His religious affiliation is with the K. I. S. Congregation. The family is one of the representative Jewish families in the Pittsburgh district, and one which takes part extensively in the life of the city and its environs.

Sam Rosenzveig married, while still in his native land, Hungary, Malvina Spiangeld. By this union there have been the following children: 1. David, who is engaged with his father in the auto wrecking business. 2. Pauline, wife of A. Levick, of McKeesport, Pennsylvania. 3. Margaret A., teacher in the McKeesport public schools. 4. Helen, who lives at home with her parents. 5. Sarah, at school. 6. Dorothy, at school. The family residence is situated at No. 1005 Park Street, McKeesport, Pennsylvania.

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IRA L. HUMES—Since 1922 the post office at Tarentum, Pennsylvania, has been in the efficient hands of Ira L. Humes, whose work as postmaster has been well and faithfully performed, with the result that the community has an excellent postal system and Mr. Humes himself the esteem and affections of the townsmen whom he serves.

Son of Thomas S. and Mary Margaret (Hunter) Humes, he was born in Tarentum on March 21, 1878. His father was also born in Tarentum, and was a contractor for many years until his death in 1905; while the mother, likewise a native of this town, died in 1916. Both of his parents were highly regarded in the community. Ira L. Humes received his early education in the public and high schools of his native place, having been graduated from high school in the class of 1894. He then was employed by the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company for a period of eight years, at the end of which he entered the postal service in Tarentum. For eighteen years he carried mail, and then for one year served as assistant postmaster, until, in February, 1922, President Warren G. Harding appointed him postmaster of the town. Then, when Calvin Coolidge acceded to the chief executive chair of the United States Government, he reappointed Mr. Humes to the postmastership of Tarentum, and on February 14, 1930, he was reappointed by President Hoover for the third term.

Keenly interested in all civic affairs, Mr. Humes is a loyal supporter of the Republican party, both locally and nationally, and regularly votes for its candidates and principles. He is also active in fraternal affairs, being a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in which he belongs to Lodge No. 587. His religious affiliation is with the Methodist Episcopal Church, in which he is a member of the official board and an eager participant in all its activities. Into these different organizations Mr. Humes puts the same full measure of energy and enthusiasm that characterizes his work in connection with the postmastership of Tarentum, with the result that his labors in behalf of any group of citizens or any movement are appreciated and are sought after by his fellowmen.

Mr. Humes married, in 1898, Olive Hutchinson, of Tarentum, Pennsylvania, daughter of George W. and Curia (Wilson) Hutchinson. By this marriage there have been the following children: 1. Jesse L., clerk in the post office. 2. Janet, who became the wife of R. Lee Shoff, of Tarentum. 3. Walter W., with the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company. 4. Mary Margaret, teacher in Tarentum public schools. 5. Thomas George, with the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company. 6. Ralph R., graduate from high school. There are also three grandchildren: Robert Lee, Jane, and Frances Shoff.

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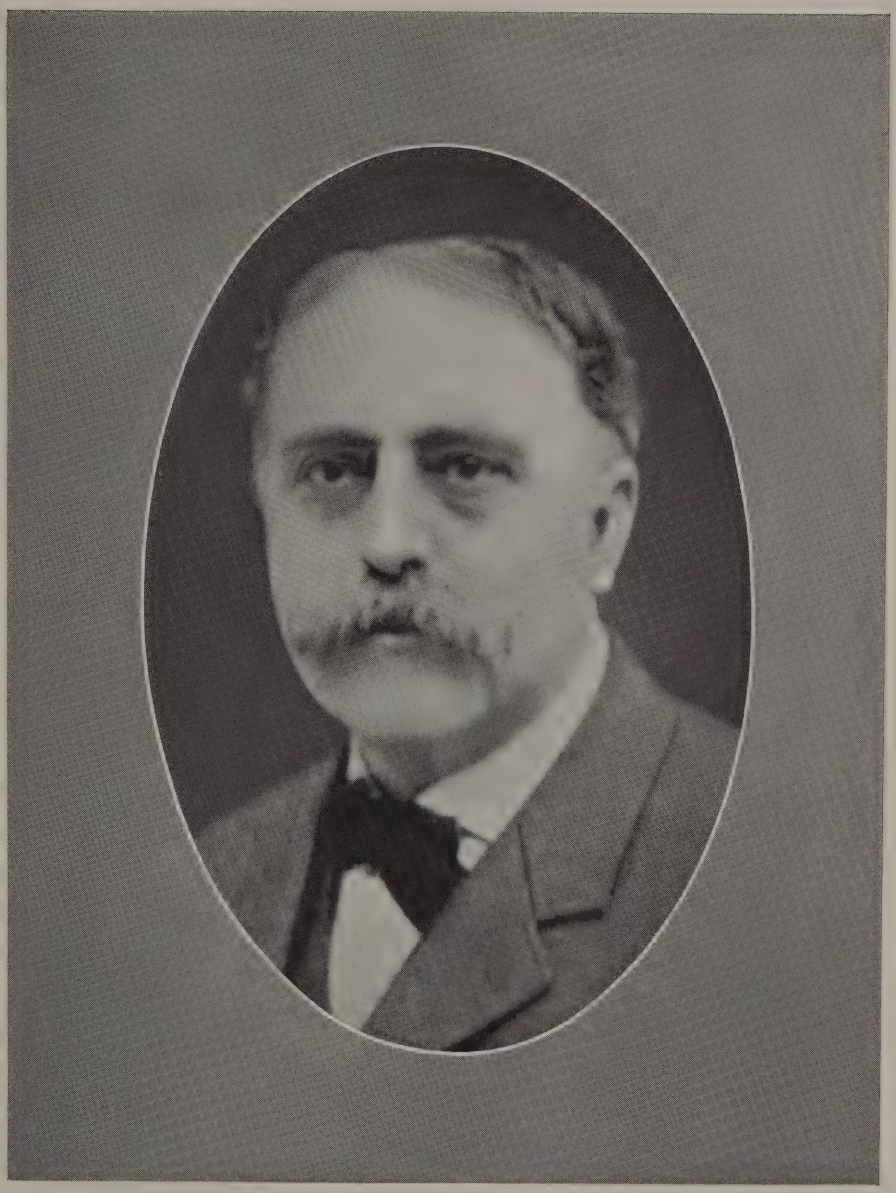
ALBERT PRESSLEY BURCHFIELD—Having become associated, in his youth, with the late Joseph Horne, in the dry goods business in Pittsburgh, the late Major Albert Pressley Burchfield continued to be identified with the Joseph Horne Company until his death. That this company today is one of the leading and most successful department stores in Pittsburgh, is to a great extent attributable to Major Burchfield's contributions to its development.

Albert Pressley Burchfield was the son of Robert C. and Susan Anne Burchfield, both natives of Pennsylvania and both descendants of men who fought in the War of the Revolution. He received his early retail training in the dry goods establishment of William Semple. At the age of twenty-two he became a partner of the late Joseph Horne and throughout the rest of his life was an active force in the development of the business. He led the way in the development of merchandising and marketing methods, which gained for the present Joseph Horne Company the high reputation in these respects, which it has always enjoyed. Major Burchfield had charge of the wholesale activities of the firm, which were conducted under the name of the Pittsburgh Dry Goods Company, becoming the first president of that organization and continuing in that capacity until 1897. The death of Mr. Horne compelled him to divide his attention between the wholesale and retail business to a steadily increasing degree. In 1897 he withdrew entirely from the Pittsburgh Dry Goods Company, that he might give his entire time to the retail business. He was instrumental in extending and developing foreign markets and required his buyers to know their markets as intimately as they knew Pittsburgh. Major Burchfield, as he is still remembered by old Pittsburghers, achieved his title in the Civil War and, as Senior Commander-in-



A P Burchfield

A. H. Burchfield

Chief of the National Grand Army of the Republic, brought to the conduct of the company, which he had helped to found, extraordinary qualities of the heart and the head.

Major Burchfield married Sarah J. McWhinney. Their son, Albert Horne Burchfield, whose brilliant career as a merchant and civic leader, is described in a separate article accompanying this, is now president of the Joseph Horne Company of Pittsburgh, thus representing the second successive generation of his family in the active management of this world-famous department store.

Major Burchfield died in Pittsburgh on January 8, 1910. Though many years have passed since his death, his memory is still fondly cherished by all who had enjoyed the privilege of his friendship or acquaintance. For to know him was to like and respect him. His name will always occupy an honored place in the annals of Pittsburgh, as that of one of this city's great merchants, who did much to make Pittsburgh the great city that it is today.

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ALBERT HORNE BURCHFIELD—For more than four decades Mr. Burchfield has been identified with the Joseph Horne Company, one of Pittsburgh's great merchandising enterprises. He has been the president of this concern for a number of years, and is the second member of his immediate family to be prominently identified with the company, his father having long been one of the principal owners of the business. In the direction of this large and very successful concern, Mr. Burchfield has shown outstanding business and executive ability, qualities which he has also placed at the disposal of the city of Pittsburgh in connection with movements and enterprises having for their purpose the promotion of the welfare of the community. Mr. Burchfield is one of the best-known and most highly respected citizens of Pittsburgh.

Albert Horne Burchfield was born in Allegheny, now North Side, April 6, 1871, a son of Albert Pressley and Sarah J. (McWhinney) Burchfield. His father was for many years one of the partners of the Joseph Horne Company. Mr. Burchfield received his early education in the public schools of his native city and then attended for two years Trinity Hall Military School at Washington, Pennsylvania. After leaving school, in 1888, at the age of seventeen years, Mr. Burchfield became connected with the Pittsburgh Dry Goods Company, which was then the wholesale department of the Joseph Horne Company. He remained with this concern for three years, giving quick proof of exceptional ability and energy. At the end of this period Mr. Burchfield was transferred to the retail establishment, where he served at different periods in its various departments, and acquired a most thorough knowledge of the entire business. As the years passed, he received promotions to positions of increasing importance and responsibility, until finally he became president of the Joseph Horne Company. Under his able management this nationally known department store has not only maintained the high reputation it has enjoyed for many years, but has greatly extended its business and increased its operations. Mr. Burchfield enjoys, to a remarkable degree, the confidence and respect of his employees who regard him not only as their leader, but also as their friend. Their welfare has always been one of his deepest concerns. He is president of the Joseph Horne Company Employees' Outing Association, which for the last twenty-two years has conducted a modern summer camp for the benefit of the employees of the company.

Besides being president of the Joseph Horne Company, Mr. Burchfield is treasurer and a member of the board of directors of the Associated Merchandising Corporation and of the Retail Research Association. He is vice-president of the Flood Commission of Pittsburgh, and was one of the most influential promoters of the Penn Avenue Improvement Association, which brought about the raising of the streets in the downtown flood section of Pittsburgh and also secured the widening of lower Fifth Avenue. For many years he has been prominently identified with the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce. During the presidency of Mr. F. R. Babcock, Mr. Burchfield served as a member of the nominating committee of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, having resigned as a member of that organization's board of directors, in order to accept membership on the nominating committee. At the end of Mr. Babcock's administration, Mr. Burchfield again became a director, being elected on March 13, 1930, to succeed the late Joseph Bernard Shea, who at the time of his death was chairman of the board of the Joseph Horne Company, and who had long been closely associated in business with Mr. Burchfield. The latter has always been deeply interested in the work of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce and has long been one of its staunchest supporters. His clubs include the Duquesne Club, the Pittsburgh Country Club, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Keystone Athletic Club, the University Club, the Shannopin Country Club of Pittsburgh, Longue Vue Country Club, and the Oakmont Country Club. His religious affiliation is with the Bellefield Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Burchfield married, in 1895, Clara Dicken, daughter of Charles and Mary (Chambers) Dicken. Mr. and Mrs. Burchfield have one son, Albert Horne Burchfield, Jr., born in 1903.

Albert Horne Burchfield, Jr., after graduating from Princeton University, became connected with the Joseph Horne Company; went through a course of business training and is now vice-president in charge of publicity. He married Clarissa Wainwright, and has one daughter, Nancy.

**WAYNE E. BACKUS, M. D.**—Numbered prominently among the physicians of Pitcairn and well known in professional circles of the Pittsburgh metropolitan area, Dr. Wayne E. Backus is a native of this community.

He was born February 24, 1902, son of Frank K. and Rily Alice (Sloan) Backus. His father, a native of Penn Station, Pennsylvania, is engaged as a locomotive engineer in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad System, for which he has worked many years. His mother, also living, was born in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania.

Dr. Backus secured his elementary and secondary academic preparation in the schools of Pitcairn and at Pittsburgh Academy, from which he graduated in 1920, with scholastic standing that was high. He matriculated at Thiel College, Greenville, Pennsylvania, in the fall of that year, took therefrom the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1924, and meanwhile, in 1923, entered the University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine, from which he took the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1927, at the age of twenty-five. For a year he served as interne at Western Pennsylvania Hospital, of Pittsburgh, then returned to the Pitcairn community to practice. He has practiced here through the years succeeding, and has an extended clientele. His reputation increases steadily.

Dr. Backus is a member of the medical associations of county, State and Nation, also being a member of the Valley Medical Society. He became a member of Sadhe Aleph Fraternity at Thiel College, and is a member also of Phi Rho Sigma. In political adherence he supports the principles of the Republican party. He is a communicant of the Lutheran Church.

Dr. Backus married on February 2, 1931, Margaret M. Jones, of Pitcairn, Pennsylvania, daughter of Thomas H. and Margaret (Hunter) Jones. The doctor's offices in Pitcairn are at No. 400 Second Street.

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**LEANDER S. DOUTT**—Merchant, progressive citizen, and man well-known through business circles of the Pittsburgh metropolitan area, Leander S. Doutt has been prominently identified with affairs of Pitcairn for many years.

He was born in Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, in July, 1875, son of Jeremiah and Mary Ann (Wright) Doutt. His father, a stonecutter by trade, was a native of England. Coming to the United States and settling in Pennsylvania, he carried forward his trade, and became a contractor, succeeding roundly at this venture. His death occurred in October, 1896. Mary Ann (Wright) Doutt was born at Beaver County, Pennsylvania, and died in March, 1912.

Leander S. Doutt attended the public schools of Lawrence County, worked on his father's farm until the age of twenty years, then entered the field of general merchandising, with a store at Zelienople, Pennsylvania. The firm name was Doutt Brothers, one of Mr. Doutt's brothers having been a partner. For eight years he continued in the store there, then, with his brother, formed the firm of Doutt Brothers at Butler, Pennsylvania. The store handled, chiefly, a fine line of dry goods. Business was prosperous, and through the activities of Mr. Doutt was largely increased. In 1914 he came to Pitcairn, this time opening a retail establishment without a partner, continuing to deal in dry goods. His business has expanded steadily with the years, and he now employs seven persons to staff the store.

Aside from the mercantile course of his career, Mr. Doutt has interested himself in general business affairs. He is president of the Valley Thrift Corporation of Pitcairn. He is a director and one of the founders of the People's National Bank of Pitcairn, and maintains other comparable connections with financial activity. He is a Republican, staunch supporter of the party's principles. For four years he served on the Town Council. Fraternally, he is affiliated with Lodge No. 993, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, with the Mystic Chain, and Knights of Pythias. He is a communicant of the United Presbyterian Church, and since 1914 has been a member of its official board.

Mr. Doutt married, in June, 1902, Cora Dean, of Butler, Pennsylvania, daughter of Leonard B. and Amy (Foot) Dean, of Rome, New York, both deceased.

Since coming to Pitcairn, Mr. Doutt's business, political and social movements have been of great value to the community as a whole. He is a foremost citizen, and never loses sight of the best interests of Pitcairn.

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**CLARENCE L. LEYDIC, M. D.**—Following in the footsteps of his father, when the time had arrived to decide upon his life's work, Dr. Leydic chose a medical career. Having prepared himself for his professional work at the University of Pittsburgh, he decided to settle in the Pittsburgh district and for more than thirty years has been one of the leading general practitioners of Allegheny County, having been engaged throughout this long period in the practice of his profession at Tarentum. He is active in hospital work, belongs to several professional societies, has at times taken post-graduate courses at some of the leading medical schools of the country, and is also active in the financial, fraternal, social and religious life of the community, where he enjoys the respect and confidence of all who know him.

Clarence L. Leydic was born in Indiana County, Pennsylvania, March 30, 1872, a son of the late Dr. Joseph M. and Margaret (Getty) Leydic. Both his parents were natives of Indiana County. His father secured his medical education and his degree of Doctor of Medicine at the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan, and practiced his profession in Clearfield County, Pennsylvania, until his death. Dr. Clarence L. Leydic received his early education in the public schools of Indiana County, Pennsylvania, attended the Indiana Normal School and after that learned telegraphy,

working then for several years for the Pennsylvania Railroad. Eventually he decided to take up the study of medicine and for that purpose attended the University of Pittsburgh's Medical School, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1897. Ever since then he has been engaged in the general practice of medicine at Tarentum. His offices are now located in the Oppenheimer Building. Since 1900 he has also been the local surgeon for the Pennsylvania Railroad. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and the Allegheny County Medical Society. Dr. Leydic was one of the organizers of the Allegheny Valley Hospital of Tarentum, being a charter member and has served on its staff since organization. At various times during his career he has taken post-graduate work at Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts, and at the Chicago Polyclinic, specializing in diseases of the ear, nose and throat.

In spite of the heavy demand made by his large and constantly growing practice, Dr. Leydic has found it possible to give some attention to business affairs, being vice-president and a director of the First National Bank and Trust Company of Tarentum. During the World War he served in the United States Medical Corps with the rank of captain, and was stationed at Fort Oglethorp, Tennessee. Dr. Leydic is a member of several fraternal organizations, including Pollock Lodge, No. 502, Free and Accepted Masons; Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; Syria Temple, of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; and Tarentum Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He is also a member of the Brackenridge Heights Country Club. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party. His religious affiliation is with the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Dr. Leydic married Alberta F. Loucks, of Tarentum, a daughter of William L. and Matilda Loucks. Dr. and Mrs. Leydic are the parents of one son, Kenneth L. Leydic, who was born in 1892. He is a graduate of Washington and Jefferson College, Washington, Pennsylvania, where he graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then attended the Harvard University Law School, Cambridge, Massachusetts, and, having been admitted to the Allegheny County bar in 1923, he has since then been engaged in the practice of law in Tarentum and Pittsburgh. During the World War he saw service with the Ordnance Department.

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**JOHN URBAN**—Blessed with the heritage of industry that came from a line of pure Teutonic ancestry leading back into misty history, John Urban laid the foundation of a business in wholesale and retail meat products in Pittsburgh that grew in prosperity and gave him comfortable retirement just as he had passed the meridian of life. In many sections of Pennsylvania the German race has been an important factor in developing natural and latent resources and in creating industries essential to modern life. Thorough in all their activities, scrupulously honest and law abiding, industrious and methodically progressive, these men and women have made fine citizens and contributed heavily to the comfort and happiness of the communities in which they have lived. In and about Pittsburgh none have been more helpful than the Urbans and Shaffers, the blood of each being in the veins of the late John Urban. He was a man of keen business ability, deep civic interest and prophetic foresight, the last quality having enabled him to invest in properties that became valuable, yet which, at the time of his acquirement, he was advised not to purchase. His judgment proved sound, for these have since become the centers of trade and residence.

He was born in Pittsburgh, July 9, 1845, a son of Nicholas and Susan (Shaffer) Urban. His parents were born in Germany, married there, and came to the United States in a sailing vessel that took many weeks in crossing the Atlantic. One German-born child accompanied the young couple, who located in Pittsburgh, where Nicholas Urban began life by establishing himself in the meat market business. His place of business was at Wyley Avenue and Tunnel Street, which was at that time a very respectable residential quarter. It was there that he died and for a time thereafter his widow conducted the enterprise, with the help of her son, John, who had learned the business under his father and which he took over when his mother retired. He received a common school education, but supplemented it by reading and intercourse with people in his later years. As his business expanded he added a wholesale department and also established a slaughtering plant on Beatty Street. He accumulated a comfortable competence and considerable real estate and retired in 1909, five years before his death. His property was largely in East Liberty, which has grown greatly in value since he acquired it. He died December 27, 1914.

John Urban married, April 8, 1878, Mary Eburg, daughter of Henry and Mary Eburg, both her parents being natives of Germany. She was the eldest daughter of her parents and was reared in Pittsburgh. Her father was one of the earliest brick building contractors of the city. John and Mary (Eburg) Urban were the parents of nine children: 1. Mary, married Guy Burford. 2. Burnetta. 3. Estella, married John Lang and they are the parents of one child: Mary Urban Lang. 4. Virginia. 5. John, died at the age of nineteen years. 6. Lotta, died at the age of twenty-four years. 7. Harry, married Elizabeth Swindell and they are the parents of four children: John, Alberta, Walter and Bettie. 8. Arthur, married Florence Gray. 9. Alberta.

Mr. Urban took a great satisfaction in seeing the city grow and develop about him and was always active in assisting in its progress. The family residence on Beatty Street was for a long pe-

riod more like the country than the city, but the district has come to be thickly settled, just as he predicted many years ago. He was an amiable man, a good companion, a lover of good music and a genial host and companion. As one of the builders of commercial Pittsburgh he will long be remembered and held in esteem for the good work he did through the course of an active life.

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FRANK PETER GUCKERT—A business man of long experience, Frank Peter Guckert has been associated with the real estate and insurance fields at Homestead, Pennsylvania, for the past thirty years. As proprietor of his own company, he has built up an excellent business in this city, rising to a leading position in the city's commercial life.

Mr. Guckert was born at Newark, Ohio, on May 30, 1867, a son of Anthony Guckert, a manufacturer of store fixtures and special furniture for many years, who died in June, 1902, and of Elizabeth (Schimpf) Guckert, born in Pittsburgh, who died in 1918. The father was born in old Allegheny, now a part of the city of Pittsburgh.

Frank Peter Guckert attended the public schools of Newark, and in 1885 was graduated from Curry Institute in Pittsburgh. Beginning his business career soon afterwards, he became associated with his father in the firm of William Guckert and Company, manufacturers of special furniture. For six years he remained in this connection, learning all details of the manufacture and general operation of the business. At the end of this time he joined his uncle, Frank J. Guckert in a similar enterprise at Pittsburgh, and here he continued for ten years. He then had charge of the woodworking department of the Standard Sanitary Manufacturing Company, on the North Side, Pittsburgh, for three years, at which time this company merged the woodworking department with the Detroit plant. In 1903 Mr. Guckert came to Homestead, in which city he has made his home since that time. Forming a connection with the Homestead Realty Company, he later became manager of their insurance and rent department, a position which he occupied most efficiently during the remainder of his association with the firm, an association which lasted in all for twenty-one years. For some time Mr. Guckert had been considering an independent enterprise and in October, 1923, he was able to put his plans into effective execution, starting in the general insurance, mortgage and real estate business for himself, which he has continued under his own name since that time. His venture was immediately successful as the community was quick to avail itself of his long experience and the excellent service which he offered. He is regarded as one of the keenest judges of property and investment values in this section, and the fine business which he has built up may be taken as a tribute to his standing and ability.

In politics Mr. Guckert is a member of the Republican party, supporting its candidates and measures, while as the standard bearer of this party he served on the City Council here for eight years, from 1916 to 1924. He is also a member of the local Chamber of Commerce and active in all its work. Mr. Guckert is affiliated fraternally with the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, in which he is a member of Allegheny Lodge, No. 339, and holds membership in several other orders including the Fraternal Order of Eagles, the Loyal Order of Moose and the Turners. He is also a member of the Pittsburgh Automobile Club.

Frank Peter Guckert married, in 1902, Margaret Mitchell, of Pittsburgh, a daughter of Thomas and Katharine Mitchell of that city. Mr. and Mrs. Guckert maintain their homestead residence at No. 315 East Eighth Avenue.

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ANDREW D. ENDSLEY—Having connected with the public school system of Tarentum, Allegheny County, within a few years after his graduation from college, Mr. Endsley's service in this connection now covers a period of thirty-one years. He has served successively as a teacher-principal, as supervising principal and as superintendent of public schools, to which latter position he was appointed twenty-six years ago. During his long service at the head of the public schools of Tarentum he has succeeded in building up the school system to a very high degree of efficiency and usefulness and under his able management it has been continuously expanded, to keep step with the increasing need of the community. He is regarded as one of the most able educational administrators in western Pennsylvania and enjoys to a remarkable degree the confidence and liking of the entire community. He has taken a helpful part in many other activities, being prominent in fraternal, religious, and civic work.

Andrew D. Endsley was born in Coshocton County, Ohio, May 16, 1875, a son of John Q. and Isabelle (Elliott) Endsley. His father, who was a farmer, was born in Harrison County, Ohio, in 1825 and died in 1909. His mother was born in Washington County, Pennsylvania, in 1833, and died in March, 1923. Mr. Endsley received his early education in the public schools of his native region and then entered the College of Wooster, Ohio, where he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1898. Next he taught for one year in the high school at Coshocton, Ohio. In 1900 he came to Tarentum, Allegheny County, as teacher-principal of a three-room high school. Three years later, in 1903, he was made supervising principal of the Tarentum elementary schools and, in 1905, he was appointed superintendent of the Tarentum School District, the first to be appointed to this position, which he has held ever since then. At various times during his career he has done post-graduate work at Columbia University, New York City, and at the University of Pittsburgh.

The first public school building in Tarentum

A. D. McSwigan.

was erected in 1841. It was a single room frame building which served the needs of the community until 1855, when a four-room brick building was built on the site where the present modern high school now stands. The first high school was built in 1900 at the corner of Corbet and East Ninth Avenue and was used as a high school until 1927. The present high school, known as Grandview High School, was built in 1915, but was used as an elementary school until 1927. In that year it was remodeled, its capacity being doubled and an auditorium being added. W. A. Swick is its principal. The total school enrollment in the public schools of Tarentum today is 1,900, while the staff of teachers numbers sixty-two.

Mr. Endsley is a member of the educational fraternity, Phi Delta Kappa, as well as of Phi Delta Theta Fraternity. He is also a member of Pollock Lodge, No. 502, Free and Accepted Masons. In politics he is a Republican. His religious affiliation is with the First Presbyterian Church of Tarentum, of which he is chairman of the building committee in charge of the work for the erection of the new church. He also takes an active part in the work of the local Young Men's Christian Association, of which he is a director. Mr. Endsley is married and the father of two children: 1. Robert Gray, born in June, 1907, was graduated from the University of Pittsburgh Law School in 1931. 2. Jane Endsley, born in July, 1914, was graduated from Tarentum High School in 1931.

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**ANDREW STEPHEN McSWIGAN**—Catering to the outdoor amusement of the people, Andrew Stephen McSwigan built up the largest and most popular amusement park in western Pennsylvania. He understood the public requirements and met them in every detail in his development of Kennywood Park, the favorite recreational resort of Greater Pittsburgh. His high standards of clean, wholesome entertainment and amusement were quickly appreciated and the success of the resort has been the profitable result. His attainments in this line were illustrated during the World War, when he served overseas for eight months as assistant commissioner of the Knights of Columbus with Colonel John Hawkins. In that period he had direct charge of all entertainments and athletics and was twice decorated by the French Government, one of these being Officier de l'Instruction Publique, which gives membership in the Academy, the highest honor France can bestow upon a civilian. He was a man who made friends wherever he went and held them permanently. He was prominently identified with many public activities and did much notable work for the American Red Cross and in the interests of the Boy Scouts of America. In fact, there were few worthy causes with which he was not closely affiliated and in all he gave splendid assistance. His death removed a fine citizen, whose memory will linger long and pleasantly, while in beautiful Kennywood Park a memorial, erected by the National Amusement Association of which he was president, speaks eloquently of the affection and esteem in which he was held by the people of Pittsburgh.

He was born in the old Sixth Ward of Pittsburgh, November 5, 1865, a son of Henry and Mary (Crowley) McSwigan. His father was a well-known business man and died here in 1874. Andrew Stephen McSwigan was educated in the public and parochial schools, and when he was fourteen years of age began the study of telegraphy in the Western Union office at Fifth Avenue and Wood Street. He subsequently worked as an operator for the Western Union, the Pennsylvania Railroad and the Allegheny Baseball Club of the old American Association. In 1885 he left this line and entered the newspaper field in the employ of his brother-in-law, Frank Higgins, one of the owners and managing editor of the old "Commercial-Gazette," later the "Gazette-Times," who put him to work as a reporter, a position from which he rose to be city editor of the "Post." While working as a reporter on the "Post," he was sent to cover the Johnstown flood and his ability as a telegrapher enabled him to send his own stories by wire and also to help brother reporters in getting the news through rapidly. It was at this time that he met Clara Barton, head of the American Red Cross, and became much interested in the work of that organization, an interest that continued throughout his life. From his work on the "Post," he succeeded Morgan E. Gable as correspondent in the Pittsburgh industrial territory for a number of out-of-town newspapers and later was made public manager for the Philadelphia Company and manager of the amusement parks conducted by the traction company and also of Duquesne Garden, an ice skating rink of wide popularity. In 1906 he organized the Kennywood Amusement Park and became its president. It was Mr. McSwigan who originated the plan of encouraging the use of such parks for school picnics and other outdoor meetings of organizations. In December, 1921, he was appointed to the unsalaried Board of Education, consisting of fifteen members, and was immediately made a member of the board's finance and instruction committees. He became very active in the work and was so engaged at the time of his death. He served as vice-president of the Pittsburgh Chapter of the American Red Cross and as chairman of the first aid division of that organization. He was a member of the Chamber of Commerce and of its rivers and harbors committee; member of the Oakland Board of Trade; president of the Cathedral Chapter, National Council of Catholic Men; charter member and chairman of St. Paul's Cathedral Church Committee; a charter and life member and past-president of the Pittsburgh Press Club; past-president of the Johnstown Flood Correspondents' Association; charter member of the Columbus Club; life member of the Pittsburgh Athletic Association; member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians; acting scoutmaster of the Boy Scouts of America; member of the Pittsburgh Art Society, the Western Pennsylvania

Historical Society and other organizations, and was also, by appointment of Governor John K. Tener, a member of the Lake Erie and Ohio River Canal Board. He was the first president of the National Amusement Association of the United States and was serving as such at the time of his death. His death occurred in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, January 12, 1923.

Andrew Stephen McSwigan married, November 26, 1890, Genevieve M. Brady, daughter of Peter and Elizabeth (Farmerie) Brady, an old and respected Pittsburgh family. Their children were: 1. Elizabeth, married Dr. Thomas R. Quinn, and they are the parents of two sons: Thomas Ryan, Jr., and Andrew McSwigan Ryan. 2. Andrew Brady, married Katherine Bowler; and they are the parents of four children: Katherine, Marjorie, Joan Keeling and Genevieve Brady, the latter two being twins. 3. Marie. 4. Genevieve. 5. Katherine Louise.

On the occasion of Mr. McSwigan's death the Pittsburgh "Chronicle-Telegraph" paid him an editorial tribute, of which the following is an excerpt:

> His death has shocked an unusually wide circle of friends and acquaintances and has removed one who served his community well in many and different ways. Mere mention of his principal public activities suffices to show the loss suffered in the passing of this sterling citizen at the height of his career of usefulness. The busiest of men, he always seemed to find time for one more task when it was placed squarely in his path of duty. He had a wonderful capacity for friendship and his example of devoted public service influenced many others to also give up a portion of their time and energy to the public good. Pittsburgh newspaper workers feel a special sense of loss, for he was for many years one of their number and always maintained cordial relations with members of the craft, recognizing the part played by his early training in the making of his successful career.

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**LAWRENCE EDWARD VAN KIRK, D. D. S.**—Having decided, when the time had arrived to choose his life's work, to follow in his father's footsteps, Dr. Van Kirk chose the career of a dental surgeon. After careful preparation, he established himself in active practice in Pittsburgh and has become one of its most successful dentists. His high professional standing is indicated by his being a Fellow of the American College of Dentists and his having held high office in several dental organizations. Since the completion of his dental studies, he has given a considerable share of his time to teaching, as a member of the faculty of the Dental School of the University of Pittsburgh. In many other directions, too, Dr. Van Kirk is active in the life of the city, which has been his home during the greater part of his life.

Lawrence Edward Van Kirk was born in Freeport, Pennsylvania, May 6, 1895, a son of the late Dr. Thomas C. and Ada (Hathaway) Van Kirk. His father was a well-known dentist and practiced in Pittsburgh from 1895 until his death in 1921. Dr. Van Kirk's maternal grandfather, Thomas Newton Hathaway, served as a sergeant in the 15th Pennsylvania Cavalry during the Civil War. Two of his paternal uncles likewise participated in this conflict, both losing their lives in battle. Dr. Van Kirk received his early education in the public grammar and high schools and, having graduated from the Allegheny High School, continued his studies at Washington & Jefferson College, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1916. He then took up the study of dentistry at the Dental School of the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1919. In 1930 the University of Pittsburgh conferred upon him the degree of Master of Science. After the completion of his course at the University of Pittsburgh's Dental School, Dr. Van Kirk established himself in the active practice of his profession in Pittsburgh. His offices in recent years are located in Suite No. 6050, Jenkins Arcade, the headquarters of many of the leading dentists of Pittsburgh. In 1929 he was made a Fellow of the American College of Dentists. He is president of the Downtown Chapter of the Odontological Society, and a member of several committees in both the Western Pennsylvania Dental Society and the Pennsylvania State Dental Society. He is also a member and the secretary of the Pittsburgh Section of the International Association of Dental Research. Since 1920 he has been a member of the staff of the Presbyterian Hospital of Pittsburgh. Dr. Van Kirk has continued to maintain close professional relations with his *alma mater,* having been an instructor in the Dental School of the University of Pittsburgh since 1919, his special subjects being bacteriology and histology. He is a member of the Pennsylvania Academy of Science, the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the honorary scholastic fraternity of Omicron Kappa Upsilon, the dental fraternity of Psi Omega, the Washington and Jefferson Chapter of Phi Delta Theta Fraternity, the Faculty Club at the University of Pittsburgh, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the following Masonic organizations: Loyalty Lodge, No. 696, Free and Accepted Masons; Bellefield Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Ascalon Commandery, Knights Templar; Mount Moriah Council, Royal and Select Masters; Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member of the Enlisted Reserve Corps and of Manchester Post, No. 60, American Legion. His religious affiliation is with the First Baptist Church of Pittsburgh, in the work of which he takes an active part. His interest in religious affairs also finds expression in his service on the board of directors of the Pittsburgh Baptist Association.

Dr. Van Kirk married, at Baltimore, Maryland, October 20, 1924, Virginia Reams, a native of Richmond, Virginia. Dr. and Mrs. Van Kirk make their home at No. 3012 Norwood Avenue,

North Side, Pittsburgh, and have two children: Virginia Hathaway, and Lawrence E., Jr., the latter born in 1928.

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**ELMER I. HEPLER**—A resident of Tarentum, Allegheny County, since 1913, Mr. Hepler at first was manager of a local piano store, but since 1914 has been successfully established in the garage and automobile business under his own name. He is the local agent for the well-known Dodge motor cars and, since 1923, he has also represented the Packard motor cars. His garage is one of the most modern and completely equipped in Tarentum and enjoys a large and profitable patronage. Mr. Hepler is well known for his business ability, his energy, and his consistent practice of fair dealing.

Elmer I. Hepler was born in Armstrong County, Pennsylvania, November 10, 1885, a son of the late Jacob C. and Margaret (Henry) Hepler. His father, born in Clarion County, Pennsylvania, in 1833, died in February, 1911, a farmer. His mother, also a native of Clarion County, Pennsylvania, died in April, 1929. Mr. Hepler was educated in the public schools of his native region and followed farming until 1904. At that time he came to Pittsburgh, where he was connected with various insurance companies as a salesman until 1913. In that year he settled in Tarentum, Allegheny County, and has been a resident and respected business man there ever since. The first year and a half of his residence in Tarentum he was manager of the Frederick piano store. In 1914 he started in the garage and automobile business under his own name at No. 207 Wood Street, becoming the local sales agent for the Dodge automobiles. In 1922 he erected a new and modern garage and office building at No. 139 East Sixth Street, where he was located until 1930. He is now located in the one hundred block on Seventh Avenue. He is still the Dodge agent, but since 1923 he has also had the Packard agency. His business has enjoyed a steady growth and he employs on the average of five people.

In politics Mr. Hepler is a supporter of the Republican party. In January, 1927, he was elected a member of the Tarentum Town Council, on which he still serves. He is a member of Lodge No. 644, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; Lodge No. 587, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and the Brackenridge Heights Country Club. His religious affiliation is with the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Mr. Hepler married, in September, 1908, Mary C. Forster, of Aspinwall, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Herman F. and Ida C. (Freehling) Forster. Mr. and Mrs. Hepler are the parents of two children: 1. E. Forster, born in October, 1910. 2. M. Catherine, born in December, 1913.

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**WILLIAM EDWARD LAWSON, M. D.**—For more than thirty years actively engaged in the practice of his profession, Dr. William Edward Lawson is one of the foremost physicians and surgeons in the community of Homestead, where he has had offices since entering medicine. Specialist in X-ray work, his reputation in this field is large, making him well known to the medical fraternity of Greater Pittsburgh. His record is marked for accomplishment.

Dr. Lawson was born near Wildwood, in Allegheny County, April 29, 1872, son of James N. and Frances (Osborne) Lawson. The family long has been resident in Pennsylvania. James N. Lawson, native of Pittsburgh, was born in 1842, and his death occurred in 1900. He was a contractor engaged in operations of the plumbing and heating trades, a man highly regarded for business acumen and character. Frances (Osborne) Lawson was a native of Allegheny County, and died in 1877.

Dr. Lawson early became identified with affairs of Homestead, for here he attended public school, graduating from high school in 1889 with markings indicative of scholastic ability. For two years, then, he did clerical work, then entered Western Pennsylvania Medical College, of Pittsburgh, from which he took the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1897. Since that year he has practiced medicine here. Since 1914 he has specialized in X-ray work. He is a member of the Staff of Homestead Hospital, for which institution he does all work connected with the X-ray. He is a member of the County, State and American Medical societies, of several radiological societies, and takes a consistent interest in all matters of citizenship having bearing on the profession. Since 1914 he has been president of the Homestead Board of Health, his service in office having been most worthy. Since 1903 he has been a member of the Homestead School Board, being its president since 1926. In this connection also he is of valued service to the community. He is a Republican. Fraternally active, he is a member of Lodge No. 582, Free and Accepted Masons; of Duquesne Commandery, Knights Templar; of Georgeous Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He belongs to Homestead Chapter, No. 1049, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; is a communicant of the Christian Church, supports all worthy movements of charity coming to his attention as deserving, and during the World War assisted in the several patriotic campaigns. Aside from his professional activity, he has financial connections in the business field, being a director of the Lawson Manufacturing Company of Pittsburgh, manufacturers of stoves and water heaters. His offices are at No. 814 Ann Street, Homestead.

In June, 1901, Dr. Lawson was united in marriage with Ida B. Scott, of Somerset County, Pennsylvania, daughter of Noah and Margaret (Ferguson) Scott. Of this union were born the following children: Mildred S., and a son, William, who died at the age of fifteen years.

**THOMAS NEY HAZLITT**—After several years spent in farming and railroad work, Mr. Hazlitt, as a young man of some twenty-two years, entered the employ of the Wilkinsburg Electric Company, in 1891. Since then he has been connected continuously with this company and its successors, his ability and consistent devotion to his duties gaining him frequent promotions to positions of ever-increasing importance and responsibility. In his present position he has charge of five districts and directs the work of some one hundred and forty men, his long previous experience and his exceptional ability and knowledge of the electrical business enabling him to fill the varied duties with great efficiency. For many years a resident of McKeesport, he is prominently active in civic affairs, and he is also a member of several clubs and fraternal organizations. Not only is he widely and favorably known in the Pittsburgh District as one of the most capable men in the electric power and light industry, but he is also greatly admired for his many fine qualities, among which should be especially mentioned his courage and unselfishness. Of these he gave proof, in 1911, by rescuing one of the employees of the company who had come into contact with a highly charged wire.

Thomas Ney Hazlitt was born at Clarkesburg, Pennsylvania, April 13, 1869, a son of Samuel M. and Mary Louise (Clark) Hazlitt. He was educated in the public schools of Indiana County and then followed farming for a short time, after which he was connected for another short period with the West Penn branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad. In August, 1891, he came to Pittsburgh and entered the employ of the Wilkinsburg Electric Company. His first positions was as fireman in the Wilkinsburg plant, which he held from August 23, 1891, until April, 1894, when he was promoted to engineer. Four years later, in 1898, he was again promoted, this time to the position of chief engineer. In 1901 he became sub-station attendant, a position he held one year, when he was made superintendent of the Wilkinsburg district, succeeding Mr. John J. Jennings. In 1906 he was transferred to the McKeesport district, of which he was superintendent until April, 1925, when he was made superintendent of the Eastern Division, covering five districts. In each of these positions Mr. Hazlitt proved himself an exceptionally able and trustworthy official and, December 15, 1928, he was again promoted to the position of superintendent of operations of the Eastern Division. His headquarters now are located at No. 139 Atlantic Avenue, McKeesport. He is one of the capable and most popular officials of the Duquesne Light Company. Since coming to McKeesport he has taken an active and effective part in civic affairs. He is a member of the Chamber of Commerce and of the Rotary Club, of both of which he is also a director, as well as of the Contact Club of Pittsburgh, and of the McKeesport Safety Council, of which he is a past president. He has been prominently active in fraternal affairs for many years. His Masonic memberships include McKeesport Lodge, No. 641, Free and Accepted Masons; McKeesport Chapter, No. 82, Royal Arch Masons; McKeesport Commandery, No. 86, Knights Templar; and Syria Temple of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member also of Wilkinsburg Lodge, No. 676, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of Wilkinsburg Encampment, No. 282. His religious affiliation is with the First Baptist Church of McKeesport, and of this church he has been a trustee for several years. During the World War he was active in the various patriotic movements of that period.

In May, 1911, Mr. Hazlitt showed his presence of mind, his courage and his unselfishness by promptly coming to the rescue of one of the company's inspectors, who had been brought into contact with a highly charged electric wire. At the risk of his life Mr. Hazlitt came to the aid of this man, his prompt action saving the latter's life, though he himself was badly shocked and thrown to the ground so heavily that he broke one of his arms and dislocated his shoulder. In recognition of this admirable action he was awarded one of the medals annually given by the Carnegie Hero Fund to people who have displayed unusual courage and heroism.

Mr. Hazlitt married, February 25, 1903, Sophia Elizabeth Booher of Armstrong County, Pennsylvania, daughter of Jacob and Sarah (Bowser) Booher. Mr. and Mrs. Hazlitt are the parents of one son, Edwin Ney Hazlitt, who was graduated from the University of Pittsburgh with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1928. He was connected for two years with the engineering department of the Duquesne Light Company, and is now in the engineering and sales department of the Coppeweld Company, of Glassport, Pennsylvania. He is a thirty-second degree Mason; member of McKeesport Lodge, No. 641, Pittsburgh Consistory of the Scottish Rite, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

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**JOHN TAYLOR ANDERSON**—Having learned the planing mill business with an older brother, Mr. Anderson at the age of thirty-one years established himself in the planing mill and lumber business at Oakmont under his own name. For twenty-seven years he successfully operated this enterprise and then for the next five years engaged in the boat building business and acted as the local representative of a large boat concern. Since 1925 he has been president of the Willows Beach Company, a company organized by him, which under his very able and enterprising management has developed a very popular pleasure resort in Oakmont. One of its chief attractions is a large swimming pool built by Mr. Anderson and considered the finest and largest in this section of the country. He has been for many years one of the leaders in the financial, civic and social life

of the community, of which he is one of the highly respected members.

John Taylor Anderson was born in Old Allegheny, Allegheny County, January 11, 1862, a son of the late Matthew and Sarah (Robinson) Anderson. Both his parents were natives of Belfast, Ireland, having come to this country in their youth. His father, who was a carpenter, died in 1909, his mother in 1911. Mr. Anderson was educated in the public schools of his native town and then went to work for an older brother, William Anderson, in whose planing mill in Old Allegheny he learned the planing mill and lumber business in the most thorough manner. He continued with his brother for five years and then became superintendent for L. Benzson Brothers, well known contractors and builders on the South Side. In 1893 he severed his connection with this firm and established himself in the planing mill and lumber business in Oakmont under his own name. He continued actively and successfully in this business until 1920, when he retired from it. At that time he organized the Oakmont Motor and Boat Company and engaged in the building of boats, representing at the same time a well-known boat concern as its sole agent in the Oakmont district. He continued as president of this company until 1925, when he organized the Willows Beach Company, of which he became president. He built a large swimming pool, measuring 125 by 350 feet. Of cement construction, it is one of the largest and most modern swimming pools in western Pennsylvania. It has enjoyed a very large and profitable patronage, having handled as many as 6,000 people in one day. Located on Washington Avenue, Oakmont, it has proven an excellent investment for Mr. Anderson, and has played an important part in supplying the community and nearby places with healthful amusement and exercise.

Mr. Anderson has always taken an active part in the civic life of Oakmont. He was one of the organizers of the First National Bank, of which he has been a director since its formation. For four terms he has served as president of the Oakmont Town Council and for two years as vice-president of the Oakmont Chamber of Commerce. He is one of the charter members of the Oakmont Boat Club, of which he was Commodore for four years, and he also helped to organize the Valley Heights Country Club, of which he was president in 1929 and 1930. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party. His religious affiliation is with the United Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Anderson married, March 17, 1887, Anna Mary Glover, of Pittsburgh, a daughter of Robert and Mary (Stinson) Glover. Mr. and Mrs. Anderson are the parents of one son, William Pressly Anderson, born in May, 1892; he is a graduate of Pittsburgh Academy, class of 1908, and is associated with his father in the management of the Willows Beach Company being vice-president and manager. William Pressly Anderson married, on December 21, 1912, Sadybelle Clark, of Pittsburgh, and they are the parents of four children: Sadybelle, Irma, John T., II, and William Pressly.

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**JAMES A. WALSH, M. D.**—A practicing physician at Homestead for several years, and associated with Dr. Charles F. Bietsch, specialist in gynecology at Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh, Dr. James A. Walsh is well known among the younger medical men in the Pittsburgh section. His thorough preparation for his career and devotion to the highest ideals of the profession, have won the confidence of the community and assisted him in building up the excellent reputation and practice which he now enjoys.

Dr. Walsh was born at Homestead, on September 25, 1898, a son of James P. Walsh, born in England in 1863, a steel worker, and of Mary (Donoghue) Walsh, born in Ireland in 1869.

James A. Walsh attended the public schools of Munhall, Pennsylvania, and was graduated from the high school in 1915. For a year after that he worked in the steel mills, and then entered the University of Pittsburgh, where he remained until the United States entered the World War. At that time he enlisted in his country's cause, serving in the Medical Unit of the 181st Depot Brigade, at Base Hospital No. 27 in France. He remained overseas for eighteen months, receiving his discharge at the conclusion of hostilities in April, 1919.

When Dr. Walsh returned to civil life, he continued his university training at Franklin and Marshall College, from which he was graduated in 1922. Thereafter he undertook the course of study in medicine at the Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia, receiving his Doctor of Medicine degree in 1925. For a year he was a member of the staff of Mercy Hospital in Pittsburgh as an interne, returning to Jefferson Medical College at the end of that time for a post-graduate course in pathology. During this period he also acted as quiz master for the juniors of the school. Dr. Walsh returned to Pittsburgh to begin his professional work and here became associated with Dr. Charles F. Bietsch, specialist in gynecology. He also established a private general practice at Homestead, where he maintains his residence at No. 201 East Eighth Avenue. In the several years of his professional activity here, he has become widely known, winning his way to the front rank of medical practitioners. Dr. Walsh is a member of the Pathology Society, of Philadelphia, and a member of the County, Pennsylvania State and American Medical associations.

In politics he is a supporter of Republican principles and candidates, maintaining a warm interest in civic and governmental advance in spite of the demands of his profession upon him. Dr. Walsh is a liberal contributor to worthy causes, both of his time and substance. He worships in the faith of the Roman Catholic Church, attending St. Mary's Church of this denomination at Homestead.

**LEE STEWART SMITH**—The late founder and president of the Lee S. Smith Dental Company, Lee Stewart Smith, had a life replete of notable accomplishment. He was born at Cadiz, Ohio, on April 24, 1844, son of the Rev. Wesley Smith of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and grandson of the Rev. Stewart Smith, who had the distinction of being licensed to preach by John Wesley. The family, we may note, has been Protestant back to Luther's time, Catholic since Cromwell's day, and Methodist from John Wesley's visit to Ireland. Rev. Stewart Smith preached for fifty years, engaging also as manufacturer of Irish linen, as a writer of legal documents, and as a teacher. It was in 1816 that the family came to America, settling near Bethany, Virginia. Rev. Wesley Smith, son of Stewart, spent fifty-two years in the Methodist ministry, preaching in Virginia, West Virginia, Ohio, and Pennsylvania. Such was the family and religious background of the late Lee Stewart Smith.

Lee Stewart Smith attended the public schools of Ohio until he came to Pittsburgh at the age of eighteen years. That was in 1862. Here he attended Duff's Mercantile College, served a contract period in a dental office, and left his professional work to enlist in the 1st Battalion, Pennsylvania Artillery. When that organization was mustered out he reënlisted with the 101st Volunteer Infantry and served until the close of the war. Returning to Pittsburgh in July, 1865, he reëngaged in the dental profession as business executive, and in 1866 purchased the stock of a dental supply house which had been operated with fair success and which Mr. Smith was able to buy on notes. Through his sound executive management, vision and continued application to his responsibilities, the business grew until few dentists in the Pittsburgh area now are unfamiliar with its workings.

Aside from business, he spent his life at other very worthy undertakings, notably in support of the Methodist Episcopal Church and the works of the Masonic Order, in which he held the coveted thirty-third degree. He began his Masonic career at the age of twenty-two, with Franklin Lodge, No. 221, Free and Accepted Masons, Pittsburgh. He was first Worshipful Master of Bellevue Lodge, No. 530, at Bellevue, but retained his membership in the Pittsburgh lodge, also belonging to the Duquesne Chapter, No. 193, Royal Arch Masons; Allegheny Council, No. 38, Royal and Select Masters; the Red Cross of Constantine, and was a charter member and Most Puissant Sovereign of Premiere Council. He received his Scottish Rite degrees in the the Valley of Pittsburgh; served as Senior Warden in the Council of Princes of Jerusalem for fourteen years until 1896, and then was elected Illustrious Commander and Chief of the Pennsylvania Consistory. For three years he held the office, meanwhile, in 1890 at Cleveland, having been granted the thirty-third degree. At that time he became Sovereign Grand Inspector General of the Supreme Council, Northern Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States. At Boston, in September, 1912, he became a member of the Provincial Grand Lodge of the Royal Order of Scotland. Mr. Smith was past president of the Masonic Veterans' Association of Western Pennsylvania, charter member of the National Masonic Research Society, and active as a member of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He distinguished himself most signally in Chivalric Masonry, holding nearly every official post to that of Acting Grand Master of the Grand Encampment, Knights Templar, United States. He was elected Grand Master on June 22, 1916, to preside over two hundred and fifty thousand Knights. He belonged to the Duquesne Club, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, and Grand Army of the Republic.

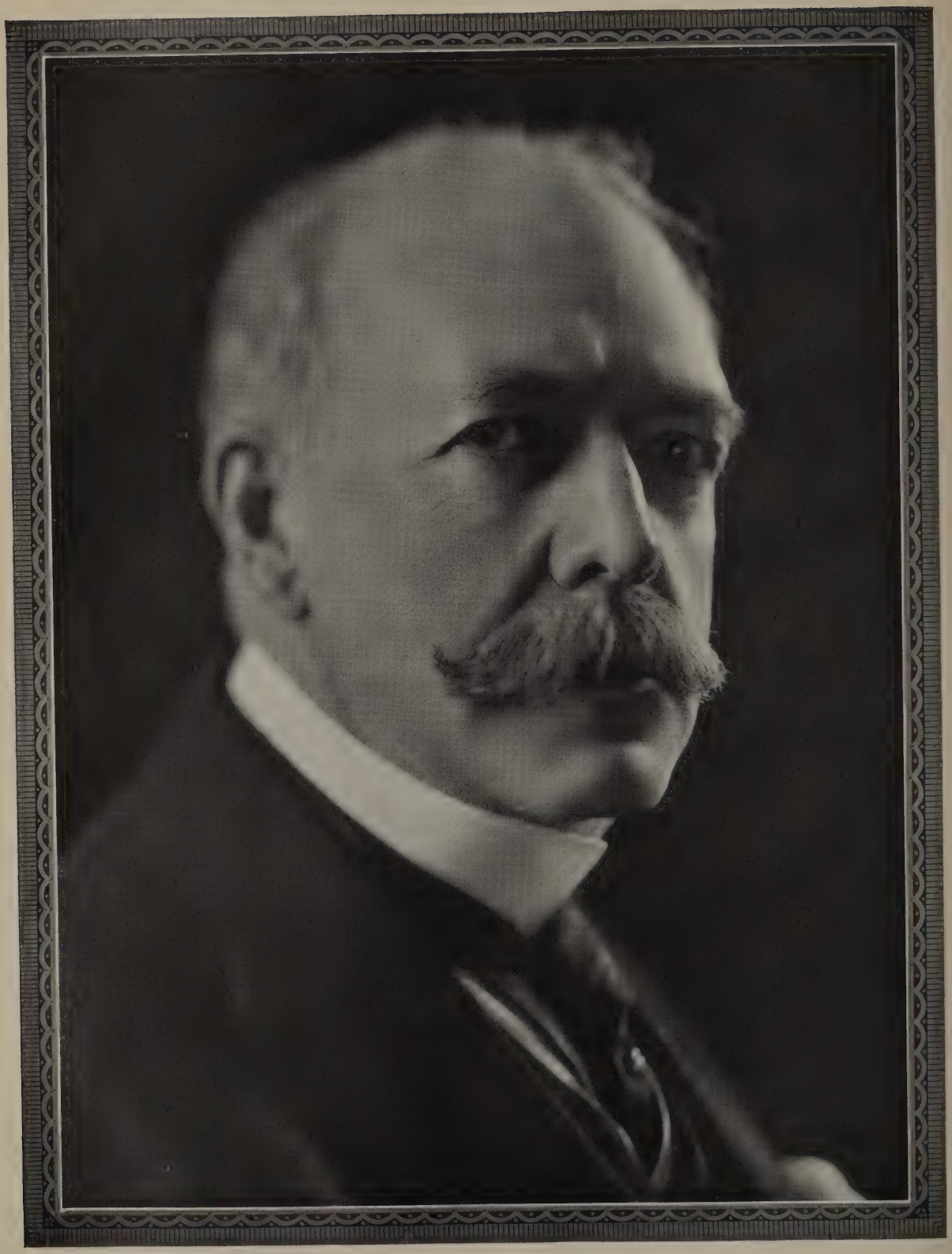
On June 23, 1923, Mr. Smith was presented with a bronze bust by the American Dental Trade Association; and this bust he willed to the Masonic Fund Society of Pittsburgh. Very active in the Methodist Episcopal Church, his connection began with this denomination when he was sixteen. Gifted as a writer, he coupled this gift with his intense interest in the church, and when he traveled made voluminous notes, which, subsequently, he made into books. Further, he lectured often on his travels, and two of his best known volumes probably are: "Through Egypt to Palestine," and, "Around the World Toward the Westering Sun." Numbers of his writings appeared in the Pittsburgh "Christian Advocate." One of these was titled, "Should the Church Change Her Views," the conclusion being: "Let us seek to live right and to assist others to do so, no matter if we cannot agree upon minor points of belief, resting assured of the truth of the Bible and that God will accept such service." For his lectures he never took money, as he preferred to give the lectures for the benefit of church or charity. He also wrote some verse of a religious character.

For twenty-five years, a full quarter-century, Mr. Smith served as a director of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce. He was president of the body two terms. The business, fraternal and religious circles of the city knew him well and respected him—as indeed did every person coming into contact with his lovable personality. Always he was willing to lend a helping hand; always he was cheerful, a man whose life was mirrored in deeds.

Lee Stewart Smith married (first), October 15, 1868, Agnes Wolf; and she died in 1905, leaving a son, Wesley Linford Smith, born in Pittsburgh, December 1, 1869. He married and had two children: Linn Allen and Agnes Louise Smith.

Lee Stewart Smith married (second), in 1912, Mrs. Mary C. Applegate, who survives him and is an active member of the church.

Among the verses written and left behind by



Lee Stewart Smith is the following one, very appropriate to the memory of his life and works:

As we step one by one out of life's open door,
May we each safely land on eternity's shore,
And hear our dear Father, when our life's race is done,
Pronounce the glad welcome, "Well done, well done!"

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**CHARLES R. STONE**—Since Charles R. Stone became head of the public schools of Munhall, expansion of facilities has been extended to keep in pace with expansion of enrollment. He has cared for the system in this growth in the most devoted manner possible, making the excellence of each unit his delight, and regarding the whole as a partially fulfilled wish for an ideal borne consistently in mind.

Mr. Stone was born at Geneva, Ohio, April 14, 1885, son of Randolph Henry and Vivian (Watkins) Stone. His father and mother both were natives of Geneva. His father, a machinist by trade and a man highly respected for character and ability, died in 1912; his mother's death occurred in 1890, when Mr. Stone was five years old.

In the public schools of Geneva and Cleveland, Ohio, he secured his academic preparation for advanced studies, graduating from high school in Geneva in 1903, with markings indicative of scholastic excellence. He matriculated in Oberlin College, took the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1907, and immediately set about his career as an educator. Mr. Stone did post-graduate work at the University of Chicago, also at Wisconsin, Michigan, and Pittsburgh; and he received his Master of Arts degree in education at the University of Pittsburgh in 1929.

Mr. Stone's first post was as teacher and principal at Bathgate, North Dakota, in the high school. For a year he was at Bathgate, then spent three years at Ritzville, Washington, as principal of the high school and superintendent of schools. Then, for three years more, he served as superintendent of the schools at Coldwater, Michigan, leaving the post to become principal of the high school at Jacksonville, Illinois, for a year. In 1915 he came to Munhall, and has been here since, as superintendent of the schools.

The Munhall school district includes seven graded schools and one high school. The high school, or what is now the central part of the building, was erected in 1904. A year after Mr. Stone became superintendent the west wing was completed; and in 1922 an east wing had its completion. There are thirty-one class rooms in the senior high school, with an auditorium, library, and two gymnasiums. In 1931 another addition to the central high school was completed. This affords eight class rooms: music, art, and home economics work rooms. In 1932 the Woodlawn Avenue Junior High School taking care of grades seventh, eighth and ninth was completed. This $300,000 building has eighteen class rooms, library, auditorium (seven hundred capacity), and gymnasium. The first school founded in this neighborhood was in 1790, and was known as the Neck School. From that time progress, in pace with population and improved methods of education, has been steady; but it was not until the turn of the century, and more especially not until Mr. Stone's coming, that this progress quickened perceptibly. The present staff of teachers numbers fifty-three, and enrollment is approximately fifteen hundred. As head of the system, Mr. Stone holds respected position among superintendents of the State.

He is a Republican, and supports the party's principles with consistency. Fraternally, he is identified with the Free and Accepted Masons, being a member of Lodge No. 582; of Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He also belongs to Phi Delta Kappa Fraternity. He is a communicant of the Presbyterian Church of Munhall. In this church he is an active member, organist, and director of the choir.

Mr. Stone married, in 1914, Maude L. Fox, of Coldwater, Michigan, daughter of Willis H. and Elma Fox. They have a son, Charles Reynard, who was born October 1, 1920.

Well known in educational circles of the State, Mr. Stone is highly regarded by colleagues of the Pittsburgh educational area. During the approximately seventeen years of his direction the schools of Munhall have demonstrated a fine progress—not demonstrated so much in expansion of buildings and enrollment as in the minds of graduates from high school, the citizens of tomorrow, who owe a debt which cannot be repaid to those who taught.

Mr. Stone's work absorbs his interest constantly. He sees behind it the vision of still finer perfection. What he is accomplishing redounds to the benefit of mankind.

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**THOMAS CLIFTON JENKINS**—For considerably more than three decades Mr. Jenkins has taken a leading part in the business, financial and civic life of his native city, Pittsburgh. During all these years he has been prominently active with outstanding success as a business executive and financier. However, he is, perhaps, best known as the head of the Jenkins Arcade Company, owners of one of the outstanding business and professional buildings of Pittsburgh. Most centrally located, modern in every respect and in the very heart of commercial Pittsburgh, this building has long been known as the headquarters of a very large number of leading physicians and dentists, though many business concerns, too, maintain their offices here. Through its efficient management Mr. Jenkins has constantly made an important contribution to the prosperity of Pittsburgh, which, as well as its growth, he has also furthered in many other ways.

Thomas C. (T. Clifton) Jenkins was born in Pittsburgh, November 22, 1869, son of Thomas C. and Eleanor Katherine (Elliotte) Jenkins. On his

father's side his ancestry is Welsh, on that of his mother, English. Mr. Jenkins' father was for many years the head of one of the largest flour and wholesale grocery concerns in the United States. After having received his early education in the Third Ward School in Allegheny, now North Side, Pittsburgh, Mr. Jenkins then attended Trinity Hall at Washington, Pennsylvania, and still further prepared himself for college at the Preparatory Department of what was then Western University of Pennsylvania, but is now the University of Pittsburgh. Next he entered Harvard College in the class of 1892 and, having completed the academic course, he studied law at the Harvard Law School, from which latter he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1894. Immediately afterwards he returned to Pittsburgh and became actively associated with his father's business. Upon his father's retirement, in 1907, the firm was continued by Mr. Jenkins in partnership with his brother, Edward E. Jenkins. In 1918 the business was incorporated under the name of Thomas C. Jenkins, Mr. Jenkins becoming president at that time, a position he continued to hold until 1920, when the business was transferred to B. H. Voscamp's Sons, Incorporated, of Pittsburgh. In the same year the Jenkins Arcade Company was incorporated to take over the Jenkins Arcade Building and other properties of Mr. Jenkins and his family and Mr. Jenkins himself was elected president of the company. This position he still holds and during the last decade he has given the greater part of his time to the very successful management of the Jenkins Arcade and his other large real estate holdings in Pittsburgh. He is also a director of the Bank of Pittsburgh, the National Association, and of the Fidelity Trust Company of Pittsburgh and he has served as a director of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce.

The Jenkins Arcade Building covers an acre of ground and is eight stories in height. The plot of ground occupied by it is a business center not only of Greater Pittsburgh, but of an area within a radius of one hundred miles of Pittsburgh, containing some six million people, who dwell in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and certain parts of West Virginia. Almost every important street car line and bus route pass the building and the few that do not pass directly are only a block or two away. Every through automobile route converts on the building and the railway stations are all within walking distance. The Jenkins Arcade Building is generally regarded as the largest and finest arcade store and office building in the United States. Its thousand offices are served by ten unusually large passenger elevators and two freight elevators, and the rapidity of the service is unique. It has almost seven hundred tenants, of whom over two hundred and ninety-five are physicians and dentists, all of them specialists of prominence. Thus it has become what is most likely the largest medical office building in the world. It is also one of the greatest arcade buildings in the world. Its main arcade is three stories in height, with shops on all three floors. On it and on the transverse arcade one hundred and two distinctive stores and shops front. Through this avenue, connecting Fifth and Liberty avenues with Tenth Avenue and Stanwix Street, pass more than eighty thousand people daily. It is not only the connection between two high class shopping districts of Pittsburgh, but an exclusive shopping centre in itself.

Mr. Jenkins' clubs include the Duquesne, Union, Pittsburgh Athletic, Pittsburgh Country, University, Longue Vue Country, Harvard-Yale-Princeton Club, Harvard Club of Western Pennsylvania, all of Pittsburgh, and the Harvard Club of New York City. In politics he is an independent, while his religious affiliations are with the Protestant Episcopal Church, and more particularly with Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church of Pittsburgh. His business offices are in the Jenkins Arcade Building, while his family home is located at No. 801 Morewood Avenue, Pittsburgh. Mr. Jenkins also maintains a summer home at Spring Lake, New Jersey.

In 1896, Mr. Jenkins married Clara Horton Shaw of Boston, Massachusetts. Mr. and Mrs. Jenkins had three children: Alfred E., deceased; Elizabeth E., and Clara D.

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**JOSEPH M. DOUTHETT, M. D.**—Since 1890, Dr. Joseph M. Douthett has been a practicing physician at Pittsburgh. Dr. Douthett was born at Brownsdale, Pennsylvania, in 1863, son of John H. and Mary (Sproull) Douthett. The father, now deceased, was a farmer at Brownsdale, and served as a sergeant in the Union Army during the Civil War. He was active in civic and church affairs. Mary (Sproull) Douthett was also a member of one of the oldest Pennsylvania families, their ancestry in Butler County dating back to the eighteenth century.

Joseph M. Douthett attended the Brownsdale public schools, Sharpsburg Academy, and was graduated from Geneva College in 1887, with a degree of Bachelor of Science. In the same year he entered Bellevue Hospital Medical College, where he took the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1890. Dr. Douthett took post-graduate work at the Polyclinic Hospital and at the post-graduate medical school in New York City. He was honored by the fellow-members of his profession in Pittsburgh in his election as a Fellow of the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine and as its president in 1920. He is a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society, and for several years served as its recording secretary; he is also a member of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and the American Medical Association. At Pittsburgh, Dr. Douthett is a member of the staff of the St. Margaret Memorial Hospital and, formerly, a member of the staff of the Passavant Hospital. He is affiliated fraternally with Chesapeake Lodge,

No. 147, Free and Accepted Masons, and in this order is also a member of all bodies of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, including Pennsylvania Consistory. In politics he is a Republican, supporting the principles and candidates of his party. During the period of the World War, Dr. Douthett was a member of the Examining Board of the Seventh Ward.

Dr. Douthett has one son, George M., who was graduated from Carnegie Institute of Technology as metallurgical engineer, and is now president of the Customs Casting Company of Easton, Pennsylvania. His offices are maintained in the Peoples East End Building of this city.

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**CLARENCE F. ABBOTT,** who is with the Abbott Packing Company of Carnegie, Pennsylvania, is by profession an engineer. After completing his technical education at the Carnegie Institute of Technology, Pittsburgh, he engaged in engineering work for some two years and then connected in an executive capacity with the Abbott Packing Company, of Carnegie. Of this company, which was established by another member of his family more than half a century ago, he has been the treasurer since 1923, and in this position has made valuable contributions to the continued prosperity and growth of the company, one of the largest and most highly regarded of its type in the Pittsburgh district. In the management of its affairs he is associated with his father and with several of his brothers, and these various members of the Abbott family all occupy a very high position in the business world of Carnegie.

Edward Abbott, Sr., was born at Mount Lebanon, Allegheny County, March 29, 1856, a son of Christian and Magdalena (Schmeltz) Abbott. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and then engaged in farming and gardening until 1925, when he retired from this work. In the meantime, in 1905, he had become associated with the Abbott Packing Company of Carnegie, of which he became president, December 28, 1923, a position he still holds. Associated with him in the management of this large and prosperous enterprise are his sons. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliation is with the Lutheran Church.

Edward Abbott, Sr., married, September 27, 1880, Elizabeth Jacobs, of Collier Township, Allegheny County. Mr. and Mrs. Abbott are at the head of a large family, having ten children and sixteen grandchildren: 1. Christian G. Abbott, who was born at Mount Lebanon, October 27, 1882, was educated in the public schools of that town, then engaged in farming; he became connected with the Abbott Packing Company of Carnegie in 1905, of which he is the secretary since December 28, 1923; and he has taken an active part in its development and management. He is a member of the Knights of Malta. In politics he is a Republican, and in religion he is affiliated with the United Presbyterian Church. He was married, February 12, 1911, to Florence Colvin, of Dormont, Pennsylvania, and they are the parents of one son, William Abbott. 2. Katharine Abbott, married (first) William Meyers, and (second) Jack Allison of Mt. Lebanon. 3. Albert W. Abbott, born at Mount Lebanon, September 21, 1884, was educated in the public schools of his native town, engaged then in farming, and in 1910 became connected with the Abbott Packing Company of Carnegie, of which he has been first vice-president since December 28, 1923. He is a member of the Knights of Malta. In politics he is a Republican, and in religion a member of the United Presbyterian Church. He was married, November 9, 1910, to Frances Forse, of Brookline, Pennsylvania, a daughter of John and Elizabeth Forse, and he is the father of one son, John Edward Abbott. 4. Rose Abbott. 5. Howard Abbott, with the Duquesne Light Company of Pittsburgh, married (first) Anna Scheck, who died in 1926, leaving a child, Margie; he married (second) Ella Boggs. 6. Lena Abbott. 7. Emma Abbott. 8. Edward Abbott, Jr., who was born at Mount Lebanon, April 12, 1888, was educated in the public schools there, farmed for a number of years, and, in 1908, became connected with the Abbott Packing Company of Carnegie, of which he has been second vice-president since December 28, 1923. Like his brothers he is a supporter of the Republican party in politics, while his religious affiliation is with the United Presbyterian Church. He married Anna Elizabeth McKowan, of Rennerdale, Pennsylvania, and they are the parents of four children: Elizabeth, George, Lois, and Bertha. 9. Clarence F. Abbott, of whom further. 10. Clara Abbott.

Clarence F. Abbott, the youngest son of Edward Abbott, Sr., and Elizabeth (Jacobs) Abbott, was born at Mount Lebanon, Allegheny County, October 22, 1897. He received his early education in the public schools of his native town and then attended Pittsburgh Academy for two years, after which he took up the study of engineering at the Carnegie Institute of Technology, Pittsburgh. He continued with his technical studies for four and one half years and then engaged in the active practice of his profession for two years. On January 2, 1922, he became connected with the Abbott Packing Company, Walnut Street, Carnegie, of which he has been treasurer since December 28, 1923. This company was started in 1878 by the late August Abbott for the packing and shipping of meats. It was continued by him personally until 1905, when the business was incorporated, at which time Edward Abbott, Sr., became president of the company, with its founder, August Abbott, as secretary and treasurer. August Abbott died December 20, 1922, and was succeeded as treasurer by Florence H. Abbott. December 28, 1923, the business was reorganized and at that time the present officers were elected, all of whom have served in their several positions since then as fol-

lows: Edward Abbott, Sr., president; Edward Abbott, Jr., first vice-president; Albert W. Abbott, second vice-president; Christian G. Abbott, secretary; and Clarence F. Abbott, treasurer. The company is now also engaged extensively in the ice business, which was added to its operation in 1905. It has enjoyed a steady growth and at the present time employs on an average of over twenty-five people, transacting a large wholesale meat packing and ice business. Mr. Abbott's religious affiliation is with the United Presbyterian Church. In politics he is a Republican.

Clarence F. Abbott married, February 4, 1925, Ruth Alberta Geyser, of Carnegie, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Charles and Anna Geyser. They are the parents of two daughters: 1. Charlotte Louise, born December 2, 1925. 2. Ruth Mary, born January 21, 1927. The family home is located on Beverly Road, Mount Lebanon, Allegheny County.

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**FRANK W. BROOKE** was born at Nottingham, England, in July, 1881. He was educated at Bishop's College, Nottingham, and at the University of Nottingham, from which latter he was graduated with degrees in Engineering. He also received the degree of Metallurgical Engineer from Sheffield University. Commencing his career as an engineer in a large steel plant at Glasgow, Scotland, he remained there for five years and then for two years was with the Frodingham Iron & Steel Company at Doncaster, England. He then became assistant manager of the steel works of the Monkbridge Iron & Steel Company at Leeds, England. After severing his connection with this company, he came to the United States and one of his earliest positions here was with the Ludlum Steel Company at Watervliet, New York, after which he was associated with the Electric Furnace Construction Company at Philadelphia. In 1921 he accepted the position of chief engineer with William Swindell & Brothers, one of the subsidiary companies of the John F. Casey Company, Aspinwall, Pennsylvania. He is vice-president and director of the Swindell Dressler Corporation. Mr. Brooke is a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, the Edgewood Country Club, and the Pittsburgh Athletic Club. His political affiliation is with the Republican party, while in respect to his religious adherence he is a communicant of the Protestant Episcopal Church. The family residence of Mr. Brooke is located at No. 5735 Solway Street, Pittsburgh.

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**PATRICK VINCENT McPARLAND, D. D. S.**—A native of England, but during practically all of his life a resident of western Pennsylvania, Dr. McParland has been successfully engaged in the practice of his profession, dentistry, in Pittsburgh for more than a quarter of a century. He enjoys a large practice, which he has always carried on in the East End. His high professional standing is indicated by the fact that he is a Fellow of the American College of Dentists, a member of the dental faculty of the University of Pittsburgh, and a past president of the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania.

Patrick Vincent McParland was born at New Castle-on-Tyne, England, in 1882, a son of the late Felix and Anna (Bainbridge) McParland. When he was only two years old, he came to the United States with his parents and ever since then he has lived in western Pennsylvania. He received his early education in private and the public grammar schools at Uniontown, Pennsylvania, and then graduated from the Redstone Academy, a historic secondary school, having been founded by President Monroe. After that he took up the study of dentistry at the University of Pittsburgh, from the Dental School of which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1904. Immediately afterwards he established himself in the practice of dentistry in Pittsburgh. Since 1910 he has had his office in the Highland Building, East End. On May 1, 1931, he removed to the Medical Arts Building at Fifth and Atwood streets, Pittsburgh. For the past twenty-five years he has been prominently active in the affairs of the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania, having served on many of its committees and as vice-president during 1924-25 and president during 1925-26. In 1926 he was elected president of the Pennsylvania State Dental Society and on October 6, 1929, he was made a Fellow of the American Society of Dentists. Since 1909 he has been a member of the dental faculty of the University of Pittsburgh and he is now an assistant professor of Operative Technics. Dr. McParland is a member of the Odontological Society of Pennsylvania. He was also one of the organizers and is now a director of the East End Branch of the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Pennsylvania State Dental Society, the American Dental Association, the Delta Sigma Phi Fraternity and Psi Omega Fraternity, the latter a dental fraternity; also the Omicron Kappa Upsilon, honorary dental fraternity, and Omicron Delta Kappa, honorary activities fraternity. He is also a member of the Stanton Heights Golf Club and the Faculty Club of the University of Pittsburgh. His religious affiliation is with the Roman Catholic Church of the Sacred Heart.

Dr. McParland married on April 2, 1907, at Columbus, Ohio, Elizabeth Hatfield, daughter of William H. and Elizabeth (Lenhart) Hatfield, both deceased. Dr. and Mrs. McParland make their home at No. 8 Highland Court, East End, Pittsburgh. They have two children: 1. William W., born in 1908. 2. John F., born in 1911, a member of the class of 1933 at the University of Pittsburgh and now preparing himself for the dental profession.

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**EDWARD DANIEL HENKE**—An outstanding citizen and business man of Oakmont, Pennsylvania, a recognized leader in municipal prog-

ress, is Edward Daniel Henke, retail meat dealer and builder of the Henke Building at the corner of Delaware and Oakmont avenues. Inspired always by a fine loyalty, Mr. Henke participates in many community activities.

Edward Daniel Henke was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, September 29, 1890, son of Mathias Henke and his wife, Catharine (Wolfe) Henke, both of whom were born in Luxembourg, Germany, and both of whom are still in good health. The father, for many years a well-known meat dealer of Pittsburgh, is now retired and residing in Oakmont. The son was educated in the parochial schools of Pittsburgh and completed his training at Canisius College in Buffalo, New York, after two years of study. He served his apprenticeship in the meat business with the Cudahy Packing Company, working with them in Pittsburgh and later, for two years, in the Middle West. Military service in 1918 interrupted his career. In 1919 he started a retail meat store of his own in Oakmont, and he continues to operate this successfully, in 1929. So prosperous was Mr. Henke that he erected the Henke Building in 1925, a modern two-story office and store structure which is the largest commercial building in Oakmont.

The true spirit of citizenship displayed by Mr. Henke today has always characterized him. At the outbreak of the World War, when the United States entered the fray, Mr. Henke enlisted with the 314th Field Artillery, 80th Division, and he served overseas for a year until he received his honorable discharge on June 9, 1919. In politics he is a Republican. He is president of the Oakmont Chamber of Commerce, a director of the Willows Beach Company, a member of the Knights of Columbus, and a local leader in the American Legion. His clubs are the Rotary, Oakmont Aero, and the Valley Heights Country, of which he is a director. He is a communicant of St. Irenaeus Roman Catholic Church.

Edward Daniel Henke married on September 10, 1919, Eva M. Schleifer, of Braddock, Pennsylvania, daughter of Theodore and Hannah Schleifer. Mr. and Mrs. Henke are the parents of two children: Theodore, born November 27, 1920; and Evelyn, born March 20, 1922.

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**ARTHUR KENNETH LEWIS, M. D.**—A prominent figure in medical circles of Homestead and the vicinity, Arthur Kenneth Lewis has built up a wide private practice and is also associated in professional capacity with several public institutions of the city. His scrupulous preparation for his career is well appreciated here, and his constant allegiance to the highest ideals of the profession has won him much honor.

Dr. Lewis was born at Homestead, Pennsylvania, on September 11, 1898, a son of Joseph Lewis who was born in Swansea, South Wales, and of Jane (Thomas) Lewis, also a native of Wales. The father, a steel worker, was born in 1863 and died in October, 1928, while the mother is still living.

Arthur Kenneth Lewis attended local educational institutions and was graduated from the Homestead High School in 1916. Thereafter he entered Bucknell College for two years of premedical work, and during the period of the World War served for eight months in the Students Army Training Corps, receiving his discharge in December, 1918. Later, he matriculated in Jefferson Medical College, in Philadelphia, and in 1924 was graduated there with the Doctor of Medicine degree. Soon afterwards he received an appointment as interne in Jefferson Hospital, Philadelphia, and for three years remained a member of the staff, sparing no effort to acquaint himself with every detail of modern medical procedure. At the end of this time he returned to Homestead and established a general practice, with offices at No. 333 East Eighth Avenue, where he continued until 1930 when he moved to the corner of Eighth Avenue and Amity Street. Dr. Lewis considers his personal convenience or safety as nothing when opposed to his professional duties, and those who come to him for consultation or treatment do so with the completest confidence. In addition to his own practice which has reached flattering proportions he is also assistant surgeon for the Carnegie Steel Company, physician for the Homestead schools, and a member of the staff of Homestead hospital.

Dr. Lewis is affiliated with Bucknell Chapter of the Kappa Delta Rho Fraternity, and with the Phi Alpha Sigma, medical fraternity. He is also a member of Homestead Lodge, No. 582, Free and Accepted Masons, while among other local organizations at Homestead, he is a member of the Kiwanis Club. In politics he is a Republican, although progressive movements for the best interests of the community are assured of his support, irrespective of their source of origin.

On January 5, 1925, Arthur Kenneth Lewis married Genevieve McCloskey, of Pottersdale, Clearfield County, Pennsylvania, a daughter of John McCloskey of that place. Dr. and Mrs. Lewis worship in the faith of the Presbyterian church. They maintain their residence in Homestead at No. 905 Dixon Avenue.

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**RICHARD J. LANE**—By profession an engineer, Mr. Lane, following his graduation from Cornell University, engaged in engineering work with the National Tube Company at McKeesport, Allegheny County. In 1908 he became the owner of the McKeesport agency for Buick motor cars, which under his able and aggressive management prospered. In July, 1930, he discontinued the Buick agency and now devotes his time to general service in autos and accessories. Mr. Lane is a member of several fraternal organizations and of several local social clubs and also takes an active interest in religious affairs.

Richard J. Lane was born at Bellefonte, Center

County, Pennsylvania, August 14, 1880, a son of James B. and Thomasine (Thomas) Lane. He received his education in the public schools of Bellefonte, Pennsylvania, the Hamilton School at Philadelphia, and the Mount Pleasant Military Academy, and then he took up the study of engineering at Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, from which he was graduated in 1904. Immediately afterwards he entered the employ of the National Tube Company at their McKeesport works, with which company he continued until 1908, being engaged in construction work. In this year he took over the McKeesport agency for the Buick motor car (at that time only a subagency), and as the result of his excellent work, Mr. Lane's business became one of the largest of its kind in McKeesport, his territory covering not only McKeesport, but also Glassport and Versailles, as well as several other nearby towns. In 1930 he discontinued the Buick agency, and now conducts a business in general auto service and accessories. The salesrooms and service department cover a lot 60 by 140 feet, and some eight people are constantly employed to look after the steadily growing business. This business has now been incorporated under the name of the McKeesport Auto & Machine Company.

Mr. Lane is a member of the McKeesport Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; McKeesport Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; McKeesport Commandery, Knights Templar; Syria Temple, of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Lodge No. 136, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; and the McKeesport Anglers' Club. His religious affiliation is with the First Methodist Episcopal Church of McKeesport. He is also greatly interested in the work of the local Young Men's Christian Association, of which he has been a member for many years.

Mr. Lane married, in February, 1907, Susan Cowan, of McKeesport. Mr. and Mrs. Lane are the parents of four children: 1. James B., a senior at the University of Southern California, Los Angeles, California. 2. Aurelia R., a freshman at Sweetbriar College, Virginia. 3. J. Thomas, a freshman in the McKeesport High School. 4. Victor C., a pupil of the McKeesport Grammar School. Mrs. Lane is a member of several local women's organizations, in the work of which she is prominently and effectively active. The family residence is located at No. 628 Shaw Avenue, McKeesport, Allegheny County.

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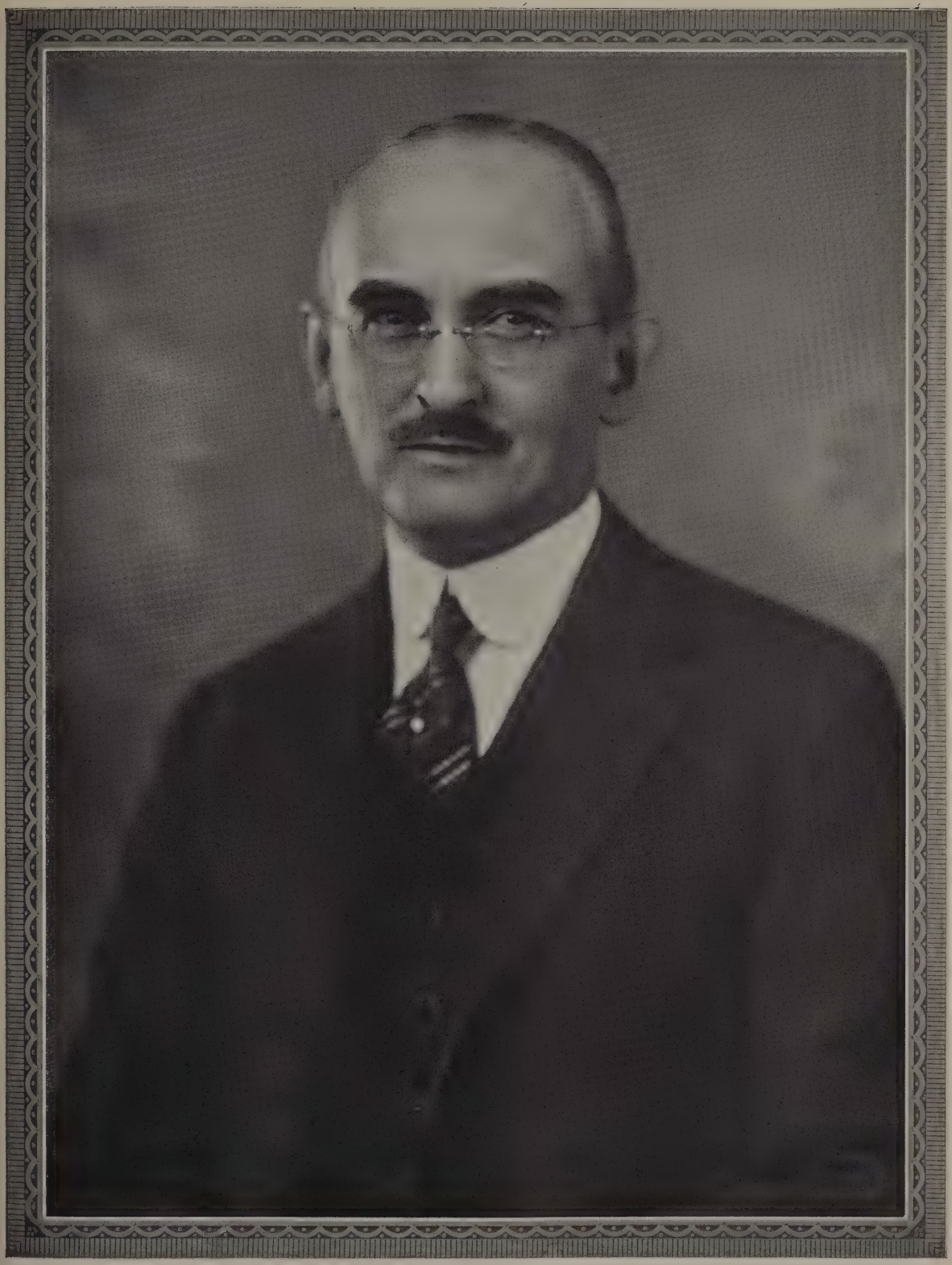
**HENRY LEE MASON, JR.**—A distinguished figure in Pittsburgh life, and one of the city's leaders in civic and benevolent affairs, Henry Lee Mason, Jr., is president of the J. R. Weldin Company, and executive head of several other organizations.

Mr. Mason was born at Pittsburgh, on September 16, 1868, a son of the late Henry Lee and Myra Jane (McLaughlin) Mason. His father was a partner in the book and stationery firm, J. R. Weldin Company, becoming connected with the firm as a boy in 1852.

Henry Lee Mason, Jr., attended the public schools of his birthplace, Shady Side Academy and later entered Princeton University, from which he left to begin his business career in 1890. He became associated with the J. R. Weldin Company in the bookkeeping department. This business had been established by his father's uncle, J. R. Weldin. His father in turn succeeded to the control, and in 1913 Mr. Mason purchased the business from the estate of his father and incorporated it. By this time, of course, he had acquired an intimate first hand knowledge of all details of its operation and as executive head of the enterprise has guided it to success. In 1914 the retail department was removed to new and handsome quarters on Wood Street, and the jobbing was discontinued. This arrangement has been carried on until the present time. The Weldin Book and Stationery Store, familiar to Pittsburghers for over seventy years, is still one of the finest in the Pittsburgh section. Mr. Mason, as president of the company, has carefully maintained the traditional standards long associated with the Weldin name.

This, however, is a comparatively small part of his life and activities. The range of his interests is broad and continually expanding, and the constructive influences of his career have been of great benefit to the community. He is vice-president of the Allegheny General Hospital, with which he has been connected for many years, and since 1917, has been chairman of its executive committee. Other humanitarian and benevolent movements have shared his attention. In February, 1880, at the age of twelve, he became a member of the Western Pennsylvania Humane Society, and since 1891 has been a member of its board of trustees. He was first treasurer of the society, became its acting president in 1911, and since January 21, 1916, has been its president. Mr. Mason is also vice-president and chairman of the executive committee of the Kingsley Association, an organization which operates the Kingsley Settlement House and other philanthropic institutions, providing recreation and relief for the working class.

These three, perhaps, have been the principal interests of Mr. Mason's life, but he is connected with many other enterprises, both civic and commercial. He is a member of the board of managers of the Allegheny Cemetery, president of the Automobile Club of Pittsburgh, secretary-treasurer of the Hall Company, a director of the Lockhart Iron and Steel Company, the Palmer Match Company of Akron, Ohio; a director of the Pittsburgh Federation of Social Agencies, treasurer of the Pittsburgh Free Dispensary; a member of the board of incorporators of the Western Pennsylvania School for the Blind, and a director of the Western Pennsylvania School for the Deaf. He has been a member of the board of the Union



H. L. Mason, Jr.

National Bank of Pittsburgh since 1906, and is now the oldest director of this institution. Mr. Mason worships in the Episcopal faith, is a member of Trinity Cathedral at Pittsburgh and chairman of its executive committee. He holds membership in a number of clubs, including the Duquesne Club, the Pittsburgh Club, the Union Club, the Keystone Athletic Club, the Pittsburgh Golf Club, the Allegheny Country Club, Harvard-Yale-Princeton Club, and the University Club, all of Pittsburgh; the Princeton Club of New York, the Nassau Club of Princeton, and the Minnesota Club of St. Paul, Minnesota.

On June 25, 1895, at Pittsburgh, Henry Lee Mason, Jr., married Martha Frew Lockhart, daughter of the late Charles and Jane (Walker) Lockhart. Her father, who died on March 8, 1900, was prominent in the oil producing and refining business. Her mother died on January 26, 1905. Mr. and Mrs. Mason maintain their Pittsburgh residence at No. 608 North Highland Avenue, with a summer home at Sewickley Heights. Mr. Mason's offices are situated in the Union Bank Building, this city.

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**CHARLES RAYMOND SMITH, M. D.**—A leading practitioner of medicine in Homestead, Pennsylvania, Dr. Charles Raymond Smith was born in Westford, Cranford County, Pennsylvania, on May 6, 1895, son of Alvah G. and Mary Frances (Paul) Smith. His father was born in Jamestown, Pennsylvania, in 1864, and was a retail grocer at Coraopolis, Pennsylvania, and at DeLand, Florida, where he died December 14, 1921; while the mother, a native of Old Allegheny City, died on January 28, 1926, she having been born in 1866, and her death occurring at Buffalo, New York.

Dr. Charles R. Smith received his early education in the public schools of Coraopolis, and there was graduated from high school in the class of 1914. He took his pre-medical work at the University of Pittsburgh, where he studied for two years, and then went to the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, Michigan, from which he was graduated in the class of 1920 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He served for two years as an interne, learning all the practical phases of his professional work that he had hitherto studied in class room and laboratory, his interneship having been in the West Pennsylvania Hospital, in Pittsburgh. Since 1922 he has been engaged in the general practice of medicine in Homestead, where he is a member of the medical staff of the Homestead Hospital and the dispensary staff of West Pennsylvania Hospital. In 1926 he took special post-graduate medical work at Harvard Medical School, fitting himself thereby for still more useful work in his profession.

In addition to his direct professional work, Dr. Smith maintains active connection with his colleagues through memberships in the Homestead Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and the American Medical Association. His party affiliation is with the Republican organization, which he supports earnestly, and he is also a member of several fraternal orders, including the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in which he belongs to Lodge No. 1049, of Homestead; and the Free and Accepted Masons, in which he is connected with Lodge No. 262, of Ann Arbor, Michigan; and the Maccabees, of Homestead. He is physician for both the Maccabees' Lodge and for the Protective Home Circle, a fraternal insurance order. His religious membership is with the Methodist Episcopal Church, in which he has served on the official board, and is active in all its drives.

Dr. Smith married, on June 23, 1923, Eleanor Mae Williams, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, daughter of the late Thomas M. and the late Ida R. (Richmond) Williams. They have one adopted daughter, Dorothy Louise Smith, born January 12, 1927.

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**PARKER W. GRUBBS**—Not only the enterprise and initiative, but the pursuits of Parker W. Grubbs have made him one of the well-known citizens of Oakmont, Pennsylvania. As builder and realtor, and later as automobile dealer, he has been an important factor in the upbuilding of the city. Mr. Grubbs is a partner in the firm of C. E. Stoner & Company, dealers in Pontiac, Oakland, Willys Knight, and Graham motor cars, and owners of a fine show room and garage. Mr. Grubbs' office is located at 414 Oakmont Avenue.

Parker W. Grubbs was born in Harmerville, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, August 24, 1898, son of Orlando S. and Margaret (Woolslayer) Grubbs. The father, born in Butler County, Pennsylvania, in 1874, early in life followed the trade of glass blower, but of recent years he has been occupied with building and construction. In partnership with his son, subject of this record, he established the firm of O. S. Grubbs & Son in 1920, and built many homes and business structures. The work of this firm has been responsible for the upbuilding of a large part of Oakmont. Mrs. Grubbs was the daughter of Patterson Woolslayer, who operated the ferry which used to ply from the site of the present Hulton Bridge, near Oakmont, Allegheny County; and there Mrs. Grubbs was born, and passed away, February 1, 1930. To Mr. and Mrs. Orlando S. Grubbs were born two sons: Parker W. Grubbs and J. P. Grubbs.

Parker W. Grubbs received a good education, attending the public and high schools in Oakmont and the University of Pittsburgh for one year. His business career began with four years of service in the post office. In 1921 he and his father established the firm of O. S. Grubbs & Son, which erected many beautiful homes in the vicinity and such well known buildings as the Henke Building on Oakmont Avenue, the present garage of C. E. Stoner and Company, and the Grubbs

Arcade Building. In 1922 father and son broadened their activities and began to deal in real estate and insurance under the name of O. S. Grubbs & Son. In 1928 J. P. Grubbs took charge of the insurance business and Parker W. Grubbs was the active partner in this enterprise. In was on January 1, 1928, that this energetic and broad-gauged business man joined C. E. Stoner in establishing the firm of C. E. Stoner & Company, automobile dealers and garage owners. The company has flourished and attained a wide reputation for business ability and excellence of service. A Republican in politics, Mr. Grubbs is much interested in local affairs in general and serves the local Chamber of Commerce as vice-president after a term as secretary. He belongs to the Knights of Pythias. His religious affiliation is with the United Presbyterian Church.

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**ALEXANDER BLACK**—Born June 3, 1880; died January 14, 1924; Alexander Black, lawyer, lived to the age of forty-three years, and in that brief life span achieved heights in his profession that give his name enduring merit in the annals of Pittsburgh and the State of Pennsylvania.

He came of a family established long ago in this city's business and social spheres, and was of the third generation to attain to a place of importance as men are judged by their associates in current activities. He was a descendant of American Revolutionary stock, as is also his wife. His grandfather, Alexander Black, first of the name in America, came to this country from Ireland. From a humble beginning the progenitor built up the coal business in Pittsburgh which still bears the family surname, though today in other hands. Alexander Black, the progenitor, dealt in coal at wholesale and retail; he engaged also in heavy hauling, owned rich lands highly productive of minerals (principally coal), and by dint of vision, able direction and diligent application constructed a valuable group of holdings which made him one of the city's influential men. Alexander Black married Ann Littell; and they had children: 1. Mrs. Margaret Kiser. 2. James L., of whom further. 3. William Alexander.

After the death of the founding ancestor, his eldest son, James L. Black, now deceased, took over the heavy hauling business. This he operated with considerable fortune until, years later, he retired from active business affairs, having become like his father before him a leader in the commercial life of Pittsburgh. He married Mary Nelson Reid, since deceased; and they had four children, of whom the second born was Alexander, the late barrister.

Alexander Black attended the schools of Pittsburgh, graduated from Central High School, matriculated at Princeton University, took from Princeton the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1902, with the highest honor, entered Pittsburgh Law School (part of the University of Pittsburgh), in the fall of that year, and in 1905 received the degree of Bachelor of Laws, again with highest honor. Admitted to the bar, he began practice at once, becoming associated with the firm of Gordon and Smith, a firm at the time well known throughout Pennsylvania and of first importance in the city of Pittsburgh. Mr. Black joined it upon its formation; he contributed largely to its subsequent success; and though in the brief course of his years he achieved more than the average lot of men engaged at law, still, it is undeniable that had he lived to the full fruition of his life his position must have been the more considerable. But even so, he was accounted among the most able of lawyers, by his colleagues at the bar, all of whom admired him for his skill in court, for his counsel in chambers, and for his warm and friendly sincerity always, at work, in social relaxation, and in whatever he engaged in with his talents. The Allegheny Bar Association fittingly paid him homage as a brilliant, capable lawyer, in articles passed at his death, and the regret at his death was widespread, by no means confined to the field of the profession.

On November 23, 1910, Alexander Black was united in marriage with Ruth Hay, a daughter of the late Samuel Worthington and Sarah Ann (Liscomb) Hay. Dr. Paul D. Liscomb, Mrs. Black's grandfather, was a pioneer physician in Pittsburgh, a beloved man and tireless worker in the cause of humanity through relief of suffering. Samuel Worthington Hay, Mrs. Black's father, was a son of Alexander Hay, who served as mayor of the city in the '40's. Alexander Hay was a soldier in the Mexican and Civil wars, and Samuel Worthington Hay also served in the latter conflict. Later, too, Samuel Worthington Hay was with the commissary department of the army, commissioned a major, in the war with Spain. Major Hay, as many called him in later years, took a lively interest in affairs of the Grand Army of the Republic, and belonged to Post No. 259. He had the honor given him of membership in the committee charged with building the Soldiers' Memorial, but died before the memorial reached completion. He was particularly active in works of the Lawrenceville Young Men's Christian Association, and maintained a variety of interests aside from his business, which was that of distributor of foundry equipment and mill supplies. Major Hay was of that fine type of gentleman of whom men say, the world is better for his life upon it; and he left to his daughter a rich heritage of human qualities, passed on to her children.

Alexander and Ruth (Hay) Black had the following children: Ruth Hay, Alexander, 3d, Gordon Smith, Sarah Ann, and James Hay. Mrs. Black continues to make her residence in Pittsburgh, at No. 347 South Aiken Avenue.

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**RALPH M. MILLER, D. D. S.**, is a man who, while following the profession of his father, yet exemplifies the progressiveness of his own generation. Dr. Miller is a son of Dr. Wellington C.

Miller, who was born in New Paris, Pennsylvania, and who, after training in the Baltimore College of Dentistry, practiced in Homestead for thirty years, until his death in 1921. His mother, Mary C. (Means) Miller, was born in Lebanon, Pennsylvania.

Dr. Miller was born after his father's removal to Homestead, on September 7, 1895. He attended the public schools of Munhall and its high school, then, to prepare more adequately for his university work, he enrolled at the East Liberty Academy of Pittsburgh, finishing the course with the class of 1916. He immediately entered the University of Pittsburgh, and received the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1919. He has practiced dentistry, with the highest professional skill, in Homestead ever since the completion of his studies at the university. He is an active member of the Monongahela Valley Dental Society, a component part of the Pennsylvania State Society, of which he was president, 1929-30, and of the Odontological Society, and he is a member of American Dental Association. Dr. Miller is a consistent follower of Republican doctrines in politics. He is a member of the First Presbyterian Church of Homestead. Ever keenly interested in the progress of his community, Dr. Miller is a member of the Homestead Chamber of Commerce, and his prestige in the community is indicated by his election to the presidency of the Rotary Club. During his term of office the enthusiasm of the Rotarians has been kept unfalteringly at the high level of service that was the aim of the founders of the order. Dr. Miller is a member of Chapter No. 685, Free and Accepted Masons.

Ralph M. Miller married, in 1923, Ebba Ruth Anderson, of Munhall. They have one daughter, Ruth Ann, born September 9, 1925.

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**MORRIS MERVIS**—The real business ability of Morris Mervis of Homestead is shown in the success he has made in several unrelated enterprises. He was born in Kovna, Russia, October 20, 1883, the son of Isaac M. and Hannah M. (Friedlander) Mervis, both born in Russia. The family came to America when Morris Mervis was a child, and Isaac M. Mervis became a retail shoe merchant in Homestead. His death occurred in 1915, and that of his wife, in 1918. After attending the schools of Munhall, Morris Mervis was engaged in clerical work for two years, and then followed the barber's trade until 1909. In that year he started a ladies' furnishings store in Glenwood, Pennsylvania, and continued it for a year, then he moved to Starford, Indiana County, Pennsylvania, where he did business as a general merchant, under his own name, until 1919. He then returned to Homestead, and purchased the Eighth Avenue Garage, and operated it until June of 1924, when he erected an additional building, changing the name of the firm to the Mervis Motor Sales Company. The car dealt in is the Studebaker, and a complete line of parts is also carried. Four salesmen are employed. Repair service is given in the most conscientious manner, and the garage and salesrooms are remarkably successful.

Mr. Mervis is a Republican in politics. He is a member of the Homestead Chamber of Commerce, the Kiwanis Club, and has been a member of the Knights of Pythias since 1904. He attends Beth Shalom Synagogue of Pittsburgh, where he makes his home.

Morris Mervis was married in 1909 to Anna Aronson of Pittsburgh, a daughter of Louis and Hannah Aronson. There was one child, Genevieve, born August 5, 1911. Anna (Aronson) Mervis died April 22, 1918, and on November 16, 1919, Mr. Mervis married Celia Perlman of Homestead, daughter of Louis and Sarah Perlman. Their children are: 1. Ruth Ann, born February 28, 1922. 2. Meyer Louis, born April 21, 1927.

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**CHARLES FLOYD WALKER**—Established in McKeesport, on Shaw Avenue, as a funeral director since 1905, Mr. Walker is today (1931) one of the leading funeral directors in Allegheny County. His establishment, one of the best known, is most modernly equipped, and holds a very high reputation for courtesy, efficiency and reliability. Mr. Walker and his son, who is associated in business with him, carefully prepared themselves for their work in the leading schools of their profession and fully share the high reputation enjoyed by the Walker Funeral House. While his large business has required the major share of Mr. Walker's time and attention, he has found it possible to give considerable attention to other interests, having taken a helpful part in civic and religious affairs and having been prominently active in fraternal circles.

Charles Floyd Walker was born at Elizabeth, Pennsylvania, September 7, 1874, a son of Aaron and Hannah Kate (Sill) Walker, of Webster, Pennsylvania. His father died November 25, 1901, and his mother died September 13, 1925. He was educated in the public schools of Homestead and at the Pittsburgh Academy and then studied medicine for two and one-half years with Dr. J. M. Doyle. Upon the advice of Dr. Doyle he decided to enter the undertaking business in Homestead. Though he met with success in this enterprise, he removed, in 1905, to McKeesport, where he has since then been successfully engaged as a funeral director. In that year he established the Walker Funeral House on the Paterson-O'Neal property on Shaw Avenue, remaining in that location, at the corner of Shaw and Locust avenues, for thirteen years. In 1918 he removed to his present location at No. 430 Shaw Avenue, where he occupies large and modern premises. His establishment is considered one of the finest in the country. It has a morgue and all of its equipment is of the most modern type. All of Mr. Walker's rolling stock is motorized and, being uniformly painted gray, is well known as his property in McKees-

port and in the surrounding districts. He is a member of the Funeral Directors' Association of Allegheny County and of the Pennsylvania State Funeral Directors' Association. He prepared himself for his professional work at the School of Anatomy, Pittsburgh, from which he graduated with the highest honors and of the faculty of which he was a member for some time. He maintains membership in the McKeesport Chamber of Commerce and in the Allegheny Country Club, as well as in numerous fraternal organizations, the latter including the following: Aerial Commandery, No. 145, Knights of Malta; Lodge No. 109, Junior Order of United American Mechanics; Titus Lodge, Knights of Pythias; Lodge No. 641, Free and Accepted Masons; McKeesport Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; McKeesport Commandery, Knights Templar; Syria Temple of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Patriotic Order Sons of America; Captain A. B. Campbell Camp, Sons of Veterans; and Lodge No. 41, Loyal Order of Moose. His religious affiliation is with the First Methodist Episcopal Church of McKeesport.

Mr. Walker married, June 20, 1893, Elizabeth D. Griffith, of Camden, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Walker shares her husband's interests to a remarkable degree, taking an active part in his business. She has the distinction of having been one of the first women to take up the study of embalming, attending for that purpose the Pittsburgh School of Anatomy, from which she was graduated in 1901. She is also an active member of the same church, to which her husband belongs, and is popular in the several women's organizations in which she maintains membership. Mr. and Mrs. Walker are the parents of two children: 1. Harry A. Walker, a graduate of the Eckels School of Embalming, a licensed embalmer, associated in business with his father; married Matilda Sonnefelt. 2. Myra G. Walker, married John A. Davis; resides in Los Angeles, California.

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**WALLACE BENJAMIN FARNSWORTH**—Having removed from his native State of New York in his early youth to the Middle West, Mr. Farnsworth was for several years engaged in farming and in various other pursuits in Kansas, Illinois, and Minnesota. In 1886 he located permanently in Joliet, Illinois, and there became connected with the Illinois Steel Company, with which he remained for sixteen years. Since 1902 he has been chief clerk of the Clairton Plant of the Carnegie Steel Company at Clairton, Allegheny County, his connection with the interests of the United States Steel Company, therefore, covering a continuous period of more than forty-five years. He has taken a leading part in the affairs of Clairton and, since 1914, he has served for eight years as burgess and then as mayor until 1930, at which time he retired from office. He is one of the well-known citizens of Clairton, greatly liked and highly respected by his fellow-townsmen.

Wallace Benjamin Farnsworth was born at Plattsburg, New York, January 4, 1864, a son of the late Benjamin F. and Mary (Mason) Farnsworth. His father, who was a farmer, was born in Clinton County, New York, in 1822, and died in March, 1915. His mother, likewise a native of Clinton County, New York, was born in 1823 and died in 1909. Mr. Farnsworth received his education in the grade schools of his native town and then worked on a farm for two years. In 1879 he went to Kansas and there continued to follow agriculture for another year. From there he came to Joliet, Illinois, in which city he was engaged for two years in various activities, first driving a team on the canal and then clerking with a lumber concern. In 1882 he went to Minnesota and there worked in various stores for four years, until 1886, when he returned to Joliet and accepted employment with the Illinois Steel Company. He served as timekeeper and in various other clerical positions and finally became chief timekeeper. Still later he was made secretary to the general superintendent, serving in that capacity under three successive general superintendents. On April 1, 1902, he came to Pittsburgh during the building of the Clairton Furnace and Steel Works of the Carnegie Steel Company. Since then he has been chief clerk of this plant and today he can look back upon a continuous connection with the business interests of the United States Steel Corporation for a period of forty-five years. From the very beginning he has taken a lively and helpful interest in the public life of Clairton, serving during 1903-14 as a member of the council, of which he was president for seven years. In 1914 he was elected burgess and his work in that position proved so satisfactory to his fellow-townsmen that he was continued in the office until 1922; and since then he has been twice elected mayor, two terms of four years each. During this exceptionally long service he has made many contributions of great importance to the welfare and development of the community, a fact which is well recognized by all its members, who delight in honoring Mr. Farnsworth. He is a member of Lodge No. 714, Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Lions Club. His religious affiliation is with the Protestant Episcopal Church. In politics he is a Republican. During the World War Mr. Farnsworth served as registrar of the local draft board under the selective service act, became the first chairman of the local branch of the American Red Cross and was very active in the various Liberty Bond campaigns.

Mr. Farnsworth married, in 1889, Bertha C. Gates, of Winona, Minnesota, a daughter of Mason H. and Edna (Bingham) Gates. Mr. and Mrs. Farnsworth are the parents of five children: 1. Edna F. 2. Mary Louise, who married R. Z. Snyder of Kittanning, Pennsylvania, and who is the mother of one daughter, Mary Farnsworth Snyder. 3. Mildred Agnes. 4. Alice Ada and 5. Walter B. Farnsworth, father of two children:

Walter B. Farnsworth, Jr., and Beatrice Farnsworth, a resident of Monessen, Pennsylvania, and a metallurgist with the Pittsburgh Steel Company. The family residence is located at No. 414 Mitchell Avenue, Clairton, Pennsylvania.

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**WILLIAM MYER WELDON**—Having first entered the real estate and insurance business as a boy of fourteen years, Mr. Weldon for a number of years was connected with a real estate and insurance firm headed by one of his uncles. Later, however, he established himself in this business on his own account, first, in partnership with another gentleman, in McKeesport and later, alone, in Los Angeles, California. Eventually he returned to McKeesport and there resumed his activities in the real estate and insurance business. Today he is one of the most successful and largest real estate operators in the McKeesport section, having to his credit several successful and attractive real estate developments. At various times in his career Mr. Weldon followed the dictates of his adventurous spirit and, for years at a time, withdrew from business and devoted himself to other activities. As a youth he served for nine years in the United States Army, taking part in the fighting in Cuba and the Philippine Islands and also participating in some of the last Indian fighting in the latter part of the nineteenth century. Some eight years after his return to civilian life he took up a soldier's homestead claim in the North West, on which he spent eighteen months. Naturally, Mr. Weldon has had many interesting and exciting experiences, which, however, have by no means unfitted him for the successful pursuit of business and for active and effective participation on his part in civic affairs.

William Myer Weldon was born at Hyndman, Pennsylvania, December 30, 1872, a son of William and Georgiana (Myer) Weldon. He was educated in the public schools and at the age of fourteen years came to McKeesport, and there entered the employ of his uncle, Gilbert Myer, who was one of the leading real estate and insurance men of McKeesport at that time. Seven years later, when he had reached his majority, he enlisted in the Regular United States Army, with which he served for nine years. During the Spanish-American War he saw considerable fighting in Cuba, taking part in the Battle of Santiago with Troop B, 6th United States Cavalry. He served in Cuba throughout the Spanish-American War and later saw service in the Philippine Islands. In 1894 he was sent out on the Shoshone and Arapahoe Reservations. Returning to civilian life, he again became connected with his uncle in the real estate and insurance business at McKeesport, where he continued until 1910, when he went to the Flat Head Indian Reservation in the North West and there took up a soldier's homestead claim, which he proved up and on which he spent eighteen months. Returning then to McKeesport, he located at Port Vue, of which town he was elected burgess, serving three terms of three years each in that office. In February, 1916, he formed partnership with a Mr. Lenhart, and together they conducted a successful real estate and insurance business until 1923. In that year Mr. Weldon removed to Los Angeles, California, and there established himself in the real estate business, continuing in it from 1923 to 1927. At the end of this period he disposed of his interests in Los Angeles and returned to McKeesport. Today (1931) he is one of the leading real estate operators in the McKeesport district. He also enjoys a large brokerage business, but in recent years has paid special attention to real estate developments. Among his large operations in this field should be especially mentioned the Weldon Cabin Sites, a tract of twenty-six acres in Versailles Township, east of McKeesport. This tract is located in a beautiful forest and is divided into quarter-acre plots, upon which Mr. Weldon is erecting high class cottages. Another successful real estate development to his credit is the so-called Country Club Tract of forty acres, likewise divided into quarter-acre lots. This development is restricted to high-class homes and Mr. Weldon is erecting buildings on some of the lots. Other lots are for sale without improvements, though Mr. Weldon stands prepared to erect homes on these lots in accordance with the desires of their purchasers. At the present time Mr. Weldon has charge of the Amherst Terrace in Versailles Township, McKeesport, a new development along side the new City Park, comprising about 1,200 lots. He is president of the Weldon Land Company and of the McKeesport Security Company, and has been active for many years in civic affairs, having served on the Borough Council and is a member of the Republican State Committee. He is a member of the Spanish War Veterans, Veterans of the Foreign Wars, and of the Masonic order. On his mother's side a descendant of men who fought in the War of the Revolution, he is a member of the McKeesport Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution.

Mr. Weldon married, in 1909, Lillian Sagle. Mr. and Mrs. Weldon are the parents of five children: Jean M., Laura G., William F., Mary, and Virginia. The family home is located at McKeesport.

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**FRED J. HAHN**—To Fred J. Hahn has been given the satisfaction of seeing as a result of his efforts, a community of homes established where before was merely a neglected tract of land. Mr. Hahn is the son of Godfried Hahn, a coal miner of the Homestead district, who was born in Germany in 1849, and died in 1926, and of his wife, Augusta (Meuschke) Hahn, also born in Germany in the same year. The family had come to America before the birth of the son, which was on October 8, 1879, at Turtle Creek. Fred J. Hahn attended the public schools and then Curry College, from which he was graduated with the

class of 1900. For three years he was engaged in clerical work, but his ambition led him to enter business for himself, which he did in 1905, starting a real estate and insurance office under his own name in East McKeesport. Desiring a larger field of activity, he came to Homestead, October 1, 1910, and became manager of the Homestead Park Land Company. His abilities soon resulted in his advancement to his present position of manager, director, and treasurer of the Company, which under his leadership has made a conspicuous success in the development of that section of Homestead.

In spite of the exacting demands of his business, Mr. Hahn has nevertheless found time to enter actively into the civic life of his community, serving as justice of the peace for eight years, and being vice-president of the Homestead Chamber of Commerce. His very real sympathy for the unfortunate is shown in his membership in the Pennsylvania Society for Crippled Children, and his having been president and director of the Homestead Hospital from 1914 to 1916. In addition, Mr. Hahn is a member of the Rotary Club, and also a charter member of the Free and Accepted Masons, Lodge No. 685, of Amity. In the Masonic order he is also affiliated with the Pittsburgh Consistory of the Scottish Rite, and with Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. In politics, Mr. Hahn is a Republican, and in religious affiliation, a Lutheran.

Fred J. Hahn married, February 26, 1903, Jennie L. Freeman, of Turtle Creek, daughter of George P. and Laura Freeman. Their children are: Dorothy V., and Helen.

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**PIUS PHILIP KELLER**—In the early years of the nineteenth century the name Keller became well and favorably known in the business activities of Pittsburgh, the popular restaurant that was conducted by Jacob Keller in Smithfield Street having been the meeting place of the most eminent business and professional men and famous actors of the day. The rendezvous was redolent of the atmosphere of Old Germany and the viands and delectable wines of the Fatherland and of sunny France were attractions to the critical palates of its frequenters that brought it fame and prosperity. Two generations of Kellers presided over its conduct and each was known and admired for high respectability, honorable dealing and devotion to the principles of sound government as conducted under the Constitution of the United States and the local laws of Pittsburgh and the State of Pennsylvania.

Pius Philip Keller was born in Pittsburgh and was a son of Jacob and Julianna V. (Stritzinger) Keller, who were married in the United States, Jacob being a native of Alsace, and his wife born in Germany. They came to America when young and lived in Pittsburgh throughout their lives. Jacob Keller established himself in business as proprietor of a café and is said to have been the first man in Pittsburgh to import fine wines and liquors and the famous Strassberger lager beer for the delectation of his patrons. This enterprising spirit quickly received wide publicity and the establishment became largely patronized and very prosperous. Jacob Keller invested in real estate in Pittsburgh and became the owner of a large and valuable estate in the East End, where his death occurred. He and his wife were the parents of the following children: 1. Mary C., married Louis Schwabthaler, both now deceased. 2. Pius Philip, of this review. 3. Eugenia, married Andrew Truschel, deceased. 4. Jerome M. 5. Cornelius. 6. Julianna V., married George Schnelbach.

Pius Philip Keller spent his boyhood at the family home in Smithfield Street and attended school in the neighborhood. He and his boy companions knew "Brimstone Corner" as a favorite playground. He attended the schools of the Third Ward and also the Catholic parochial school there. His larger education, however, was gained later in life, by much reading of instructive literature, by travel and by mingling with cultivated people. He was a very fine penman and a diary he kept for many years is written as clearly as copper plate engraving. He was a clear thinker and a composer of excellent English. He began his business life as a bookkeeper with the firm of Reese and Woods, iron manufacturers, but ill health caused him to discontinue the work and in 1872 he made his first visit to Europe. During a later visit he was presented to Pope Pius IX in Rome.

Returning to Pittsburgh, he entered into a partnership with Davis Schmidt and, under the firm name of Schmidt and Keller, established a wholesale boot and shoe business. He severed his connection with this enterprise in a few years and opened a café at No. 328 Fifth Avenue, which he conducted successfully for forty-two years. He was a devout member of St. Philomena Roman Catholic Church and a liberal supporter of its charities and general activities. His death occurred in Pittsburgh, March 8, 1916.

Pius Philip Keller married, May 13, 1883, Anna M. Henne, who, with her sisters, Theresa and Josephine, studied vocal music and the piano under Carl Ritter and were very popular in the select musical circles of Pittsburgh. They all had fine voices and were in great demand wherever good music was desired, such as at weddings and in various church affairs. They were daughters of the late Charles and Josephine (Schwer) Henne, both born in Germany and married in the United States. Charles Henne was one of the early newspaper men of Pittsburgh and for many years served as editor of "Republicana," a journal of great influence among the German-born population of the city. He and his wife were the parents of the following children: 1. Theresa, married Edward Bynon, both now deceased. 2. Josephine, married Joseph Schwartz, he now deceased.

Pius P. Keller

Anna M. Keller

3. Charles. 4. Anna M., married Pius Philip Keller. 5. Rudolph, a well-known jeweler in the East End of Pittsburgh.

Pius Philip Keller and his wife were the parents of the following children: 1. Marie, married Dr. W. J. C. Lamb and they are the parents of: William, Anetta, and Joan. 2. Marcella V. 3. Pius Philip, Jr., married Margaret Ganley. He was educated in the local schools and afterward attended Fordham University, in New York City; Cornell University and the Law School of Harvard University. He was graduated from the last named institution with the degree of Bachelor of Laws and now practices his profession as a member of the Pittsburgh firm of Weil, Christie and Weil. In the World War he served in France with the American Expeditionary Forces, holding the rank of captain. 4. Raymond S., in the automobile business in Pittsburgh; he married Margaret Mason and they are the parents of one daughter, Susan Keller.

As was his father before him, Pius Philip Keller was a disciple of true temperance and was moderate in all things that contributed to the comfort or happiness of mankind. His place of business was conducted upon these principles and was patronized by gentlemen who understood the art of good living without abusing the gifts provided by a beneficent Nature. Culture and refinement met beneath his hospitable rooftree and exchanged the news of the day and were the better for it. Debauchery was an unknown condition there, for the place was conducted on the age-old traditions of the Teutonic race, that overindulgence in anything is the hallmark of the beast. Mr. Keller himself stood as a shining example of this tradition and was hailed as one of the outstanding business men of his day and a citizen of unusual value to Pittsburgh.

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ALGERNON BOOTH CORBIN—A native of New England and during the earlier part of his career connected with several well known New England industrial establishments, Mr. Corbin has been a resident of Allegheny County since 1919. Since that year he has been connected with the Globe Wire Company at Sharpsburg, of which he is now secretary and general manager. He is widely known in engineering and industrial circles and, since his residence in the Sharpsburg section, he has been prominently active in various phases of its life.

Algernon B. Corbin was born at Newport, Rhode Island, October 2, 1887, a son of Algernon B. and Emily (Munro) Corbin, both now deceased. His paternal grandfather, James Smith, and a paternal great-uncle, Thaddeus Smith, served in the Civil War. Mr. Corbin received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of New Haven, Connecticut, and then attended Yale University, graduating from the Sheffield School of Science with the degree of Bachelor of Science in chemistry and metallurgy in 1908. Immediately afterwards he entered the Winchester Repeating Arms Company at New Haven, Connecticut, with which he was connected for ten years, chiefly in its laboratory. During the World War he served for two years with this company as a special purchasing agent and also carried out some important research work in high explosives. In 1918 he severed his connection with this company and for the next year was manager of tool steel sales for New England for the Wheelock, Lovejoy Company. In 1919 he came to Sharpsburgh as assistant to the president of the Globe Wire Company, this company being now owned by the Firth Sterling Steel Company. Subsequently he became secretary, general manager and a member of the board of directors of the Globe Wire Company, in which capacity he continues to serve. His offices are at the company's plant in Sharpsburg, No. 18 First Street. He is a member of the Yale Engineering Society; the American Society for Steel Treating; the New Haven Lodge, No. 22, Free and Accepted Masons; Connecticut Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution; the Sharpsburg Young Men's Christian Association, of which he was a director; the Sharpsburg Rotary Club; and the Yale Club of Pittsburgh. In politics he is a Republican. His religious affiliation is with the Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Corbin married at New Haven, Connecticut, June 5, 1913, Margaret Smith. Mr. and Mrs. Corbin, who make their home at No. 126 Virginia Avenue, Aspinwall, have three children: 1. Munro, born in 1914; in 1930 a student at the Aspinwall High School. 2. Mary N., a pupil in one of the local grammar schools. 3. David S., born in 1923, a pupil in the local grade school.

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JOSEPH CALVIN EDGAR, M. D.—For more than two decades the Greater Pittsburgh District and, particularly the town of Oakmont, has been the scene of Dr. Edgar's professional activities as a physician. Naturally, he is widely known in the community, in which he has helped to guard the health for so many years, and he enjoys to an unusual degree the respect and confidence of his fellow-townsmen. He takes an active and effective part in civic and religious affairs and is a popular member of several fraternal and social organizations. During the earlier part of his career he was for several years a member of the Pennsylvania National Guard; he is a veteran of the World War, having rendered valuable professional services overseas; and for which he was promoted to major in the Medical Corps of the United States Army.

Dr. Joseph Calvin Edgar was born at Coulterville, Illinois, April 5, 1881, a son of Dr. Robert and Jennie (Alexander) Edgar. His father, a native of Randolph County, Illinois, who died in August, 1899, was a graduate of Rush Medical College, Chicago, Illinois, and for many years was a successful physician at Coulterville, Illinois. His mother, still living, aged 94 (1931), is a

native of Tennessee. Dr. Edgar received his early education in the public schools of Coulterville and, after graduating from high school there in 1900, was a student for four years at Geneva College, Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. He then took up the study of medicine at the Medical School of the University of Pittsburgh, graduating with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1908. The next year he spent as an interne at the Columbia Hospital at Wilkinsburg, after which he established himself, in 1909, in the general practice of medicine at Oakmont. There he has remained, building up a large and successful practice. In 1924 he succeeded the late Dr. W. H. Cooper as a member of the Oakmont Board of Health, a position in which he has rendered valuable services to the community.

During the World War he was commissioned a first lieutenant, Medical Corps, U. S. Army, in April, 1917, was promoted to the rank of captain in December, 1917, and further promoted to the rank of major in May, 1918. His service overseas was for one year as Regimental Surgeon of the 315th Field Artillery Regiment, 80th Division. Discharged from military service at Camp Dix, Wrightstown, New Jersey, in May, 1919, he returned to Oakmont and resumed there his private practice. His service during the World War was not his first military experience, Dr. Edgar having been a member of Company H, 14th Regiment, Pennsylvania National Guard, during 1904-07.

Dr. Edgar is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, and the Phi Rho Sigma, medical fraternity. He also belongs to the Alcoma Country Club, the Knights of Pythias, and several Masonic bodies, the latter including: Lodge, No. 548, of Verona, Allegheny County, Free and Accepted Masons; the Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and Syria Temple, of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party. His religious affiliation is with the First United Presbyterian Church of Oakmont, and he is a member of its board of trustees.

Dr. Edgar married, in 1910, Lillian Kraus, a daughter of John and Susan (McConkey) Kraus, of York County, Pennsylvania. Dr. and Mrs. Edgar are the parents of two daughters: Jane, born in October, 1913; and Ruth, born in March, 1917. The family residence, where Dr. Edgar also maintains his professional office, is located at No. 391 Washington Avenue, Oakmont.

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**OSCAR A. WINNENBERG**—Extensively interested in the business and commercial life of Forest Hills, Pennsylvania, and the development of the whole Pittsburgh district, Oscar A. Winnenberg, through his real estate work in the Forest Hills part of this district, contributes much to the well-being and prosperity of his community. He is president of the Forest Hills Real Estate Company, and before his connection with this enterprise was active in different phases of the affairs of the world of business and industry.

He was born in North Braddock, Pennsylvania, on April 14, 1897, son of George and Minnie (Goerlitz) Winnenberg, the former of whom, a merchant by trade, died in April, 1899. Both his parents were born in Germany, his mother in Elberfeldt, that country; she still lives. Oscar A. Winnenberg received his early education in the public schools of his native North Braddock and by attending night school and then he read law with Malcolm McDonald in Pittsburgh. In 1911 he went with the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing company, in East Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, with which organization he served through different departments, winning the esteem and admiration of his colleagues and his superiors. In 1922, he became department accountant with the Westinghouse company, and since that time has held this position. In 1924, however, he organized and incorporated the Forest Hills Real Estate Company, of which he is now president, and in connection with which he transacts a general real estate and insurance business. Of this company Oscar A. Winnenberg is the president, and Walter G. Winnenberg, brother, is secretary and treasurer. Mr. Winnenberg is also a director in the Forest Hills Building and Loan Association.

In addition to his numerous activities in the business world, Mr. Winnenberg is a justice of the peace in Forest Hills, having been elected to this office in 1919, and in 1929 he was serving in his second term. Politically, he is identified with the Republican party, whose policies and candidates he regularly supports. He is also active in fraternal orders, being a member of the Knights of Pythias, in which he is affiliated with the Wilkinsburg Lodge, and the Order of Independent Americans. His religious faith is that of Emmanuel's Lutheran Church, in East Pittsburgh, of which he is a member, serving also as treasurer of his parish.

Oscar A. Winnenberg married, in November, 1928, Jane McLain, a registered nurse of Pittsburgh, daughter of John and Mary McLain, the former of whom was at one time State mine inspector. Her father is deceased.

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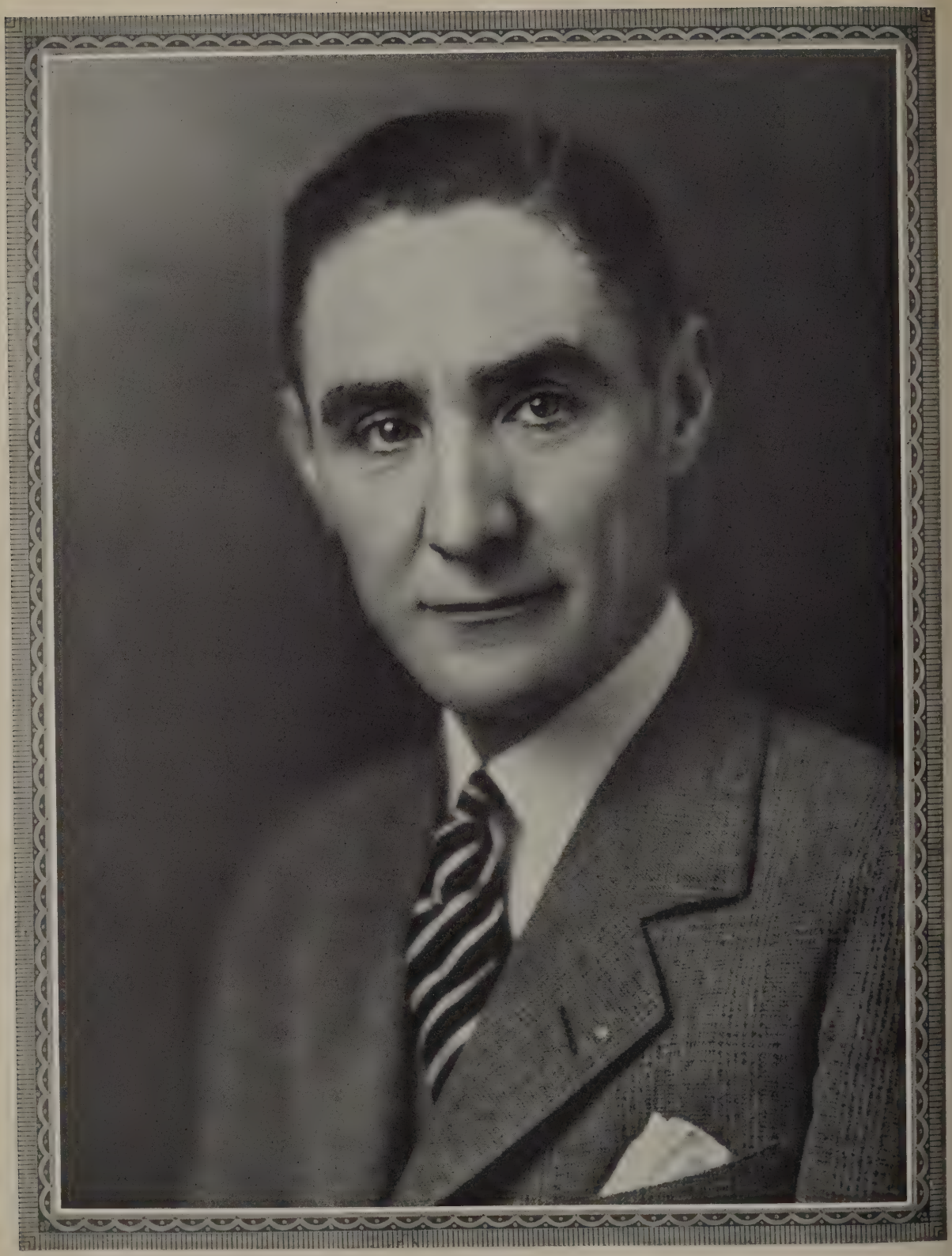
**HUGH J. O'DONNELL**—Few business men of a city have a better opportunity to serve the public than the pharmacist, and in addition to carrying out successfully this exacting task, Hugh J. O'Donnell, of Homestead, has shown an interest in all civic affairs of his community. Mr. O'Donnell was born at Tamaqua, Pennsylvania, on November 19, 1871, the son of Hugh O'Donnell, a general contractor, who was born in Ireland, and died in 1875, and of Bridgett (Scanlon) O'Donnell, also born in Ireland, who died in 1911. Mr. O'Donnell attended the public schools of



Wm A. Shields

Homestead, and then the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the class of 1899 with the degree of Graduate of Pharmacy. He purchased an interest in the drug store of E. F. Rowse of Homestead, and the business was continued for two years under the firm name of Rowse and O'Donnell. In 1897 Mr. O'Donnell purchased the remaining share of the business. The store was located at No. 347 Eighth Avenue, Homestead, until 1921, when it was moved to No. 311 Eighth Avenue, making in all thirty-four years in the one block, an enviable record of commercial stability. In 1919 Mr. O'Donnell opened an additional store at No. 116 West Grant Avenue, Duquesne. He has now sold his business in Homestead, but continues to operate the Duquesne store.

Mr. O'Donnell is an independent in politics, and has served for a term on the Borough Council of Homestead. He is a member of the Rotary Club, and in 1927 was honored with the presidency of the Homestead Chamber of Commerce. He acts as a director of the Monongahela Trust Company, and is the vice-president and a director of the Homestead Hospital. Mr. O'Donnell is also a member of the South Hills Country Club. He is a member of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church.

Hugh J. O'Donnell was married in 1905 to Winifred O'Donnell, of Hazlewood, Pittsburgh, a daughter of John J. and Katharine O'Donnell. Their children are: 1. John J., born in April, 1907, and now associated with his father in business. 2. Margaret, born in June, 1909, graduate of Duquesne College of Pharmacy. 3. Catharine, born in October, 1914, attending Carnegie Technical School.

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**CHARLES E. PIPER, M. D.**—A graduate of the Medical Department of the University of Pittsburgh, Dr. Piper has been successfully engaged in the general practice of his profession at Oakmont, since the completion of his medical education. Though one of the younger members of the medical profession in the Greater Pittsburgh district, he enjoys a high reputation, both in respect to his professional work and otherwise. He is a veteran of the World War and a popular member of several fraternal organizations and social clubs and he takes an active part in the various phases of the community's life.

Charles E. Piper was born at Derry, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, June 4, 1896, a son of Edward J. and Frances (DuShane) Piper. His father, who is a retired coal operator, was born at Derry, Pennsylvania, in 1860, while his mother is a native of Bolivar, Pennsylvania. Dr. Piper was educated in the public schools of Derry and, after graduating from high school in 1916, went to Allegheny College, Meadville, Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1920. He then took up the study of medicine at the University of Pittsburgh, graduating there with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1924. The next year he spent as an interne at the Allegheny General Hospital, after which he established himself in the general practice of medicine at Oakmont, with offices in the Henke Building. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, and the Medical fraternity, Nu Sigma Nu. While a student at Allegheny College, he enlisted in May, 1917, in the United States Army at Camp Hospital No. 21. He served for more than two years, of which eighteen months were spent overseas, receiving his honorable discharge, July 1, 1919. Dr. Piper is a member of the Valley Heights Country Club, the Keystone Athletic Club, and Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity, as well as of several Masonic bodies, including Lodge No. 568, of Derry, Free and Accepted Masons; Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, and his religious affiliation is with the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Dr. Piper married in July, 1926, Virginia Mae Taylor, of Ben Avon, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Charles and Ida Taylor. Dr. and Mrs. Piper are the parents of one son, Charles E. Piper, Jr., born December 2, 1927. The family residence is located at 101 California Avenue, Oakmont.

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**WILLIAM A. SHIELDS**—It is rather characteristic of Mr. Shields that his entire business career so far, covering more than a quarter of a century, has been spent with one and the same concern, the Wm. G. Johnston Company, one of the leading printing houses of Pittsburgh. It is equally characteristic of him, perhaps, that this career should have been so distinguished by ability, faithfulness and devotion to duty, that it brought Mr. Shields frequent promotion to positions of ever increasing importance and responsibility, until finally he became president of the company. Under his very energetic and able management the company, probably the oldest establishment of its type in Western Pennsylvania, has not only maintained its well-established reputation and its continuous success and prosperity, but has even extended them. Of course, Mr. Shields is one of the leading figures in the printing trade in Greater Pittsburgh. He is also prominently active in many other phases of the community's life and is a member of several fraternal, social and civic organizations, taking also a very effective and helpful part in religious work.

William A. Shields was born in Pittsburgh, October 3, 1889, a son of Robert A. and Martha (Curnow) Shields. His father, now deceased, was for many years in the produce business in Pittsburgh on Liberty Avenue. Mr. Shields received his early education in the public grade schools of Pittsburgh and later attended at night the Martin Business School and College for a period of

five years. On January 10, 1903, at the age of fourteen years, he entered the employ of the Wm. G. Johnston Company, printers, as a messenger. From that position he was promoted to the general office as telephone boy. His alert manner attracted the attention of the company's officials and he was transferred to the accounting department. Working in that department for several years in numerous capacities of constantly increasing responsibility, he finally was made, August 24, 1920, secretary and treasurer of the company. This position he occupied with distinction until February, 1929, when he was elected president and general manager. In these two capacities he has continued to serve the company ever since then. He is also a director of the Harrison-Shields Company.

The Wm. G. Johnston Company dates back to the early years of this republic, having been founded in 1818, the year in which the treaty of Ghent was signed, ending the War of 1812 and definitely establishing the Republic of the United States of America. The company was first known as Eichbaum and Johnston, the latter member of the firm being Samuel R. Johnston, father of William G. Johnston. The other partner was a well-known citizen of Pittsburgh, whose enterprise and strength of character made him one of the best-known figures in the early history of the city. In the year 1824, William Eichbaum disposed of his interest in the business to R. C. Stockton, and the firm was changed to Johnston & Stockton. William G. Johnston entered the business in 1845, and while he devoted the major portion of his life to it, he participated in the civic and national life of that stirring period. He was one of the Argonauts who heard the call of hidden wealth and joined the rush of gold-seekers to California. His adventures and experiences in this quest, which had many elements of the romantic, were later incorporated in his book, "Experiences of a Forty-Niner." In 1857 the firm name was changed to Wm. G. Johnston & Company, with Mr. Johnston as its head. In 1882 the firm left its old quarters in Liberty Avenue and moved to Ninth Street and Penn Avenue. It was at this corner that the firm established itself as a leader in the stationery and printing business, becoming one of the largest of its kind in western Pennsylvania, and occupying six floors of the building, in which it was located. The year 1899 was memorable in the history of Wm. G. Johnston & Company. In that year it introduced the loose-leaf system of bookkeeping in the western Pennsylvania district. The Dade loose-leaf ledger and the Johnston order holders, transfer binders and various manifolding systems were soon in general use. This innovation in commercial usage marked the passing of the old system of bound books for keeping records of business transactions. The firm made rapid strides from this time on. Some of its products followed the American Flag to the Philippine Islands, Hawaii and Porto Rico. In 1914 the factory was removed to its present location, Nos. 1130-42 Ridge Avenue, North Side. A plant modern in every detail, covering 55,000 square feet, all on one floor, with daylight overhead, was the new home of Wm. G. Johnston & Company, which was incorporated April 14, 1915. In common with every other business organization, a large number of employees of Wm. G. Johnston Company, including a grandson of the founder, entered the country's service during the World War, and one of the employees made the last great sacrifice. He laid down his life that government by the people and for the people might endure. Shortly after the Armistice, a reorganization of Wm. G. Johnston Company took place. One-fifth of the capital stock of the company was sold to its employees who thereby became partners in the concern, and at this date eighty-two per cent. of the employees are stockholders. With this innovation a new spirit of progress animated the organization. A typographical department was installed, where the best talent that could be procured was set to work devising means of imparting to the printed page that atmosphere of worth and elegance which is so important a factor in the production of effective printing. With the engagement of this talent, new type faces were purchased, and every mechanical device that would permit that talent to function in the highest degree was added to the equipment. In July, 1923, another step forward was taken when an offset lithographic department was installed. In this new development the firm is specializing to a large extent in the production of direct mail advertising literature in the form of catalogs, booklets, four-page letterheads, posters, etc. The growing importance of this new development in the field of graphic arts has been realized, and the House of Johnston is rapidly acquiring an enviable reputation in the application of color lithography to direct mail advertising. With the installation of the offset process, new bindery equipment, new engraving methods, and new and larger presses were added, made necessary by the increased volume of business. In April, 1924, still another step forward was taken with the moving of the stationery and city sales office from No. 429 Wood Street to its new and commodious quarters located at Nos. 343-345 Boulevard of the Allies, between Wood and Smithfield streets.

For many years prominently active in Masonic affairs, Mr. Shields is a member of numerous Masonic bodies, including the following: Belleview Lodge, No. 530, Free and Accepted Masons; Chapter No. 286, Royal Arch Masons; Mount Moriah Council, No. 2, Royal and Select Masters; Pittsburgh Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar; and Islam Grotto, Mystic Order Veiled Prophets of the Enchanted Realm. He is also a member of the Keystone Athletic Club, the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce and the North Side Chamber of Commerce, as well as the Pittsburgh Club of Printing House Craftsmen, of which he

Edward A. Steiner

is president, and the Typothetae of Pittsburgh, of which he is vice-president and a director. His religious affiliations are with the Presbyterian church and more particularly with the Avalon Presbyterian Church, of the Sunday school class of which he is president. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party.

Mr. Shields married in Pittsburgh, September 18, 1912, Edna O. Phillips, a daughter of John A. and Hannah (Walker) Phillips. Mr. and Mrs. Shields, who make their home at No. 21 Marie Avenue, Avalon, have one daughter, Florence, now a student in Avalon High School.

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EDWARD A. SEIPLE—It is rather characteristic of Mr. Seiple that he has been connected without interruption for forty years or more with one and the same concern, the Wm. G. Johnston & Company, old established and well-known Pittsburgh printing house. It is, perhaps, equally characteristic of him that he should have risen during this long period of service with one and the same firm from a comparatively modest position on their sales staff to the position of sales promotion manager, the most important department of the company, as well as to the vice-presidency and a directorship. These facts about Mr. Seiple's career well illustrate his exceptional loyalty and ability, characteristics for which he has been known throughout his entire life.

Edward A. Seiple was born in Elizabeth, New Jersey, October 31, 1864, a son of Jacob and Mary (Latham) Seiple, both now deceased. His father was for many years very prominently active in politics in Elizabeth and New Jersey, serving for twenty-two years as city clerk of Elizabeth and being one of the leading figures in the affairs of the Democratic party in his State. Mr. Seiple's paternal ancestry dates back in this country to 1645. On both his parents' sides ancestors fought in the Revolutionary War. Mr. Seiple's grandfather served in the War of 1812 under General Winfield Scott, and one of the most treasured possessions of the family has been for many years the epaulets worn by this famous American soldier during the War of 1812. Mr. Seiple received his early education in a preparatory school with the intention of going to Princeton University. Circumstances, however, prevented him from carrying out this plan and forced him to start work at a comparatively early age. He began his career as a Western Union Telegraph messenger. In this connection it is interesting to note that the late Samuel S. B. Morse, world famous inventor of the telegraph instrument named after him, was a relative of Mr. Seiple. Somewhat later the latter went to Baltimore as general money transfer agent for the Baltimore & Ohio Telegraph Company, with which he remained for four years. In 1889 he came to Pittsburgh and became connected with the Pittsburgh and Western Railroad. Soon afterwards, more than forty years ago, he entered the employ of the Wm. G. Johnston & Company, famous Pittsburgh printing establishment, with which he has been continuously connected ever since then. A more detailed account of the interesting and successful history of this company may be found in the preceding article, devoted to the career of William A. Shields, its president. After being connected with the stationery store of the company for two years, Mr. Seiple became the company's salesman in charge of the sales promotion work throughout the western part of Pennsylvania. In February, 1922, he became a member of the board of directors and manager of sales work. Seven years later, in February, 1929, he was elected vice-president of the Wm. G. Johnston & Company, the headquarters of which are located now on Ridge Avenue, North Side, Pittsburgh. Mr. Seiple is a member of the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Keystone Athletic Club and the South Hills Country Club. For many years prominently active in Masonic affairs, he is a member of numerous Masonic bodies, including the following: St. John's Lodge, No. 219, Free and Accepted Masons; Pittsburgh Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar; and the various other Masonic bodies up to and including the thirty-second degree, Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. He is also a member of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, as well as of Lodge No. 283, of Rochester, Pennsylvania, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. His religious affiliations are with the Knoxville Presbyterian Church, while in politics he is a supporter of the Republican party.

Mr. Seiple married in Pittsburgh, in 1901, Mildred G. Thorne. Mr. and Mrs. Seiple, who have no children, make their home at No. 239 Alice Street, Thirtieth Ward, Pittsburgh.

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JOHN HUEY HUMES, M. D.—Established in general medical practice at McKee's Rocks since 1905, prior to which year he had been so engaged in Hollidaysburg, Dr. John Huey Humes has worthily attained a high reputation both among the professional and lay membership of the district. He began his career well grounded in education and a practical training in hospital work and has continued to keep abreast of the times in his studies of medical progress, thus drawing a large group of patients and being of splendid assistance in relieving suffering humanity of its ills. Also deeply interested in educational and civic affairs, he has served well in office and displayed an intimate knowledge of the requirements of the community in its march of progress. Social, religious and fraternal activities have benefited by his membership and brought him a host of close and loyal friends, while his popularity in all circles in which he moves is unquestioned.

He was born in Hollidaysburg, Pennsylvania, February 21, 1879, a son of James R. and Martha M. (Huey) Humes, his father having been a physician, born in 1847, a graduate of Hahnemann

Medical College, in Philadelphia, in the class of 1874. He was a native of Tarentum, Pennsylvania, practiced in Hollidaysburg and died there, March 9, 1918. Mrs. Humes was also a native of Tarentum, born in 1851, deceased in August, 1901. Their son was educated in the public elementary and high schools of Blair County, graduating in 1896 and following this training by two years at the Kiskiminetas Spring School. Leaving there in 1898, he took one year at Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, and then went to the Hahnemann Medical College for the full course of instruction. From that institution he was graduated with the class of 1902, received his degree of Doctor of Medicine and entered upon a year of service as an interne in St. Luke's Hospital, in Philadelphia. He then established himself in practice in Hollidaysburg, continued there for two years and then removed to McKee's Rocks, where he has since been in practice. He is a member of the staff of the Ohio Valley General Hospital and belongs to the American Medical Association and to the State and County Medical societies. He served as president of the school board from 1919 to 1921 and as secretary from 1921 to 1925. He is a Republican in politics and a Presbyterian in religion, while fraternally he is affiliated with the order of Free and Accepted Masons, Blue Lodge, and with the Mt. Moriah Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, also having membership in the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. During the World War he served with the rank of captain in the Medical Corps of the army, attached to the 77th Division, and was actively engaged at the front, overseas, with the Field Artillery unit. He served in this capacity for thirteen months and was honorably mustered out on May 17, 1919.

Dr. John Huey Humes married, in 1906, Myrtle C. Crothers, of Tyrone, Pennsylvania, daughter of Frank and Katharine Crothers.

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**SOLES FAMILY**—In the life of McKeesport, Pennsylvania, this family has played a prominent part through several different generations and individuals. The founder of the house in this city was Louis Soles, who came from Westmoreland County, this State. He was a carpenter and builder by trade. He was active in his day in the affairs of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, and was one of the founders of that parish in McKeesport. He married Catherine Cavin, a woman of noted Revolutionary ancestry and of wonderful character. Their son was Wesley C. Soles, who for years was prominently engaged in the business life of McKeesport and vicinity and who was the founder of the W. C. Soles Company in its present form.

Wesley C. Soles was born in McKeesport in March, 1848, and died there December 2, 1926. It was in this city that he was reared and educated. He learned the carpenter's trade, and for a time worked with his father. Then, when a lad of nineteen years, he went west to Missouri, then on to Montana, where he engaged for a short time in mining work, until he pushed westward to Salt Lake City, Utah. At a time when the West was sparsely settled and by no means entirely safe for the newcomer, he met it fearlessly and courageously, and was even tempted to go further toward the Pacific Coast. He finally put the decision up to a coin, which came up in favor of the East. Thereupon he returned to McKeesport, and here went to work to establish himself in business and found a home for himself. He spent the rest of his days in McKeesport, where he became a prominent factor in the business, social and political worlds, and showed himself to be a character ever strong, shrewd and just. He became engaged in building work with his father, who later died, leaving the conduct of the business and the care of the family to him. From that time onward Wesley C. Soles did a large business in building and in selling property, both for residential and for commercial purposes. He it was who laid out the sub-divisions of the city, and he was also one of the founders of the National Bank of McKeesport and for many years its president. He was one of the owners and promoters of the traction lines of the city. Doing business in different lines, he found much time, in addition, to travel, and saw much in the United States and South America. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and was for a time very active in political affairs, and a close friend of the late Mathew S. Quay.

He married Emma L. Smith, daughter of Thomas and Cynthia (McGraw) Smith, and they had seven children: 1. T. Franklin, attorney-at-law, with offices at No. 1204 Park Building, Pittsburgh, and also in McKeesport at No. 507 Locust Street. 2. Evelyn L., living at home with her family. 3. Scott A., State bank examiner. 4. Charles W., who died in May, 1919. 5. Robert S., real estate and insurance dealer, of McKeesport. 6. Louis C., real estate and insurance dealer, of McKeesport. 7. Cynthia, who married T. Harry Smaith, Mt. Lebanon.

The business of W. C. Soles Company is now operated by Louis C. and Robert S. Soles. Louis C. Soles, born October 4, 1894, was educated in the public schools and at Mercersburg Academy, and upon completing his school work he spent one year in the bond business in Minneapolis, Minnesota. Then, on August 24, 1917, he entered in the capacity of student officer the Second Officers' Training Corps, in which he was given the ranking of first lieutenant, and was sent to Camp Pike, Arkansas, as instructor. There he remained until January 20, 1919, when he returned once more to civil life, becoming engaged in the real estate and insurance business with the W. C. Soles Company. The business is now conducted by him and his brother, and includes the brokerage, mortgage and insurance fields. Mr. Soles is a member of the Youghiogheny Country Club, the Aliquippa Lodge, No. 375, Free and Accepted Masons; Aliquippa Lodge, No. 136, Benevolent and Protective

Order of Elks; and the American Legion, Post No. 361. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Louis C. Soles married, on December 8, 1918, Alice Delamater Walker, of Meadville, Pennsylvania, daughter of Colonel Lewis and Adelaide (Delamater) Walker. By this union there were two children: Adelaide D., and Cynthia. The residence of Louis C. Soles and family is situated at No. 1324 Bailey Street, McKeesport.

His brother, Robert S. Soles, was born August 23, 1892, and was educated in the public schools of McKeesport and at Lafayette College, from which he was graduated in the class of 1915 as civil engineer. He then spent one year in New York City with the Bell Telephone Company. In April, 1917, he enlisted in the First Officers' Training Camp. At Fort Niagara he was commissioned second lieutenant and sent to Camp Meade, Maryland, and subsequently went to Newport News. He spent sixteen months overseas in the Quartermaster's Corps, stationed at St. Sulpice, as captain, and was mustered out of the service with the rank of captain in July, 1919. Mr. Soles is a member of the American Legion; Aliquippa Lodge, No. 375, Free and Accepted Masons; the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Lodge No. 136; the Youghiogheny Country Club, and the First Methodist Episcopal Church.

Robert S. Soles married, on September 15, 1920, La Roux Lynch, daughter of Harry B. Lynch, of McKeesport. The family residence of Robert S. Soles and his wife is at No. 2018 Jenny Lind Street, McKeesport.

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**JAMES HENRY LOVE, M. D.**—For nearly a quarter of a century Dr. James Henry Love has pursued his humane calling in the town of Verona, Pennsylvania, and has become an integral part of the progress of this thriving suburb of Pittsburgh. A general practitioner of thorough medical training and wide experience, he has a deep insight into the mental as well as the physical condition of his patients and is remarkably successful in helping them to recovery.

James Henry Love was born in Jefferson County, Pennsylvania, April 16, 1869, son of John and Susanna (Nuff) Love. The father, born in County Down, near Belfast, Ireland, became a farmer in this country and died in 1914. The mother was born in Jefferson County, Pennsylvania, and died in 1910. The son, James Henry Love, attended the public schools in Clarion County and the normal school, completing his course in pedagogy with the class of 1895. Thereafter he taught school for eight years, serving as principal of the schools in Marionville, Pennsylvania, in 1896-97. Meantime he was ambitious for professional training and studied medicine at the Western Pennsylvania Medical College, from which he graduated in 1901 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine.

His professional career began with three years of general practice in Elk County. Dr. Love then settled in Verona, where he has since remained. He is a member of the County, State, and American Medical associations and widely recognized as a skillful and conscientious general practitioner. A Republican with a keen interest in local affairs, he has for four years served on the city council. He belongs to the Oakmont Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and to the United Presbyterian Church in Verona, serving it in the capacity of elder.

James Henry Love married, in 1890, Margaret Blanche McKee, of Sligo, Clarion County, Pennsylvania, daughter of Robert and Anna McKee. Dr. and Mrs. Love were the parents of three children, of whom two survive: Mabel Elizabeth, wife of John Paul Baker; Grace, wife of D. B. Fawcett; Victor, who died at the age of two years. Dr. Love has five grandchildren: John Paul Baker, Jr.; James Love Baker; Robert Love Baker; David Blakley Fawcett, and James Love Fawcett.

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**JOHN C. WERNER**—Well-known educator, prominent citizen of Coraopolis, where his activities have meant much to civic and economic as well as to the cultural development, John C. Werner as superintendent of the Coraopolis Public School System has under his direction two thousand and three hundred students (1929). The first school was built here in 1834, and the present system is composed of three elementary schools, a junior high and high schools, having seventy-five teachers in charge of instruction. The senior high school has a fine gymnasium and auditorium seating six hundred and fifty persons, with a full complement of necessary class rooms, etc. George W. Cassler is principal of the high school, and Dessie Spangler heads the junior high staff.

Mr. Werner was born at Meyersdale, Pennsylvania, October 15, 1887. His father, Henry C. Werner, was born in this community in 1860, and has spent his career at agriculture. His mother, Eva (Glotfeldy) Werner, was a native of Greenville Township, Somerset County, born in 1854; and her death occurred March 8, 1925.

Mr. Werner secured his earliest academic instruction in the elementary schools of Meyersdale, graduated from Franklin and Marshall Academy in 1906, from Franklin and Marshall College in 1910 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and took the degree of Master of Arts from the University of Pittsburgh in 1924. Meanwhile, in 1910, he had undertaken the course of his life's work as an educator, at Scottdale, as a teacher and later as principal, remaining there until 1916. In the latter year he came to Coraopolis, where he has resided since. From 1916 to 1920 he served as principal of the high school, and from 1920 to the present time as supervising principal over both high schools and the elementary schools.

A Republican, Mr. Werner supports the policies and candidates of the party with consistent effort.

He was president of the Kiwanis Club in 1929. He is a communicant of the Reformed Church, but teaches the Ladies' Bible Class in the First Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Werner married, June 18, 1913, Mary Musser, of Berlin, Pennsylvania, daughter of Jabof M. and Elizabeth (Beachy) Musser; and they have a daughter, Ruth Elizabeth, born October 20, 1914.

During his nearly twenty years of educational activity, Mr. Werner has become known throughout school circles of the State, and is highly esteemed by colleagues for his ability. He is a member of the Allegheny County Principals Round Table, Pennsylvania State Education Association, and the National Education Association.

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**CHARLES A. FAUST**—Engaged in the real estate and insurance business, Charles A. Faust is one of the leaders in the affairs of McKeesport, Pennsylvania, and the vicinity immediately surrounding this city. He is also keenly interested in public affairs, and for his work in different fields has won the esteem and respect of his fellowmen.

Mr. Faust was born on March 31, 1906, in McKeesport, Pennsylvania, son of Peter and Eva (Gallars) Faust. He received his early education in the public schools, and subsequently studied with the International Correspondence School. Soon after he finished his formal studies, he learned the trade of carpenter, and then became engaged in the contracting and building business. He has been responsible for the building of numerous commercial and residential structures in McKeesport and its environs, and deserves praise for his work in this connection. Then, too, he is one of the promoters of the Faust Coal Company, which is engaged in mining work in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, near the town of Boston. Combining these enterprises with his real estate and insurance business, Mr. Faust has built up an enviable establishment in the different fields in which he is interested, and has done not a little to aid in the advancement of his fellowmen and the conditions existing in the community. He belongs to the McKeesport Real Estate Board, the Fraternal Order of Eagles, and the First Presbyterian Church of McKeesport. He was reared on a farm, and early in life learned the habits of thrift and industry, with the result that he is one of the outstanding citizens in the type of work in which he is engaged.

The real estate and insurance business which he conducts under his own name at No. 341 Sixth Street, McKeesport, Pennsylvania, was established in 1924, when it became engaged in a general realty and insurance line. In the real estate branch of this firm, Mr. Faust covers the whole territory of the State of Pennsylvania, and specializes in coal mining properties, although he also handles extensive farm lands and city properties. He is extremely well-versed in real estate matters, and in insurance he handles all kinds of the best policies except life insurance.

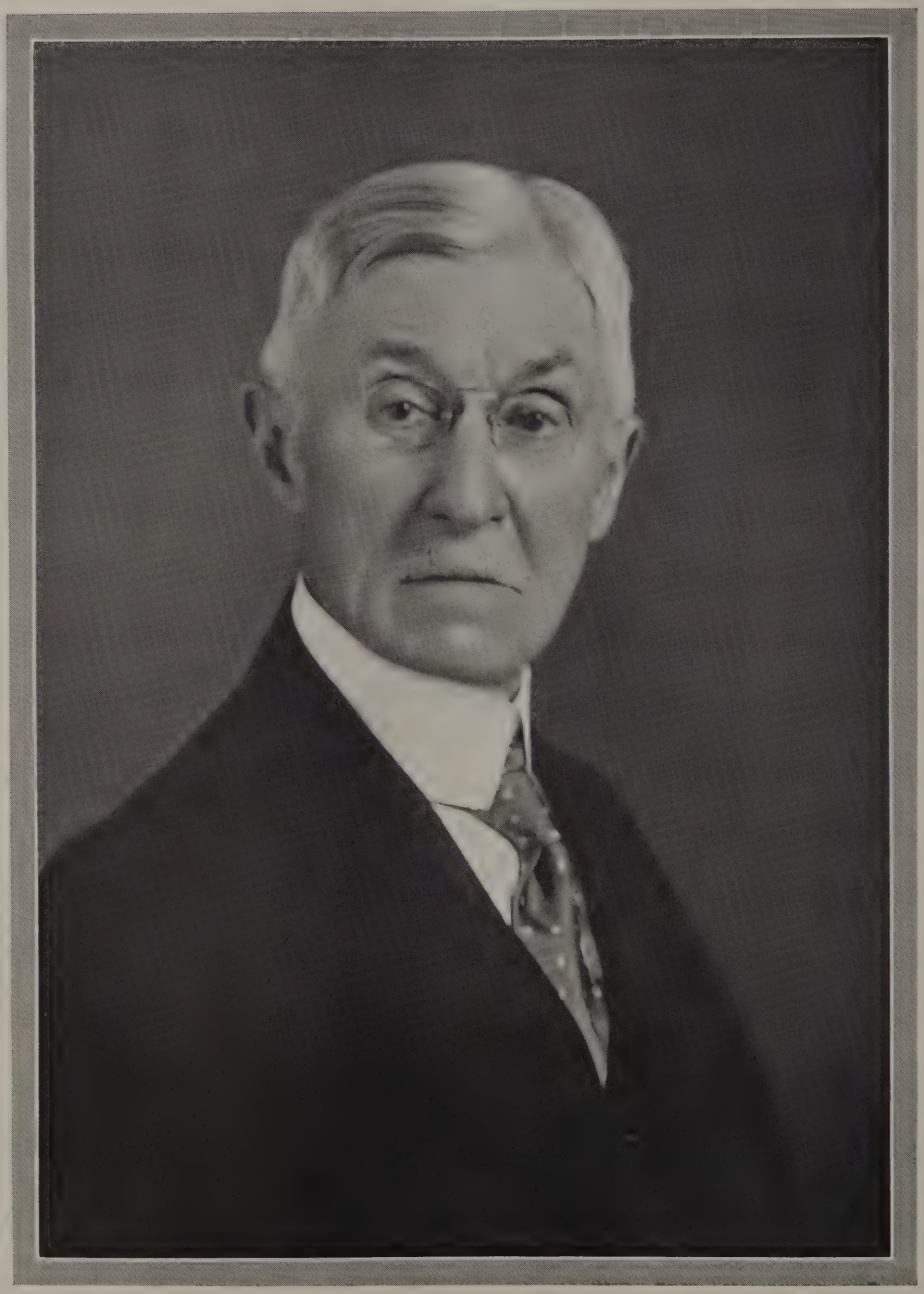
**CHRISTY ERVINE STONER**—In a day when motor vehicles play so significant a part in the business of every day, the distributor of automobiles is one of the important men of a community. Christy Ervine Stoner, of Oakmont, Pennsylvania, is one of the partners of C. E. Stoner and Company, agents for Oakland, Pontiac, Willys-Knight, and Graham motor cars. The company maintains handsome show rooms and a well-equipped and well-manned garage.

Christy Ervine Stoner was born September 20, 1881, in Pennsylvania Township, Allegheny County, son of Kaufman and Mary (Frazier) Stoner. The father, also a native of Pennsylvania Township, is a retail grocer, and the mother, who was born near Uniontown, Pennsylvania, died in February, 1926. The son was educated in the local public schools and at Done Academy, at Granville, Ohio, in the class of 1909, from which preparatory institution he entered Pennsylvania State College. He graduated from a course in forestry in 1913 and for the next three years practiced his profession.

Automobiles then made their appeal to Mr. Stoner, who has since that time, except for the interval of his war service, engaged in the garage and sales business. In 1916 he established a garage in North Bessemer, Pennsylvania, under the name of the North Bessemer Garage, which he operated for two years, until his enlistment. After he received his honorable discharge and returned to this country from the war area, Mr. Stoner became a partner in the Verona Auto Company, in July, 1919, and sold Ford cars until 1927. His associates were B. L. Stoner and J. E. O. O'Neal. In 1927, Mr. Stoner built his present show room and garage and soon was launched as independent owner, dealer in Oakland and Pontiac cars, makes which were supplemented in May, 1928, by the Willys-Knight and Graham cars. In that year, Mr. P. W. Grubbs entered into partnership with Mr. Stoner, and the resulting concern received the name of C. E. Stoner and Company. It is one of the well-organized and prosperous business houses of the district and employs ten men.

Devoted always to his duties as a citizen, Mr. Stoner volunteered as a soldier when the United States entered the World War, and he became a private in the 80th Division, 317th Machine Gun Company, which remained overseas fourteen months. In the course of this long and grilling service, Mr. Stoner was promoted to the rank of second lieutenant and was honorably discharged with that rank. He is a Republican and a communicant of the United Presbyterian Church. His fraternal affiliation is with the Free and Accepted Masons, Lodge No. 648.

On July 18, 1917, Christy Ervine Stoner married Margaret Boyd, of Unity, Pennsylvania, daughter of Archie and Thyrza Boyd. Mr. and Mrs. Stoner have a son, Christy Ervine Stoner, Jr., born July 18, 1927.



W A Hutchinson

**JAMES CLINTON HAWKINS, M. D.**—Among the prominent physicians and surgeons of Coraopolis whose reputations are of the highest in greater Pittsburgh, none is worthier of mention than Dr. James C. Hawkins, whose practice here has extended over a period of more than a decade. His career at medicine and surgery has been one of accomplishment. In fields aside from this he has won distinction as a citizen actively interested in the advancement of Coraopolis, and has to his credit eighteen months' service in the World War.

Dr. Hawkins was born in Washington County, Pennsylvania, October 26, 1889, son of William Newton and Ada (Farquhar) Hawkins. His father was a native of Washington County, born in 1853; he engaged in the realty and coal businesses in that county for many years, becoming a foremost citizen of his community; and he died December 29, 1922. Ada (Farquhar) Hawkins also was a native of Washington County. Her death occurred in 1894.

Only five years old when his mother died, Dr. Hawkins attended the public schools of Washington County, and graduated from high school with markings indicative of scholastic excellence, in 1907. In 1911 he took the degree of Bachelor of Arts from Washington and Jefferson University, and in 1916 the Master of Arts degree; he received his degree of Doctor of Medicine from Western Reserve College, in Cleveland, Ohio. For a year thereafter he was interned at St. Francis Hospital, Pittsburgh. Then he practiced in Pittsburgh proper and in McKee's Rocks for about two and a half years, and at the United States' entry into the world conflict, 1917, he served overseas with the medical corps, attached to the 25th Air Squadron. Later he was with the Royal Air Forces. Commissioned a lieutenant while in action, at his discharge he held the rank of captain, discharge taking place April 13, 1919. Since then Dr. Hawkins has been a resident of Coraopolis. His practice here is extensive, having increased with the years.

Dr. Hawkins is a member of the county, State and national medical associations; of Coraopolis Medical Society; Lodge No. 674, Free and Accepted Masons; Coraopolis Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; the Kiwanis Club, the Fraternal Order of Eagles, and the United Presbyterian Church. A Republican, he is active in all worth while measures aimed at the constructive development of the community.

On November 9, 1920, Dr. Hawkins was united in marriage with Margaret Gilson, of Pittsburgh, a daughter of Dr. Harry Stewart and Emma Gilson. Their children are: 1. James Gilson, born November 16, 1924. 2. George Raymond, born October 14, 1926. 3. Joan, born April 22, 1931.

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**HENRY A. HUTCHINSON, M. D.**—Head of the Dixmont Hospital (for insane) as superintendent, Dr. Henry A. Hutchinson is widely known in Pennsylvania and the east. His career is long and of honored attainment. For more than fifty years he has been identified with the medical profession.

Born at Trenton, New Jersey, Dr. Hutchinson is a son of George A. Hutchinson, who was born at Trenton, dying in 1883, and Julia R. (Smith) Hutchinson, native of Philadelphia, who died in 1907.

Dr. Hutchinson was a student at the old Trenton Academy and the State School of Trenton, studied medicine with Dr. John Wolverton, of Trenton, and attended the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania taking the degree of medicine, 1878. Since that year, he has been actively a part of the professional brotherhood. He first practiced medicine in Trenton, and in 1879, became third assistant physician at The Dixmont Hospital, under Dr. Joseph A. Reed. He held this post six years, and following the death of Dr. Reed, in January of 1885, became superintendent, which position he has held since, the hospital having had only two superintendents in its history—Drs. Reed and Hutchinson. The hospital was incorporated by act of the Legislature, in 1848. It has become one of the finest in the Nation, and the directorship of Dr. Hutchinson has been to its great advantage.

A Republican, Dr. Hutchinson supports the principles of the party and interests himself in general affairs aside from the profession. He is a member of the County, State and American Medical associations, a life member of the American Psychiatric Association, and was the first president of the Pennsylvania State Association of Trustees and Medical superintendents of Institutions for the Insane and Mental Defectives.

Dr. Hutchinson married, in 1909, Elizabeth Love, of Edgeworth, Pennsylvania, daughter of Marion Love.

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**HEBER McDOWELL**—Seventy-two years was the span of life allotted to Heber McDowell and he lived them all in Pittsburgh, where he attained distinction in public office and in the industrial activities of the district. Early in life he took a great interest in public affairs and, espousing the cause of the Republican party, on several occasions was elected to important office, in the conduct of which he more than justified the confidence reposed in him by the electorate, doing much valuable work for the people and for the progress of the community. His love for children was one of his predominant traits and it was largely through his activities that playgrounds were provided, in order to guard them from the dangers of the public highways. In his public life not even his most vigorous political opponents ever saw him in anything but the cleanest of characters, for he was a politician who believed in fighting his battles with the weapons of truth, and mud-slinging was to him an inconceivable means of minimizing the worthiness of a rival to acceptance by the people as their official represen-

tative. In this way he early won the complete respect of all with whom he had contact and on several occasions he was proposed for mayor of the city. Although he never held that office, both major political parties, at the termination of his term as coroner, joined in calling him one of the outstanding county officials and a thoroughly honest and clean politician. His ancestors were patriots and he knew no other code than fidelity to trust and honorable methods of conduct, in public as well as private life. The political machine was purified by his membership and the people of Pittsburgh were greatly benefited through his civic activities. He will be known as one of the important citizens of his day and a credit to his fine ancestry, the honorable traditions of which he maintained to the full throughout his life.

Born in Pittsburgh, in that section of the city then known as Allegheny, October 29, 1857, he was a son of William and Margaret (Chambers) McDowell. His father volunteered for service in the Union Army at the beginning of the Civil War and lost his life in that conflict between the States for the support of conflicting ideas. He left two sons, Heber, of this review, and William, both now deceased.

Heber McDowell received his education in the public schools and at Duff's Institute. His active career began as a transfer agent, but this was abandoned when he received an appointment to the police force during the administration of Mayor Lydell. He later was elected constable of the Fourth Ward, during the reign of Barney McKenna, well known political leader, and so well did he perform the duties of that office that recognition was made of his value by his election to the office of coroner of Allegheny County. He filled that office with distinction for twelve years and it is related of him that he spent a large part of his salary in railway fares between Pittsburgh and Harrisburg, seeking legislation for the benefit of his home city. He was an important factor in inducting the State Legislature to enact a bill authorizing the county to erect a morgue and Mr. McDowell had a large share in supervising the construction of the present building. He will long be known as the "Father of the Pittsburgh Morgue." He was elected alderman to represent the Eleventh Ward and performed the difficult duties of that office with great satisfaction for five years. His abilities in the various positions of trust he had filled attracted the attention of business men, several seeking his services, and he was induced to join the forces of the Booth and Flinn Construction Company, for whom he became claim agent, an office he held at the time of his death. At the time of the Spanish-American War he offered his services to his country, but there were enough younger men and his patriotic offer was declined by the military establishment, but he was made inspector of rifle practice of the 14th Regiment. During the World War, however, he was able to serve in the several financial campaigns, to which he brought an ability of great value to the Liberty Loan and Red Cross work.

Mr. McDowell served three terms as president of the Morningside Community Association. He was a very active member of the Knights of Pythias and was largely instrumental in the success of the great parade of that body at the time of its convention in this city. He was a charter member of the Schenley Park Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, which he assisted in organizing. As a token of the esteem in which he was held by his brother members of the lodge he was presented with a fine portrait of himself on the occasion of the celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of its organization. At the time of the presentation he was deeply moved at this honor and affectionate regard it indicated. He was also a member of the Loyal Order of Moose and of Pittsburgh Lodge, No. 11, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He attended St. Andrew's Protestant Episcopal Church of Pittsburgh. Mr. McDowell's death occurred in Pittsburgh, November 27, 1929.

Heber McDowell married, August 12, 1884, Minnie Welsh, daughter of Michael and Ann (McCabe) Welsh, pioneer and highly respected residents of the Sixth Ward. Their children were: 1. Heber, Jr., a resident of Kansas City, Missouri. 2. Mary, married Dr. Edward P. Schempp, an optician, of Pittsburgh, and they are the parents of three children: Edward, Louise Helene, and Mary Elizabeth. 3. Ella, married Harry M. Austin, and they are the parents of three children: Mary Jane, Walter Graham, and Martha Ann. 4. William, of whom further. 5. Gertrude. 6. Katharine Virginia, married Francis E. Deakin, and they are the parents of one child, John Heber McDowell Deakin.

William McDowell, fourth child of Heber and Minnie (Welsh) McDowell, served with the United States forces on the Mexican border and during the World War held the rank of captain in the 111th Infantry, 28th Division. He served with distinction with the American Expeditionary Forces in France and was decorated for bravery in battle. Following the Armistice he was returned to the United States and honorably mustered out of the military establishment. He died in California, six weeks before the death of his father, and received burial in Pittsburgh, full military honors being accorded him and the funeral being one of the largest and most impressive ever held in this city. He married Rachel Clark, and they were the parents of two children, Bettie Clark and Dorothy J.

Among the most pleasing attributes of the late Heber McDowell was his devotion to the welfare of children, who knew him as a sincere friend and whose affection for him was beautiful. In taking up his residence in the Morningside section of the city some years prior to his death, he saw the need for a closer community spirit and set about the work of organizing a celebration, to bring the people together and get better acquainted. He was the leader in raising funds for the purpose and for the offering of prizes for various contests among men, women and children. The affair was

so successful that it became a permanent fixture and is known as the Morningside Community. He also obtained for the children the playground that they still enjoy. He was an eloquent and forceful speaker and was in demand at dinners and other events. His home life was ideal, a tender and loving husband and father. His death was a permanent bereavement to an army of friends.

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**GUST BLAIR**—In McKeesport, Pennsylvania, and its environs, the firm of Blair and Mack plays an important part in building and contracting work, and Gust Blair is practically at the head of the entire organization, as Paul W. Mack, with whom he joined forces several years ago to form a partnership, retired from active endeavor in 1929. The company has directed some of the largest and most comprehensive construction projects in this vicinity of western Pennsylvania, and has been for years a leader in its industry.

Mr. Blair was born in Franklin County, Pennsylvania, on March 27, 1886, son of David W. and Anna (Nickerson) Blair, and was educated in the public schools of that community. When only eleven years old he started out on his own, and wandered about all over the country, working here and there at different jobs that came his way. At the age of seventeen years, he came to McKeesport, and at nineteen was foreman on the construction of the Kirnann Building, the youngest foreman of his day. He was for a time with the Wilson Brothers organization, and was employed by different companies up to 1914, when he went into business for himself. Then, in 1919, he formed a partnership with Mr. Mack, who for a long time had been active in affairs in this community. The business has been conducted, since its formation in that year, as a contracting organization. Some of the principal contracts executed by it are that of the Donahue Building, at Seventh Avenue and Choate Street; the Penn-McKee Hotel; the Harris Memorial Theatre; additions to the Famous Store, in McKeesport; a plant incinerator in McKeesport; and the Murphy Store here. Into all of his work Mr. Blair has put that full measure of energy and enthusiasm that are characteristic of the man in whatever enterprise he undertakes, and the result is that he has been eminently successful in his labors, and has done a great deal to promote the upbuilding and welfare of his community.

Mr. Blair is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, in which he belongs to the Youghiogheny Lodge; the Free and Accepted Masons; the Chamber of Commerce; and the Rotary Club. His religious faith is that of the Central Presbyterian Church. He is also affiliated with the Youghiogheny Country Club.

Gust Blair married Martha Sinsel, of McKeesport, daughter of John C. and Ann (Donaldson) Sinsel. They reside at No. 1406 Carnegie Avenue, McKeesport.

Along with its other building and construction work, Blair and Mack has done much structural work on schools, having built the Jeannette Catholic School and the Jeannette Catholic Church at Erwin, Pennsylvania; the Murphy Company store at West Newton; two schools and a store at Monessen; a grade school at Wilson, a high school at Trafford City, and two school buildings at Glassport. The firm does upward of five hundred thousand dollars worth of business annually.

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**WILLIAM J. FILCER**—Equipped as a practical printer, which business he followed for a number of years, William J. Filcer, of Duquesne, Pennsylvania, has been actively engaged in the newspaper publishing business since 1896, during which period he has attained a high reputation as an editor and business man and has won the esteem of his fellow-citizens by the uprightness of his activities. He is one of the substantial and valuable citizens of this district, with a legion of close friends and a loyal following in his professional capacity. He is actively interested in civic affairs and keeps up to the minute in his knowledge of current local and national events, thus being enabled to place before his reading public the news as they wish to read it, as is proven by the circulation of his paper, the "Observer-Times" of Duquesne, of which amalgamation he has been president since 1904.

Born in West Newton, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, February 8, 1871, he is a son of George P. Filcer, a veteran of the Civil War, who was wounded at the battle of Stone River, Tennessee, while serving with the 3d Regiment of Ohio Foot Volunteers, Company E. He was born in Center County, Pennsylvania, and for years was a foreman in the service of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. His death occurred in January, 1886. His wife, mother of William J. Filcer, was Anna Vance (Strebig) Filcer, a native of Washington County, Pennsylvania, whose death occurred in February, 1926. Their son was educated in the public schools of Connellsville and afterward learned the printing trade in the composing rooms of the "Connellsville Courier," where he remained for six years. He then joined the forces of the "Duquesne Observer," which had been founded in 1893 by George J. Campbell. This association continued for one year, when, in partnership with John A. Geeting, the paper was purchased from Mr. Campbell and its weekly publication continued. In 1896 Mr. Geeting sold his interest to A. M. Blair, when the firm continued to publish the paper and at the same time to conduct a profitable job printing enterprise in conjunction. In 1904 Mr. Filcer sold his holdings and founded the "Duquesne Times," assuming its management until its early incorporation, when he became president, a position he still holds. In 1912 the "Times" purchased the "Observer" and consolidated the two. The publication is independent in politics and has a circulation of two thousand weekly. Mr. Filcer is president, Fred Pirl, vice-president, and Fred Gerdts, secretary and treasurer. Mr. Filcer is a Democrat in politics, but this does not influence his independent conduct of his publication. He belongs to the Busi-

ness Men's Association and to the Sphinx Club of Duquesne and attends the Presbyterian Church. He is also president of the Hay-Ringler Association, an organization in western Pennsylvania with a membership of 1,500.

William J. Filcer married, in 1893, Myrtle Hay, of Connellsville, Pennsylvania, daughter of Harmon and Missouri (Ringler) Hay. They have one child: Myrtle, who married Dr. Robert L. Botkin, of Duquesne, and they are the parents of four children: Robert Filcer, Audrey Jane, Lester Haven, and Myrtle Margaret.

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**DAVID PRYDE**—A man of wide experience in industrial positions, particularly connected with the manufacture of steel, David Pryde is now manager of works for the Superior Steel Corporation at Carnegie, Pennsylvania. His services in this capacity have been of real importance to the company, as his activities in civic affairs have benefited the community at Aspinwall, where he makes his home.

Mr. Pryde was born at Dunfermline, Scotland, on February 13, 1878, and came to the United States with his parents when he was only three years old. His father, Thomas Pryde, was born at Buckhaven, Scotland, and was a mechanic until the time of his death in September, 1920. The mother, who before her marriage was Janet Wilson, was also born at Buckhaven, Scotland, in 1851, and was still living in 1929.

David Pryde received his education in the public schools of Braddock, Pennsylvania, and began his business career with the Edgar Thompson Steel Works of the Carnegie Steel Company, at Braddock, serving in the mechanical and engineering departments for nine years. At the end of this time he spent two years in the engineering department of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company at East Pittsburgh, and an equal period with the Allis Chalmers Company in Milwaukee. Then for one year he was connected with the National Cash Register Company, at Dayton, Ohio, after which he joined the mechanical department of the City Mills of the Carnegie Steel Company. Later, he became superintendent of the Lower Union Mills, then assistant general superintendent of all the City Mills, and finally in January, 1928, manager of works for the Superior Steel Corporation at Carnegie, Pennsylvania, his present position. Mr. Pryde's career has been one of gradual advancement as he mastered the details of industrial operations and demonstrated his ability.

For some time now, he has made his home at Aspinwall, serving for ten years as a member of the borough council. For the past six years he has been president of the council, administering local affairs with progressive efficiency. In political convictions, Mr. Pryde is a member of the Republican party, while fraternally he is affiliated with the Free and Accepted Masons, holding membership in Zeradetha Lodge, No. 448, and all bodies of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite including Pittsburgh Consistory. He is also a member of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Court No. 2 of the Royal Jesters, and of the Tall Cedars of Lebanon. Mr. Pryde is a director of the Bank of Aspinwall, a member of the playground and recreation committee at Aspinwall, and chairman of its financial committee, and a member of the camp ground committee for the Boy Scouts, with special jurisdiction over the Guyasuta Reservation. Mr. Pryde worships with his family in the faith of the United Presbyterian Church, being a member of the board of trustees of the local congregation at Aspinwall. He holds membership in the Pittsburgh Field Club and the Rotary Club of Carnegie.

On December 10, 1901, David Pryde married Margaretta L. Russell, of Braddock, Pennsylvania, daughter of Francis and Susanna (Arthur) Russell. They are the parents of three sons: 1. Thomas, born in 1904, a graduate of Pennsylvania State College, class of 1931. 2. David R., born in 1909, a graduate of Carnegie Technical University, class of 1930, and now attending Massachusetts School of Technology, class of 1932. 3. Arthur W., born in 1912, a junior in Muskingum College at New Concord, Ohio, class of 1933.

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**MORRIS A. COWAN**—Commanding a trade that covers the entire southern portion of Allegheny County, the White Star Laundry, incorporated in 1903 with a capital of $25,000, is one of the important industries of the Pittsburgh district. Under the efficient control of Morris A. Cowan, its president, the plant has been greatly developed and now includes space in two buildings, each forty by one hundred and ten feet in area, at Twenty-eighth and Walnut streets, McKeesport. There has been a total of $150,000 invested in the industry, its new building having been erected in 1924, fireproof and fully equipped with every essential in machinery adapted to the modern laundry, with an average of one hundred persons in its employ. The corporation is also the owner of the Union Dye Works, operating in an adjoining building, which was founded by Mr. Cowan in 1907 and incorporated March 11, 1925, with a capital of $25,000 and an investment of $100,000. This plant is a modern cleaning and dyeing establishment, with a capacity of two thousand suits daily, in addition to rugs, carpets, and all other articles calling for its services. The two corporations are members of the National Cleaners' and Dyers' Association, the National Chamber of Commerce, and other trade organizations.

Morris A. Cowan, president of both corporations, was born in Russia, September 15, 1885, a son of Morris A. and Elane Cowan. He was educated in that country and was graduated from the University of Kovno in 1904, having majored in chemistry and textiles. He came to the United States in that year and settled in Pittsburgh, where he was employed by Oswell Warner and Son, and other houses. In 1907 he removed to McKeesport and established himself in the cleaning

and dyeing business, which he conducted successfully until 1924, when he became head of the corporation which he at present controls. He is a member of McKeesport Chamber of Commerce and the United States Chamber of Commerce. Fraternally, he is a member of the Knights of Pythias, McKeesport Lodge, 136, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and of the Order of B'nai B'rith. He is a director of Temple B'nai Israel.

Mr. Cowan married, December 1, 1906, Bessie Shaperio, of Pittsburgh, and they are the parents of: 1. Irving L., a graduate of Vanderbilt Medical School, Nashville, Tennessee, class of 1931, degree of Doctor of Medicine. 2. Freda Lillian, a graduate of University of Pittsburgh, class of 1931, degree of Bachelor of Science. 3. Leonard J., a student at the University of Pittsburgh. 4. Martin, a graduate of McKeesport High School, and now a student at Pennsylvania State College at State College, Pennsylvania.

The family residence is maintained at No. 1315 Centennial Street, McKeesport, Pennsylvania.

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**MILTON G. THOMPSON**—Associated for many years with the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, of East Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, Milton G. Thompson is now general foreman of the testing department, having had this position since 1924. He was with the company for years before that time, however, in different capacities, and is a graduate engineer.

Mr. Thompson was born in Washington, District of Columbia, on December 22, 1885, son of Marion Webster and Cornelia Jane (Williams) Thompson, both natives of Maryland. His father was born in Goshen, Maryland, in 1858, and was a retail grocer in Cloppers, Maryland, until his death in 1906; the mother is a native of Germantown, Maryland. Milton G. Thompson received his early schooling in the public and high schools of Rockville, Maryland, having been graduated from the high school there in the class in 1906. He then studied in the Westinghouse Institute of Technology, in Pittsburgh, and was graduated in engineering. In March, 1907, he came to East Pittsburgh, and entered the manufacturing department of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company. Later he was employed in the maintenance department, and still later, the department of which, since 1924, he has been the general foreman. Prior to that year he was foreman of another department, so that his executive work in connection with this company's activities has extended into several different branches of its work.

In his political views he is a staunch Republican, and is a supporter of his party's policies and candidates. He is now serving as president of the Forest Hills Council, as his residence is in this borough: his work on the council began on January 1, 1928. He is also president of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company Foremen's Association for 1931. Among his other activities, Mr. Thompson is a leader in local fraternal work, being a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, in which order he is affiliated with Orient Lodge, No. 590; Braddock's Field Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and Tancred Commandery, No. 48, Knights Templar. He is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, in which he belongs to Lodge No. 487, of East Pittsburgh. He is a member of the board of directors, also vice-president of the Wilkinsburg Automobile Club and the American Automobile Association, as well as of the Formas Club, a Masonic organization. His religious faith is that of the Presbyterian Church, in which he is affiliated with the Forest Hills parish.

Milton G. Thompson married, in January, 1910, Jeanetta Vogt, of East Pittsburgh, daughter of Joseph Vogt, Sr., and Ida (West) Vogt. By this marriage there has been one daughter, Olive Corinne, born January 2, 1917.

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**ERNEST G. REINHOLD**—Having acquired a most thorough knowledge of the baking business in Germany, the country of his birth, Mr. Reinhold, after coming to the United States as a youth of nineteen years, put this knowledge to good use and for some six years followed the trade of a baker in Pittsburgh. Some forty years ago he established himself in the baking and ice cream business at Verona, Allegheny County, of which town he continued to remain one of the leading business men and citizens until 1916. Since that year he has been a resident of Oakmont, Allegheny County, where he was, until 1928, the president of the Reinhold Ice Cream Company. In that year this company affiliated with the Liberty Dairy Products Company, and since then Mr. Reinhold has been chairman of that company's board of directors and manager of its Oakmont plant. He is one of the leading business men of Oakmont and for many years has also been prominently active in fraternal affairs. In every respect he is regarded a representative of the best type of useful, upright citizen.

Ernest G. Reinhold was born in Saxony, Germany, February 23, 1864, a son of G. and Ernestina (Demmler) Reinhold. Both his parents were natives of Germany, having come to this country in 1883; and here they made their home until their deaths. His father, by trade a stove moulder, died in 1891, his mother in 1903. Mr. Reinhold received his education in the public schools of Germany and then learned the baker's trade, which he followed in Germany, until he came to the United States with his parents in 1883. Settling in Pittsburgh, he there resumed his work as a baker until 1889, when he removed to Verona and established himself in the retail baking and ice cream business under his own name. He operated this business with marked success until 1916, when he disposed of it and purchased the Genoa Ice and Ice Cream Company of Oakmont. Later, the name of the business was changed to the Reinhold Ice Cream Company. With characteristic energy and enter-

prise, Mr. Reinhold promptly set to work to modernize and expand his new business. He erected a modern plant and increased the refrigerating capacity from fifty tons to two hundred and fifty tons. When he first acquired this business, it had only seven employees, but by 1929 it had grown to such an extent, that it then employed seventy-five people. The Reinhold Ice Cream Company became affiliated with the Liberty Dairy Products Company, October 15, 1928, and since then Mr. Reinhold has taken a leading part in the management of the latter company, becoming chairman of its board of directors. At the same time he has continued to remain in active charge of the business built up by him so successfully at Oakmont, which is now known as the Oakmont Plant of the Liberty Dairy Products Company and of which he is the manager. While a resident of Verona, Mr. Reinhold took a very active part in civic affairs and for eleven years was a member of the Verona Town Council. He also served as vice-president of the Verona Building and Loan Association. For many years active in Masonic affairs, he is a member of Verona Lodge, No. 548, Free and Accepted Masons; Duquesne Commandery, No. 72, Knights Templar; and Syria Temple, of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He also is a member of the Knights of Pythias and the Knights of Malta. In politics he is a Republican. His religious affiliation is with the Lutheran Church.

Mr. Reinhold married, in 1889, Anna Emma Finke, like himself a native of Germany, a daughter of Frederick and Minnie (Hahn) Finke. Mr. and Mrs. Reinhold are the parents of five children: 1. Ella, who married Thomas P. Wentzel, of Oakmont. 2. Paul E. 3. Arthur E. 4. Ernest M. 5. Edward. They have had the pleasure of seeing grow up six grandchildren. The family home is located at Oakmont.

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**JOSEPH KROW**—Among the progressive citizens of McKeesport a prominent place is held by Joseph Krow, who for more than twenty years has been engaged in business here and who is now the executive head and practical owner of the McKeesport Cleaning and Dyeing Company, incorporated, its plant located at Nos. 2301 and 2305 Walnut Street. The building of this industrial enterprise is in an area fifty by seventy feet and gives employment to eighteen persons, its operations extending throughout the McKeesport district, in which it does a wholesale and retail business.

Born in Hungary, he is a son of Adolph and Bertha Krow and came to this country with his parents when a child. He was educated in New York City and upon coming to McKeesport established himself in business in the conduct of a pool room and bowling alley, which he conducted successfully for twenty years. He then disposed of the property and became financially and actively interested in the dyeing establishment, taking it over in 1926 and assuming entire management of the work. He is a member of the order of B'nai B'rith and attends the Temple B'nai Israel.

Joseph Krow married, June 6, 1909, Esther Schwartz, and they are the parents of one son: Harvey A., who was an honor student at McKeesport High School and afterward a student at Penn State College, class of 1932.

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**ROBERT J. DODDS**—One of the best known among the legal fraternity of Pittsburgh, Robert J. Dodds is also prominent in commercial and educational circles. He is associated with a number of corporations both as a director and attorney, but his legal activities cover many phases of his profession. Well born, cultured, altruistic, he has a wide circle of friends and is much sought by those interested in activities which make for the betterment of men and things. He is the son of Joseph S. Dodds, a native of Allegheny County, and a much-loved practicing physician until his death. His mother was Sarah J. Wallace, now deceased, who was born in Logan County, Ohio.

Robert J. Dodds is also a native of Allegheny county, born October 20, 1877. After completing the courses of the public schools of Pittsburgh, he entered the University of Pittsburgh, graduating, class of 1903, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Shortly after leaving the university he went into the law office of Dodds & Robison, leaving, in 1905, to become an associate of the law firm of Reed, Smith, Shaw & McClay. In so large and eminent a concern, only solid worth and real skill in law stood any chance of survival and promotion. Since 1920 Mr. Dodds has been a partner. He is a member of the Allegheny Bar Association; the State Bar Association and the American Bar Association. For a few months in 1920, by appointment of the United States District Court, he served as the United States Attorney at Pittsburgh. It is as a corporation lawyer that Mr. Dodds specializes, but he has a wide experience in all the various functions of the law.

He is a director of the Pressed Steel Car Company, of the Superior Steel Company, of the Charlton Company of New York, of the T. B. Moreland Company, of the Standard Steel Spring Company, and is the secretary of the Columbia Steel & Shafting Company. He is a trustee of the American University of Cairo. Among the clubs and societies, not already mentioned, of which he is a member are: The University, Union, and Duquesne clubs, the Longue Vue Country Club, the Stanton Heights Country Club, the Keystone Athletic Club and the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce.

Robert J. Dodds married, in 1914, Agnes Julia Raw, a native of Southport, England. Their children are: Agnes A., and Robert J., Jr.

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**GROVER CLEVELAND WEIL, M. D.**—A native and life-long resident of Allegheny County, Dr. Weil was educated in its public

Robert J Dodds

schools and in its colleges. After an exceptionally thorough medical education he established himself in the practice of surgery in Pittsburgh. Throughout his entire medical career he has been closely identified with Mercy Hospital and the department of medicine of the University of Pittsburgh. For many years he has been regarded as one of the leading and most successful surgeons of Pittsburgh. He gives considerable time to the teaching of surgery, and is a member of numerous medical, fraternal and social organizations.

Grover Cleveland Weil was born at Braddock, Allegheny County, in 1885, a son of Gottlieb and Margaret (Rosenbauer) Weil. His father, now retired, was for many years an official of the Carnegie Steel Company at Braddock, Pennsylvania. Dr. Weil received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Braddock, Pennsylvania. He then took up the study of pharmacy at the College of Pharmacy, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Pharmacy in 1906. Instead of engaging in the practice of his profession, however, he then decided to take up the study of medicine. For this purpose he entered the Medical College of the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1910. He served as an interne at Mercy Hospital, Pittsburgh, during 1910-11, and then became a research student at the University of Pittsburgh under the Mellon Fellowship, in pathology and bacteriology, under the guidance of Dr. Oscar Klatz. He was first to hold this fellowship. To this work he devoted the years, 1911-13. In 1913 he returned to Mercy Hospital and served as assistant to Dr. Robert W. Stewart, then chief surgeon at Mercy Hospital, and later became assistant in the special study of surgery with Dr. J. P. Griffith. In 1916 he began the independent practice of surgery, establishing offices in Mercy Hospital, and he was shortly chosen as a staff member in surgery. In 1916 he was also made chief surgeon for the Pittsburgh Coal Company, a position he still occupies. Since 1913 he has been a member of the medical faculty of the University of Pittsburgh and he is now assistant professor of surgery at that institution's Medical College. Dr. Weil started the medical library at Mercy Hospital, the first library of its type to be founded in any Pittsburgh hospital. His high standing in his profession is indicated by his being a Life Fellow of the American College of Surgeons, and a member of several honorary fraternities, chief of which is Alpha Omega Alpha. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Clinical Congress of Surgeons, the American Association of Pathologists and Bacteriologists, the Biological Research Society, the Clinical Pathological Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and the Allegheny County Medical Society. For many years he has been prominently active in Masonic affairs. He is a member of numerous of its bodies, both of the Scottish and York Rites, up to and including the thirty-second degree, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, as well as Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. His clubs include the University Club of Pittsburgh, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, Phillipsburg Country Club, and the Longue Vue Country Club. His religious affiliation is with the Shady Side Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh.

Dr. Weil married at Osceola Mills, Pennsylvania, March 28, 1923, Mary Hester Biddle. Dr. and Mrs. Weil make their home in the Schenley Apartments, Pittsburgh. They are the parents of one daughter, Mary.

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**JOHN M. FLUDE, M. D.**—John M. Flude was born at Leechburg, Armstrong County, Pennsylvania, July 1, 1893, a son of John D. and Elizabeth G. (Grimm) Flude. His father is a merchant and still makes his home at Leechburg. His mother died several years ago. Dr. Flude received his early education in the public schools of his native town and then attended successively the East Liberty Academy and, for two years, the University of Pittsburgh. Next he took up the study of medicine at the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1918. During 1918-19 he served as an interne at Jefferson Hospital and, in 1920, he established himself in the general practice of medicine in Philadelphia. He remained in that city for four years, until, in 1924, he removed to Pittsburgh where he soon began to specialize in internal medicine and more particularly so in the treatment of gastro-intestinal diseases. Formerly he was a member of the staff of the West Penn Hospital, Pittsburgh. During the World War Dr. Flude was assigned to Jefferson Hospital, Philadelphia, although his own preference would have been for active military service overseas. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania Medical Society and the Allegheny County Medical Society. His clubs include the Edgewood Country Club and he is also a member of Nu Sigma Fraternity and of several Masonic bodies, the latter including the various divisions of the Masonic Order up to and including Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. He is also a member of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliations are with the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Dr. Flude married at Edgewood, Allegheny County, June 18, 1924, Laird Mills. Dr. and Mrs. Flude have no children and make their home at No. 152 Race Street, Edgewood.

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**MAURICE SNOWDEN REDMOND, M. D.**—The outbreak of the World War with its fearful toll of men and medical officers gave to Dr. Maurice Snowden Redmond, of Pittsburgh, Penn-

sylvania, an unusual opportunity to serve mankind. He was young, enthusiastic, and patriotic, yet he had received thorough medical training and adequate practical experience to make him ideal for the choice of one among the thousand medical men lent to the British Expeditionary Forces by the United States. The story of his military experiences is told in detail later. Since the war, he specializes in the treatment of diseases of the eye.

Maurice Snowden Redmond was born March 28, 1889, at Conneautville, Pennsylvania, son of Charles B. and Hettie (Sutliff) Redmond. The father, now deceased, was a salesman and influential in politics in the Republican party, which at one time elected him president of the council of the Borough of Ingram. The son attended public schools and graduated from Pittsburgh High School. In 1913 he graduated from the University of Pittsburgh Medical College with the degree of Doctor of Medicine and was interne at St. Francis Hospital in 1913-14.

It was in 1914 that Dr. Redmond started as a general practitioner with offices at No. 5200 Butler Street. Soon after his growing practice caused him to move to the East End Savings & Trust Building, where he practiced until April, 1917. In that month he enlisted in the Medical Corps of the United States Army and was commissioned as lieutenant, shortly after the entrance of his country into the world struggle. To Great Britain, which had suffered such heavy losses in army doctors that the medical arm of the service was depleted, the United States Army lent one thousand trained physicians, and Dr. Redmond was one of these. He was sent to France that year and while still an American officer on detached service with the British Expeditionary Forces was captured on April 11, 1918, during the last major drive of the German Army. Dr. Redmond was in several German prison camps until after the Armistice, when he was released.

Returning to Pittsburgh in February, 1919, he resumed his broken practice and for a time devoted himself to the field of general medicine. Soon, however, he saw the desirability of specialization and prepared himself by graduate study in diseases of the eye at the University of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia. His courses completed, he returned to Pittsburgh in the spring of 1920 and established himself in private practice, largely ophthalmological cases. He has been associate ophthalmologist at St. Francis Hospital for the past five years and is on the staff of the Roselia Foundling and Maternity Hospital. He is a member of the Allegheny County and Pennsylvania Medical societies and of the American Medical Association. He belongs to the Republican party and to the Keystone Athletic Club.

Maurice Snowden Redmond married, in 1922, at Youngstown, Ohio, Imogen Baldwin, of that city, and they reside on Butler Pike, Glenshaw. Children, all born in Pittsburgh: Charles, William, Helen Isobel.

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**RUSSELL E. HIBBS**—A native and life-long resident of Pittsburgh, Mr. Hibbs has spent his entire active business career in the printing industry. After having been connected for fifteen years with one and the same printing company in Pittsburgh, he founded several years ago a business of his own, the Iroquois Press, of which he is the sole owner. Mr. Hibbs is a veteran of the World War, during which he saw more than two years of active military service, spending the greater part of this time overseas.

Russell E. Hibbs was born in Pittsburgh, March 16, 1897, a son of George W. and Nellie (Shepler) Hibbs. Both his paternal and maternal grandfathers, Samuel Hibbs and George Shepler respectively, served in the Civil War, the latter eventually dying from the result of wounds suffered during this conflict. Mr. Hibbs was educated in the public schools of Pittsburgh and at an early age began to work in the job printing department of the Arsenal Printing Company with which concern he continued to be connected for fifteen years, excepting only a period of some two years which he spent in the United States Army during the World War. Of course, Mr. Hibbs acquired a very thorough knowledge of all branches of the printing business and, in 1927, founded the Iroquois Press, with offices at No. 124 Boggs Avenue, Mount Washington. This printing concern specializes in high class commercial printing. In May, 1917, Mr. Hibbs enlisted in the Pittsburgh Engineers. Arriving in France, in November, 1917, he remained overseas for twenty-two months. For over a year he saw action with the Twentieth Forestry Engineers and then was transferred to the staff of the American Expeditionary Forces' newspaper, "Stars and Stripes." He received his honorable discharge in July, 1919, when he returned to Pittsburgh and resumed his work with the Arsenal Printing Company. He is a member of East Liberty Post, No. 5, American Legion.

Mr. Hibbs married in Pittsburgh, March 16, 1925, Irene Kichta. Mr. and Mrs. Hibbs, who have no children, make their home at No. 118 Stanton Court, East End, Pittsburgh.

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**ROY V. HUGHES**—An important figure in the world of Pittsburgh art, Roy V. Hughes has carried on his work in this city for many years. He came to Pittsburgh as a young man, completed his art studies here, and in his independent career has risen to prominence in the field of commercial art. Although most of his time is devoted to this phase of his work, he finds opportunity for the creation of a number of canvases which he has exhibited at various exhibitions from time to time with honor to himself.

Born in Elmira, New York, Mr. Hughes is a son of N. A. and Henrietta (Bowman) Hughes.

The father, now deceased, was formerly superintendent of a printing establishment in New York City. He was a member of a Welsh family of this name of which three generations have now lived in America. The Bowman ancestry dates back to the period before the Revolutionary War in this country.

Roy V. Hughes attended the public schools of Williamsport, Pennsylvania, being graduated from high school there. He received his first training in art at the Art Students League in New York City, and after coming to Pittsburgh took postgraduate work in the Fine Arts Department of Carnegie Institute of Technology. For sixteen years Mr. Hughes was employed in the Art Department of the Pittsburgh "Gazette-Times" engaged in illustration work. For the past nine years, however, he has done commercial art layout and design independently for several large concerns in Pittsburgh, and now justly ranks with the leading commercial artists of the city. Mr. Hughes was an organizer and is now a director of the Associated Artists of Pittsburgh, and each year has hung his canvases at their exhibits. He is also a member of the Architectural Club of Pittsburgh. Various other Pittsburgh interests have occupied his attention. He is a Republican in his political affiliation and a member of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. Hughes' studio is situated at No. 723 Liberty Avenue, Pittsburgh, while he maintains his home at No. 1517 Park Boulevard, Dormont.

Roy V. Hughes married, at Williamsport, Pennsylvania, in 1905, Josephine Gosline, now deceased. They became the parents of one daughter, Eugenia, a graduate of Dormont High School.

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**THOMAS C. HUGHES**—As a civil and mechanical engineer, Thomas C. Hughes, of Pittsburgh, holds a position high in the ranks of those professions, in and out of the State of Pennsylvania. A progressive citzen, loyal to sound civic institutions, with a legion of friends and a constantly growing business, he is a valuable unit in the industrial world of Pittsburgh, from which center he directs his engagements.

Thomas C. Hughes was born in this city, October 9, 1888, a son of James Edward Hughes, a native of Buffalo, New York, and now a member of the firm of Ireland and Hughes, and president of the Muska Oil Company, and of Josephine (Macauley) Hughes, deceased. He was educated in the Pittsburgh public schools and then attended the Pittsburgh Academy, from which he matriculated into Lehigh University, which graduated him with the degree of Civil Engineer with the class of 1908. This was followed by a three-year course at Notre Dame University, from which he was graduated in 1911 with the degree of Mechanical Engineer. He then became associated with the Automatic Train Control Company of Pittsburgh, with which he remained for a year and a half, following this with employment by the firm of Hyle and Patterson, of this city, for a like period. He severed his connection in this house to become steam fitting foreman for the Pennsylvania Railroad system, a position he held for two years, then going to the Pressed Steel Car Company, of Pittsburgh, as draughtsman, remaining in that occupation until 1914. He then established himself independently in business as a mechanical engineering contractor, with offices in the Fulton Building, Pittsburgh. He specializes in heating, ventilating and refrigerating, engineering and mechanical trade work. Among the works he has performed are the Seebold bakery, at Miami, Florida; also at Daytona in that State and at Tampa, one of these jobs costing a million dollars. All the heating and ventilating work in the Shanahan Warehouse, the Wightman and Shakespeare schools, the Hazelwood Presbyterian Church, William Conroy residence, Perfect Laundries Company's Building, all in Pittsburgh, were done by Mr. Hughes.

He is a member of Notre Dame Council, Knights of Columbus and of the Western Pennsylvania Society of Civil Engineers. He is independent in politics and attends St. Francis Xavier's Roman Catholic Church. During the World War he served as drill master of several contingents, afterward training at Camp Lee and serving in the Department of Justice.

Thomas C. Hughes married, in 1912, Pauline Morgan, of Pittsburgh, and they are the parents of two children: James Robert and Pauline Virginia.

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**SYLVESTER A. MARSTELLER**—For more than three decades Pittsburgh has been the scene of Mr. Marsteller's successful professional activities as an architect. Having to his credit a very large number of buildings erected in the Pittsburgh district and in other parts of Pennsylvania, he enjoys today a high reputation as an able and resourceful architect. For many years he has also been very active in religious affairs and for more than a decade has been an ordained minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sylvester A. Marsteller was born in Mercer County, Pennsylvania, July 19, 1864. One of Mr. Marsteller's paternal ancestors, Philip Marsteller, fought in the Revolutionary War and served as an aide to General Washington. His father was prominently active for many years in politics and in church work. On his mother's side his ancestry also dates back to Revolutionary War times. Mr. Marsteller began his professional career very young. As a preliminary preparation for his career as an architect he engaged for a number of years in building construction, studying at the same time during his leisure hours the art of architecture. Eventually he attended an architectural school in Chicago and, about 1894, he established himself in the private practice of architecture at Jamestown, New York, where he successfully continued for five years. In 1899 he removed to Pittsburgh and opened an office at No. 215

Wood Street, which office he still occupies today, more than thirty years later. During his long and successful career as an architect he has been connected with the designing and construction of nearly two thousand buildings. Among these should be especially mentioned the following: the Cambridge and Lafalette Apartments, Oakland, Pennsylvania; residences on Beacon Street and on Raleigh Street, Squirrel Hill, Pittsburgh, for a Mr. Walker and for L. A. Burnett; a four-story factory building for the Allegheny Basket Company, North Side, Pittsburgh; the Markel Building, Monongahela City; a factory building for the Wier Light Company, Fourteenth and Pike streets, Pittsburgh; the Ketter Hotel, Webster and Bedford avenues, Pittsburgh; the Stout Commercial Garage, Baum Boulevard and Enfield Street, Pittsburgh; the King Garage, Bedford, Pennsylvania; the Interdenominational Tabernacle, seating two thousand five hundred, at Clinton, Pennsylvania; the Barranti Garage, Overbrook, Pittsburgh; the Goodpasture Store and Apartment, Brentwood, Pennsylvania; a warehouse and fire-proof annex for the Henry Sunshine heirs estate on Shore Avenue, North Side, Pittsburgh. Plans designed by Mr. Marsteller for the Brentwood Christian Church, to cost sixty thousand dollars, and for the Watson Terminal of eight stories, East End, Pittsburgh, to cost two million eight hundred thousand dollars and consisting of administration building, machine shop, loading platform and natural ramp, have been approved, but the actual construction of these two projects has not yet been completed. For many years Mr. Marsteller has been greatly interested in religious work and, twelve years ago, he was ordained a minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, since when he has spent much of his time in home mission and evangelistic work. He is a member of the United Holiness Association and Everybody's Mission. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party. During the World War he served as a captain of the Home Defense Police at Carrick, Pennsylvania, under Colonel Jeffries. His principal hobbies are fruit farming and flower gardening.

Mr. Marsteller married in Pittsburgh, May 12, 1906, Emma L. Krein, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Krein. Mr. and Mrs. Marsteller have five children: 1. Wilfred R., a graduate of Northville High School. 2. Lillian Jane, a graduate of the Federal Art College. 3. George, a graduate of Carrick High School and now employed by the West Penn Electric Company of Pittsburgh. 4. Louise, a graduate of Pittsburgh Academy. 5. Ruth, a student at the Carrick High School. The family residence is located at No. 160 Sceneridge Avenue, Brentwood Borough.

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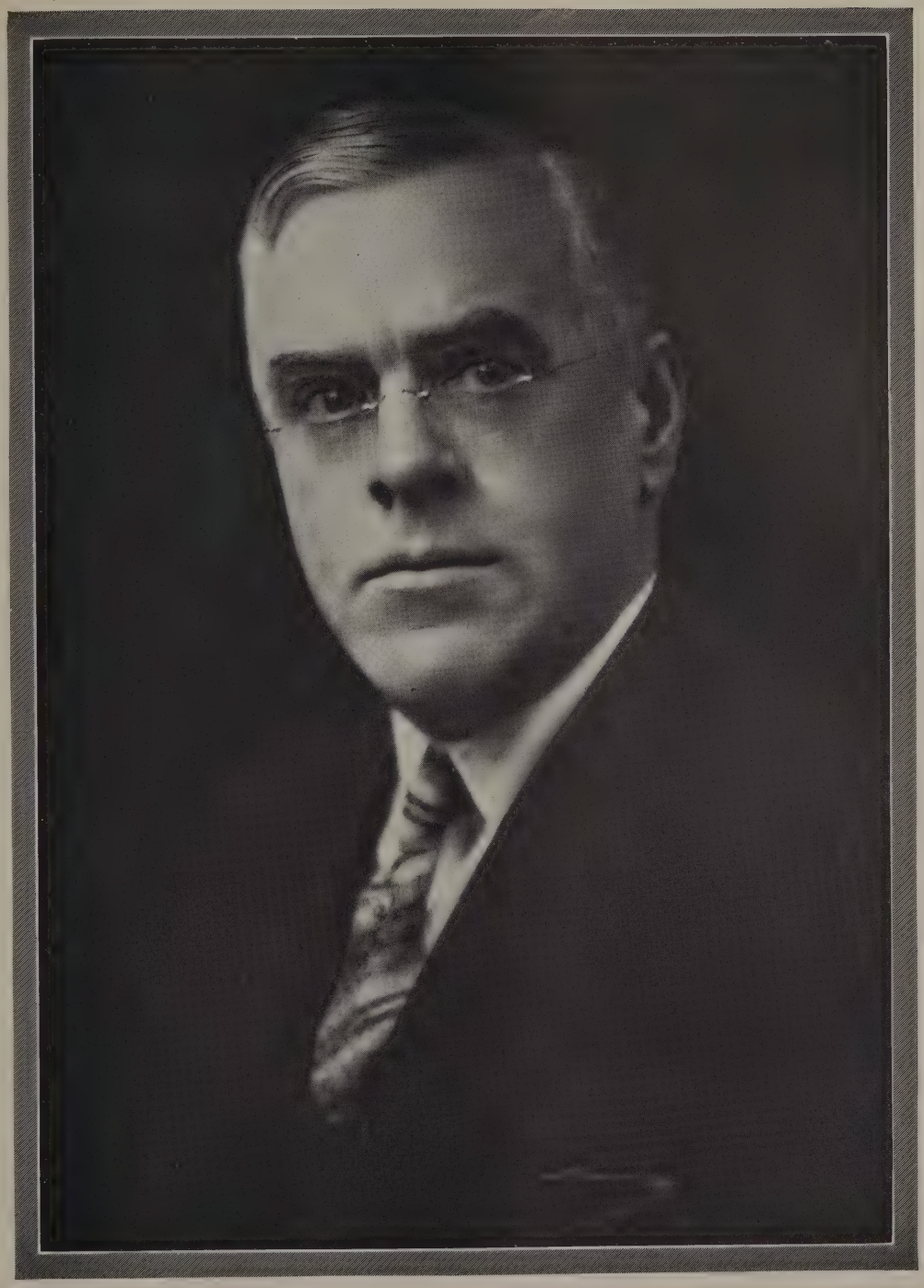
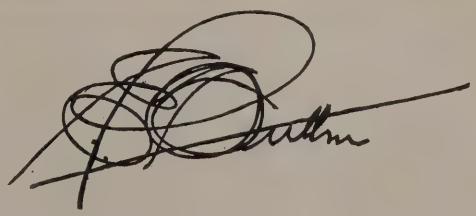
**EDWARD LINCOLN SUTTON, M. D.**—For nearly a quarter of a century, ever since the completion of his medical studies in 1907, Bellevue, Allegheny County, has been the scene of Dr. Sutton's successful professional activities as a physician. He carries on a general practice and his standing in the medical profession is very high. He is regarded as one of the leading professional men of his town, in which he enjoys great popularity, based as much on his professional ability as on his pleasing personality and on his many fine qualities of the heart and mind. Dr. Sutton is prominently active in several medical organizations and in numerous Masonic bodies. He is also interested in civic affairs and in every respect represents the highest type of useful and upright citizen.

Edward Lincoln Sutton was born in Pittsburgh, North Side, September 27, 1878, a son of the late Jacob B. and Susan P. (Montgomery) Sutton. He is of Scotch-English descent, though both his parents were born in Pittsburgh. His father, who was a boiler maker, died in 1900. His mother, who was born in Pittsburgh in 1841, died in August, 1927. Dr. Sutton received his early education in the public schools of Pittsburgh, in which city he also attended night schools and Allegheny College, where he was a member of the class of 1903. He then took up the study of medicine at the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, from where he went to the University of Maryland, graduating from there with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1906. After that, he did post-graduate work at Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Maryland, at the famous Mayo Brothers' Hospital, Rochester, Minnesota, and in Boston, Massachusetts. In 1907 he came to Bellevue, Allegheny County, and there established himself in the general practice of medicine, in which he has continued with marked success. He is a member of the staff of the Suburban General Hospital, Bellevue, and he is also a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the American Medical Association. For many years he has been prominently active in Masonic affairs, being a member of Bellevue Lodge, No. 530, Free and Accepted Masons; Allegheny Commandery, No. 35, Knights Templar; Valley of Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and Syria Temple, of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is also a member of Islam Grotto, and a life member of Keystone Athletic Club. For many years he has been a member of the board of directors of the Standard Building & Loan Association of Bellevue. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliation is with the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Dr. Sutton married, in April 1909, Katherine L. Mussler, a daughter of Louis and Louise (Kirsch) Mussler and, like himself, a native of the North Side, Pittsburgh. Dr. and Mrs. Sutton are the parents of two sons: 1. Robert L., born July 25, 1910, is a student at the Pennsylvania State College, class of 1931. 2 Edward Lincoln, Jr., born August 8, 1916, is a student at Culver Military Academy. The family resi-





dence is located at No. 194 Lincoln Avenue, Bellevue, Allegheny County.

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**F. A. OGDEN**—Prominent rail executive and freight traffic expert, F. A. Ogden, former president of the Monongahela Connecting Railroad and perhaps best known as traffic manager of the Jones and Laughlin Steel Corporation, had a full and interesting career of accomplishment. He lived to the age of sixty-five years, and gave nearly fifty years to service with railroad trade, in various capacities of increasing responsibility, until, in the natural course of his attainments, he had become nationally known to railroad men of America as a worthy leader in the Pittsburgh industrial area.

A native of Pittsburgh, he was born on November 25, 1866, son of William Newton and Annie (Attebury) Ogden. The former, William Newton Ogden, was very active in local politics during his lifetime, and for a period in early life had served as member of the City Council. Annie (Attebury) Ogden, through the family of Attebury, came of a line long associated with industrial Pittsburgh. The Atteburys attained an important place in the glass industry. Hence, on both sides of the house, F. A. Ogden had an honored background in the city of his birth, an ancestral record such as few men are given in their communities, and an honorable position that moved him steadily to do his best for the distinction of his line.

F. A. Ogden received his elementary academic instruction in the public schools, attending the old Second Ward institution. For the most part, however, he was self-educated, to a high degree, having read much in the course of progressing years, himself directing his own researches in useful channels, and knowing his fellowmen as few are able to understand them, with a kindly sympathy and philosophy which enriched his own life and its contents. His real education, then, came from experience; and in this his career was uncommonly rich, as it was with incident and interest.

This experience in man's estate began when he was eleven years old, with a place as cash boy in the Joseph Horne store. Later he drove a truck in the employ of the Jarvis Adams Company—and this, we may note, was his first experience in transportation matters. It was indeed a modest start; but Mr. Ogden was the kind of youth to learn, and progress the interests of self and employer. For a time, then, he was employed by the commission house of Summers Brothers. His earliest connection at railroading came in 1882, when he served as messenger for a short while in the Pittsburgh offices of the Baltimore and Ohio. In 1888 he found a place in the order department of Jones and Laughlin Steel Company, and still later the Jones and Laughlin Steel Corporation. The plant, in 1888, was by no means the great plant it has since become. Under a Mr. Allen, in the shipping department, Mr. Ogden helped greatly in the growth of the business through expedition of the shipments of steel. He conceived several ideas for facilitating the work in the department; his superiors acted on his suggestions, and he was given larger responsibilities. In 1928, some four years before he died, he became president of the Monongahela Connecting Railroad, retaining his charge of freight traffic therewith, likewise, all through this period and down to his demise, continuing with the Jones and Laughlin corporation as freight traffic manager in chief.

Expert in matters of freight traffic, Mr. Ogden was called to Washington, District of Columbia, on several occasions, to confer with officials of the government, and with other experts from the industry itself, on problems of national import. His counsel, indeed, was widely sought; and he gave it with due consideration, very much assisting the general growth of the firms with which he was connected, and likewise helping in the development of industry within Greater Pittsburgh.

Mr. Ogden had a wide circle of acquaintances among the leading rail officials of the country. He was once the president of the Traffic Club of Pittsburgh; belonged to the Traffic and Transportation Association of Pittsburgh, Railway Club of Pittsburgh; member and past president of the Duquesne Club; member and former president of the Chartiers Heights Country Club; member of the Pittsburgh Athletic Club, and the Butler Country Club, also having been affiliated with other bodies of the city and neighborhood and of national importance. Fraternally Mr. Ogden was active as member of Milnor Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; held the thirty-second degree as member of Pennsylvania Consistory, No. 32, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Masons, and until the last was active in the principles of the order, upholding them in his personal life. A trustee of the First Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh, he did much for religious movements, educational, charitable, and general. Every facet of his many-sided lifetime was of help to someone. It was a life rich in the service of his fellowmen.

On November 7, 1895, Mr. Ogden was united in marriage with Elizabeth Lyon, of Pittsburgh; and of this union two children were born: 1. F. A., Jr., who married Susanne Lynn, and they have children, Florence and Susanne. 2. William N., married Helen Newman, and they have a son, William N., Jr. Mrs. Ogden continues to make her home in the family residence, at No. 82 Grafton Street, Grafton, near the city of Pittsburgh proper. She is a communicant of the First Presbyterian Church, and active in its works.

Mr. Ogden's death occurred in Pittsburgh, on February 1, 1932. Long a congenial member of his many circles of operation in industry and in civic and social contact, he was highly regarded universally, for his depth of character, his loyalty of spirit, his high ideals of living and service, and for the fine purpose with which he directed his every effort, no matter in what capacity he was engaged. His friends were many, and all of them

united in a sense of deep bereavement at his passing.

The industry which he served so long and well, the city of his career, and the scores who esteemed him as a man, all sustained a loss; and yet there is both truth and comfort in this line, which his record may well call to mind: "The good he did lives after him, inspiring others."

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GEORGE HOWARD FRIESEL—Late secretary, treasurer and a director of the United Engineering and Foundry Company, George Howard Friesel had a full career, filled with achievement, and was taken from his highly constructive activities by an untimely death, just three days before he would have observed his forty-second birthday.

Despite the comparative brevity of his active life's work, he accomplished more than it is given the average to attain in a full three-score and ten. Those whom he left behind him, the associates of busy years and the friends who meant much to him, unite in a feeling of respect and individual bereavement at his passing. It was a loss to the company he had served, a loss to the residential community of Crafton, where he had made his home and was active in civic affairs, a loss, indeed, to Greater Pittsburgh, for such as he could ill be spared. He was a genuine constructive factor in the evolution of the city and its industrial movements.

Mr. Friesel was born in Pittsburgh, on February 25, 1889, an only child, the son of George W. and Susan (Bridge) Friesel. The latter was a native of England, and came to this country at the age of eight. George W. Friesel, the father, was a native of the city, where his father, the grandfather of George Howard Friesel, had been owner of one of the first foundries here, and a rather extensive owner of real estate, a leader of his time. George W. Friesel was but two years old when his father died. His own business life was spent in association with the grocery trade, at wholesale; and he retired from active business several years since, as this is written, now residing with his wife, in Crafton.

A child when his parents took residence in the Crafton community, George Howard Friesel attended the local public schools, laying a sound foundation for advanced studies which he pursued independently and by extension, through correspondence courses. He early demonstrated a marked ability in subjects mathematical. Later in life, while actively engaged in the higher reaches of his responsibilities as secretary and treasurer of the United Company of Pittsburgh, this was to be remarked upon by his colleagues, who say he had a definite genius with figures, often being able to find errors in a few seconds or minute which had upset the firm's head bookkeeping department for days. His mental strength in mathematics was equalled in other departments, and it is recalled that although ill for several months during high school, still, he did the four years' work in three, taking his diploma with the class ahead of him when he was graduated. He would have appreciated college and the broadening opportunities there, yet his family's fortunes, meanwhile, made it best for him to commence his life's work in man's estate directly he had finished with the high school course.

In 1905, when he was but sixteen, Mr. Friesel began his connection with the United Engineering and Foundry Company, as a bookkeeper. Ambitious, careful at his work, eager to please, quick to learn, he had a more than reasonable expectation of advancement with this corporation. In high school he had specialized in accounting and finance; and he now worked at night, studying by correspondence, always preparing himself for promotion through additional knowledge of places ahead of him in the lineup of a great corporation. Even after his marriage, and after he had become an official of the firm, he continued his habits of study; he was a natural student, and took pleasure in constant improvement of the mind.

Having begun in the accounting department of Frank Kneeland Plant of the United Engineering and Foundry Company, he continued there some nine years, and in February of 1914 left the company's employment to accept a better position with the Best Manufacturing Company, of Oakmont, in charge of cost accounting for that firm. In December of 1915 he became associated with the Poole Engineering and Machine Company, of Baltimore as secretary to the ordnance manager. But he found his heart was with the United organization still, and, receiving a good proposition from his former employers, returned to Pittsburgh in October, 1916, as chief clerk of the Vandergrift Plant. In 1918 he was elected auditor of the company; in 1923 he was made its treasurer, and in 1929, secretary and a director. These were his positions during the remainder of his years, and he filled them so ably that the United organization voted the finest of resolutions at his death, holding him up as one of the valued members of the company, and saying in conclusion:

> Mr. Friesel was a keen student of accounting and corporation finance, and his training ably qualified him for the important offices he held with the company. His counsel and judgment were highly respected, and he was loved by his co-workers and close friends. The entire United family is deeply grieved over his loss, and extends heartfelt sympathy to his bereaved family.

Men much his senior in years and experience came to rely on him to an unusual extent, such was his knowledge of the business he directed. As a young man he had saved his money, and with this he bought five shares of stock in the company, later adding more to his holdings, as income justified. This habit of thrift, and the fact that his loyalty led him to invest in the firm for which he worked, had a goodly influence on others in his contact, and these looked to him for counsel and

guidance in personal as well as financial directions. He belonged to few clubs, but was fond of swimming, golf and the companionship of friends. His work, and his home, were his real pleasures, and he asked little more than the happiness to be had therefrom.

Mr. Friesel married, on March 29, 1916, Laura M. Gibson, a daughter of James Edward and Anna B. (Chambers) Gibson, the former of whom is since deceased, and the latter surviving to the present. To Mr. and Mrs. Friesel were born three children: Doris Jean, Ruth Lucille, and George Albert. George Albert Friesel will be the fourth in paternal descent to make his home, and possibly his career, in Pittsburgh. His father, who died on February 22, 1931, left to this son, and to his daughters, the valued heritage of an honored name and an upright, inspiring record. Mrs. Friesel continues to reside in Crafton, and her chief interest lies in the welfare of her children.

The tributes received at the demise of George Howard Friesel were many, and each told of a loss sustained by one, or a group, who had grown to love him as an associate and friend. Truly, his loss was deep in every circle of his activity, yet the qualities of inspiration left behind in memory of his life and work will live.

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**ALEXANDER SAMUEL WARNER**—Late resident of Oakmont and business leader in the development of Verona, Alexander Samuel Warner had a large part in the early days of this greater community, and his memory goes down permanently in its history.

He was president of the A. S. Warner Company, roofers and slaters, a firm which is continued down to the present time by the succeeding generation; and was of note as banker and financier, as a citizen actively supporting public works of value to the future, and as a friend of his fellowmen.

Fifty-eight years of age at the time of his passing, he had accomplished effects of enduring worth in the moulding of community interests, and he was, in this sense, a benefactor. Mr. Warner was born at Petersburg, Ohio, December 28, 1855. He died at his late residence, No. 209 Washington Avenue, Oakmont, January 5, 1914; and although the years since his death are increasing in number, the affection in which he was borne remains undiminished in the breasts of those left behind.

Alexander Samuel Warner was a son of Hiram and Sarah Warner, early residents of the Petersburg, Ohio, vicinity. The former engaged there for many years as a farmer and man of affairs. His fellow-citizens looked up to him for guidance in various movements of important bearing, for he was regarded as a leader, and his passing brought a wide spirit of bereavement in the Petersburg countryside. A pioneer, he typified the rugged virtues of the men who wrested the Middle West from wilderness.

On his father's farm as a child and youth, Alexander Samuel Warner lived the life of his times amid the surroundings common to small communities. His remembrance dated back to the years before the Civil War, and he was attending school during that momentous conflict between the North and South. Reconstruction's era found him still at his books, and he completed his academic instruction at the academy maintained in Poland, Ohio. Of pronounced mental ability, he had early decided to spend a few years as a teacher, rounding out his own education the while through private instruction and self-teaching. Earnestly he set to work as an educator, and it is preserved to recollection that he was most able at the task, instilling in his students more than knowledge—he gave them enthusiasm for learning, and although several of his students were older than himself, he kept ahead of them. It was beneficial for his classes and for himself at the same time, and hence he secured a wider and more practiced instruction than he would have had, had he left his books behind at the academy.

Business called him from the profession of teaching. Associated with an uncle, Alexander Seiger, he learned all phases of dealing in horses —a trade at that time very important. A skilled horse buyer made fortunes, and occupied a position the parallel of which is not to be found in our society today, in this motor age. He became an expert at judging horses under his uncle's tutelage, buying and shipping in car lots. It was said of Mr. Warner that he was a "born judge" of horseflesh, which was a compliment to his astute dealing and a gauge on which his later successes might be measured. It was said also that he was never once "fooled" in a deal for horses, and this may well have been, for he was a careful judge and purchaser, honest, demonstrating that integrity of purpose which made his business flourish then and later.

Desiring to enter business for himself, he bought a small tin shop in Petersburg. It was there he began to learn the trade of roofing which was to make him more than comfortably well off, and in 1889 he came to Oakmont, the trade well learned, and his vision exalted for the interests of the growing locality in which he had settled. For twenty-five years, until the time of his death, Oakmont and vicinity had no more loyal worker for the economic, civic and social welfare. He did not, however, open his roofing shop here, but went to Verona, where he set up in the roofing and slate trade under the style of his own name. The Oakmont-Verona territory was not then what it is today; in a way Mr. Warner was a pioneer, for he helped to build up this area as an actual builder as well as in efforts of his citizenship. New buildings were being raised on every side; it was his opportunity not only for service but for fortune, and he availed himself of it to the full, meeting all conditions aptly, and becoming the foremost slater and roofer in the vicinity of his shop. The Warner jobs did well; customers were pleased, and trade

extended more rapidly with the discovery by inhabitants that they could rely on the quality of work which Mr. Warner contracted to execute. His word was as good as his bond. He preferred a comparatively small margin of profit, taken honestly, to a much larger profit which would be based on second-quality work. Steadily his business grew, until the saying became common: "Yes, of course, I had Warner roof the building." When other roofing contractors sought his trade, therefore, they would find no opening, no dissatisfied customer, through which to make an entry; and he for years enjoyed what very nearly became a monopoly. The business today is operated on the same principles laid down by the founder, and now is under charge of his sons. The Warner shops put on some of the earliest slate roofs to be laid in the Oakmont-Verona area, and these, after more than forty years, are as good as new in many instances. Mr. Warner continued as president of the company until his death in 1914.

Alexander S. Warner married, April 17, 1881, Louise Stoll, a daughter of Jacob and Louise (Seiter) Stoll. The former was of notable reputation in the highly skilled trade of carriage making, and came from Germany as a child with his parents. The crossing took several weeks, on a sailing vessel, a square-rigger that makes the ocean a glorious and oft-times dangerous adventure. The family first located in Philadelphia, later removing to Ohio, to Delaware, and then returned to Philadelphia, still later taking permanent residence in Ohio. To Mr. and Mrs. Warner were born eight children: 1. Emily. 2. Julia. 3. Elmer S., who married Anna Thielbar. 4. Charles K. 5. Ray A., married Olive Brooks; and they have two children, Patricia Ann and Marilyn Gene. 6. Oliver Z. The other children died young. Mrs. Warner continues to make her residence in Oakmont, where associations of long standing are near and dear to her. She is prominent in works of charity and the church.

Alexander Samuel Warner was a man of warmest human qualities, and he made friends wherever he chanced to be. These friends, as the years unrolled from decade to decade, increased in numbers and in attachment, until, at the time of his passing, it was believed no one man in his whole community was blessed with greater or more universal esteem, than was he by his townsmen. A public-spirited man of vision for the future, he so guided his life and works that the oncoming generations might benefit; and, congenial, charitable, quiet, he did more than his part in projects of philanthropic direction, finding opportunities to help his fellowmen as attractive as the opportunities which lay about him for immediate benefit to the community. His judgment in business matters and in matters of moral question was sought out by many; it was valued, known to be sound, for Mr. Warner spoke only after thought, and was a man of serene and undisturbed disposition.

This quality made him of especial value to his board members at the Oakmont Bank, of which financial institution he was an organizer and continued as a director until called to put aside earthly activities. He belonged to the Knights of Pythias, and, as a communicant of the Presbyterian Church, provided in his own Christian life an example for others. He lived his religion in his daily deeds, a believer in salvation through acts in addition to profession of faith; and the persons to reap benefit from his lifetime bear his memory in respect.

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HARCOURT N. TRIMBLE—Engaged for many years in the iron, coal and coke business in Pittsburgh, the city of his birth, Harcourt N. Trimble has operated, since 1919, the firm known as H. N. Trimble, which grew out of the former organization known as Trimble, Mudge and Company. Mr. Trimble is keenly interested in all the fraternal and civic affairs of his city, and here takes an active part in many different enterprises and holds the esteem and affection of a large number of his fellow-citizens.

He was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, on February 27, 1878, son of Alex N. and Henrietta (Gerberding) Trimble. His father, a native of County Down, Ireland, was a lumberman until his death, while the mother, a native of Pittsburgh, is now deceased. Harcourt N. Trimble received his early education in the public schools of Pittsburgh, his native city, and upon completing his schooling he started to work with the firm of Dreifus Brothers, of this city, as office boy. That was in 1891. And from then until 1902 he continued with this same company, becoming manager of its Philadelphia office. In 1902 he became a member of E. Dreifus, Trimble and Company, a partnership which lasted until 1904, when Mr. Trimble went into business for himself under the name of H. N. Trimble and Company, continuing so until November, 1905, when he became associated with Edmund W. Mudge and Company of which he became the manager of the scrap department. In this capacity he remained until 1910, when that department was incorporated as a separate entity under the name of Trimble, Mudge and Company. Of this company Mr. Trimble was made president, in which position he continued until 1919. Since that year he has operated the company independently under the name of H. N. Trimble, with offices in Room 515, Oliver Building, Pittsburgh.

In addition to his business activity, Mr. Trimble has been a leader in fraternal and club life in his city. He is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons in which order he is affiliated with Lodge No. 45, all bodies of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and the Syria Temple of the Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He also holds memberships in the Duquesne Club, the Longue Vue Club, the Pittsburgh Country Club, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the American Iron and Steel Institute and the Pittsburgh Stock Exchange. His political alignment is with the Republican party, whose policies and candidates

N. T. Hunter

he regularly supports. His religious faith is that of the Lutheran Church, at which he is a regular attendant here. When he is not occupied with his many business and social duties, Mr. Trimble enjoys nothing more than a few hours at his favorite recreation, which is the game of golf.

Harcourt N. Trimble married, on July 9, 1902, Blanche A. Clemens, a native of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Their children are: 1. Suzanne I. 2. Harcourt N., Jr.

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JOSEPH P. LEWIS—Of a family esteemed in Allegheny County for many generations, Joseph P. Lewis became cashier of the Carrick Bank, only financial institution in that city, shortly after its organization in 1913, and has since played an important part in the life of the community. He enjoys the utmost confidence of the bank's official personnel and board members and is highly esteemed by the people of Carrick and Brentwood where he makes his home.

Mr. Lewis was born in Pittsburgh, November 8, 1886, the son of Joseph E. Lewis, one time city controller of Pittsburgh and now heating expert for the Fort Pitt Supply Company. Born in Pittsburgh September 20, 1854, the elder Mr. Lewis has been closely associated with the life of the city throughout his career. He is a thirty-third degree Mason, a Past Master of Lodge 390, and a member of Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. Joseph E. Lewis married Sophia Magwood Eccles, also a native of Pittsburgh and they had nine children, six of whom are still living. The subject of this sketch attended the Pittsburgh public schools and following his graduation from the high school, secured a position with the United States National Bank. Beginning as a messenger, he had been promoted from one position to another until he occupied the post as assistant cashier when, in 1914, he resigned his position with the Pittsburgh institution to accept his present position in Carrick.

The Carrick Bank, the first institution of its kind to be organized in the community, and still the only bank there, opened its doors for business in May, 1913. A. H. Stolzenbach was president; George Snyder, vice-president; and C. O. Spillman, cashier. A bank building was erected in 1914 and remodeled to its present modern condition in 1928. The 1929 officers are William R. McShane, president; George L. Gearing of the Gearing Lumber Company, vice-president, and Mr. Lewis, cashier, while the board of directors includes the following: Evan M. Roberts, Pittsburgh insurance dealer; Henry Wachter, also in the insurance business in the Keystone Building, Pittsburgh; Charles Seger, retired and a resident of Carrick; Theodore Mondschein, retail meat dealer of Carrick; William J. Porter of Pittsburgh, and C. H. Bracken, attorney with offices in the Frick Building in Pittsburgh.

Mr. Lewis votes independently of party for the most part. He belongs to the South Hills Country Club and is fraternally affiliated with McCandless Lodge 390, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is a Past Master. He also belongs to Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Scottish Rite. He is a member of the United Presbyterian Church.

In 1909 Mr. Lewis married Sarah Lillian Hicks, daughter of Frank and Barbara Hicks of Beaver Falls. They became the parents of four children: Lillian, who is now a student at Wilson College, Joseph E., Frank H. and Barbara Jean.

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HARRY SYLVANUS HUNTER—Drawn by his great interest in mechanical matters to the city of Pittsburgh in his early youth, the late Harry Sylvanus Hunter became one of the pioneers in the pneumatic tool industry in Western Pennsylvania and Eastern Ohio. For more than a quarter of a century he was the head of a company bearing his name, the Hunter Saw & Machine Company, which under his very able management acquired a world-wide reputation. Mr. Hunter was also connected with several other companies and for many years was prominently active in fraternal and social circles.

In the year 1885, from a farm in Butler County, Pennsylvania, Harry Sylvanus Hunter, as a young man of seventeen, came to Pittsburgh. He was a son of Abram and Eva (Reifer) Hunter, attracted by the promise of employment in the city and eager to escape the monotony of farm life. Having a natural fondness for machinery, he secured a position with the Westinghouse Machine Company at Eighth Street and Garrison Alley and learned his trade as a machinist. His early education was only such as could be obtained in the country schools of the early 'eighties, but he continued his studies at night, endeavoring to improve himself along the lines in which he was most interested and taking advantages of the opportunities afforded by the Young Men's Christian Association and other schools of that day.

After completing his period of apprenticeship with the Westinghouse Company, he became affiliated with the old U. Baird Machinery Company on Water Street, selling their product. In the year 1897, the first pneumatic hammer used in car construction work in Pittsburgh was demonstrated by Mr. Hunter at the old Schoen Pressed Steel Works in McKees Rocks, and he accepted an offer from the manufacturers of this hammer—the Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company of Chicago—to represent them in western Pennsylvania, eastern Ohio, and West Virginia, and to demonstrate the practicability of the use of compressed air equipment in the erection of steel buildings and bridges and in car construction. He was identified with this industry for over twenty years, doing most of the missionary work in this field, and long after he severed his connection with the organization, his name was synonymous with the industry. While the Panama Canal was in the course

of construction, he was sent down to the Canal Zone by the Chicago Company in the years 1912 and 1913, due to the large amount of compressed air equipment used on this operation by the contractors.

His knowledge of the early history of pneumatic tools and appliances made his services very valuable in a number of patent infringement suits which were instituted around the year 1900. He made the first tests in the use of an automatic vibrator for sifting enamel in the manufacture of bath tubs, etc. Prior to this, the sifter was hand operated.

About the year 1897, Gustave Ehrhardt & Sons Company, German manufacturers of circular metal cutting saws, decided to sell out their business and return to their fatherland. Mr. Hunter, ever alert, recognized the possibilities of such an industry, and interested Joseph Kennedy of Pittsburgh, and Emil Anschuetz, who had formerly been employed by the German concern, in the enterprise, and they purchased the business, organizing the Hunter, Anschuetz & Kennedy Company, which later became the Hunter Saw & Machine Company, as it is at present known, their plant being at 57th and Butler streets. The company has enjoyed a steady growth and its products are shipped to all parts of the world. Mr. Hunter was president of the organization from its inception to his death in 1925, resigning from the Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company in 1917 to take a more active interest. Being of an inventive turn of mind, Mr. Hunter designed and perfected a number of devices for the improvement and reduction in production cost of metal cutting saws.

During the World War, Mr. Hunter served on a committee, instigated at Washington, whose efforts were directed toward increasing production to meet the demand, by standardization and elimination of special sizes in the metal saw market.

At the time of his death, Mr. Hunter was also president of the Cowles Tool Company of Cleveland, and a director of the Allegheny Valley Bank of Pittsburgh. He was a member of the American Iron and Steel Institute, the American Society for Steel Treating, and the Engineers' Society of Western Pennsylvania. His clubs included the Duquesne Club, Fellows Club, Pittsburgh Athletic Association, and the Pittsburgh Field Club. For many years he was prominently active in Masonic circles, and was a member of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, and the Royal Order of Jesters. He was fond of golf, shooting, and fishing, and thoroughly enjoyed any sport he indulged in.

Mr. Hunter married, April 30, 1894, Mary M. Smith, of Pittsburgh, a daughter of Philip and Jane (Moore) Smith. Mr. and Mrs. Hunter had no children.

At Cambridge Springs, Pennsylvania, on May 7, 1925, Harry Sylvanus Hunter died at the comparatively early age of fifty-seven years. His untimely death was a great shock to his family, as it was to his many friends in all parts of the country. To his wife the irreparable loss of a devoted and loving husband, to his friends that of a loyal and amiable companion, and to the industry, with which he had been so prominently connected for so many years, it meant the passing away of one of the leaders of outstanding ability and unblemished reputation. His memory will long be cherished by all who had the privilege of knowing him.

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**HARRY B. PARKER**—Acquirement of the intricate details of the brokerage business was made by Harry B. Parker, now a partner in the firm of Kay, Richards and Company, of Bellevue, through years of study of its clerical operations, as well as by contact with the personnel of a large clientele of operators on the market. That it was an excellent method has been amply illustrated by the position he has attained in the business world, in association with a financial house of such standing as the one named. Mr. Parker has also held public office of responsibility and has acquitted himself therein with credit and to the satisfaction of the people.

He was born in Salem, Ohio, April 24, 1871, and was educated in the public schools there, graduating from its high school in 1889. He is a son of the late Sheldon and Annetta (Webb) Parker, his father having been a native of New York State and a cooper by trade, who later removed to Ohio and was engaged in the coal business and trucking operations. Mrs. Parker was also born in New York State. Their son began his business career early, first serving as a clerk with Adams Express Company in Salem and afterward in old Allegheny City. In the last named place he became associated with the brokerage firm of George B. Hill and Company and remained with the concern for ten years in a clerical capacity. He next entered the employ of the Pittsburgh house of Donner, Childs and Woods, a title that was changed during his service to Childs, Kay and Woods, in 1921 again being changed to Kay, Richards and Company, with Mr. Parker a partner, he having been accepted into that relationship in 1920. He has served for twelve years as a member of the borough council, is a Republican in politics and a Presbyterian in religion. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce and a director of the Bellevue Savings and Trust Company, also being a member of the board of trustees of his church. He is a member of the Keystone Athletic Club and of the Highland Country and Monongahela Valley Country clubs, also being affiliated fraternally with the Avalon Lodge, No. 576, order of Free and Accepted Masons; Allegheny Commandery, Knights Templar; Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, and other bodies of that organization.

Harry B. Parker married, in 1902, Lillian A. Becker, of Sewickley, Pennsylvania, daughter of Christ and Lena Becker. Their children are: 1. Nathan K., born in March, 1904; a graduate of Dartmouth College, 1926, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, with two succeeding years at Oxford University, England. 2. Harry S., born in November, 1909, now a student at Dartmouth College. 3. Robert Burton, born in July, 1914.

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**CLARENCE C. ELSTE**—For nearly forty years the Bellevue Market has been one of the successful business enterprises of this suburb of Pittsburgh, as it is the oldest of its kind. Founded by his father, the business is now conducted and solely owned by Clarence C. Elste who is recognized as one of the progressive merchants of the district and a citizen of great value to the community.

He was born in old Allegheny City, now the North Side of Pittsburgh, January 20, 1887, and is a son of Charles Elste, a native of Halle, Germany, where he was born in December, 1853, and Sarah J. (Nieman) Elste, born near Lancaster, Pennsylvania, in 1855, deceased November 1, 1917. Charles Elste came to the United States in 1867 and located in Allegheny, where he became a manufacturer and retailer of cigars, later establishing the Bellevue Market in 1892. He was successful in business and was a director in the Citizens' National Bank and associated with other organizations. His death occurred July 1, 1929. His son, Clarence C. Elste, after his school work through the public institutions was completed, became associated with his father in the grocery and meat business he had established in 1892 and remained thus occupied until 1907, when the founder retired and his son continued the business in partnership with his brother-in-law, William H. Sample. In 1916 he purchased the interest of Mr. Sample and since then has conducted the enterprise independently as sole owner, employing an average of thirty-two persons. He is vice-president and a director of the Citizens' Trust Company of Bellevue and a director of the Linden Building Loan Association. In politics he is a Republican, in religion a Methodist. He belongs to the Bellevue Lodge, No. 530, order of Free and Accepted Masons; Bellevue Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Allegheny Commandery, No. 35, Knights Templar; Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Masons; Allegheny Council, Royal and Select Masters, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He also belongs to the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, the Highland Country Club and other social organizations.

Clarence C. Elste married, in January, 1910, Eleanor H. Eicher, of Emsworth, Pennsylvania, daughter of William A. and Lyda (McDonald), Eicher. Their children are: 1. Charles C., born June 3, 1913. 2. Eleanor H., born June 22, 1915.

**ROBERT HARPER BOYD**—Varying business experiences in the employ of great industrial organizations since his graduation from high school led to an independent manufacturing enterprise for Robert Harper Boyd, of Brackenridge, who is now secretary-treasurer and manager of the Valley Brick Company, his father, H. W. Boyd, being president. In his work previous to his present association he proved himself a capable manager of large industrial activities, quitting them only that he might engage his talents more effectively for his own purpose by conducting a personal enterprise. Besides his business experience, Mr. Boyd has a good military record, having served his country loyally in its hour of need, while his fraternal and social affiliations bring him into close contact with the substantial element of the community, where he is popular and valuable to their progress and purposes.

He was born in Tarentum, Pennsylvania, November 4, 1888, a son of H. W. and Sarah Elizabeth (McMurray) Boyd. H. W. Boyd was born in Tarentum in 1859 and has been for years engaged in this district as a coal operator and brick manufacturer. His wife, mother of Robert Harper Boyd, is a native of Mercer, Mercer County, daughter of a well-known stock broker of Pittsburgh, who died in 1911. Her mother was a native of Pittsburgh and died in November, 1924.

Educated in the public schools, Robert Harper Boyd was graduated from high school in 1908 and entered at once into association with his father in the mining of coal near Tarentum, in which he continued until 1910, at which time he entered the service of the West Pennsylvania Steel Company, as assistant chief engineer of its electrical department. In this capacity he remained for four years, then accepting the position of superintendent of the Tarentum, Brackenridge and Butler Street Railway Company, a post he held until March, 1925, when he resigned the office, to become a partner of his father in the Valley Brick Company. The concern employs an average of twenty-five men and does a thriving business. During the World War Mr. Boyd served in the United States Navy and was honorably mustered out in February, 1919. He is a member of the American Legion and of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and attends the Presbyterian Church.

Robert Harper Boyd married, in December, 1919, Katharine Bryar, daughter of John and Blanche (McFarland) Bryar, of Pittsburgh. Their children are: 1. William Henry, born May 28, 1922. 2. Betty Ann, born October 4, 1925.

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**WILLIAM REYNOLDS COATES**—A veteran of the World War, Mr. Coates, both prior to and after the war, was connected in various ways with the advertising and newspaper publishing business. With this experience as a useful background, he came to Oakmont in 1927 and there established the "Allegheny Valley Advance," of

which weekly newspaper he has been owner, publisher and editor. Under his able and progressive management this paper steadily grew.

William Reynolds Coates was born at Mechanicville, Saratoga County, New York, April 9, 1888, a son of the late William H. and Mary (Ames) Coates. His father, who was born at Rouses Point, New York, in 1856, and who died in August, 1916, was for many years in railroad work, serving as station agent at various places. His mother was born at Mechanicville, New York, in 1858 and died in 1896. Mr. Coates received his education in the public schools of Newark, New Jersey, and of Rouses Point, New York, graduating from high school in the latter town in 1908. He then entered the advertising business in New York City, continuing with that type of work until the entrance of the United States into the World War. During that conflict he served with the United States Air Service, spending sixteen months overseas. He was commissioned a second lieutenant and for some time served as an instructor in aerial gunnery at Cazaux, France. Having received his honorable discharge from military service in January, 1919, he went to Omaha, Nebraska, and there became connected with the Western Newspaper Union, which he represented on the road and in various other capacities until May, 1927. At that time he located at Oakmont and there established a newspaper of his own, the "Allegheny Valley Advance." Its first issue appeared May 12, 1927, and since then it has been published regularly every Thursday.

Mr. Coates married, in January, 1929, Jeanne McClimate, of Pittsburgh, a daughter of William and Margaret McClimate.

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**LESTER H. CONWAY**—As supervising principal of the public schools of Sewickley, Pennsylvania, Lester H. Conway plays an important part in the educational system of this place where at different periods he has been teacher, high school principal and supervising principal of all the schools.

He was born in Cleveland, Ohio, on May 21, 1890, son of William J. and Anna C. (Sidells) Conway. His father, a native of Indianapolis, Indiana, was for many years a printer by trade, and is now publisher of the New Wilmington "Globe," a weekly newspaper of New Wilmington, Pennsylvania; while the mother, who was born in Warren, Ohio, died in September, 1920. Lester H. Conway attended the public schools of New Castle, Pennsylvania, and went to high school at New Wilmington, from which he was graduated in the class of 1905. He then went to Westminster College, also of New Wilmington, from which he was graduated in the class of 1912 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. From time to time since then he has supplemented his education with postgraduate work at Columbia University, in New York City, where he has taken up special subjects relating to the teaching work that he does. It was immediately upon his completion of his work at Westminster, however, that he became engaged in teaching. For three years he was supervising principal in Mount Pleasant Township, Washington County; for two years, athletic coach and teacher in the Sewickley schools; and then, for one year, principal of junior and senior high schools at Ambridge. Then came American participation in the World War, in the course of which Mr. Conway served with the Aviation Corps at Kelley Field; he was discharged from service on December 1, 1918. Then, for six months, he was principal of the high school at Mount Pleasant Township, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania; but at the end of this period returned, in 1919, to Sewickley as high school principal. In this capacity he continued until, in 1928, he was made supervising principal of all the schools here.

It might be well, in connection with a record of Mr. Conway's life, to tell something of the schools of Sewickley, with which he has had so much to do in recent years. The Sewickley Public School was incorporated on July 6, 1853, while the high school building was erected in 1925 and 1926 and was dedicated on Thursday, January 20, and Friday, January 21, 1927, at special exercises held for that purpose. In a special leaflet published for distribution at those exercises, the school was described as having been "dedicated to the advancement of education and the elevation of manhood and womanhood to the highest degree of American principles and ideals." The high school building is situated on Harbaugh Street, and extends to the east along Graham and to the south along Bank Street, having a total frontage of about 1,309 feet and an area of 199,000 square feet. It is of steel and fireproof construction, three stories high, one story being below street level. The exterior is of red brick with Indiana limestone trimmings. The street floor contains administrative offices, class rooms, rest rooms, and an auditorimu, which, with its balcony seats eight hundred and fifteen persons. There is a complete stage equipment, with adequate dressing rooms. There is a spacious corridor, and all corridors are equipped with Terraza finish and are fireproof in construction. The top floor contains study hall, chemistry and physics laboratories, and junior science, music and other class rooms. The building has twenty-five class rooms in all. The ground, or basement, floor contains the manual training, mechanical drawing, household economics, domestic science and stock rooms, as well as the receiving room, the fan and lunch room. Under the auditorium is a gymnasium, with shower rooms and locker rooms for girls and boys. The building's heating system is that known as the vacuum type. The school also has an athletic field, equipped for football, and cement walks, retaining walls and an artesian well. The illustrations in the pamphlet published in connection with the high school's dedicatory exercises render the progress in school construction all the more apparent, showing the finely built and

equipped modern school and the small institutions in which Sewickley's children received their education a half century and a century ago. The old log schoolhouse, which stood on the eastern side of Division Street and the corner of what is now known as Blackburn Avenue, earlier called Fife Street, consisted of one room about twenty by twenty feet square; it was used for religious and educational purposes until the one-room brick schoolhouse was built in 1848. The brick school was situated at the corner of Crooked Street and Centennial Avenue, formerly Locust Street, and was in use until 1862. Crooked Street was a continuation of what is now Hegner Alley, and continued obliquely from Division Street to a point opposite the upper end of Broad Street, which then terminated at Centennial Avenue. Then the new school, on the site of the present grade school, at Broad and Thorn streets, was completed, and from time to time alterations and additions were made to it, until 1882; and eleven years later, on February 1, 1893, it was destroyed by fire. The present grade school building was then erected on the old site.

To get back to the record of Mr. Conway, however, it must be pointed out in connection with this biography of him that he is actively interested in public affairs in Sewickley. A student of politics, he is himself aligned with the Republican party. He is a member of the Kiwanis Club, and his religious faith is that of the Presbyterian Church.

Lester H. Conway married, in July, 1919, Louise Markham, of Dallas, Texas, daughter of Charles and Emily Markham. By this marriage there has been one son, Lester Markham Conway, born September 11, 1923.

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**ARCHIE M. RICHARDSON, M. D.**—A native of Pittsburgh, Dr. Richardson, who had taken up the study of medicine immediately following his return to civilian life after one year's overseas service during the World War, served his interneship in one of the Pittsburgh hospitals and after its conclusion established himself in the general practice of his profession at Tarentum. During the five years of his professional activity he has met with marked success and today he enjoys a large and steadily growing practice, as well as to a remarkable extent the liking and confidence, not only of his patients, but of the entire community.

Archie M. Richardson was born in Pittsburgh, October 19, 1895, a son of Rev. George L. C. Richardson and Blanche (Johnson) Richardson. His father, who was born at Sardis, Ohio, is a Methodist Episcopal minister and is now pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Tarentum, Allegheny County. His mother, too, is a native of Ohio, having been born at Blue Belle, in that State. Dr. Richardson is one of a family of three childen and is of Scotch-Irish descent. He received his early education in the public schools of Pittsburgh and, after graduating from the Allegheny High School in 1914, he became a student at Ohio Wesleyan University, Delaware, Ohio, where he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1918. The entrance of the United States into the World War in 1917, at this particular point interrupted Dr. Richardson's career, and for one year he served with the 37th Division, Ohio National Guard, as a first class signal operator, spending all of his service overseas. He received his honorable discharge in August, 1919, and then decided to take up the study of medicine, for which purpose he entered Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1924. In order to gain practical experience, he then served for one year as an interne in the Pittsburgh Homeopathic Hospital. In 1925 he established himself in the general practice of medicine at Tarentum, with offices in recent years in the Fishkin Building, No. 310 Corbett Street. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, and the American Institute of Homeopathy. He is also a member of the Knights of Malta and of the Tarentum Kiwanis Club. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliations are with the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Dr. Richardson married January 26, 1928, Rosalie Walters, of Tarentum, Allegheny County. Dr. and Mrs. Richardson are the parents of one son, Archie M. Richardson, Jr., who was born October 17, 1928.

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**GEORGE V. BEECH**—A native and lifelong resident of the Greater Pittsburgh area, Mr. Beech has been one of the prominent business men of that section of Pennsylvania ever since he became associated in the feed business with his father immediately after graduating from high school some twenty years ago. Since his father's retirement in 1919 he has been the sole owner of this enterprise and several years ago he also entered the automobile, automobile accessories and gasoline and service station business, becoming at that time the sole representative in his immediate territory for the Nash motor car.

George V. Beech was born at East Liberty, Allegheny County, January 21, 1891, a son of James and Julia (Sweeney) Beech. His father, who was born in England in March, 1863, came to the United States in 1880 and, settling in the Pittsburgh district of Pennsylvania, entered the retail feed business, in which he continued until his retirement in 1919. Active in politics for many years as a supporter of the Democratic party, he has been burgess of East Pittsburgh, Allegheny County, since 1915, the length of his continuous service in this position indicating how ably he has discharged its duties. Mr. Beech's mother, who was born in Rochester, New York, in 1865, died at East Pittsburgh, March 18, 1919.

George V. Beech was educated in the public grammar schools of East Pittsburgh and at the

high school in Turtle Creek, Allegheny County, from which he was graduated in 1909. After taking then a course in a business school, he became associated with his father in the feed business established by the latter, the name of which at that time was changed to James Beech & Son. This association continued until 1919, when Mr. Beech's father retired, and since then the son has carried on the business alone under the name of Beech's Feed Store; its headquarters being located all these years at Turtle Creek. In April, 1926, he also took over the agency for Nash automobiles, his exclusive territory being the Westinghouse Valley. For many years Mr. Beech has taken an active and effective interest in public affairs in East Pittsburgh, where he makes his home, following in that respect in the footsteps of his father, even though they differ in regard to their political views, the younger Mr. Beech being a supporter of the Republican party. Since 1914 he has been a member of the East Pittsburgh School Board, of which he has been president several times, his latest term in this office having commenced in 1925. He is a member of the East Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce and also of that of Turtle Creek, as well as of the East Pittsburgh Turners' Singing Society, the Turtle Creek Rotary Club, the Automobile Club, Lodge No. 883, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and Lodge No. 1192, Loyal Order of Moose. His religious affiliations are with the Roman Catholic Church, and more particularly with St. William's Church of East Pittsburgh.

Mr. Beech married, January 24, 1913, Mary Kingston of East Pittsburgh. Mr. and Mrs. Beech are the parents of two children, Mary Clara, born December 5, 1914, and James L. Beech, born February 23, 1917. The family home is located at No. 527 Franklin Street, East Pittsburgh.

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ADDISON HERBERT BEALE—Nationally known figure in the steel industry, late president of the A. M. Byers Company and prominent for his connection with various other great corporations, Addison Herbert Beale was a native of Pennsylvania, born at Leechburg, March 20, 1869. He was a son of Joseph G. and Margaret J. (Harrison) Beale, early residents of Pittsburgh, the former having been among the pioneers of the steel trade. From Pittsburgh the family had removed to Leechburg in 1868, just a year before Addison Herbert Beale was born; and it was in Leechburg that he received his early academic training as a student in the public schools. Later he took a course at Iron City Business College.

Meanwhile, ambitious to get ahead even as a boy, Mr. Beale went to work at an early age. While studying he worked in steel mills, laying the foundation for his subsequent rise in the industry, learning through hard experience. Beginning at the bottom, he learned each successive step in the production of the metal and its manufacture and in time, long before he became a financial leader to the trade, was recognized as an authority, and an expert, in the trade. He demonstrated a marked ability to handle men, became known as one in whom confidence could be reposed readily and with trust, and was notable not only for his friendly relations with the workers but for his standing with employers as well. In 1890, going to Apollo, Pennsylvania, he became connected with the old Apollo Iron and Steel Company, which, after some time, was merged with the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company. Continuing with this corporation for a period, Mr. Beale next went with the mills at Vandergriff, later becoming associated with the mills at Pottsville, Pennsylvania. That was in 1902. In 1907 he returned to Vandergriff, served a while there in responsible place, and went to Chicago, Illinois, as general manager of the Mark Manufacturing Company. This firm was taken over by the Sheet and Tube Company of America and later merged with the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Company. After nine years in Chicago, Mr. Beale returned to the State of Pennsylvania, locating at Lebanon, where, for a year, he was connected with the Lebanon Iron Company. In March of 1925 he came to Pittsburgh, formed a very good connection with the A. M. Byers Company in an executive capacity, and at the urgency of the board he consented to fill the position of president. This post he retained, with great advantage to the corporation, until the time of his death, October 28, 1930. In the meantime his financial interests had increased steadily with his advancement in the world of steel production and its manufacture. His investments were broadly diversified, and yet their chief center was in iron. Mr. Beale was president of the Pennsylvania Industries Company and a director of the Pittsburgh United Corporation and the Sharon (Pennsylvania) Steel Hoop Company at his demise. These concerns, all of which had profited materially through his executive management, sustained a loss at his passing, and their regret at losing so helpful a factor in progress was increased through personal esteem held for Mr. Beale as a man of character and pleasing personality. Quiet, intense, he was deeply wrapped in the problems of his responsibility as head of the Byers corporation and the Pennsylvania Industries Company; yet he always could spare a pleasant, affable word with an old friend, it seemed, and those who knew him best were much devoted to him. He had taken a constructive rôle in civic affairs of each city of his earlier residence, and in Pittsburgh quickly had become known for the quality of his public spirit. Supporting the worthiest causes of progress, economically, civically and socially, men depended upon him for his backing of constructive efforts in Pittsburgh as a greater city and in Pennsylvania, the Commonwealth as a whole. Of him it is recalled, that he aided many in their lives; gave to them counsel conceived in ripened wisdom of his experience, and helped to mould a number of careers which elevated men to industrial and financial leadership, in Pittsburgh and elsewhere. He

A. L. Beale

was particularly the friend and counselor of younger men, who looked to him with admiration for ideals steadfastly preserved.

Mr. Beale married, on June 9, 1897, Effie G. Jack, of Apollo, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Daniel and Eunice (Smith) Jack, prominent residents of that community for many years. Of this union were born children and grandchildren as follows: 1. Herbert Warren, who married Rae Patterson; and they have children: Gloria Jane and Herbert Warren, Jr. 2. Margaret Jane, who married John D. Shaner, and they have a son, John Beale. 3. Joseph W. Mrs. Effie G. (Jack) Beale continues to make her home in Pittsburgh. Her chief interests have been in her home and family, and of former years she was of constant assistance to Mr. Beale in the recurring problems of his business career, likewise joining with him in philanthropic and other public-spirited works of the community, especially in the city of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Beale was a member of the Duquesne Club, Oakmont Country Club, and the Pittsburgh Field Club. He spent what time he could in recreations out-of-doors and in social diversion, and read a great deal. The nature of his responsibilities, however, precluded a very extended list of recreations, and he continued until the last remarkable for his energy in the work of his career. In his religious affiliations he was a member of the Bellefield Presbyterian Church.

Sixty-one at his death, he had devoted nearly fifty years of his life to the industry. His advancement and position were the result of maintained, intelligent and persistent effort; and this fact remains as an inspiration to those coming after him, following the course of his eminent career as steel man, executive, financial operator, and citizen.

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JOHN E. LOWE—As an astute business man at the head of an increasingly prosperous motor company, the late John E. Lowe was well known, respected and honored. Few realize that what he was and had was the result of his own individual efforts in the face of difficulties and discouragements in early life which would have overwhelmed one less determined and capable. His father died when he was but a lad of thirteen, and upon a boy's shoulders was placed a man's burden. It was several years before John E. Lowe could leave the home farm and strike out for himself in a more profitable occupation. Not until he was thirty years old did he make a start in the business which was to engage the most of his energies thereafter, and the start was made at the very bottom of the ladder. For the last fifteen years the climb had been made from a position as motor mechanic to the presidency and management of his own organized company, and this company at the time of his death, on August 15, 1930, was doing an annual business of nearly one million dollars.

John E. Lowe was born May 29, 1884, at Kansas City, Missouri, son of John E. and Mary (Neece) Lowe, both natives of Missouri. Five years later the family moved to Central Illinois, settling on a farm, the boy being sent to the public schools of the locality. The father passed away in 1897 and the son tried to carry on the never-ending and unprofitable work of the farm for two years before seeking his fortune elsewhere. In 1899, he went to St. Louis, Missouri, and for several years worked as a core-maker in that city. Other occupations followed so that by 1910, and from then to 1914, he was a traveling salesman out of St. Louis for an oil company.

The possibilities of the automobile business had always attracted him since he began his more mature observations of the commercial world, but at thirty he had yet been unable to get into the thing he most wanted to do. Meanwhile, in 1907, he had married, and this further complicated his situation and seemingly made it impossible for him to make a start from the bottom, which was the only way open. Nevertheless, in 1914, he began in just that way, taking a job as a mechanic in the Ford Motor Car Agency, at Dallas, Texas. Three years later, in the same city, he was superintendent of the service department of a Ford agency. In December, 1918, he came to Pittsburgh as manager of the service department for the Dixon Motor Company. Just a year later he was made manager of the Ford Agency in Butler, Pennsylvania, and in 1922 he returned to Pittsburgh to become manager of the Point Motor Company, dealers in Ford and Lincoln motor cars.

He continued with this concern until 1925, when the Lowe Motor Company was organized and incorporated under the Laws of Pennsylvania, with a capital stock of $50,000. The officials of the new company were John E. Lowe, president and general manager; R. B. Williams of Butler, Pennsylvania, vice-president. The company had the exclusive rights in Allegheny County for Lincoln cars, and some idea of the manner in which the business grew may be illustrated from the records of the first, or 1925, year as compared with that of 1928. The 1925 business approximated $300,000 and that of 1928 was more than three-quarters of a million dollars. The Lowe Motor Company housed in one of the most pleasing buildings on Liberty Street was devoted to the automobile trade. The structure was designed for the purpose to which it was put, and equipped in the most modern style and completeness, containing about 17,500 square feet and housing a staff averaging thirty employees.

Mr. Lowe was always practically interested in politics, as a Republican voter; in business and municipal organizations; in social, philanthropic and religious affairs. He was a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, of the East Liberty Board of Trade, of the Bloomfield Board of Trade, and was treasurer and a director of the Pittsburgh Automobile Dealers Association. Religiously, he was interested in the Presbyterian Church and fraternally, a member of the Butler

Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons. As a recreation, golf held first place with Mr. Lowe. He was a member of the Longue Vue Country Club, the Wildwood Country Club and the Pittsburgh Athletic Club.

John E. Lowe was married on May 28, 1907, at St. Louis, Missouri, to Bertha A. Kelling, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kelling, of that city.

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**ALEXANDER J. KOSTELLOW**—That Professor Kostellow today, at a comparatively early age, is already one of the outstanding and most versatile artists with a national reputation, of course, indicates that he possesses unusual talent. He is especially well-known for his portrait work. With his creative talent he combines an exceptional capacity for transmitting his knowledge to others and during the few years, in which he has taught art at the College of Fine Arts of the Carnegie Institute of Technology, he has been very successful as a teacher.

Alexander J. Kostellow was born in Persia, of French parentage, December 25, 1897, a son of Alexander J. and Beatrice (Mar de Chaque) Kostellow. His father was the sixteenth of his line to bear the name of Alexander J. Kostellow. Mr. Kostellow received his early education under private tutors and then attended the Madressa Preparatory School, from which he was graduated at the early age of fourteen years. Anxious to continue his education at the University of Berlin, he secured a special permit from the German authorities, allowing him to enter this institution at a much lower age than is customary. At the University of Berlin he specialized in philology and during this period published a primer on several languages, including Russian, German and several Oriental languages. The outbreak of the World War interfered with his further pursuit of his studies at the University of Berlin and prevented his graduation. In 1915 he came to the United States and at first located in New York City. It was then that he began to study painting at the Art Students' League and at the National Academy in New York City. He also studied at Columbia University and later at the Kansas City Art Institute, where he taught art for a time. For some times he was a pupil of Vaclav Vytlacil, one of the best-known art teachers of this country. Returning then to New York City he conducted private classes in painting for some time, until he was called to Pittsburgh in 1929, since when he has been a professor in the College of Fine Arts of the Carnegie Institute of Technology. He has exhibited his work in many parts of this country and it has been greatly admired, especially his portraits. He is a member of the Associated Artists of Pittsburgh. Of an adventurous disposition, Mr. Kostellow, as a boy, shipped before the mast, sailing to Africa and to other countries. As a young man he spent many of his summer vacations as a sailor, adventuring into some strange lands.

Alexander J. Kostellow married at Kansas City, Missouri, September 26, 1921, Rowena Reed. Mrs. Kostellow, too, is an artist of unusual talent and is now studying sculpture at Munich, Bavaria, Germany, where she has won several awards. Professor and Mrs. Kostellow, who make their home at No. 5559 Beeler Street, Pittsburgh, have one daughter, Adele Beatrice.

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**BEN G. GRAHAM, M. A., Sc. D.**—A native and life-long resident of western Pennsylvania, Dr. Graham today is and for many years past has been one of the outstanding, most widely known and most highly respected educators and educational administrators in this part of the country. His educational experience covers some thirty years and was practically entirely gained in the Pittsburgh district. Both as a teacher and as an educational administrator he has been eminently successful and he is regarded as one of the leading authorities on the administration of schools and especially of high schools and junior high schools. At different times he has held high office in several educational organizations, of which he is a member. In recent years he has been successively associate superintendent, first associate superintendent and acting superintendent of the Pittsburgh public schools, to the development of which he has made many and important contributions.

Ben G. Graham was born at East Moravia, Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, May 18, 1880, a son of the late Benjamin and Carrie E. (Palmer) Graham. His father was a farmer. Dr. Graham received his earliest education in the one-room country school of his native region. Later he attended high school at New Castle and, after having graduated from that school, attended Grove City College. After that he continued his studies at Westminster College, New Wilmington, Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1904 and which conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts in 1908 and the honorary degree of Doctor of Science in 1924, the latter being given to him in recognition of his eminent services as superintendent of the public schools of New Castle.

Dr. Graham's first teaching experience was gained in a rural school in his native county, Lawrence County. After three years of such experience he became supervising principal of a borough school. At the time of his graduation from Westminster College in 1904, he had already had four years' experience as a teacher and principal. In 1904 Dr. Graham became principal of the high school at Canonsburg. Later he was a teacher in the Preparatory Department of Washington and Jefferson College at Washington, Pennsylvania, teaching mathematics and physics. From there he went to McKeesport, where he taught physics and chemistry in the local high school. His next promotion was to the principalship of the Greensburg High School, in which capacity he served

for two years. At the end of this period, in 1910, he came to Pittsburgh as a teacher of chemistry in the Central High School, succeeding Professor Schuyler, who was made principal of the Central High School at that time. In 1916 Dr. Davidson, then the superintendent of public schools of Pittsburgh, selected Dr. Graham to be the principal of the first junior high school to be established in Pittsburgh, the Latimer Junior High School on the North Side. In the following year he was made principal of the Irwin Avenue Junior High School, which since then has become a trade school. In 1919 the Board of Education of New Castle, Pennsylvania, invited Dr. Graham to become superintendent of the New Castle school system. He accepted and remained there for six and one-half years. During that time the entire school system in New Castle was reorganized. A junior high school was introduced and the platoon system was established in the elementary schools. In 1926, upon the recommendation of the late Dr. Davidson, the Pittsburgh Board of Education appointed Dr. Graham associate superintendent of schools on Dr. Davidson's staff. His first assignment was Elementary Supervision and Personnel. When, in 1928, Dr. Foster resigned as first associate superintendent, Dr. Graham was named as his successor, Dr. Foster at that time becoming principal of the State Normal School at Indiana, Pennsylvania. Later Dr. Graham was assigned to the supervision of the administration of high schools, continuing, however, also to retain the personnel management. After Dr. Davidson's death on July 27, 1930, Dr. Graham was named by the Board of Education as acting superintendent of the Pittsburgh Public Schools, in which capacity he still serves. His offices are located in the Board of Education Building on Forbes Street, Pittsburgh. At different times during his career Dr. Graham has also lectured and taught at the State Teachers College in Edinboro, at the University of Pennsylvania, and at the University of Pittsburgh. At the latter institution he himself has pursued post-graduate work, commencing with this immediately after coming to Pittsburgh in 1910. His studies in the Department of Education of the University of Pittsburgh have brought him the degree of Master of Arts from that institution.

While serving as superintendent of schools in New Castle, Dr. Graham took a very active part in civic affairs and helped to organize the Community Chest. He was also one of the most active members and at one time the president of the New Castle Rotary Club and, when this club sponsored the inauguration of the Boy Scout movement in New Castle, Dr. Graham was one of the most enthusiastic supporters of that undertaking. He is a member of the National Education Association and a past president of the Department of Superintendents of that organization. He is also a past president of the Pennsylvania State Educational Association, as well as a member of the Pittsburgh Chapter, Phi Delta Kappa Fraternity; the Westminster Lodge of New Castle, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is a Past Master; New Castle Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Pittsburgh. His religious affiliations are with the United Presbyterian Church and, while a resident of New Castle, he was chairman of the building committee of the local church of that denomination at New Wilmington.

Dr. Graham married, at Washington, Pennsylvania, in June, 1908, Zelma Burroughs of Washington, Pennsylvania. Dr. and Mrs. Graham, who make their home at No. 5614 Woodmont Avenue, Pittsburgh, have eight children: Ben G., Jr., Burns, Betty, Inez, John, David, Paul, and Ella Ruth. Their eldest son was graduated from Carnegie Institute of Technology in June, 1930, and in the fall of that year commenced to teach in the homestead public schools. Two of the daughters are also training to become teachers, one at the Pittsburgh Training School and the other at the Pittsburgh College for Women. Three of the younger children attend Taylor Allderdice School and the two youngest are pupils at the Wightman School.

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**SIMON T. PATTERSON** is a member of the law firm of Patterson, Goehring, McClintock & Collin. Mr. Patterson conducts a general civil practice and participates actively in varied business and community projects.

Simon T. Patterson was born at Kittanning, Pennsylvania, August 25, 1885, son of Woodward Reynolds and Rebecca Jane (Truby) Patterson. He was educated in the public schools and Kittanning Academy. He graduated from Yale College in 1907 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts and from Pittsburgh Law School in 1910 with his degree in law. In October of that year he was admitted to the bar, and immediately began on his professional career.

Mr. Patterson is a member of the Allegheny County, the Pennsylvania State and the American Bar associations, and he was formerly on the executive committee of the first-named. He belongs also to the American branch of the International Law Association.

His professional activities, important as they are, have not limited Mr. Patterson's civic achievements, nor his business participation. He is a director of the Kittanning Brick Company and the McNees-Reese Coal Company, and he is a trustee of the Family Welfare Association, and a member of the board of managers of the Pittsburgh Newsboys' Home. During the World War he was attached to Army Service Corps during 1918, with the rank of first lieutenant, and he is a member of Post No. 5, American Legion. Mr. Patterson is a Republican in political outlook and a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce. He is a communicant of the Protestant

Episcopal Church. His fraternal affiliations are with the Fellowship Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and the Shiras Chapter, Phi Delta Phi Fraternity, of which he was a charter member. His clubs are: the Duquesne; the Pittsburgh; the Pittsburgh Golf; the Allegheny Country; the Fox Chapel Golf; Rolling Rock; Harvard-Yale-Princeton Club of Pittsburgh; and the Yale Club of New York.

Simon T. Patterson married, June 14, 1916, in Pittsburgh, Edith G. Flinn, daughter of the late Senator William Flinn. Children: Nancy, born in 1918; Isabel, born in 1921; George Reese, born in 1925.

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GEORGE RIDDLE WALLACE—In Pittsburgh, his native city and the product, in part, of the pioneer efforts of his ancestors, the late George Riddle Wallace ranked among the foremost citizens in broad-gauged devotion to public welfare, among the foremost lawyers in professional achievements, and among the best-loved men as a forceful but kindly and generous personality. He was senior partner of the law firm of Wallace, Patterson & Collin.

George Riddle Wallace was born in Newville, Pennsylvania, December 5, 1865, son of Rev. William Lockhart Wallace, a United Presbyterian minister, who held pastorates at Newville and Sewickley, Pennsylvania, great-grandson of James McKee Riddle, who published the first city directory of Pittsburgh, and grandson of John Wallace, who conducted one of the earliest jewelry establishments in the city, the store being destroyed in the great fire of 1845. For a period of one hundred and fifty years, the family played an important part in the upbuilding of the city.

George R. Wallace was well educated, graduating at Princeton University in 1891 as valedictorian of his class, with his Bachelor's degree, and receiving his Master's after another year's work at Princeton. He was captain of the gymnasium team while there and was thoroughout his life keenly interested in athletics.

Admitted to the bar of Allegheny County in 1895, Mr. Wallace became an outstanding member of the legal profession in Pittsburgh, with a very large and lucrative practice and an important part in the general advancement of the Bar Association in standards and influence. His own words best indicate his opinion of the public duties of lawyers:

> The general public looks upon the members of the bar as in some degree, at least, responsible for the administration of law in an orderly, efficient and prompt manner. The lawyers as a rule have been inclined to deny or avoid this responsibility and confine themselves to the demands of their private practice. There is a sense, however, in which we cannot escape this responsibility. After all, we are sworn officers of the courts and as such officers and members of the profession, we do owe a duty to the public.

Mr. Wallace himself lived up to this responsibility in the fullest measure. His time and services were always subject to public needs and to every demand which was important to the bar and the community. When the Bar Association needed experience and real ability to cope with the election frauds of the 1927 primaries, Mr. Wallace did not need a second call from President Joseph Stadtfeld to join various attorneys in unearthing election crooks. Two hundred and fifty were brought to justice by the Bar Committee of which Mr. Wallace was a leading member and were convicted. There was no pleasure in the task, but there was satisfaction in performing it efficiently and justly, the sort of satisfaction which Mr. Wallace felt about much of the crowding work which filled his life. He was identified with many civic organizations and appeared frequently before committees of the Legislature at Harrisburg in advocacy of reform and civic welfare measures favored by his fellow-citizens. A member of the State Constitutional Committee, he spent many months considering changes proposed. To the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce in particular, he gave incalculable service, as a director from 1919 until his death, and as vice-president in 1923 and president in 1925. The grateful organization thus memorialized him after his death:

> An entire community shares the sorrow of a more intimate circle in the death of George R. Wallace, former president of the Chamber of Commerce of Pittsburgh.
>
> The people of Pittsburgh have not had in our generation a more willing worker for civic betterment, a more wholesome example of a highly gifted and richly furnished mind dedicated to cheerful and unselfish public service.
>
> Typifying the highest ethical principles in his practice of his profession, he was an invaluable counselor to the public at large as well as to those private clients who availed themselves of his scholarly knowledge of the law, his clarity of vision, his hatred of dishonesty, trickery, and sham, and the unfailing sanity and wisdom of his judgment.
>
> His zeal for good government made his whole life a rebuke to all who are indifferent either to the privileges or to the responsibilities of citizenship. His earnest appeals at Harrisburg were repeatedly the means of securing the adoption of helpful legislation in the interests of the State and the City.
>
> No matter at what cost or inconvenience, he answered with a loyal will every summons to duty. His name became a synonym for private honor and public devotion.

His effective and unselfish work with the Voters' League, extending through many years, merited the highest appreciation of the people of Pittsburgh.

The business responsibilities of Mr. Wallace were also heavy. He was president of the Pennsylvania United States Bond and Mortgage Company, secretary of the Penn-Pitt Supply Company, director of the United States Bond and Mortgage Company of New York, president of the Paden

City Land Company, director of the Paden City Pottery Company, and director of the Keystone Stores, Incorporated. He also served as director of the Arnold School. During the World War he was judge-advocate, with the commission of major in the Pennsylvania Military Reserve. Golf was his recreation, and his favorite hobby was the writing of verses and rhymes, in which he exercised his keen wit and his gracious humor. In his college days at Princeton, he wrote "Princeton Sketches, the Story of Nassau Hall," published in 1894, a collection of his writing which helped defray his expenses there. His scholarship at Princeton won for him admission to the Phi Beta Kappa Society. He was a member of Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church; of St. John's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; the Cottage Club of Princeton, the Duquesne Club, the University Club of Pittsburgh, of which he was a charter member; the Princeton Alumni Association of Western Pennsylvania; the Oakmont Country Club, and the Junta. The last-named organization also paid tribute to the character and personality of this much admired member:

Able, vigorous and ambitious, he soon made his mark in his profession, as well as in business and civic affairs, and he rose to distinction and usefulness in all of them. Everything he undertook he did with his whole heart and success in his many and varied fields of labor was assured by his energy, intelligence and devotion. He was a man of the highest ideals and his deep sense of civic responsibility was one of the ruling influences of his life. Very few men in this community have given as much time, thought and self sacrificing labor for the general good as he.

. . . It is, however, as one of our colleagues of the Junta that his demise particularly affects us. He was elected to membership in 1919 and has ever been a faithful and regular attendant at its meetings. A man of thorough education, rich culture and wide reading, his contributions to the discussions of the club, expressed with remarkable clarity, logic and eloquence, were always valuable and noteworthy. Generous, warm-hearted and companionable, he won and possessed, in the highest degree, the affection and esteem of his fellow-members, who greatly lament his sudden removal from a life of rich, varied and useful activities.

George Riddle Wallace married, in 1916, Jaquetta Clements, daughter of John M. Clements, who died in 1923, and of his wife, Frances (Zimmerman) Clements, who resides at Oakmont, Pennsylvania. Children: George Riddle, born April 11, 1919; John Clements, born July 4, 1920; William Lockhart, II, born August 2, 1923; and Baird, born January 16, 1926.

Mr. Wallace died November 8, 1929, at the age of sixty-three. In his life were blended the elements which make for almost complete happiness: the factors of mind and character which win success and enduring friendships; the external possessions of wealth, influence and power; and the fundamental comfort of a happy home and delightful and inspiring family life. He gave of himself and his abilities as richly as he received, and he took his place in the van of the forward march of his city.

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**JAMES P. McKINNEY, JR.**—As president of the McKinney Manufacturing Company, James P. McKinney, Jr., carries on this important industrial enterprise with which the name of his family has been connected for many years. He was born in Pittsburgh on October 7, 1889, a son of James P. and Jennie (Stewart) McKinney, both deceased. The father, born in Troy, New York, died in Pittsburgh, in 1917, and at the time of his death was president of the McKinney Manufacturing Company. His wife survived him for ten years, passing away in 1927. They were the parents of four children: 1. James P., Jr., of this record. 2. Robert L., a director of the McKinney Company. 3. Jean C. 4. Irene S.

James P. McKinney, Jr., attended the Pittsburgh public schools, and after further study at Shady Side Academy, Pittsburgh, and St. Paul's School, at Concord, New Hampshire, entered Princeton University, where he was graduated in 1912 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. He began his active career immediately afterwards with the McKinney Manufacturing Company, serving in minor capacities at first, and later rising to more important positions as he mastered the details of the company's operation and proved himself able to assume a larger share in its direction. In 1917, the entrance of the United States into the World War interrupted his business career, and at that time he entered the service. He was commissioned lieutenant and carried on his duties in the Ordnance Department until after the signing of the Armistice. Then he returned to his work with the McKinney Manufacturing Company, of which he was elected vice-president and assistant treasurer. He was elected president in 1929, and has continued to fill this office since that time. The other officers of the company are: A. W. Thompson, of Philadelphia, chairman of the board; and W. C. Farr, secretary-treasurer.

The McKinney Manufacturing Company's average payroll lists nine hundred employees at Pittsburgh. Branch offices are located in Boston, New York, Baltimore, Chicago, San Francisco, Montreal and Toronto, and expert representatives market their products all over the world. An account of the origin and growth of this company is very interesting, and the following paragraphs of its history are quoted:

In 1865 in a small machine shop at Cincinnati, Ohio, the business of the McKinney Manufacturing Company was begun. Several years later the founder, William S. McKinney, was joined by his brother, James P. McKinney, and in 1870 the company moved into larger quarters at Hamilton, Ohio. In 1878 the plant was finally located in Pittsburgh, where it has continued to grow and expand until today it is one of the largest manufacturers of

wrought hardware in the world, with a vast scope of products, including not only a complete line of hinges and butts, but such hardware specialties as door hinges and locks, bolts, handles, shelf brackets, barn and garage door hangers and track, and other miscellaneous articles; all with one predominating characteristic—quality.

Early in 1926, after several years of careful study and exhaustive research, McKinney Forged Iron Builders' Hardware, an innovation in builders' hardware, was introduced as an addition to the company's general builders' hardware line. This step was the result of a close survey of the growing tendency on the part of interior decorators and home builders to use forged iron in their decorative schemes. Several nationally known architects were consulted and used in the research work and in the selecting of the old originals, copies of which the company was to forge.

The makers of the famous McKinney hinges have now made available beautiful forged iron pieces to fit the spirit of the modern period homes. It is fabricated in the finest and most authentic traditions of the art of metal craftsmanship. Adaptation of forged iron hardware to modern building requirements has heretofore presented a hard problem. To overcome difficulties McKinney was most fortunately placed, for, as manufacturers of hinges of long standing, there was available a wealth of practical experience in solving the problems of application.

To enable the builders of a period home to carry out the same decorative motif throughout the home and the entrances, four beautiful forged iron lanterns have been added to the forged iron line. They blend into their surroundings and add that touch of genuineness and hospitality which is so much desired by lovers of the home beautiful.

The "McKinney Lock," a new device in locks, introduced to the trade in 1930, was created by the McKinney Manufacturing Company after sixty-five years' experience in the manufacture of builders' hardware. Purchasers of builders' hardware had long felt a need for a simpler and more versatile type of lock and "The McKinney Lock" is considered the greatest contribution to builders' hardware since the origin of the lock.

The theme of the McKinney Lock is the simplification of builders' hardware without the sacrifice of a single element of soundness or practicability.

The "McKinney Lock" has been designed to meet every requirement of sound builders' hardware and to provide a flexibility and versatility in locks that will make possible the elimination of perhaps ninety per cent. of the overwhelming number of variations in locks and trim as required by the old order of lock manufacture.

There have been listed three distinct types of lock—those of the "rim" type, the "mortise" type, and the "unit" type. The McKinney Lock offers the advantages in one general "cylindrical" type of all of the three above-named types and eliminates the weaknesses of each.

The McKinney Lock is factory assembled and prohibits the misalignment of parts by the carpenter in application. It offers a saving in the cost of application equal to that of the "unit" type. It offers the possibility of every practical standard operation and size requirement. It is manufactured at a cost which permits the embodiment of the best qualities embodied in any of the three named competitive types, and is sold at a price which cannot prohibit its general use.

The simplification and standardization of the lock, in which none of the principal features of functions of locks have been sacrificed, has been accomplished by the McKinney Manufacturing Company by application of the following common sense rules: 1. The McKinney Lock is designed in five only case sizes to meet all requirements of variation in case size. 2. It is designed in four only lock front and strike sizes.

When the company was founded in 1865 the space occupied was approximately five thousand square feet. Today the factories and warehouses cover about two and a half city squares with a floor space of over four hundred thousand square feet, approximately nine acres, and give employment to nine hundred. Recently a large three and a half story factory adjoining McKinney Manufacturing Company's premises was purchased to make room for the steady growth of the business. With this building was acquired an iron and brass foundry, which is now operated as a part of the McKinney Manufacturing Company.

Mr. McKinney, as president of the company, has maintained the same high standards for which it has long been famous, and has guided its affairs very successfully along the path of progress. In other phases of Pittsburgh life he has also been active. He is a trustee of the Homeopathic Hospital of Pittsburgh, is affiliated fraternally with Fellowship Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and is a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, the Pittsburgh Club, the Pittsburgh Golf Club, the Fox Chapel Golf Club, the Allegheny Country Club, and the Princeton Club. In politics he is a Republican voter, while with his family he worships in the Episcopalian faith, being a member of the Calvary Episcopal Church of this city.

On June 19, 1915, at Fairfield, Connecticut, James P. McKinney, Jr., married Clare Brett, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George P. Brett of New York. They are the parents of three children, all born in Pittsburgh: 1. James Brett. 2. Louise Brett. 3. George Brett. The residence of the family in this city is maintained at No. 1086 Shady Avenue, while Mr. McKinney's offices are situated at Metropolitan and Liverpool streets, North Side.

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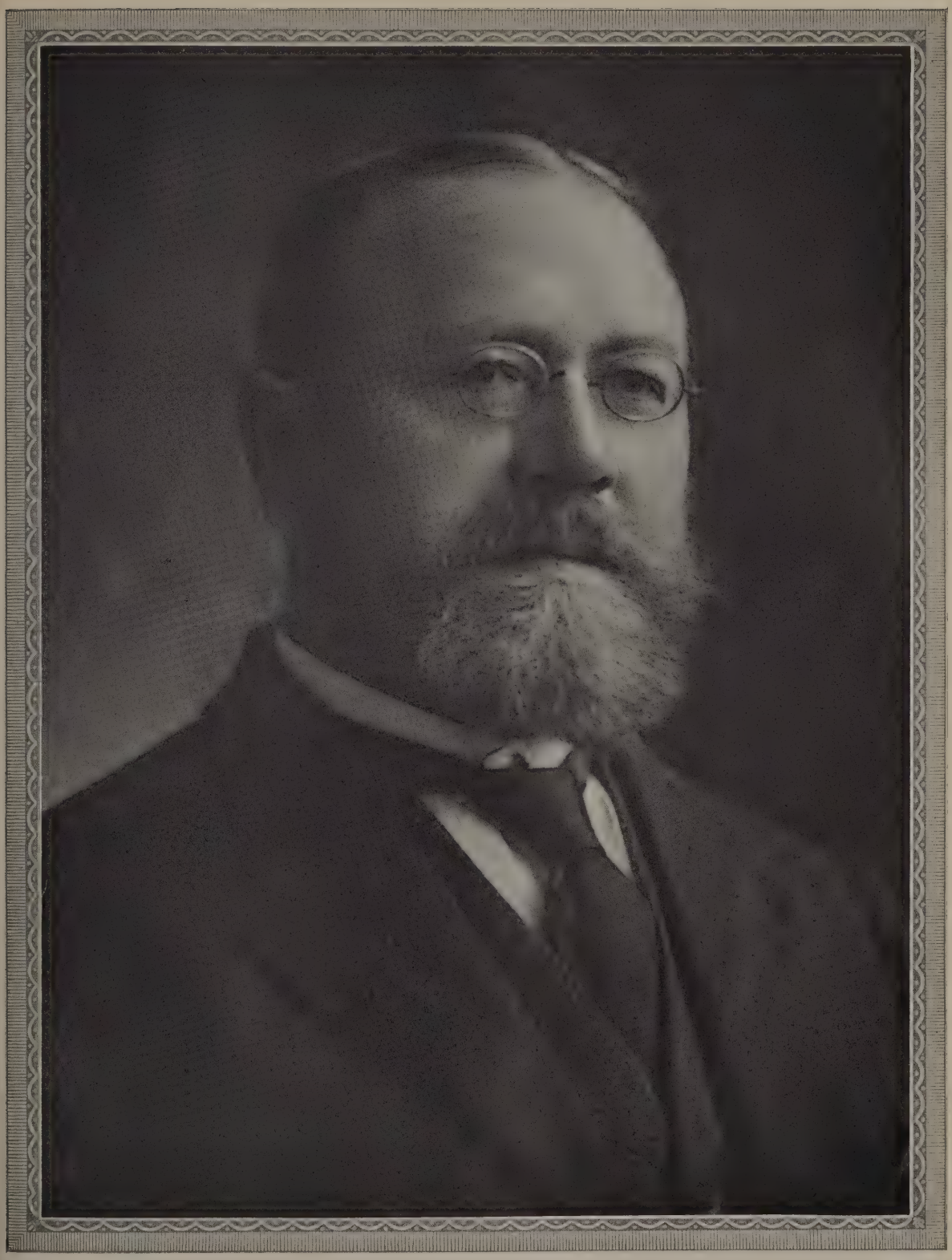
**HERMAN HELM**—Banker, financial operator in varied fields, owner of a great laundry, landowner and landlord, Herman Helm was one of the men most prominent in building up the East Liberty section of Pittsburgh. He lived to the age of seventy-six; his years were filled with useful works of enduring merit and advantage to his fellowmen.

Native of Westphalia, Germany, Mr. Helm was born at Rhynern, January 17, 1855, a son of Dietrick and Elizabeth Helm, both of whom died in Germany, where the family had long been represented and still has many members. The father was a gardener and florist, a leader in that type of enterprise. In the family were seven children —all of them sons. Herman Helm was youngest



Herman Helm.

of the brothers; was the only one to come to the United States, and the last of the seven to die.

In Germany he attained to manhood, receiving his education in the schools of his native place. Taking his father's deep interest in flowers and gardening, he developed ability in that line as a youth, and became a landscape gardener. He was twenty-four when he came to the United States; that was in 1874, and the reason of his coming was the quest of fortune, a greater opportunity than he could find in Germany.

Locating in Pittsburgh, he found a "job," as differentiated from a position—working in a rolling mill. There he put in fourteen hours of gruelling toil daily, at ninety cents a day. For a year he continued there, saved some money, then went to work in the Murdock Greenhouse, tending plants and flowers. The greenhouse was where a part of Schenley Park is now. Mr. Helm was one of the first expert landscape gardeners in this area, and his reputation spread. Soon his services were in wide demand among wealthy families. Even in those days, however, Mr. Helm disliked working for others; he wished to be his own employer, and he therefore went into landscape gardening for himself. It should be borne in mind that landscape gardening did not occupy the same position then as later achieved; it was a new field of work, in which Mr. Helm was a pioneer. The more substantial families of Pittsburgh either laid out their own grounds, or left this to servants. Hence the result often was amateurish. In time, however, the people began to see the difference between the old and the new way, and Mr. Helm's business increased steadily. He found all that he could do, laid out the beautiful gardens surrounding the Schenley Hotel and the Friendship School, and did a considerable amount of work on the Mellon estate. Many other well known grounds and sites for imposing buildings were laid out by him.

During this time he saved his money, denying himself luxuries which to others of his means might have seemed to be necessities.

He had married Augusta Vorhoff, native of Germany, and daughter of Herman and Theresa Vorhoff. Her father was a tailor, an honorable man of skill in his trade and a goodly custom. Soon after the marriage Mr. Helm made a down payment on a small house; but he did not occupy the house. Instead, he leased it to tenants, who, through rentals, paid the balance due. This operation he repeated, and repeated again. All of his houses, increasing in number, he kept in the best repair; he landscaped them too, and they were desirable from the renters' point of view. As a consequence he was able to charge fair but substantial rentals, and in the course of time became one of the largest private owners of houses at lease in East Liberty. His wife assisted him greatly in the programs of his economy. It is said of him that he never raised the rents unless increasing taxation and repairs made it necessary. He considered that his tenants were helping him increase his means and treated them fairly always. That this was satisfactory to his tenants is shown in the fact that they remained long. His success, on the whole, was based on honest values, and hard work, with consistent saving of his resources. He had no patience with laziness. In his own home he did what he could to inculcate his principles of work and thrift in his sons, who, as a result, early earned their own way and made names for themselves as he had done, without outside assistance. His theories were proven correct; his sons attained success through their own efforts. They might, in tender years, have considered their father unduly strict with them. They have lived to acknowledge his wisdom, however, and to respect and honor him for his firmness in ideals of economic independence.

Herman Helm saw the future of Pittsburgh. He staked everything on that future. He was a founder of the East Savings and Trust Company and sat as member of the board until his passing. He was an original stockholder in the P. and A. Telephone Company; for some time, successfully, was engaged in the ice trade; and later acquired the Crown Laundry Company, of which he was president until the close of life. His financial interests exceeded these of mention, and his private affairs, when he retired in 1912, were so extensive as to require a thorough management. This he gave them until the close of life. He was fifty-seven in 1912, still in the full vigor of his powers; yet his health was threatened, and his eyesight was failing. He took a voyage to Germany. Returning, he devoted his time to private affairs. He took a second trip to Germany, and a third, returning from the last in 1921.

The Helm residence, at No. 149 Reiter Street, East Liberty, had formerly been a farmhouse. He remodelled inside and out, improved the property and grounds, and made a most comfortable dwelling, virtually rebuilding the residence in the course of years' occupancy. Nearby he erected twenty-six garages, which he leased to other persons. There was a continuous demand for his garages in the growing neighborhood, and even after becoming completely blind Mr. Helm administered their rentals, as well as taking care of his substantial financial interests.

Because of failing health, Mr. Helm's first wife went to Germany. There her death occurred.

He married (second) Elizabeth Vorhoff, her sister, who came to America after the death of his first wife. This was shortly after the Johnstown Flood, which disaster then was the chief topic of conversation. To Herman and Elizabeth (Vorhoff) Helm children were born as follows: 1. Elizabeth, who died at the age of sixteen. 2. Fred, who lived to the age of twenty-one. 3. Carl. 4. Herman, Jr., who married Helen Ruhling; and they have children: Agnes, Frances and Herman, 3d. 5. Joseph. 6. Agnes, wife of James Cawley; and they have a daughter, Elizabeth. 7. Frances,

who married Edward Steinhauser; and they have a son, Edward. Mrs. Helm continues to live in the family residence, East Liberty.

Though he never went to school in America, Mr. Helm had secured a very thorough academic instruction in Germany, and he continued his studies privately after coming to Pittsburgh. He had a remarkable memory; was a great reader of books on history and travel; was a keen student of religious lore; and familiar with the Bible in German and English, and frequently held discussions with learned men on its contents. He could discuss the Bible intelligently with priests, rabbis and ministers of the Protestant churches, pointing out the good in each religion. He commanded the respect of all with whom he came in contact. Well versed in geography, especially from the economic point of view, he took pleasure in current events of the world, and was something of a seer in predicting the march of events. Many came to him with their problems of business; others came for the pleasure of argument. His decisions in business were always appreciated, for they were proven sound in nearly every instance.

Mr. Helm was a handsome man, with a dignified bearing, an outstanding figure in any gathering. More than likely he could have made a success in many kinds of enterprise; yet he stuck to the one of his choice. Friends say he was gifted for various lines of work, and there can be no doubt of the accuracy of their opinion. He believed in helping others by affording them the means to help themselves. Knowing from his experience that the road to success was paved with work and thrift, he expected others to work as he did. During the years in which he accumulated the bulk of his fortune he allowed himself few luxuries, as previously mentioned—aside from the three very pleasant trips to Europe. He provided for his family substantially, but not in a manner to be called wasteful. In later years he was said to have remarked to friends that perhaps he had denied himself too much, and that his life would have been fuller had he allowed himself more recreation. Certainly, he found, his health would have had a better chance.

"Work and save," he told his friends, "but don't let it get you." That was his philosophy toward the last. "Remember there are other things in life than the accumulation of money."

Even after he lost his sight, however, he did not complain; and he continued on his way, making new deals, exercising full administration over his own affairs, which, always, he handled expertly. He was an interesting companion. Having witnessed many changes in the development of East Liberty, he could entertain his friends by the hour with reminiscences touching on interesting things of the past. He took pride in the growth of the community, of which, really, he was a builder, one of the principal builders in fact. Few men were as well known as he, by sight, in this locality; and he was pointed out as the man responsible for many of the improvements in the East Liberty district.

The demise of such a man is always a loss to his community, and an even greater loss within his household. Mr. Helm's death occurred September 4, 1931.

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**WILLIAM IRVING BERRYMAN**—A man of profound legal mind, widely known in earlier years for his supremacy at the bar of Pennsylvania, William Irving Berryman made for himself an honorable renown in the profession and as a dominant financier and organizer in Pittsburgh and the greater city's area. At the time of his death he had been connected for many years with the Union Trust Company, holding the very responsible position of trust officer. His interests were extensive, reaching far out into financial fields, and his record, one of steadfast character and attainment, stands behind him as its own memorial.

Sixty-five at the time of his passing, Mr. Berryman was born in August of 1865. He died, in Pittsburgh, on April 12, 1931.

Born at Coal Center, Pennsylvania, he was a son of John W. and Anna (House) Berryman, early residents of Coal Center, where John W. Berryman had a general store and was regarded with respect as a leading figure by his contemporaries. He, with his other son, John D. Berryman (there were only the two sons, John D. and William Irving), opened a store as general merchants at Charleroi, Pennsylvania. There they succeeded in building up an immense business for a merchandising venture of the size concerned. Both Mr. and Mrs. John W. Berryman died at Charleroi, and are buried there.

William Irving Berryman spent his boyhood at Coal Center, attending the local schools. He prepared himself for the career of teacher, not meaning, however, to give his whole life to that vocation. Graduating from California Normal School, he taught for a time; followed this experience with a business course at Poughkeepsie, New York, and paid his own way from the day he left the normal institution. Later, having completed the business course, he was employed as a clerk in a tipple yard for coal. Judge Acheson, one of the outstanding lawyers' of this part of the State in those days, had occasion to visit the tipple on a business matter. It chanced that a witness' signature was needed, and young William Irving Berryman was asked to sign the paper. The judge, noting the expert penmanship, remarked: "A man who can write as well as this has no business here, but should have something better." Young Mr. Berryman replied: "I have no intention of remaining in this capacity." This was the beginning of a lifelong friendship and of Mr. Berryman's true career as lawyer and financial figure.

Entering the offices of Judge Acheson at Washington, Pennsylvania, Mr. Berryman prepared for the bar. He swept out the office, cleaned and

dusted, kept books and papers in order, and as he worked he learned under the judge's very able preceptorship. He took a supplementary course at Waynesburg College, too, and was admitted to practice in Pennsylvania. So well had he performed his duties in the office, and so well was he trained for practice, that the judge invited him into partnership. Mr. Berryman accepted, and with a third member the firm of Acheson, Clark and Berryman was organized, at Washington. The firm continued in operation most creditably and successfully for many years. Mr. Berryman personally was unusually successful in his representations at court, and gradually he acquired other interests which, in time, would lead him from the profession into financial circles of the Commonwealth. He had a part in forming the Citizens' Water Company of Washington, made himself well known as an able organizer, lawyer and business man, and in 1897 came to Pittsburgh.

As a resident of the city Mr. Berryman opened in 1899 an office at law in the Times Building. He met with an immediate success as barrister. On March 1, 1900, he became associated with the Union Trust Company as trust officer. This, a new position at the time, was one demanding the fullest legal administrative talent; Mr. Berryman supplied that talent, and as the duties of the office increased he kept abreast, and a bit ahead, of the requirements, giving it a care and precision of judgment that reacted greatly to the advantage of the growing corporation. For some years he conducted the office alone, but finally its pressure became so intensified he had to have an assistant. Mr. Berryman, as trust officer, was particularly successful in securing right of way routes for electric railways in the Pittsburgh area. Indeed, he was a specialist in work of that nature, and was relied upon with the heaviest trust and confidence by industrial and financial leaders of Pittsburgh. In serving them, and the bank, he likewise served the people. He was noted for his fair outlook at all propositions, and never discriminated in a deal, always giving a fair deal to each principal, his own and the other. He held the confidence of all those with whom he had business relationships, and the ones associated with him say that it will be impossible to replace him in the bank organization. He was almost literally a part of that institution, and when he was forced by death to drop his position there it was as if the structure had been sorely bereft of a needed supporter. Quick always to sense the trend of major affairs, he was invaluable to the corporation; he made for it, based on this foresight, a number of valuable deals. His own personal interests, meanwhile, accumulated.

These other interests, through a period of more than three decades, included an interest in J. W. Berryman and Sons, merchants, of Charleroi; presidency of the Pittsburgh and Charleroi Street Railway Company and of the West Side Street Railway Company; vice-presidency of the Webster, Monessen, Belle Vernon and Fayette City Street Railway, the Bank of Charleroi, the Union Trust Company of Clairton; and support of the Monongahela Water Company and the North Strabane Water Company of Canonsburg. He was a director of the First National Bank at Finleyville, the Connellsville Courier Publishing Company, the Babcock-Carrier Lumber Company, and many others of like importance. He was member of the board of the Tillingham Island Club; member of the Washington Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons; Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He belonged to the Royal Order of Jesters, the Duquesne Club, Pittsburgh Press Club, Amen Corner, South Hills Country Club, and the Pittsburgh Country Club.

Mr. Berryman was deeply absorbed in his work as chief of the Pittsburgh Chemical Warfare District, to which office he was named in 1929. This gave him charge of chemical activities in eighteen states. A member of the 10th Regiment of the National Guard for many years, his appointment followed long service in that connection, and came when the War Department decided to establish that branch of service under civilian supervision. Commissioned a general, Mr. Berryman declined to wear the uniform but took hold of the work enthusiastically and seriously, and, as with his other responsibilities, conducted the office most efficiently and creditably. He received for this many letters of commendation from Washington, District of Columbia. Though he belonged to many social circles, he was, as a rule, too busily occupied to give much attention to social matters. He was fond of outdoor life, of hunting, and he usually spent six weeks of the year at Eaton Ranch. His home was a devoted interest.

Mr. Berryman married, on September 20, 1899, Mary Todd, a daughter of William A. and Maria T. (Hayton) Todd, former residents of Louisiana; and of this union were born four children: 1. Athalia, who married Norman B. Morrow; and they have children: William Berryman, Mary, and Katherine. 2. Mary Elizabeth, who married William Luke, 2d. 3. William Irving, Jr., married Margaret Grassell. 4. Katharine, who died in July, 1926. Mrs. Mary (Todd) Berryman formerly assisted her husband in many works of philanthropic cause, many of these she continues down to the present time, and she is well known in civic and social circles of the city of Pittsburgh.

The life and works of William Irving Berryman show what useful service to mankind can be, when conceived without selfish motive and in the interests of the general welfare. He made his own career; he made his life, his destiny; and having completed his useful, exemplary and inspiring work, has left his record behind, where it may serve well in guidance of those following after him.

His death meant a distinct loss to the city and the State, who had lost in his passing an eminent native son.

**JOSEPH ANTHONY HEYL**—Schooled in the public service, in which he has been engaged for more than twenty years, Joseph Anthony Heyl is at present serving his third consecutive term as secretary to as many sheriffs of Allegheny County. In his quiet and unobtrusive way he has long exerted an influence upon the affairs associated with the sheriff's office and has won and held the admiration of those with whom he has come into official contact with the assistance he has been able to extend in their search for information or help. He has made a legion of fast friends during the course of his labors in this district and retains them through an attractive personality and a loyalty to his municipality and the people who make up its citizenry. He has always displayed a deep interest in civic advancement and has been largely instrumental in the organization and activities of bodies intended to promote the welfare of the people, giving of his time and abilities freely and exhaustively to that end.

He was born in Pittsburgh, July 14, 1886, a son of Matthew and Teresa M. (Pearson) Heyl, both deceased. At the time of his death his father was commander of O. H. Rippley Post, No. 41, Grand Army of the Republic, having been a veteran of the Civil War, during which he served from the beginning to the surrender of Lee at Appomatox in 1865. He was a corporal in Company F, 107th Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and was in action at the battles of Cold Harbor, Antietam and Gettysburg. His name appears on a memorial tablet that has been placed on the field at Gettysburg in commemoration of the work of the Pennsylvania troops in that historic conflict. He was among the troops that were present when General Robert E. Lee surrendered to General Ulysses S. Grant and ended the War Between the States.

His son, Joseph A. Heyl, was educated in the Catholic parochial schools of Pittsburgh and was graduated from St. Augustine's Academy in 1901. His first appointment under the Civil Service competitive examination system came in 1907, when he was made stenographer to the commission, it being the first appointment made. He was promoted to be assistant chief clerk of the commission, remaining in the service until 1914, when he left it temporarily to become secretary to J. W. Dougherty, president of the Pittsburgh Crucible Steel Company, a position he held for two years, when he accepted appointment as secretary to Sheriff George W. Richards. He served that official during his full term and then was reappointed by his successor, Sheriff Robert B. Woodside, and again appointed to the same post by Sheriff Robert H. Braun, where he is at present engaged, having charge of the criminal cost department of the office. He is a Republican in politics, a Roman Catholic in religion. On July 28, 1928, he organized and became president of the Duquesne Heights Civic Association, the membership of which has grown from an original twenty-eight to more than seven hundred. He is also secretary of the church committee of St. Mary's on the Mount and is a member of the Washington Heights Board of Trade and of the Catholic Men's Club.

Joseph Anthony Heyl married, April 26, 1911, Margaret A. King, daughter of Michael J. and Margaret A. (Connelly) King, both deceased. Their children are: 1. Mary Teresa, born April 16, 1912. 2. Vera Mae, born July 13, 1913. 3. Joseph Anthony, Jr., born September 18, 1914. 4. John K., born June 30, 1916. 5. Margaret A., born February 4, 1919.

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**HERBERT G. MEANS**—Prominent in educational circles of Pennsylvania, superintendent of the schools of North Braddock since 1918, Herbert G. Means was born at Punxsutawney, Pennsylvania, in October, 1884, and is a son of George and Elizabeth Ann (Stewart) Means.

After he had received his preparatory instruction in the public schools, Mr. Means matriculated in Slippery Rock Normal, whence he graduated in 1902. Later he attended Grove City College whence he took the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy in 1912. He took the Master's degree from the University of Pittsburgh, in 1926, and at all times, continuously, has kept abreast of innovations in the profession of which he is a member, supplementing the courses mentioned with graduate work at State College, Grove City College and the University of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Means began his career as an educator in 1902, as principal of the schools in Jefferson County. Later he served as supervisor in Clearfield County, Pennsylvania, and organized the Sandy Township High School there. Still later he was supervising principal of schools in another township, and for two years held the post of principal of the high school at Indiana, Pennsylvania. Then, for three years, he was assistant superintendent of schools at Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, and came next to Braddock, as superintendent of the North Braddock schools. He had much to do with erection of the new high school building here, and his record as directing head of the system has been one of consistent and considerable accomplishment. A constant student, Mr. Means spent some time at study of the law.

He is a member of the National Education Association, this association's Department of Superintendents, the Pennsylvania State Educational Association, and Allegheny Principals' of Round Table. Through his efforts, the Lyceum organization was brought into being in North Braddock. Mr. Means served as chairman of the Ways and Means Committee which consolidated the two churches here, and was on the building committee when the new church edifice was erected by the Lutheran denomination. Mr. Means belongs to the Rotary Club, Chamber of Commerce, Braddock Lodge No. 510, Free and Accepted Masons, Braddock Chapter of Royal Arch Masons, and other bodies of social interest.

Mr. Means married, in 1904, Ethel G. Condron,

of Punxsutawney, Pennsylvania; and their children are: 1. Fenton C., member of the class of 1929, Susquehanna University, degree of Bachelor of Arts; now with Jones and Laughlin, North Braddock. 2. Winifred Geraldine, graduate of normal school, 1927; now a teacher at Pitcairn, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Means is active in church work, a member of the Red Cross, and prominent in the Order of Eastern Star. The residence is at No. 831 Kirkpatrick Street.

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ALLIED BOARDS OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY—The Allied Boards of Trade, which now have a membership of over fifteen thousand, were organized in 1905 for the purpose of harmonizing all the various activities and interests of all civic-commercial organizations in Allegheny County. Ever since then the organization has worked consistently toward coördinating the efforts and activities of these various civic-commercial bodies in the county. The task has not been easy, but the spirit of coöperation engendered has more than repaid the efforts expended. In recent years the Allied Boards of Trade have greatly expanded and increased their activities. The objectives of the Allied Boards of Trade are as follows: To secure the coöperation of all civic-commercial associations located in Pittsburgh, Allegheny County and the Pittsburgh District; to coördinate general activities and eliminate, so far as possible, duplication of efforts by civic-commercial bodies; to assist local improvement associations in effectively organizing, in adopting a practical program of activities and in securing worthwhile results for the communities they serve; to strive for and to encourage the improvement of civic or living conditions for all alike and to endeavor to make every community within Pittsburgh and the entire district a better place in which to live and in which to work; through coordination and unity of effort to enable the Pittsburgh district to compete more effectively with rival metropolitan centers; to develop and intensify a common understanding of the problems of Greater Pittsburgh or of the Pittsburgh district and of the necessity of unitedly working for the improvement and the development of the entire district; to urge the adoption of a comprehensive plan of development and improvement to be spread over a term of years, that shall comprehend the future requirements and expansion of the Pittsburgh district, each community of the district to be urged to adopt a similar program of public improvements to be coördinated with the general plan; and to stimulate by every possible means a metropolitan loyalty, a metropolitan consciousness and a metropolitan spirit for the Pittsburgh district.

The enlarged program of the Allied Boards of Trade, as adopted and urged by this organization includes among others, the following aims and objectives: In order that Pittsburgh and Allegheny County, known as "Greater Pittsburgh," may concentrate and capitalize the full strength of all their forces and energies in competition with rival metropolitan centers, the Allied Boards are convinced that a federated plan of municipal government should be adopted for Allegheny County without delay. Every community is requested to support this movement in the interest of the common welfare. The Allied Boards believe that in the expenditure of public funds, preference should be given to residents of the district in the employment of labor or professional service or in the letting of contracts or in the purchase of materials. The Allied Boards recommend that a non-partisan commission be authorized and appointed to study the problem of county and municipal taxation and expenditure as a whole, with power to recommend from time to time such adjustments and improvements as the commission may deem helpful. The Allied Boards request each civic-commercial organization and association in the Pittsburgh district to appoint a committee on citizenship to encourage the study of good citizenship in its various phases in all educational institutions and particularly to urge potential voters to register and to vote. The Allied Boards earnestly recommend that there be appointed a county commission on employment which shall be directed to investigate and to study the successful methods of relieving unemployment adopted by several progressive metropolitan centers, the commission to be empowered to establish and operate a plan similar in purpose in Allegheny County. The Allied Boards petition the Board of County Commissioners of Allegheny County to start work without unnecessary delay upon the county auditorium or so called "Town Hall" for which funds were overwhelmingly voted, and especially, in addition to many other valuable provisions, that space be provided for a permanent exhibit of the county's natural resources and of its agricultural and industrial productions. As the prevention of disease and the preservation of the public health are of vital importance, the Allied Boards urge all service and civic bodies within the district to aggressively support public health officers with their health programs, and especially to aid all progressive health measures. Especially are civic bodies requested to support in their respective communities activities designed to improve housing facilities, and to aid in the elimination of all unsanitary or crowded housing conditions. As adequate recreational facilities for old and young are recognized as necessities of modern life, all communities, and community organizations, especially those with crowded areas, are urged by the Allied Boards to advocate the purchase and improvement of public parks and playgrounds. In Pittsburgh and the Pittsburgh district the smoke nuisance is a serious problem, injurious both to life and property and is a decided handicap to beautification and to community cleanliness and attractiveness. The Allied Boards, therefore, urge

county and municipal authorities to enforce the laws and ordinances providing for smoke abatement. All interested organizations, associations and educational institutions are requested to assist in arousing public opinion to the seriousness of this public nuisance and to coöperate in its abatement. The Allied Boards are similarly concerned because of unnecessary stream pollution which should be abated and gradually prevented in the interest of public health. Community organizations are requested by the Allied Boards to coöperate with public officials in the regulation and enforcement of traffic measures which provide for protection of life and property. Each organization is urged to appoint a committee on safety and to study and adopt measures which will assist in the promotion of safety. Constant and continuous improvement of educational facilities is necessary in order to meet ever new and growing demands. This is as true of county districts as of towns and cities. Within ten years many antiquated school buildings and equipment must be replaced and new consolidated schools constructed. The Allied Boards pledge their support to any reasonable program providing for improvements of this character. The Allied Boards recommend that a nonpartisan commission be appointed and directed to study general traffic and transportation conditions within Allegheny County, in addition to the Triangle, with the object of promoting the coördination of all transportation facilities, railway, highway, waterway and airway, and providing for a comprehensive plan of rapid transit for Pittsburgh and the entire Pittsburgh district. The Allied Boards recommend that a ten-year program of highway improvements for all the various roads of the county be prepared by the proper authorities for consideration and action by the citizens of the county. It is the opinion of the Allied Boards that a definite and comprehensive plan of waterway and especially waterfront improvements for all the waterways of the county should be prepared and submitted for action without further unnecessary delay. The Allied Boards further urge that a comprehensive plan providing for flood prevention, for canalization of the waterways, and for the development of potential hydro-electric power of western Pennsylvania should be promoted and supported by all interests concerned. It is recommended by the Allied Boards that, in order to relieve congestion and to promote public safety, a regional program providing for the widening and improvement of through streets and thoroughfares to connect with the main highways of the county should be considered by the proper county and municipal officials, acting together, and should be adopted and followed thereafter, so far as reasonably possible. The Allied Boards are convinced that the Pittsburgh district has suffered severely from a lack of aggressive publicity and advertising. Living conditions have frequently been misrepresented; natural resources pictured as becoming exhausted; its basic steel and iron industry as slipping; its diversified industry as of negligible importance; and its advantageous central position and favorable location from a transportation standpoint has been ignored. Therefore, the Allied Boards recommend that a national campaign of publicity and advertising for the Pittsburgh district should be undertaken and that every interest, public and private, should be invited to coöperate and to participate therein.

The organization members of the Allied Boards of Allegheny County in 1931 were: Allegheny County Association of Township Commissioners; Arsenal Board of Trade; Baldwin Township Civic Association; Bellevue Board of Trade; Bloomfield Board of Trade; Board of Trade of the Twelfth Ward, Fourteenth District; Brookline Board of Trade; Business Men's Association of the East North Side; Carrick Board of Trade; Chartiers Board of Trade; Civic Club of Allegheny County; Crafton Business Men's Association; Dormont Chamber of Commerce; Duquesne Heights Civic Association; East Liberty Chamber of Commerce; Eighteenth Ward Board of Trade; Fairywood Board of Trade; Greentree Advancement League; Hazelwood Board of Trade; Hazelwood-Glenwood Commercial Association; Homewood-Brushton Board of Trade; Ingram Board of Trade; Lincoln District Board of Trade; McCandless Township Civic Association; North Side Board of Trade; North Side Chamber of Commerce; Oakdale Board of Trade; Oakland Board of Trade; Oakmont Chamber of Commerce; Overbrook Board of Trade; Ross Township Board of Trade; St. Clair Board of Trade (Sixteenth Ward); Shaler Township Board of Trade; Sheraden Board of Trade; South Pittsburgh Board of Trade; Springdale Chamber of Commerce; Spring Hill Board of Trade; Troy Hill Board of Trade; Twenty-seventh Ward Board of Trade; Washington Heights Board of Trade; West End Board of Trade; West Liberty Board of Trade; West View Board of Trade; and the Wilkinsburg Business Men's Association.

The officers of the Allied Boards of Allegheny County in 1931 were: Harry Bastow (q. v.), president; W. G. Negley, first vice-president; George B. Snyder, second vice-president; William B. Hodby, treasurer; Arthur V. Snell, executive director; and C. V. Shoup, secretary. These gentlemen also compose the executive committee. The headquarters of the Allied Boards are located on the club floor of the William Penn Hotel in Pittsburgh.

Even if only a part of the program mapped out now eventually is carried out, the city of Pittsburgh and, indeed, the entire Pittsburgh district and all its people will be greatly benefited.

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**HARRY BASTOW**—A native of England, but since his early childhood a resident of Allegheny County, Mr. Bastow was for many years prominently identified with the glass manufacturing industry in the Pittsburgh district and is re-

W. L. Fleming

garded as an authority on the manufacture of glass and the chemistry of glass in this country. In recent years, however, he has devoted himself to other types of work and for the last seven years he has given much of his time to the affairs of the Allied Boards of Trade, of which he has been president since 1929. Under his energetic and far-seeing management this organization has greatly extended its usefulness and influence in Allegheny County, and through his work as its head Mr. Bastow has rendered important services of lasting value to Pittsburgh and the various communities included in what is usually called the Greater Pittsburgh District.

Harry Bastow was born at Wakefield, England, in 1875, a son of Joseph and Emily (Cawthorne) Bastow, both now deceased. With his parents he came to this country in 1879 and settled in Pittsburgh, where his father became identified with the steel industry. Mr. Bastow received his education in the public grammar and high schools of Pittsburgh. After graduating from high school he took a special course in business administration. For a number of years after that Mr. Bastow was engaged in the glass manufacturing business. His hobby is experimenting and the chemistry of glass and, in 1920, he published a book, "American Glass Practice." During the World War he served as chief inspector for the United States Government at the local plant in Pittsburgh of the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company, which at that time handled large government orders for optical glass, used in cameras for aeroplanes, range finders and similar devices. Although Mr. Bastow is no longer active in the glass manufacturing business, but is now a court stenographer and engaged in civic work, he is still frequently consulted on various problems arising in the glass manufacturing industry. For many years Mr. Bastow has been prominently and effectively active in civic affairs. After having served for some time as secretary of the Chartiers Board of Trade, he later became the president of this organization. He also represented it as a delegate to the Allied Boards of Trade and, in 1924, became the secretary of that organization. Shortly after, in 1929, he was elected president of the Allied Boards of Trade, in which capacity he has continued to serve with outstanding success ever since then.

Mr. Bastow is a member of Steubenville Lodge, No. 45, Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Charmas Club. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, in the affairs of which he has been prominently active for many years, both locally and in respect to Allegheny County.

Mr. Bastow married, in Pittsburgh, in 1895, Clara E. Conner, and they are the parents of five children: 1. Mrs. S. R. Jackson, of Youngstown, Ohio. 2. Mrs. G. W. Vale, of Erie, Pennsylvania. 3. Harry, Jr., born in 1907, a graduate of Crafton High School and of Temple University, Philadelphia, and now a court stenographer and official reporter in the Common Pleas Court in Pittsburgh. 4. Virginia, a graduate of Langley High School. 5. Paul, born in 1916, now attending Langley High School. The family home is located at No. 147 Clairhaven Street, Pittsburgh, while Mr. Bastow's business offices are in the May Building.

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**WILLIAM L. FLEMING**—In the significant realty developments which have transformed Pittsburgh in the past decade from a straggling town to a huge modern city, William L. Fleming, of the real estate firm of Fleming and Fleming, has played an important part. He participates actively in organizations and movements designed to benefit the city, and he served his country during the World War.

William L. Fleming was born in that part of Pittsburgh known as Old Allegheny City, February 16, 1887, son of Robert and Catherine (McFarlane) Fleming. The father, formerly of Pittsburgh, is the owner of a planing mill at Cleveland. The mother is deceased. Three of Mr. Fleming's brothers were in the United States service during the World War: Robert D., attached to the 1st Division, Company F, American Expeditionary Forces, was killed in action at Exermont, October 4, 1918; Walter G., of the 320th Infantry, Company H, was wounded in action in the Argonne Sector; John G., was the first young man to enlist from Bellevue, and he joined the navy. Mr. Fleming himself joined the Motor Transport Corps early in 1918 and received his honorable discharge in December of that year.

Liberal educational opportunities were afforded Mr. Fleming who attended public school in Pittsburgh and Bellevue, and graduated from Bellevue High School. He followed up his preliminary schooling by a general academic course at the Western University of Pennsylvania, now called the University of Pittsburgh. His business career began with a clerkship in the Pittsburgh post office when he was seventeen, a connection which continued for eight years. In 1912, Mr. Fleming entered the real estate and insurance field, and a decade later organized the firm of Wunderlich and Fleming, with H. H. Wunderlich as partner. In 1925 Mr. Fleming was able to purchase the interest of his partner, and he continued it under the name of Fleming and Fleming. The firm handles a large volume of general real estate and insurance business and served as renting agent for the Plaza Building. The firm specializes in securing locations for chain stores and other chain organizations, and has been very highly successful in this line of work for a number of years. The firm has also been engaged in an advisory capacity for a number of large real estate owners. The senior member of the firm is affiliated with several organizations, including the Chamber of Commerce, the Pittsburgh Real Estate Board, the National Association of Real Estate Boards, and the Building Owners and Managers Association. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Post No. 59, American Legion, and of the 80th Division Vet-

erans' Association, of which he was the first to be made an honorary member.

William L. Fleming was married on Thanksgiving Day, in 1916, to Elizabeth Marshall Neilson, daughter of Robert and Elizabeth Neilson. Her father is a retired contractor. Three daughters were born to Mr. and Mrs. Fleming: Mary Elizabeth, Flora Catherine, and Janet Louise, all attending public school at Bellevue, where the family resides.

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**HAROLD H. MEANOR, M. D.**—For more than twenty years, Dr. Harold H. Meanor has practiced the profession of medicine, and today is among the foremost of medical men in the greater Pittsburgh area. Resident of Coraopolis, his professional accomplishments have centered here. As a citizen and aside from his work as a physician and surgeon, Dr. Meanor is actively in support of all major movements for the welfare of the community.

Born in Pittsburgh, January 14, 1884, he is a son of David Christopher Meanor, native of Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, general contractor, whose death occurred in May, 1924, and Elizabeth (Henderson) Meanor, who was born at Tarentum, Pennsylvania, and died in 1888.

In the public schools of Pittsburgh and at East Liberty Academy, Dr. Meanor secured his preparatory instruction, afterward matriculating in the University of Pittsburgh, as a student in the department of medicine, from which he took the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1906. He served as interne at Reineman Maternity Hospital and at Allegheny General Hospital, and has engaged in a general practice at Coraopolis thence onward down to the present. He is a member of the surgical staff of Sewickley Hospital, now known as Valley Hospital, and has been on this staff since 1909.

At college, Dr. Meanor was a member of Phi Chi medical fraternity. He is now active in the county, State and American medical associations, is a member of the Pittsburgh College of Physicians and the Radiological Society of North America, and in Masonry is prominent, being a member of Lodge No. 674, Free and Accepted Masons; Coraopolis Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Mt. Moriah Council, Royal and Select Masters; Pittsburgh Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar; Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He belongs to the Montour Country Club, University Club of Pittsburgh, and the Presbyterian Church. In business matters fairly active, Dr. Meanor is a director of the Coraopolis Savings and Trust Company. He supports the principles of the Republican party.

In June, 1909, Dr. Meanor married Mary Margaret Baker, of Washington County, Pennsylvania, daughter of Hannah T. Baker; and their children are: 1. Harold H., Jr., who was born October 4, 1913. 2. Eleanor Holmes, born February 15, 1917. 3. Margaret Elizabeth, born December 7, 1923.

Dr. Meanor's offices are at No. 1226 State Street, Coraopolis. He is associated at practice with Dr. Ensign C. Balch (see accompanying sketch).

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**ENSIGN CHRISTOPHER BALCH, M. D.**—The medical profession holds out high ideals to young men who wish to make of their careers records of service to mankind. Dr. Ensign Christopher Balch, well known physician of Coraopolis associated at practice with Dr. Harold H. Meanor (see accompanying biography) is an honored member of the profession, a leader among colleagues of his generation. He has made his career in Coraopolis, and here is given the deepest respect, as physician, citizen and man.

Dr. Balch was born at Greenwich, New York, March 6, 1894, son of Edwin and Anna (Ensign) Balch. His father, who was born at Easton, New York, and engaged in the retail grocery trade for many years, died in February, 1918. His mother, who survives, was born at Easton also.

In the public schools of Easton, Dr. Balch secured a sound preparatory instruction, graduating from high school in 1911. He matriculated in the University of Pennsylvania, took therefrom the degree of Bachelor of Science in 1916, and meanwhile having decided on medicine as his life's work, now entered the medical school of the university, whence he took the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1919. Dr. Balch served as interne at Allegheny General Hospital in Pittsburgh for a year, then, coming to Coraopolis, set out in general practice, at which he has been markedly successful.

Dr. Balch is a Republican, loyal supporter of the party's principles. He is a member of Coraopolis Lodge, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Sigma Phi Fraternity, and a communicant of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

In 1920 Dr. Balch was united in marriage with Desiree Serment, of Philadelphia, daughter of Pierre and Clementine Serment; and their children are: 1. Clementine Anna, born June 8, 1921. 2. Mary Helen, born May 10, 1924. The family residence is at No. 1319 State Avenue, and Dr. Balch's offices are at No. 1226 State Avenue, Coraopolis.

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**JESS H. RODGERS**—Vice-president and general manager of the Westinghouse Valley Printing Company, at Wilmerding, Pennsylvania, Jess H. Rodgers was born at Neshannock Falls, in Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, on September 30, 1874, a son of John B. Rodgers, a farmer, who was born in Plaingrove Township, Lawrence County, in 1843, and is now living retired at Willow Grove, in Lawrence County, and of Caroline (Rumstay) Rodgers, who was born near Sharpsville, Pennsylvania, in 1849, and who died in April, 1928.

Jess H. Rodgers, of this record, attended the

public schools at Newcastle, Pennsylvania, and early took up the printing trade, which he mastered in all details. For seventeen years he remained in the employ of the "Pittsburgh Press," but in 1916 he came to Wilmerding as general manager of the News Tribune Printing Company, as his company was then known. In 1927 he was chosen vice-president and general manager discharging the duties of this combined office with the greatest efficiency and dispatch. In 1928 the name of the company was changed to its present form, the Westinghouse Valley Printing Company, with the following officers: Charles A. Rowan, president and treasurer; J. H. Rodgers, vice-president and general manager; and W. W. Martin, assistant treasurer and secretary. All kinds of job printing is expertly handled at the company plant, and a special feature is made of catalogue, book, and commercial printing. Fifty-two people are constantly employed in the plant, and in addition to other activities, this company are also publishers of the "Westinghouse Valley News," a weekly, independent in politics, which appears every Thursday under the editorship of L. C. Anderson. The total circulation of the publication is about 3,250. Under Mr. Rodgers' management progressive and efficient policies of operation have been adopted which have made for increased success and a growing business. It was in recognition of his valuable services that he was chosen vice-president of the company in 1927.

In politics Mr. Rodgers is independent in his support of all worthy civic proposals and candidates. He has found time, in spite of a busy life, for activity in various phases of community affairs, and at East McKeesport, Pennsylvania, he served as a member of the school board and council, to which he was elected as the candidate of the Republican party. At Wilmerding he has been equally active in community life, and is now president of the local Rotary Club. Mr. Rodgers is a director and vice-president of the E. Boroughs Real Estate Company, of Wilmerding. He is affiliated fraternally with the Free and Accepted Masons, and in this great order is a member of Wilmerding Lodge, No. 612, a member of Valley Chapter, No. 289, of Royal Arch Masons, of all bodies of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, including the Valley of Pittsburgh Consistory, and a member of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. With his family he worships in the Methodist Episcopal faith, being a trustee and president of the official board of the local church at Wilmerding.

On September 30, 1897, Jess H. Rodgers married Martha Shorthouse, of Irwin, Pennsylvania, a daughter of George and Elizabeth Shorthouse, of that place. Mr. and Mrs. Rodgers became the parents of three children: 1. Hazel, now Mrs. Hazel Signet. 2. Elizabeth, who is now Mrs. Elizabeth Croushore. 3. Ruth, now Mrs. Ruth Hildebrant. There is also one grandchild, Jean Croushore. The family residence is situated in East McKeesport at No. 1206 Greensburg Avenue.

**EDWARD FRANCIS WELSH**—Business agent for the Pittsburgh Building Trades Council, an arbitor respected alike by capital and by labor, and a man esteemed by all with whom he had come in contact, the late Edward Francis Welsh left behind him a record of note, and this is most worthy of inclusion in the history of the greater city. He is remembered best as a resident of East Liberty, but all the people of Pittsburgh, and those over a wide area of the Commonwealth, are familiar with his name and works. Indeed, he was one of the men best known in organized labor in this part of the United States. His death cut him short in his valued efforts, at the age of sixty-one.

Mr. Welsh was born on July 25, 1869, in the old Eleventh Ward, the "Hill District," of Pittsburgh.

He was a son of Patrick and Bridget Welsh; and of his parents, the former made the name prominent in war service, he having fought under Union colors in the War Between the States. Wounded, he bled for the cause for which he had volunteered. For a number of years Patrick Welsh was employed by the firm of Booth and Flynn. Undoubtedly many today remember him, and feel towards his memory the same warmth of affection which they bore toward him in his lifetime.

Spending his boyhood in the Hill District, Edward Francis Welsh received his education in the public schools there, and though his formal instruction was cut short, his real education continued until the day he died; for Mr. Welsh had a fine memory and a thoughtful mentality, and he studied independently all through the total of his years. Reading, contacts with men and with business—these were his instructors; and from them he learned deeply. When quite young he entered the trade of plumber, becoming a member of their union in 1889, when he was twenty. Having had his apprenticeship with Weldon-Kelly and Company, he worked here and in other cities; he learned all there was to know of the trade, and he learned of the problems of the trade, inside and out, from every point of view but especially from that of the workman in relation to his employer. Later he became associated with the union in official capacity, and in 1903 became secretary and treasurer of the Building Trades Council, this being the first of such councils formed in the greater city. For twenty years he was agent of the plumbers' union, concurrently, a part of that time, serving with the council, and three years before his death he was elected business agent of the latter, an office which he filled admirably until the last. During the World War, moreover, Mr. Welsh was vice-president of the State Federation of Labor. He helped in the settlement of many wage disputes; was fair to capital and labor alike, and always tried hard to avert strikes, unless there was no other way to make possible the concessions needed and demanded. It was his habit, first, to try arbitration;

then if no other course availed, he would try force; and naturally he made enemies, just as other men do in public life; but it is noteworthy that the number and attachment of his friends was more numerous and devoted than the friendship felt toward other men in a similar difficult position. All were united in admitting Mr. Welsh's ability. There could be no question about that, for time and again he demonstrated its quality in very difficult matters. He made friends in every walk of life, high and low and middling, rich, poor, white, black, natives, foreigners—all encountered fair treatment at his hands and recall him with appreciation for his manhood, his justice, and his favors. This universality of popularity was evidenced at the funeral services, said to have been one of the most imposing for attendance ever held within the confines of Greater Pittsburgh. Flowers, letters, and commendations from the press and pulpit followed him away from the scene of his life's valued works; the effect of his works, remaining behind, perpetuates a worthy memory and ensures a lasting appreciation.

A public-spirited and patriotic man, Mr. Welsh could constantly be depended upon to do his share for any cause of betterment of the community. His support was of value because of his wide influence among the working men, and this influence did much for the building up of Pittsburgh, and notably so in the building up of the East Liberty section. During the World War he himself disposed of thousands of dollars worth of Liberty Bonds, and in recognition of this service he was presented with a handsomely engraved certificate of appreciation. The Red Cross and other humanitarian orders found in him an active, constructive and loyal assistant and executive.

Always a popular figure at labor conventions, Mr. Welsh combined many good qualities of nature and of character. He was pleasant, affable, logical of mind, possessed of wit, sternly attached to his principles and ideals—the type of man most universally admired by others, a natural leader, and, quietly, a benefactor to those depending upon him in his leadership.

Mr. Welsh was united in marriage with Frances Martha Reagan, on May 28, 1903. Mrs. Welsh, who continues to reside in Pittsburgh, is a daughter of William and Frances (Burns) Reagan, of Clarion County. They, the parents, were married in that county, and both were natives of Ireland, coming to this country young, the crossing requiring three weeks. Mr. Reagan was associated with the stores in the red ore district at Red Bank; and to Mr. and Mrs. Reagan were born three children: 1. Frances Martha—Mrs. Welsh, as noted. 2. Ida, who married Joseph Sheean, she is since deceased. 3. Mary Ella, since deceased; had married one of the surname Snyder. Mrs. Welsh's residence is at No. 376 Lehigh Avenue.

For some years Mr. and Mrs. Welsh lived at Oakdale, where they had a bungalow, but later they removed to East Liberty, to the present address above. This house was completely remodeled by Mr. Welsh, and it was here that his death occurred, October 14, 1930.

Mr. Welsh was a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Fraternal Order of Eagles, and Sacred Heart Roman Catholic Church. In his church and social life as well as in his business activities, he made many friends; and his place in the greater community will indeed be difficult to fill.

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**J. ROY TANNER**—Executive head of the Pittsburgh Valve, Foundry and Construction Company, J. Roy Tanner has recently succeeded to the presidency of this organization with which he has been associated during his entire active career. An engineer by training and experience, he has been vice-president and general manager of the company for twenty years past, and in that capacity not only contributed much to the growth and progress of the corporation but won a national reputation in the field of his chosen occupation.

Mr. Tanner received his educational training in this city and immediately after his graduation from the University of Pittsburgh entered the employ of the Pittsburgh Valve, Foundry and Construction Company in 1901. The merit of his services won him rapid promotion and within a few years he became chief engineer of the company. In 1911, he was elected vice-president and general manager, holding this office until 1931 when he became president. The Pittsburgh Valve, Foundry and Construction Company is an old and well established enterprise which has long occupied a position of leadership in its field. A more complete record of its history is to be found elsewhere on other pages. Mr. Tanner, as an engineer, has been interested especially in engineering problems, and particularly in their application to the industry of which his organization is an important unit. His executive ability, however, has been a factor of decisive importance in the expansion of his company during the past two decades. In commenting on his recent election to the presidency of the Pittsburgh Valve, Foundry and Construction Company, the "Commercial Journal" of Pittsburgh wrote:

> He has been associated with the Pittsburgh company for a long period of time and is widely known throughout trade circles, . . . winning prominence through the display of unusual ability and proving his possession of unusual qualifications for leadership. . . Mr. Tanner's election to the presidency of the company is regarded as an especially wise choice by the many who have noted his past record of achievement. His reputation in this direction is national rather than local, in valve, piping and foundry circles.

Mr. Tanner is a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers and the Engineers Society of Western Pennsylvania, in addition to several local organizations of various kinds in this city. In entering upon his new duties as president of the Pittsburgh Valve, Foundry and Construction Company he takes with him the best wishes of his many friends and acquaintances,

and enjoys the full confidence of his associates in the industrial world.

**CHARLES FRANCIS YOUNG**—Superintendent of the schools of East Pittsburgh with his offices in East Pittsburgh High School; owner of a lengthy and distinguished record as an educator; and veteran of the World War—Charles Francis Young was born at Aurora, Missouri, June 4, 1893, a son of Charles Francis and Mary Elizabeth (Riggs) Young. The former was employed for many years as a mine operator, and the Young family was one of the early families to settle in Aurora. It has long been of note for its hardy pioneering stock, and bearers of the name have won distinction in the various fields of human endeavor.

Mr. Young attended the public schools, graduated from the Friends' Academy at Cherokee, Oklahoma, continued his studies at the Friends' University of Wichita, Kansas, 1912-15; at the University of Pittsburgh, and from the latter university was graduated with the degree of Master of Arts, from the School of Education. He has also studied in the School of Business Administration here. Meanwhile, in 1911, when only eighteen years of age, he taught in rural schools of Oklahoma. He taught a full year before returning to Kansas and the college at Wichita. On leaving that college in 1915 he was engaged as coach at Conway Springs High School, Kansas, where he coached that fall and the following spring. In 1917 he became superintendent of the schools at Maize, Kansas, but left there to enlist in the army for service in the World War, 1917. Mr. Young became first lieutenant in Company L, 137th Infantry; went into active duty on the front line; took part in the engagements of St. Mihiel and the Argonne, and was wounded in the latter. He received his discharge from the army in 1920, when he resumed his peacetime profession, first, until 1921, as a student in Pittsburgh University, as noted. From 1921 to 1923 he served as supervising principal of the Mt. Jewett schools; in 1924 became principal of the high school at Swissvale; held that position until 1929, then came to East Pittsburgh as superintendent, which office he continues to hold to the present time (1932). The educational circles of Pittsburgh and the State know him well; his place as an educator grows more and more considerable, and his progress stands as an inspiration to others following in his profession.

Although the duties of his office are many and pressing, Mr. Young engages in a wide number of movements of interest to the people here. He is a member of the American Legion, of Phi Delta Kappa Fraternity, of Mistletoe Lodge, No. 269, Free and Accepted Masons, and Oklahoma Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. He is a communicant of the Methodist Church.

Mr. Young married, at Baltimore, Maryland, August 8, 1920, Catherine Ursula Keppler, daughter of Charles Ernest and Sally Priscilla (Schierer) Keppler. They have a son, Earl Sherwood, who was born October 3, 1928, and their residence is at No. 523 Ridge Avenue, East Pittsburgh.

**HENRY GEORGE BEAMER**—Among that group of younger professional and business men which contributed to the advancement of East Pittsburgh, and the welfare of its citizens, Henry George Beamer is both a popular and prominent figure. His life has been colorful, filled with a variety and breadth of experience; his education and professional training is of the best. As principal of the high school, he came to this city with much to give to life and affairs of the community, and has done so. He is held in high esteem and affection.

Mr. Beamer was born April 18, 1899, at Manor, Pennsylvania, son of Henry George Beamer, Sr. After attending the grade schools he prepared for collegiate study by three years work in the Manor High School (1916), and an additional year in the Jeannette High School (1917). Matriculating at Penn State University, he was graduated from this institution in 1922, with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Later he did post-graduate work in the University of Pittsburgh. These years of training for his profession were not attained without difficulty or lack of interruption. In the summer of 1917 he was employed as a clerk in the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company. In 1918 Mr. Beamer was also a clerk with the Pennsylvania Railroad System. During that same year he was a member of the Students' Army Training Corps, at Penn State University; and now holds the rank of lieutenant in the Chemical Warfare Service, Officers' Reserve Corps.

In 1922-23, Mr. Beamer was a teacher of science in Millersburg High School, Millersburg, Pennsylvania. During the two school years, 1923-1925, he served in a like capacity in the New Bethlehem High School, New Bethlehem, Pennsylvania. He was then (1925) called to become the science instructor of the East Pittsburgh High School. In 1929, he was elected principal of the East Pittsburgh High School, and as such has served ever since. A man of ideas and vision, Professor Beamer has introduced methods and principles into the work of his school which have made for efficiency and marked improvement. As a teacher there is little of formalism or routine in his class room manner. Gifted with the sympathetic understanding of the problems and impulses of youth, he has wielded a most remarkable influence over the pupils who come within his care.

Professor Beamer devotes so much of his time and energy to his profession, that his recreational and fraternal activities are limited. He is senior Vice-Commander of the American Legion, Post No. 2. Politically, he is a Democrat. His religious faith is that of the Episcopal Church.

Henry George Beamer married, at Trafford, Pennsylvania, on June 23, 1930, Martha Shude, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Shude, of that place.

**JAMES S. CRUTCHFIELD,** of Pittsburgh is one of the founders and the present president of a business concern which touches the daily life of nearly every family in this country—the American Fruit Growers, Inc., distributors of the Blue Goose brand of fruits and vegetables. He is, in addition, prominent in banking and financial circles in Pittsburgh, being president of the William Penn Trust Company, and he is generally recognized as one of the city's most public-spirited men.

Mr. Crutchfield was born in Goshen, Kentucky, in 1874, the son of Albert and Harriet (Mayo) Crutchfield, now both deceased. His father was for many years in the Internal Revenue Department of the United States Government. After attending the public schools of Kentucky, Mr. Crutchfield served his apprenticeship, it might be stated, as buyer for a Philadelphia firm of wholesale commission merchants. His ambition, however, led him to desire a wider field of business activity, and in 1896, when but twenty-one years of age, he came to Pittsburgh and with R. B. Woolfolk, established the partnership of Crutchfield and Woolfolk, wholesale commission merchants. The business of the firm expanded rapidly, and in 1919, the present firm of the American Fruit Growers, Inc., was organized, with Mr. Crutchfield as president, and Mr. Woolfolk as vice-president and chairman of the board. The growth of the firm continued, until now it is recognized as the dominating concern of the industry. It was soon found advisable for the company to grow a portion of the produce it handled; it now controls over thirteen thousand acres of land, of which nearly eight thousand acres are at present under cultivation. These properties are located in Arkansas, California, Florida, Illinois, Maryland, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Virginia, Washington, and West Virginia. Together with packing houses, storages, and general shipping facilities, they represent an investment of more than six and one-half million dollars. They supply, however, but ten per cent. of the total amount of fruits and vegetables handled by the company. In addition to citrus fruits and apples, which are recognized everywhere on the markets by the company brands, Blue Goose, for the highest quality, and A. F. G., for a good dependable quality, the firm also handles, under these same brands, potatoes, grapes, cantaloupes, lettuce, peaches, celery, tomatoes, cabbage, pears, onions, and miscellaneous fruit and vegetables. An idea of the immense volume of this business may be gained from the statement that over forty-two thousand carloads were shipped during the last year. Distribution represents a most carefully thought-out plan, combining jobbing houses managed by the firm at New York, Pittsburgh, and Chicago, jobbing facilities at Philadelphia, and branch or brokerage offices in two hundred other centres, these places all handling the goods in direct carlot shipments. Sales during the last year totalled over forty million dollars. An active export and import business is conducted with Porto Rico, South America, the Philippines, China, Europe, and other countries. Of decided interest is the merchandising ability which has produced these results. Some few years ago it would have seemed fantastic to expect the housewife to ask for her fruits by brand name, but due to aggressive advertising, both to the consumer and the dealer, which explained the advantages of buying a known brand, and by unceasing energy on the part of the firm to maintain the high quality claimed for the fruits in its advertising, a public confidence and support has been won. This trust and confidence of the consumer is an asset which any firm could well envy. As a result of Mr. Crutchfield's authoritative knowledge of his field of business, he has been elected vice-president and director of the American Fruit and Vegetable Shippers' Association, and president of the Union Fruit Auction Company. The present offices and activities of Mr. Crutchfield with the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce and also the United States Chamber of Commerce are: director of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, and the United States Chamber of Commerce; chairman, Agricultural Service Department Committee, United States Chamber of Commerce; vice-chairman, Domestic Distribution Committee, United States Chamber of Commerce; member, Special Committee on Railroads, United States Chamber of Commerce; also a member of the National Advisory Committee on Land Use, appointed by Secretary Hyde of the United States Department of Agriculture. During the war his special ability was utilized in the position of vice food administrator for the State of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Crutchfield is also serving with distinction in an entirely different phase of business, being president of the William Penn Trust Company, which was organized in 1916. He is a director of the Wabash Railroad, a director of the Deerfield Groves Company, and in noncommercial fields, a trustee of Grove City College, a director of the Western Theological Seminary, and a director of the Metropolitan Board of the Pittsburgh Young Men's Christian Association; also, he is a member of the National Panel of Arbitrators of the American Arbitration Association. He belongs to the Duquesne Club, and Montour Heights Country Club, of Pittsburgh, and the Whitehall Club of New York. In politics Mr. Crutchfield is an independent; in religious affiliations, a Presbyterian, serving as an elder of the Sewickley Presbyterian Church, and as a director of the Presbyterian Publishing Company.

James S. Crutchfield was married, June 7, 1900, at Frankford, Kentucky, to Alice Pilkington, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albin Pilkington. Their children are: 1. Margaret, a graduate of Vassar College, Bachelor of Arts degree, and a member of the Phi Beta Kappa Fraternity; she married Andrew Tod Roy, and they are missionaries in Peipsing, China. 2. Harriet, a graduate of

J. S. Cunningfield

Vassar College, Bachelor of Arts degree. 3. Catharine, a graduate of Mount Holyoke College, Bachelor of Arts degree. 4. James S., Jr. 5. Albin P., a student at Princeton University, class of 1930. 6. Robert W., a student at Princeton University, class of 1932. 7. Alice P. 8. Grace P.

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**HARVEY BERNETT SPEER, M. D.**—Through several generations, the family of this name has been represented in Pennsylvania. Andrew Braden Speer, father of Dr. Speer, was born in McKees Rocks, 1835, and died in March, 1923, aged eighty-eight. Elizabeth (Glass) Speer, Dr. Speer's mother, was a native of Robinson Township, Allegheny County, member of a family old in the history of the United States. Her death occurred in October, 1903.

Dr. Speer, a foremost physician and surgeon of Coraopolis and having been in practice for more than twenty-five years, was born in Allegheny County, January 18, 1874. He attended the public schools of Stowe Township, Pittsburgh Academy, taught school three years, then went ahead with his education, becoming a student in the arts and sciences department of the University of Pittsburgh. Later, becoming deeply interested in medicine and surgery as a life's work, he transferred to the medical department, whence he took the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1903.

Leaving school, Dr. Speer served as interne for a time in the Ohio Valley Hospital of McKees Rocks, and at the Reineman Maternity Hospital, Pittsburgh. He engaged at general practice in Pittsburgh for a short time, then removed to Carnot, Pennsylvania, where he had offices until 1910. In 1910, he came to Coraopolis, and here has engaged at practice since, becoming a foremost member of the profession. He is a member of the medical staff of Valley Hospital in Sewickley, a member of the county, State and American medical associations, and has a wide interest in general affairs. A Republican, he supports all major movements designed for the advancement of the Coraopolis community whole. He belongs to Lodge No. 674, Free and Accepted Masons; Coraopolis Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Pittsburgh Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is active in the Keystone Athletic Club of Pittsburgh, the Montour Heights Country Club, and is a communicant of the Presbyterian Church.

Aside from his profession, Dr. Speer is fairly well known as a banker of ability. He is president of the Savings and Loan Company of Coraopolis, and a director of the Valley Trust Company.

Dr. Harvey B. Speer married (first), June 30, 1904, Anna Moore, of Coraopolis, daughter of James N. Moore, jury commissioner of Allegheny County, and Emma Jane Phillips. Of this union were born three children: 1. Harvey Bernett, Jr., who died in infancy. 2. James Moore. 3. Helen Elizabeth. Mrs. Anna (Moore) Speer died in May, 1924, and Dr. Speer married (second), in August, 1926, Mrs. Zenista (Dickson) Moore, daughter of Rev. David F. and Anna (McCready) Dickson. By her prior marriage, Mrs. Zenista (Dickson-Moore) Speer is the mother of three children: Anna, Robert and Louise.

Dr. Speer has his offices at No. 1100 State Avenue, Coraopolis.

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**HUGH F. EAMES**—When Mr. Eames became publisher and editor of "The Clairton Progress" in 1925, he had had almost twenty years of previous journalistic experience, gained with various newspapers in different towns, chiefly of Pennsylvania, and including seven years with one of the leading Philadelphia dailies. Under his able and progressive management "The Progress," founded in 1918, has greatly increased in influence and usefulness and today it is a very successful publication, having not only a large number of loyal readers and carrying a very satisfactory volume of advertising, but also handling a considerable amount of general printing. Naturally Mr. Eames is considered one of the leading and most influential citizens of Clairton, where he is liked as much as he is respected.

Hugh F. Eames was born at Covington, Pennsylvania, January 20, 1889, a son of John H. and Mary (Larkey) Eames. His father, who died in November, 1924, was a native of Covington, Tioga County, Pennsylvania, and for many years was connected with the glass works there. His mother, who is still living and who makes her home at Wellsboro, Tioga County, Pennsylvania, is a native of Michigan. Mr. Eames was educated in the public schools of Covington and Wellsboro and graduated from the Wellsboro High School in 1908. He then engaged in newspaper work, being first connected with local newspapers and later with papers in Middleburgh and Towanda, Pennsylvania. In 1914 he went to Philadelphia and for the next seven years was connected with the "North American," one of that city's well-known daily papers. There he worked at the State and copy desks. In 1921 he returned for one year to Towanda and then was connected for two years with the "Evening Leader," of Corning, New York, and after that, for two years, with the "Tribune" of Warren, Pennsylvania. In 1925 he came to Clairton and purchased the newspaper, which he has owned, published and edited with much success ever since then.

"The Clairton Progress" was founded in November, 1918, by Clark Kelly of Braddock, Pennsylvania, and was then known as the "Greater Clairton Progress." Mr. Kelly conducted it for a short time but eventually sold it to its editor, William H. Bright, who continued as its publisher and editor until April 1, 1925, when Mr. Eames acquired control. At that time the latter changed its name to the present style. "The Clairton Progress" is a weekly newspaper, published every Thursday, and now has an average weekly circula-

tion of 4,396. In politics it is independently Republican. It is now the only newspaper in Clairton, another paper, formerly published there under the name of "Public Ledger" and antedating "The Progress," having been purchased by Mr. Bright and consolidated with "The Progress." The offices of the latter are located at No. 324 Waddell Avenue, Clairton, where there is also a modernly equipped printing plant, which handles a large amount of general printing.

Mr. Eames has proven himself, since coming to Clairton, not only a very able journalist and business man, but has also made many friends and takes an active part in the life of the community. He is a member of the Lions Club. In politics he is personally a supporter of the Republican party and its principles, while his religious affiliations are with the Methodist Episcopal Church and more particularly with the First Methodist Episcopal Church of Clairton.

In December, 1915, Mr. Eames married Grace Rose Jackson, of Wellsboro, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Peter and Rose Jackson. Mr. and Mrs. Eames are the parents of one son, Hugh J. Eames, born December 5, 1917.

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**CLYDE H. WOLFORD**—Having carefully prepared himself for his chosen profession, teaching, by long study at normal schools, colleges and universities, Dr. Wolford commenced his career as a teacher many years ago in his native county, Butler County, Pennsylvania. Since then his entire career has been devoted to the education of the youth of Pennsylvania, work in which he has been eminently successful. Coming to Duquesne, Allegheny County, almost a quarter of a century ago, he first served for eight years as principal of schools there and since 1914 has been at the head of that town's public school system as superintendent of schools. Under his very able guidance Duquesne's schools have greatly expanded their usefulness to the community and today Dr. Wolford is regarded as one of the leading and most successful educational administrators in Pennsylvania. Naturally his position in the community, of which he has been a resident for so many years and where he is greatly liked and respected, is one of eminence, based as much on his great services as an educator and in many other phases of the town's life and activities as on his many fine personal qualities.

Clyde H. Wolford was born at Slippery Rock, Butler County, Pennsylvania, a son of John and Margaret (Hoge) Wolford. His father, who was a successful farmer and who died in December, 1921, was a native of Slippery Rock, Butler County, of which county his mother likewise was a native, having been born at West Liberty. Dr. Wolford received his early education in the country schools of his native region and his later and more formal education at Slippery Rock State Normal School, Grove City College, Ohio Northern University, and the University of Chicago. He now holds the degrees of Master of Science, Master of Arts and Doctor of Philosophy. He commenced his career as a teacher in Butler County, teaching for five years in its ungraded schools. Next he was, for some ten years, principal of various Pennsylvania schools, serving in that capacity successively for one year at Harrisville, Butler County, for one year at Evans City, Butler County, for three years at Aspinwall, Allegheny County, and for five years at Monongahela City, Washington County. In 1906 he came to Duquesne as principal of schools, a position he filled so capably that he was made superintendent of schools in 1914. In that position he has continued to serve since then, bringing the schools in his charge to a very high degree of efficiency and usefulness.

The public schools of Duquesne date back to 1837, in which year the first school building was erected. It was a one-room brick structure, about twenty feet square, and stood partly in Auriles Street near its intersection with West Grant Avenue. It was supplanted by a new building, somewhat larger but only a frame building, in 1859. Other schools were erected from time to time, as the needs of the growing town required. The high school building, containing thirty-three rooms, an auditorium and a gymnasium, was built in 1913 and 1914. Since Dr. Wolford has been superintendent of schools, the Crawford School with eight rooms and a gymnasium was built in 1921, the Junior High School with thirty-two class rooms, six rooms for industrial activities and a gymnasium, in 1923-24, and the Duquesne Place School with four class rooms in 1925. In 1929 there was in the process of erection a ten-room addition to the high school, which will also contain a swimming pool. In 1928 there were in Duquesne 5,308 school children between the ages of six and sixteen years, of whom 4,684 were enrolled in the public schools with a very high percentage of average daily attendance, well in excess of ninety per cent. Of these 1,232 were enrolled in the Junior High School and five hundred in the high school. Dr. Wolford's staff of administrative and teaching assistants in 1929 numbered one hundred and forty-three principals and teachers. Dr. Wolford also has the benefit of the counsel of a very able Board of Education, consisting of G. J. Bryan, president; J. L. Lips, vice-president; L. L. Cannon, secretary; and T. P. Davies, C. V. Allshouse, A. C. Cummins and L. H. Wilmot, members. Especially noteworthy is the fine record made by the pupils of the Duquesne schools in respect to school bank savings. The entire enrollment participated, the percentage being one hundred, the total balance on deposit at the beginning of the school year of 1928-29 was $80,553, and the average deposit per pupil during the term was $9.72.

Dr. Wolford is also effectively active in civic work, being secretary of the Duquesne Shade Tree Commission, secretary of the Duquesne Civil Service Commission and a member of the Duquesne Executive Committee of the Boy Scouts of

America. He is also a member of several educational organizations, including the Allegheny County Principals' Round Table, the Pennsylvania State Educational Association, the National Education Association, and the Department of Superintendents of the National Education Association. Fraternally he is affiliated with the Masonic Order, being a member of Monongahela City Lodge, No. 337, Free and Accepted Masons, and of various other Masonic bodies up to and including the Pennsylvania Consistory of Pittsburgh, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, as well as Syria Temple of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is also a member of the Knights of Malta and of the Pittsburgh Chapter of the Sons of the American Revolution. His religious affiliations are with the Presbyterian Church, in which he has been an elder for ten years.

Dr. Wolford married (first), in 1900, Blanche Knox of Grove City, Pennsylvania, who died in April, 1916. By this marriage he is the father of two daughters: 1. Lois M. Wolford, who married Dr. W. A. Bone of Buckhannon, West Virginia, and who is the mother of three children, Blanche Estelle, Thomas W. and William A. Bone, Jr. 2. Dorothy A. Wolford, Grove City College, class of 1931. He married (second), in July, 1922, Clara M. McCurdy of Branchton, Butler County, Pennsylvania, and by this marriage is the father of one daughter, Helen May Wolford, born in October, 1923.

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**LAWRENCE B. McCABE**—Having attained to a considerable success in his profession through a period of practice extending over more than twenty years, Lawrence B. McCabe is one of Pittsburgh's prominent funeral directors. His parlors are located at No. 7121 Kelly Street. Aside from the profession, he has interested himself in public-spirited works designed to be of benefit to the Greater Pittsburgh area, supporting all major movements for the civic, economic and social advancement of the larger metropolitan community.

Lawrence B. McCabe was born in Pittsburgh, March 1, 1888, son of John J. and Elizabeth (Lawrence) McCabe. His father, native of this city, was born in 1857 and died in March, 1927. He engaged in the undertaking profession here in early days, and was at the head of his own establishment for more than fifty years. One of Pittsburgh's first three morticians, his name was well known all through professional circles of the State. He founded his parlors in 1874, under the name style of John J. McCabe. Elizabeth (Lawrence) McCabe also was a native of Pittsburgh, born May 13, 1859, died June 5, 1928.

After he had completed his preparatory academic instruction in the public schools, Lawrence B. McCabe matriculated in the University of Notre Dame, at South Bend, Indiana, where he attended college for several terms, afterward entering the profession which has been his since commencement of his career. First he worked for his father, in all eight years, at No. 2642 Pennsylvania Avenue, and in 1916, having secured his license and understanding all aspects of the business and professional duties he was to undertake, set up an establishment of his own at the present address. Mr. McCabe carries a full line of modern equipment. In 1925 he remodeled his building, and now has a funeral home modern in every respect. He employs three assistants, men of ability who have helped him to give the McCabe parlors and service the high reputation and dignified standing it now occupies. Mr. McCabe graduated from the Pennsylvania School of Embalming in 1905. He received his diploma December 26 of that year.

General affairs have been of much interest to Mr. McCabe. He is a Republican, staunch supporter of the party's principles, and fraternally holds wide affiliations, these including membership in the Knights of Columbus, Lodge No. 11, of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Lodge No. 46, of the Loyal Order of Moose, and the National Lodge, Pioneers of America, in which lodge he has held the office of treasurer. He is a communicant of the Holy Rosary Catholic Church.

Lawrence B. McCabe married, September 23, 1908, Margaret McParland, of Pittsburgh, daughter of Frank and Anna McParland; and their children are: Elizabeth, John, Anna, James, Margaret, and Ellen.

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**HARRY PHILLIPS DAVIS**—Among those actively directing the progress of the electrical industry of today was Harry Phillips Davis, vice-president of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, who was in general charge of all the radio operations of that organization, including broadcasting.

Mr. Davis was known throughout the electrical world because of his achievements in the development and application of electricity in numerous fields. His latest accomplishment was in the development of the radio field, and through his work he became known to practically every man, woman and child in the United States and elsewhere, who had developed an interest in radio, for Mr. Davis, through his foresight and initiative in conceiving the great future for radio telephonic communications, as applied in radio broadcasting, had won for himself an enviable place in the history of radio and was generally known as the "Father of Radio Broadcasting."

Harry Phillips Davis was born at Somersworth, New Hampshire, the son of Harrison B. and Helen M. (Horne) Davis. He received his early education in the public schools of Worcester, Massachusetts. He was graduated from the Worcester Polytechnic Institute with the degree of Bachelor of Science in Mechanical Engineering in 1890. After a year of post-graduate work at the institute, he received a degree of Bachelor of Science in Electrical Engineering in 1891. In June, 1930, his *alma mater* conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Engineering.

Mr. Davis began his professional career in the employ of the Thomson-Houston Electric Company at Lynn, Massachusetts, as a student in its works, but left them after a few months to affiliate himself with the engineering organization of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

He very early saw a great field in the development of electrical detail apparatus, and was appointed in 1892 to organize and develop what was known as the Detail Engineering Department of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company. On August 1, 1904, he was appointed assistant chief engineer of the entire engineering department; manager of engineering on August 15, 1909; assistant to first vice-president January 29, 1910, and on August 1, 1911 was elected vice-president of the company. This position he continued to hold.

This is a very bare outline of his close relationship for the past thirty-eight years with a great deal of the development and application of the electrical industry. All achievement in the industrial field is due to inherent ability. This sometimes displays itself in the creation of works of great magnitude and sometimes in the perfection of detail. Mr. Davis' engineering genius was of the latter kind. Ever since his entrance into the electrical field, he had paid special attention to the so-called supply apparatus. To such devices as switches, insulators, and rheostats, he applied the same skill and care that is bestowed on the largest apparatus, and his work has had marked influence in raising the standards of electrical equipment. The list of patents issued to Mr. Davis shows the breadth of his interest in the chain of apparatus that constitutes every electrical installation. This list is made up of such items as resistance coils, circuit breakers, controllers, fuse blocks, solenoid brakes, trolley clamps, and similar devices. A troubleless transmission line was his ideal, and he has done much to remedy those defects in details that were so conspicuous in the early days of electrical engineering. In addition, he also did excellent creative work with arc lamps and meters. His arc lamp set a standard in the days when this form of illumination was dominant, and his alternating current meter, of which Dr. Frank Conrad was the co-inventor, superseded the original Shallenberger type. For the past fifteen years he worked in wider fields, but his devotion to the achievement of perfection of every part was always maintained. Though reliability of operation and suitability of design were always his first considerations, he never lost sight of the desirability of low cost. He constantly studied the problems involved in obtaining quantity production of standardized articles without sacrificing quality, and in this special department of industry he was recognized as a leader. It was largely due to his efforts that the Westinghouse Company became a manufacturer of complete lines of apparatus.

But Mr. Davis was not only known as a designing engineer of high rank but also as a man who gets things done. It is a tradition that whatever work was assigned to him was certain of rapid completion. This ability to accomplish results regardless of overwhelming difficulties was admirably illustrated during the World War. He was at that time in charge of the engineering and manufacturing operations of the Westinghouse Company, and the duty of negotiating and fulfilling the government contracts for munitions fell upon him. In this Mr. Davis demonstrated executive ability of an entirely different order when he transformed a great electrical manufacturing plant into a huge munitions works. In all probability no more colossal task was ever given to anyone. The quantities involved were enormous; the time limits short; the specifications were most rigid; new and undreamed of problems arose at every step; the government's plans changed with bewildering frequency; material, competent help, and transportation facilities became almost unobtainable; and innumerable other obstacles were encountered. Yet in spite of everything, the work was done and it was done properly and on time. Not a single promise made to the United States or British governments was broken.

Among the many great projects handled by Mr. Davis should be especially mentioned the negotiating, development, designing and installation of the Hoosac Tunnel; the St. Clair Tunnel, and the Pennsylvania Railroad Terminal electrification.

The title of "Father of Radio Broadcasting" was conferred upon Mr. Davis because of his conception of the possibilities of radio telephony as a means of mass communication, and to his initiative in establishing and placing in operation the pioneer Broadcasting Station KDKA, the first radio telephone broadcasting station in the world created for the broadcasting of a regular daily service of information and entertainment for the general public. The first regular program was broadcast from KDKA, situated at East Pittsburgh, on November 2, 1920, and this broadcasting was the direct result of Mr. Davis' vision in regard to the entertainment and instructive possibilities of the radio telephone, and, because of his theory at the time the station was started that the greatest field of the radio telephone, owing to its lack of secrecy, was in mass communication, KDKA demonstrated that radio programs would go directly into the homes of the people. Within a few months a wave of interest greater than any other in history swept over the United States. Radio was on every tongue. Hundreds of broadcasting stations were started, and millions of radio receiving sets were manufactured and sold. The radio telephone as a modern Stentor has come to stay, and the fascination of broadcasting made its presence felt throughout the entire world. All of this intense interest developed from the foresight of Mr. Davis who was the one man to see the radio vision clearly and to back it up with action.

Mr. Davis was a director of the Westinghouse

Chas E Dinkey

Electric & Manufacturing Company, chairman of the board of the National Broadcasting Company; director of Radio Corporation of America, RCA Victor Company, Inc., Radio-Keith-Orpheum Corporation, Radio Music Company, RCA Photophone, Inc., RCA Communications, Inc., Westinghouse Electric International Company, Westinghouse Inter-Works Railway Company, Turtle Creek & Allegheny River Railroad Company, Westinghouse Acceptance Corporation, Interborough Improvement Company and East Pittsburgh & Wilmerding Coal Company.

He was a member of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, the Engineering Society of Western Pennsylvania, American Military Engineers Society, the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, East Liberty Chamber of Commerce, Electrical Manufacturers Club, National Electric Light Association, University Club of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh Athletic Association, Oakmont and Edgewood Country clubs, and the University, Engineers and Railroad clubs of New York. His favorite forms of recreation were golf, automobiling and amateur moving pictures. In politics he was a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliations were with the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Davis married at Worcester, Massachusetts, June 29, 1892, Agnes L. Taylor, of Worcester. Mr. and Mrs. Davis were the parents of two children: Louise, now Mrs. Sherburne B. Rockwell, and Harry R. Davis.

Harry Phillips Davis' death occurred September 10, 1931.

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**HARVEY E. THORPE, M. D.**—A resident of Pittsburgh since his early childhood and a graduate of its schools and colleges, Dr. Thorpe, after completing his medical education and training, established himself in the practice of his profession in Pittsburgh in 1922. He confined his work to ophthalmology and in this branch of the medical science is recognized as one of the leaders in Pittsburgh. He is prominently active in hospital work, is a member of numerous professional societies and also participates in other phases of the city's life.

Harvey E. Thorpe was born at Libau, Kurland, one of the Baltic Provinces, now part of the Republic of Latvia, February 23, 1895, a son of Leon and Hinda (Aronson) Thorpe. With his parents, who are still residents of Pittsburgh, Dr. Thorpe came to the United States in his early childhood. He received his primary education at the Morehead Public School, Pittsburgh, and then attended Central High School, Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated in 1913. Next he matriculated at the University of Pittsburgh, graduating there only three years later, in 1916, with the degree of Bachelor of Science. He then took up the study of medicine at the School of Medicine of the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1919. During 1919-20 he served as an interne at the Montefiore Hospital, Pittsburgh, and then was engaged for a few months in general practice in Sullivan County, New York. Having decided by then that he would devote himself to the practice of ophthalmology, Dr. Thorpe engaged in postgraduate work and in the study of the diseases of the eye successively in the following institutions: New York Eye & Ear Infirmary, Hermann Knapp Memorial Eye Hospital, New York Urological Institute, Cornell University Medical College, and Bellevue Hospital, all of New York City. Having thus most carefully prepared himself for the practice of his specialty, Dr. Thorpe returned to Pittsburg in the summer of 1922 and since then has been successfully engaged in the practice of ophthalmology, with offices in Suite 8075, Jenkins Arcade, Pittsburgh. He is instructor of nurses at the Montefiore Training School for Nurses and at Passavant Hospital, both of Pittsburgh, in ophthalmology. He is also ophthalmologist-in-chief at the Montefiore Hospital and associate of ophthalmology at Passavant Hospital. He is certified by the American Board for Ophthalmological Examiners, a Fellow of the American Medical Association, a member of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pittsburgh Slit-Lamp Microscopic Society and the Medical Forum of Pittsburgh, of which latter he is president. Licensed not only in Pennsylvania, but also in New York State, he is also the author of numerous scientific articles on ophthalmology, published in the leading ophthalmological journals. During the World War he served in the military forces of the United States. His clubs include the Concordia Club, the Thornburg Country Club and the Hungry Club, all of Pittsburgh. His religious affiliations are with the Hebrew faith, and more particularly with Rodef Shalom Congregation of Pittsburgh. He is active in the affairs of several philanthropic organizations.

Dr. Thorpe is not married and makes his home at No. 6400 Forward Avenue, Pittsburgh.

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**CHARLES EUGENE DINKEY**—The records of Pittsburgh, especially as they connect with the steel industry, make frequent mention of the late Charles Eugene Dinkey, who gave nearly the whole of a dignified and respected career to accomplishment in the field of that vast trade. He was first interested in it from a production angle, but later years extended his interests until their scope included a very widespread connection as financier and capitalist as well. Indeed, his maturer years were spent as capitalist and financier, and it was perhaps in this field that his accomplishments were of most enduring good to the city of Pittsburgh.

Native of Pennsylvania, Charles Eugene Dinkey was born on a farm near Bowmanstown, and he was a son of Reuben and Mary Elizabeth Dinkey, member of a family for several generations identified with the development of the State. Reu-

ben Dinkey was a man highly regarded by those around him, and he lived a full and useful life. At his passing the expressions of regret were from a widely scattered area, for his nature was such that he attracted friends readily, and few men of his time and locality were so wealthy in friendship as he. A progressive agriculturalist, he attained a considerable success as farmer, yet did not attain to fortune, and in fact, when he died, his affairs were in such shape that Charles Eugene Dinkey was obliged to go to work in order to hold the family together.

He was born August 4, 1868; his father dying in 1880, the son was obliged to face the problems of a man's responsibilities before he had even entered the years of youth. This he did with courage—a courage that never deserted him in after years but seemed to increase. And his vision, coupled with that courage, and with a close application to his duties at steel manufacture, quickly won for him a place of recognition as a man among men before he had reached the age of twenty-one. At twelve he went to work as messenger at the Edgar Thomson furnaces, of Carnegie Brothers and Company, a corporation over whose production he eventually became general manager and directing superintendent, and with which, as such, he spent a score of years. For some time he was assistant to the general manager, Thomas Morrison. His promotion came with Mr. Morrison's retirement from active service, and was based wholly on the merit of his record with the firm. He promoted the success of the great Carnegie steel enterprise up to contemporary times, retiring from his career of excellent productive service in the mills in 1920, to give his full time to the brokerage business, as president of Dinkey and Todd, Pittsburgh. He spent the balance of his years entirely in financial ventures and in the purchase and sale of stocks and bonds on commission; but it is for his connection with the steel industry that he is best recalled. That was his chief life's work.

Which is not to say, however, that steel encompassed his every activity in industrial circles. He was a director of the Braddock National Bank, the Bessemer Trust Company, the Allegheny Western Railroad, the North Penn Supply Company, and the Masonic Hall of Braddock. Hence he was of note as a banker, and men relied on his financial judgment as they would on the judgments of one in authority; for his judgment proved sound more often than not. Though he encountered some failures—as what man of large affairs does not?—the majority of his enterprises proved successful. He had received a sound academic training for his career, while he worked as messenger and afterward, attending the public schools and Western University. He was especially interested in chemistry, and this was of assistance to him in his highly important duties as superintendent of steel production. Further, his knowledge of chemical processes served him, and the companies with which he was connected very well throughout his career. He had, ther a sound academic and scientific training, secure under difficulties which made it the more valu able to him and to his associates in industria matters. Also, he was a natural student, and h did not lay aside his books and his reflective, in quiring mind to confine his attention entirely t works at hand, but continued a student of affair and of men until the close of his lifetime. H valued the best in life, and was able to have tha best—the best of living, of service to his fellow men, of intellectual pleasure, and of friendship.

Charles Eugene Dinkey held special note as Mason, for he was the recipient of the covete thirty-third degree, having been created a Sover eign Grand Inspector General of the Suprem Council of the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction. Hi Blue Lodge affiliation was with Braddocks' Fiel Lodge, No. 510, of which he was Past Master He was active as member of the Chapter, Roya Arch Masons; the Council, Royal and Selec Masters; the Commandery, Knights Templar; th Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, an the Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of th Mystic Shrine. In all of these organizations, a well as in others of the order, he was prominent a prime mover in all major undertakings, inter nationally known for his Masonic leadership. H was a member of the Alumni Society of the Uni versity of Pittsburgh, of the American Institut of Mining Engineers, the American Iron an Steel Institute, the Philadelphia Speedway Asso ciation, the McKinley Commemoration Club, Edge wood Country Club, Duquesne Club, the Pitts burgh Country Club, Lewis and Clark Club, an the Braddock Rifle Club. Mr. Dinkey was a honorary member of Major A. M. Harper Post No. 181, Grand Army of the Republic, and major in the Community Boys' Brigade of America During our country's participation in the Europea War, though too advanced in years for duty i the lines, Mr. Dinkey supported the Allied caus well and as a patriot, subscribing liberally to th various bond issues and relief measures presente for the aid of our soldiers.

On June 15, 1889, Charles Eugene Dinkey wa united in marriage with Lelia Boyd, a daughte of Robert and Margaret Boyd, early residents o Mt. Lebanon, Pennsylvania, whose part in de velopment of that community was large and o notable proportions. Of their union were bor children: 1. Charles Eugene, Jr., who marrie Gertrude Flory; and they have a son, Charle Eugene, 3d. 2. Elizabeth, who married Donal Finleyson; and they have a daughter, Louis Boyd and a son, Robert Lord Finleyson. Mrs Dinkey, whose residence continues in the city o Pittsburgh, was of great inspiration to her hus band in his active years, and with him took par in a number of philanthropic works, which, now she continues alone.

Charles Eugene Dinkey died in Pittsburgh, Sep

tember 8, 1928, aged sixty years, one month and four days. Having begun his active career so young, when only twelve, he spent a period of forty-eight years in his constructive works, and forty of those years were given the steel industry of Pennsylvania. Those who recall him are legion and all who knew him well were his friends, valuing his friendship because of the fine qualities of character which he manifested always. A man of strength, his was a strong and resolute will, but he was in no sense a forbidding personality—rather, he was agreeable, given to foregathering with his associates and exchanging a pleasant word with them. His wit was keen, his mind at all times alert, and his efforts were directed toward elevated accomplishment built on ideals that he followed conscientiously. He lived his religion in his daily life, employed the Golden Rule in every practical measure; and of him it was truly said: "He loved his fellowmen." What he accomplished in his full, useful lifetime was of service to humanity, and he will be remembered with honor and esteem for his rôle in the building up of Pittsburgh.

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**FRED WARD SILSBY, M. D.**, was born in St. Charles, Saginaw County, Michigan, December 17, 1872. In 1874 he moved with his parents to Cheney, Crawford County, Michigan. They resided here until 1877 when they again moved to a farm on the southern border of Crawford County.

He attended the grade school at Roscommon two and one-half miles south, in Roscommon County, Michigan. Upon finishing there he attended the Grayling High School at Grayling, Michigan, after which he attended the W. N. Ferris Business College at Big Rapids, Michigan, at the age of twenty years. He returned to the farm and worked for one year and in the summer of 1893 went to Fairbury, Nebraska, encountering the panic of that time and with the Coxy and Bennett armies enroute East returned to Traverse City, Michigan, where he worked in the Hanna & Lay Hardware Store and the Potato Implement Company Factory and for the "Morning Record," daily newspaper.

In 1899 he entered the Michigan College of Medicine (then the Detroit College of Medicine) for two years, earning his own way by private nursing. In 1902 he came to Creighton, Pennsylvania, to nurse Captain J. B. Ford of the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company, remaining out of school one year to earn funds to continue his medical education. He resumed his medical studies at the University of Pittsburgh, now the Western University of Pennsylvania, where he graduated as a Doctor of Medicine in June, 1904.

Dr. Silsby married Anna Levina McFetridge, daughter of William and Elvina Virginia (Denny) McFetridge of Creighton, Pennsylvania. Fred Ward Silsby and Anna Levina (McFetridge) Silsby have three children: 1. William Frederick Silsby, born April 26, 1909, was graduated from the Tarentum High School in June, 1927, and in June, 1928, was graduated from the Staunton Military School at Staunton, Virginia. He is now attending Carnegie Institute of Technology at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, as an engineering student. 2. Anna Marie Silsby, born April 28, 1912, graduated at Tarentum High School in June, 1930, and is now a sophomore at Radcliff College, Cambridge, Massachusetts. 3. Elva Levina Silsby, born May 11, 1916, is now a sophomore in Tarentum High School, Tarentum, Pennsylvania.

Dr. Silsby traces his family to the Norman invasion of England. Some remained as residents of Great Britain on the eastern coast. These people were fishermen. They spelled their name Sils until the English placed the "by" on it making it Silsby. The Silsbys are all broad shouldered men weighing close to two hundred pounds. Under the English rule they most all became educated and professional men. Dr. Silby's ancestors can be traced in direct line back as far as Henry Silsby, who was born in London in 1608 and who came to Salem, Massachusetts, in 1629. Henry Silsby had several sons, one of whom, Johnothan, Sr., died in 1725 in Windham, Massachusetts; he had one son Johnothan, Jr., born in 1677, who had several children, one of whom, Julius, born at Acworth, New Hampshire, was the father of Phinius Silsby; his son, Isaac Milton Silsby, father of Dr. Fred Ward Silsby, was born March 30, 1830, at Pontiac, Michigan. Isaac Milton Silsby married Lucy Jane Hildreth, born in Vermont, March 28, 1828, and they had five sons and four daughters: 1. Adeline M., born January 26, 1852, died March 13, 1909. 2. Mary S., born January 19, 1854; died June 11, 1857. 3. Henry M., born in 1856 and died in 1903. 4. Charles E., born January 20, 1858; died in 1923. 5. Willard F., born July 4, 1859 and lives in Traverse City, Michigan. 6. Flora Dell, born July 11, 1863; died October 11, 1865. 7. Cora Bell, born February 28, 1867; died September 4, 1908. 8. Willis Milton, born July 17, 1870, living in Galita, California. 9. Fred Ward, born December 17, 1872 and living in Tarentum, Pennsylvania, of whom this review.

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**SAMUEL ALGEO ROGERS**—Associated with the Pennsylvania Railroad System for forty-four years and eight months, then in retirement, the late Samuel Algeo Rogers had a lifetime full of incident and interest. He was born in Ireland, March 30, 1858, and was a son of William Rogers.

Reared in Ireland and educated there, Mr. Rogers left the Emerald Isle for his life's work, going to London, where, in the shirt department of Welsh, Margison and Company, he secured his first employment. His future with the Welsh-Margison organization would have been assured, yet he leaned toward the democratic opportunities to be found in America, and he came here in quest of fortune. Two of his sisters had preceded him. They lived in Pittsburgh; and hence, he came to this city first, making it his residence, from a few

days after landing at the Port of New York, until his death occurred.

Securing employment with the Pennsylvania Railroad System, Mr. Rogers gave his best efforts to the service for which he had engaged. For a time he was located at Duquesne Station; but as his work came to the attention of his superiors, he was advanced, and came back into the city with increased responsibility. For many years, Mr. Rogers served the company as chief waybill clerk here. At the time of his retirement he was one of the oldest employees of the road, from the standpoint of years served, and he held the warm and lasting affection of his former associates. Everyone, it is recalled, had for him a feeling of the deepest respect. His advice on a wide variety of matters was sought out frequently, by superiors in the road's system, by fellow-workers, and by men outside the company, in the general field of business and human activity.

Seventy when he retired, Mr. Rogers thence onward gave his whole time to citizenship and to management of his private fortune, which had become considerable. He was a director in a building and loan association, had financial and property interests in Pittsburgh, and handled his problems to advantage at all times. Much of the counsel sought from him, as a matter of fact, had to do with investment and finance.

Much interested in Masonic affairs, he was Past Master of Ionic Lodge, No. 525, Free and Accepted Masons; Past Eminent Commander, Allegheny Commandery, Knights Templar, No. 35; was a communicant of the First Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh, active in this denomination's Bible Class; lived his religious beliefs in the practice of his daily routines, and took pride in his American citizenship. All who knew him even slightly respected him, and as their acquaintance ripened into friendship thus, they felt for him a warmth of esteem which nothing could shake, and which death makes a tender memory.

Mr. Rogers was a quiet man with many reservations, yet genial too, and possessed of a good and kindly humor. This made him companionable. He was fond of the society of his friends, and spent his happiest hours at home, in the society of his family, and reading of good works of fiction, history, economics and philosophy. He was, until the end, a close student of the Bible.

On April 25, 1906, in Pittsburgh, Mr. Rogers was united in marriage with Mary Cuthbertson, daughter of Ralph S. and Sarah C. (Brooks) Cuthbertson, early residents of the city. Mr. Cuthbertson was born on Wood Street, Pittsburgh, and his wife was descended from the well-known Stackhouse family of Philadelphia. His death occurred when his daughter, Mrs. Rogers, was six weeks old. Mrs. Rogers' mother, Mrs. Cuthbertson, was born in Pittsburgh, too, at Penn Avenue and Fourth Street, and her death took place here a score of years since (1932). Mr. Rogers died at his home in Mt. Washington, Pittsburgh, April 12, 1930. Mrs. Rogers continues to make her residence here, at No. 346 Wyoming Street, Mount Washington.

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**JOSEPH N. ARTHUR**—The borough manager of Avalon, Pennsylvania, Joseph N. Arthur, has had, in the course of an unusually busy and useful career, a wide variety of civic, engineering and military experience, and now, in his official connection with the municipality of Avalon, is rendering services most valuable to his fellowmen.

He was born in St. Matthews, South Carolina, on December 8, 1891, son of John H. and Harriet (Crider) Arthur, both natives of Lexington County, South Carolina, where his father a farmer by occupation, died in August, 1921, and the mother passed away in April, 1919. Joseph N. Arthur attended the public schools of Calhoun County, South Carolina, and later was graduated from the University of South Carolina with the class of 1915, receiving the degree of Civil Engineer. In 1916 he became associated with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in the capacity of assistant engineer at Logansport, Indiana, and in 1917 was transferred to the Pittsburgh quarters of the company, where he served in a similar position until November of that year. It was then that he began his period of military service in the late World War; and for seven months served overseas with the 4th Division of the 39th Infantry. He was commissioned a lieutenant, and was retired in June, 1922, with the rank of captain, which he held in the United States Regular Army. His retirement was caused by machine gun wounds received in the war. Altogether his service covered five years, from 1917 to 1922, and, upon the conclusion of that period, he returned to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in the same capacity that he had served in before, and remained with the company until February, 1928. It was at that time that he came to Avalon, Pennsylvania, as borough manager.

In Avalon Mr. Arthur takes a lively interest in all civic enterprises, as well as in social affairs. His religious faith is that of the Presbyterian church.

Joseph N. Arthur married, in March, 1918, Margaret Turner, of Columbia, South Carolina, daughter of the late James E. Turner, of that place, and Levinia (Johnson) Turner. By this marriage there have been two children: 1. Joseph N., Jr., born October 1, 1921. 2. Margaret Ann, born December 5, 1924.

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**THOMAS A. DAVIS**—One of the foremost citizens of Union Township, now a part of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, and a leader in every form of civic advancement is Thomas A. Davis, justice of the peace and Republican district chairman.

Thomas A. Davis was born in Pittsburgh, November 3, 1889, son of Thomas Francis and Margaret (Kearney) Davis, both of whom are now deceased. He was educated in the Pittsburgh

public schools, which he left at the age of twelve to make his way in the business world. His first position was with the Fuller Printing Company. After he left this initial business activity, he joined the forces of the Union Switch and Signal Company, with which he continued his association for four years. Then came the beginning of his long term of service with the maintenance department of the signal service of the Pennsylvania Railroad, which continued for twenty-three years. As his political interests and influence grew, Judge Davis devoted more and more of his time and energy to the Republican party. In 1926 he was elected by the people of Union Township to his present office of justice of peace, his fitness having been demonstrated by his excellent performance of his duties when in 1924 he was township commissioner. In 1927, the Judge led the successful fight for the annexation of Union Township to the city of Pittsburgh, a move which resulted in lowering the taxes, securing better streets and roadways, better fire protection, and lower insurance rates for the citizens of the Township. With his political power, Judge Davis is in a very effective position for helping to improve civic affairs, and he takes a keen interest in the whole subject. He is a communicant of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Thomas A. Davis married, at Somerset, Pennsylvania, September 23, 1913, Lilly Brant, and they are the parents of four children: Thomas A., Jr., Fred, George, and Grace. The family residence is at No. 2956 Banksville Road, Pittsburgh.

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**COL. ARCALOUS WELLING WYCKOFF**—Of excellent American stock, a manufacturer almost by inheritance, Colonel Arcalous Welling Wyckoff is president of the Wyckoff Drawn Steel Company of Pittsburgh, and one of the most experienced and best known men in the steel industry. His father and grandfather were manufacturers of wooden water pipes, a product which is still being manufactured in Elmira, New York, whence the family came.

Arcalous Welling Wyckoff was born in Elmira, May 18, 1873, son of George W. and Sibyl (Welling) Wyckoff, both now deceased. He was educated in the local public schools and graduated from Cornell University in 1896 with a mechanical engineer's degree. Throughout almost the whole of his career Mr. Wyckoff has been associated with the steel industry. In 1898 he formed a connection with the Bethlehem Steel Company at its South Bethlehem plant. Three years later, in 1901, he was engaged as eastern manager for the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company, with offices in Pittsburgh. Thence he went to Cincinnati, Ohio, as general superintendent for the Bullock Electric Manufacturing Company, with which he continued his connection until 1903. From 1903 to 1912 he was with the Western Electric Company of Chicago. Returning to Pittsburgh, Mr. Wyckoff engaged in the automobile business in 1912 under the name of the Wyckoff Motor Sales Company and prospered in this field until 1917, when the outbreak of the World War attracted him to the service of his country. He closed out his business in order to enlist, the details of his service being given below. The war over, he returned to Pittsburgh and in 1919 organized the Wyckoff Drawn Steel Company, erecting a mill at Ambridge, Pennsylvania, and establishing general offices in the Frick Building in Pittsburgh. The company now also operates a mill in Chicago. This is a million-dollar corporation and manufactures cold-drawn steel products. Mr. Wyckoff is a director as well as president of the organization and he is a director of A. Wyckoff & Son Company in Elmira, vice president of the Wyckoff Realty Company of that same city, and director of the Pittsburgh Aviation Industries Corporation.

In February, 1918, Mr. Wyckoff joined the American Army and was commissioned major in the Chemical Warfare Service, going immediately to France, where he remained actively engaged until the signing of the Armistice. He was then ordered to London, England, to take command of his branch of the service in England, receiving his honorable discharge in December, 1918. On September 4, 1923, he was commissioned a colonel in the Quartermaster's Corps, United States Reserve Army. He retains active membership in Post No. 5, American Legion.

Although his civic and social interests are many, Col. Wyckoff is especially concerned with the "Association for Modification of the Blue Laws of 1794," of the Pittsburgh chapter of which he is president, and he is active in promulgating the principles of this organization. He is a Republican in politics, is past president of the Cornell Association of Western Pennsylvania, and is a member of the Masonic Lodge. His clubs are the Duquesne, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, of which he is an enthusiastic supporter, the Pittsburgh Field Club, which he served as director, the University, the Automobile, the Oakmont Country, the Keystone Athletic, the New York Club of New York, and the Cornell Club of New York.

Arcalous Welling Wyckoff married, April 14, 1898, in Washington, District of Columbia, Elizabeth Robinson, of Media, Pennsylvania, daughter of Congressman John B. and Elizabeth Gilpin Robinson, and great-granddaughter of General William O'Hara Robinson, one of the first white children born west of the Allegheny Mountains. A Pittsburgh street now bears his name—General Robinson Street. Mr. and Mrs. Wyckoff have two daughters: Elizabeth, who married John M. Adams, of Cleveland; and Katherine, who married Richard S. Smith, and resides in Buffalo.

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**ERNEST T. WEIR**—Some four decades ago, as a youth of sixteen years, Mr. Weir became identified with the steel industry in his native city, Pittsburgh. Ever since then he has continued his

connection with this and allied industries and today he is and for many years past he has been one of the best-known figures in the steel industry of this country. For many years an exceptionally successful executive of various companies, Mr. Weir has been for the last few years chairman of the board of the National Steel Corporation. He is also president and a director of numerous other corporations and a member of the boards of directors of an even greater number of industrial and financial companies. In spite of his extensive business interests and his many and important business responsibilities Mr. Weir has always found time to devote himself to civic and benevolent affairs and he has taken a very active and effective part in the management of several important Pittsburgh institutions and organizations. He is a member of a number of clubs in Pittsburgh and elsewhere, and, of course, ranks as one of the most representative and most substantial business executives of his native city.

Ernest T. Weir was born in Pittsburgh, August 1, 1875, a son of the late James and Margaret (Manson) Weir. His father was a well-known Pittsburgh business man. Mr. Weir received his education in the public grammar schools of his native city and, at the age of sixteen years, in 1891, started his business career as a clerk for the Braddock Wire Company of Pittsburgh. In the following year, 1892, he accepted a clerical position with the old Oliver Wire Company. He continued with this company in various positions of ever-increasing importance and responsibility until 1899, in which year he became assistant to the district manager of the American Tin Plate Company in Pittsburgh. In 1901 he was made chief clerk of the Monongahela Works of this company and later served as superintendent of that plant. In 1903 he was promoted to the position of manager of the Monesson Works of the American Tin Plate Company. Two years later, in 1905, together with the late James R. Phillips, Mr. Weir organized the Phillips Sheet & Tin Plate Company at Clarksburg, West Virginia, of which Mr. Weir became secretary and general manager. Shortly afterwards his associate, Mr. Phillips, lost his life as the result of an accident and Mr. Weir became his successor as president of the company. The latter enjoyed steady growth and prosperity and in 1916 became known as the Weirton Steel Company. Six years before that, in 1910, Mr. Weir had started building the town of Weirton, West Virginia, where the Weirton Steel Company's principal plant is now located. In 1929, after a series of mergers, Mr. Weir brought about the National Steel Corporation, of the board of which he is now the chairman, and chief executive. He is also president and a director of the Mid-West Steel Corporation, the Weirton Coal Company, the Mudge-Weir Securities Company, the Bank of Weirton, West Virginia, and Bates Iron Company. Other companies with which he is affiliated actively as a director, are: Great Lakes Steel Corporation, Edgewater Steel Company, Fidelity Trust Company, Weirton Improvement Company, Ferguson Insurance Company, Oak Hill Supply Company, Producers Steamship Company, Hanna Ore Mining Company, Pittsburgh & West Virginia Railway, American Boston Mining Company, Buffalo Union Furnace Company, Canisteo-Cliffs Mining Company, Consumers Ore Company, Hanna Iron Ore Company, Hayes Mining Company, Holman-Cliffs Mining Company, LaRue Mining Company, Mahland Iron Company, Richmond Iron Company, Susquehanna Ore Company, Virginia Ore Mining Company, Wakefield Iron Company, Crescent Brick Company, and Peoples Bank of Hollidays Cove, West Virginia. His interest in civic and benevolent affairs, finds expression in his active and very effective participation in the affairs of the Maurice and Laura Falk Foundation, of which he is a manager; the Allegheny General Hospital, of which he is a director; the Pittsburgh Housing Association, of which he is also a director; and the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce and the Civic Club of Allegheny County, of both of which he is a member. He is also a director of the American Iron & Steel Institute. His clubs include the following: Longue Vue Country Club, of which he is a director; Duquesne Club, Oakmont Country Club; Union League Club of New York City; Detroit Club of Detroit, Michigan; Congressional Club of Washington, District of Columbia; Triton Fish & Game Club, and Mid-Ocean Club of Bermuda; Woodmont Rod & Gun Club; Duck Island Club; Pittsburgh Field Club; Pittsburgh Athletic Association; Queen City Club of Cincinnati, Ohio. Another organization to which Mr. Weir belongs is the Masonic order.

Mr. Weir married, in 1901, at Pittsburgh, Mary Kline, a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Kline. Mr. Weir makes his home at the Schenley Apartments, Pittsburgh, and has three children: 1. Dorothy, who married George W. Breck, Jr., of Pittsburgh. 2. and 3. Henry K. and Ernest T., Jr., twins, both of whom are now associated in business with their father. Mr. Weir's business offices are located on the twenty-eighth floor of the Grant Building, Pittsburgh.

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**EVAN BURCHALL NUTT**—Throughout his entire business career Evan Burchall Nutt, of Pittsburgh and New York City, has been continuously devoted to the oil industry with the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, or one of its subsidiaries. He has advanced to a position of unusual importance to the whole industry throughout the country, that of executive in charge of the entire auditing staff. In Pittsburgh, where much of his time is passed, Mr. Nutt is also prominent in civic and social life.

Evan Burchall Nutt was born in Cleveland, Ohio, December 10, 1885, son of William Frederick and Anna (Jones) Nutt. The father, who is still living, is a prominent physician in Chicago,

E P Nutt

while the mother is deceased. The son received his education in the excellent public schools of Cleveland, graduating from high school in 1903. Three years later, in 1906, began his long connection with the oil industry which has continued for twenty-five years. His first position was a clerkship in the accounting department of the East Ohio Gas Company of Cleveland, a subsidiary of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey. Six years later, having mastered the fundamentals of accounting and having given evidence of an aptitude for the work, Mr. Nutt was transferred in 1912 to Pittsburgh and advanced to the important post of traveling auditor for the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey. Six years of continued loyalty and careful attention to company interests again brought him an advance in 1918, when he was put in charge of the auditing staff of the Natural Gas and Production Oil interests of the Standard Oil of New Jersey, throughout the United States. His headquarters in this work, which continues to engage his abilities, are at No. 26 Broadway, New York, but much of his time is given to Pittsburgh. His office there is in Peoples National Gas Building. He has a gift for accountancy, quickness and acuteness in the analysis of figures, a retentive memory, and patience; he has also the rarer gift of being able to find and direct similar qualities in others and is thus a highly capable executive.

The political views of Mr. Nutt are those of the Republican party. He belongs to the Free and Accepted Masons, Wilkinsburg Lodge, No. 683, of which he is Past Master; Pennsylvania Consistory; Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Syria Arab Patrol, Shrine Lunch Club and Shrine Auto Club. Another of his clubs is the Alcoma Country Club. Mr. Nutt is on the managing committee of the Accounting Section of the American Gas Association; chairman of Natural Gas Representatives in that section; chairman, accounting section of Pennsylvania Natural Gas Men's Association; and a member of the Ohio Oil and Gas Men's Association. His religious support is given to the First Baptist Church.

In Cleveland, June 30, 1908, Evan Burchall Nutt married Sarah Ann Bendall, daughter of Joel F. Bendall. Mr. and Mrs. Nutt are the parents of two sons: Richard Waller Nutt, born November 18, 1918; and Evan Burchall Nutt, Jr., born February 2, 1922. His country estate "The Nutt-shell" is located in Brookside Farms, South Hills.

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**BERTON BLAINE CROUP**—As president of the firm of Boggs and Buhl, a department store of Pittsburgh with a history of sixty years, Berton Blaine Croup has a well-merited standing not only among the merchants of Pittsburgh, but over a far wider area. He was born April 23, 1881, at La Porte, Indiana, then a small country town. His father, Henry Croup, was a farmer, a veteran of the Civil War. His mother, Adelaide (Berrick) Croup, was the daughter of a well-known Bostonian, Francis H. Berrick, who was both a minister and a physician, and who practiced medicine and preached throughout a large part of the United States. Berton B. Croup, after his graduation from the LaPorte High School at the age of eighteen, began his business life as clerk in a small country store near his home town. For thirteen years he kept steadily looking forward, changing each time to a better position, and working finally in Chicago and Minneapolis. On October 1, 1912, he came to Pittsburgh, as merchandise manager of the firm of Boggs and Buhl, the city's oldest department store.

This firm, started on June 6, 1869, just four years after the close of the Civil War, was a partnership between Russell H. Boggs and Henry Buhl, Jr. The first building, a three-story brick structure, with a floor space eighteen by ninety, was standing until 1927. Its heating system consisted of an old-fashioned "egg-shell" stove, located in the middle of the first floor. The buying and selling force consisted of four persons, and deliveries were made by a boy with a wheelbarrow. The personalities of the founders dominated the store, and in addition to sharing with Mr. Buhl the buying and selling of the goods and stockkeeping, Mr. Boggs served as bookkeeper and wrote the advertisements. Store hours were from seven in the morning to six at night—except for Saturdays, when the store closed at ten, provided no customers still tarried. Its stock of goods would seem odd compared with present-day stores, for there were no ready-to-wear goods, whatever. The most important merchandise was a stock of silks, and the first customer bought twenty yards of black dress silk at three dollars a yard. The first ready-made clothing was a lot of women's jackets, brought from abroad in the early 'seventies, and eagerly purchased by the Pittsburgh women. Though there were ten other stores on Federal Street, the early shopping centre, in no case were dry goods and trimmings sold in the same store. About 1880 the location was changed to a six-story building directly across the street, and additional space has been added until today the firm occupies an entire block. An interesting feature is the number of employees who have been with the store for twenty years or more, and one man is still with the firm who began sixty years ago. The store's prestige rests on the reliability of its merchandise and the honesty of its dealings with its customers, and it is known through an extensive section of the country as the result of an active mail order business. Mr. Croup became general manager in 1916, was made vice-president in 1919, and on the death of Mr. Henry Buhl, succeeded to the presidency in July, 1927. The other directors of the corporation are: W. B. Mahaffey, J. A. Greer, R. R. Perner, and J. F. McCandless.

Mr. Croup is a member of the Retail Merchants Association of Pittsburgh and of the Pittsburgh

Chamber of Commerce. His fraternal affiliations are with Park Lodge, No. 676, Free and Accepted Masons, Mizpah Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; Allegheny Council, Royal and Select Masons; Allegheny Commandery, Knights Templar; Valley of Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite; Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He also belongs to the Allegheny Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. Mr. Croup is a follower of the Republican party, and is affiliated with the Watson Presbyterian Church.

Berton Blaine Croup was married in January, 1913, at Pittsburgh, to Emma Gertrude Messner, of Houghton, Michigan, and they are the parents of: Betty Adelaide, born at Pittsburgh, March 25, 1917.

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**LEWIS JOHN FIRTH**—For more than three decades the Firth-Sterling Steel Company has been a factor of importance in the industrial life of western Pennsylvania, and no one has had more to do with the expansion and development of this concern than Lewis John Firth, now president of the company, and the sole remaining official of the organizers of the firm.

Lewis John Firth was born April 26, 1858, at Sheffield, England, the son of John and Charlotte (Harding) Firth, both now deceased. He comes of a family which has been closely connected with the manufacture of steel products for over eighty years, and one which has contributed much to England's place in the industrial world. He received his early training in a private school, and later at Clifton College, Bristol, England, which he attended for four years. It was only natural that he would enter the branch of industry in which his family was so prominent. He made his first visit to America in 1874, and started business that year with Thos. Firth and Sons, of Sheffield, England, with whom he has since maintained connections. He retained his residence in England until April, 1910, from which time he has made his home in Florence, Italy, although he retains an active interest in the management of the Firth-Sterling Steel Company, of which he is president.

The Firth-Sterling Steel Company was organized in 1896, the object being to combine the American tool steel business of Thos. Firth and Sons, Ltd. of Sheffield, England, a firm which was founded in 1842, with the Sterling Steel Company of Demmler, Pennsylvania, which was founded in 1889. The chief factors in effecting this merger were Charles Yandes Wheeler on behalf of the Sterling Steel Company, and Lewis J. Firth, for the Firth interests. The original board was composed of the following: C. Y. Wheeler, president; Charles W. Mackey, vice-president; James H. Willock, Austin A. Wheelock, and Lewis J. Firth. The present officials of the company are: Thomas D. McCloskey, chairman; Lewis J. Firth, president; Eben B. Clarke, vice-president; L. Gerald Firth, general manager; Donald G. Clark, director of sales; David E. Jackman, treasurer; and Edwin D. Gray, secretary. At the organization of the Firth-Sterling Steel Company, it comprised a tool steel department, under the management of the Firths, and a projectile department, under the management of Charles Y. Wheeler. The latter department manufactured the well-known Wheeler-Sterling chrome steel projectiles, which did such fine service during the War with Spain. On the death of Mr. Wheeler, in 1899, his son, Charles V. Wheeler, and Alexander G. McKenna, continued in charge of projectile manufacture. They made a number of notable improvements, among them the celebrated rendible shell, which carried a largely increased charge of power, and which would pass through an armor plate before exploding. In 1907, the increasing business necessitated the removal of the projectile department to Washington, District of Columbia, where it was reorganized in 1911 as the Washington Steel and Ordnance Company. It was the first company in the United States to deliver the high explosive shells which were so badly needed by the Allies. Projectiles were supplied to Great Britain, France, Italy, and Russia, as well as to the United States. The Firth-Sterling Steel Company remained at McKeesport, where it manufactures the highest grades of tool, die, and cutlery steel. It is noted for its high-speed steel, and for its stainless steel, the latter having been discovered at Firth's Research Laboratories in England, in 1912, and developed in the United States by the Firth-Sterling Steel Company.

Lewis John Firth married Edith Margaret Jowitt, of Sheffield, England, in 1886. They had three children. Their first child was L. Gerald Firth, who was educated in England, at Uppingham School and Cambridge University. After taking his Bachelor of Arts degree in 1909, he entered the firm in England, in order to learn the manufacture of tool steel in all its branches. When the World War broke out in August, 1914, he was with the Firth-Sterling Steel Company at McKeesport. He immediately returned to England and volunteered for service, joining, after his preliminary training, the Royal Field Artillery, and going to France with the 14th Division of the British Expeditionary Forces. His promotion to the rank of captain was early in 1917. In April, 1917, he was wounded in action at St. Quentin, and it was necessary that one of his legs be amputated. In May, 1919, he returned to the United States to become works manager with the Firth-Sterling Steel Company. He was appointed a director in 1921, and general manager in 1926. L. Gerald Firth married Letitia C. Johnston, youngest daughter of General Robert Daniel Johnston and Lizzie Johnson (Evans) Johnston, of Birmingham, Alabama. Their children are: 1. Lewis Gerald. 2. Daphne Edith. 3. Mildred Lindsay.

**WALTER S. LAIRD**—As president of the Yellow Cab Company of Pittsburgh, Walter S. Laird heads an enterprise which he originally established in 1912 and whose affairs he has ably directed since that time. The record of this company has been one of constant growth, and it is now by far the largest of its kind in the city.

Mr. Laird was born at Pittsburgh on July 13, 1886, a son of William M. Laird, born in 1855, died in 1919, and of Mary Elizabeth (Ray) Laird, also deceased. His father was a pioneer shoe merchant in Pittsburgh, founding the W. M. Laird Company, shoe retailers and jobbers, in 1879. Under his control it became the largest retail shoe concern in Pittsburgh.

Walter S. Laird received his early education in Shady Side Academy, at Pittsburgh, and later attended Lawrenceville School, at Lawrenceville, New Jersey, Princeton Preparatory School, and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. In 1908, at the age of twenty-two, he became associated with his father in the shoe business, but early in 1911 went to Illinois for a time, and was there engaged in supervising the oil producing interests of his family. Mr. Laird returned to Pittsburgh again in 1912, and entered the employ of his father, who had established the Pullman Auto Company, which later, with but three cars, became the start of the present business. He helped to develop this taxi business with a number of used cars in his possession, and in 1912 the original organization was completed and operation begun under the name of the Pullman Taxi Service Company. The officials were: William M. Laird, Walter S. Laird, and his brother, William M. Laird, Jr. At its beginning the company owned three cabs, but with the steady growth of its business others were gradually added until they owned eighty, operating in Pittsburgh.

In May, 1919, a re-organization was effected. The firm became the Yellow Cab Company of Pittsburgh; all its cars were painted yellow; their number reduced to thirty, and the rates cut ten cents a mile. The remarkable results may have surprised even the officials a little, for the thirty remaining cabs brought in more revenue than the eighty had previously, before the color was changed. The demands on the company's services constantly increased and again a healthy growth indicated a policy of expansion. In 1923 Mr. Laird was operating one hundred and fifty cabs, and on July 1, of that year, the Yellow Cab Company bought out the old Pittsburgh Taxi Cab Company, adding another hundred and fifty cabs to those which it already owned. This purchase made the company the largest of its kind in the city, and they are now operating (1929) over four hundred cabs, and have more than a thousand employees. Of the present organization, Walter S. Laird, is president; A. W. Tenant, vice-president; Edward F. Kram, treasurer, and William M. Laird, Jr., secretary. They form the board of directors with Albert R. Zelt and John Weibley. In addition to his activities as president of the Yellow Cab Company, Mr. Laird is also director of the City Deposit Bank and Trust Company, and a director of the Laird Shoe Company, founded by his father and now operated by William M. Laird, Jr., as president. His long experience and sound business judgment have proved of frequent value in these connections.

In politics Mr. Laird is a Republican voter, while fraternally he is affiliated with the Free and Accepted Masons. In this order he is a member of the Blue Lodge, and of all bodies of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, including the Valley of Pittsburgh Consistory, and of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, at Pittsburgh. He also holds membership in several local clubs and associations including the Duquesne Club, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Keystone Athletic Club of which he is a life member, the Oakmont Country Club, the Chartiers Country Club, and the Stanton Heights Golf Club. He is a member and trustee of East Liberty Presbyterian Church.

Walter S. Laird, married in 1912, in Pittsburgh, Margaret Flaccus Miller. They are the parents of two children, both born in Pittsburgh: 1. Margaret Miller. 2. William M. Mr. Laird maintains his offices here in First Avenue at Ross Street, while the family residence is situated at No. 1212 Farragut Street.

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**WILLIAM G. CLYDE**—At the outset of his career Mr. Clyde spent several years in engineering work and then followed this with a period during which he was actively engaged in the steel and iron manufacture as superintendent of an important Pennsylvania mill. Next he took up sales work and quickly became known as one of the most successful and aggressive sales executives in the steel industry. To a remarkable degree he combined exceptional sales and executive ability, qualities which explain his rapid rise. Joining the Carnegie Steel Company as a member of its sales organization, he was made assistant general sales manager three years later and, in 1918, general manager of sales and vice-president. When, in 1925, the presidency of this large industrial organization became vacant, its board of directors very promptly elected Mr. Clyde to this office, which he had held since then. Supervising the activities of more than 45,000 men, who are employed by the Carnegie Steel Company in the Pittsburgh district, Mr. Clyde was one of the outstanding industrial leaders in this country. Under his very able management the company not only maintained its high standing in the steel industry, but had steadily and in every direction made great advances. Mr. Clyde's success was a result of his exceptional equipment, consisting of a most thorough knowledge of all branches of the steel industry, an unusual capacity for keen and quick judgment, a remarkable talent for leadership and organization, untiring energy and industry, and

a magnetic personality, which readily enlisted and just as readily held the loyalty and confidence of others.

William G. Clyde was born at Chester, Pennsylvania, July 29, 1868, a son of the late John Edward and Emma Bertha (Ott) Clyde. His death occurred March 23, 1931. He received his early education in the public schools of Chester and then became a student at the Pennsylvania Military College at Chester, where he was graduated with the class of 1888. Having studied there engineering, he commenced his career as a civil engineer with the firm of Ryan and McDonald, contractors, of Baltimore, Maryland. Later he became associated with Robert Wetherill & Company, machinists and founders, of Chester, Pennsylvania. This was followed by a period during which Mr. Clyde acquired the thorough knowledge of practical steel making, which so notably distinguished him among the executives of large steel companies in this country. He started his mill training with the Wellman Steel & Iron Company at Thurlow, Pennsylvania, where he was superintendent of the plate mills, subsequently becoming connected with the Illinois Steel Company of South Chicago, Illinois, where he remained for six years. After leaving this concern, Mr. Clyde became sales manager for the American Steel Hoop Company of Philadelphia, continuing in that capacity until this firm was taken over by the Carnegie Steel Company. At that time he transferred his allegiance to this famous corporation and at first was connected for three years with the Cleveland, Ohio, office, where he engaged in sales work. In this new field he proved himself so successful, that before long he was made assistant general sales manager of the Carnegie Steel Company, with headquarters at Pittsburgh. In March, 1918, he was promoted to the position of general manager of sales of the company and at the same time was elected one of its vice-presidents. When, in October, 1925, Homer D. Williams resigned as president of the Carnegie Steel Company, Mr. Clyde was elected as his successor, assuming the duties of his new office, November 2, 1925. By this promotion he became the directing head of one of the largest and most successful industrial enterprises in the United States, directing the operations of seventeen great plants scattered through the Pittsburgh district and employing almost 50,000 people. The years following Mr. Clyde's election to the presidency of the Carnegie Steel Company were marked by impressively large expenditures for the improvement and development of its many plants in the Pittsburgh district. These totaled, in a period of slightly more than four years, more than $100,000,000. Mr. Clyde, in June, 1928, gave an interview to the Pittsburgh "Post-Gazette," which was widely quoted and commented upon in more than two hundred newspapers throughout the country and in which he stated very clearly, how enthusiastic he was regarding his work with the Carnegie Steel Company and also regarding the many advantages of Pittsburgh as an industrial centre. In it he said in part:

> I am for Pittsburgh. Pittsburgh's place in the steel industry is assured. I had rather be here with these works than in the president's chair of any other company. This more than $100,000,000 covers only such work as has been completed. It does not take into consideration work that is in progress, for which many more millions have been appropriated. Neither does it consider the mills at Farrell and New Castle, Pennsylvania, and Youngstown and Mingo Junction, Ohio, nor does it take account of like expansion and reconstruction by other steel corporation companies in this district. Consider these figures for a moment and any fear that Pittsburgh is losing its prestige as a steel making centre is quickly dispelled. If there was even a possibility of such a prospect, Steel Corporation executives would be the first to sense it and no such amounts would be expended here.

These comments by Mr. Clyde, and, indeed, any comments by him on the subject of steel or on industrial conditions in this country might be taken very seriously. For, when he spoke on such matters, he spoke about things which he knew as thoroughly as it is possible for a human being to know anything. He viewed industrial conditions, not as a local problem, but in relation to the nation's commerce, and studied the steel industry through the same lens with which he surveyed the whole commercial field. He found that a business depression is too readily assumed to exist when the market for a given product declines and vanishes, causing plants to close, whereas the depressed industry, having confined its output to one line, which the market has absorbed, is not prepared to supply other materials to which the market demand has turned. Accordingly, a manufacturer who studies the whole commercial field will find out what the market is likely to demand, have an adaptable equipment and, if he cannot sell one of his products, will turn his plant to producing something else that industry needs.

In spite of the fact that his large and important business interests and responsibilities naturally required the major share of his time and energy, Mr. Clyde always found it possible to give considerable attention to many other phases of life and he was a member of numerous clubs, civic, professional and other organizations, as well as a trustee of several important educational institutions. He was a director of the United States Steel and Carnegie Pension Fund, and a trustee of the Carnegie Institute of Technology, the Carnegie Institute of Pittsburgh, the Carnegie Libraries of Homestead, Braddock and Duquesne, Pennsylvania, and of the Pennsylvania Military College, Chester, Pennsylvania. He was a member of the American Iron and Steel Institute, the Engineers Society of Western Pennsylvania, the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, the Pennsylvania Society of New York, and the Pilgrims of New York City. His clubs included the Duquesne Club, of which he was a director, as well as the Pittsburgh Club,

the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Keystone Athletic Club, the University Club, the Pittsburgh Country Club, the Fox Chapel Golf Club, and the Rolling Rock Hunt Club, all of Pittsburgh, as well as the Bankers Club of New York City, and the Seaview Golf Club of Absecon, New Jersey. In 1924 his *alma mater,* Pennsylvania Military College, conferred upon him the honorary degree of Doctor of Applied Science.

Mr. Clyde married, November 5, 1890, Margaret B. Johnson, a daughter of W. W. Johnson, M. D., a physician of Chester, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Clyde were the parents of two children: 1. Emma, who married Edwin Hodge, Jr., of Pittsburgh, and is the mother of three children, Margaret Burns, Frances Alexander and Emma Clyde Hodge. 2. William J. Clyde, a resident of Jackson, Michigan, and the father of one son, William J. Clyde, Jr. Mr. Clyde's home life had always been remarkably happy and in spite of his many preoccupations he found it possible to devote much of his time to his family and to his exceptionally large circle of friends. The Clyde residence is at No. 1515 Beechwood Boulevard, Pittsburgh.

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**JOHN CROSSAN DILWORTH**—In his career John Crossan Dilworth continues the tradition which has associated members of his family with Pittsburgh industrial development through several generations. The Dilworths are of English origin. Their family was established in America in 1682 by James Dilworth, who came to the Colonies from England. He settled in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, where in 1692 he purchased a thousand acres of land, and in 1699 died. His name is on record in the "Book of Arrivals," still in existence in Bucks County, in which it appears that "James Dilworth, of Thornley, in Lancashire, husbandman, came in the ship 'Lamb,' of Liverpool, the master, John Tench, arrived in this river in the 8th month, 1632, has a son named William." He married Ann Waln, sister of Stephen Waln, a prominent Quaker, and they became the parents of several children of whom the eldest was William.

From the American progenitor, James Dilworth, the line of descent is traced through William in the second generation; Anthony in the third; Samuel in the fourth; to Colonel William Dilworth, Sr., in the fifth generation. He was born at Dilworthtown, Chester County, Pennsylvania, on May 20, 1791, a son of Samuel Dilworth and his first wife Elizabeth (White) Dilworth. In 1795 Colonel William Dilworth came with his parents over the Allegheny Mountains where they settled Dilworthville, west of Pittsburgh—now Bellevue, Pennsylvania. The father in the same year built a log house which was to stand for well over a full century. Colonel Dilworth became a master builder, and for sixty years was an important figure in Pittsburgh life. He served in the War of 1812 against the British and the Indians, built numerous bridges across the Allegheny River and many of the finest buildings in the town, including the courthouse. He married Elizabeth Scott, born on May 6, 1797, at Pennsville, Pennsylvania, and died on May 25, 1883. She was a daughter of the Hon. Samuel and Sarah (Thompson) Scott, and member of a pioneer Delaware family. Colonel Dilworth died in February, 1871.

Joseph Dilworth, son of Colonel William and Elizabeth (Scott) Dilworth, and grandfather of John Crossan Dilworth, of this record, was born on December 25, 1826, died on February 26, 1885, and married, on January 15, 1850, Louise Mendenhall Richardson. He was the founder of the Dilworth-Porter Company, well known manufacturers of iron and railway supplies for many years. Mr. Dilworth was eminently successful in his business life. In addition to his connection with the Dilworth-Porter Company, he was a partner of the wholesale grocery firm later known as Dilworth Brothers, a director of the Citizens' National Bank of Pittsburgh, and an organizer and stockholder in the Northern Pacific Railroad, of which he was also a director. He was actively connected with this great trans-continental line until Henry Villard became its president. In addition, he was prominent in civic and benevolent movements at Pittsburgh, performing services of the greatest importance to the community.

Of his five children the second, Lawrence, was the father of John Crossan Dilworth. He was born in Pittsburgh and spent his entire life here, being associated during his active career with the Dilworth-Porter Company. He died in 1911. Mr. Dilworth married Virginia Snyder Crossan, daughter of John McDonald Crossan, and they became the parents of four children: 1. Mary Louise, who was married to R. K. Forsyth of Pittsburgh. 2. John Crossan, of this record. 3. Joseph, a record of whose career follows (q. v.). 4. Dorothy.

John Crossan Dilworth was born at Pittsburgh on November 15, 1884, and received his preliminary education in Pittsburgh schools. Later he attended St. Paul's School, at Concord, New Hampshire, and then entered Yale. He was graduated from Sheffield Scientific School at the University, in 1905, with the Bachelor of Science degree. Immediately afterwards he returned to Pittsburgh and became associated with the Dilworth-Porter Company as assistant plant manager. Later he became mill manager, and in 1927 was elected vice-president of the company. He was thoroughly familiar with the details of the company's operation, and during the preceding years had demonstrated his capacity for the executive direction of large affairs. In 1929 the Dilworth-Porter Company, with several other important independent concerns, was merged with the Republic Steel Company. Mr. Dilworth continues in charge of the South Side plant under this new arrangement as an executive of the Republic Steel Company. The name Dilworth-Porter is still retained however, and its significance in Pitts-

burgh industrial life has not been lost. Mr. Dilworth's own services have been of decisive value to the company in the recent years of its operation.

In addition to this connection Mr. Dilworth is president of the Pittsburgh Parking Garages, Inc.; a trustee of the Dollar Savings Bank; secretary, director, and a member of the board of managers of the Western Pennsylvania School for the Blind; and a director of the South Side Hospital. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, and of the Duquesne Club, the Pittsburgh Club, the Pittsburgh Golf Club, the Keystone Athletic Club, the Fox Chapel Golf Club, the Pine Valley Golf Club, and the Yale Club of New York. In the general life of Pittsburgh he has come to fill the position of importance expected of members of his family.

On October 23, 1912, at Sparkhill, New York, John Crossan Dilworth married Helen Thaw Thompson, daughter of the late William R. Thompson. They are the parents of two children: Mary Thaw, and Lawrence. The Pittsburgh residence of the family is maintained at No. 1440 Bennington Avenue. Mr. Dilworth's offices are situated at the corner of Fourth and Bingham streets, South Side.

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**JOSEPH DILWORTH**—Born at Pittsburgh in 1886, and a life-long resident of this city, Joseph Dilworth has been associated with several of its leading industrial enterprises. His parents were Lawrence and Virginia Snyder (Crossan) Dilworth, members of old Pittsburgh families. An account of earlier generations of the Dilworth family appears under his brother's name, John Crossan Dilworth (q. v.).

Joseph Dilworth was educated at Shady Side Academy, Pittsburgh, and St. Paul's School, Concord, New Hampshire. In 1907 he was graduated from Yale University with the Bachelor of Science degree. Mr. Dilworth began his active career at Pittsburgh with the Dilworth-Porter Company, founded by his grandfather. He held various positions in both the mills and offices, and about 1912 was made purchasing agent for the company, long well known among iron and steel manufacturers of the State. Later Mr. Dilworth became successively assistant secretary, secretary-treasurer, vice-president in charge of sales, and treasurer. He also became secretary and a director of the Witherow Steel Company, which, with the Dilworth-Porter Company, was merged with the Republic Steel Corporation in 1929. Since then he has devoted himself to his other interests in important Pittsburgh corporations. Mr. Dilworth is now vice-president, treasurer and a director of the Pittsburgh Parking Garages, Inc.; a director of the Harbison-Walker Refractories Company, the Mississippi Glass Company of New York, and Crandall, McKenzie and Henderson, Inc. He is a member of the board of directors of the Pittsburgh Skin and Cancer Foundation, a director of the Family Welfare Association, and a member of the following clubs: the Duquesne Club, the Pittsburgh Golf Club, the Allegheny Country Club, the Fox Chapel Golf Club, the Tennyson Racquet Club of New York, and the Yale Club of New York.

During the period of the World War, before the entrance of the United States troops, Mr. Dilworth enlisted in the Norton Hartjes Ambulance unit (French), with which he served until October, 1917, when he returned to the United States. At this time he was commissioned lieutenant in the Air Corps, remaining in the service until after the signing of the Armistice. Mr. Dilworth is now a member of Post No. 5, American Legion, at Pittsburgh. He is a Republican in politics and a consistent supporter of progressive movements in the city's life.

In 1919, at Pittsburgh, Joseph Dilworth married Barbara Winston Brown, daughter of the late Henry G. Brown. They are the parents of three children: 1. Anne Price. 2. Louise Richardson. 3. Elizabeth Sharpless. Mr. Dilworth's offices are at Fourth and Bingham streets, Pittsburgh. He resides with his family at No. 5601 Aylesboro Avenue.

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**SAMUEL LESLIE FULLER**—By training a civil engineer, Mr. Fuller has been connected throughout his entire career, ever since he completed his technical education at Norwich University more than a quarter of a century ago, with various important contracting, construction and engineering companies. Associated for many years with the John F. Casey Company of Aspinwall, Allegheny County, in different important capacities, he is now vice-president of this company and also acts as its treasurer. He stands high in his profession and is also recognized as a very able business executive. A member of several engineering societies, he also belongs to some fraternal and social organizations and takes an active part in civic and religious affairs.

Samuel Leslie Fuller was born at Walpole, New Hampshire, December 8, 1881, a son of William H. and Lucy (Houghton) Fuller. His father, who was born at Bellows Falls, Vermont, was for many years prominently active in Young Men's Christian Association work, serving at the time of his death in 1922 as general secretary of a Young Men's Christian Association. Mr. Fuller's mother was born at Walpole and died in 1918.

Mr. Fuller received his early education in the public schools of Bennington, Vermont, and, after graduating from high school in 1899, entered Norwich University, Northfield, Vermont, where he was graduated with the degree of Civil Engineer in 1903. Immediately after graduation he became connected with the Friday Contracting Company of Pittsburgh as an engineer, becoming president of this company in 1907. Two years later, in 1909, he resigned this position and associated himself with the Trussed Concrete Steel Company

S. L. Fuller

of Detroit, Michigan, as assistant to the manager of construction. He represented this concern in the reconstruction of the city of Kingston, Jamaica, British West Indies, after an earthquake had destroyed a great part of this town in 1907. Upon the completion of this project he joined the organization of the John F. Casey Company, Pittsburgh, with which company he has been associated ever since then. In 1922 he was made vice-president in charge of engineering and construction and he now also fills the duties of the treasurer's office. Mr. Fuller is also vice-president and a member of the board of directors of the Railway Maintenance Corporation and a director of the Hillside Stone & Supply Company of Aspinwall. He is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, the American Society of Military Engineers, the Engineers' Society of Western Pennsylvania, the Concrete Institute, the Keystone Club, and Acacia Lodge, No. 157, Free and Accepted Masons, of Fairmont, West Virginia, as well as of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliations are with the First Church of Christ, Scientist, of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Fuller married, in June, 1907, Carrie Cassedy, a daughter of George R. Cassedy, of Canon City, Colorado. Mr. and Mrs. Fuller are the parents of three children: 1. Samuel C. Fuller, born July 3, 1909, now a junior at Lehigh University, Bethlehem, Pennsylvania. 2. Caroline S., born August 3, 1912. 3. Martha Lou, born March 17, 1914. The family residence is located at No. 1159 King Avenue, Pittsburgh.

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**FRANK ROBERT BRADEN, M. D.,** of Coraopolis is known throughout a wide section for the skilled professional ability and fine personal character which makes a successful physician. He was born in Beaver County, Pennsylvania, February 12, 1877, and is the son of Robert H. Braden, who was born July 11, 1849, in Beaver County, Pennsylvania, on the old Braden estate which had been in the possession of his family since 1800. For many years Robert H. Braden was a grain dealer in Washington, Kansas. His death occurred December 20, 1928. Robert H. Braden married Mary Jane Eaton, of Allegheny, Pennsylvania, who was born in 1851, and died January 28, 1907.

Frank Robert Braden attended the public schools of Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, and finished high school at Washington, Kansas, with the class of 1894. After teaching school in Kansas for three years, he entered the University of Pennsylvania, and received his degree of Doctor of Medicine with the class of 1901. For a year he practiced at Enon Valley, Pennsylvania, and then removed to Erie, where he built up a successful practice, and remained five years. In 1907 he located at Coraopolis, as a general practitioner, and he has won the confidence and esteem of the community. He is on the staff of the Valley Hospital at Sewickley, and is a member of the Allegheny County Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the American Medical Association. In the war he served as a lieutenant in the Medical Corps, at Camp Greenleaf, Georgia, and received his honorable discharge December 26, 1918.

Dr. Braden is Past Master of Lodge No. 674, Free and Accepted Masons, Pittsburgh Consistory, thirty-second degree, Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He also belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Kiwanis Club, and Montour Heights Country Club. For some time he has served as a director of the Community Savings and Loan Company. In politics he is a Republican, and in religious preference, a Presbyterian.

Frank Robert Braden married, June 4, 1903, Helen Flower, of Enon Valley, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Albert H. and Addie (Bean) Flower, and through the Flower family, a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Dr. and Mrs. Braden have a son, Frank Robert, Jr., born March 27, 1909, and now attending the University of Pennsylvania, in preparation for a medical career.

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**GEORGE GREER COOLIDGE**—Pittsburgh is fortunate in having a citizen such as George Greer Coolidge, who devotes to the welfare of the city the same ability which has made his personal career such a marked success. Mr. Coolidge was born January 25, 1885, at Plainfield, New Jersey, the son of Henry Coolidge, a well-known banker and broker of New York City, who died in November, 1915, and Carrie (Wright) Coolidge, also deceased.

He was given every educational advantage, and after attending public and private schools at Orange, New Jersey, and Newton Military Academy, at Newton, New Jersey, he matriculated at Yale University, from which institution he was graduated with the class of 1904, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy. A few months after completing his education, he became a special apprentice in the shops of the Lackawanna Railroad, at Scranton, and in the two years he remained there, he gained a vast amount of practical experience, which led to his association with the Westinghouse Airbrake Company at Wilmerding, as an engineer in the experimental department. Late in the year 1907 he became connected with the Harbison-Walker Refractories Company, of Pittsburgh, manufacturers of all types of refractories for use in by product coke ovens, boilers, blast furnaces, open hearths, etc., and he has since remained with this firm. He was at first a salesman for Pittsburgh, and in 1913 was made district sales manager, being promoted in 1923 to the responsible position of assistant general sales manager. In 1928 he was promoted to assistant to the president. He is also a director of the W. E. Osborne Company, and vice-president of the Harbison-Walker Sales Company.

Mr. Coolidge has always taken an active interest in charitable and philanthropic work, and has long been associated with the Associated Charities of Pittsburgh, an organization which was until January, 1929, known as the Family Welfare Association. For three years he served devotedly as a member of the board of trustees of this organization, and for the last two years has been its president. Under his guidance great strides have been made in supplementing sympathy for the handicapped and unfortunate, with the knowledge of the causes and prevention of poverty, illness, and delinquency, which has been one of the fruits of present-day philanthropic work. Being distressed by the haphazard manner of collecting funds for charitable organizations, prevalent not only in Pittsburgh but in almost all other cities' methods whose success depended not so much upon the actual need and worthwhile work of a particular organization, as the skill of its appeal or some more spectacular type of activity, Mr. Coolidge, with others, urged the formation of a Welfare Fund, to the membership of which any authentic charitable organization might belong.

Careful study was made of the methods, success, and operations of similar organizations which were starting in various cities, and in the spring of 1928, twenty-five organizations were admitted to membership. In November, 1928, a well thoughtout and non-sensational appeal for funds was made, and the public was quick to realize that in giving its money to the Welfare Fund, it would be assured that the money would be justly apportioned and wisely spent. The goal of one million dollars was more than reached, and the work of the participating organizations was assured for the coming year, without it being necessary for them to stop from time to time, to make a frantic appeal for funds. Additional social agencies are seeking membership in the fund, as both the organizations and the general public realize the advantages of a unified financial policy, which guarantees the continuance of all worth while charities, and since such membership is a guarantee of authenticity, prevents the public from being victimized by pseudo charities and actual frauds. Mr. Coolidge has been untiring in carrying on this work, and as a director in the fund, has worked unsparingly toward its success. Both his executive ability and the high qualities of his personal character and leadership have been determining factors in bringing this work near the goal his vision has set for it.

Mr. Coolidge, in addition to his philanthropic work, is a member of numerous social organizations in Pittsburgh. He is a member of the Keystone Athletic Club, Harvard-Yale-Princeton Club, the Duquesne Club, Allegheny Country Club, Fox Chapel Golf Club, Pittsburgh Golf Club, and the Pittsburgh University Club, and he also belongs to the Yale Club of New York City. His college fraternity was Delta Phi, and he belonged to the St. Elmo Club of New Haven. In religion, he is a communicant of Calvary Protestant Episcopal Church.

George Greer Coolidge was married October 22, 1910, to Ethel Van Kirk Byram, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry H. Byram, of Pittsburgh. They are parents of a daughter, Elizabeth, born in Pittsburgh.

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**THOMAS HOWE CHILDS**—Long treasurer and a director of the Colonial Steel Company, Thomas Howe Childs has been a prominent and familiar figure in Pittsburgh life for many years. Most of his active business career was spent in the great steel industry, of which he gained an exhaustive and expert knowledge, while through his able direction of affairs he contributed in large measure to the continued growth and success of those enterprises with which he was connected.

Mr. Childs was born May 31, 1858, in old Allegheny City, now Pittsburgh. His parents, Colonel James H. and Mary H. (Howe) Childs, were both natives of Allegheny, where his father was engaged in the cotton mill industry. He was a strong supporter of Republican principles as set forth by Lincoln, and at the outbreak of the Civil War he became colonel of the 4th Regiment of Pennsylvania Cavalry which he commanded with distinguished success until killed in action at Antietam. Mary H. (Howe) Childs was a daughter of Thomas M. Howe, a man long prominent in Pittsburgh affairs, civic and commercial, and president of the first Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce.

Thomas Howe Childs, of this record, received his preliminary education in private schools of Pittsburgh, and later attended old Western Pennsylvania University, now the University of Pittsburgh. He early determined upon an engineering career, and in 1878 was graduated from the Pennsylvania Military College at Chester, Pennsylvania, with the degree of Civil Engineer. In the following year he entered the employ of the Keystone Bridge Company in their engineering department, and eight months later joined the Pennsylvania Railway's clerical forces. Transferred to the general offices of the Pennsylvania, at Pittsburgh, he remained there until 1881, after which he became connected with Hussey-Howe and Company, steel manufacturers, still doing clerical work. In this period of apprenticeship, however, Mr. Childs lost no opportunity to become thoroughly acquainted with all the details of company operation which were open for him to learn, and in this way he soon pushed ahead with Hussey-Howe and Company. When, after a reorganization, this firm became the Howe-Brown Company, Mr. Childs was chosen treasurer of the resulting company, serving with success in this office for almost two decades. His engineering training well fitted him for executive control in a steel manufacturing company, and to his native ability, he added the utmost diligence and a strong desire to succeed.

In 1901 the Howe-Brown Company was taken over by the Crucible Steel Company, and a short time later Mr. Childs assisted in the organization of the Colonial Steel Company, of which he was first general manager. Later he was elected treasurer of the company, and to the duties of this position he gave his time and attention until his final retirement in November, 1928. Mr. Childs was well known in the steel industry and in Pittsburgh business life through his long connection with the Colonial Steel Company and his valuable services to the firm. Even after his retirement, this connection was not entirely broken for he remained a director of the company. Mr. Childs is also a director of the Vanadium Alloy Steel Company, and of the Exchange National Bank of Pittsburgh.

In politics, like his father, he is a consistent Republican, although far too busy either to seek or desire public office. He has always been prompt, however, to support all worthy civic movements, demanding only that, in his opinion, they make for the welfare of the city. Mr. Childs is affiliated in membership with the Pittsburgh Club, the Pittsburgh Golf Club, and the Fox Chapel Golf Club of this city. With his family he is a member of Calvary Episcopal Church in Pittsburgh.

On April 29, 1901, in New York City, Thomas Howe Childs married Augusta Knevals, daughter of Sherman W. Knevals of that place. Mr. and Mrs. Childs are the parents of one daughter, Anna, a graduate of Farmington School, at Farmington, Connecticut. The family residence is situated in this city at Fifth and Woodland roads, while Mr. Childs maintains business offices at No. 324 Fourth Avenue.

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**GEORGE HUBBARD CLAPP**—Industrial and scientific spheres of Greater Pittsburgh need no introduction to George Hubbard Clapp, foremost organizer and director of enterprises here since the beginning of his life's work.

He is a member of a line old in American history, it having been established by Roger Clapp at Dorchester, Massachusetts, in 1630. Roger Clapp was a native of Devonshire, England, and his descendants have been men of prominence in varied kinds of endeavor.

George Hubbard Clapp was born in Allegheny City (Pittsburgh's north side), December 14, 1858, son of DeWitt Clinton and Delia Deming (Hubbard) Clapp. His father, who died in 1921, was treasurer of the Park Steel Company, a man large in the affairs of industrial Pittsburgh. His mother died in 1909.

He attended school in Allegheny, prepared for college at Ayres Latin School of Pittsburgh, and in 1877 took the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy from Western University of Pennsylvania, now known as the University of Pittsburgh.

It was in September of 1877 that he formed his first business connection, becoming an employee in the machine shop of The Penn Cotton Mill in Allegheny, where he remained until April, 1879. He now worked as chemist in the production department of the Black Diamond Steel Works, and then was placed in charge of the open hearths. Thus he received an experience from the very foundations of industry which would subsequently be of very real value to him. In 1883 he was able to inaugurate a project which it had been his ambition to launch for some time, forming a partnership with the late Captain Alfred E. Hunt and taking over control of the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory, which they ran as Hunt and Clapp. Later this was merged with the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory, under the latter's name style. Mr. Clapp remained with this organization, engaged as inspecting and chemical engineers, until February of 1922, then sold his interest therein and retired as president of the company. He is now (1929) in retirement. In 1888, with Captain Hunt, he organized the Pittsburgh Reduction Company, since known as the Aluminum Company of America, which now is headed by Captain Hunt's son, Roy. This institution, it is remarked, formed the nucleus of the vast aluminum industry in America.

Mr. Clapp is a director of the Farmers Deposit National Bank, Reliance Life Insurance Company, Aluminum Company of America, the Pittsburgh Testing Laboratories, and Valley Hospital, of Sewickley. He is president of the board of trustees of the University of Pittsburgh, a trustee and chairman of the Museum Committee, Carnegie Institute of Technology, a director of "The Scholastic," a national publication for high school students, and of several other public-spirited and charitable enterprises. Aside from the financial connections already cited, he is a member of the board of the St. Lawrence River Power Company, the St. Lawrence Security Company, and the Tallahassee Power Company. He has been active in the Engineers' Society of Western Pennsylvania since its foundation more than forty years ago, the American Institute of Mining Engineers, the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, and was an associate member of the American Society of Civil Engineers. He is affiliated with the National Geographic Society, scientific societies at home and abroad, and is a Fellow of the American Geographical Society. Mr. Clapp belongs to the Duquesne Club, Pittsburgh Club, University Club, Pittsburgh Athletic Club, Engineers' Club of New York and University Club there, together with other clubs and societies of similar nature.

On October 25, 1881, at Edgeworth, Pennsylvania, Mr. Clapp was united in marriage with Anne Wardrop Love, daughter of Francis M. Love, well known capitalist of Edgeworth; and they have children: 1. Marion, who married William W. Collin, Jr. 2. Katherine D., who married William A. Calbraith. The family residence is at Edgeworth, Sewickley. Mr. Clapp's offices are in the Frick Building, Pittsburgh.

His enterprises have benefited the Pittsburgh area.

**WILLIAM BERLEAN RODGERS** was born February 14, 1885, in Pittsburgh, son of Captain William B. and Alice Ophelia (Jackson) Rodgers, both now deceased.

Captain Rodgers, the father, was born on a houseboat lying in the mouth of French Creek, at Franklin, Venango County, Pennsylvania, on February 27, 1851, son of Joseph and Charlotte (Crawford) Rodgers. In the hard days following the Civil War, he somehow picked up the educational fundamentals of reading, writing, and arithmetic, and he shaped himself into a man of strong character, fine integrity, and uplifting ambition. He began to work on a steamboat when he was ten years old, and he promoted himself to a captaincy. The year 1881 found him builder and owner of his own boat and engaged in the purchase, sale, and delivery of coal on the Monongahela River at Pittsburgh. His business grew, until he came to own mines and many boats. In 1899, he sold his coal interests to the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal Company, and directed his attention to the sand industry. The Rodgers Sand Company was incorporated in 1900 and has become one of the largest and most important river sand enterprises in the country. The captain set before him the goal of full development of Pittsburgh rivers, in order to make the city a river as well as railroad center. He and his sons did their utmost to have the rivers dammed and locked, to assure a year-round harbor with its obvious advantages, and he headed the fight to raise the bridges on the Monongahela, Ohio, and Allegheny rivers to a height which would not hinder navigation.

Captain Rodgers was a Democrat and a delegate to several National Democratic conventions. Captain Rodgers died November 16, 1925. On January 7, 1873, he had married Alice Ophelia Jackson, of Clarington, Ohio, who died in 1920, and they had children: J. H., deceased; J. Norwood, deceased; Isla F.; Alice O.; William Berlean, subject of this record; Philander Knox; and H. C.

William Berlean Rodgers was educated in the Pittsburgh public schools. In 1902 he entered his father's business and worked at various jobs on the rivers. By the time he was twenty-two, he had received his pilot's license, which he utilized for the next five years as a steamboat captain on the rivers. Upon the incorporation of his father's business, he was chosen secretary. With the advancing years and the growth of the business, he occupied positions of more and more importance with the company, and was vice-president when his father died. Since 1925 he has been president, his brother, Philander K. Rodgers being vice-president and treasurer, and H. C. Rodgers, secretary. As president of the Rodgers Sand Company, Mr. Rodgers directs the operations of the steamers "Wm. B. Rodgers," "Margaret," "J. H. McCrady," "Lucile," and the "Early Bird." He also owns the dredges, "Rebecca," "Charlotte," "Flora," "Snipe," and "The Captain." Mr. Rodgers is vice-president of the Moore Enameling & Manufacturing Company, director of the Allegheny Trust Company, director of the Bellevue Savings & Trust Company, and of the Pittsburgh Builders' Exchange, and National Rivers and Harbors Congress.

His fraternal affiliations are with the Free and Accepted Masons, the Scottish Rite Masons, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. In spite of his numerous business affairs, he is a director of the Chamber of Commerce and on the Suburban General Hospital, and a trustee of the Western Penitentiary. He serves the Methodist Episcopal Church at Bellevue as trustee and is a member of the Duquesne, Keystone Athletic, and Highland Country clubs.

William Berlean Rodgers married on January 30, 1905, at Pittsburgh, Flora B. Barr, daughter of the late John B. Barr. Children: Ruth, married to Edward McCrady; John Norwood; M. Jackson; Robert; and Barbara.

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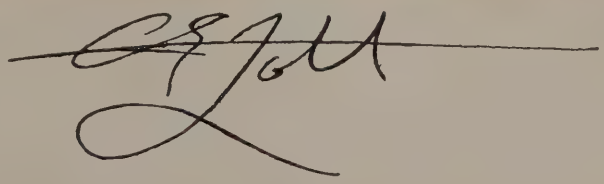
**CLARENCE E. LOTT**—President of the John F. Casey Company, constructors, of Pittsburgh, Clarence E. Lott has devoted his active career to construction work, and through his long connection with the Casey company is very well known in the Pittsburgh district. His services have been a decisive factor in its continued growth and success.

Mr. Lott was born in the Province of Ontario, Canada, on April 1, 1885, a son of William I. Lott, born in Canada in 1863, and of Anna J. (Dougherty) Lott, also a native of Canada, who was born in 1864. The father was engaged in construction until the time of his death in April, 1909.

Clarence E. Lott, of this record, obtained his education in the public schools of Detroit, and later undertook a course of training in the night schools. For two years he was connected with the Bell Telephone Company in Detroit, and at the end of this time entered the construction field, working in various positions at Columbus, Ohio, New Orleans, Washington, District of Columbia, and Wilmington, Delaware. In 1909 Mr. Lott first came to Pittsburgh, and began his association with John F. Casey, then a partner in the construction firm of Westwater and Casey, and this connection has been continued since that time.

The John F. Casey Company is one of the largest and best-known firms engaged in construction work in the Pittsburgh district. Their offices and plant are located on the banks of the Allegheny River, near Aspinwall, where they have fifty acres of ground, and here the present modern building of the company was put up in 1922, a building which includes every modern convenience, dining facilities for employees, and shops for the manufacture and repair of equipment. The business was first begun by John F. Casey in 1900, and was continued by him until 1922, when it was incorporated under its present name. The officers of the corporation are now as follows: John F. Casey, chairman of the board; Clarence E. Lott, presi-



dent; S. L. Fuller, executive vice-president and treasurer; P. W. Chabot, vice-president; S. B. Casey, vice-president; A. D. McCombs, assistant treasurer; H. E. Connelly, purchasing agent; J. F. Casey, Jr., secretary; William L. Heinz, paymaster. Engaged in general construction work, this company specializes in the building of bridges and railroads, and heavy foundations, employing on an average, fifteen hundred people. The following companies are owned or associated with the Casey organization: Wm. Swindell and Brothers, furnace constructors; Hillside Stone and Supply Company, building supply dealers; the Railway Maintenance Corporation, manufacturers of railroad equipment; the Allegheny Equipment Corporation, dealers in construction equipment; the Duquesne Burner Service Company, manufacturers of natural gas burners; the Gas Combustion Company, manufacturers of blast furnace and coke oven burners; the New Castle Refractories Company, manufacturers of refractories; the American Dressler Tunnel Kilns, Inc., designers and constructors of kilns; and the Star Tiling Company, interior tile constructors.

In the early years of his connection with the Casey company, Mr. Lott was employed in positions of minor responsibility but he gradually rose, through the merit of his services, to places of the greatest confidence and trust. When the company was incorporated in 1922 he became vice-president and treasurer, while in 1928 he was chosen president, succeeding Mr. Casey who then became chairman of the board. Mr. Lott's years of experience and long connection with the company have given him a special insight into the problems of its operation, while his proved capacity for executive direction of affairs has been repeatedly of the greatest value in its progress.

In addition to his connection with the Casey company, Mr. Lott is a director of the Bank of Aspinwall, but he has entered into many other phases of Pittsburgh life besides business affairs. He is affiliated fraternally with Franklin Lodge, No. 221, of the Free and Accepted Masons, and is a member of Duquesne Chapter, No. 193, of Royal Arch Masons, Mt. Moriah Council, No. 2, of Royal and Select Masters, Pittsburgh Commandery, No. 1, of the Knights Templar, Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is also a member of Court No. 2, Royal Order of Jesters, and of several local clubs or other organizations, including the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, the Pittsburgh Country Club, the Pittsburgh Athletic Club, and the Duquesne Club. With his family he worships in the Episcopal faith, being a member of Calvary Church of this denomination at Pittsburgh.

On October 12, 1911, Clarence E. Lott married Eleanor Bowman Atwell, of Detroit, daughter of William and Anastasia (Moore) Atwell of that city. Three children have been born of this marriage: 1. Donald C., born on January 19, 1913. 2. Dorothy E., born on June 19, 1917. 3. John F., born on January 9, 1920. The family residence is maintained in Pittsburgh, at No. 1411 Inverness Avenue.

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**ALLEN D. McCOMBS**—Although still a young man, Allen D. McCombs has risen to a successful position in the business life of the Pittsburgh section. As assistant treasurer and a director of the John F. Casey Company he is associated with one of the largest construction companies of western Pennsylvania, and his value to this organization is well recognized.

Mr. McCombs was born at Scotdale, in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, on April 15, 1899, a son of Allen D. McCombs, born in this State in 1860, and of Sadie (Keddle) McCombs, born at Scotdale, in 1872. The father, until his death in 1902, was engaged as a retail grocer.

Allen D. McCombs obtained his education in the public schools of his birthplace, and following graduation from the Scotdale High School, he entered the employ of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company at East Pittsburgh, remaining with this organization in production work for about four years. Then for a year Mr. McCombs was connected with the restaurant department of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and at the end of this time enlisted for service on the Mexican border with the old 18th Regiment, of the 7th Division. With the entry of the United States into the World War this regiment became the 111th of the 28th Division, and went to France with the American Expeditionary Forces in May, 1918. Mr. McCombs served with these troops until his discharge in August, 1919, returning to the United States at that time.

Taking up the pursuits of peace again, he became connected with the Allegheny Gear Works, of Pittsburgh, but after a short period he left this corporation, and in 1921 first became associated with the John F. Casey Company as bookkeeper. His ability and loyal service won him steady advancement, and in 1925 he was made auditor of the company. Continuing his rise, he was chosen assistant treasurer in February, 1928, and a year later elected to the board of directors. These positions he has continued to fill very ably since that time.

In politics Mr. McCombs is a member of the Republican party, while fraternally he is affiliated with the local post of the American Legion. He worships with his family in the faith of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. McCombs' business is perhaps his chief interest, but he has never neglected his civic duties and has been a generous supporter of worthy enterprises for advance and progress.

On December 12, 1917, Allen D. McCombs married Ruth Bletcher, of Pittsburgh, a daughter of William C. and Phoebe (Mellinger) Bletcher, of this city. Mr. and Mrs. McCombs are the parents of three children: 1. Ruth Jean, born on January 1, 1921. 2. Dorothy Claire, born on January 7, 1922. 3. Allen D., born on January 13, 1924.

**HOWARD IRISH**—For a quarter of a century Howard Irish has been closely associated with the real estate developments which have accompanied, and in part stimulated, the remarkable recent progress of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. Mr. Irish is now president of the Commonwealth Real Estate Company, with which he has been associated throughout the term of his Pittsburgh residence, and he is an executive of various important enterprises.

Howard Irish was born November 11, 1872, at Nebraska City, Nebraska, son of a man who won an international reputation as representative of the United States Government. O. H. Irish, the father, now deceased, was an attorney, and long devoted his talents to government service, holding positions of importance and public trust. He was consul-general at Dresden, Saxony, during the administration of President Grant and won the esteem of the Germans with whom his office brought him in contact. During the terms of Presidents Hayes and Garfield, he was chief of the Bureau of Printing and Engraving. He died in Washington, District of Columbia, in 1883, a lifelong Republican and loyal American official.

His many changes of residence in childhood necessitated rather irregular schooling for Howard Irish. A family move to Washington when he was three years old established him in the city for nine years, during which he attended grammar school. He later graduated from Wooster College, at Wooster, Ohio. In 1889 began his business career when he became an employee of Hannah, Lay & Company, at Traverse City, Michigan, a company of manifold and widely extended operations, including lumbering, banking, and other lines of business. In 1903 Mr. Irish was made assistant cashier and director of an institution belonging to the company, the Travers City State Bank. That same year, however, he accepted a promising offer from the Commonwealth Real Estate Company of Pittsburgh and became treasurer and vice-president of the company. His long and efficient service and his business astuteness, combined with his wide general knowledge, soon made him invaluable to his growing company and pointed to him as the logical executive head to succeed A. K. Kelly, Jr. On November 27, 1927, Mr. Irish was elected president of the Commonwealth Realty Company, and the same year elected director and vice-president of the Commonwealth Trust Company, one of the larger banking houses of the city. He is also secretary-treasurer of the City Improvement Company of Pittsburgh, treasurer of the Physicians Land Company, and a director of the Western Allegheny Railroad Company. A man of such prominence and proved ability is naturally called on for other forms of public service. Mr. Irish is a trustee of the University of Pittsburgh and treasurer and trustee of the Pittsburgh Association for the Improvement of the Poor. He belongs to the Chamber of Commerce and the Pittsburgh Real Estate Board. His political views are those of the Republican party, his religious, those of the Presbyterian sect. His fraternal affiliations are with Fellowship Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and with the Royal Arch Chapter, at Traverse City, Michigan. In college he belonged to the Sigma Chi Fraternity. His clubs are the Duquesne, the University, and the Oakmont Country.

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**CORNELIUS DECATUR SCULLY**—As a legal expert in various aspects of corporation law, Cornelius D. Scully is widely known in Pittsburgh. He is especially concerned with oil and gas cases and is an executive in various business and industrial concerns.

Cornelius Decatur Scully was born November 30, 1878, at Wind Gap, Chartiers Township, now part of Pittsburgh, son of John Sullivan and Mary E. (Negley) Scully, and descended on both sides of the family from old and important families of that section. His great-grandfather, John Sullivan Scully, came from County Cork, Ireland, in 1803, and purchased a farm of one thousand acres in Chartiers Township. The son of John Sullivan Scully was Cornelius, born in 1817, who married Matilda Duff, by whom he had a son, John Sullivan Scully (2), a prominent business man who died in 1914. The last-named was the organizer of the Diamond National Bank in Pittsburgh, which he then served as president, and of the West Side Belt Railroad Company and other concerns. John S. Scully married Mary E. Negley, daughter of Felix and Margaret (Dickson) Negley, for whose family Negley Avenue was named. They were the parents of four children, of whom our subject was the third.

Cornelius D. Scully attended Grant Public School and Central High School in Pittsburgh, graduating in 1896. In 1901 he graduated from the University of Pennsylvania with the degree of Bachelor of Science and in 1904 from the University of Pittsburgh Law School, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Admitted to practice the same year, he joined the firm of Senator James W. Lee and Eugene Mackey (Lee and Mackey). When the senior member died in 1908, the firm name became Mackey & Scully, and pursued business under that title until 1910. In 1911-12, Mr. Scully was engaged in independent practice. Meantime he had been admitted to practice before all the higher Pennsylvania State and United States Courts. As a member of the firm of Mehard, Scully & Mehard, with Hon. H. S. Mehard as partner, he practiced until the death of the latter in 1919, since which time he has practiced alone. Mr. Scully has never tried criminal cases, but has devoted himself to corporation law, laying especial emphasis on oil and gas affairs. He is a director of the Hope Engineering Company, of the Pittsburgh Tube Company, and the Laclede Tube Company of St. Louis, Missouri. Formerly he was on the directorate of the Mohawk Hudson Power Company. He is a member of the County, State,

and American Bar associations. Other companies which he has served as counsel or director are the Barnsdall Corporation, the Pittsburgh Oil and Gas Company, the Decatur Oil Company, and the Adirondack Light and Power Company.

Mr. Scully's political affiliations are with the Republican party. In 1910 he was candidate of the Keystone party for the office of State Treasurer. He participates actively in various civic affairs, serving as director of the Pittsburgh Legal Aid Society, and as trustee of the Arnold School. His clubs are: the Duquesne, University, Philosophical, the Junta, the University of Pennsylvania Club of New York, and the Gibson Island Club of Baltimore, Maryland. He attends Calvary Episcopal Church. His fraternal affiliations are with the Blue Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and the Kappa Sigma Fraternity.

Cornelius Decatur Scully married, June 10, 1905, at Shepherdstown, West Virginia, Rosalie Pendleton, daughter of Dudley D. and Helen (Boteler) Pendleton, both of Old Dominion families. Mrs. Scully is a graduate of Goucher College, Baltimore, class of 1903. Mr. and Mrs. Scully are the parents of four children: 1. Alice Pendleton, student of sculpture at Carnegie Institute of Technology. 2. Elizabeth Negley, a senior at Goucher College. 3. Cornelius Decatur, Jr., a junior at Harvard College. 4. John Pendleton, at Phillips-Exeter Academy.

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**J. MERRILL WRIGHT**—The well-known law firm of Wright and Rundle, of Pittsburgh, has as its senior partner J. Merrill Wright, an attorney who has been in general practice for thirty-one years, the period of Pittsburgh's greatest expansion. The professional and business activities of Mr. Wright have kept him in close touch with this development.

J. Merrill Wright was born January 9, 1876, in Pittsburgh, son of Rev. Joseph E. Wright, D. D., a retired minister of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and his wife, Ella R. (Diehl) Wright. A liberal education was given to the son, who attended public and private schools in Pennsylvania and graduated in 1895 from Allegheny College at Meadville with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Later he received the degree of Master of Arts from the same institution and still later, in 1897, graduated from the University of Pittsburgh with his Bachelor's degree in law. In December, 1898, he was admitted to the bar, and since he has been in general practice.

During his first seven years as a lawyer, Mr. Wright was engaged in general practice in Pittsburgh. In 1905 he became a partner of J. Erastus McKelvey, of the firm of McKelvey and Wright, which prospered until 1915, when Mr. Wright returned to independent practice for three years. From 1918 to 1920 he was in the firm of Stone, Wright & Chalfant, and both his former partners have since been elevated to the bench. In 1922 Mr. Wright formed the partnership with Robert A. Rundle, whose record accompanies this, which has since come to be an integral of Pittsburgh's business life under the firm name of Wright and Rundle. The firm conducts a general civil practice, Orphans' Court and corporation work. Mr. Wright is president of the Franklin Cotton Mill Company of Cincinnati, is organizer and director of the Monongahela Trust Company of Homestead, Pennsylvania, which was established in 1901; is a director of the Neely Nut & Bolt Company; and vice-president and director of the Studebaker Sales Company of Pittsburgh. He belongs to the Allegheny County, Pennsylvania State, and American Bar associations and to the American Judicature Society. He has been admitted to all county and State courts and to the United States Supreme Court.

His heavy professional and business responsibilities have not limited his social activities. Mr. Wright is a Republican in politics and a communicant of Calvary Episcopal Church. His clubs are the Duquesne, the Pittsburgh, the Pittsburgh Golf, the Fox Chapel Golf, the Longue Vue Country, the University clubs, and the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, all of Pittsburgh, and the Queen City and the Country clubs of Cincinnati. His favorite forms of recreation are golf and riding.

J. Merrill Wright married, June 12, 1901, at Cincinnati, Laura A. Pearce, daughter of Henry and Laura M. (Arons) Pearce, both now deceased. Children: 1. Laura, who married George S. Hoster, of Columbus, Ohio. 2. H. Pearce, born July 23, 1907, who attended Yale University. 3. J. Merrill, Jr., born May 30, 1911, attending Brown University.

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**ROBERT A. RUNDLE**—In furthering the activities of the well-known Pittsburgh law firm of Wright and Rundle and in enhancing its professional and business reputation for a large usefulness, Robert A. Rundle, one of the partners, has been an important factor. He is an able lawyer and a shrewd business man.

Robert A. Rundle was born November 4, 1890, at Taylor, Pennsylvania, son of Alfred and Mary (Wilcox) Rundle, both of whom were born in England. The father was associated with the Scranton Electric Company, at Carbondale, Pennsylvania. It was in Scranton that the son began his educational course, attending the local public and high schools. In 1910 he graduated from Colgate University with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and he studied law at the University of Pittsburgh and under the private instruction of Stephen Stone, since elevated to the bench. Meantime, while working toward his law degree, he taught mathematics at Carnegie Institute of Technology from 1910 to 1918. It was in 1916 that Mr. Rundle was admitted to the bar. Two years later he formed the association with the law firm of Stone, Wright & Chalfant, which led to his present connection. He remained in association

with Mr. Wright as the firm named changed to Wright, Chalfant & McCandless, and in December, 1922, joined him as a partner in the firm of Wright and Rundle. During the seven years of its existence the firm has steadily advanced and now occupies a prominent place in affairs. Mr. Rundle is a member of the Allegheny County Bar Association and of the Delta Upsilon Fraternity. A Republican in politics, he is becoming more and more influential and is now solicitor for the borough of Edgewood. His clubs are the Edgewood, the South Hills Country, and the University. He is a communicant of the Edgewood Presbyterian Church.

Robert A. Rundle married, June 25, 1913, at Scranton, Pennsylvania, Garretta A. Freeman, daughter of Frank H. and Belle (Smith) Freeman. Children: Ruth, Dorothy, and Alice. All the children were born in Pittsburgh.

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**HARRY G. TINKER**—Born in Pittsburgh and a lifelong resident of this city, Harry G. Tinker occupies an important position among the members of the local bar. His professional career has brought him both honor and success. Mr. Tinker is a son of Francis and Amelia C. Tinker, the mother now deceased. He attended the grade schools and night schools of this city and later matriculated at Amherst College, from which he was graduated with the Bachelor of Arts degree in 1893.

Meanwhile Mr. Tinker had determined upon a legal career, and after his return to Pittsburgh took up the study of law with the old firm of Shiras and Dickey, in whose offices he remained until he was admitted to the bar in 1895. At that time he began the general practice of his profession which he has since continued independently in this city. With the passing years the demands on his services increased, and within a short time he demonstrated his right to high rank among the members of his profession in this city. His position is indicated by the fact that Mr. Tinker was elected secretary of the Allegheny County Bar Association as early as 1903, and each year since that time has been reëlected to the office which he has held now for more than a quarter of a century.

Mr. Tinker is also a member of the Pennsylvania State Bar Association and of other local organizations. His practice, of course, has been his major interest, but questions of civic importance have received his attention. In politics he commonly supports Republican principles, nationally, but at Pittsburgh he is not bound by any party alliance, his vote being determined by his estimate of what is best for the city. Mr. Tinker's offices are situated in the Frick Building, while he maintains his residence at No. 327 South Atlantic Avenue.

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**RALEIGH RUSSELL HUGGINS**—In the course of his long and active career, Raleigh Russell Huggins has risen to a position of distinguished prominence in the medical profession and among educators in medicine. As a surgeon and gynecologist his reputation extended beyond the field in which he practiced and led to his being called to the University of Pittsburgh to teach gynecology. As dean of this department he has been privileged to inspire and influence hundreds of young men who have studied under him, and has written his name large upon spheres of constructive achievement and the lives of men. He has done remarkable work in the field of research and clinical procedure, added something to the literature of his profession, and performed many public and personal services of notable value.

He is a native of Ohio, born at Marietta in 1870, a son of Jason and Margaret J. Huggins, his father being for many years interested in the lumber business. A studious boy he found it somewhat difficult to secure the education he desired. His preliminary training came from the public schools and was continued by self-teaching and self-supported study in the higher schools. In 1891 he was graduated from Miami Medical College, now the University of Cincinnati, Ohio, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He continued his preparation for the practice of medicine as an interne; hung up his shingle and began to win a clientele. He was not, however, destined to become a general practitioner. Having specialized in gynecology he gave proof of unusual skill and knowledge as a gynecologist, and was asked in 1912 to become associate-professor of gynecology in the University of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. In this position he served from 1912 to 1919 when he was chosen dean and professor of gynecology of the School of Medicine, University of Pittsburgh, which chair he has filled from that date (1919) to the present time (1932). He is also medical director of the Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital, and chief of the gynecological staff of the Presbyterian Hospital, both of Pittsburgh.

Dean Huggins of necessity and choice has closely allied himself with the numerous medical organizations of his city, State and country. He is a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society, Pennsylvania State Medical Society, Alpha Omega Alpha (honorary medical society), the Society of Biological Research, American Medical Association, American Association of Obstetricians, Gynecologists and Abdominal Surgeons, the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, and is a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons. Among his clubs are the Duquesne, University and the Longue Vue clubs.

In 1904, at Sharpsburg, Pennsylvania, Dr. Huggins married Catherine Thompson, daughter of Samuel P. and Martha J. Thompson. Dean and Mrs. Huggins are the parents of a son, Raleigh Russell Huggins, Jr., born August 11, 1906.

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**GEORGE DUNCAN**—A native of Glasgow, Scotland, George Duncan, late distinguished industrial manager in McKeesport, was born on

January 21, 1864. He lived to the age of sixty-five, his death occurring in McKeesport, on March 18, 1929. For more than fifty years he had been associated with the steel trade, and is best remembered by those surviving him for his responsible post as general superintendent of the National Tube Company's works. Of him it was truly said: "He lived his life in the service of his fellowmen, and the example of a life-time well expended in that service will prove infinite in its inspiration."

George Duncan came of a family whose long line of ancestors extends far back into the history of Scotland. For some time the family has been ranked as one of the foremost there, and is believed to be of ancient Norse origin. Before 1700 it was well established in Forfarshire, and bearers of the name hold the earldoms of Camperdown, Gleneagles and Lundie, the viscountcy of Duncan, the baronetcy of Lundie, and other distinctions of nobility. In 1861 the Scottish census showed that 12,467 bearers of the name then lived in Scotland. In 1890, forty-one children of the name were born in Ireland, twenty-five of them in the Scottish counties of Antrim and Tyrone. As early as 1700, it is known, a branch of the family settled in these counties, and today it of course is widely represented there.

For the purposes of this narrative we go back but two generations:

(I) William Duncan, native of Glasgow, spent his life in that city, and was owner of a foundry, a man of extended affairs and influence. He married Jeannette Todd, and they had five children.

(II) George Duncan, Sr., the youngest child, became an engineer, in Glasgow, for the Oriental Gas Company of London. Among the important accomplishments of his life was the establishment of a gas works at Turin, Italy; at Smyrna, in Asia Minor, and Calcutta, India. Thus he became a world figure as an engineer. For three years, then, he engaged at business in Glagow, and in 1872 came to the United States; he located in McKeesport, became foreman of the shops of the National Tube Works—which then was an infant company. He held this post until his death, March 15, 1884. Mr. Duncan had married Mary MacCurdy, of Scotland, her father, Robert MacCurdy, having served as a soldier in the British Army. To Mr. and Mrs. Duncan were born five children.

(III) George Duncan, the principal of this account, was the eldest of the children, and he was eight years old when his parents came to America. It is of interest to note that men from Scotland, because of their proven sterling qualities, their innate honesty, their quick intelligence, and their natural leadership in the intricate field of engineering, were much in demand in the plants of Greater Pittsburgh and McKeesport. As a consequence, with his father holding a responsible position with the National Tube concern, George Duncan was reared in the shadow of the shops, and his early childhood interests centered closely here. In the meantime, in Scotland, he had secured some of his formal education; and this he continued as student in the schools of McKeesport, but left his formal studies at the age of twelve, in 1876, to take a job as messenger for the National Tube Company's central mill and offices. From that date onward until the year of his death, 1929, he continued in the firm's employ, rising by dint of personal merit to the chief executive position over all millmen in the ever-increasing organization. He secured his education privately, reading from selected books, taking much from experience, and employing his mind analytically, until, in later years, those around him often were surprised at learning he did not hold a college degree. While his formal schooling was confined to a few years, his educational efforts never ceased, and he became one of the best-read and most practically learned men of his community. When he joined the payroll of the National Tube, of course, George Duncan little dreamed he would spend fifty-odd years—the balance of his life and the whole of his active career—with that corporation; but he made himself so valuable to his employers that his worth and ability had to be rewarded, and as a consequence his advancement from place to place of increased responsibility was a matter only of time.

He studied every detail in the mill, even as a lad. Step by step he was promoted, and in 1901 became a master mechanic. This had been his goal for some time, and with admittance to the master's ranks he automatically assumed a respected position among workmen and superiors alike. The former trusted him as one of themselves, and were always content to let him represent them before the heads of the concern. The latter were content to let him explain their varying positions and policies to the workers, and this made him the valued link between employers and the laborers, while at the same time he admirably filled his scientific and mechanical purposes. When he became general superintendent of the Pipe Mills of the National Works of the National Tube Company his promotion was the cause of rejoicing among those under him, and of earnest good wishes from his superiors. As the National Tube Company grew, so had his position grown, and his standing with the company was that of time-tried leader. In the steel tube industry as a whole, quite naturally, he was known as a leader through a wide section. The sequence of his promotions was as follows:

First he worked as an apprentice. Second, he was a journeyman, then foreman, then superintendent of the old Buttweld Mill, of McKeesport. In 1901 when he became master mechanic, he was given the post of assistant superintendent of the Buttweld Mill and all other mill units of the corporation here, and his succession to the post of general superintendent became a matter of course, and of time. This, based on his proven ability to

hold larger positions, was in brief the course of his progress, and he became outstanding not only as a chief executive of this corporation, but, of the community, served as a leader in general affairs as a citizen of loyal public spirit and an accurate vision of the future of McKeesport and Greater Pittsburgh as an industrial and financial area of the Nation.

Politically he supported the principles of the Republican party, and his influence, always constructive, was wide and continuous until the last. He was a communicant of the Central Presbyterian Church of McKeesport, and he served the denomination well, as assistant in its movements and as a contributor to its philanthropic and educational projects. Fraternally Mr. Duncan held the thirty-second degree as member of the Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Masons, and belonged to all York Rite bodies of the order, through and including Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He was affiliated also with the Knights of Pythias, and was a popular member of the Youghiogheny Country Club. Although he belonged to these several organizations, and to a few more besides, he was not what is known as a joiner, and spent his happiest hours in the home circle, in close contact with those of the family circle, finding here the tranquillity for his reading, and for the philosophy of later years, based on a fine and generous and sympathic understanding of humankind.

George Duncan married, in McKeesport, in 1888, Anna Held, native of this city and a daughter of Louis and Margaret Held. Of this union was born a daughter, Anna Sinclair Duncan, who married, June 19, 1926, John Walter Stufft, mechanical engineer, associated with the scientific departments of the National Tube Works. Mrs. Duncan also survives her husband, and continues to make her home in McKeesport, with her daughter, to whom, largely, we are indebted for much of the material embodied in this narrative of George Duncan's life and works.

As a man among men he was ever distinguished for the sterling qualities of his race—his honesty, his forbearance, patience, and for the indomitable will with which he carried ahead the projects with which he was charged, as an industrial executive and leader in his trade, as a man and citizen, and as a friend of his fellowmen. Quiet, reserved, still he had a ripened sense of humor, and his droll stories are affectionately remembered by the scores who knew him as a friend. The rewards of his life, to him, were many; and it bore rich fruit also for those around him, through its continued inspiration and example. The inspiring spirit of his home-life has been called ideal, while that of his outside connections will continue to be well known to those coming after him, and who profit from the guidance of his career.

Beloved husband, father, and friend, he left behind him the friendly and guiding essence of the spirit that moulded his life, for the benefit of others.

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**CHARLES JOSEPH De BAR**—Successful salesmanship in various lines during the first twenty-five years of his business life led to an intimate understanding of human nature and has enabled Charles J. De Bar, of Bellevue, to build a prosperous real estate and insurance business, operating under his own name. An attractive personality, associated with a convincing logic in presenting opportunities to investors and an honorable code of business ethics, have all been instrumental in making him many friends and in establishing him high in the confidence of the people. Citizens of his class are valuable to a community and Bellevue is fortunate in counting Mr. De Bar among its progressive population.

He was born in Viersen, Germany, on June 14, 1882, a son of Gustav and Elizabeth (Schaeffer) De Bar, both natives of Germany. His parents came to this country in 1888 and settled in New York City. His father was a silk manufacturer in New York and died there in 1915, while his mother passed away in 1912. Mr. De Bar was educated in the public and parochial schools of New York; he was graduated from high school in 1898 and then entered the business world as a salesman. For the first five years he worked in the metropolis, then was engaged in Rochester, Buffalo, and elsewhere until 1916, when he came to Pittsburgh and entered the piano selling field. In 1918 he was engaged as a salesman by the Liquid Carbonic Company of Chicago for its Pittsburgh field and remained with that concern until 1923, when he transferred his activities to the Pittsburgh branch of the Cleveland Equipment Corporation. One year later he purchased the real estate and insurance business in Bellevue of O. J. Lothamar, which he has since conducted under his own name. He is of the Roman Catholic faith in religion. He is a member of the Young Men's Christian Association of Bellevue and of the Knights of Columbus; is a director in the Columbus Home Association and a member of the committee of the Church of the Assumption. He is officially affiliated with the National Association of Real Estate Boards, the Pennsylvania State Real Estate Board, and the Pittsburgh Board; and he is vice-president of the Bellevue Board of Trade.

Charles J. De Bar married, in November, 1917, Salome A. Ticknor, of Ridgeway, Pennsylvania, daughter of J. Fred and Marie A. (Manning) Ticknor, and they are the parents of one child: Elizabeth A., born in November, 1920.

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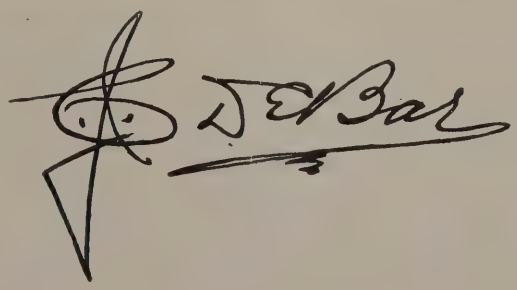
**HENRY RAYMOND HILLIARD**—Vice-president of the Waverly Oil Works Company at Pittsburgh, and an important figure in the financial and industrial life of this city, Henry Raymond Hilliard has been a lifelong resident of Pittsburgh, where his entire active career has centered.



Mr. Hilliard was born on April 28, 1890, in this city, a son of William Henry R. and Mary M. (Jones) Hilliard. The father, who died on February 23, 1930, at the age of seventy-one, was a well-known Pittsburgh manufacturer for many years. He was born in Cleveland, son of Henry H. and Delia R. Hilliard, and came to Pittsburgh when he was only sixteen. He completed the course at St. Mark's School and later entered Harvard, from which he was graduated in 1884. Mr. Hilliard's interests prior to his retirement in 1911, extended to many fields. He was a member of the Pittsburgh Club, the University Club, and others in this city, and of the Harvard Club of New York. Worshipping in the Protestant Episcopal faith, he was a member of the Calvary Church of this denomination, and at one time was senior warden there. Mr. Hilliard was active in both church and club affairs.

Henry Raymond Hilliard, of this record, attended Pittsburgh public schools and Shady Side Academy. Thereafter he was graduated from St. Paul's Preparatory School at Concord, New Hampshire, and from Harvard University where he took the Bachelor of Arts degree, in 1914. Beginning his active career in the same year, he entered the Bond Department of the Mellon National Bank. Through a period of years, his services won him gradual promotion, until in 1922, he became manager of the Bond Department, and in 1925, assistant cashier of the bank. During the period of the World War he interrupted his career to enlist in the United States Army. He was commissioned lieutenant in the Field Artillery Corps, and spent much of his time as an instructor in southern camps.

After the close of the war Mr. Hilliard resumed his duties with the Mellon National Bank. In the summer of 1927 he resigned to become treasurer and vice-president of the Waverly Oil Works Company at Pittsburgh, of which his brother, Thomas J. Hilliard (q. v.), is president. Mr. Hilliard has devoted himself to the duties connected with the executive direction of this company since that time, and his services have been of genuine importance in its progress. In addition he is a director of the Braddock National Bank and the Bessemer Trust Company, both of Braddock, Pennsylvania. In politics he is a supporter of Republican principles and candidates, and although he has never entered public life, has maintained a consistent interest in civic progress. Mr. Hilliard is also a trustee of the Pittsburgh Homeopathic Hospital. He is a member of the Calvary Episcopal Church, and trustee of the Episcopal Diocese of Pittsburgh. His club memberships include the Pittsburgh Club, the Allegheny Country Club, the Fox Chapel Golf Club, and the Pittsburgh Golf Club.

On February 28, 1920, at Baltimore, Maryland, Henry Raymond Hilliard married Elizabeth Levering, of that city. They are the parents of three children: Henry Raymond, Jr., George Webb, and Levering. Mr. Hilliard maintains his offices at No. 2050 Kopper Building, Pittsburgh, while his residence in this city is situated at No. 5817 Solway Street.

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**DANA W. HOVEY**—One of the largest factors in the development of Pennsylvania is petroleum and its by-products. Much of Pittsburgh's progress can be credited to this industry. Dana W. Hovey, vice-president of the Waverly Oil Works Company, came to the Pittsburgh district with experience in the production, development and refining of petroleum that is surpassed by few, his activities having carried him to various oil producing sections of the United States.

Mr. Hovey was born November 6, 1891, at Olean, New York, son of George L. and Augusta (Watson) Hovey, the father now deceased. Mr. Hovey is the grandson of the late Nathan P. Hovey who, in the days of primitive transportation methods, drove a stage coach between Albany and Buffalo, New York.

Dana W. Hovey attended grade and high schools at Olean, and in 1907 entered the employ of the Standard Oil Company of Buffalo, New York, his first position being in that company's laboratory. For more than twelve years thereafter he remained with the Standard Oil Company in Buffalo, with the exception of a period devoted to the United States Government in the World War, during which time he held a lieutenant's commission. In 1920 Mr. Hovey removed to Oklahoma where he was vice-president of the Home Petroleum Company and the Louisiana Petroleum Products Company, a part of the United States Refineries interests. Here his duties brought him into close relation with the refineries at Shreveport, Louisiana, and at Oklahoma City, and of these he was made manager. In 1923 Mr. Hovey was induced to come to Pittsburgh and associate himself with the Hilliard interests, as manager of the Pittsburgh Oil & Refining Company. Later, when the Hilliards took over the Waverly Oil Works Company and consolidated it with their other holdings, Mr. Hovey was elected vice-president of the merged concern, in charge of operations.

While business appears to be the greatest interest in Mr. Hovey's life, he also devotes himself to civic and other activities, being a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce; the Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; the Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; the Commandery, Knights Templar; and of Lorenzo Burrows, Jr., Post, American Legion, of Buffalo. He and his family are communicants of the Episcopal Church, while Mr. Hovey also is a member of the Pittsburgh Athletic Association.

Dana W. Hovey married, May 11, 1918, at Jamaica, Long Island, Ruth C. Lay, of Olean, New York. They have one son, Gene Dana, who was born May 6, 1924, and the family reside at No. 1406 Alabama Avenue, Dormont. The plant and Mr. Hovey's offices are located at Fifty-fourth Street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Pittsburgh.

**CHARLES ARTHUR MARSH**—Considering that Mr. Marsh is still in his early thirties, the achievements which already stand to his credit in the business world, are, indeed, remarkable and furnish proof of his outstanding business and executive ability. Before he had reached the age of thirty years he had been a partner in a well-known New York City importing and exporting firm and then, for several years, an executive in one of the leading department stores of Brooklyn. Since 1927 he has been connected in an executive capacity with Gimbel Brothers' department store in Pittsburgh, one of the largest enterprises of this type in this city and one of the largest of the several stores operated by this firm. While a comparatively newcomer to Pittsburgh, Mr. Marsh is rapidly becoming a figure of note in the business and civic life of the city.

Charles Arthur Marsh was born in New York City, October 12, 1896, a son of Charles William and Anna (Miller) Marsh. His father, now deceased, was engaged in the retail business in New York City for the greater part of his active life. Mr. Marsh received his education in the public grammar and high schools of his native city and later supplemented it by special studies in business practices and methods. He gained his first real business experience in New York City, where he was connected with an export and import concern. Later he became a partner in the firm of Dudley, Lee, Tenney & Company, importers and exporters. In 1922 he accepted an executive position with the Brooklyn department store, Abraham and Straus, with which he remained until 1927. In that year he came to Pittsburgh as general superintendent of Gimbel Brothers. Elected a member of the board of directors, a vice-president and general store manager early in 1929, he has continued to serve with marked success in these several capacities ever since then. His offices are on the tenth floor of the Gimbel store in Pittsburgh. Though Mr. Marsh has had hardly time enough to become very active in any phases of the community's life outside of his own immediate business interests, he has already given definite proof of his deep interest in civic affairs. He is an active member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce and is generally regarded as one of the most able of the younger generation of Pittsburgh's business executives. During the World War Mr. Marsh enlisted, in April, 1917, in the United States Navy, with which he served until January, 1920, with the rank of chief petty officer. For a time he was aboard a transport, later he served with the convoy service and, after the Armistice, he was engaged for many months in mine sweeping in the English Channel. Mr. Marsh is a member of the Pittsburgh Athletic Association.

Mr. Marsh married, September 20, 1930, Constance Lees, of Brooklyn, New York, and they reside in Hampton Hall, Dithridge Street, Pittsburgh.

**DAVID LYTLE CLARK, SR.**—Constant growth of his business of candy manufacturing over a period of more than forty years has resulted in bringing his enterprise to a position among the largest in the United States, with sales in every State and an international reputation as a successful business man for David Lytle Clark, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

From boyhood Mr. Clark was unusually industrious, beginning his career when he was seventeen years of age and having an independent manufacturing plant when he was but twenty-three. It was industry, business acumen and other like traits inherent in his nature that carried him to the front rank of manufacturers from his beginning with a single assistant and four girls in a factory on the North Side of the city, the room being twenty by sixty feet in dimensions. Today his factory produces more than one hundred and fifty varieties of confectionery, one item of which is made at the average rate of a million daily and shipped to every State in the Republic. Two carloads of peanuts are consumed daily and all the chocolate and flavors used are made in the plant, which is one of the most comprehensive in the country. This marvelous growth is due to the ability and unflagging industry of David Lytle Clark, president of D. L. Clark & Company. He is the fortunate possessor of natural business talents, but these were augmented by constant application to a study of all conditions of manufacturing, buying and marketing the product. The details of such manufacturing are minute and complicated, yet President Clark is intimately acquainted with them all and has introduced into this system many improvements that have proved of great value to a highly developed enterprise. Mr. Clark holds an eminent position in the industrial field of Pittsburgh and of the country at large, for his enterprises, one of which employs more than eight hundred persons and manufactures several nationally known and used brands of chewing gum, rank among those of like character at the very top of the list of producers. This makes him a valuable citizen, for he occupies a position of great importance to the progress of the community, of which Pittsburgh is the focal point.

He was born in County Derry, Ireland, September 26, 1864, a son of Samuel S. and Jane (Lytle) Clark, both natives of County Derry, and both deceased. The family came to America in 1872 and the elder Clark became a successful merchant in Pittsburgh on the North Side. David Lytle attended the public schools in the old Third Ward and afterward took a business course at Curry Institute. In 1881 he obtained employment with L. T. Yoder, candy manufacturer of Pittsburgh, and remained with that enterprise until 1883, when he discontinued and operated independently. It was in 1887 that he launched himself on a career that has resulted as already noted. He began by driving a candy sales wagon from Pittsburgh to Beaver Falls and other suburbs

within a thirty-mile radius, meeting with such success that he was soon financially able to start his manufacturing enterprise. This he established in a small room on the North Side, with one candy maker, as assistant, and four girls. In 1891 he removed his plant to McKeesport, opened a branch warehouse at Beaver Falls and doubled his output. He had been using wagon sales methods, but in 1891 discontinued this and employed salesmen. Business continued to grow and the sales territory was soon extended to cover western Pennsylvania. In 1902 Mr. Clark reorganized and incorporated his business as the D. L. Clark Company, with a capital of $250,000 and erected a large factory at McKeesport. This plant was outgrown by the ever-increasing business and in 1911 the company purchased the building and machinery of the James McClurg Company, manufacturers of candy and crackers, on the North Side of Pittsburgh. The cracker making machinery was sold, the building remodelled to fit the requirements of candy making exclusively and operations begun there November 1, 1911. The demand for the goods of the Clark Company continued to grow and, to meet the expansion, a large addition to the plant was built, also a viaduct and railroad over Martindale Street, in order that cars might be loaded direct from the plant. In 1922 still another large fire-proof addition was erected and in 1925 the company purchased additional property on Corry, Martindale and Reedsdale streets, which was utilized for additional structures and embraced in the plant. The location is one of the best in Pittsburgh for its purpose of manufacture, advertising and shipping; the factories employ more than eight hundred people in the manufacture of candy alone, while three hundred and fifty are employed in the subsidiary business of chewing gum making. The concern has its own machine shop, located in a seven-story building, and manufactures much of the machinery used in the process of candy-making. One product, the "Clark Bar," is made at the rate of a million five-cent units a day, while ninety-five per cent. of two carloads of peanuts used every day goes into the manufacture of peanut butter. From the raw materials chocolate and other ingredients are made at the plant and distributed by means of pipe lines throughout the buildings. The Clark factory was the originator of "Zig-Zag," one of the most famous confections ever made in this country. Besides President David Lytle Clark, the officers of the company are: Harold S. Clark, general manager and treasurer, and David Lytle Clark, Jr., vice-president and superintendent. A biography of the latter accompanies this.

In 1924 the Clark Brothers Chewing Gum Company was founded, eleven years after the candy making concern had entered Pittsburgh with its enterprise. The founder believed that the two enterprises, the manufacturing and sales principles of which were so opposed to each other, would function more harmoniously as individual concerns, and a building opposite the candy making plant was purchased to house the gum plant. This company makes the nationally famous "Teaberry," "Sweetwood" and "Long-Chew" gums, employs upward of three hundred and twenty-five persons and has a capacity of 6,000,000 one-cent bars of chewing gum daily, with a considerable export business to Canada. The officers in this concern are: David L. Clark, president; E. O. Long, vice-president; J. W. Critchfield, vice-president and director of sales; G. A. Danner, secretary and general manager; Harold S. Clark, treasurer; C. A. Guthridge, assistant secretary and director of purchases. The company ranks fourth of its kind in America. David Lytle Clark, Sr., is a director of the First National Bank of McKeesport, Pennsylvania, is president of the Youngstown Candy Company and owner of the Fayette Candy Company, of Uniontown, Pennsylvania. In politics he is a Republican, and in religion, a member of the Presbyterian faith. His city residence is at No. 5425 Dunmoyle Street, Squirrel Hill, Pittsburgh; his summer home, "Silver Maples," is near McKeesport.

David Lytle Clark married, in 1890, at Beaver, Pennsylvania, Martha J. Snitger, deceased in 1921; they were the parents of thirteen children, of whom twelve are living. They are: 1. Helen, married Frank O. Tawney. 2. Harold S. 3. Frank W., deceased, May 14, 1915. 4. Olive M. 5. Martha R. 6. David L., Jr. (q. v.) 7. Margaret M. 8. Robert M., married Margaret Kerl, of Cincinnati, Ohio. 9. Charles T. 10. Dorothy Virginia. 11. Joseph L. 12. Kathryn R. 13. Alan F.

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**DAVID LYTLE CLARK, JR.**—In selections for promotion there are no preferences shown unless promotion has been earned through accomplishment, in the employ of the D. L. Clark Company, of Pittsburgh, which stands among the largest producers in America. It is all the more creditable to David Lytle Clark, Jr., that he won his way upward in the concern by ability and in six years after his entrance as a salesman he was made vice-president of the enterprise. His popularity is attested by the fact that every one of the older employees, the roll of which is upward of eight hundred, knows the vice-president well enough to call him "Dave," a title indicative of attractive personality and human qualities. He is the youngest officer of the concern and has given ample proof of high qualities of salesmanship and executive capacity. Years before he was born his father had achieved success with his industry, placing it on a plane among the most important of its class in the country, but the young vice-president has materially added to the progress of the business by his ardent work in all lines. Mr. Clark has general supervision of the candy making plant and its eight hundred employees, who make about one hundred and fifty different varieties of confections, including the popular "Clark Bar" and many kinds of caramels and hard candy. Peanut butter is manufactured in great quantities, the consumption of the ground nuts being at the

daily rate of two carloads, ninety-five per cent. of which is thus converted. Since Mr. Clark became vice-president, in 1928, the business has continued to grow, largely through his judicious management and intimate knowledge of details of manufacture and distribution. He is a vigorous young man, fond of outdoor recreations at their proper time, devoted to his work and of a very attractive personality. At the present writing he has achieved a quantity of output that amounts daily to a million five-cent bars of the "Clark Bar" that the company popularized and which is now distributed over the entire United States and heavily purchased in Canada, all of this in addition to the other products which find their way over a wide territory.

David L. Clark, Jr., was born in McKeesport, Pennsylvania, January 3, 1902, a son of David Lytle and Martha J. (Snitger) Clark, and the sixth of thirteen children of his parents, twelve of whom are at present living. His mother died in 1921. He was educated in the public elementary and high schools of Pittsburgh, followed by three years at Duquesne University and with special courses in accounting. In 1922 he entered into business by becoming a salesman for the D. L. Clark Company and was thus occupied for two years. During the years 1924 to 1926 he filled the office of sales manager of the company and in 1928 was promoted to his present post of vice-president and general superintendent of the concern. He is very fond of golf, tennis and bowling and in religion is a Presbyterian, attending the Third Presbyterian Church. He is active in social, fraternal and athletic circles and holds membership in the East Liberty Young Men's Christian Association and other organizations.

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**ALBERT CHALMER OAKLEY**—Connected with the Duquesne Inclined Plane Railway since 1896, Mr. Oakley has held various positions of importance and responsibility with this enterprise and for many years has been its superintendent. He is active in financial, fraternal and religious affairs and ranks as one of the substantial and highly respected citizens of the Mount Washington district of Pittsburgh.

Albert Chalmer Oakley was born at Glenfield, Pennsylvania, December 6, 1861, a son of the late Albert G. and Mary (Wolfe) Oakley. His father was a general contractor and built the original Dixmont Hospital unit. He was also very active in church and civic affairs and was one of the original organizers of the Republican party in Pittsburgh, continuing to be one of that party's leaders during the remainder of his life. Mr. Oakley attended the grade schools at Glenfield and then worked for a time with his father in the latter's contracting business. Next he was apprenticed to the blacksmith's trade, in which he remained three years. During 1883-96 he worked on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers as an engineer. In 1896 he became engineer of the Duquesne Inclined Plane Railway, of which he was later made director and eventually superintendent; the latter position he still holds. When the South Hills Trust Company was organized, Mr. Oakley became a member of its first board of directors and in 1928 he was made vice-president of this bank. He is also treasurer of the Duquesne Heights Building & Loan Association, a position he has occupied from 1918 to the present time (1931), much to his credit and to the benefit of the association and its members. Mr. Oakley is a member of the United American Mechanics, the Knights of Pythias, and the Protected Home Circle. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, and his religious affiliation is with the Mount Washington Methodist Protestant Church, of which he is vice-president of its board of trustees.

Mr. Oakley married in Pittsburgh, in 1894, Anna M. Myers. Mr. and Mrs. Oakley, who make their home at No. 232 Bigham Street, Mount Washington, Pittsburgh, have had five children: 1. Gladys, who died July 19, 1930. 2. Marion M. 3. Wanda P. 4. Albert Chalmer, Jr., born in 1908, now attending the Westinghouse School, where he is studying advertising. 5. Charles E., born in 1911, a member of the class of 1933 at the Dental School of the University of Pittsburgh. Mr. Oakley's offices are at No. 1212 Grandview Avenue, Mount Washington, Pittsburgh.

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**GLENN WILBER PEIFFER, D. D. S.**—For the last fifteen years Dr. Peiffer has been successfully engaged in the practice of dentistry in Sewickley. He is one of the best-known dental surgeons of western Pennsylvania and his high professional standing is indicated by the fact that he was elected in 1930 president of the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania, having the distinction of being the youngest man ever to be elected to this office.

Glenn Wilber Peiffer was born at Meadville, Pennsylvania, in 1894, a son of Charles E. and Mary (Chamberlain) Peiffer. His father is master car builder for the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railroad. Ancestors on both his parents' sides fought in the Civil War and one of the uncles of Dr. Peiffer's father, Samuel A. Peiffer, served as a color sergeant. A monument stands today in Meadville in his honor and in recognition of his heroic deeds during the war. Dr. Peiffer received his early education in the public grammar schools of Kent, Ohio, and of Sayre, Pennsylvania, and then attended the high school at DuBois, Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in due course. Next he took up the study of dentistry at the University of Pittsburgh, graduating from that institution's dental school with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1915. In July of that year he established himself in the independent practice of dentistry in Sewickley. His offices are in the First National Building. Ever since establishing himself in active practice Dr. Peiffer has been active in the affairs of the Odontological So-

A. C. Oakley

ciety of Western Pennsylvania and in 1929 he served as its vice-president and as chairman of the program committee. At the forty-ninth annual meeting of the society, held in November, 1930, Dr. Peiffer was elected president. The Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania was organized in 1852 and was the first dental society in western Pennsylvania and the sixth in the United States. Today (1931) it has a membership of more than eight hundred and seventy-five and is the fifth largest dental society in the United States. It was organized by the following pioneer dentists of western Pennsylvania, all men prominent in their profession in their day: Drs. William M. Wright, John Scott, M. Depuy, Robert Vandervort, W. F. Fundenberg, and William Backop. At the time of its organization a local newspaper carried the following comment: "The constitution and by-laws indicate that the men who formed the society were men of culture, education and the highest professional ideals." For many years it was the custom to hold the meetings of the society during the winter months in Pittsburgh and during the summer months in the neighboring towns. The society now covers the following western Pennsylvania counties: Lawrence, Beaver, Butler, Allegheny, Washington, Fayette, Westmoreland, Indiana and Greene. Besides Dr. Peiffer, the officers of the society in 1930 were the following: Dr. C. R. Garman, vice-president; Dr. D. S. Carahan, treasurer; Dr. W. Earle Craig, secretary; M. M. Jacquette, assistant secretary. There are thirteen directors, one from each of the thirteen component groups. The members of the society adhere to the code of ethics established by the American Dental Association. Dr. Peiffer is a past president of the Beaver Valley Dental Society; a member and a Past Grand Master of the Pittsburgh Auxiliary Chapter of Delta Sigma Delta Fraternity, a national dental fraternity; and a member of Doric Lodge, No. 630, Free and Accepted Masons; the Coraopolis Chapter, Royal Arch Masons; and the Montour Heights Country Club. His religious affiliation is with St. Paul's Lutheran Church of Sewickley, of which he is a member of its board of trustees.

Dr. Peiffer married at DuBois, Pennsylvania, December 23, 1916, Hazel Brady. Dr. and Mrs. Peiffer, who make their home at No. 415 Orchard Street, Glen Osborne, Sewickley, have two children: Glenn Wilber, Jr., born in 1921; and Nancy.

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**CARL R. GARMAN, D. D. S.**—For the last thirteeen years and ever since the completion of his dental education and training the city of Pittsburgh has been the scene of Dr. Garman's successful professional activities as a dental surgeon. He enjoys a large and important practice and ever since locating in Pittsburgh in active practice has been prominently identified with the affairs of the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania. After having served this well-known and long established organization in several offices he was elected in 1930 vice-president. He is widely known in dental circles in western Pennsylvania and is also a member of several fraternal and social organizations.

Carl R. Garman was born at Garman, Cambria County, September 20, 1892, a son of D. A. and Anna (Bracken) Garman. His grandfather, Peter Garman, who was a pioneer lumberman of Cambria County, at one time owned the tract of land, where the town of Garman now stands and it was named in his honor. Dr. Garman's maternal grandfather, Captain Nathan Bracken, was killed in the battle of Fredericksburg during the Civil War. Dr. Garman received his early education in the public grammar schools of his native town and then attended and graduated from the high school at Barnesboro, Cambria County. From there he went to the University of Pittsburgh, where he studied dentistry, graduating from the Dental School with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1917. In the same year he established himself in the general practice of dentistry in Pittsburgh, where his offices are located in Suite No. 5033, Jenkins Arcade. Ever since coming to Pittsburgh he has been prominently active in the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania, to the affairs of which he has given a great deal of his time. He has served successively as editor, assistant secretary and treasurer and, at the forty-ninth meeting of the society, held in November, 1930, he was elected vice-president. He is also a member of several committees of the society; and is vice-president of the Lake Erie Dental Association. Other organizations in which Dr. Garman maintains membership, include the following: Delta Sigma Delta Fraternity, a dental fraternity; Loyalty Lodge, No. 696, Free and Accepted Masons; Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Keystone Athletic Club; and the Pittsburgh Field Club. During the World War Dr. Garman served in the Dental Corps, being assigned to the University of Pittsburgh as a demonstrator. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliations are with the Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Garman married at Cherrytree, Cambria County, near his native town, on January 16, 1912, Lucille Graham. Dr. and Mrs. Garman, who make their home at No. 1008 Mellon Street, East End, Pittsburgh, have three children: 1. Helen Louise, now a student at the Winchester School. 2. Carl R., Jr., born in 1914, a student at the Peabody High School. 3. James Ross, born in 1916, likewise a student at the Peabody High School.

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**W. EARLE CRAIG, D. D. S.**—A member of one of the oldest Pittsburgh families and himself a native and lifelong resident of this city, Dr. Craig has been successfully engaged in the practice of his profession, dentistry, in his native city for more than a decade and ever since the com-

pletion of his dental education and training. He enjoys a large practice and is widely known in dental circles in western Pennsylvania, his high professional standing being indicated by the fact that he was elected, in 1930, secretary of the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania. He is a veteran of the World War and a member of several fraternal and social organizations and he is also prominently active in religious affairs.

W. Earle Craig was born in Pittsburgh, September 19, 1896, a son of William J. and Catherine (McNulty) Craig. Including Dr. Craig himself, at least five successive generations of the Craig family were born in the Squirrel Hill district of Pittsburgh. The first known record was his great-great-grandfather, William Craig, who was born in that part of Pittsburgh near the Homestead Bridge. Dr. Craig's great-grandfather was Henry Craig and his grandfather was Stewart Craig. Few other Pittsburgh families, if any, have lived for so many generations continuously in one and the same section of Pittsburgh. Having received his early education in the Ingram Grammar School, Dr. Craig attended and was graduated from the Crafton High School and then took up the study of dentistry at the University of Pittsburgh from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1918. Dr. Craig enlisted on December 27, 1917 and was sent to Camp Beauregard, Louisiana, where he remained until the spring of 1919. He was commissioned a first lieutenant in the Dental Corps, United States Army. After his return from the army in April, 1919, he established himself in the independent general practice of dentistry in Pittsburgh. At first his offices were in the Monongahelia Bank Building, but more recently they have been in the Jenkins Arcade, the headquarters of many of the leading dentists and physicians of the city. Ever since Dr. Craig started the practice of dentistry in Pittsburgh, he has been very active in the affairs of the Odontological Society of Pennsylvania and at the forty-ninth meeting of this society, held in 1930, he was elected its secretary. He is also a member of Frank R. Kirk Post, No. 135, American Legion, and the Keystone Athletic Club, as well as Psi Omega Fraternity, a dental fraternity. His religious affiliations are with the United Presbyterian Church of Ingram and for the last ten years he has been a member of its board of trustees.

Dr. Craig married in Pittsburgh, September 26, 1920, Alice I. McIntyre. Dr. and Mrs. Craig, who make their home at No. 280 Noble Avenue, Crafton, have three children: William Earle, Jr., born in 1921; Mary Alice; and Ann.

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**DONALD SIMCOX CARNAHAN, D. D. S.**—For more than a decade and ever since the completion of his dental training and studies, Allegheny County has been the scene of Dr. Carnahan's successful professional activities as a dental surgeon. After first having practiced for some ten years in Sheridan, he came to Pittsburgh in 1930. He is widely and favorably known in dental circles in western Pennsylvania and is a popular member and an officer of the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania. He is also prominently active in Masonic affairs and is a veteran of the World War.

Donald S. Carnahan was born at Sandy Lake, Mercer County, August 23, 1897, a son of Otis O. and Florence (Simcox) Carnahan. His father, now retired, was formerly active in the lumber industry and was also a member of the Masonic Order. Both of Dr. Carnahan's parents are natives of Mercer County. His paternal grandfather, Colonel Carnahan, was a veteran of the Civil War. On both his parents' sides Dr. Carnahan is descended from old American families, several of his paternal and maternal ancestors having served in the War of the Revolution. After he had received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Sandy Lake, Dr. Carnahan attended the old Central High School in Pittsburgh and then took up the study of dentistry at the University of Pittsburgh, from the Dental School of which institution he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery in 1919. While at the university he was a member of the freshman football team. His dental education was temporarily interrupted during the World War, when Dr. Carahan entered the United States Army in July, 1918. He served in the infantry and was sent to the Officers' Training School at Plattsburg, New York. After graduating from Dental School, Dr. Carnahan, in 1919, established himself in the private practice of his profession at Sheridan, Allegheny County. In 1930 he came to Pittsburgh and opened an office in Suite No. 6149-50, Jenkins Arcade. For many years Dr. Carnahan has been prominently active in the affairs of the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania and at the forty-ninth annual meeting of this society, held in 1930, he was elected treasurer. He is a member of the State Dental Society and the American Dental Association. He also is a member of Psi Omega Fraternity, a dental fraternity, and of Theodore Roosevelt Lodge, No. 697, Free and Accepted Masons, as well as of the several other Masonic bodies up to and including the Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. His religious affiliations are with the Sheridan Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Carnahan married in Pittsburgh on June 16, 1920, Barbara Stegall. Dr. and Mrs. Carnahan have three children: Donald S., Jr., born March 16, 1921; Ralph Herbert, born October 1, 1924; and David Otis, born January 10, 1926. The family residence is located at No. 762 Sherwood Avenue, Pittsburgh.

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**AUSTIN PURVES HUTCHINSON, D. D. S.**—Following his graduation from dental college, Dr. Hutchinson became associated with one of the leading Pittsburgh dentists. In 1926, he established himself in the independent practice of his

Austin P. Hutchinson

profession at Aspinwall, since which time he has become one of that town's leading dentists. He is a member of numerous dental organizations, in some of which he holds high office, and he is known for his deep and truly scientific interest in everything pertaining to his profession.

Austin P. Hutchinson was born at Aspinwall, November 19, 1901, a son of John E. and Margaret (Winslow) Hutchinson. Through his paternal grandmother he is related to the late President Buchanan, fifteenth president of the United States, who was her uncle. Dr. Hutchinson received his early education in the public grammar and high schools of Aspinwall and then attended the Dental College of the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery, in 1923. For the next three years he was associated with Dr. C. E. Brinkman. In 1926 he opened an office of his own and since then he has practiced independently, his office now located at No. 92 Brilliant Avenue, Aspinwall. He is active in several dental associations, being president of the North Dental Club, one of the component societies of the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania. He is secretary of the Pittsburgh Dental Research Club, a member of the Valley Heights Country Club, and of the Boston Study Club, the last-named organization being devoted to dental study. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, and his religious affiliation is with the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Dr. Hutchinson married at Mountain Lake Park, Maryland, August 20, 1927, Sara Meadows, who passed away April 14, 1931, leaving two children: Sara Jean and Nancy Jane. Dr. Hutchinson makes his home at The Arlington Apartments, Pittsburgh.

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**JOHN DICKEY CULBERTSON**—Having gained his business training and experience with several large industrial enterprises in the Pittsburgh district, Mr. Culbertson, in 1918, became connected with the Duer Spring & Manufacturing Company of McKees Rocks, Allegheny County, and since then has been vice-president of this successful manufacturing undertaking. In that capacity he has made valuable contributions during the last decade to the continuous prosperity and success of the company, one of the important industrial establishments of McKees Rocks, and his standing as a business executive today is very high.

John Dickey Culbertson was born at Wheeling, West Virginia, November 28, 1883, a son of the late John Dickey and Sallie (Tingle) Culbertson. His father, likewise a native of Wheeling, West Virginia, was for many years and until his death, in March, 1911, treasurer of the National Tube Company of Pittsburgh. His mother, too, was born in Wheeling. She died in January, 1929. Mr. Culbertson prepared for college at St. Paul's School, Concord, New Hampshire, where he was graduated in 1902. From there he went to Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut, which he attended for two years. He then entered the employ of the National Tube Company at its plant in Lorain, Ohio, from where he was later transferred to Pittsburgh. After two years he became connected with the Fort Pitt Spring Company, McKees Rocks, with which he remained for six years as its vice-president. During the next two years he engaged in business as a stock and bond broker in Pittsburgh, being a member of the firm of Richards & Culbertson, his partner in this enterprise being Mr. R. S. Richards. In 1918 Mr. Culbertson resumed his connection with the Spring Manufacturing business in the Pittsburgh district, becoming in that year vice-president of the Duer Spring & Manufacturing Company of McKees Rocks, Allegheny County, a position which he has continued to fill with much ability since then. This company was organized in 1902 for the manufacture of all kinds of coil and small flat springs. For the first four years it was operated by its founder, Mr. J. J. Duer. In 1906, it was incorporated under its present name, and Mr. Culbertson was elected president. Associated with Mr. Culbertson in the active management of the company are: S. H. Hunter, vice-president; and H. W. Bowles, treasurer. The company employs on an average of seventy-five persons. It has occupied its present plant on Mulberry Street, McKees Rocks, since 1918. Though the major share of his time is devoted to his business interests, Mr. Culbertson also takes an active part in the social life of Sewickley, where he makes his home. He is a member of the Allegheny Country Club and of the Edgeworth Club. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliations are with the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Culbertson married, in 1908, Viola Wheeler, of Sewickley, Allegheny County, a daughter of Harlow B. and Katharine Wheeler. Mr. and Mrs. Culbertson are the parents of three children: 1. Harlow W., who was born in 1910. 2. John D., 3d. 3. Viola T.

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**GEORGE EDWARD EVANS**—By profession a lawyer, Mr. Evans, however, has never actively practiced law, but has spent his entire career in the field of business. In recent years, after he had been engaged for many years in the lumber business, he has devoted the greater part of his time and attention to the contracting and building business. He has been an important factor in the recent improvement of housing conditions in Pittsburgh and takes a very active part in the management of several large and successful apartment houses. Through his various business activities, as well as in other ways, Mr. Evans has made many important contributions to civic progress in Pittsburgh and he ranks as one of the most public-spirited, most useful and most representative residents of this city.

George Edward Evans was born at Freeport, Ohio, in 1876, a son of the late Philip S. and

Margeanna (Beebe) Evans, both now deceased. His paternal ancestry dates back to Colonial days and his great-grandfather, Colonel Isaac Evans, served in the Revolutionary War and in the War of 1812, in which latter conflict he held the rank of colonel. Mr. Evans' father was a veteran of the Civil War, during which he served with Company D, 42d Ohio Volunteers, with which he participated in General Sherman's famous march to the sea, after having previously served under General Grant. Mr. Evans himself received his early education in the public schools of Freeport, Ohio, and then attended Phillips-Exeter Academy, Exeter, New Hampshire. Later he took up the study of law at the University of Pittsburgh, from the law school of which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1900. Although he was admitted to the Allegheny County bar in the same year, he did not enter upon the active practice of his profession, but instead engaged in the lumber business, in which he continued to be actively engaged for many years. More recently he has been a partner of the well-known Pittsburgh contracting firm of Evans and Newham, which has built more than seventy-five homes in the past three years and which is one of the largest concerns of its type in the Pittsburgh district. Today one of Mr. Evans' chief interests is the management of the up-to-date Georgian and Georgian Junior Apartment Houses. He is regarded as an authority on housing conditions and he is deeply interested in bettering these. He is the co-author of "Pennsylvania Homes," a plan book, the houses and specifications of which he helped to design. This book has a circulation of over fifty thousand. Mr. Evans is also one of the prime movers in the promotion of tax reform and a firm believer in the assessment of buildings at fifty per cent. of their taxable value. At one time he served as president of the Retail Lumber Dealers Association of Pennsylvania and he is now president of the Associated Apartment Houses of Pittsburgh. He was also one of the founders and is now the national president of the Henry George Foundation. He is a life member of the Keystone Athletic Club and a member of the Highland Country Club, and a member of Ionic Lodge, No. 525, Free and Accepted Masons; Allegheny Commandery, No. 35; Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

Mr. Evans married at Jeanette, Ohio, in June, 1900, D. Lillian Best, and they have three children: 1. Eleanor Rose, now Mrs. W. C. Ridge. 2. Mrs. Mildred J. Goodman. 3. Samuel B. Evans, born in 1908. The family home is located at No. 197 Watson Boulevard, North Side, Pittsburgh, while Mr. Evans' offices are on Ellsworth Avenue in the Georgian Apartments.

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**ROBERT ELSWORTH STONE**—"With the passing of Robert Elsworth Stone, the McKeesport district loses one who had always stood for the best in business practices, a citizen of the highest standing, and the sincere and helpful friend of every man and woman who sought to advance through honest and conscientious effort."

That indeed is high tribute, yet the life and activities of Robert Elsworth Stone more than merited it, together with the other encomiums which showered down from late associates at the time of his passing.

Chiefly, to the people of McKeesport and Greater Pittsburgh, he was known as a furniture merchant; the public-spirited citizens of the greater community knew him best for his service as register of wills; his many employees regarded him not as a stern director, but, rather, as the friend for whom they worked, giving him always of their very best; and the legion of his friends outside the store was a legion in truth, perpetuating his memory today in the universal estimation known as public esteem.

A native Pennsylvanian, Mr. Stone was born at Brownsville, July 17, 1861. He was a son of Robert and Eliza (Gray) Stone, and this family, we may add, has long been represented in the Commonwealth, its members having filled useful positions contributing to the widespread advancement of the State through the virtue of their sum of effort.

Robert Stone, the father, was by trade a cooper. He manufactured all kinds of merchandise in which his craft might figure, turning out barrels, churns, high-grade buckets, *et cetera*, and distributing these on the road, driving his heavily loaded wagon through the countryside and selling to the farmers, the village stores, and the people in those towns through which he passed. It was a lucrative trade, as he applied himself to it, and yet not one to lead to fortune. It did make him something of a philosopher, and in his contacts with people on the road he was welcomed always as a cheerful figure lightening the day's cares. His was the talent of sociability, obvious sincerity, and genial kindness—and this, perhaps, was the finest heritage which he bestowed upon his son, who, in these respects, resembled the elder Mr. Stone to a large degree. The elder died in Glendale, Pennsylvania, when the latter still was a child.

Receiving a limited formal schooling, the son early went on his own resources; and yet such a keen and natural student was he that he secured the fullest of educations, through observation of those around him, by reading, and in thoughtful analysis of what he saw and read. He was, like his father, a kindly philosopher, and valued things of the spirit more than those of the material world. Not that he lacked what we call ambition—he had that heavily inculcated in him, and his first job, as bootblack, showed his intense willingness to work. Later he sold newspapers, in Pittsburgh, and still later, as an apprentice, learned the trade of painter under a John Mercer, of Pittsburgh. Later still he changed his direction of enterprise into financial channels, and became identified with the instalment financial institution then being founded

by John Morris, and Charles Ren. He first worked for Mr. Ren, two years, then worked for Mr. Morris, and with them both secured a sound financial and general business training which stood him well in later years.

Saving what money he could, he was ready for an opportunity to invest in a business of his own, and his foresightedness and ambition were rewarded when this opportunity presented itself, through a partnership with Messrs. Wells and Winterburn, who opened, with him as third partner, an instalment furniture house, disposing of furniture at retail on deferred payments, a plan which since has become universal. The firm, in Pittsburgh, was known as Wells, Stone and Winterburn, and had its show rooms on Grant Street. Because of his previous experience at instalment financing, Mr. Stone was a valued member of the firm, and he contributed handsomely to its fortunes, reaping added experience which would, still later, serve him in good stead as an independent merchant in McKeesport.

Meanwhile, in Pittsburgh, on March 25, 1886, he was united in marriage with Nettie L. Reed, a daughter of Lewis and Mary (Gilchrist) Reed, early residents of Butler County, Pennsylvania, where, at Zelianople, Mr. Reed engaged as a tanner, operating his own private enterprise.

In 1887, about a year after his marriage, Mr. Stone removed to the McKeesport district—then a much smaller community than it is today—and saw the certain signs of growth and increasing business which, since, have made it one of the important units of the greater city of Pittsburgh. Even then, it was a thriving community, and Mr. Stone was satisfied. He set up a furniture store where the Elks' Temple now stands, and with a partner, operating under the name style of Wells and Stone, began to trade in a comparatively modest way. The business was a success from the start, and two years later Mr. Stone bought out the holding of his partner, conducting the trade thenceforward by himself. He made it grow steadily, wholesomely, until its volume exceeded that of the majority of furniture stores nearby and made it one of the reliable stores in the Pittsburgh area. In fact, he gave the store some forty-odd years—the whole balance of his life, and it remains behind him as one kind of lasting memorial, standing for the fortune of his business accomplishment here.

Mr. Stone was a firm believer in handling quality merchandise, at a fair price, and as a result his store always enjoyed the prestige of reliability. With this he coupled a service policy that attracted patrons because of its human qualities, and it is a fact that during the many years of his installment business (he continued this type of business in one department of the store) he never once distressed a customer by pressing for payments when none could be met. He gave the patron the benefit of every consideration, and found his customers grateful; they stayed by him, through bad times and good, as he stood by them. When he was launching his business, creditors had been generous with him; he appreciated this, and passed it on when he was the creditor of others.

While he devoted most of his time to the store, operated under the name style of R. E. Stone and Company, that did not mean the neglect of his duties as a public-spirited citizen, or as a participant in the affairs usually patronized by prominent merchants and business leaders. The perspicacity which caused him to coin the well-known slogan, "Try Stone's for beds," with its easily remembered and comic suggestion, also led him to be a gifted leader in political affairs, and he served one term as register of wills for Allegheny County.

That was some twenty-five years before his death. He gave to the office of register of wills the same careful thought that he gave his business, and which caused that business to grow so large that he had to find larger quarters and ultimately erected a business block—which still houses the Stone company in McKeesport. It is an office requiring the most accurate thinking, figuring, and the most dignified address; and Mr. Stone filled it admirably.

Though he held only the one county office, he continued to be a figure of prominence in public matters until the time of his death, and will always be recalled for the fine type of service that he gave to the people at large.

He was a director of the People's City Bank, president of the Community Savings and Loan Association, vice-president of the Realty Company, vice-president of the Penn-McKee Hotel Corporation, a member of the McKeesport Planning Commission, vice-president of the D. L. Clark Company, and a director of many other enterprises which have served and which continue to serve the people of his community, as business units, and as citizens interested in the promotion of widespread welfare. His social activities kept pace with his business and public interests, and he was a member of Syria Temple, No. 4, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, also belonging to all bodies of the York and Scottish Rite; the Rotary Club, several other club and social groups; and McKeesport Lodge, No. 136, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks (trustee for more than thirty years); Camp No. 23, Woodmen of the World; Grandview Lodge, No. 303, Knights of Pythias; the Order of Independent Americans, and the Junior Order of United American Mechanics; and was a communicant of the First Methodist Episcopal Church of McKeesport, of which he was a trustee.

Thus in fraternal, social, business and public capacities, his activities were broad and of the kind to make him many friends in every walk of life. The confidence, respect and esteem of all persons knowing him or being familiar with his accomplishments was the natural result of his citizenship and leadership in the varied fields of his endeavor.

A self-made man, Mr. Stone was an example, and an inspiring example, of how one can start at the bottom and advance himself through the years until his position is of comparable respect and esteem. At the time of his death, in McKeesport, January 24, 1932, a large volume of letters and memorials came to Mrs. Stone, who continues to make her residence in McKeesport; and each of these attested to his worth as a business factor and man and friend. Newspapers throughout the State carried notice of his passing, with regrets, and some days later the following news story appeared, showing that until the very end Mr. Stone had thought of those who had served him loyally: "All employees of the R. E. Stone Company, furniture store at 412 Market Street, who were working there at the time of Mr. Stone's death, are to be continued in their positions as long as they 'remain faithful to their trust and to the officers in charge,' as stipulated in his will, filed yesterday."

It was a gesture typical of his large spirit, and serves, finally, to characterize him to the reader. Mr. Stone was ever moved by generosity and consideration of others.

His death was a distinct loss to McKeesport and to the county.

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**JOHN F. CASEY, SR.**—Founder and for many years the guiding spirit of the Pittsburgh company which bears his name, John F. Casey has brought this enterprise to a preëminent position in the construction field of western Pennsylvania. The John F. Casey Company is one of the largest and best-known firms engaged in construction work in the Pittsburgh district, with offices and plant located on a fifty-acre property on the banks of the Allegheny River near Aspinwall. In a very real sense it is Mr. Casey's personal creation, and the success which it enjoys will always be associated primarily with his name.

Mr. Casey was born in Lambton County, Province of Ontario, Canada, on May 28, 1872, a son of John Casey, born in Ontario, whose death occurred in 1889, and of Agnes (McKinley) Casey, who was also born in Ontario and whose death occurred in 1876. The father was a farmer by occupation, engaging throughout his life in agricultural pursuits.

When Mr. Casey was still a boy, he came to Pittsburgh, and in this city attended the parochial school of St. Mary's. Later he spent two years in Pittsburgh College, now Duquesne University, before beginning the business of life. His first employment was with Huling Brothers, steamboat transportation and river contractors, and for six years he remained in this connection, in charge of the office work. This experience gave him a wide insight into contracting problems and methods of operation, and while faithfully discharging those duties which came to him he was planning an independent venture. In 1898 he was able to put these plans into operation, entering the contracting field for himself in association with Gustave Kaufman. Mr. Casey was first engaged in building the Beechwood Boulevard here, and after the completion of this work he formed the contracting firm of Lee and Casey, which later became Westwater and Casey, contractors. This arrangement was continued from 1903 to 1909, and since that time he has operated his business under the name of the John F. Casey Company. This company was incorporated in 1922, and the officers of the corporation are now as follows: John F. Casey, chairman of of the board; Clarence E. Lott, president; S. L. Fuller, executive vice-president and treasurer; P. W. Chabot, vice-president; S. B. Casey, vice-president; A. D. McCombs, assistant treasurer; H. E. Connelly, purchasing agent; J. F. Casey, Jr., secretary; William L. Heinz, paymaster. Engaged in general construction work, this company specializes in the building of bridges and railroads and heavy foundations, employing on an average fifteen hundred people. Their modern plant and office building near Aspinwall contains every modern convenience, including dining facilities for employees and shops for the manufacture and repair of equipment. The following companies are owned or associated with the Casey organization: Wm. Swindell and Brothers, furnace constructors; the Hillside Stone and Supply Company, building supply dealers; the Railway Maintenance Corporation, manufacturers of railroad equipment; the Allegheny Equipment Corporation, dealers in construction equipment; the Duquesne Burner Service Company, manufacturers of natural gas burners; the Gas Combustion Company, manufacturers of blast furnace and coke oven burners; the New Castle Refractories Company, manufacturers of refractories; the American Dressler Tunnel Kilns, Inc., designers and constructors of kilns; and the Star Tiling Company, interior tile constructors.

Under Mr. Casey's able direction of affairs, the record of the company was one of constant progress and growth, as its business grew from modest beginnings to prosperous proportions. Its reputation for efficient work and honest service soon became widely known, and the high standards which Mr. Casey always insisted upon contributed decisively to its success.

He has never confined himself solely to business, however, being a member of several local bodies of various kinds, including the Duquesne Club, the Longue Vue Country Club, the Pittsburgh Country Club, the Field Club, the Pittsburgh Athletic Club, the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, the Union Club of Cleveland, the Columbus Club of Columbus, Ohio, and others. Mr. Casey is a director of the Forbes National Bank. With his family he worships in the faith of the Roman Catholic Church.

In 1896 John F. Casey married Mary Ethel Lee, of Columbus, Ohio, daughter of John and Louise W. Lee, of that place. Mr. and Mrs. Casey became the parents of several children, of whom four are now living: 1. John F., Jr. 2.

Elmer G. Waldschmidt

Kathleen Lee, now Mrs. George L. Craig, Jr., of Pittsburgh. 3. Samuel Brown, a biography of whom follows. 4. Rosemary. Two children are deceased: William, who died in infancy, and Marjorie (Casey) McAllister. The residence of the family is maintained in Pittsburgh.

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**SAMUEL BROWN CASEY**—Vice-president of the John F. Casey Company, and president of its subsidiary, the Hillside Stone and Supply Company, Samuel Brown Casey occupies an important place in this organization which has become one of the largest construction firms in western Pennsylvania.

Mr. Casey was born at Pittsburgh June 3, 1903, a son of John F. Casey, founder of the famous company which bears his name (see preceding sketch), and of Mary Ethel (Lee) Casey. Following attendance in local parochial schools, he was graduated from Shady Side Academy in 1921, and in 1922, from Babson Institute, at Wellesley Hills, Massachusetts. Anxious to begin the business of life, Mr. Casey became associated with the American Gas Accumulator Company, of Elizabeth, New Jersey, as their representative in the Pittsburgh section, but two years later, in 1924, took over the office of secretary and treasurer of the Hillside Stone and Supply Company, controlled by the John F. Casey Company. Entering into his new work with enthusiasm he soon became thoroughly familiar with the details of its operation, and having demonstrated his executive talents, he became president of the company in 1928. Mr. Casey is also vice-president of the John F. Casey Company, a director of that company and of the New Castle Refractories Company, and a director of the Bank of Aspinwall. Though not yet thirty years old, his judgment is sound and mature, and his knowledge of local conditions very extensive, resulting in service of great value to those organizations with which he is connected.

In politics Mr. Casey is a Republican, although quite without personal ambition in the matter of public office. He is a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce and of several clubs and associations, including the Pittsburgh Athletic Club, the Keystone Athletic Club, the Longue Vue Country Club, and the Duquesne Club. With his family he is a member of St. Paul's Roman Catholic Church.

On October 21, 1925, Samuel Brown Casey married Constance Connelly, of Merion, Pennsylvania, daughter of John P. and Emma (Maguire) Connelly, of that place. Mr. and Mrs. Casey are the parents of two children: 1. Joan, born on September 8, 1926. 2. Samuel Brown, Jr., born on October 14, 1927.

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**ELMER T. WALDSCHMIDT**—A native of Northumberland County, but during the latter part of his life a resident of Allegheny County, Mr. Waldschmidt is equally well known in business, civic, political and fraternal circles. Possessing an unusual talent for organization, he has used this gift not only for the purpose of making for himself a successful business career, but also for furthering civic progress and for advancing the welfare of his community, its people and its institutions.

Elmer T. Waldschmidt was born in Northumberland County, Pennsylvania, November 21, 1885. He was educated in the public grammar and high schools of Allegheny, now the North Side, Pittsburgh. During the earlier part of his career he was employed in various capacities with the Pennsylvania Railroad, H. J. Heinz Company, and Heeren Brothers, well-known Pittsburgh jewelers. A number of years ago he helped to organize the September Morn Laboratories, Incorporated, manufacturers of bath salts, enjoying now a world-wide reputation and distribution. Of this company he has been since its organization its secretary and sales manager and to its development he has made many and important contributions. He is a director of the Pittsburgh Soap and Chemical Company, and is a member of the allied boards of trade of Allegheny County. However, Mr. Waldschmidt is, perhaps, best known for his activities in Masonic and civic affairs. The Civic Association of Spring Hill owes its existence to him and he has been its first and so far its only president. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, in the affairs of which he has been prominently active, both locally and in respect to Allegheny County. Another field in which Mr. Waldschmidt has been very effectively active, has been the Masonic Order. A life member of Ionic Lodge, No. 525, Free and Accepted Masons, Duquesne Chapter, No. 193, Royal Arch Masons, he is also a member of the various other Masonic bodies up to and including the Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. Of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine he is likewise a member and the North Side representative. In years gone by he was very active in Old Allegheny as a leader in athletics and during this period he organized and managed several metropolitan championship baseball and basketball teams. Mr. Waldschmidt is widely known in Pittsburgh and he enjoys to a remarkable degree the liking, respect and confidence of all who have the privilege of knowing him.

At Spring Hill on August 28, 1920, Mr. Waldschmidt married Edna Weller, and they have one daughter, Marjorie Mae, now attending one of the public grade schools. The family residence is located at No. 1931 Rockledge Avenue, North Side, Pittsburgh, while Mr. Waldschmidt's offices are at No. 1216 Metropolitan Street, North Side, Pittsburgh.

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**JOHN T. TREVASKIS**—Trevaskis Brothers, with offices at No. 508 Pennsylvania Avenue, constitute in all probability the best known real estate firm in a wide area about Turtle Creek, and John T. Trevaskis, its senior member, has undoubtedly

done more for the constructive development of real estate and the enhancement of realty values thereabouts than any other single individual. He has been a realtor in Turtle Creek since 1899 and in the near four decades that have elapsed since that time he has conceived and put into execution a number of original plans for the management of residential subdivisions. With an eye to comprehensive and permanent progress, he has given his attention not merely to the proper location of lots and the construction of pleasant and agreeable homes, but has taken into consideration the schools, churches, parks, community centers, paving, water, lighting, and sewer projects, and all the other elements that enter into the establishment of a territory where folk may live contentedly and happily surrounded by all the comforts and conveniences of modern civilization. Mr. Trevaskis, therefore, has been a leader in efforts to secure legislation and appropriations for local improvement projects and he is one of the best informed men in Turtle Creek in matters pertaining thereto.

Mr. Trevaskis was born in Frostburg, Maryland, in December, 1857, the son of John and Dorothy (Holman) Trevaskis. He attended the public school at Beaver Meadows, Pennsylvania, entering the business world as a clerk in the anthracite coal fields. He remained in this work for twelve years, then established a retail lumber business in Bradford County which he operated for three years. He left this to buy a half interest in a general store at Beaver Meadows, selling his share in the concern after three years of merchandising to indulge a bent which he had previously developed only as an avocation. Mr. Trevaskis had had much experience as an amateur photographer while engaged in other work, hence he was able to make a good business of it traveling from place to place and spending a short time in each. He spent ten years in this line of work, but came to Turtle Creek in 1899 to open a real estate office, continuing since that time as a dealer in houses and lands. The development arrangements for which he has become best known include the Trevaskis Terrace Plans Nos. 1 and 2, the Rose Hill Plan of Lots, the Keystone Plan of Lots, the Belvedere Plan of Lots, the Rock Glen Plan of Lots, and the Elmhurst Plans Nos. 1 and 2. So efficaciously have the plans worked that they have been frequently copied about Turtle Creek and in other parts of the country. Mr. Trevaskis is a Republican and active in the interests of his party.

John T. Trevaskis married Elizabeth Davis, daughter of Elizabeth and Thomas Davis of Weatherly. Their one son is Dr. John Davis Trevaskis, an account of whose life appears on the following page.

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**DR. ABRAHAM LINCOLN TREVASKIS** has, since 1892, had a general medical practice in and about Turtle Creek where he is universally regarded with the mixture of awed respect and warm personal friendliness that a doctor may gain through years of efficient, conscientious professional service to the people of a community to which he has also devoted the human element growing out of a profound interest in humanity and a sincere sympathy for its woes. Alleviation of these woes has been his business, but Dr. Trevaskis has made it far more than a business and, in return for the time and energy he has devoted to dispensing among his patients aid and cheer that could not reasonably be expected to emanate from a medicine case, has won a place in the affections of the community that is truly unique.

Born in Frostburg, Maryland, on October 30, 1860, the son of John and Dorothy (Holman) Trevaskis, Dr. Trevaskis completed the public school courses in Beaver Meadow, Pennsylvania, then enrolled for study at Starling Medical College of Ohio. Here he received his Doctor of Medicine degree in 1892 and came, that same year, to Turtle Creek where he opened an office and commenced the establishment of the general practice that was to grow, through the years, to such enviable proportions. Dr. Trevaskis is active in professional organization work with membership in both the county and State units of the American Medical Association, and the Valley Medical Society. Republican in his political affiliations, he served a term on the city council and for six years was a member of the school directorate, during which time the present public school building on Penn Avenue was built.

A member of Lodge No. 613, Free and Accepted Masons, Dr. Trevaskis is a thirty-second degree member of the order affiliated with both Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is also a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and a worker in the Presbyterian Church. Dr. Trevaskis has never married but has devoted himself with a singleness of purpose to his profession.

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**CHARLES R. TREVASKIS**—Best known about Turtle Creek for his membership in the firm of Trevaskis Brothers, general real estate and insurance operators, with offices at No. 508 Pennsylvania Avenue, Charles R. Trevaskis has business interests also in Pittsburgh, where for some years he did a real estate business, and in Ohio where is located a coal and coke concern which he heads. Mr. Trevaskis is active in the community life of Turtle Creek and for six years served as a member of the school directorate. In the time he has made his home in the community, short as compared with the period his brothers have lived there, he has won the high esteem of all who know him and has made a wide circle of friends.

Born in Beaver Meadows, Carbon County, January 16, 1872, Mr. Trevaskis is the son of John and Dorothy (Holman) Trevaskis. He attended the public schools and business college in Beaver Meadows and for twenty years held clerical posi-

William A. Boggs

tions in the offices of the various coal concerns of the neighborhood. Placed in charge of shipping and coal inspecting operations in the anthracite fields, he gained a comprehensive understanding of coal mining that was to stand him in good stead in his executive capacities of later years. Mr. Trevaskis came to Turtle Creek in 1901 as manager of the Fort Pitt Light, Heat and Power Company, a connection in which he remained for six years. He then organized a real estate and insurance business in Pittsburgh which was operated under his own name and of which he was president. In 1923 Mr. Trevaskis returned to Turtle Creek to engage with his brother, John T. Trevaskis, in realty and general insurance operations. In addition to his work in this connection he is treasurer of the Western Coal and Coke Company of Cambridge, Ohio, and president of the Bremer Coal Company, also of Cambridge, but with its main offices in Pittsburgh. He is a member of the State and National Real Estate Boards and of the State and National Insurance Agents Association. Politically Republican, Mr. Trevaskis is fraternally affiliated with Lodge No. 613, Free and Accepted Masons. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church.

In 1906 Mr. Trevaskis married Mary Alma Lewis, daughter of Anthony and Mary (Stewart) Lewis of Turtle Creek. They became the parents of two sons: John L., born in September, 1907, and Charles R., Jr., born in October, 1913.

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**JOHN DAVIS TREVASKIS, M. D.**—With a background consisting of extensive academic training and experience gained during an interneship at St. Francis Hospital in Pittsburgh, coupled with a year and a half with the Medical Corps on the battlefields of France during the World War, Dr. John Davis Trevaskis has built up since he opened his office in Turtle Creek in 1925, a practice which may well be the envy of older men in the profession.

Born in Weatherly, March 15, 1892, Dr. Trevaskis is the son of John T. Trevaskis (see a preceding biography) and Elizabeth (Davis) Trevaskis. He attended the public schools of Turtle Creek and was graduated from the high school in the class of 1910. After spending one year at Bucknell Academy he went to Dickinson College where he won his Bachelor of Arts degree in 1917. America had then entered the World War, and young Trevaskis with his pre-medical studies giving him a taste for the type of work to be done by that unit, enlisted for service in the Medical Corps. He spent eighteen months overseas, his work keeping him now in the American hospitals and again on the battlefront. He received his honorable discharge in June, 1919. He took up the study of medicine again upon his return and was accorded a Doctor of Medicine degree by Jefferson Medical College in 1925. Following his interneship at St. Francis Hospital, Dr. Trevaskis opened an office in Turtle Creek where he has since practiced. From his college days Dr. Trevaskis is a member of Nu Sigma Nu (medical), and Sigma Chi fraternities, and of Lodge No. 613, Free and Accepted Masons; Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is active in the affairs of the Valley Medical Society. He is a member of the Presbyterian Church, and politically Republican.

On November 27, 1926, Dr. John D. Trevaskis married Helen B. Kistler, of Weatherly, the daughter of David S. and Emma Kistler.

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**WILLIAM HAYBURN BAGGS**—After having been connected with the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad in various capacities for some seventeen years and then having served as general manager for a well-known Pittsburgh firm, Mr. Baggs, in 1919, at the time of the organization of the American Fruit Growers, Incorporated, was appointed sales manager and four years later was made vice-president, a director and general sales manager, positions he has continued to hold since then. He is widely known in business circles, not only in Pittsburgh, but also in other parts of this country, and he is regarded as a very able and successful business executive. He is a member of several Masonic bodies, as well as of several civic and social organizations in Pittsburgh, and takes an active part in religious affairs.

William Hayburn Baggs was born at Bridgeport, Ohio, June 12, 1876, a son of the late Andrew H. and Mary E. (Burns) Baggs. His father was a glass manufacturer. Mr. Baggs was educated in the public grammar and high schools of his native town and then attended a business college there. In 1895 he entered the employ of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad as a clerk in the Bellaire, Ohio, office, from where he was later transferred to Wheeling, West Virginia, as secretary to the local agent of that railroad. In 1899 he was transferred to the general freight office at Pittsburgh, continuing in that position until 1912, when he became general manager of Crutchfield & Woolfolk. When, in 1919, the American Fruit Growers, Incorporated, was organized, Mr. Baggs was appointed general sales manager. This position he filled so ably that in 1923 he was made vice-president, general manager, and a member of the board of directors, positions he has held ever since then. His offices are located at No. 2100 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh. For many years he has been prominently active in Masonic affairs. He is a member of George W. Guthrie Lodge, No. 691, and of several other Masonic bodies up to and including the thirty-second degree, Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. He also is a member of Syria Temple, of Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, as well as of the Pittsburgh Athletic Club, the Shanopin Country Club, the Duquesne Club, and the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce. In politics he is a supporter of the

Democratic party, while his religious affiliation is with the Lutheran Church. Mr. Baggs is very fond of travel, which provides his principal form of recreation.

Mr. Baggs has been married twice and by his first marriage was the father of two sons, William E., and Andrew H. He married (second), April 10, 1926, Mrs. Katharine Schove, who is the mother of two sons by her first marriage, William H. and Austin Z. Schove. The family home is located at No. 65 Riverview Avenue, Pittsburgh.

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**THE DRAVO CONTRACTING COMPANY,** together with other business units which are subsidiaries of the Dravo Corporation and which have evolved one from another, sprang from a parent organization known as F. R. Dravo and Company which was established in October, 1891, for the purpose of selling engines and heavy industrial machinery. The company quickly entered the general contracting field—in the first instance primarily to handle industrial and machinery foundations.

A gradual expansion in both sales and construction activities led during March, 1901, to a reorganization of F. R. Dravo and Company. Two corporations were then formed from the parent company: the Dravo Contracting Company, to handle general construction work; and the Dravo-Doyle Company, in the sales engineering field. Both organizations are today (1931) in the field and have been continuously active in their respective work in the making of engineering and business history.

Much of the early work of the Dravo Contracting Company consisted of constructing pump foundations, wet wells, water tunnels and sumps; all hazardous and difficult work requiring engineering skill of a high order. This early leaning towards jobs involving a water problem has been consistently followed until, with the wealth and diversity of experience and continuous expansion in activities, the Dravo Contracting Company ranks among the largest and foremost constructors of dams, locks, and bridge substructures in the country, and as a specialist in mine shaft work, tunnels and subway construction. The engineering works department, a manufacturing plant and shipyard organization, is in the forefront of crane manufacturers and in the shipbuilding industry, for equipment of the classifications—towboats, barges, car floats, lighters, dump scows, dredges, floating cranes, revolving cranes, material handling bridges, marine railways, floating dry docks.

The expansion of the Dravo Contracting Company, with one exception, has taken place along lines essential to its progress in the construction industry. Instead of branching out laterally and setting up district organizations in many places, as some growing concerns have done, the growth has been of the vertical type. The company has gone deeply into the business of supplying its own needs. As an instance—requiring efficient deliveries and large quantities of concrete aggregates, the Keystone Sand and Supply Company was formed in 1902 as an associate company. It has had an illuminating development in producing and distributing materials, and has branched subsequently into many fields.

The general construction work of the company is handled by the General Construction Department, which has continued to grow apace for a period of forty years. Concrete foundations for gigantic steel mills, miles of tunnels for water supply and power units, power and river control dams, river and canal locks, retaining walls, bridge substructures and superstructures on the largest streams in the country—these are some of the achievements which are landmarks on the road of progress.

In May, 1901, shortly after the incorporation of the Dravo Contracting Company, and while engaged upon some general industrial foundations for the Pittsburgh Coal Company, a contract to sink a shaft at Bruce Station, Pennsylvania, was tendered by them. In executing this work, the company launched into a field of work which is being carried on with ever increasing vigor by the Shaft, Slope, Tunnel and Cementation Department. With the great number of contracts that has been successfully prosecuted, the department takes a ranking position in the industry.

The need for adequate machinery and equipment by the Dravo Contracting Company caused the developing of well equipped shops—the forerunner of the present manufacturing plant and shipyard below Pittsburgh on Neville Island, Ohio River. The products of this plant expanded in usefulness and variety until contracts were taken for the delivery of this specialized equipment to the trade and industry in general. The Engineering Works Department of the Dravo Contracting Company was incorporated June 1, 1918.

The Dravo Contracting Company has contributed its quota to engineering progress and efficiency. New methods of construction, better principles of mechanical design, and the overcoming of mining difficulties once considered unsurmountable are the achievements of the General Construction, the Engineering Works, and the Shaft, Slope, Tunnel and Cementation departments.

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**MORRIS WALSH, JR.**—The family to which Morris Walsh, Jr., belonged is of Irish origin, and he was of its second generation in America. To be more specific, he was of the second generation to give his life and constructive efforts toward the building up of Greater Pittsburgh, and he will be remembered as long as the historic annals of the city are preserved. This remembrance is based, firstly, on his industrial and financial activities; for he ranked large in either field. Second, he will be recalled for the depth of his character and the exemplary manner of his living. Third, he was of note as a citizen, and civically and patriotically did all within the scope of a man's ability

for the progress of his city and Commonwealth as integral parts of the Nation as a whole.

Morris Walsh, Sr., came from Ireland at the age of nine years. He had begun his education in his native place, and he continued it here—but not for long, as it was necessary for him to make his way at an early age. However, he studied independently, and at the close of life was considered a man well educated, in a practical way. Most of his education he had from experience. Learning the trade of cooper, he applied himself to it with diligence; from the position of an apprentice he advanced to that of a master craftsman, and in the course of time, in a modest fashion, began a business of his own. All the work of coopering was by hand in those days. Mr. Walsh had a small shop at No. 1813 Sarah Street, on the South Side. As he prospered he extended his number of workers, always limiting them to a few, and bought a horse and dray to make deliveries, usually making them himself when the day's work was done in the shop. He did a great deal of barrel-making. By hard work and honest dealing he caused the business to grow, slowly; it prospered, and eventually became one of the outstanding businesses in that part of the city. As his sons came of age he put them to work, learning the business from the ground up, as he had learned it; and as they came of a suitable age and experience he gradually let them have control. The firm became known as Morris Walsh Sons' Company, with James, Thomas, Morris, Jr., and George at the helm. In course of time they purchased the old McBeth-Evans Glass factory building and housed the business in it. The plant extended over an entire block, and the wares became known over a broad trade area. Modern machinery was installed from time to time as increased volume made it convenient, and the plant gave employment to many people. When the father died, the sons had been in active charge some years, and they went ahead, building on the foundations already laid down.

Morris Walsh, Sr., had married Ann McKeever; and of this union were born thirteen children.

Morris Walsh, Jr., the seventh child, was born at the family's South Ninth Street residence, April 24, 1881.

On the old South Side of Pittsburgh he grew to manhood, attending the public schools, and Duquesne University, and later becoming a student at Loretta College, near Philadelphia. From Loretta he took his arts and sciences degree. Meanwhile, as a youth, he had learned his father's craft, but before going into the business permanently he thought it wise to secure outside experience, which, in the nature of things, would probably make him of greater value to the Walsh enterprise. Accordingly he worked as bookkeeper for a glass manufacturing company, and after demonstrating his ability there came into the Walsh cooperage business with the intention of giving it his valued best. He asked for, and received, no favors, and attained a marked success. James Walsh had been president of the company. Later, when he withdrew, Thomas Walsh became the president, and Morris Walsh, Jr., succeeded to the post of secretary and treasurer. This position was his until the close of life. George Walsh, fourth brother and other member of the firm, died in 1918. The history of the Walsh enterprise was one of a consistently increased fortune, largely due to the very valuable activities of Morris Walsh, Jr., who, for a score of years, gave it his fullest attention. At the time of his death he held a second office, as manager of the Walsh Cooperage Company, an affiliate of the Morris Walsh Sons' organization, and his other interests likewise were considerable in the general field of industry and finance, though he always gave the Walsh firms his principal thought.

The activities of his active life included much beyond the chief affiliation of business mentioned above. He was identified prominently with the Reliance Building and Loan Association for many years, and because of this connection held some prestige in the financial and banking circles of Pittsburgh. At the age of twenty-one, in fact, he had become president of the association, and his constructive efforts were of marked help to its growth thence onward. At his demise, suitable resolutions were voted by the directors; these, beautifully bound, were presented to the family as a token of the respected esteem in which Morris Walsh, Jr., had been so universally held by his associates. Many other tributes, too, were forthcoming. The sum of these bespoke his excellence as a man, as a congenial companion, a helpful citizen, kindly husband and father, and the friend of an unusual number of persons who profited through his association by virtue of his integrity, character, vision and wise guidance. He was a member of St. Norbert's Roman Catholic Church, whose works of good he supported very liberally, being interested heartily in the spread of education and Christianity, and in the maintenance of charity for the needy ones around him. He held the fourth degree as member of the Knights of Columbus, was a popular figure in that order; was fond of athletics, went to many games; belonged to the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Eagles, and several other bodies.

Morris Walsh, Jr., married, June 7, 1927, Marie Breier, of Pittsburgh, a daughter of Jacob J. and Margaret M. (Speigel) Breier, early residents of the Knoxville section. Of this union were born two children: Morris Walsh, 3d, and Anna Marie. These children and Mrs. Walsh continue to reside in the family residence, No. 331 Sunnyland Avenue, Carrick, and are devout communicants of the Catholic Church, in which faith Mr. Walsh was reared.

Wherever Mr. Walsh might chance to go, in fact, he was popular, for men appraised him instantly as one in whom confidence could be reposed. Nor was this universal opinion lessened in

his life by any untoward act, but it persisted to his death. Large and strong physically, a rather handsome man, he was strong and of large ideas mentally, attractive to intellectuals and those who undertake to understand their fellowmen as philosophers. His death, at the Carrick residence, occurred on April 25, 1930. He had observed his forty-ninth birthday just the day before—this having been an occasion of many congratulations. Those who knew him lost a cherished friend; the city lost a leader in economic programs, and the Nation lost a loyal citizen whose efforts give his memory an honored place.

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**THOMAS GEORGE GREIG, M. D.**—Prominent South Side physician and surgeon, for twenty-six years engaged constructively in medical practice, and formerly president of the Allegheny County Medical Society, Dr. Thomas George Greig died in his fiftieth year, and is recalled with undimming affection by his colleagues of the past, who holds his memory in warm esteem.

Dr. Greig was born at Braddock, Pennsylvania, March 14, 1882, the son of Walter and Margaret (Cadger) Greig, who were natives of Scotland. The former, Walter Greig, was associated with the Carnegie Steel Company for many years, as were many of his countrymen, when Pittsburgh's great steel industry was in its infancy. A leader of his time in that industry, he held a most honorable place among his contemporaries.

Dr. Greig's boyhood, however, was spent at Braddock and Homestead, before the family came to Pittsburgh. He attended the public schools, entered the University of Pittsburgh, and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from its school of medicine in 1904, when he was aged just twenty-two. At St. Joseph's Hospital, Pittsburgh, he served his interneship, and entered general practice in 1905. From that year down to the time of his demise, he practiced with augmented prestige, attaining, quietly, to notability. Making his residence in Carrick, he was among the well-known physicians and surgeons of the South Side for a quarter of a century, and he ever kept abreast of the new developments for treatment, steadfastly giving his utmost to the cause of humanity which he had chosen to serve.

While his practice occupied him much and his responsibilities tended to increase with the years and with the spread of fortune and renown, Dr. Greig constantly found the time to participate in movements designed for the welfare of the people, as a citizen. He was conscious, fully, of his civic responsibilities, and gave his vote for the men who, in his opinion, were best fitted to serve in office. His influence was of a considerable weight, in every circle of his contact, professional, civic, social and otherwise. A man much looked up to, others came to him for counsel frequently; and he gave them his finest consideration, as a man and friend as well as one versed in the profession and in generalized business undertakings. His place in Carrick will be difficult to fill, if not impossible; and the vacancy left in medical ranks by his untimely passing, while at the height of his career, brought sadness and a sense of personal bereavement to hundreds of colleagues throughout the area of Greater Pittsburgh.

Dr. Greig married, on June 12, 1907, Bessie Mechling, a daughter of William Wallace and Mary (Winner) Mechling, early Pittsburgh residents, representative of two historic families. William Wallace Mechling was a son of Christian Mechling, prominent lawyer at Butler, Pennsylvania; his wife, Mary (Winner) Mechling, likewise came of people old in Pennsylvania; and his father's wife, Susan (Robinson) Mechling, was from one of the pioneer Pittsburgh houses. Her father was Richard Robinson, a charter member of Trinity Episcopal Church. The Robinsons date back to the Revolution; their ancestral farm on the south side of the river, was the site of old Robinson Park, named in honor of the family. After residing many years at Homestead, William Wallace Mechling and his wife moved back to Butler County, Pennsylvania, and continue (1932) to reside on the Mechling farm, which has been in this name for many years. The Mechling family likewise dates back to the Revolution. De Walt Chapter of Daughters of the American Revolution was named for one of the line. Thomas Bull, a lieutenant in the Colonial forces (later a captain), was another Revolutionary ancestor of Mrs. Greig, who continues to reside in Carrick, surviving Dr. Greig, with three children: Bettie, Dorothy, and Thomas George. Both daughters are graduates of Goucher College, Baltimore, Maryland.

Dr. Greig was renowned for his scholarliness. He frequently read papers before distinguished gatherings of the profession, and in fraternal works was popular. He belonged to Franklin Lodge, No. 221, Free and Accepted Masons; Pittsburgh Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar; and Syria Temple, Pittsburgh, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. His church affiliations were with the Ninth United Presbyterian congregation, Pittsburgh; he was a member of the board of governors of the South Hills Country Club, and had membership in other organizations, including the Allegheny County Medical Society, in which he was an outstanding leader for a decade, and president, as recounted above. His death occurred on October 12, 1931. Interment was in Butler County.

In his death the profession of medicine lost a highly distinguished representative; the city of Pittsburgh lost a loyal, progressive citizen; and scores of persons lost their physician and friend. His memory will endure, ever fresh in the minds and hearts of his survivors.

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**JACOB WEISKIRCHER**—The life of the late Jacob Weiskircher was unusual in the number of its years. It was unusual, too, for the sum total

Engd by Campbell N.Y.

Jacob Weisskircher

of its accomplishment, which made him one of the most prominent men of Pennsylvania. Few mature persons within the greater Pittsburgh area have not heard of Jacob Weiskircher; and few, having known his record, are unaware of the usefulness of his life.

He lived to the age of eighty years. Death closed a lifetime of activity helpful to his fellow-men, on September 3, 1930, in McKeesport, where he had spent the balance of his years.

Born at Ellinging, in Prussia, Germany, May 17, 1850, Jacob Weiskircher was a son of Nickolas and Marie (Meiser) Weiskircher. Marie (Meiser) Weiskircher's parents—after her marriage—came to the United States, bringing with them their three sons, the fourth remaining behind in Germany. They located on a farm near Marietta, Ohio; they did well, and the family of Meiser flourished in the pioneer development of agrarian Ohio. A year after her parents had come to America, Mrs. Weiskircher followed them, making the crossing by sail, a somewhat hazardous voyage in those days, requiring five or six weeks to reach the western shores of the Atlantic. Others of the Weiskircher family came here later. The Weiskirchers, it is appropriate to mention here, were a very high-standing house in Prussia. The line there was ancient, eminently respectable, and many branches of the line continue to survive in present-day Germany.

Accompanying his father and two other children of the family, Jacob Weiskircher came to America.

His parents located at Dravosburg, Pennsylvania, on a farm; and this farm still is in the family name. Dravosburg, in 1855, was known as Stonesburg, because of the fine deposits of stone found in the region of the community, and Nickolas Weiskircher worked as a farmer and stone mason. An upright, honorable man, he was a valued citizen, and his death occurred on the Dravosburg farm. His widow later removed to McKeesport, and hence, Jacob Weiskircher early came in contact with the McKeesport community and greater Pittsburgh.

Attending the public schools of Stonesburg and of Bull Run, he had secured a good academic foundation for his subsequent studies, these being carried on in private. His first work had been with his father, on the farm, and as a stone mason; but his real career began when he opened a hotel in McKeesport. His hotel was called the Montezuma. The beginning of his venture here was propitious. The hotel filled a long-felt need in the community, and the business flourished so well that a year after its foundation Mr. Weiskircher removed it to Fifth Avenue. As the hotel trade prospered, he entered other ventures, which, due to his astuteness, prospered in a similar fashion. There were those who said, "Everything he touches turns out well," and this statement would indeed seem to have been a fact. Certainly all of his major enterprises turned out well. In 1893 Mr. Weiskircher entered the wholesale spirits trade. For twelve years he continued in that trade, and prospered year on year. In 1905, withdrawing from the spirits business, he organized the Tube City Brewing Company, for the manufacture of Malt beverages. This was the greatest of his successes, and he continued to expand his holdings until the advent of the Prohibition Act. Then he turned to the production of non-alcoholic beer, and was president of the Tube City Brewing Company until the time of his death in 1930. His other interests, investments in sound enterprises designed to build up the city of his residence and the State of Pennsylvania as a whole, were widely diversified; Mr. Weiskircher administered his own broad business affairs until the last, increasing his holdings materially, until he had become a foremost industrialist and financial figure in the Commonwealth. As such, and for his quietly bestowed gifts to philanthropic causes, his name and record are preserved in honor. Even to his eightieth year he continued active, and as a citizen was always loyal to the greatest good to the greatest number of people, wielding his considerable influence toward the true meaning of democracy, life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

Mr. Weiskircher married (first) Mary Gross, who was born in the vicinity of McKeesport. Of this union were born eight children, four of whom died young. Mrs. Weiskircher died in 1893, and the children surviving were: 1. Carrie, since deceased; married W. B. Fell. Mr. and Mrs. Fell had two children: Catharine, who married Rowland Borden; and Marie, who married Roy Deal. 2. William Oliver, married Ella Graff; and they had a son, Jacob, who died. 3. Jessie, who died at the age of twenty-six years. 4. Stella, married William A. Schroeder; and of this union were born: Jacob, William A., Jr., and a child, who died in infancy. Mr. Weiskircher married (second), July 15, 1895, Matilda (Tillie) Busch, a native of McKeesport, daughter of Fred and Catherine (Young) Busch. Mr. and Mrs. Weiskircher enjoyed many interesting trips. Winters, they often went to Florida; they took two trips to Europe, and their life together was one of greatest congeniality, for both enjoyed their friends. Mr. Weiskircher was gifted with the attributes that attract and retain friendships, and his home was a favorite rendezvous. With his wife he was host at many gatherings of a social nature. Mrs. Weiskircher continues to reside in the family residence, in McKeesport.

Member of McKeesport Aerie, No. 285, Fraternal Order of Eagles, Mr. Weiskircher was fond of lodge activity. He belonged, also, to several other orders and societies, and wherever he went he had friends. When news of his death was announced, the number who felt his loss as a personal one was vast indeed. Last services were held at the residence; interment was in Versailles Cemetery. The press and public joined in tribute to his character and lifetime. One newspaper said in part:

Mr. Weiskircher had great faith in the future of McKeesport, was a booster of the city, and acquired considerable Fifth Avenue and other downtown prop-

erty. For many years his was a familiar face around his places of business. In one of his properties . . . was opened many years ago the first local "Nickelodeon."

Mr. Weiskircher liberally assisted charity.

He was active in politics for some years.

Mr. Weiskircher was a communicant of St. Stephen's Episcopal Church. He supported generously the work of the denomination, at home and afield. Though it was known he gave liberally to philanthropic causes, the exact sum of his gifts can never be known—for it was against his principles of modesty and giving to speak of his bestowals. Such was his nature, such his generosity. Until the last he retained his spirit of youth—a handsome, upright man with a ready smile, a firm handclasp. He was admired as a man wherever he happened to be called; and the heritage of his friendship, left behind with the inspiration of his long years of life, is a wealthy one.

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**JOHN HENRY KERR**—Late distinguished dean of the bar in Pittsburgh, John Henry Kerr lacked less than two months of the age of eighty-five when he died. His career, commencing with his record as a soldier in the War Between the States, was one of outstanding note, and resulted in permanent benefits to the community in which he lived. Public life, military attainment and the law, these were chief of his movements; and yet so widespreading were his interests that we may say his life touched largely on the whole of his period, as applied to the city of Pittsburgh. When he was a boy, the first railroad had but recently been built into the town. Liberty Street was lighted by gas, and the inhabitants used oil lamps and candles in their homes. The telephone was still a dream of the future. John Henry Kerr saw the pioneer community, as it was before the Civil War, become the city of today, with its railroad terminals, traction system, electrical displays, sound cinema programs, the radio, the airplane, the submarine and electrically operated refrigerators. He saw the people about him prosper and become leaders in a new center of commerce; and wherever he was able to do so, he assisted in the evolution of his community and the welfare of its people.

John Henry Kerr was born in old Bayardstown, December 12, 1842, and died in Pittsburgh, October 22, 1927, the oldest and one of the most respected lawyers of the city. His parents were natives of Ireland, born in the North of the Emerald Isle. His grandfather was a Methodist circuit rider, and was the family's progenitor in this country and State, settling in Washington County at the beginning of the nineteenth century. John Kerr, son of the founding member and father of John Henry Kerr, worked as a blacksmith. A strong, tall man, he was proud of his wife and his children and could not do enough for them. He had accumulated a considerable fortune for those times when, in the cholera plague of 1854, he fell victim to disease, fatally. The young mother was left with three children to care for—a daughter, fourteen, John Henry, of whom we write, eleven; and Samuel, a baby of two.

John Henry Kerr's childhood memories were rich in the lore of early Pittsburgh, and he used to tell of his parents and grandparents here. His grandfather Allen, it is recalled, was the Presbyterian elder who called the Rev. Mr. Allen Campbell, ancestor of the Bakewell family, to the pulpit of the Fourth Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh, the church then having been located on Penn Avenue, near Sixteenth Street. This grandfather Allen lived with the Kerrs, and John Henry Kerr as a small boy often helped him polish the communion service, as often, also, trudging beside the dignified old gentleman in blue cape and silver buttons to the church. He remembered well his father, John Kerr, and the red-topped boots he bought for him, and the fine coat to go with them, and how, one day, he took him to Kossuth when that great man came to Pittsburgh, and the wheelbarrow he made for him with which to trundle the shovels made at his forge for the Pennsylvania Railroad. He remembered his mother, her quiet, patient courage in the face of adverse circumstances. He remembered the Fifth Ward School on Liberty Street, known then as Burtt's School, where many of the prominent men of Pittsburgh were educated. Later he went to the old high school on Smithfield Street, where Philotus Dean was principal.

A studious lad and not overly rugged, he generally led his classes, until senior year at high school when illness prevented graduation with his class, the class of 'sixty. But subsequently on account of his war record he was made an honorary graduate. Recovered from his illness he became office boy and assistant to Dr. A. G. Walter, eminent surgeon of the times, and became so valuable to him that he offered to educate him to be a surgeon, and to take him in as partner; but the youth felt himself unfitted for this profession and declined. He debated then the advisability of entering Washington and Jefferson College. An address made by Edward Everett changed his plans—caused him to volunteer. On August 15, 1862, when he was nineteen years old, he was mustered into the 155th Pennsylvania Volunteers, and for almost three years, until the close of the war, fought in the Army of the Potomac, from Antietam to Appomatox. Part of the time he was a clerk in the Quartermaster's Department, because of his penmanship, his intelligence, and industry. He came out of the war a sergeant, with the ardent patriotism which was to be one of the guiding impulses of his lifetime. While associated with Dr. Walter he had been a member of the Penn Literary Society, an outgrowth of the Fifth Ward Lyceum, to which Andrew Burtt, a founder of the society, also belonged. The numerous debates and addresses in which he took part here taught him to speak with forcefulness, extemporaneously—an

ability which would serve him well in later years. An omnivorous reader, these activities lent direction to his studies; he was, all his life, interested in fine writing, especially in poetry, history, and in great orations. Meanwhile his mother had moved to Lawrenceville, where he made his home until 1878; and he had taken up the study of law in the offices of John Hampton, in June, 1865. It was as a student that he became a companion of John Dalzell, who had just graduated from Yale. The two began a friendship that lasted until the death of Congressman Dalzell, not quite a month before the passing of his associate and admirer.

On February 6, 1867, John Henry Kerr was admitted to the bar. He had been prominent in certain public works ere that, with the Soldiers' and Sailors' League and the Boys in Blue, an organization to assist the election of General Geary as Governor. In this campaign he made many speeches through the county and became so well-known that he was elected to the Legislature, as an Assemblyman, in 1870, and again in 1871; but he declined to run a third time, having a distaste for the political associations made necessary in that period. During his two terms in Legislature the newspapers complimented him again and again for his honesty and integrity. He gained enemies by fighting a railroad bill to construct four railways out of the assets in the sinking fund of the Commonwealth. He introduced a bill requiring all candidates for the posts of aldermen to be lawyers first, which bill aroused the enmity of the then-aldermen of Pittsburgh. He introduced another bill creating the "Legal Journal," together with still another providing for establishment of the old Pittsburgh Law Association (now the bar association), which Governor Geary signed February 28, 1871. John Henry Kerr was the last surviving member of the association's forty-one charter members, and at its fiftieth anniversary in 1921 made an address covering its growth, the Civil War records of early members, and his own recollections of some of Pittsburgh's leading lawyers of the past.

He did little more of a political nature, except to support such men as Grant and Garfield, and developed speedily into a prominent Orphans' Court lawyer, where he was much respected by Judge Hawkins, who said he need never question the settlement of an estate if John Henry Kerr was the lawyer in charge. He was counsel also for several building-loan associations, winning important cases for his clients. He became a partner-at-law with W. C. Moreland and W. D. Moore, with offices at No. 96 Grant Street, and as his partners were almost as polished at oratory as himself, his firm became known for its strength in pleading, and the younger man gained much through association with his seniors. Mr. Moore died; Mr. Moreland became city attorney; and the partnership was dissolved. Thence onward he practiced independently with offices alone, his last offices being in the St. Nicholas Building. In 1887 he was made joint executor of the McCullough estate, a most complicated and prolonged piece of work involving endless litigation and painstaking labor. The trusteeship lasted twenty years, taking nearly all the professional time and energy of the two trustees. John Henry Kerr, during that period, dropped most of his outside activities, though he did make a few addresses to the Union Veteran Legion and the Grand Army of the Republic on patriotic subjects.

Seven veterans organized the Grand Army of the Republic in Pennsylvania, and John Henry Kerr was one of the seven. He was a member of Post No. 3 until death. Later he was a prime mover in formation of the Union Veteran Legion, and was a charter member of Post No. 1. He spoke many times on Memorial Day, in cemeteries of the county and in the western part of the State, and gave the oration at the first reunion of the 155th Regiment, September 7, 1875. He made the chief address, too, when a monument to this regiment was unveiled at Gettysburg, September 17, 1889. In 1875, speaking to the reunited veterans, he defended General Warren's activities at Five Forks. This brought him many letters of approval and requests for copies of the speech from former members of the general's corps. General Warren himself wrote, expressing his appreciation; and a copy of the address was inserted in a memorial presented to Mrs. Warren in 1875 by the soldiers of Pittsburgh who fought under her husband. In the early days John Henry Kerr spoke frequently at meetings of the Pittsburgh High School Alumni Association. On October 1, 1869, he delivered the oration at the laying of the corner-stone of the new high school building at Bedford and Wylie avenues; gave the address at dedication of the Dean Monument in Uniondale Cemetery, November 2, 1872, and was on the committee to erect a bronze tablet to the high school boys who served in the war, placed in the facade of the Fifth Avenue High School on March 1, 1907.

John Henry Kerr met many famous men, but of all the meetings he cherished one above them all—the time he met Lincoln in Washington, 1862. The raw recruits of his regiment were encamped in the rotunda of the Capitol. John Henry Kerr was stationed on guard at the Capitol door, when, early in the morning the President came up, attended only by an orderly. He inquired the number of the regiment, asked other questions of the young soldier, then asked for the colonel. After he had awakened the colonel and Lincoln had given him the message, the President returned to the door to talk with him. He asked the young soldier his age. When told he was nineteen the President asked if others in arms were so young. And when told that others only seventeen, a few sixteen and some even younger were in the regiment, Lincoln sighed and remarked: "I'm sorry. You boys ought to be home with your mothers."

In 1878, at Allegheny, John Henry Kerr married Bessie B. Mercer, who survived him and died

on October 4, 1930. Of this union were born two children, who continue to make their home in Pittsburgh: 1. Jane Mercer Kerr. 2. Allen Humphreys Kerr, well-known Pittsburgh lawyer; married Eliza J. McCague; and they have daughters, Mary Elizabeth and Katherine McCague.

Venerable, honored and well-loved member of his profession, a valued constructive influence on the city and times in which he lived, John Henry Kerr will live on in the memory of those who are following him, striving to emulate in some degree the vast usefulness of his life.

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**JOHN P. BRACKEN**—Industrial broker, political leader, veteran of the war with Spain, the late John P. Bracken had a career filled with honors and distinctions. Born on December 5, 1875, he was a son of Michael and Louisa (Christy) Bracken, and belonged to a family whose members were numbered among the early settlers of Cambria County. A native of that county, John P. Bracken always had for it a tender recollection, and he spent his earlier years in his native city of Gallitzin.

There he attended the public schools, completed his elementary and secondary academic instruction, and matriculated in St. Vincent's College. At college he completed his formal education. For a time, then, he was associated in business with his father and his brothers, becoming well known in the coal, lumber and financial circles of Gallitzin. In 1895, however, when he had barely turned his twentieth year, he widened his activities, went to Johnstown, and there engaged in real estate operations, successfully. These extended from Johnstown to Altoona and to Gallitzin, where he continued his contracts, likewise entering the field as an insurance operator. Becoming superintendent of the Prudential Life Insurance Company, he continued in that capacity for some time.

With the sinking of the "Maine" and America's declaration of war against Spain, Mr. Bracken left his widespread business responsibilities behind to enlist for service with the 17th Infantry, May 24, 1898. Having entered the army as a private, he was advanced to the rank of sergeant, which was the rank he held after termination of hostilities and at his discharge, November 15, 1898.

By the opening of 1899, Mr. Bracken was once more engaged at his responsible affairs. He was making his home and offices at Gallitzin once more, and did a great deal, then and later, for the advancement of this community, as a business man and political factor.

As a business leader, however, the field there proved comparatively limited, and in 1904 Mr. Bracken removed to Pittsburgh. From that year down to the date of his demise, February 14, 1931, Greater Pittsburgh was his home and center of industrial and financial operations, though never did he lose the old and friendly interest which he felt in his native city, and he went there often, renewing his contacts. In Pittsburgh Mr. Bracken found the larger opportunities to which his experience and ability entitled him. Engaging as industrial broker, he sold businesses with good fortune both to buyer and seller, and for himself, in this way performing a lasting service to the industrial welfare of the greater city. It was he who terminated negotiations for the Superior Steel Mill, some fourteen years before his death in 1931. That was only one of many large deals in which he figured with the principals, usually representing the seller; and his prominence in industrial circles and in finance rests today, in memory, upon his activities of this nature, rather than upon his earlier participation in realty and insurance fields of enterprise. He continued to be much interested in real estate, however, owning several valuable plots within the confines of the city of Pittsburgh, and he made his residence at Dormont, where he owned property.

As a political factor in the governmental evolution of the Commonwealth, Mr. Bracken really began his public life in 1901, and like his forebears, he supported the principles of the Democratic party. He was living in Gallitzin then, and was elected to the Borough Council. In 1904 when he left there for Pittsburgh, he had been serving the Council as president, and his administration is recalled for its general excellence. As his other interests widened, his influence broadened; he was known well in Cambria County before attaining prominence in Allegheny County. In Cambria County he was nominated for the House of Representatives at Harrisburg. Though his vote was large, showing conclusively the strength of his adherents, he met with defeat by a scant few votes. At the special election held when he ran for Congressman-at-large, the Republican who had won, died the day of election, before the official votes were cast. Despite the insistence of Mr. Bracken's admirers that he be given the place, a special election was held—and another was chosen. A forceful speaker, he was an asset to the party, and he represented it often at gatherings before and during elections thence onward. In the campaigns of 1912 he served as member of the Allegheny County Democratic Executive Committee; went as uninstructed delegate to the convention at Baltimore, and was present when Woodrow Wilson was nominated by his party for President of the United States. In the campaigns that followed Mr. Bracken spoke in many places and before varied audiences, always championing the principles of his party, and doing much for the election of our War President. He tried to enlist for service in the World War, but was rejected, and he then turned as a civilian to the useful works open for him to do in connection with the Liberty Loan, War Savings and Red Cross campaigns. In 1920 Mr. Bracken was a candidate for Congressman-at-large; in 1922 he was candidate for Lieutenant-Governor of Pennsylvania, at which time he ran forty thousand votes ahead of the Republican candidate in Allegheny County. But his party

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*Charles V. Herb*

suffered a beating, and his personal support, while having grown to tremendous strength, was not ample to overcome the natural Republican majority. Until the very last he continued engaged at the constructive works of his business and political careers. His death occurred at the family residence, No. 3230 Wainbell Avenue, Dormont, and interment was at Mt. Olivet Cemetery.

Mr. Bracken married, on June 7, 1904, Elizabeth A. Paul, a daughter of Joseph and Mary A. (Coffee) Paul. The former was a native of England; the latter of Ireland; and they were married at Greensburg, Pennsylvania, later making their home at Carnegie, where both the parents died. Before his retirement, Joseph Paul engaged for many years as operator of a hotel; still earlier he had been a contractor; and as a contractor he had charge of the building of several important tunnels in the State of Pennsylvania, now being well remembered in engineering circles as a figure of distinction and respected as a man of character.

To Mr. and Mrs. Bracken were born six children: 1. Mary Paul, who married Raymond G. Gregor, and they have two children: John Bracken and Raymond Giles. 2. Joseph Paul, who died in 1931 shortly after the death of his father. He was educated at St. Vincent's College, became associated with his father in business, and married Patricia M. Kelly. They had a daughter, Patricia E. 3. Mark McDonough, student in the school of medicine, University of Pittsburgh. 4. John P., Jr., student of law, University of Pittsburgh. 5. Francis B., student in high school. 6. Elizabeth Louise, also in high school. Mrs. Bracken continues to reside in Dormont.

Fifty-five years old at the time of his demise, John P. Bracken left behind him numerous friends. He had lived intensively, filling each day to the full of actively constructive works, most of his works being for the benefit of others. He was, in the finest sense of the word, a patriot. Veteran of one war, supporter of the causes of the next, he did his utmost for his country, and, interested in the marines, did personal recruiting, giving a five-dollar gold piece to any man who signed up through his recommendation. Many of his good works were never known even to those near him and in his confidence.

A kindly, genial, companionable man, he upheld the ideals of a life of service, and himself stood for the best in citizenship and exemplary ethics. He will not be forgotten—one of the State's best sons. His example will endure everlastingly.

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**CHARLES VICTOR HERB** began his business career with a very modest stock of grain and made his deliveries personally with a wheelbarrow. He lived to deliver in carload lots and to become the owner of much valuable real estate in Pittsburgh, to care for which he eventually found it necessary to dispose of his business and devote his entire attention to his estate. It was through industry, honesty and determination that he accomplished these results. At the beginning his capital was negligible and he was compelled to buy his goods in very small lots. Even then he had made a name for honesty and he was offered credit, which he declined, since he feared to risk involving others in the event of his failure. This was an unusual attribute for a young business man and gained the complete confidence of the industrial community. It brought him trade and his business expanded in continuing success and he finally became one of the leaders in his line in the district, admired and respected by all.

He was born in Dubuque, Iowa, July 23, 1859, a son of Hugo and Elizabeth (Cashbaugh) Herb. Hugo Herb was born in Germany and came to America when he was eighteen years of age, locating in Pittsburgh, where he became one of the early manufacturers of glass. After a few years he removed to Dubuque, Iowa, where fortune did not favor him and about the year 1868 he returned to the city of his first choice, establishing himself as a grain merchant. He and his wife both died in this city. They were the parents of seven children.

Charles Victor Herb had few educational advantages in his youth, but in later life became a well read man, with an alert mind and a studious nature. In his boyhood he helped his father with the work for a time and later was employed by the Bridge Works, his wages going to help support the family. In 1884 he began his independent business career, by establishing a grain business and making his deliveries by wheelbarrow, as already noted. By hard work and honest methods his business grew and as it developed he took in with him his brother William. As continued success followed his efforts the business was expanded into a wholesale and retail commission house and prosperity continued. Mr. Herb invested his profits in real estate and was successful in his judgments of localities in which to acquire property that grew in value, so that, in 1922, he disposed of his grain business and gave all his attention to his realty investments. In the latter years of his life he indulged his love of travel and he and his wife took numerous journeys. They spent their summers at their home at Les Cheneaux Islands, in Michigan. They were childless and a most companionable couple, with hosts of friends in Pittsburgh and vicinity and also at their summer place. Mr. Herb died July 13, 1923.

Charles Victor Herb married, August 3, 1898, Anna S. McAdams, daughter of Thomas B. and Mary Jane (Armstrong) McAdams, of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. They had known each other since she was a child and when Mr. Herb was a young man he is said to have predicted that the little girl would some day be his wife.

He was very methodical in his habits and his neighbors laughingly said that they set their clocks

by his goings and comings. He was public-spirited, liberal in his attitude toward all worthy causes, charitable and kindly and a loyal citizen of Pittsburgh.

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**HERMAN L. HEGNER**—After thirty-five years devoted to important cases at law, Herman L. Hegner, late respected attorney of Pittsburgh, died at the age of sixty-one.

Mr. Hegner was born at Lawrenceville, Pennsylvania, February 28, 1868, and his death occurred October 19, 1929. He was a son of George H. and Christine (Softig) Hegner, this family being among the old and well-known houses of the State, settled here by pioneers.

When Herman L. Hegner was five years old, 1873, his parents removed to Sewickley. There he received his academic preparation, attending the public schools and later the school directed by Judge Waye, and while he worked at the harness-making trade studied in night school. Thoroughly drilled in his requirements then, he matriculated in the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor, and graduated from its school of law, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1893, when twenty-five years old.

Under President Grover Cleveland's administration at Washington he was appointed postmaster of Sewickley, and served in that office three years, meanwhile, having been admitted to the Pennsylvania bar, engaging in a practice more and more extended as his reputation spread. He began practice at Pittsburgh in partnership with J. D. Buckley and D. J. Buckley; but the association soon was terminated through the sequence of events, and from 1899 until the time of his passing thirty years later, he practiced independently.

Both by inclination and education, Mr. Hegner was unusually well qualified for his profession as lawyer. He kept abreast of all decisions of interest to his many clients in Pittsburgh, and performed constant research of professional character. Much of his time he devoted to public affairs, and at the date of his death held place as a figure most widely known and one of the most universally respected of his colleagues at the bar. Strictly honest, gifted with clear insight into motives of men and parties, he would support no project, even in the ranks of his political affiliation, that failed to meet the requirements of his gauge of public merit. Mr. Hegner took a very active personal interest in church work, charities, and the various philanthropic and educational movements commonly harbored by the church. He belonged to the Church of the Resurrection, of Brookline; was vice-president of the Catholic Knights of St. George for twenty-two years; vice-president of the Knights Life Insurance Company of America from its formation in 1909, and vice-president of the Catholic Knights of St. George Home, at Wellsburg, West Virginia, with which organization he had been affiliated in that office since its inception. In these many circles his loss was keenly felt.

Mr. Hegner married, October 14, 1897, Stella B. Miller, a daughter of John A. and Anna (Benitz) Miller, her parents having come to Allegheny County as early residents. The original Miller home was located where the Union Station now rises. Anna Benitz was a daughter of Anthony Benitz, of the well-known family of Pittsburgh business men of another generation. He was a founder of the Iron City Brewing Company, and helped make a success of this company in a day when the brewing of good beer was a science in America. This required extensive knowledge, and Mr. Benitz made a very thorough study of the science. Like many before and since his time, Anthony Benitz believed that true temperance was in the temperate use of beverages.

To Herman L. and Stella B. (Miller) Hegner were born five children: Gladys M., Christine, Dr. Herman L., Jr., a graduate of New York University with the degree of Doctor of Medicine; he married Angela Emig; Ralph, a law student; Stella. Mrs. Hegner continues to make her home at the family residence in Brookline. Here as elsewhere in the greater city of Pittsburgh, many count the loss of Herman L. Hegner a personal one, and bear his memory near their hearts. He was a man whose life proved of worth to those around him, and the valued example of his years on earth endures in its inspiration for other generations.

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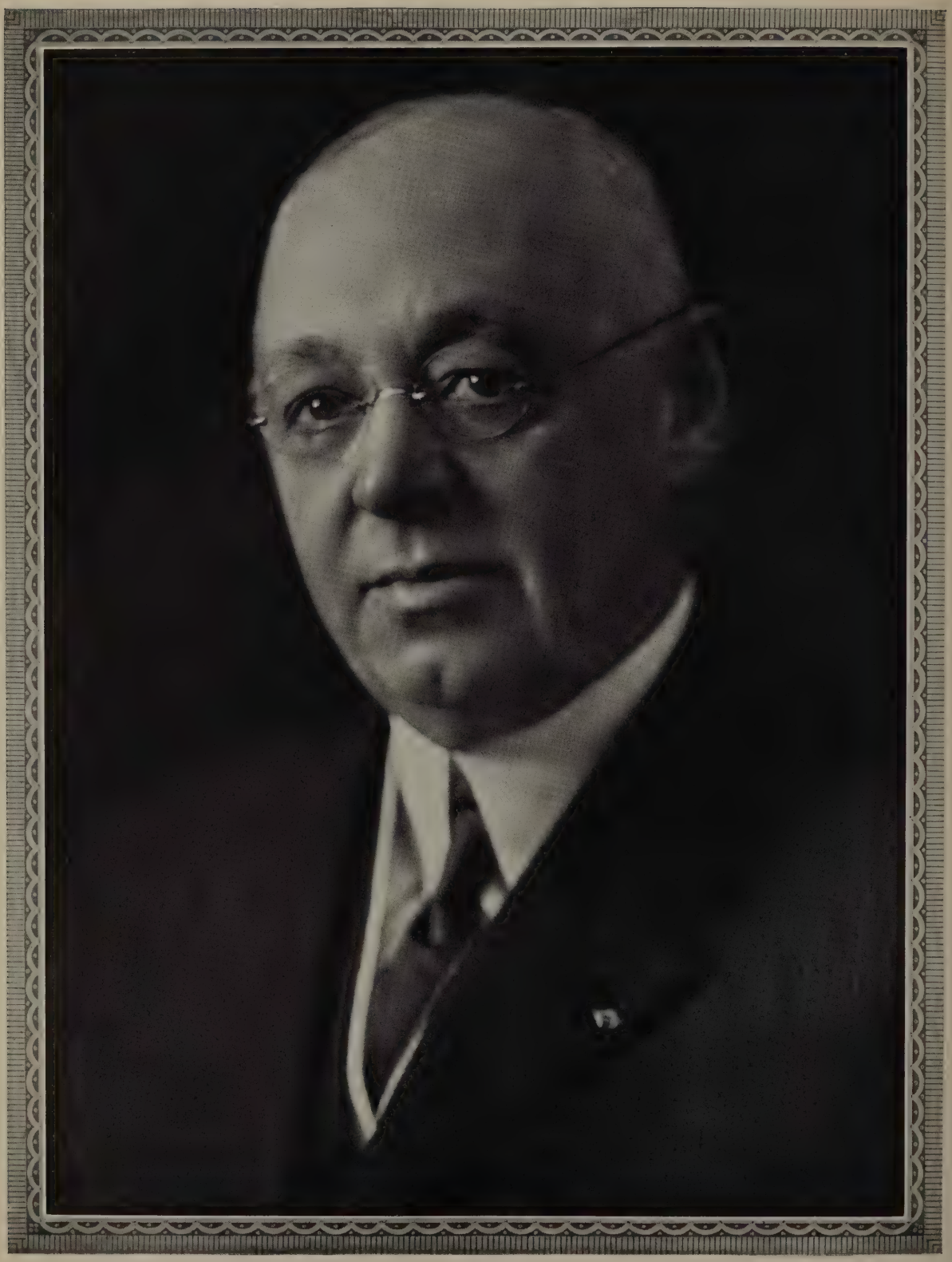
**JOHN OLIVER WICKS**—One of the well-known and highly esteemed attorneys of Pittsburgh is John Oliver Wicks, a partner in the firm of Weller, Wicks and Wallace. Born in Jefferson Township, Allegheny County, February 4, 1880, Mr. Wicks has a thorough acquaintance with both civic and business affairs in that section of Pennsylvania, making him a valued legal counsellor. John Oliver Wicks is the descendant of one of the oldest and most highly respected families of western Pennsylvania.

After his early education in the public schools of the Sixth Ward of Allegheny, and at Allegheny High School, from which he was graduated with the class of 1899, Mr. Wicks engaged in clerical work for the old Fort Pitt Gas Company, for three years. He was ambitious, however, for a legal career, and entered Washington and Jefferson College in 1902, being graduated with the class of 1906, with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Mr. Wicks was prominent in various college activities, and was manager of the football team during his junior and senior years. His fraternity was Phi Kappa Psi. Mr. Wicks next read law for a year, with the firm of Swearengen, Lewis and Newmeyer, then enrolled in the Law School of Harvard University. His graduation, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws, was in 1910, and in the spring of 1911 he was admitted to the bar. Since that time he has engaged in the general practice



Hubbs Heimer

of law, first under his own name, then as a member of the firm of Weller and Wicks, which later became Weller, Wicks and Wallace. Mr. Wicks is a Republican in political affiliations, and has served one term on the Bellevue Borough Council, also being for several years an attorney for the Commonwealth in connection with inheritance taxes. He belongs to the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, and also to the Highland Country Club, the Duquesne Club, and the Keystone Athletic Club. Mr. Wicks is an earnest member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and serves as one of its trustees.

John Oliver Wicks was married June 29, 1921, to Eleanor Graham, daughter of Mrs. Lulu Graham of Crafton. Their children are: 1. John Oliver, Jr., born April 27, 1922. 2. Virginia Louise, born November 5, 1924.

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**ELVERTON HAZLETT WICKS**—A member of one of the oldest families of Allegheny County, Elverton Hazlett Wicks of Bellevue has made a position of eminence for himself in legal circles in the county, as a practicing attorney. Mr. Wicks was born in Jefferson Township, Allegheny County, April 17, 1884, in which place his father, Silas Monroe Wicks, a retired contractor now living in Pittsburgh, was born in the year 1852. His grandfather, James Wicks, settled in Jefferson Township early in 1800, and there is in the possession of the Wicks family a highly valued family relic—a grant of land, written on old sheepskin, dated 1784, and conveying from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to his great-grandfather the property on which the family first made its home in western Pennsylvania. His grandmother, Matilda Hazlett, came to this country from County Down, in Ireland, in 1844. His mother, Anna M. Scott, a native of Allegheny County, was born in 1856, and died December 23, 1911. Mr. Wicks can also claim the honor of direct descent from Colonel Ferree, of Revolutionary fame.

Mr. Wicks received his early education in the public schools of the Old Sixth Ward of Allegheny, and after a brief period of employment as a bookkeeper and stenographer, during which time he studied for college entrance at night, he entered Washington and Jefferson College, in preparation for his legal courses. On receiving his degree, Bachelor of Arts, in 1909, he entered the University of Pittsburgh, from which institution he was graduated with the class of 1912, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Since his admission to the bar, November 16, 1912, Mr. Wicks has engaged in the practice of his profession in Pittsburgh, quickly securing important clients and rising to a position of considerable prestige in the profession. For several years he served as solicitor for the borough of Avalon, and is now a school director in the borough of Bellevue, but has not otherwise sought public office. He is, however, represented on the directorate of various corporations, being director and president of the Research Development Company of Pittsburgh; vice-president and director of the Graves Holding Corporation of New York City; and director of the Avon-Florida Citrus Corporation, also of New York. In political preference, Mr. Wicks is a member of the Republican party. Mr. Wicks belongs to the Highland Country Club, the Keystone Athletic Club, and the Kiwanis Club, his college fraternity having been Phi Kappa Psi. In religious affiliation he is a member of the Bellevue Methodist Episcopal Church.

Elverton Hazlett Wicks married, on June 30, 1914, Grace Daughaday, of Wellsville, Ohio, a daughter of William H. and Rebecca (Cline) Daughaday. Their children are: 1. Helen Roberta, born April 15, 1916. 2. William Hazlett, born January 28, 1924.

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**JAMES MARTINUS SCHOONMAKER, JR.**—Mr. Schoonmaker was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, on January 2, 1888, a son of Colonel J. M. and Rebecca (Cook) Schoonmaker. His father, a native of Pittsburgh, where he was born in 1842, was for many years chairman of the board of directors of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad, and also a director of the Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, the Mellon National Bank and the Union Savings Bank; he died in October, 1927. The mother is a native of Cincinnati. James Martinus Schoonmaker, Jr., of whom this is a record, received his early education at Shadyside Academy, and also went to the Haverford School, at Haverford, Pennsylvania, graduating in the class of 1907. For his higher education he studied at Princeton University, from which he was graduated in 1911 with the degree of Bachelor of Science, and in 1912 with that of Electrical Engineer. He then did construction work with the H. E. Talbott Company, of Dayton, Ohio, and worked also at Sault Sainte Marie, Ontario, Canada, and at Grand Mere, Quebec, until 1914. Prior to that year he had also spent nine months in work on the Panama Canal; that had been in 1912, soon after the completion of his Princeton labors. In 1914, along with H. R. McMahon, he organized the Standard Steel Spring Company, of which he was vice-president and treasurer. Mr. Schoonmaker, in 1930, joined the General Motors Corporation of Detroit, where he was in charge of their aviation activities. In August of that same year he became president of General Aviation Corporation in New York. The corporation has since moved its entire activities to Baltimore.

James Martinus Schoonmaker, Jr., married, in April, 1917, Lucy Kay, of Pittsburgh, daughter of Frederick G. and Jane (O'Hara) Kay.

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**HUBBS WEIMER**—Secretary of the Duquesne Heights Building and Loan Association at Pittsburgh, Hubbs Weimer has been very active in the building and loan movement throughout this section. He is a man of long experience in responsible financial position, and has amply demonstrated the value of his services to those enterprises with which he has been connected.

Mr. Weimer was born in Westmoreland County,

Pennsylvania, on July 16, 1867, a son of William H. and Harriett (Putnam) Weimer. This family is an old one in Pennsylvania, and in the closing years of the eighteenth century it is on record that Mr. Weimer's great-grandfather received a grant of land in the State. William H. Weimer, Mr. Weimer's father, was an active figure in Pennsylvania life, particularly in the field of politics. He was known as a founder of the present Republican party during the period preceding the Civil War, and was also very prominent in the Church of the United Brethren. An uncle of Mr. Weimer's fought in the Civil War.

Hubbs Weimer attended the country schools of his birthplace, and was later graduated from Mt. Pleasant Institute. Then for a few years he taught in the schools which he knew so well from his boyhood days, and finally entered Duffs College, where he was graduated in 1888. In 1894 he became connected with the accounts department of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad, and for a period of twenty-five years continued this association, rising in the department to a position of great importance. Mr. Weimer was thoroughly competent to perform any duty entrusted to him, and his diligence on behalf of the company was suitably rewarded by gradual promotion. During the last ten years of his service with the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie, he was auditor of disbursements.

In 1919 Mr. Weimer resigned this position to enter a field whose larger opportunities appealed to him. At that time he became secretary of the Duquesne Heights Building and Loan Association and has since continued in that office with every success. Chartered in July, 1887, this company is now capitalized at $25,000,000, and is justly considered one of the leading organizations of its kind in the western part of the State. Under Mr. Weimer's executive guidance for the past ten years, there has been an increase of one and a half millions, accurately reflecting the value of his work to the company. Officers of the corporation are: William L. Bond, Jr., president; B. G. Case, vice-president; A. C. Oakley, treasurer; Mr. Weimer, secretary; and H. G. Tinker, solicitor. Its directors are: E. C. Cramer, S. B. Forse, W. C. Haas, John Haas, Roy E. Smoot, John S. Stephens, I. L. Reno, A. W. Tritsch, C. H. Van Dyke.

The building and loan movement in general has benefited greatly by Mr. Weimer's services. He was one of the organizers of the Allegheny County League of Building and Loan Associations and has been otherwise active in its work. In addition to these connections, he also deals successfully in general insurance. Mr. Weimer is a prominent member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, and chairman of its building and loan committee, here again performing important work. He is a member of the Insurance Federation of Pennsylvania, a member of the Automobile Association of America, and fraternally is affiliated with the Free and Accepted Masons, being a member of Dallas Lodge, No. 508, a member of the higher bodies of the York rite, including the Commandery of the Knights Templar, and a member of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. In politics he is a consistent Republican, while with his family he worships in the faith of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

On June 30, 1917, at Pittsburgh, Hubbs Weimer married Florence Mitchell. Of a former marriage he has one son, Donald Graham, who married Elizabeth Wood and they have two children: Donald Wood and David Blair. Mr. and Mrs. Weimer maintain their residence at No. 824 Grandview Avenue, while Mr. Weimer's offices are situated at No. 1202 Grandview Avenue.

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**R. CHARLES NUCCI, M. D.**—A native of Italy, Dr. R. Charles Nucci was brought to America when two years of age, and most of his life has been spent in the Pittsburgh district. Despite his comparative youth, he has devoted himself closely to professional study and research, and thus already is well and favorably known in medical circles. Dr. Nucci, who has chosen obstetrics and gynecology for his field of activities, is taking an active part in organizations pertaining to this branch of the profession, as will be disclosed in the following brief résumé of his career.

Dr. Nucci was born December 3, 1897, in Sicily, Italy, son of Joseph and Concetta (Russo) Nucci, both now residents of South Braddock Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. The father is a merchant in Braddock, Pennsylvania. The Nucci family removed from Sicily to Braddock in 1899, and R. Charles Nucci completed high school in that city. He then entered the University of Pittsburgh, which graduated him in 1920 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Two years later he was graduated from the School of Medicine of the University of Pittsburgh, and was awarded his degree of Doctor of Medicine. During 1922-23 he served his interneship in Mercy Hospital, and thence entered Elizabeth Steel Magee Hospital, where he was resident physician until 1926. Since 1926 Dr. Nucci has been a member of the surgical staff at the last-named institution, specializing in obstetrics and gynecology, with offices located near the hospital, at No. 3400 Forbes Street. Among Dr. Nucci's professional affiliations are listed the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the American Medical Association. He is a fellow of the American College of Surgeons; member of the Society for Biological Research, and the Clinical Pathological Society of the University of Pittsburgh. He maintains active connections with his *alma mater,* where he is instructor in gynecology and demonstrator in surgical anatomy. The doctor is a member of Alpha Phi Delta Fraternity, and a communicant of the Roman Catholic Church. It should be noted that he has few connections outside of professional organizations, which undoubtedly has contributed to his rapid progress and growing clientele.

Dr. R. Charles Nucci married, June 22, 1927, at

Butler, Pennsylvania, Mary Reilly, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Edward Reilly of that city. The doctor and his wife reside at No. 3820 Beechwood Boulevard, Pittsburgh.

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**CASIMIR JOHN PELLEGRINI**—Latin temperament has long been acknowledged as especially adaptable to the arts, and Casimir John Pellegrini, a native of Italy, has proved the truth of this statement, through his activities in the architectural profession, despite his comparative youth, Mr. Pellegrini, whose primary education was obtained in Italy, has supplemented these early studies by earnest research in institutions of learning of his adopted land, and further has benefited greatly through association with some of western Pennsylvania's most noted architects.

Mr. Pellegrini was born September 8, 1897, at Lucca, Italy, son of Emil and Zelma (Bernardini) Pellegrini, the mother now deceased. Emil Pellegrini is now living retired in Pittsburgh.

Casimir John Pellegrini attended private school in Italy, and while in his youth, came to Pittsburgh, where he received his preparatory education. Thence he entered Carnegie Institute of Technology, which bestowed upon him in 1922 the degree of Bachelor of Arts in Architecture. The following year he competed for the statewide "Stewardson Architectural Scholarship," for the best design of an army post, and was awarded second medal and second place. For two years after graduation, Mr. Pellegrini took advantage of knowledge to be gained from association with older men of his profession, and at various periods was with Henry Hornbostel, Harry Bair, and other prominent architects. In 1924 he launched his private practice, taking up general architecture, and his achievements include the design of homes, churches, banks, apartment houses and schools. One of his recent tasks was that of interior design of the newly-founded Bank of America Trust Company, and one which was the cause of many favorable statements, not only from colleagues, but from the executives of other financial institutions. Other creations include residences for A. P. Hill, Dr. A. I. Aiello, G. A. Shannahan; St. John's Greek Catholic School at Munhall; Stanton Arms Apartments; printing plant for Mayer Printing and Publishing Company; a large garage and automobile salesroom at Sharpsburg, and a number of business structures. Professional organizations have found in Mr. Pellegrini a loyal supporter, as is attested by his membership in the Pittsburgh Chapter of the American Institute of Architects; and the Pittsburgh Architectural Club. He is a communicant of St. Philomena Roman Catholic Church, and a member of Duquesne Council, No. 262, Knights of Columbus. He contributes to civic circles through active membership in the East Liberty Chamber of Commerce. During the World War Mr. Pellegrini was attached to the Officers' Training Camp at Duquesne University in Pittsburgh. His hobbies are sketches and modeling.

Casimir John Pellegrini married, June 24, 1924, at Pittsburgh, Marie O'Donnell, daughter of Thomas H. and Mary Agnes O'Donnell of this city, and they have two children: 1. Zelma, born in 1925. 2. Casimir John, Jr., born in 1927. The Pellegrini home is located at No. 6437 Monitor Street, while Mr. Pellegrini's offices are at No. 205 North Highland Avenue, East End, Pittsburgh.

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**MICHAEL J. YUHASZ**—Associated with the Greek Catholic Union of Russian Brotherhoods of the United States of America, with which the Yuhasz family has been engaged for many years, Michael J. Yuhasz holds a position of importance in this order and in the business and civic affairs of Homestead, Pennsylvania, the Union's headquarters.

He was born in Czecho-Slovakia on January 8, 1892, son of John and Barbara (Kraly) Yuhasz. His father, who was a native of Czecho-Slovakia, is now with the Carnegie Steel Company in Pittsburgh; he was born in 1858. The mother is also a native of Czecho-Slovakia; she came to the United States at an early age. Michael J. Yuhasz received his early education in the elementary school at Liverpool, England, and was graduated from St. Francis Xavier's College in the class of 1910 with a commercial degree. Having completed his studies in Liverpool, he came to the United States and, in 1912, settled in the borough of Homestead, where he became associated with the Greek Catholic Union, which has since that time engrossed his attention. This Union publishes its official organ under the name of the "American-Russian Messenger." With this publication Michael J. Yuhasz became engaged, both on the machines and in the capacity of reporter; and in 1914 he became its managing editor. This responsible position he has held continuously since that time, and has rendered most valuable service both to the paper and to the organization of which it is the organ.

Mr. Yuhasz has also taken his full share of the burden of civic affairs. In his political alignment a staunch Republican, he was elected, in 1927, on this party's ticket, to serve on the Borough Council of Homestead. He is also active in fraternal life, being a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, in which he is affiliated with Lodge No. 650, and with different Greek Catholic societies. He is a member of St. John's Cathedral, a Greek Catholic house of worship.

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**GEORGE H. KOMLOS**—One of Homestead's citizens who for many years has taken an active part in the affairs of the Greek Catholic Union of Russian Brotherhoods of the United States of America is George H. Komlos, who came with the organization in 1914 and has been engaged with it ever since that year. There is scarcely any phase of the life of his borough or community in which he is not keenly interested,

with the result that he is highly esteemed and respected by his fellowmen.

Mr. Komlos was born in De Lancey, Pennsylvania, on February 9, 1893, son of John and Mary (Havrilla) Komlos. The father, a native of Czecho-Slovakia, where he was born in 1865, is now engaged in the steel industry in the Pittsburgh district, while the mother, also a native of Czecho-Slovakia, likewise lives here. George H. Komlos received his early education in the public schools of De Lancey, Pennsylvania, and attended high school at Punxatawney, Pennsylvania. He supplemented this training by special commercial courses, and for a time was a teacher in the parochial school at Punxsutawney, where he remained in this type of work for three years. It was in 1914, as aforementioned, that he became connected with the Greek Catholic Union. Mr. Komlos' first position with the Union was as financial secretary, and it is this post that he still holds, having fulfilled all his duties in this capacity faithfully and well during the intervening years.

Actively interested in his community's civic and social affairs and eager to do everything in his power for the general advancement of his fellows, Mr. Komlos is aligned with the Republican party, whose policies and candidates he regularly supports. He also is a leader in fraternal affairs, being a loyal member of Lodge No. 136 of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of McKeesport, Pennsylvania, and being associated with several Greek Catholic societies. He is a communicant of St. John's Cathedral, which is the foremost Greek Catholic Church in this vicinity.

George H. Komlos married, on October 29, 1916, Elizabeth Dandar, of McKeesport, Pennsylvania, daughter of George and Estella Dandar. By this union there has been one son, George Edward, born August 22, 1917.

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STANLEY K. NOWICKI—A native and lifelong resident of Pittsburgh, of Polish origin, Mr. Nowicki not only has been a leading figure in several Polish-American organizations, but, for a quarter of a century, has been prominently active in the affairs of the Republican party. He is also widely known as the owner of one of the finest bowling alleys in the Pittsburgh district, where many of the local championship matches are played.

Stanley K. Nowicki was born in Pittsburgh, October 31, 1884, a son of Casimir and Josephine (Lijewski) Nowicki, both now deceased. He received his education in the parochial schools of Pittsburgh and during the earlier part of his career for some fifteen years, was successfully engaged in the hotel business on the South Side. More recently he has owned a very popular bowling establishment, which in every respect is up-to-date. The sport of bowling being one of the most popular winter sports in Pittsburgh, his establishment is in heavy demand. Practically every department store and many of the other large commercial and industrial enterprises in Pittsburgh have one or more teams or even a league of teams, and many of these organizations regularly meet at Mr. Nowicki's establishment to indulge in their favorite indoor sport. In 1910 he was one of the organizers of the Julius Slowacki Protective and Beneficial Society, of which he has been president ever since then. He is also president of the Young Men's Polish Club and a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Lodge No. 11, as well as of Aerie No. 1520, Fraternal Order of Eagles, and the Polish National Alliance. In politics he has always been a staunch supporter of the Republican party and for many years he has been one of the best-known leaders of his party on the South Side, his active participation in Republican affairs now covering some twenty-five years. His interest in civic affairs also finds expression in his active membership in the Better Traffic Committee of Pittsburgh. His religious affiliations are with St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church.

Mr. Nowicki married, in Pittsburgh, August 15, 1905, Anna Mielcarek. Mr. and Mrs. Nowicki, who make their home at No. 2300 Mission Street, Pittsburgh, have four children: 1. Theresa. 2. Leo F., now associated in business with his father. 3. Raymond. 4. Ralph.

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ADAM M. SCHWERKA—Prominent among McKeesport's funeral directors is Adam M. Schwerka, who established his present business in 1911 and has since been a resident of this city. He has all of the finest equipment obtainable for his professional work, including chapel, morgue and excellent rolling stock, and has done much, in the course of a busy career, to bring benefits to his fellowmen.

Mr. Schwerka was born in Czecho-Slovakia on April 24, 1884. When in his sixteenth year of life, he came to America, and settled in Braddock, Pennsylvania, on October 17, 1900. He soon found employment in the wire mills, and attended St. Vincent's College, at Beatty, Pennsylvania, for three years. Then he took up the study of undertaking under Professor Henry Lang, and later went to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, to the Eckels School of Embalming, after which he spent two years with R. S. Kelly, undertaker, of Monessen, Pennsylvania. His next step was to come to McKeesport to operate an undertaking business for Julius Mikulla, and in this work he continued until 1911, when he purchased the business of Julius Mikulla. Since that time he has been engaged in the business of funeral directing in this city, and is an active leader in community affairs.

He is a member of the Allegheny County Funeral Directors' Asociation, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and the German Beneficiary Union, as well as of different Slovak societies. He also belongs to the McKeesport Chamber of Commerce and to the United States Chamber of Commerce. His religious faith is that of the Roman Catholic Church, and his parish is the Sacred Heart.

Adam M. Schwerka married, on November 25,

1913, Elizabeth Jarusinki, of McKeesport, Pennsylvania. By this union there have been the following children: Edward M., Earnest W., and Margaret E. The family residence is at No. 800 Fifth Avenue, McKeesport.

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**L. JOHN POLITE**—L. John Polite was born in Little Washington, Pennsylvania, December 7, 1895, son of Peter and Barbara (Lydon) Polite, both of whom are living. The father, born in Greece, conducts a confectionery store in Little Washington. The mother was born in Parkersburg, West Virginia. The son was educated in the public and high schools of his home city, graduating from the latter in 1913. He then engaged in secretarial work in Fort Plain, New York, and Pittsburgh, until 1923, in which year he was made secretary of the Infusolite Company, of Plum Point, Maryland. He remained there for only a year and in 1925 joined the staff of the Hillside Stone & Supply Company, when it was organized. His early duties were those of office manager and purchasing agent. Advancement came rapidly and in 1927 the company elected Mr. Polite secretary and director, and in 1929 secretary and vice-president. He is a member of the Republican party and of the Knights of Columbus. His religious affiliation is with the Roman Catholic Church.

In April, 1920, L. John Polite married Marie A. Kane, of McKeesport, Pennsylvania, and they are the parents of three children: L. John Polite, Jr., born in April, 1921; Barbara Ann, born February 27, 1927; and Willis K., born May 30, 1928.

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**MARTIN A. O'HARA**—Martin A. O'Hara was born in North Versailles Township, Allegheny County, near East Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, November 16, 1884, a son of Martin, a native of County Mayo, Ireland, and a mill worker here, his death occurring in August, 1923, and Winifred (Donohue) O'Hara, also Irish by birth. After attending the public schools of the Township and Turtle Creek parochial institutions he took a course at St. Vincent's College, at Latrobe, Pennsylvania, at the conclusion of which he entered an association with the Westinghouse Air Brake Company at Wilmerding, Pennsylvania, where he remained for four years. This was followed by eight years with the Sterling Steel Foundry Company at Braddock, which he left to become associated, in 1915, as general foreman of the Pittsburgh Equitable Meter Company. He has served as borough clerk and as secretary of the Council for four years and since 1923 has been a member and secretary of the Board of Education. He is a Roman Catholic in religion and attends St. William's Church. His organization memberships include the Knights of Columbus, Fraternal Order of Eagles and the Loyal Order of Moose.

Martin A. O'Hara married, in 1918, Della O'Malley, daughter of Thomas and Mary O'Malley, of East Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

**JOHN DeHASS WRIGHT**—Prominently identified through the major years of his shortened career with the steel and iron industry of Pittsburgh, the late John DeHass Wright is recalled with deep affection by the many persons who knew him as a man and friend, a leader in the foundry trade, and a civic-minded gentleman. Though his life was cut off at its crest, when he was aged but forty-six years, he accomplished much, and his record endures after him with all the dignity and inspiration which Mr. Wright himself commanded in his lifetime. Three decades are gone since his demise, yet he is remembered still, always for his quiet devotion to business and his gentle attachment to those around him.

Mr. Wright was a native of Pittsburgh. He was born in 1852, and was nine years old when the war between the North and South broke out. Son of Thomas Wright, an early resident here, he was reared by his uncle, John Roney, prominent in Pittsburgh's early history, and owner of the Hecla Foundry. Many persons are familiar with the names of Roney and of Wright.

In the public schools of Pittsburgh, Mr. Wright had his academic preparation, and soon went into business activities, becoming identified with the Hecla Foundry, on Twentieth Street. This business was left to him at the demise of his uncle, John Roney, and Mr. Wright operated it with marked success through the balance of his lifetime. As metals manufacturer and founder, he made a name second to few in businesses of the size and type to which his foundry belonged, and at his own demise the industrial spheres of Pittsburgh mourned the loss of one who already had attained distinction, at early middle age.

The variety of Mr. Wright's activities was wide. As a citizen he supported all principal movements designed for the advancement of his community as a whole. His public spirit was well known to other men of business, and his support was sought frequently in matters at issue. All men respected him for his upright character, as well as for the quality of his accomplishments.

Mr. Wright married, in 1889, Miss Sarah S. McEldowney, this surname being prominently identified with Pittsburgh's banking and financial history. To Mr. and Mrs. Wright were born children: 1. John R., who married Alma Zinn. 2. Hester. 3. Clara. 4. Robert M., married Jane Aikins; and they have two children: Elizabeth Jane and Sarah M. Mrs. Wright, who continues to make her home in Pittsburgh, is a daughter of Robert and Hester (McFarland) McEldowney.

Mr. Wright's death occurred, in Pittsburgh, on November 25, 1899. His record lives after him today.

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**JOHN F. HANKEY**—John F. Hankey was born August 31, 1892, in Pittsburgh. His parents, Frederick William and Josephine (Marks) Hankey, were both born in Germany, and came to this

country in 1873. After a few years in the public schools, Mr. Hankey started to work for John Watcher, a baker at McKees Rocks. Three years later he became associated with the firm of M. A. Baker and Sons, bakers, in the West End, Pittsburgh, and with this company he remained ten years, acting as salesman, route foreman, and sales manager. During this period he had ample opportunity not only to learn the practical basis for operating a successful bakery, but to study the equally important problem of marketing the product. Feeling more and more strongly the desire for a business of his own, he organized in the fall of 1918, the Hankey Baking Company, and erected his first building at the corner of May and Thompson streets, McKees Rocks. His employees numbered twenty, and there were six trucks for deliveries. Mr. Hankey's idea on which he based his future, was that people desired a loaf of bread with a genuine home-made taste, but that through lack of time or lack of facilities, women were increasingly unable to bake such bread themselves. With the aid of Jacob Bukter, a master baker who is now production manager for the organization, a formula was worked out to secure the finest quality of bread, and the maintenance of this quality has been held the most important part of the business. It was soon necessary to increase the space used, and to hire additional employees, and now some two hundred people are at work, and fifty trucks are necessary. A general baking business is done, but the emphasis has always been on bread of an unvarying quality. A four-story brick building was put up, especially designed for a bakery, and providing over two acres of floor space. The fourth floor, where the routine of the bread-making begins, is a stock storage room accommodating over five thousand barrels of flour. The most immaculate conditions of cleanliness prevail throughout the plant, and to insure accuracy, all ingredients are weighed and rechecked. An elaborate air conditioning system assures proper temperature and humidity at all times. The enormous ovens are the latest type, and one operates on a new principle not generally in use at the present time.

The present officers of the firm are: John F. Hankey, president; Frank F. Wilde, vice-president; Otto A. Zange, treasurer; Harry W. Schmidt, secretary, and Ernest C. Hankey.

John F. Hankey is a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Lodge No. 949, the Chartiers Heights Country Club, and is a life-member of the Keystone Athletic Club. In political preference he is a Republican, and he is a member of the Lutheran Church.

John F. Hankey was married in 1913 to Pearl M. Mehaffey, a daughter of George Mehaffey of Pittsburgh. Their children are: Mildred Pearl, Grace Lillian, Ethel May, John F., William Frank, Robert Francis, and Betty Jane.

**CHARLES H. RIDALL**—Nationally known for his high standing in the malt products industry, the late Charles H. Ridall is remembered well in the city of Pittsburgh, where his life and his career were concentrated till the last.

Native of the city, he was born on July 30, 1873. In the years that followed he saw the evolution of Pittsburgh from the days of Reconstruction to the close of the third decade of the present century, and he himself contributed much to the development of the greater city's area, notably through channels of industry and finance, as a manufacturer and leader in the business thought of his time.

Mr. Ridall received his academical foundation in Pittsburgh's public schools. He had a rounded, full education in life, more than in books; he knew men, he was a philosopher; and men interested him more than cold figures and vague theories, though he was a master of both—of men and of the guiding principles of economic progress. His rise to a position industrially considerable was slow, steady, and carried with it the ramified activities of one whose vision saw to the horizons of the future. In 1914 he became president of the Pittsburgh Brewing Company. His association with the malt products organizations of Pittsburgh had been rather continuous, and his presidency of the brewing company spelled increased volume for that particular organization from the outset of control. Mr. Ridall continued at the helm of the company, to the installation of Prohibition, when he altered the formulae of manufacture to make his product conform to the non-alcoholic standard imposed by Federal statutes. He continued as head of the company until the time of his demise, and, against the odds imposed by legislation, contrived to make the company markedly successful through the decade of 1920-30.

When the Tech Food Products Corporation was formed in 1922, Mr. Ridall, because of his high standing and generally known ability, became its president; and he gave this industry his devoted best until the close of life, guiding it through a decade of progress and making it one of the important tiles in the tesselated design of Pittsburgh's industrial whole. He was a director of the Associated Producers of Cereal Beverages, and, formerly, held office as president of the Pennsylvania State Brewers' Association—a place of great distinction prior to 1920. The pattern of his career was varied and full, touching variously on the constructive phases of local and State development. Mr. Ridall was conceded by his contemporaries to be one of Pennsylvania's ablest executives.

Active industrially and financially, he was no less prominent in fraternal affairs. He was a member of Hailman Lodge, No. 321, Free and Accepted Masons; of Royal Arch Chapter, No. 268; Duquesne Commandery, No. 72, Knights

Templar; Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; was a veteran of Syria Patrol, member of Court No. 2, Royal Order of Jesters, of the Masonic Veterans' Association; held membership also in Pittsburgh Lodge, No. 11, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; Pittsburgh Lodge, No. 46, Loyal Order of Moose; took an interested part in movements of the Pittsburgh Athletic Association; belonged to the Allegheny Rifle Club, and formerly was a member of the Eintracht Singing Society, a social club of the city.

Mr. Ridall married Miss Nettie Wainwright, member of one of the city's oldest families; and of this union were born children: 1. Edmund W. 2. Joseph Z. 3. Charles L. Four grandchildren, two brothers (John E. and Samuel F. Ridall) survive him; as does a sister (Mrs. William Rafferty), and Mrs. Ridall, who continues to reside in Pittsburgh.

A man of loyal public spirit, always ready to help a worth while cause or to aid an individual in need, charitable almost to a fault, giving quietly to the appeals which most interested him through the years, Mr. Ridall was a kindly personality, a man esteemed of his fellowmen, beloved of his friends, whose number was legion and whose memory of him will never diminish with the passage of years.

His death occurred in Pittsburgh, May 10, 1931.

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**JAMES CALLAM GRAY**—Late senior partner of the well-known law firm of Gray, Thompson and Rose, president of the Standard Chemical Company and a director of several influential and publicly beneficial business enterprises, James Callam Gray was an outstanding man of his time in Pittsburgh, a power for the financial and general welfare of the city as a whole. His was an exceptional ability which raised him from the average position accorded to men in business and the professions to one of preëminence, notably as a financier. However, it was his large public spirit, his loyalty, sense of responsibility, conscientiousness, and his kindly nature that determined his leadership. Whatever a most able lawyer, business executive and citizen could do for this community, that Mr. Gray did, and did well.

Born in Aberdeen, Scotland, August 26, 1858, he was a son of Alexander and Jessie (Callam) Gray, who were born in Scotland and came to America when their son was twelve years of age. Alexander Gray was engaged in the book trade, which, for a number of years, he carried forward in Philadelphia.

James Callam Gray had a difficult boyhood. Earning a living and acquiring an education had to be conducted simultaneously, and he acquired his preliminary education in Philadelphia. His first employment was with the Pennsylvania Railroad System in that city, as clerk. Almost from the beginning his unusual qualities stood out. In 1884 he was sent to Pittsburgh to assist the ticket receiver at the Union Station, then, for the same kind of work, was sent to the Fort Wayne Station, in Allegheny, and finally to Columbus, Ohio. It was in that city that he studied law, at Ohio State University. Graduating, he won admittance to the bar, and for a time thereafter worked in the legal department of the Pennsylvania Railroad in Pittsburgh, transferring later to the law firm of Scott and Gordon. He was about thirty-five years old when he really began to advance in the profession he had adopted and for which he was singularly well fitted because of his keen, studious mind, his patience, and persistence. He became first assistant city solicitor of Pittsburgh, taking care of all legal work rising from the construction of the Bigelow Boulevard. After eight years of conscientious service to the city he entered the firm of Burleigh and Gray, which later became Burleigh, Gray and Challiner. Gray, Thompson and Rose was his subsequent affiliation, and as senior member he continued with this organization until his death.

The limits of his profession did not bound his career, however. In 1906, aged forty-eight, Mr. Gray became associated with the late James J. and Joseph M. Flannery as general counsel for the Flannery Bolt Company and American Vanadium Company. In 1911 he was an organizer of the Collier Land and the Standard Chemical Company. As his judgment matured and his knowledge of business affairs extended, making him one of the ablest men of the city, he was selected for one executive position after another. He was vice-president of the American Vanadium Company; president, from 1920 on, of the Standard Chemical Company; director of the Flannery Bolt Company; president of the Raridan Coal Company of East Brady, Pennsylvania; secretary and director of the Montour and Lake Erie Coal Company; treasurer and director of the W. B. Skelly Coal Company of Pittsburgh, and a director of the Oakland Savings and Trust Company. At the same time, concurrently, he occupied himself enthusiastically with the promotion of educational opportunities. He helped organize the Pittsburgh Law School, which later was affiliated with the University of Pittsburgh, and was honored by the university with the degrees of Master of Arts and Doctor of Laws. He was a trustee of the Pennsylvania College for Women; senior elder of Point Breeze Presbyterian Church; and for a period superintendent of the Sunday school there. Every form of philanthropic appeal met with his support. He was professionally associated with the Allegheny County, Pennsylvania State and the American Bar associations. His clubs included the Duquesne, University, Union and Oakmont Country.

James Callam Gray married, in Philadelphia, June 10, 1880, Jennie MacFadyen, of Scottish birth like himself, who came to this country with her parents, James and Mary Anne (Kells) MacFadyen. Her father, for a time, engaged as shoe merchant in Philadelphia, later going into the

Customs House there. To Mr. and Mrs. Gray were born children: 1. Jessie Callam, who inherited her father's love for education and is principal of Gray Court Preparatory School for Girls, at Stamford, Connecticut. 2. Edith, wife of Bertram Winrow, Chula Vista, California, and they have children: Sheila Marjorie, Jessie Gray, Bertram Everard, and Bernice Edith Winrow. 3. Frances Pillow, who married Samuel D. Everhart, Pittsburgh; and they have children: James Gray, Clyde Anderson, and Jeanne MacFadyen Everhart. 4. Mary Rariden, at home. 5. Jeanne Maclean, married Guernsey Orcutt, Pittsburgh; and they have children: Guernsey, Jr., Mary Gray, and Jeanne Gray Orcutt.

James Callam Gray's useful and active life came to a close May 1, 1925, when he was sixty-seven. Of the many touching tributes which poured in from all sides at the passing of a man so justly prominent, none more nearly conveys the spirit of the man than that from the "Point Log," published by the seniors of Gray Court School. The dedication, to Mrs. Gray, reads:

> In appreciation of her interest, kindness, and generosity to us, we, the class of 1925, dedicate this fourth volume of the Point Log to Mrs. James Callam Gray.
>
> In Memoriam
>
> In loving memory of James Callam Gray, whose fatherly interest and unfailing kindness will linger always in the hearts of those at Gray Court School, to whom his courageous spirit will ever remain a constant inspiration.

Directors of the Oakland Savings and Trust Company of Pittsburgh on May 7, 1925, adopted resolutions reading in part:

> . . . . We take this opportunity of testifying to his high standard of morals, his fine discernment of what constituted honesty and justice in every detail, and . . . . we have suffered the loss of a true friend, a wise counselor, and a Christian gentleman of the highest type.

The resolutions passed by the Standard Chemical Company, reproduced in part, follow also:

> . . . . We bear witness to the many sterling qualities for which we have held him in great esteem; his unswerving integrity and goodness, his self-sacrificing devotion to duties, his high ideals in business, and his wise and upright counsel.

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**LOYALL ALLEN OSBORNE**—The long and constructive part played by Loyall Allen Osborne in the development and expansion of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company and the Westinghouse Electric International Company has brought him into prominence not only in his own organization and the electrical profession, but also in the broader field of national American industry. Mr. Osborne is vice-president of the parent company and president of the subsidiary. His aim throughout the major part of his life has been to further national economic security by developing diversified markets for a diversified line of products. So successful have his efforts been that Mr. Osborne has received international recognition.

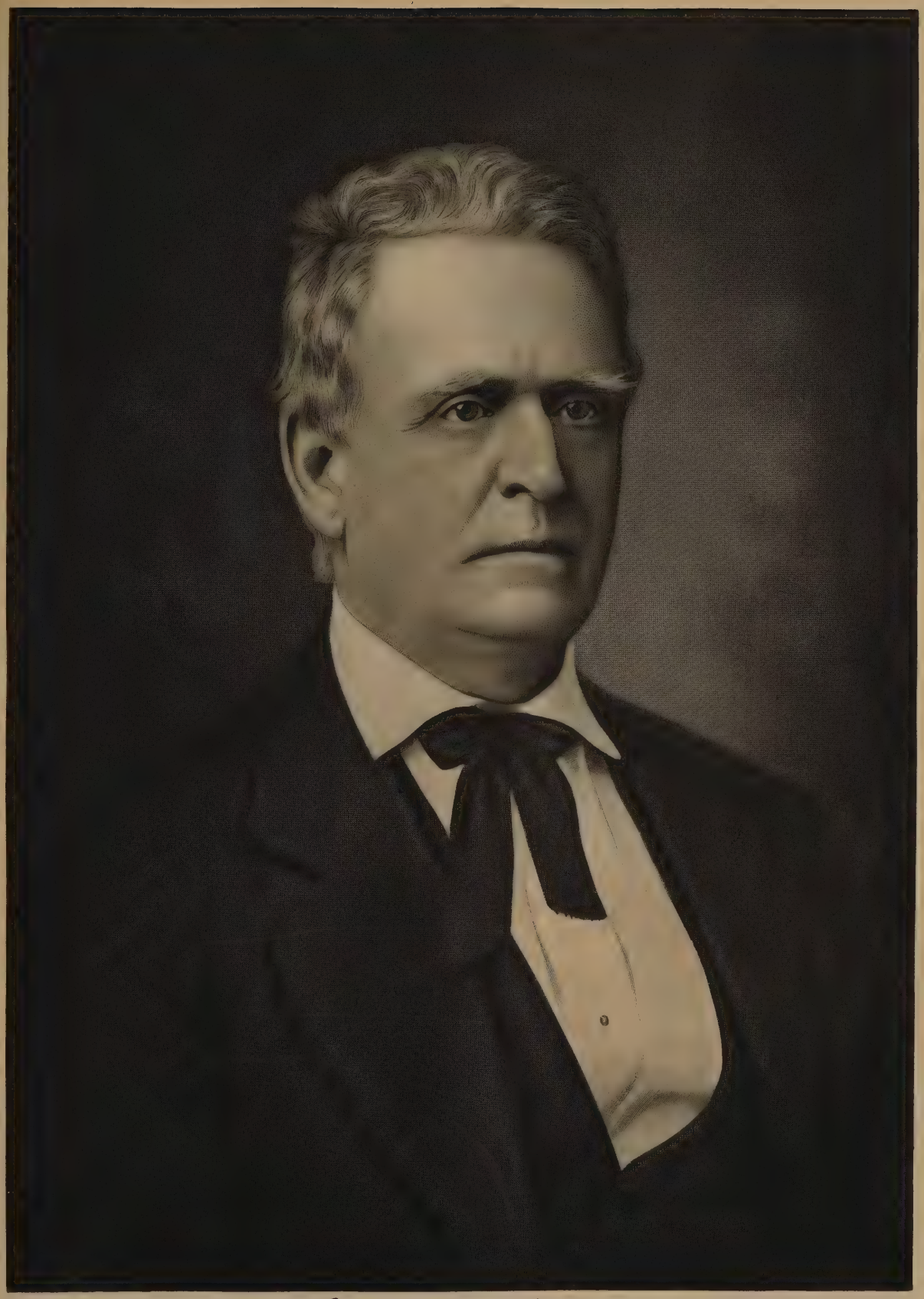
Loyall Allen Osborne was born in Newark, New Jersey, June 22, 1870, son of Frederick Allen and Eliza J. (Rathbone) Osborne, and a descendant of Thomas Osborne, who came to America in 1634 from London, England. He graduated in 1891 with the degree of Mechanical Engineering from Cornell University, where he was a member of the Kappa Alpha Fraternity. That same year he formed the connection with the Westinghouse concern which has continued with the exception of less than a year unbroken for four decades. He was first engaged in erecting machinery for the company, and a year later was placed in charge of the engineering and designing work in the plant at Newark. In 1894 he resigned and for a time engaged in private enterprise. In 1895, however, at the request of the company, he assisted in organizing the production department when the main works were established at East Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. His plan was accepted and his services for putting it into operation requested. His interest roused by the problem, Mr. Osborne accepted and became assistant superintendent. As his ability to do original and constructive work made itself more and more manifest, he was advanced, in 1897, to the office of assistant to the vice-president; in 1900, manager of works; and in 1902, fourth vice-president in charge of manufacturing and engineering. As he soon became involved in activities outside the duties of his office, he was in 1906 promoted to the position of vice-president in charge of sales organization, as well as engineering activities. In 1913, he was transferred to New York, relieved of the detail work of the sales department and placed in charge of the company's general commercial and foreign policy. He was also chosen president of the Westinghouse Electric International Company in 1919, which was the outgrowth of the expansion in the foreign business of the company.

He was selected by the Westinghouse Company to execute the order for 1,800,000 Russian rifles which he had secured from the British Government in 1915. This presented problems of great difficulty and called for an intensiveness of production rarely equalled in the history of American industry, but the enormous order was most successfully filled by the New England Westinghouse Company, an organization brought together by Mr. Osborne. It was this organization which enabled the company in 1918 to turn out 60,000 Browning heavy machine guns with the proper number of spare parts—all within the record period of ten months—when the United States entered the World War.

In 1917, when production of war essentials needed to proceed without interruption, and seemed endangered by strained relations between employers and employees, Mr. Osborne was selected by the 50,000 manufacturers who made up the National Industrial Conference Board as chairman

*Reuben Miller*

*Hannah Wilson Miller*



R. Miller Jr.

Miller

of their committee to present to the government a plan whereby differences might be composed. The plan, largely of Mr. Osborne's creation, was proposed and resulted in a presidential call for a conference between employers and employees. This conference recommended the National War Labor Board, of which the President made Mr. Osborne a member. Its success is universally recognized, and it is known to have been a potent factor in promoting the conduct of the war by the United States.

His business has carried Mr. Osborne to all parts of the world, including England, France, Italy, Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Belgium, Russia, South America, China and Japan. In 1920, when he was in Japan, he was decorated by the Emperor with the Order of the Rising Sun, Fourth Class, in recognition of the part he personally had played in developing the electrical industry of that nation. When he for the third time visited the country in 1923, he received a second decoration—that of the Third Class of the Order of the Sacred Treasure. In 1926, he was made Commendatore of the Order of the Crown of Italy for his contributions to the educational progress of that country, and the same year he was elected chairman of the National Industrial Conference Board, which he held until spring of 1929. He has often been called on to make speeches on various topics but mostly relating to industrial ecomonics. He is a Fellow of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, of the Society for the Promotion of Engineering Education, of the American Electro-Chemical Society, and of the Franklin Institute of Philadelphia. He is a director of the Westinghouse Electrical and Manufacturing Company, International Company and various subsidiaries and American Bank Note Company. His political views are those of the Republican party, his religious allegiance is to the Episcopal Church. His clubs are: the University, the Cornell, the Bankers, the Broad Street, and India House, of New York City; the Stockbridge Golf, of Stockbridge, Massachusetts, and the University of Pittsburgh.

Loyall Allen Osborne married, November 27, 1895, Emma Louise Hines, of Newark, daughter of John H. Hines. Children: Loyall A. Osborne, Jr., who married Emily Cook, of Honolulu, and they have two daughters: Patricia Mansfield and Ann Rathbone Osborne; Nancy B.; John S.; and Louise Osborne Stanley. The family home is at Stockbridge, Massachusetts.

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**REUBEN MILLER, JR.**—In Pittsburgh are the seats of the mighty in the steel and iron trade, and some of the founders of the present-day autocracies were, indeed, masterful and impressive figures—none more so than the late Reuben Miller, Jr., founder and for many years one of the proprietors of the Washington Works, famous for the manufacture of steam engines. In the development of the industrial and financial possibilities of Old Pittsburgh Mr. Miller exercised a force, which, having its inception seventy-five years ago, is still increasingly felt, his descendants ably maintaining the power and prestige of their name and race.

Mr. Miller was a descendant of a family of early residence in Pennsylvania which traces to John Miller of Kerbywick, North Riding, Yorkshire. The Miller arms are described as follows:

*Arms*—Argent a cross moline azure.
(Burke: "General Armory.")

The grandson of the first John Miller was Gayen Miller, an Irish Quaker who came to Pennsylvania about 1702 and was a large landowner. From him the line continues through Joseph Miller, his son Samuel Miller, to Reuben Miller, father of Reuben Miller, Jr.

Reuben Miller was born at London Grove, Chester County, Pennsylvania, November 7, 1775. In the autumn of 1805 he removed with his family to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, where he was engaged in the manufacture of cut nails, made by hand. He married, at New Garden Meeting, September 13, 1798, Hannah Wilson, daughter of David and Margaret Wilson, and member of the fourth generation of her family in Pennsylvania. Their children were: Martha, Sarah, David Wilson, and Reuben, Jr., of whom further.

Reuben Miller, Jr., was born June 24, 1805, in Philadelphia, near Frankford, Pennsylvania, and was a son of Reuben and Hannah (Wilson) Miller, both natives of Chester County. His parents were married September 13, 1798. In the autumn of 1805 the family removed to Pittsburgh, and there the boy received an excellent education, attending the Old Academy, then presided over by Joseph Stockton. Reuben Miller, Jr., was engaged in a small way in the business of manufacturing cut nails by hand, and at the age of thirteen the son became his assistant. In 1821 the youth made a trading trip as far as Louisville, Kentucky, thus getting his first glimpse of the outside world; and in 1824, at the age of nineteen, engaged in business for himself, opening a general provision store on Liberty Street. Success attended him from the outset, as indeed, it could hardly fail to do, for Reuben Miller, Jr., was one of those who wrest success from the most unfavorable conditions, and in the course of time his trade extended into Blair, Huntingdon and Center counties. His self-reliance, boldness of operations, indomitable perseverance and unimpeachable integrity soon gained for him the reputation of a man with whom it was desirable to transact business, and made it possible for him to enlarge the scope of his operations and to enter into new fields of action, his next venture being an interest in a tobacco factory.

In 1836 Mr. Miller bought out his partner and continued his business alone, and the same year,

he, in association with others, commenced the operation of a foundry on the south side of the Monongahela River, the firm being Robinson and Minnis. In 1840 he abandoned the provision business and, in connection with William C. Robinson and Benjamin Minnis, founded the Washington Works on the south side of the Monongahela River, opposite Pittsburgh, for the manufacture of steam engines and machinery. Soon after its organization the firm built the "Valley Forge," the first iron steamboat that ever navigated the western waters. For the ensuing fourteen years Mr. Miller gave his attention exclusively to his machinery and steamboat interests, and in 1854 retired from the concern, transferring his interests to his sons by whom they were most ably maintained and enlarged. In the Pittsburgh of "sixty years since" Mr. Miller was a conspicuous and forceful figure, a man of stainless honor and wonderful driving personality, a power in the business world, and exerting therein a most wholesome influence. To those in his service he was ever just, kindly and considerate, causing them to feel that he had at heart their best interests, and they gave him in return the most loyal service and hearty coöperation. To this mutual attitude of employer and employed he owed an incalculable measure of his phenomenal success.

The well-known business qualifications possessed by Mr. Miller, together with his accuracy in judging the motives and merits of men, caused his services to be much in demand on boards of different organizations. At the founding of the Mechanics' Bank he was a large stockholder, and was elected president, but in 1855, on account of ill health, resigned the position. After the great fire of 1845, which broke up the insurance companies, the Western in 1849 was the first to re-organize, electing Mr. Miller to the presidency, which office he held for many years. He was one of the original subscribers to the first savings bank in Pittsburgh, known as the Pittsburgh Savings Institution, and was one of its directors and its treasurer. It was first conducted as a private banking institution, but finally obtained a charter and now exists as the Farmers' Deposit Bank, of which Mr. Miller was first treasurer. He was a director in the Exchange Bank, the Savings and Trust Company (now the First-Second National Bank), and the Bank of Pittsburgh. His ripe and varied experience, his judicial mind and his careful observation rendered him at all times the trusted counsellor of his friends, his conservatism making him a factor of safety in business interests. This conservatism, however, was balanced by aggressiveness of the most pronounced type. Reuben Miller, Jr., was of the stuff of which pioneers are made, and failing to find a way, would most infallibly make one.

As a citizen with exalted ideas of good government and civic virtue, Mr. Miller stood in the front rank. A Whig in politics, he was devoted to the interests of his home city, serving as a member of the common and select councils of Pittsburgh and Allegheny City, and for thirteen years being identified with the Second Ward School Board, representing that ward at the time of the organization of its high school. To this there was much opposition, but the perseverance of Mr. Miller and his zeal in the cause of education eventually carried the day. With every other project for the advancement of the public welfare he pursued the same course, declaring himself its champion and sparing neither means nor influence for the furtherance of its ultimate success. In the philanthropic work of the city he was always active, and his private charities were more numerous than even his closest friends were aware. He was manager and one of the building committee of Dixmont Hospital, and for years served on its executive committee. Genial and companionable, he was one who drew men to him, and it was truly said of him that he was one of the best loved men of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Miller married, in 1826, Ann Leishman Harvy, daughter of Peter and Sarah Harvy, and they were the parents of five sons and two daughters, all now deceased: Peter Harvy; Wilson; Ann, died in infancy; Maria, died in infancy; Joseph Long (who was mortally wounded in the battle of Gettysburg); Reuben, 3d, one of Pittsburgh's most prominent capitalists and numbered, as were his brothers, among her leading citizens; and Samuel. All inherited a full share of their father's administrative ability and all partook of his elevation of character. Mrs. Miller, a woman fitted by her excellent practical mind to be an aid to her husband in his aspirations and ambitions, was in all respects a helpmate truly ideal, making the home over which she presided a refuge from the cares and excitements of business. Mr. Miller was never so happy as at his own fireside, finding his highest enjoyment in the family circle and in the company of his friends.

The death of Mr. Miller, at an advanced age, deprived Pittsburgh of one who throughout his splendidly successful career as a business man, had at all times stood as an able exponent of the spirit of the age in his efforts to advance progress and improvement; one who, realizing that he would not pass this way again, had made wise use of his opportunities and his wealth, conforming his life to the most exalted standards of rectitude.

Reuben Miller, Jr., may be said to have founded an industrial and financial dynasty, his sons and grandsons having succeeded him in leadership. These sovereigns of trade display no coat-of-arms, but they have a motto which by each successive generation has been signally and nobly exemplified, and that motto is "Do!"

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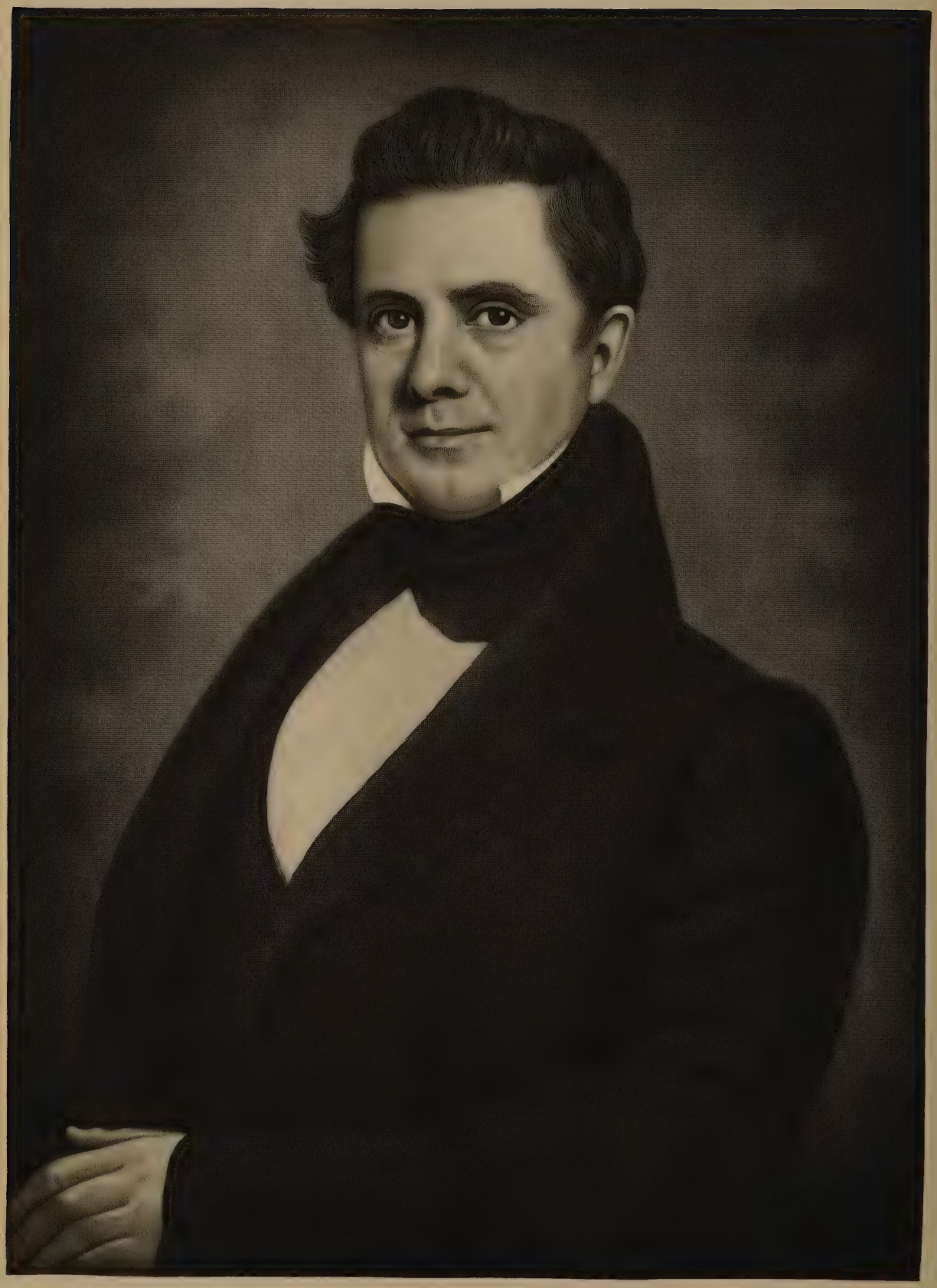
**WILSON MILLER**—To her business men of the older generation, the Pittsburgh of today owes an incalculable debt. They it was who laid deep and strong the foundations on which has arisen the city which is now the wonder of the industrial world. None among those noble Pittsburghers of the past labored more strenuously for the pros-

Nelson Miller.



Caleb Lee

perity of his beloved city than did the late Wilson Miller, of the well-known firm of Robinson, Minnis & Miller. As merchant, financier, and man of affairs Mr. Miller was for many years closely and prominently identified with all the best and leading interests of the Iron City. Mr. Miller was a scion of one of Pittsburgh's oldest families, and his father was one of its business pioneers, being entitled to the distinction of having conducted one of the first department stores ever erected in the city.

Wilson Miller was born July 5, 1829, in Pittsburgh, and was a son of Reuben and Ann L. (Harvy) Miller. He received his education in the public and private schools of his native city, and entered upon his business career in association with the firm of Spang and Chalfant. It was not long, however, before his innate executive ability and spirit of enterprise impelled him to seek a wider field for the exercise of his energies, and his talents received speedy recognition from the then leading business men of Pittsburgh, who saw in this young man one of the municipal magnates of the future. As a member of the firm of Robinson, Minnis & Miller, Mr. Miller showed himself to be possessed of that resolute, persevering industry, sound and accurate judgment, and boldness tempered with discretion, which seldom fail to command success in any sphere of action. Mr. Miller was one of the incorporators of the Pittsburgh Locomotive Works and for years served as its president. Later, when this organization was merged in the American Locomotive Works, Mr. Miller withdrew from participation in its affairs. He was interested in many financial institutions, and for a long period was a director of the First National Bank and the Bank of Pittsburgh.

Although Mr. Miller was, all his life, too busy a man to take any active part in politics, he was ever keenly alive to the affairs of the city and was recognized as a vigilant and attentive observer of men and measures. His opinions were regarded as sound and his views as broad, and his ideas, therefore, carried weight with those with whom he discussed public opinions. At all times he stood as an able exponent of the spirit of the age in his efforts to promote progress and improvements, making wise use of his opportunities and his wealth and conforming his life to a high standard. He was one of the managers of St. Margaret's Memorial Hospital and of the Protestant Home for Incurables. Of fine personal appearance, he possessed a genial, social nature, untouched by malice or uncharitableness, was most loyal in his friendships and had a kind word and a smile for every one. He belonged to several clubs and was a member of Christ Protestant Episcopal Church.

Mr. Miller married, February 23, 1859, Hannah M. Lee, daughter of Caleb Lee (see accompanying biography), and their children were: Ann H., widow of Charles O. Scull, of Baltimore, Maryland; Margaret Lee, widow of Dr. Silas N. Benham, of Pittsburgh (q. v.); Martha, widow of Robert D. Book, of Sewickley. Mr. Miller was a man of strong family affections. The ties of home were, to him, invested with sacredness, and he took genuine delight in ministering to those near and dear to him.

Wilson Miller died October 31, 1908, at his home in Pittsburgh, leaving the memory of a life honorable in purpose, fearless in conduct and beneficent toward all. Faithful to every duty, his name a synonym for success, recognizing and fulfilling to the letter his obligations to his fellowmen, Pittsburgh lost in him one of her most valued citizens.

The Pittsburgh of today is an industrial cyclone. To its steel mills and furnaces there is no intermission, no rest, no sleep. By day the sky is dark with incessant smoke, and by night the blaze of their lurid fires reddens the heavens. This triumph of labor is largely the work of men who have passed from our sight, men who seemed to possess that secret of perpetual energy which science cannot explain. It is the work of men like Wilson Miller.

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**CALEB LEE,** whose biography follows, is of a distinguished Pittsburgh family. He is a descendant of noteworthy ancestors, whose English background and colonial history is a record to be proud of.

Caleb Lee, son of John and Miriam (Carle) Lee, was born September 1, 1800, in Dauphin County, Pennsylvania. Being one of a large family he was early obliged to engage in a means of livelihood, and his education was acquired solely by his own exertions. This is saying much, for he became in the course of time, an extremely well-read man, being especially versed in history and geography.

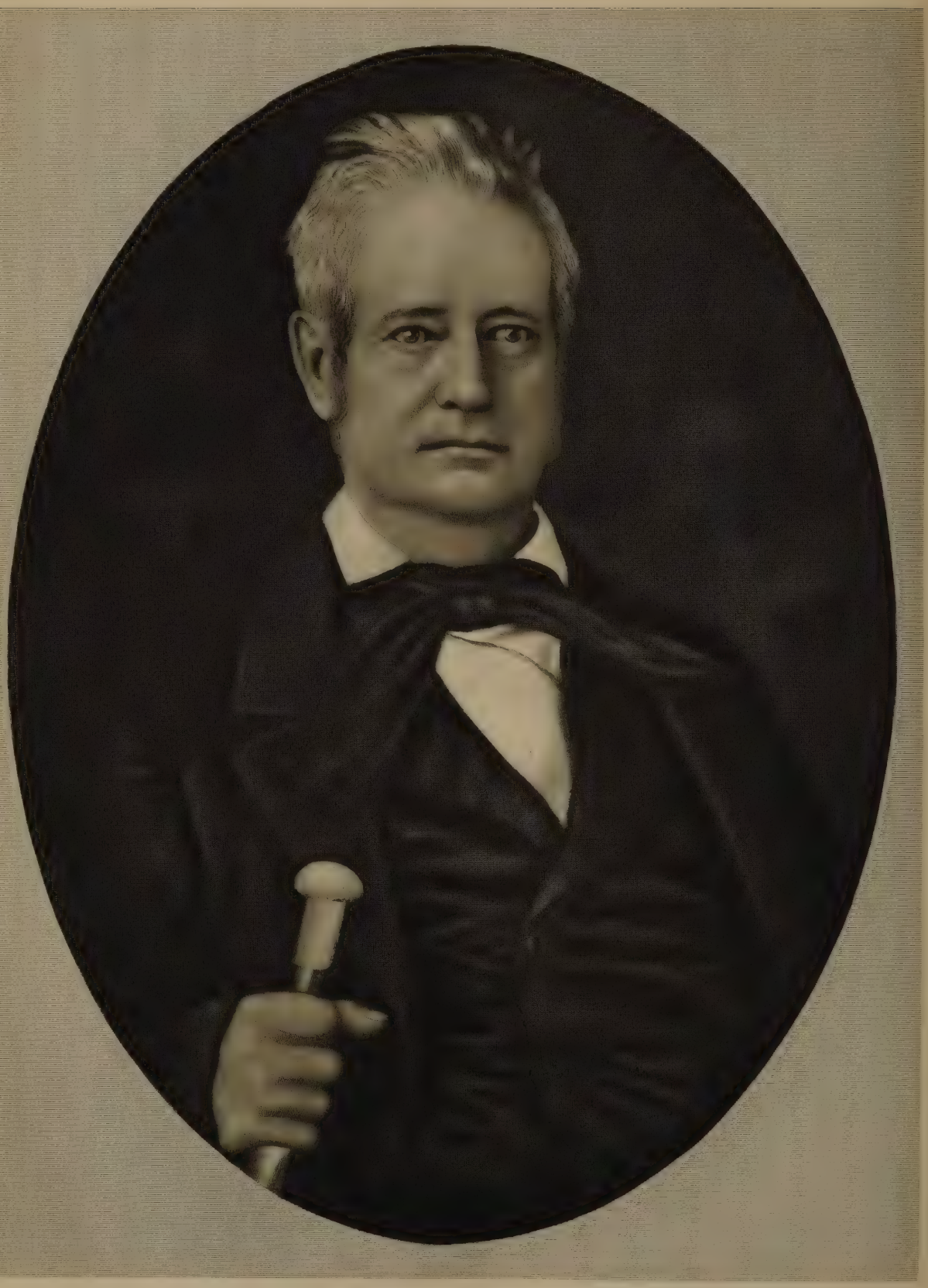
At the age of nine years the boy came to Pittsburgh, where he was apprenticed to the trade of tailoring. It is needless to trace his advancement step by step. The history of the intervening years is contained in the statement that before he reached the age of twenty-one he was in business for himself. His loyalty to his work, his sturdy trustworthiness, his clear-headedness, his determination of character—all these insured his success, and he built up a large and flourishing business, several of his sons learning the trade under his supervision. His establishment was next to the old banking house of N. Holmes & Sons, on Market Street, and close by was the dry goods store of George R. White These three men, leading representatives of the mercantile and financial interests of the city, were close and steadfast friends. Mr. Lee, always keeping absolutely abreast of the times and ever on the alert to seize opportunities made frequent trips to the East to replenish his stock. A just and kind employer, he held his subordinates to the same undeviating line of rectitude which he observed himself and from which no prospect of gain had power to lure him.

About 1845 Mr. Lee retired from business, taking up his residence on an estate which he had purchased at Oakmont, and devoting the remainder of his life to agriculture. He invested largely in

Pittsburgh real estate and at the time of his death owned twelve hundred acres at Oakmont. He was a fine judge of the dormant possibilities of landed property, and in this way did much to improve the city and its suburbs. A true citizen, he was interested in all enterprises which meditated the material prosperity and moral and social culture of his community, and to any movement which, in his judgment, tended to further these ends his hearty coöperation was never wanting. He was one of the twelve men who secured the right-of-way for the Allegheny Valley Railroad from Kittanning to Pittsburgh. It was much needed. In the early years of his residence at Oakmont he and his family, in the absence of a railroad, were obliged to make the trip to the city by the canal. In politics he was first a Whig and later a Republican, and while a staunch upholder of the principles of his party neither sought nor accepted office. He was one of the original members of the Fourth Avenue Baptist Church, now situated in the Schenley district of Pittsburgh, and for years served in the capacity of elder.

Fidelity to principle and the courage of his convictions were, perhaps, Mr. Lee's most striking characteristics, equalled, however, by tenacity of purpose. It was said of him, "he carried to completion anything he ever undertook"—truly, a wonderful tribute. He was a man of fine appearance, his patrician features and beautifully formed hands giving him a singular air of distinction. His hair was dark and his searching dark eyes had an expression at once commanding and kindly. His manner was dignified and genial and he was richly endowed with those endearing personal qualities that win and hold friends. His intellect was keen and vigorous. No man ever recognized with more electrical quickness a business opportunity and this, combined with his rare talents and unquestioned integrity, made him truly "a man of mark" and won for him wide popularity and far-reaching influence. He was a most interesting conversationalist and possessed a singular fund of humor which, however, was always controlled by his consideration for others and his great kindness of heart. He wielded a facile pen, having at command a rich store of knowledge and wealth of illustration. He was a man of intense humanity—one of those men who leave the world better than they found it.

Caleb Lee married, October 17, 1822, Margaret Skelton. Mr. and Mrs. Lee were the parents of the following children: 1. John Skelton, born August 6, 1823, died in August, 1904; married (first) Annie Thompson, who died January 5, 1848; no children; (second) Emily F. Singer, who died December 30, 1866, daughter of George Singer, a chair manufacturer of Pittsburgh; two children: Emily, who died in infancy, and George Singer, who died February 23, 1875, aged twenty years. 2. Andrew Jackson, born January 8, 1825, died January 31, 1895; married Arabella McMillian; two children: i. Richard Henry, of Pittsburgh, retired; married Eliza Fortune, daughter of the late George Fortune, a mayor of Pittsburgh. ii. Annie, deceased, married Jacob H. Blackmore, of Pittsburgh, whose father was a mayor of that city. iii. James Hutchinson, deceased, married Elizabeth McKelvey, daughter of John McKelvey, a farmer of Plum Township; no children. iv. Charles, of Oakmont, married Amelia McIlvaine, three children: William, of Detroit; Margaret and Elizabeth. v. Wilson Miller, died in August, 1908; married Ada Bonnfield, now of Pittsburgh; children, two daughters: Effie, wife of W. G. Shallcross; and Esther. vi. Edward, died in childhood. vii. Robert A., of Oakmont. viii. Child, died in infancy. ix. Child, died in infancy. x. Annabelle, died in 1895. 3. Maria Skelton, died young. 4. Caleb, born November 18, 1827, died March 31, 1907; married Mary Knox, daughter of Robert Knox; children: i. Robert Knox, died March 9, 1879, father of Robert and Caleb, of Oakmont. ii. Jennie, widow of Harry S. Paul, of Oakmont, who was president of the Verona Tool Works. 5. William Carl, born May 23, 1829, died June 25, 1867; married Caroline Rippey, who died December 6. 1854, daughter of Oliver Rippey, a tailor. 6. Margaret, born November 18, 1830, died November 29, 1830. 7. Anna Eliza, born January 28, 1832, died March 1, 1835. 8. Miriam Carl, born January 28, 1834, died August 7, 1855; married October 5, 1854, Wilson Miller. 9. Thomas, born November 4, 1835, died November 19, 1835. 10. George Luckey, born June 17, 1837, died September 24, 1902; married, February 17, 1858, Rebecca McClung, daughter of the Rev. Samuel M. and Nancy Cowan (Gilchrist) McClung, and sister of ex-Judge Samuel and William H. McClung, of Pittsburgh; their children: i. Ida, wife of Dr. James Hamilton, of Oakmont. ii. Caleb C. iii. Elizabeth, married Robert McLean, of Oakmont, Pennsylvania. iv. Samuel McClung, of Bellevue, Pennsylvania. v. Annie, married the Rev. George Holter. vi. Cora, of Oakmont. vii. Alfred. viii. Nancy McClung. ix. Margaret. x. Rebecca. The last four are of Oakmont. 11. Hannah Maria, born October 17, 1839, died January 1, 1903; married Wilson Miller, a biography of whom accompanies this. 12. Richard Henry, born August 5, 1841, died September 24, 1862, from the effects of exposure about the time of the second battle of Bull Run. He was a member of Knapp's Battery which has one monument in Pittsburgh and another at Gettysburg. 13. Ann Warden, born June 13, 1843, died in 1931; married, February 28, 1871, Hugh Williams Alexander, son of Hugh and Eliza (Scott) Alexander. Children: i. Will Miller, married Mrs. Mazie (Fullwood) Runnette; children: Will M., and Lee Aiken. ii. Frederick Scott, died in infancy. iii. Frank Marshall, married (first) Jane Packham, of Ohio; (second) Anna Kinser, of Pittsburgh. iv. Ann Lee, married Howard G. de Van. 14. Robert Peter, born April 15, 1845, died June 24, 1847. 15. Emma Louise, born October 21, 1848, married, February 5, 1874, the late George V. Marshall, of Pittsburgh, who was head of the firm of Marshall Brothers, elevator builders.



Dr. John Paul Skelton

Children: i. Vardie Hemmingray, married (first) Dr. R. B. Armor, of Crafton, Pennsylvania; (second) Dr. F. S. Morris. ii. Lee Holmes, married Helen Lewis. iii. Margaret Miller, married Charles S. Hamilton. iv. Elizabeth, married W. L. Rowe.

In his family relations Mr. Lee was singularly fortunate. His wife was a woman who breathed the charm of domesticity and made his home a refuge and place of repose after the cares and excitements of business. It was there he passed his happiest hours, delighting to gather his friends about him. Before removing to Oakmont he resided many years in the old First Ward of Pittsburgh. Mrs. Lee survived her husband, passing away September 28, 1883.

The death of Caleb Lee, which occurred July 9, 1878, deprived Pittsburgh of one who, both as business man and citizen, had at all times stood as an able exponent of the spirit of the age in his efforts to encourage progress and advancement, who actively aided a number of institutions by his influence and means and who was widely but unostentatiously charitable. Realizing that he would not pass this way again, he made wise use of his opportunities, and his wealth, conforming his life to the loftiest standards of rectitude.

Pittsburgh is older than the steel industry. Before the industrial monarchs of today were born the city was a metropolis with vigorous and wide-reaching commercial and financial interests. Among the men, who as merchants and citizens, gave to the old city of Pittsburgh her mercantile and municipal renown the late Caleb Lee, in the threefold character of business man, agriculturist and citizen, holds a foremost place. Mr. Lee was for more than half a century identified with the leading interests of Pittsburgh and was numbered among their most prominent and influential promoters.

All honor to Caleb Lee and his contemporaries, strong men of the old city of Pittsburgh! They strengthened her commercially and financially, enlarged her boundaries and rendered her beautiful and honorable. Their keen vision discerned and their wisdom and energy made possible the magnificent city of the present day.

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**DR. JOHN PAUL SKELTON** was of the third recorded generation of a family of English ancestry early settled in Massachusetts, and the line of record herein begins with Joseph Skelton of Philadelphia and New Jersey. He was prominent in public affairs and judge of the Court of Common Pleas for Middlesex County, New Jersey.

Josiah Skelton, son of Judge Joseph Skelton, was born in 1741, died in 1821, and was buried at Paxton, Virginia. He had large land holdings in New Jersey, and during the later years of his life suffered from ill health. He and his wife, Mary Wright, were the parents of five children, one of them Dr. John Paul Skelton.

Dr. John Paul Skelton practiced medicine for many years in Brooke County, Virginia, and late in life he resided with his son-in-law, Caleb Lee, about twelve miles from Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania. He was among the founders of the Baptist Church in that city, and the early meetings of the congregation were held in the Skelton house until the church was built. He died at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, October 12, 1856.

Dr. John Paul Skelton married Amanda Ausmand, or, according to P. H. Baskerville, Amanda Osman. Their children were: 1. Eliza, born in 1793; resided at Mill Creek, four miles from Cincinnati, Ohio; married a Luckey. 2. Hannah, married a Plumb, and later as a widow resided with her sister, Mrs. Lee. 3. Anna Maria, resided at Davenport, Iowa; married a McKowen, who was a merchant. 4. Osman, resided in Logansport, Indiana, and died at Cincinnati, in August, 1855. 5. Josiah, resided in Cincinnati, Ohio, and engaged in the commission business. 6. Charles, resided in California. 7. Margaret, born September 15, 1805; married Caleb Lee (q. v.). 8. Amanda Pinkerton, died in 1850; married a Campbellite preacher.

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**SILAS NELSON BENHAM, JR.**—Physician, soldier, and citizen of the finest type, Silas Nelson Benham, Jr., was a descendant of notable ancestry, tracing to John Benham, of Massachusetts and Connecticut. The Benham line descends through three other John Benhams, to Jared Benham, of the fifth American generation, who was a soldier in the Revolutionary War, and whose son, Jared Benham, Jr., was the father of Silas Nelson Benham, Sr., the father of Dr. Benham of this record.

Silas Nelson Benham, Jr., son of Silas Nelson, Sr., and Margaret (Grove) Benham was born November 20, 1840, at Washington, Pennsylvania, and was an only child. He was educated in his native town, first attending preparatory schools and then entering Washington College, now Washington and Jefferson College. He read medicine with Dr. F. Julius Le Moyne, and afterward, during the winters of 1863-64, and 1865, attended lectures at the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, graduating from its medical department. The course of Dr. Benham's medical education was interrupted by the outbreak of the Civil War. At that crisis in our history, sharing the patriotic ardor of the youth of his generation, he enlisted as an army surgeon, and for three years served with credit on the staff of his uncle, General Henry W. Benham, in a West Virginia regiment. An interesting report regarding this follows: Extract from a report of General H. W. Benham; Commanding Dept. of the South-Fort Pulaski, Georgia, April 12, 1862.

(Page 139, Series I, Vol. VI, United States War of the Rebellion.)

"Of my personal staff, my senior aide, Lieut. A. B. Ely, and Lieut. S. N. Benham, my junior aide, were ready and prompt in the discharge of their duties." (Siege and Capture of Fort Pulaski,

in Savannah River, Georgia.) Dr. Benham distinguished himself through many services, one of utmost importance his ride to carry a message for his uncle's regiment.

In 1864, Dr. Benham came to Pittsburgh and opened an office on Third Avenue. Thenceforth, to the close of his life, he remained a resident of the Iron City, being continuously engaged in the active practice of his profession. His thorough equipment, eminent abilities and unwearied devotion to duty caused his rapid advancement to the commanding position which for so many years was his. As a physician of the regular school he was enthusiastic in his efforts to elevate the standard of the medical profession. Conspicuous among the services which entitle Dr. Benham to the gratitude of posterity, was the founding of the Pittsburgh Free Dispensary, in which he was largely instrumental. With this beneficent institution his name will ever be inseparably associated, and it constitutes a most appropriate monument to his memory. He was at one time physician to the Mercy Hospital, and at the period of his death filled the position of surgeon to the West Pennsylvania Hospital. He belonged to the American Medical Association, the American Surgical Society and the Allegheny County Medical Society, at one time serving as president of the last-named organization.

As a citizen, Dr. Benham was intensely public-spirited and no movement having for its object the welfare of Pittsburgh found him unresponsive. He affiliated with the Republicans, but his professional duties left him little time for the active participation in politics and prevented him, with two exceptions, from holding office. These exceptions were made in the interest of the cause of education, which he had ever deeply at heart. For several years he served as a member of the Second Ward School Board and for a time represented that ward on the Central School Board, where he held the position of chairman of the high school committee. Dr. Benham was actively and prominently affiliated with the Masonic Fraternity, being a thirty-second degree Mason, member of Franklin Lodge, No. 221; Duquesne Chapter, No. 193, Royal Arch Masons; and Tancred Commandery, No. 48, Knights Templar. Widely but unostentatiously charitable, no good work done in the name of philanthropy or religion sought his coöperation in vain. He was a member of Christ Methodist Episcopal Church.

As a highly intellectual man of many brilliant attainments, Dr. Benham was eminently fitted for the high position which he long held in the medical fraternity. He enjoyed, to a remarkable degree, the affectionate regard of all who knew him, possessing much personal magnetism and having a manner at once dignified and winning. His countenance bore the impress of a noble character, showing him to be what he was, a true gentleman and an upright, courageous man.

Dr. Silas Nelson Benham married (first), July 27, 1866, Nellie Rand, who died April 27, 1872, the daughter of Robert R. Rand of Meriden, Connecticut. He married (second), February 20, 1889, Margaret Lee Miller. Children of first marriage: 1. Robert Rand. 2. Edwin, died in infancy. Child of second marriage: 3. Margaret Lee, who married George Bart Berger.

The death of Dr. Benham, which occurred November 3, 1890, was a distinct loss to the medical profession and to the city at large. Realizing that he would not pass this way again, he made wise use of his opportunities and his talents, conforming his life to a high standard, and was venerated, both socially and professionally, for his profound and comprehensive knowledge, his eminent abilities, his long and valuable services and the spotless purity of his moral character. Dr. Benham, at the time of his death, lacked but a few days of the completion of his fiftieth year. Half that period had been devoted to the scrupulous and enthusiastic performance of strenuous professional duties. In a quarter of a century he had accomplished as much as a man of ordinary ability and strength of purpose could have brought to pass in twice that time. His life was consecrated to the advancement of medical science and the relief of suffering humanity. The record of his labors forms part of the medical annals of the city of Pittsburgh and the State of Pennsylvania.

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**WILLIAM J. K. SNYDER, M. D.**—A practicing physician at Avalon, Pennsylvania, for almost thirty-five years, William J. K. Snyder has long been an important and familiar figure in the community life. Thoroughly trained in his profession, he has supplied to the city a medical service of the finest type which is often to be found only in a large metropolis.

Dr. Snyder was born in Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, in 1864, a son of Cyrus J. Snyder, a farmer and native of that county, and of Lydia (Kline) Snyder, also born in Westmoreland County, both deceased.

William J. K. Snyder attended the public schools of his birthplace, and after spending one year in Greensburg Preparatory School, entered Heidelberg College, at Tiffin, Ohio, where he was graduated in 1892 with the Bachelor of Arts degree. Meanwhile he had determined upon a medical career, and following his graduation he spent one year at Wooster Medical College, Cleveland, Ohio. Then he transferred to Bellevue Hospital Medical College in New York City, where he took the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1895. Shortly thereafter Dr. Snyder returned to Pennsylvania, and began the general practice of his profession at Avalon, where he has since remained. He was quick to win the confidence of those who came to consult him, and through a period of years built his following to prosperous proportions as the demands on his services constantly increased. Dr. Snyder has kept well abreast of latest developments in the medical sciences by continued study, his practice benefiting accordingly. He is a member of the staff of the Suburban Gen-

S. N. Benham

eral Hospital at Bellevue, Pennsylvania, and a member of the County, Pennsylvania State and American Medical associations.

In addition to the demands of his practice, Dr. Snyder served for several years on the Avalon School Board, and since 1895 he has been president of the Board of Health. He was one of the organizers, and since its establishment in 1905 has been president of the Avalon State Bank, which has grown under his direction to its present sound position in the community life. In politics a Republican, Dr. Snyder is affiliated fraternally with the Free and Accepted Masons, holding membership in the local Blue Lodge, No. 530, in the Chapter of Royal Arch Masons, Tancred Commandery of the Knights Templar, and all bodies of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, including Pittsburgh Consistory. In this order he is also a member of Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is a member of the local lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows at Avalon. Dr. Snyder has been a liberal supporter of every movement for the advancement of the civic welfare, and of those benevolent enterprises with whose aims he is in sympathy.

Dr. Snyder has been married twice; (first), in 1896, to Mabel C. Lutz, of Tiffin, Ohio, a daughter of Elizabeth Lutz. Mrs. Snyder died on June 1, 1920, and on June 1, 1921, Dr. Snyder married (second) Mrs. Elizabeth Driscoll, of Bellevue, Pennsylvania. Dr. Snyder worships in the faith of the Reformed Church. His residence is at No. 846 California Avenue, Avalon.

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**CYRIL F. LAUER, M. D.**—Dr. Cyril F. Lauer was born in Pittsburgh, April 22, 1889, a son of J. G. and Johanna (O'Loughlin) Lauer, his father a well-known and successful merchant in Pittsburgh. Dr. Lauer received his early education at St. Mary's Parochial School, Pittsburgh, and then attended Duquesne University High School. Having graduated from the latter, he took up the study of medicine at the Medical School of the University of Pittsburgh, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1913. Before commencing the general practice of medicine in 1914, he served as an interne for two years, at the Pittsburgh Hospital during 1911-12 and at Passavant Hospital during 1912-13. In 1926 Dr. Lauer temporarily withdrew from active practice and went to Philadelphia, where he pursued, during 1926-27, post-graduate work in ophthalmology at the Medical School of the University of Pennsylvania. At the end of this period he returned to Pittsburgh, in 1927, and resumed his private practice, which he has restricted entirely since then to ophthalmology. He is the staff ophthalmologist of the Pittsburgh Hospital and a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society.

On June 25, 1917, Dr. Lauer entered the Medical Corps of the United States Army as a first lieutenant. For a short period he was stationed at the Army Medical School, Washington, District of Columbia, whence he went overseas, July 27, 1917, being attached to the Base Hospital at Boulogne-sur-Mer. Only a few days later, August 2, 1917, he was assigned to duty with the British Expeditionary Forces, with which he served on the Western Front. He was commissioned a captain in May, 1918, and received his honorable discharge with this rank in May, 1919. He is an honorary life member of the First Buffs, the British regiment with which he served, and also has the honor of having been appointed permanent medical officer of this famous military organization. After his discharge from active military service he returned to Pittsburgh and there resumed the practice of his profession. He is a member of the University Club and of Duquesne Council, Knights of Columbus, as well as of Alpha Kappa Kappa Fraternity. His religious affiliations are with St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, of Pittsburgh.

Dr. Lauer married, June 15, 1915, in Pittsburgh, Fay Ide, a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William Ide. Dr. and Mrs. Laurer are the parents of one son, William G. Lauer, who was born in 1920 and attended St. Lawrence Parochial School, Pittsburgh.

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**CHARLES LEROY WILMOT**—Charles Leroy Wilmot was born in Pittsburgh, July 29, 1894, a son of Charles and Phoebe E. (Winwood) Wilmot. His father, who was born at Bristol, England, in 1852, and who died in Pittsburgh, May 24, 1921, came to this country with his father, James Wilmot, in 1859, when he was only a small boy. Later he was connected for some thirty years with the Pennsylvania Railroad, being engaged in mechanical work and having charge of the water system on that railroad's Monongahela division. Mr. Wilmot's mother, who is still a resident of Pittsburgh, was born in Staffordshire, England. Mr. Wilmot received his early education in the public schools of Pittsburgh and, after having graduated from high school in 1911, became a student at the Carnegie Institute of Technology, where he studied engineering and was graduated with the degree of Civil Engineer in 1915. The next two years he spent with the Pennsylvania Railroad in engineering work, after which he was connected for seven years with the Jones & Laughlin Steel Corporation. For the last three years of his connection with the company he held the position of superintendent of the department in charge of track work. During his connection with the Jones & Laughlin Corporation Mr. Wilmot began the study of law at Duquesne University, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1925. In October of that year he was admitted to the Allegheny County bar and since then he has been successfully engaged in the general practice of law in Pittsburgh. He is a member of the board of directors of the Sarah Building & Loan Association of Pittsburgh. In

politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, while his religious affiliations are with the Presbyterian Church. He is a member of Dormont Lodge, No. 684, Free and Accepted Masons; the Pentalpha Club of Pittsburgh; and the Tau Delta Phi Legal Fraternity.

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**CHARLES M. WATSON, M. D.**, was born in old Allegheny City, April 5, 1875, a son of Thomas Mehard, born in Fayetteville, Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, for many years a Presbyterian minister, now deceased, and of Laura Kate (Rose) Watson, who was born near Grove City, Pennsylvania, also deceased. He attended the elementary schools in Illinois, and Grove City College, after which he entered the University of Pittsburgh and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1900. His professional career then began, with his independent establishment in practice on the North Side, where he remained actively for ten years. Since then he has specialized in general surgery, is consulting surgeon at Passavant Hospital and attends a large private clientele. He belongs to the American Medical Association and to the State and County Medical societies, is a Republican in politics and attends the Presbyterian Church.

Charles M. Watson married, January 1, 1903, Lulu Garrett, of old Allegheny City, daughter of Solomon and Rebecca (Cook) Garrett, of Uniontown, Pennsylvania. Their children are: 1. James Rose, born December 12, 1903, a graduate of Haverford College and of the Harvard University Medical School. He received his degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1929 and then became an interne in the Geisinger Memorial Hospital at Danville, Pennsylvania. 2. William Gray, born September 7, 1909, attended the University of Pittsburgh.

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**CARL FREDERICK LAUER** was born in Galion, Ohio, December 24, 1880, a son of William, a native of Germany, who came to America in his youth and here became a successful stone mason and contractor, his death taking place in July, 1919. His wife, mother of Carl Frederick, was Louise (Schiefer) Lauer, also a native of Germany, whose death occurred here in February, 1915. Their son received his education in the public schools and later attended the Capital University at Columbus, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1901. This educational course was followed by a term at the Lutheran Theological Seminary at Columbus, which graduated him in 1904 with the degree of Bachelor of Divinity. He then entered the ministry and for two years occupied a pulpit in Bridgewater, Michigan, followed by seven years at St. Clair and four at Shelbyville, Illinois. In 1916 he entered the service of the United States Military establishment and was made chaplain of the 4th Illinois Infantry, which was engaged on the Mexican border for one year. Another year he spent as chaplain of the 130th Infantry at Camp Logan, Texas, after which he was sent overseas with the American Expeditionary Forces, where he was promoted to a captaincy and served on the General Staff as division intelligence officer of the 33d Division. He was wounded twice in the Champagne and Argonne offensives and was retired on account of disability acquired in action. He still holds his commission in the military intelligence division. In 1919 he returned to the ministry and for more than seven years was located in Logan, Ohio, coming to Dormont at the end of that period. Here he occupied the pulpit of the Bethany Lutheran Church. Mr. Lauer then became director of restoration at the Western State Penitentiary. In politics he is a Republican and he is an active member of the American Legion.

Carl Frederick Lauer married, May 25, 1904, Florence M. Gottschall, of Columbus, Ohio, daughter of Frederick J. and Louise (Leffler) Gottschall. Their children are: 1. Roland Frederick, born March 26, 1906, studied dentistry at the Ohio State University. 2. Elizabeth Louise, born February 10, 1913. 3. Lois May, born November 3, 1915.

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**JOHN DEAN BROWN**—Distinction was added to the annals of the bar of Pittsburgh through the lengthy corporate practice of the late John Dean Brown. His record is preserved in honored place with the records of great men of the past in Pennsylvania.

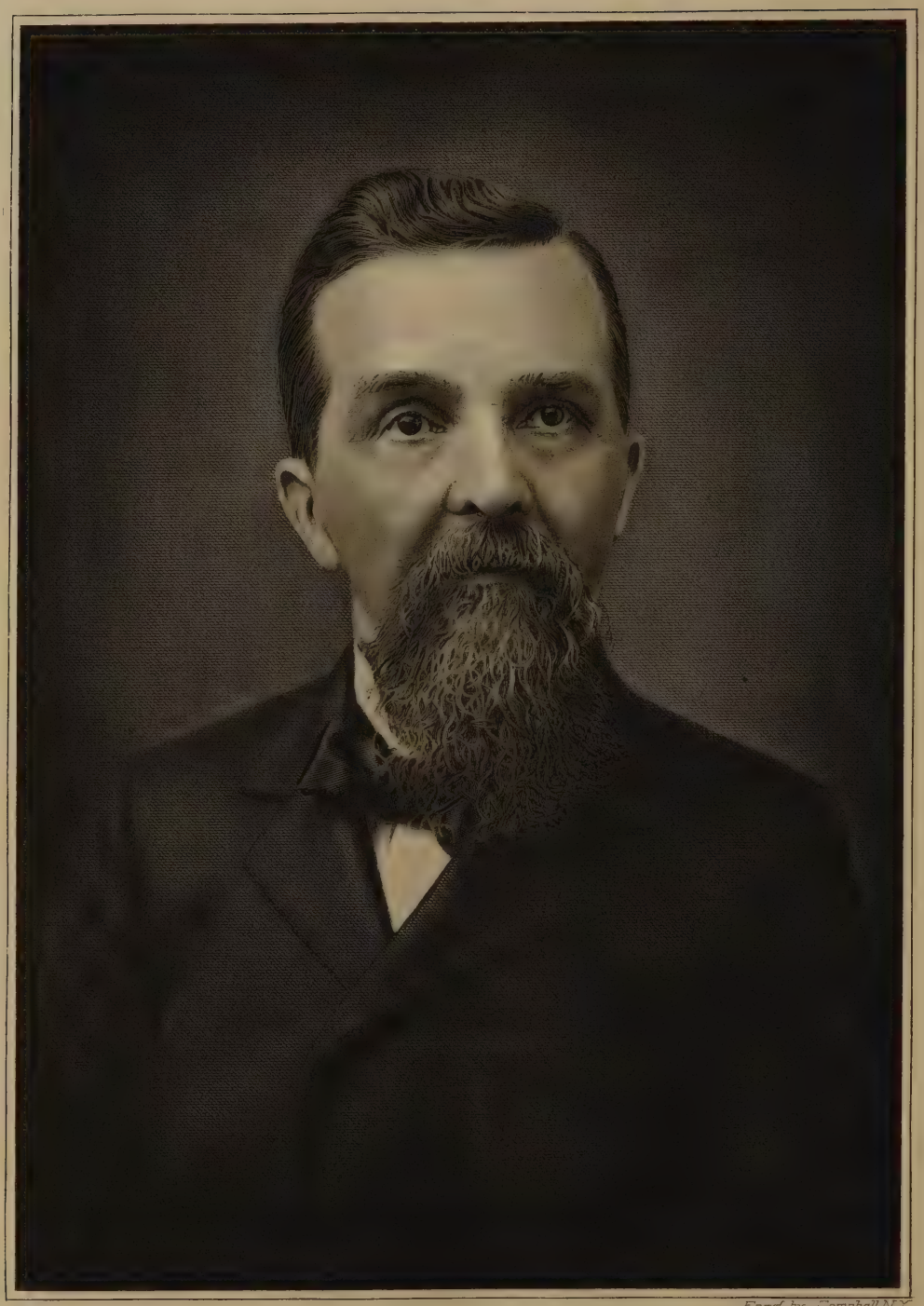
Lawyer, banker, industrialist, philanthropist, he was all of these, and the sum of his works is of lasting advantage to the community and the State. The whole of his career spanned thirty-seven years; he was born, in Pittsburgh, September 6, 1865; he died, in Allegheny General Hospital, the North Side, May 12, 1924, at the age of fifty-eight.

Son of Major Adam Mercer Brown and Lucetta (Turney) Brown, he came of a family long connected with progressive activities in the Pittsburgh area, and belonged to an eminent line of forebears, the line's progenitor, Adam Braun (the spelling was soon altered from the German), having taken the oath of allegiance at Philadelphia in 1744. Hence for nearly two hundred years the line has been of note in Pennsylvania, and its men have achieved places of remark in the professions and in finance.

John Dean Brown, most outstanding figure of his line, became of national reputation as member of the bar and as a financier. When he was ten years of age, in 1875, his parents removed from the hill section of Pittsburgh to the East Liberty center, and it was in the latter community that he finished his academic preparatory course in the public schools. Matriculating in Harvard Univer-

Engraved by Campbell N.Y.

John D. Rockefeller



Engd by Campbell N.Y.

Otis Shepard

sity, he studied in the Harvard School of Law, at Cambridge, Massachusetts, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1887, at the age of twenty-one.

Admitted to the Allegheny County bar that year, he subsequently gained admittance to the bars of the Appellate Courts of Pennsylvania and to the Supreme Court of the United States; and before these august tribunals his practice gained importance. He became of eminence as corporation counsel, his own extended holdings in the business world giving him a direct and practical insight into the legal questions of economic movements.

John Dean Brown was president and a director of the Anchor Savings Bank, one of the oldest financial houses in Pittsburgh. His father, Major Brown, had been a founder of that bank; and in the second generation of control, John Dean Brown carried its fortunes to new high levels and even greater solidity. He was director also of the Union National Bank, the Diamond Alkali Company, the Follansbee Brothers Company, the Fort Pitt Bridge Works, the Macbeth-Evans Glass Company, and the Hardy and Hayes Company. His guidance was heartily sought by colleagues of these and other corporations, not only as legal adviser, but also as a financier and banking executive. As banker and industrialist he accomplished much beyond the average lot of men. His finely turned acumen and judgment were factors in promoting and preserving business institutions of his native city, and these, collectively, had their influence toward the city's progress as a whole. His strength of character, firmness of integrity, his vision and courage, and his large confidence in his fellowmen, were fully exemplified in his manifold activities as a constructive leader. And yet he was at heart a simple, lovable man who found his principal happiness in the companionship of his family and in the midst of the beauties of nature.

His beautiful country residence, erected on a tastefully landscaped site of three hundred acres of woodland and meadow near the village of Wexford, Allegheny County, was his favorite retreat. He belonged to the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Duquesne and Pittsburgh clubs, and enjoyed a number of sports—tennis in particular. These kept alive his love of the outdoors, kept his physical and mental resources well filled, and gave him a fresh point of view in meeting the grave questions put to his decision.

On June 2, 1898, in Pittsburgh, John Dean Brown was united in marriage with Helen Shepard, daughter of Otis Shepard (q. v.) and Clara (Westlake) Shepard. Of their marriage was born a daughter, Dorothy Westlake Brown.

Devout Christian, John Dean Brown through his own rich life enriched the lives of others. His example was replete of inspiration to those around him, and this example persists in the strength of its lifetime vitality now that he is gone, an enduring inspiration to his fellowmen. He was a staunch supporter of the Shadyside United Presbyterian Church, a liberal benefactor to its charities, and an independent philanthropist whose gifts quietly bestowed, accomplished a great deal in ameliorating the ills of persons less fortunate than himself. The name and works of John Dean Brown repose in honored and affectionate memory.

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**OTIS SHEPARD**—A history of Pittsburgh would be far from complete were the name and record of Otis Shepard omitted, for through his career as wholesale merchant handling groceries and produce he assisted the city's development through the last half of the nineteenth century. He was of note in other commercial and financial enterprises, but made his chief business that of wholesaleman, in which he attained to distinctive leadership ere his death occurred. Otis Shepard came of a race of strong pioneer men; his grandfather, Stephen Shepard of Massachusetts, served throughout the Revolution; and his father, also named Stephen, took residence in Pittsburgh prior to 1830. It was here that Otis Shepard was born, son of Stephen and Prudence (Adams) Shepard, eldest of eight children, July 20, 1832. He married Clara Westlake, daughter of John Westlake; the Westlakes, like the Shepards, had their origin in England. Of this union were born children: 1. Charles W. 2. Lucy, who married Dr. George H. Goode. 3. William Anderson, who married Nellie Duncan. 4. Frank Westlake, who married Caroline V. Rose. 5. Helen, who married John Dean Brown (q. v.).

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**ROBERT KENNEDY COCHRANE**—Immediately following the close of the Civil War there was established in Pittsburgh a contracting and building business that was destined to grow into one of the most important industries of the city and to become famous throughout a wide adjacent territory. It was founded by George Alexander Cochrane, just returned from service with the Union forces in the four years of internecine strife that temporarily disorganized the country, father of Robert Kennedy Cochrane. From that day the concern has played an important rôle in the industrial activities of the city, the son carrying on where the father left off. It was the Cochranes who built the first modern skyscraper in Pittsburgh, the building of the Bank of Commerce, at the corner of Sixth Avenue and Wood Street, which was the work of George Alexander Cochrane. Other operations of the firm have been innumerable and all of them have been marked by the finest of workmanship and the best of material, while the reputation of the firm grew as the years went by. The Builders' Exchange of Pittsburgh owes its origin to the father of Robert Kennedy Cochrane and the son was for years deeply interested in that organization. In his conduct of the George A. Cochrane Contracting and Building

Company he made a high reputation as a business man and progressive citizen and left a memory of devotion to the best interests of Pittsburgh, his death being a serious loss to the industrial life of the community.

Robert Kennedy Cochrane was born in Allegheny City, now the North Side of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, July 27, 1872, a son and the tenth child of his parents, George Alexander and Kate E. (Harkins) Cochrane. He is the fourth generation in descent from Thomas Cochrane, whose body lies in a tomb in Westminster Abbey in London, England. The family was founded in America by John Cochrane, who came to America from Ireland in 1811 and settled in Pittsburgh, where he engaged in his trade as a weaver, later turning to agricultural pursuits. He married Mary Alexander, who was born in Allegheny County, and they were the parents of George Alexander, who was born on the farm in Allegheny County. He attended the public schools and in 1861, at the outbreak of the Civil War, he volunteered for service in the Union Army and remained in the military establishment for four years. He had learned the carpenter's trade and upon returning to his home with an honorable discharge in his pocket, he soon engaged in the contracting business, establishing the house of George A. Cochrane in 1866. He rapidly won a great reputation as a builder and business man and remained active in the work until 1900, having built many of the great office structures, churches, mills, stores and residences in the Pittsburgh district. He and his wife were the parents of twelve children: 1. Thomas H. 2. James H. 3. George A., II. 4. William P. 5. John A. 6. Louis H. 7. Frank. 8. Charles. 9. Infant, deceased. 10. Robert Kennedy. 11. Mary A. 12. Katherine M.

Robert Kennedy Cochrane received his early education in the public schools of the Sixth Ward and was graduated from the high school in Allegheny City, also having had a course in bookkeeping at the Curry Institute in Pittsburgh. Completing his studies, he became engaged with the contracting firm that was then conducted by his father and elder brothers and upon the death of his father, he and his brother, George Alexander, took over the management of the enterprise, retaining the name under which it had been operated by the founder.

During his entire mature life Mr. Cochrane was active in the public affairs of the North Side and for twelve years held the position of superintendent of building inspection in the city of Pittsburgh. He also served as president of the North Side Board of Trade for eleven years and was ward chairman for seventeen years, serving the Republican party in that chair. For four years he served as president of the Pittsburgh Builders' Exchange and was president of the National Association of Builders Exchanges, an honor of the highest character that could be paid in recognition of his great attainments and wide popularity. He was a director of the Allied Board of Trade of Allegheny County and was a councilman of Allegheny City for seventeen years. He was a devoted worker in the cause of the North Side Young Men's Christian Association, in which he was a member of the board of directors, and in the campaign for funds to pay for a projected building for the organization he was one of the most energetic workers and generous contributors. He was a member of the Sixth United Presbyterian Church, had taught its Bible Class and served it as superintendent of its Sunday school.

He was a member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce and a charter member of the Keystone Club and the Shanopin Country Club. Fraternally he was affiliated with Allegheny Lodge, No. 223, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Allegheny Council, No. 38, Royal and Select Masters; Allegheny Chapter, No. 217, Royal Arch Masons; Allegheny Commandery, No. 35, Knights Templar; Gourgas Lodge of the Valley of Pittsburgh, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Masons, in which he held the thirty-second degree, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He was also allied with the Masonic Veterans' Association, Islam Grotto, and was a member of the board of governors of the Shrine Luncheon Club. Additionally, he belonged to the Syria Automobile Club and to Syria Caravan No. 21, and was affiliated with Allegheny Lodge, No. 339, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Robert Kennedy Cochrane married (first) Pearl Casley and they were the parents of three children: 1. George Alexander, III. 2. Robert Kennedy, Jr., married Ida Schenk. 3. Helen, married Walter Robinson. He married (second) Florence (Crom) McCune, widow of Dr. Harry T. McCune, a prominent dentist of Braddock, Pennsylvania, and a native of Braddock, and daughter of John F. and Ellen (Crozier) Crom, who were pioneer settlers of Braddock. Dr. McCune was the son of Jesse P. and Mary (Taylor) McCune, his father the first burgess of Braddock who donated the land for the Christian Church. Dr. McCune received his early education in Braddock, later entering Central College, Louisville, Kentucky, and graduating from Western University of Pennsylvania with highest honors in 1898. He then began the practice of dentistry in Braddock (the second dentist to locate there), and continued a most successful practice there for twenty years. The McCune family line were prominent in lumber, mercantile and real estate interests and the son, Dr. Harry T. McCune, merited the distinguished place in his community. He died April 21, 1921, at the age of forty-six years.

Mr. Cochrane's death occurred November 1, 1928. His high character, unquestioned integrity, sympathetic interest in others and unfailing readiness to be of assistance in any worthy public or

private cause commended him to all and won the affectionate regard of the people of Pittsburgh. In social, religious and fraternal circles he possessed hosts of loyal friends, who cherished the relationship with a man of his sterling qualities and genial manner. His business operations, as well as his private life were of a nature that may stand as a guide to the following generations whose members look to success in life, for he was an outstanding figure of his day and left an enduring fame as his best memorial. Upon the pages of Pittsburgh's history his name will be indelibly written, for he was one of the builders of an industrial center that is internationally famous and whose citizens have contributed to the prosperity of the world.

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**J. FRED BAUMAN**—Entering the motor car sales agency and service station, founded by his brother, immediately after his return to civil life following more than a year's military service during the World War, Mr. Bauman has been connected with this business continuously since then and today is its president. Though his late brother had laid a very solid foundation for this enterprise, its remarkable growth and success in recent years must be attributed largely to the energy and ability of its present head, the subject of this article. He is not only a very able salesman, but also a very capable executive and he has made for himself in a comparatively short space of time an enviable position in the automobile business and, indeed, in the business life of Braddock, in which city his firm, now known as Bauman Brothers, Incorporated, has always been located.

J. Fred Bauman was born in Wheeling, West Virginia, May 25, 1897, a son of Lewis A. and Mary Virginia (Stenzel) Bauman. He was reared and educated in Pittsburgh and, after having passed through the public schools, he was employed for six years in Wunderly's Art Store, continuing in this type of work until he entered the United States Army during the World War. Serving in the Military Police Corps at Camp Meade, Maryland, he received his honorable discharge at the end of fourteen months service. He then returned to Braddock and there became connected with the business established by his brother, working for a number of years as a salesman in the service department. After his brother's death in 1925 the business was carried on for some time by Mr. Bauman's brother, Robert J. Bauman, until it was incorporated under its present name in 1928, when Mr. Bauman was elected pesident.

Bauman Brothers, Incorporated, with headquarters at No. 1215 Braddock Avenue, Braddock, was founded by the late Lewis A. Bauman and C. R. Johns as a partnership and was continued as such until 1921, when Mr. Johns withdrew. Mr. Lewis A. Bauman then, together with his brother, Robert J. Bauman, continued the business, again as a partnership, until the death of Lewis A. Bauman, in March, 1925. For the next three years Mr. Robert J. Bauman directed the operations of the firm, until it was incorporated in June, 1928, as Bauman Brothers, Incorporated. At that time Mr. Robert J. Bauman withdrew and since then the direction has been in the hands of Mr. J. Fred Bauman, who was elected president at the time of the business' incorporation. Since then Mr. W. L. Bauman has shared in the active management, holding the office of vice-president, while Mr. R. A. Cargo (q. v.) has been secretary and treasurer. Since 1918 the firm has handled with much success the well-known and popular Chevrolet cars, maintaining also a service department and dealing extensively in automobile parts. It occupies a spacious and modernly equipped two-story building, 120 by 350 feet, and employs some forty people.

Mr. Bauman is a member of the Chamber of Commerce, the Pittsburgh Automobile Dealers' Association and the Pittsburgh Automobile Club, in all of which organizations he is very popular and active.

In 1925, J. Fred Bauman married Agnes Truby, of Indiana, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Bauman are the parents of one son, Fred Truby Bauman. The family residence is located at No. 2109 Braddock Avenue, Swissvale.

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**RALPH A. CARGO**—Immediately after leaving the University of Pittsburgh, in 1924, Mr. Cargo entered the employ of the firm of Bauman Brothers, Chevrolet dealers, Braddock. When the business was incorporated in 1928, he was elected secretary and treasurer, positions which he has since continued to hold.

Ralph A. Cargo was born in Pittsburgh, November 22, 1903, a son of Alexander and Lillie May (White) Cargo. Both his parents are residents of Wilkinsburg, his father being connected with the Westinghouse Company. Mr. Cargo received his early education in the public schools and then attended the University of Pittsburgh. In 1924 he accepted a position as bookkeeper with Bauman Brothers, Chevrolet dealers, No. 1215 Braddock Avenue, Braddock. This firm, a more detailed account of whose history may be found in the article preceding this record and describing the career of Mr. J. Fred Bauman, president of the firm, was incorporated in June, 1928, and since then has been known as Bauman Brothers, Incorporated. By that time Mr. Cargo had proved his value and was elected secretary and treasurer, in which capacities he is still associated with Mr. Bauman and Mr. Bauman's brother, the vice-president of the company, in the active management of the business. He is a member of Delta Sigma Fraternity, while his religious affiliations are with the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Mr. Cargo married, September 11, 1928, Edith Fahringer, of Wilkinsburg. Mr. and Mrs. Cargo make their home at No. 301 Preebles Street, Wilkinsburg. Mrs. Cargo takes an active part in her native city's social life, being very popular and possessing many friends.

**E. J. BRYAN**—Proprietor of the Dodge Brothers automobile agency in McKeesport and vicinity, E. J. Bryan performs a useful function in the business life of Allegheny County. This agency was established in 1914, and has since that time been an active unit in the Dodge company's sales organization. Mr. Bryan immediately assumed control of the upper end of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, for the Dodge company. He now has a plant of forty by one hundred feet in area, and another of forty-five feet by one hundred. He employs twelve persons, and is himself the oldest agent in point of years of service to the Dodge Brothers organization, having started his work as agent when the car first came on the market. In 1914 he erected the building that he has since occupied, and this was the first agency for automobiles established on Walnut Street, which is now filled with motor car agencies.

Mr. Bryan is a native or Carroll County, Ohio, where he was born on April 18, 1876, son of Arthur and Ella Bryan. He received his early education in the public schools, and was graduated from the Augusta Normal School in the class of 1894. He taught school for a time, beginning this work when a lad of only seventeen years; and for five years was a teacher in the district schools, until, in 1898, he settled in McKeesport, Pennsylvania, where he became engaged in the produce business. This line of endeavor he followed up to 1914, as head of the McKeesport Produce Company, of which he was president. Since 1914, however, he has given his entire attention to the automobile industry, and in the agency which he has established and built up here has been eminently successful from the outset.

Mr. Bryan is also active in public and fraternal affairs. He is a member of the Yough Country Club, the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, the Knights of Columbus and St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church.

E. J. Bryan married, on April 10, 1900, Anna Brooks, who died in 1918. They had two children: 1. Margot, wife of Stewart Cox, of Chicago, Illinois. 2. Daniel A., a student at Mount Union College. Mr. Bryan married (second), in 1922, Cora Bell Tiernan, of McKeesport. They have become the parents of two sons: 1. William J. 2. Edwin J.

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**COL. JAMES MARTINUS SCHOONMAKER**—Having greatly distinguished himself in his youth as a soldier during the Civil War, the late Colonel James Martinus Schoonmaker during his later career became eminent as a coal and coke operator, banker and railroad executive. A native and life-long resident of the Pittsburgh district, he did much to develop this section of western Pennsylvania by his courageous building of railroad lines and by his able management of them. Few men of his generation rendered services of greater importance to their native states and few men enjoyed to a greater degree the respect, confidence and admiration of their fellow-citizens.

James Martinus Schoonmaker was born at Allegheny, now a part of Pittsburgh, June 30, 1842, a direct descendant of the early Dutch settlers of New York. He was a student in the Western University of Pennsylvania when the Civil War broke out and enlisted in a local company of recruits which was assigned to the 1st Maryland Cavalry. During the ensuing thirteen months he was promoted through the ranks from a private to second lieutenant and six weeks later ordered to report to Governor Curtin of Pennsylvania, who commissioned him a colonel and placed him in command of the 14th Pennsylvania Cavalry, which was being recruited and organized at Pittsburgh. He was just past twenty years of age and had the distinction of being the youngest colonel in the Union Army. On July 1, 1864, he was again promoted and placed in command of the 1st Brigade, Averill's Cavalry Division, Army of Shenandoah, under General Sheridan. In this capacity he led the charge on Star Fort at Winchester, Virginia, September 19, 1864, which won the battle and for which gallant service he was awarded a Medal of Honor by Congress. At the close of the war he was sent into the Indian country and mustered out at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, on August 31, 1865. At the first Memorial Day ceremony of the Grand Army of the Republic, Colonel Schoonmaker was one of its leaders and for the next sixty years he paid homage to his comrades who preceded him in answer to the last call. He was an active promoter in the erection of and a member of the board of managers of the Soldiers and Sailors Memorial Hall, which was dedicated by Allegheny County in 1910 to the memory of those who served their country and in which building hangs an heroic reproduction of the charge on Star Fort. In commemoration of the fiftieth anniversary of the battle of Gettysburg in 1913, Colonel Schoonmaker was selected, as the outstanding Civil War veteran of the State of Pennsylvania, to serve as chairman of the commission in charge, which occasion removed for all time any trace of animosity between the veterans of the North and the South and cemented a relationship which will forever endure. He was also active in the affairs of the Union Veteran Legion, being one of its Past Commanders, as well as a Past Commander of the Army and Navy Legion of Valor, a reunion of which organization he attended only a few days before his last illness. In recognition of his military courtesy during his campaign in the Shenandoah Valley, he was elected an honorary alumnus of the Virginia Military Institute at Lexington, Virginia. When the World War broke out in 1914, Colonel Schoonmaker was one of the organizers of the Pittsburgh branch of the National Security League and he also was a member of the Council of National Defense.

Following his military service during the Civil

War, after a short period of commercial employment at Louisville, Kentucky, Colonel Schoonmaker returned to Pittsburgh and engaged in the mining of coal and the shipping of it by way of the Ohio River. Later he entered into the coke business in the Connellsville coke region, subsequently disposing of his coke interests to the H. C. Frick Coke Company and entering the banking business. It was during his activities in the coke business that he realized the important need for additional and better railroad service, which culminated in a project for another railroad from Pittsburgh to Youngstown, to connect with what was then the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad, for the handling of freight between Pittsburgh and Ashtabula on Lake Erie. This plan, in turn, resulted in the organization and projection of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad by Colonel Schoonmaker and a few local business associates. Difficulty in securing funds made necessary the construction of the new single track railroad in a most economic manner, the road being built principally on wooden piles and trestles, on a hillside location and paralleling the Ohio, Beaver, Shenango and Mahoning Rivers. Colonel Schoonmaker was elected a member of the board of directors of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad Company on January 29, 1877, and served continuously for a period of over fifty years. On May 14, 1896, he was elected vice-president and on January 1, 1898, he was elected vice-president and general manager in charge of the property. It was while he served in this capacity, that the major improvements on this road were made, among which were the terminal yards and shops at McKees Rocks, the terminal passenger station and office building at Pittsburgh, the terminal freight station and warehouse at Pittsburgh, the double track steel bridge over the Ohio River at Beaver, improved alignment and four-tracking of practically the entire road between Pittsburgh and Youngstown, the introduction of steel freight car equipment, and the growth of heavy locomotive power. All of these, sponsored and directed by Colonel Schoonmaker, made possible the wonderful industrial development of the territory served by the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad and in turn made it one of the outstanding railroads of the country in every phase of railroad operation and management, gaining also for Colonel Schoonmaker the admiration of the leading railroad executives, whose acquaintance and friendship was one of the cherished treasures of his long and active career. In addition to the expansion and development of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad, Colonel Schoonmaker was also engaged in the building of branch and connecting lines, among which are included the Mahoning State Line Railroad, serving an extensive limestone development; the Pittsburgh, McKeesport & Youghiogheny Railroad into the great industrial and coal mining operations in the Monongahela River and Youghiogheny River valleys; the Monongahela Railway, which serves the coal and coke developments in the territory south of Brownsville and which line, subsequent to the purchase of the Little Kanawha Syndicate properties including a large coal acreage, he extended to the Morgantown and Fairmont, West Virginia, coal fields; the Lake Erie & Eastern Railroad, serving the mills and industries in the Youngstown district. All of these developments were undertaken with an unfailing courage and a foresight as to the industrial development which followed the building of these roads. Colonel Schoonmaker's outstanding purpose was to be prepared always to handle the constantly increasing tonnage and keep pace with the industrial growth, his assurance of adequate service in many cases resulting in the location of new industries and the enlargement of those already established. At all times it was his earnest endeavor to coöperate to the fullest extent to make this possible, and service and courtesy to the shipping and traveling public were his constant aim. This work and the manner in which he accomplished it placed him into relations of intimate friendship with the leading financiers and industrialists of the last half century. On January 3, 1906, Colonel Schoonmaker was elected vice-president in executive charge and on February 15, 1918, he was elected chairman of the board of directors, in which capacity he was engaged at the time of his death. He was also president and a member of the boards of directors of a number of subsidiaries of the New York Central Lines.

In addition to his devotion to railroad development, Colonel Schoonmaker was active in the banking business, being vice-president and a director of the Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh, a director of the Mellon National Bank, and a director of the Union Savings Bank. He was also a director of the Union Storage Company. His philanthropies included various religious and charitable institutions, much of his interest being devoted to the education and training of the blind. He was many years president of the Pennsylvania Association for the Blind and at the time of his death was president of the Western Pennsylvania School for the Blind. He was at all times interested in the welfare of the community and in all phases of civic affairs. His clubs included the Pittsburgh Club, the Duquesne Club, the Allegheny Country Club, the Pittsburgh Golf Club, and the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, of which he was a director. He was also a member of the Holland Society of New York. His religious affiliations were with the Protestant Episcopal Church, and more particularly with the Church of the Ascension of Pittsburgh.

Colonel Schoonmaker and Rebekah C. Schoonmaker had three children: 1. Gretchen V. 2. William H., a resident of Montclair, New Jersey. 3. James Martinus, Jr., a resident of Pittsburgh.

Colonel James Martinus Schoonmaker died, at Pittsburgh, on October 11, 1927, following an operation for appendicitis.

Though Colonel Schoonmaker's death at the age of eighty-five years had to be regarded as the natural conclusion of an exceptionally long and busy life, it came nevertheless as a distinct shock to his family, to his many friends and to the entire community, the more so, because he had been so unusually active for a man of his advanced age right up to the time of his last illness. His passing brought to his bereaved family innumerable expressions of sympathy at his death and of admiration of his life, character and achievement. His distinguished services as a soldier and his eminent work as one of the builders of western Pennsylvania assure him of a permanent place of honor in the annals of his native State, Pennsylvania, and especially in those of his native city, Pittsburgh.

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**GEORGE WESLEY KINNARD**—Mr. Kinnard was born at Esplen, Pennsylvania, September 17, 1896, the son of John Henry and Grace (Gillespie) Kinnard. The father was a foreman at the Mackintosh Hemphill Company's plant. The son entered the old second ward school on the north side of Pittsburgh at the age of five years. After a year here a change in the family residence made him a student of the Montooth Borough school where he remained until he had reached the sixth grade. In 1910 he again transferred, this time to the Eighteenth Ward school where he was graduated in 1912. It was in 1910, however, that Mr. Kinnard secured his first position, that of office boy with the McCoy Printing Company, in which he continued for two years. Then came press work with the MacVay concern and after that the position of foreman for the Coraopolis "Record" Publishing Company. One year at this work and, to round out his training, he secured work with the Republican Bank Note Company, returning eventually to the Coraopolis "Record" for a time before the war called him away from his work.

Enlisting in the navy on May 8, 1917, just after the United States had entered the European conflict, Mr. Kinnard was sent to the Philadelphia Navy Yard on the fourteenth of the month, and assigned to duty on the S. S. "Prairie," bound for duty in the West Indies. Upon his return from that trip he was sent to the Azores with a convoy of submarine chasers for duty in foreign waters. Mr. Kinnard served as fireman for thirteen months but was eventually promoted to the position of printer, first class. After the Armistice had been signed Mr. Kinnard remained in the service doing duty in Newfoundland for a time before he received his discharge on July 16, 1919.

Returning to Pittsburgh, he was again associated with the Republic Bank Note Company for a time, then with the McGregor, Cutler Company. It was in 1928 that he formed his connection with the Edwin H. Stuart Corporation, a concern specializing in typographic service and advertising printing and a leading typographic company of the district. Mr. Kinnard is both treasurer of the corporation and superintendent of the plant. He is a member of St. John's Lodge, 219, Free and Accepted Masons, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. With his family he attends the Presbyterian Church.

On Christmas Day, 1919, at Pittsburgh, Mr. Kinnard married Anna Margaret Smith, daughter of John Bruce and Elizabeth Smith, both natives of Scotland. They became the parents of two children: 1. Nadene Wesley, born April 14, 1921. 2. George Robert, born February 4, 1923.

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**THEODORE FREDERICK HARNACK**—When a man is wise enough to translate experience into capital his success is assured. The late Theodore Frederick Harnack of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, was one who fully appreciated that education is continuous experience which brings judgment and quickens the wit. He had talent and ability and all the gifts of presenting a proposition in acceptable manner and of making friends, with the result that he was one of the most successful salesmen and later sales managers in the commercial field. He was of German descent, his father, Charles Harnack, and his mother, Margaret (Kohler) Harnack, both having been born in Germany. His father was a cabinet maker and was in the furniture business for many years. He died in December, 1892, at the age of sixty-six years and his wife, who lived to be eighty-four years of age, died on April 5, 1917.

Theodore Frederick Harnack was born in old Allegheny City, now the North Side of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, on November 8, 1863. He received a common school education in the public schools of his native town and not desiring college, he went to work when he was at the age of fifteen years. The first position he secured was in a retail cigar store where he remained for only a short time when he found an opening with the Macbeth-Evans Glass Company of Pittsburgh. This opening was in the shipping department and it was here that he began his work with this company. He proved himself so efficient that he and his work attracted the attention of Mr. George A. Macbeth of the company. When Mr. Harnack was only nineteen years of age, Mr. Macbeth seeing that he was a young man of exceptional ability, started him to work as a salesman on the road. His ability expanded with the larger opportunity and for a number of years he was very successful in selling the products of this glass factory over a territory which expanded throughout a good portion of the United States. As the business grew, the company established a glass plant at Elwood City, Indiana, and when Mr. Harnack was twenty-seven years of age, Mr. George A. Macbeth put him in charge of that plant as superintendent. He held this position, where he was eminently successful, for twelve years and then decided to launch into business of his own. He made a connection with associates interested in his project and a glass plant was established at Wil-

liamsburg, New York, a suburb of the city of Brooklyn. However, this venture was not successful and proved only another lesson in the school of experience. After trying out the experiment for three years, Mr. Harnack made a connection with the Phoenix Clay Pot Company of Pittsburgh as a salesman. This company manufactured clay pots such as are used extensively in the glass manufacturing concerns all over the country. Equipped with the knowledge he had gained through years of experience in different departments of the glass business, Mr. Harnack was able to capitalize this knowledge into a valuable asset which he used in selling this company's products to different glass manufacturers throughout the country. But Mr. Harnack was primarily a man to progress and nothing could deter him from going forward. After proving his ability to sell necessities to glass manufacturers, he made a connection with the Henry L. Dixon Company of Pittsburgh, as salesman. The concern manufactures everything necessary for a glass plant and also erects plants and fits them out. It is one of the most successful organizations of its kind in America at the present time, and its success and position in the industrial world is to a great degree due to Mr. Harnack's business ability and thorough understanding of the glass manufacturing business. It was not long after he became associated with this company before he was made general sales manager and also a director of the company. He was holding both positions at the time of his death. In reviewing his life, it is notable to regard how thorough he was in all of his undertaking. While transferring his activity from one phase of the business to another, he continued in the same line of industry and became thoroughly educated in all of its various ramifications. His life, in this respect, is an outstanding example of how one can accomplish his own advancement by advancing the different organizations with which he is a part.

Mr. Harnack possessed a most winning personality and he was recognized as one of the best posted men in his particular line in the United States. In the many years that he traveled over the United States, he made a host of friends and these friends always placed their business with the firms represented by Mr. Harnack because of their respect for his ability, not only as a salesman, but his judgment of merchandise. Having built up such a splendid following, he could but help to build any business to which he applied his energies. He was a man who always loved good, clean sports and especially that of the game of baseball, which was his favorite of all sports. It was not unusual for him to spend his afternoons, during the baseball season, at Forbes Field, Pittsburgh, "rooting" for the Pirates. His business connection with the firm of the H. L. Dixon Company was a most pleasant one and to this was added a close personal friendship with the head of the firm, Mr. H. L. Dixon.

While located at Elwood City, Indiana, in charge of the plant of the Macbeth-Evans Glass Company, Mr. Harnack had under his personal supervision the making of a number of lenses for the use of Professor John A. Brashear in his astronomical work which brought him into a pleasant personal touch. He also took an active part in civic affairs of Elwood City, serving as councilman and a director of public safety. He was a charter member of Lodge No. 368, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of Elwood City, and took an active part in this organization, serving as second Exalted Ruler, after Lodge No. 368 was organized. He was a member of Lodge No. 2, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, of Pittsburgh, and a member of Washington Lodge, No. 253, Free and Accepted Masons, of Pittsburgh; the Royal Arch Chapter, No. 109, of Elwood City, Indiana; Pittsburgh Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, of Pittsburgh. He first joined the Knights Templar at Anderson, Indiana, but on his return to Pittsburgh, he demitted and joined the No. 1 Commandery of Pittsburgh, as has been stated. He was a member of the Point Breeze Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh.

In Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, on March 26, 1891, Theodore Frederick Harnack married Fannie Taylor, daughter of James Taylor, who was born in Pittsburgh, October 23, 1829, and died there on December 28, 1888. He was in the wholesale and retail cigar manufacturing business on Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets for many years. Mr. Taylor was active in the affairs of the city of his day, serving as a city councilman of the old Ninth Ward. He married Martha Shaffer who was born in New Lisbon, Ohio, July 3, 1832, and died in Pittsburgh on April 13, 1897, the daughter of Nathaniel and Sarah Shaffer. James Taylor was the son of John and Mary (Fisher) Taylor, who were pioneer settlers of Pittsburgh. Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Frederick Harnack were parents of ten children: 1. Marguerite, now Mrs. A. L. Davies, of Pittsburgh. 2. Lorene, now Mrs. F. C. Brine, of Pittsburgh. 3. Cora, now Mrs. L. C. Dunkin, of Pittsburgh. 4. Taylor MacBeth, who married Edith Knight and now lives in Canton, Ohio. 5. Charles T., married Margaret Morris, of Pittsburgh. 6. Theodora, wife of Robert C. McKeever, of Braddock, Pennsylvania. 7. William D. 8. Edith A. 9. Ralph E. 10. Norma Betty. Mr. Harnack died on December 27, 1926, in the sixty-fourth year of his age. He left a clean-cut record as a business man, noted for the highest integrity and straightforward dealings at all times with all with whom he had to do. He was the highest type of honorable citizen and in his social and fraternal associations he was one of the most trustworthy of friends. His family life was above reproach, and as an example to those who were fortunate enough to come under his influence, he was one all would choose to follow. For the general good of the country it were well that more men lived as did Theodore Frederick Harnack.

**WILLIAM SHERMAN McKINNEY**—Former vice-president and a director of the McKinney Manufacturing Company and more recently treasurer of the Walters Manufacturing Company, of Verona, the late William Sherman McKinney of Pittsburgh had a career filled with accomplishment, and though his life was cut short by an untimely death, the sum of his attainments will assure his name and record a permanent place in the annals of the industrial city.

William Sherman McKinney came of one of Pittsburgh's old families.

He was a son of William Smythe and Jennie (McGunnegle) McKinney; and the former was a native of New York State, having come to Pittsburgh as a young man in quest of his future. With a brother, James P. McKinney, he set up a small shop in Allegheny—now better known as the North Side—and this was the root of the spreading industrial oak which bears the name of the McKinney Manufacturing Company, recognized as one of the substantial industries of Pittsburgh, and based wholly on the accomplishment and initiative of the McKinney family. William Smythe McKinney continued in active direction of the company, as president, until his death. He is remembered with a warmth of esteem that time will not chill, in the minds and hearts of those surviving him. He had married, as indicated; and his wife's death occurred in 1922, in Pittsburgh. In the family were several children in addition to the one of whom we write further—a brother and three sisters: Grant McKinney, of Pittsburgh; Mrs. F. Robert Clinton; Mrs. John G. Davison; and Mrs. Roland G. Wood, the first two sisters of Pittsburgh, the latter of Pasadena, California.

Born in Allegheny, the North Side, on May 3, 1889, William Sherman McKinney spent his boyhood in the Pittsburgh district, was educated at Shady Side Academy, and entered Yale University, at New Haven, Connecticut. From Yale he was graduated with the class of 1913, at the age of twenty-four; and his father, meanwhile, during his stay at Yale, had died. Thus, immediately following his graduation he entered the employ of the McKinney Manufacturing Company. Starting as a mechanic in the shops, he literally began at the bottom of the industry and set about working his way up, as if he were unrelated to the owners and controllers of the corporation. He gained widely by his experience, secured a thorough knowledge of the workings of the company from a mechanical standpoint, and, already having a good knowledge of the theoretical management, advanced step by step until he attained the vice-presidency. Shortly before his death, however, he resigned his office, and joined the Walters Manufacturing Company. His election as treasurer of the Walters organization preceded his death but a few days, and came before he could accomplish much that was in his mind a furtherance of the firm's prosperity. Markedly successful in his undertakings, it was the consensus among his associates that had he been longer spared he would have erected towers of industrial eminence out-topping those put up by his late esteemed father.

While business interested him tremendously and took the central course of his activities from 1913 down through the remaining seventeen years of his lifetime, still, Mr. McKinney was gifted with versatility; he was a social figure in Pittsburgh, and the variety of his connections increased steadily, though always he continued to give his first thought to industry and finance. He was a favorite as member of the Pittsburgh Club, the Fox Chapel Country Club, Pittsburgh Athletic Association, and in all the bodies of the Masonic Order with which he held affiliation. These included those of the York Rite, through the Blue Lodge, Chapter, Council, Commandery, and Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He was a communicant of the Shady Side Presbyterian Church, supported the church philanthropic and educational ventures liberally, and gave quietly and generously to outside charities, organizational and private. In civic affairs he was known for the liberality of his point of view; and for the firm basis of common sense with which he recognized all phases and aspects of the city's welfare, from the commercial, industrial, and social points of view. He could be relied upon for his solid and loyal support of worthy projects, and the city's leaders often came to him to enlist his influence for worthy moves.

William Sherman McKinney married, in 1916, Mildred Whitehill Wright, who died in 1918. He married (second), November 9, 1920, Miss Helen Metcalf, who, like himself, belonged to one of Pittsburgh's old families. Mrs. McKinney survives her husband and continues to make her residence here, where she was reared. She is a daughter of William and Kate (Cassidy) Metcalf.

The former, William Metcalf, was prominently identified for many years with the Braeburn Steel Company, as was his father, the late William Metcalf, Sr. The latter, a pioneer resident, made his home in a residence situated where the Pennsylvania station now stands; and, just as he was a leader of his time in the development of the industrial city, so was his son, William Metcalf, who followed in his way and contrived to increase the standing of the family in industrial and financial circles. Edward T. Cassidy, father of Mrs. McKinney's mother, was one of the city's outstanding lawyers, up to his passing, about 1900. Hence, on both sides of her descent, Mrs. McKinney comes from olden stock of Pittsburgh; and through her husband, her children have a double heritage of interest to the people of Pittsburgh.

To William Sherman and Helen (Metcalf) McKinney were born children: 1. Kate. 2. William Smythe. The family residence is at 1812 Wight-

man Street. Mrs. McKinney, with her children, attends the Shadyside Presbyterian Church.

Coming from his many devoted friends, the tributes to the life of William Sherman McKinney were numerous, and arose spontaneously, each telling of a distinctive and separate loss. He was only forty-one, death having occurred in an automobile accident, December 20, 1930, and regret at his passing was confined to no one class, but was distributed among those who had worked with and under him, those who had been his associates in various enterprises, his fellow-members of club and fraternal life—and, in short, was voiced by all of those with whom he had come in contact in the varying media of his life's activities, which were pursued wholesomely until the last.

Though he was taken early, he will be remembered by those surviving him as a devoted and cherished friend, and by future generations as a leader in the industrial rise of a great city.

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**THOMAS H. SNOWWHITE, M. D.**—Distinguished surgeon and a leader in the medical fraternity of the Greater Pittsburgh area, Dr. Thomas H. Snowwhite has had a career of remarkable attainment, both in war and in peace. He is a resident of Braddock, a valued member of this community, and much interested in the progress of general affairs in the Pittsburgh area.

Dr. Snowwhite was born in Moon Township, February 18, 1891, a son of John and Anne E. (Hall) Snowwhite, both deceased. Having received his preparatory education in the public school, graduating from Union High School at Turtle Creek in 1909, Dr. Snowwhite matriculated in the University of Pittsburgh, became a student in its department of medicine, and in 1913 was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He served as interne in Western Pennsylvania Hospital, and in 1914, launching himself in his career, was appointed surgeon for the Union Railroad Company at East Pittsburgh. In the same year he opened offices for private practice in Braddock, where he has built up a most extensive clientele. Dr. Snowwhite has retained his post with the Union Railroad Company through the years that have followed his appointment; is a member of the staff of Braddock Hospital, identity with which he commenced in 1916; is a member of the Braddock Medical Society, of the county, State and American Medical associations, and belongs to the Interstate Post-Graduates of North America.

Despite the augmenting pressure of his professional practice, Dr. Snowwhite is one of Braddock's most active men in general affairs. He is president of the Board of Education, and Board of Health, chairman of the Salvation Army's advisory board, belongs to the East Pittsburgh Rotary Club, the American Legion (Post No. 99), Camp No. 753 of Patriotic Order of Sons of America at Turtle Creek, and the Society of the 28th Division of American Expeditionary Forces. He belongs to the Officers' Club at Boalsburg, Pennsylvania, is a member of the Pittsburgh Chapter, No. 38, National Sojourners, the American Red Cross, and fraternally is prominent as a Mason, being connected with Bellview Lodge, No. 530, Free and Accepted Masons; Braddockfield Chapter, No. 303, Royal Arch Masons; Liberty Valley Council, No. 50 Royal and Select Masters; Duquesne Commandery, No. 72, Knights Templar; Valley of Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite; Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, and Islam Grotto, together with the Legion of Honor, Syria Temple. Other affiliations include: the Military Order of the World War; past commandership of Voiture Locale, No. 5, La Société de 40 Hommes et 8 Chevaux; Edgewood Country Club, and other bodies.

Regimental surgeon with the rank of major, 176th Field Artillery, Pittsburgh, Dr. Snowwhite entered the services of his country in the World War on July 15, 1917. He served with the medical department of the 28th Division, was with this division through all its efforts at the front, and had a remarkable record of service at the front with the ambulance corps, for the most part with combat troops. He participated in five major campaigns of the war. Entering the ranks as first lieutenant, he was advanced to a captaincy in active service, and at his discharge held the rank of major.

He is a member of the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States. Politically he supports the principles of the Republican party, and in religious adherence is a communicant of the Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Snowwhite married, July 23, 1923, Elsa M. Hoppman, of Braddock, a well-known and popular figure in social circles here, active in works of the church and in philanthropic organizations. She resides at 319 Mills Avenue.

Few physicians and surgeons of Greater Pittsburgh have had the experience in his profession attained by Dr. Snowwhite. While in war service he was detailed to the Department of War Surgery at the University of Pennsylvania, and is a graduate of the Army Sanitary School at Langres, France. His name and record are honored in the profession.

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**FRANK A. CAMPBELL** was born in Mercer County, October 6, 1871, a son of the late Jacob and Mary (MacDowell) Campbell. Several generations of his paternal ancestors have lived in this country and his grandfather, Andrew Campbell, served in the War of 1812 and afterwards settled in Armstrong County and later in Mercer County. Mr. Campbell was educated in the public grammar and high schools of Greenville. In 1903 he bought the "Valley Journal," of Millvale, Allegheny County. The "Valley Journal" was founded in 1899 and is issued every Friday, covering Millvale, as well as the surrounding communities. In

1917 Mr. Campbell founded the "North Suburban Journal," which covers the towns of Etna, Glenshaw and other communities in the north end of Allegheny County. Mr. Campbell has his own printing plant for the publication of these two newspapers and also does an extensive and profitable job printing business. In their politics the newspapers are Independent Republican. Mr. Campbell is a member of Lodge No. 932, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; Lodge No. 68, Loyal Order of Moose; and the Knights of the Maccabees, in which latter organization he is prominently active, serving as a national delegate.

Mr. Campbell married at Greenville, in 1893, Cora M. Hawks. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell, who make their home at No. 74 Vilsack Street, Etna, have five children: 1. Mrs. H. B. Cooper. 2. F. Alan, born in 1900, a member of the Reserve Officers Training Corps at Carnegie Institute of Technology during the World War. 3. Ione Edna. 4. Alice Louise. 5. George W. Mr. Campbell's plant is located at No. 125 Grant Avenue, Millvale, and he also maintains an office at No. 289 Butler Street, Etna.

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**MICHAEL L. BENEDUM**—Born in Bridgeport, West Virginia, July 16, 1867, Mr. Benedum is the son of Emanuel and Caroline Benedum. He received his education in the public schools of the State of his birth and found his earliest employment in connection with the milling business. He later served as a member of the engineering corps of the South Penn Oil Company and in this connection gained his insight into the potentialities the field offered. The oil industry was then young, and Mr. Benedum realized that large profits awaited the man with sufficient foresight and daring to pioneer into new territory and develop the work along modern lines. In 1898 he resigned his connection with the South Penn Oil Company and commenced to operate independently in a small way. A short while later he organized, in association with Joseph C. Trees, the Benedum-Trees Oil Company and the J. C. Trees Oil Company. Good fortune attended their efforts and the vicissitudes of the oil development the United States has witnessed during the last thirty years brought a goodly percentage of success to the ventures with which Mr. Benedum was associated. His contacts widened and before long not only did he have a comprehensive understanding of the industry throughout North America, but was actually participating in a large share of the important operations. Mr. Benedum is now president of the Benedum-Trees Oil Company and a member of its board of directors; director of the Plymouth Oil Company, the Carbo-Hydrogen Company of America, and the Colonial Trust Company.

Mr. Benedum is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, Knights of Pythias, Pittsburgh Press Club, Pittsburgh Athletic Association, Pittsburgh Country Club, Washington Country Club, Longue Vue Country Club, Oakmont Country Club, Union Club, Duquesne Club, Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce, American Petroleum Institute, and is a charter life-member of the Keystone Athletic Club. He gives his services as a member of the board of directors of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital.

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**DR. W. RAYMOND DIXON** was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, July 22, 1900, a son of Ernest R. and Mary Jane (Calligan) Dixon, of Wilkinsburg. His education was obtained in the Homewood public schools, the Pittsburgh Academy, the College of Pharmacy, and Pittsburgh University. He obtained the degree of Pharmaceutical Graduate and that of Doctor of Dental Surgery. He then established himself in dental practice in Wilkinsburg, with offices at No. 906 Wood Street, where he is at present located. He is a member of the National, State and County Dental associations and is affiliated with the college fraternities, Delta Sigma Delta and Phi Delta Chi. In Masonry he belongs to Homewood Lodge No. 635, Free and Accepted Masons; Pittsburgh Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite Masons, and intermediate bodies, and to Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He also belongs to Syria Automobile Club. His church is the Presbyterian.

W. Raymond Dixon married, August 27, 1927, Mildred M. Wood, of Bradford, Pennsylvania, educated at Rochester University. She is a member of the alumni association of her college, the Syria Ladies' Social Club, Order of the Eastern Star, and other organizations.

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**CALDWELL McFARLAND** — Sixty-five years of age at the time of his death, Caldwell McFarland was born in County Tyrone, Ireland, July 4, 1865. He died, in Pittsburgh, April 9, 1931, for two years having been in retirement from merchandising, the sphere to which he had given the whole course of his life's activity. He was a son of Duncan and Jane McFarland, both of whom were respected in their native place, and who died and now lie buried there. The McFarlands were a liberal Irish line, the stock whence has come our Irish pioneers in America, our merchants, professional men and artists. In the family, besides Caldwell McFarland, was another, older, son of note in Pittsburgh; and he was the late respected William McFarland, who launched the McFarland mercantile enterprise here and as founder turned over to Caldwell McFarland the foundation on which the enterprise took on the dimensions and the importance of contemporary times. There was considerable difference in the ages of the brothers: William was nearly twenty years the elder.

Caldwell McFarland received his academic instruction in County Tyrone, served his apprenticeship—a severe, painstaking and thorough one —in the dry goods business in Ireland, and there laid the basis for his subsequent career as a suc-

cessful merchant in America. His was no ordinary, indifferent training; it required him to be at his duties from dawn till dusk, and made him an expert not in a single dry goods line but in all of them. In 1884, when barely nineteen years old, he felt himself prepared to meet the opportunities of the land to the West, and came to America. Eventually, after certain other experience contributing to his sum of business knowledge, he joined in association with his brother.

William McFarland, meanwhile, during the 'seventies, had located his merchandise store in the East Liberty section of Pittsburgh, at 6111 Penn Avenue. As the business grew the store quarters needed enlarging, so William McFarland removed his quarters to 6015 Penn Avenue, where it continued to prosper and, under his direction, to expand in business volume. Recognized as the leading store of its class in East Liberty, it was firmly rooted for growth with that territory. East Liberty, when he entered it, was but starting its growth. The community helped the advancement of the store, and the store served the community and helped it to grow, each reacting beneficially on the other. The business was at a healthful stage of its early development when Caldwell McFarland joined with his brother here.

Living at his home and working with him at the store, Caldwell McFarland made himself valuable from the outset of their business relationship. The business took on new strength, outdoing itself, doubling its business from one year to the next oftentimes, until it was an established institution in the commercial welfare of East Liberty. With this added business, Caldwell McFarland had more than a little to do. He was a genial, pleasing type of man, a friendly man, a man to whom persons delighted to give their confidence and their trade. His acquaintances became his friends almost automatically and within a short interval of time. His manner brought more customers; and a customer was another friend. Soon he was the backbone of the enterprise. In no sense was he a "backslapper," however; his ability extended from the front of the store to its workings in basement and loft and in wareroom and bookkeeping department, in the buying as well as the selling, and the figuring as well as the obtaining of new trade. He was a natural salesman, yet, also, had the full attributes of a natural and an experienced business man. In 1915 the senior partner retired from the firm, leaving its whole operation to Caldwell McFarland; and its strength continued increasing, though not so rapidly as during the close of the nineteenth and opening of the twentieth centuries, as the field had become too well served for that. In 1929, fourteen years after assuming full direction, he went into retirement—the store is continued down to the present time in the hands of others. Ownership of the building is in the hands of the family.

It was with keen regret indeed that the associates of Caldwell McFarland's forty-five years of active merchandising learned he would retire, and this regret was made the more poignant in 1931 at his death; for his loss represented the loss of a devoted, highly regarded personal friend.

On February 28, 1922, Caldwell McFarland married Claire Baughman, of New Bethlehem, member of one of the State's pioneer families. Mrs. McFarland, who continues to reside in Pittsburgh, is a daughter of Robert and Abigail Baughman. Mrs. Baughman died when her daughter was nine; Mr. Baughman, who was a native of Pennsylvania and was born in 1840, survived his wife and died in 1921. He was long identified with the lumber trade, and a veteran of the War Between the States, a man of prominence whose death was the occasion for many tributes to an exemplary lifetime. Mr. Baughman was a son of Lawrence Baughman, who served in the War of 1812. Robert and Abigail Baughman were the parents of thirteen children, all of whom survive to the present time (1931), and of whom Mrs. McFarland is youngest.

Through his many years of business life in Pittsburgh, Caldwell McFarland gave his best to his career and to the city. Still he found time for recreation, and after retirement was in the habit of spending five afternoons a week at the golf links, weather permitting. He played the Staunton Heights course, and there, as everywhere regarded, was highly esteemed by his companions as a sportsman and a friend. He was active in Masonic works; he was a member of the East Liberty Presbyterian Church; he was what we are proud to designate as a self-made man.

Caldwell McFarland was one of whom it may truly be said: "He left the world a better place for the worthy life he lived." His place in the community pattern is impossible to fill, but the pattern was made larger because of the life he led; and for his works, his legion well-wishers of past years continue grateful, appreciative, warmly devoted to his memory.

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**SAMUEL RENWICK WILLS**—In the mercantile and steel industries of Pittsburgh three generations of the Wills family have been successfully engaged. Originally settled in the North Side, they later made their home in Wilkinsburg, where Samuel Renwick Wills lived for sixty-seven years. His grandfather, Daniel Wills, was the pioneer of the family, and his father, William Wills, who was a partner in the mercantile house of C. Yeager and Company, located on Market Street, Pittsburgh, removed to Wilkinsburg when his son was two years of age. William Wills and his wife were the parents of three children, of whom Samuel was the last born. The others were: William, deceased; and Anna Mary, who married John A. Newell.

Samuel Renwick Wills inherited the attributes of industry, honesty, civic interest and commercial progressiveness that were characteristics of his ancestors. He was an avid student of business and was considered an authority on many subjects

associated with the industrial activities of the day. He was a great reader of instructive works and during his entire mature life added largely to the education he received in his youth. Kindly by nature, he was a generous worker in the cause of humanity and won and held a host of friends, made by virtue of his honorable qualities and his substantial solidity as a citizen, a business man and a loyal friend.

He was born on the North Side of Pittsburgh, May 16, 1862, a son of William and Anna M. (Harman) Wills. He was educated in the public schools here and at Newell Institute, afterward going to Princeton University, from which institution he was graduated with the class of 1886. He was a popular member of the student body, took an active and successful interest in athletics, winning a number of prizes for superiority in field sports, and was a member of the Glee Club.

Returning from college to his home, he entered upon his business career as an employee of Joseph Horne, who conducted a department store and where the young man was placed in the wholesale department. He remained but a comparatively short time in that occupation, leaving it to enter the steel industry, in which his brother William was already engaged and prospering. His first position in this field was as inspector with the Ferris Company, later with the Robert W. Hunt and Company, and then with the "American Bureau of Shipping," having been identified with the last-named concern during the remainder of his life. He was an active member of the Reformed Presbyterian Church and had served as an elder more than forty years. His religion was one of his outstanding interests and in the work of his church he contributed liberally with time, energy and funds, supporting every cause it promoted and encouraging activities in behalf of his fellowmen who were worthy of help in their hours of misfortune.

His death occurred at his home in Wilkinsburg, September 27, 1929. He was fittingly described by a friend and associate as "a true Christian gentleman," and "a splendid example of that noblest work of God—a good man."

Samuel Renwick Wills married, November 21, 1899, M. Bell Henning, daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth Ann (Dodds) Henning, who were pioneer residents of Allegheny County, and were numbered among the leading families of the locality.

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**HENRY WILLIAM HESPENHEIDE, JR.**—Mr. Hespenheide was of the third generation of his family in Pittsburgh. First of the name here was John Henry Hespenheide, numbered among the city's early inhabitants. John Henry Hespenheide had a son, Henry William, who married Harrietta Klager, member of another old Pittsburgh family, and it was of this union that Mr. Hespenheide was born, on August 1, 1881. He was reared in his native city and here made his career. After attending the public schools and Park Institute, he matriculated in Washington and Jefferson College, whence he received his academic degree. Forthwith he entered his father's business, the elder Mr. Hespenheide being president of the Pittsburgh Corrugated Paper Box Company. With this company Mr. Hespenheide continued until his demise, carrying heavier and still more heavy responsibilities with the firm, first in positions of comparative unimportance, and finally in those of greatest importance to the continued welfare of the organization.

A quiet, gentlemanly man, Mr. Hespenheide had little to do in club and social life. He was fond of reading, of his home, of the companionship of a few rather than of the many to be found in lodge and club gatherings, and his home was a center of gracious hospitality, with himself as a congenial host. He had an ever-widening circle of friends, who held him high in their esteem for his qualities as a man of character.

Mr. Hespenheide married, on June 16, 1909, Miss May Morrow, a daughter of George A. and Clara M. (Schwer) Morrow. Mrs. Hespenheide survives her husband and continues to make her residence in Pittsburgh. Mr. Hespenheide's death occurred in Pittsburgh on December 30, 1928, at the very crest of his career.

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**LEON FALK**—In the case of a man who sees life clearly from the broad point of view, wealth is a means to service, rather than an end in itself. Leon Falk, who lived to the age of fifty-eight years and attained to fortune of magnitude, saw his relationship to his fellowmen in that light; and his efforts for the welfare of mankind give added merit to a life record of unusual accomplishment. Pittsburgh knew him well. The city as a whole respected him as an industrial leader and financial factor in the development of enterprises having to do with steel and other products. And to this respect there was added warm esteem for him as a man, for none could long be aware of the quality and spirit of his works without according appreciation and affection to the doer. His name and fame will endure for all time in the city of his principal occupations. His life, in total, made him a figure of national standing and international reputation.

Leon Falk, in association with his brother, Maurice, well known capitalist and industrialist of Pittsburgh, made a gift of nine hundred thousand dollars for foundation of a charitable medical clinic for the University of Pittsburgh. The original gift was five hundred thousand dollars but after the death of Leon Falk, the additional four hundred thousand dollars was given by Maurice Falk, Mrs. Leon Falk and her son, Leon Falk, Jr. For the relief of Jews in Europe following the World War, they contributed ten per cent. of the great fund raised among the people of western Pennsylvania. Leon Falk was sponsor of the Pittsburgh Orchestra Association, which has brought a finer and fuller appreciation of music to his co-residents of the city and has made musical entertainment

possible for the masses who could not afford to hear such offerings without assistance from such a benefactor. He was treasurer of the Federation of Jewish Philanthropies, well-known philanthropic organization of dominant place in all the federations of charity in America and of international importance as an organization; and in addition to these things served well as life trustee of Rodef Shalom Temple, whose congregation was guided by the late illustrious Rev. J. Leonard Levy (q. v.), father-in-law of Leon Falk, whose widow continues to make her residence in Pittsburgh, on the Woodland Road.

Much that Leon Falk accomplished in his business career was executed in partnership with his brother, the aforementioned Maurice Falk. Leon Falk was the younger of the two; Maurice the eldest of seven children. Their parents were Charles and Sarah (Sanders) Falk, natives of Germany, where the Falks have been represented through honorable generations, the family being outstanding in business affairs of the old country, just as, in America, the line quickly took a leading position in business matters of the new land. Shortly after their marriage they came here, locating in Allegheny, where Charles Falk engaged in the clothing business at retail, and met with a modest success. He was highly regarded by his townsmen; everyone with whom he came in contact liked him for the sincerity of his address and the fine qualities of his temperament, as well as for his stolid, honest character. Charles and Sarah (Sanders) Falk had children: 1. Maurice. 2. Mrs. Carrie Wolf. 3. Tillie, since deceased. 4. Leon, of whom we write in memory. 5. Sigmund, who died in 1919. 6. Mrs. Jessie Forst. 7. Amy, since deceased. Most of these children continued their lives in Allegheny, or Pittsburgh, as the greater city came to include Allegheny.

Leon Falk, born in old Allegheny, now Pittsburgh's North Side, December 12, 1869, spent his childhood in the post-Civil War period, with its attendant unrest in business life of the North as well as the South. He early learned of the vicissitudes of business, due to participation in that difficult period, and by the close of the century, when he was thirty, found himself most capably equipped against the slings and arrows of financial circumstances. The remaining twenty-eight years of his life were spent in increasingly useful activities, as a vital and motivating force in Pittsburgh's business circles. Attending the public schools, he graduated from Erwin High with honors, entered Washington and Jefferson College, and carried forward his studies there until his personal economic position caused him to drop college for an immediate plunge into business matters. He went to New York City. There at a salary of five dollars a week, he worked for a cousin; after three years, during which he knew adversity, and carried on studies of academic and business nature independently, he had saved a considerable portion of what he received and returned to Pittsburgh. It was now he became associated with his brother, Maurice; and from humble beginnings they, as associates and each individually as a business factor, quickly became outstanding among their contemporaries. The Duquesne Reduction Company, copper and brass manufacturers of Pittsburgh, was among the first of their successful joint ventures. Leon Falk and his older brother established this enterprise. In 1908 Leon Falk assisted in the organization of the Weirton Steel Company; and in this, too, his brother was associated, the other chief participants having been E. T. Weir, Dave Weir, I. W. Frank, Edward Mudge, and Charles Thorpe. This company thrived. Leon Falk had much to do with its prosperity as founder and a leader in its policies. Of an inventive turn, he perfected a mudgun, used in the manufacture of steel, and also brought to completion several other items of machinery, likewise improving old methods to adapt them to increasing output. In 1924 the Duquesne Reduction Company with several other corporations was confederated to form the Federated Metal Corporation. The Federated was incorporated to produce brass, and to refine copper, tin, lead, zinc and other metals. This company today has plants in Pittsburgh, Newark, Chicago, Detroit, St. Louis, San Francisco and Los Angeles, its main offices being in New York City. Leon Falk lived only four years beyond the founding of this company, yet in that brief time he performed works of lasting benefit to the organization and was a moving figure in all its collected projects. At the present time, we may note, Leon Falk's son, Leon, Jr., is connected with the firm in official capacity, continuing in the third generation the traditions of business laid down by his grandfather in old Allegheny City and carried forward by his father in recent times of Pittsburgh.

Besides the connections listed, Leon Falk had numerous others in the fields of finance and industry. He was a director of the Edgewater Steel Company, treasurer of the Falk Products Company, and held identity with many other conspicuous firms of Pittsburgh. His gifts to charity, aside from the major bequests of previous mention, were so modestly made that, frequently, his name was not connected with donations, and in some cases even his own family were long in ignorance of his charities. His interest in education, academic, scientific, and in all fields of learning, indeed, was great. A persistent, thoughtful reader, he had a splendid library, and became a man of truly wide education and of wisdom, rich in his own thoughts and sympathetic in his philosophy. The warm humanity motivating his gifts and bequests can need no exposition.

Leon Falk married, first, in 1900, Fannie Edel, who died in 1910. Of this union were born children. 1. Leon, Jr., of previous mention, now carrying on the interests left him by his father and building up a position in present-day Pittsburgh comparable with that of the elder Mr. Falk. He married Katharine Sonneborn, of Maryland, and

they have a daughter, Ellen, who was born April 27, 1929, and a daughter Sarah, born May 26, 1931. 2. Marjorie Edel; married Marcel S. Levy, of Paris, France. Mr. Levy died in June, 1930, leaving his widow and a son, Philip, who was born in 1928.

Leon Falk married (second) Ruth J. Levy, daughter of the late Rev. Dr. J. Leonard Levy of Pittsburgh. Mrs. Ruth J. (Levy) Falk was of great assistance to her husband in his works of philanthropy and in his business movements, giving him always that inspiration without which men find their lives one-sided and themselves incomplete. She continues many of the philanthropic works of former years they supported together, and is well-known in the city of Pittsburgh.

Unable to complete college because of his finances in youth, Leon Falk lived to participate in gifts to his fellowmen totaling in the millions; and his memory rests warm in the hearts of those left behind, who take from his life both example and the inspiration for accomplishment, and efforts of unselfish end. A self-made man, fond of social relaxation and golf and other sports of the outdoors, he was the center of many social groups in the city of his life's activity. He possessed in large degree those attributes which make for firm and lasting friendships—was unselfish, kindly, just and distinguished for the ripened wisdom and vision of his years.

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**REV. J. LEONARD LEVY, D. D.**—American Jewry lost one of its most gifted spiritual leaders in the death, on April 26, 1917, of the Rev. Dr. J. Leonard Levy. Pittsburgh, lost an outstanding man of international reputation. He was a scholar and humanitarian of broad renown; his influence, far-reaching, was ennobling. He served America and he served his faith and he served mankind at large, whole-heartedly, passionately, even with genius. Famous for his geniality, as well as for his genius, eloquent as a preacher, charmingly cordial of manner, his splendid personality gained for him staunch and devoted friends; and his name is celebrated in the city of his principal works. His reputation as pulpit-orator, lecturer, author and educator grew from the commencement of residence in the United States; and the congregation of Rodeph Shalom Temple, Pittsburgh, is heir to the glories of his record, as, in the past, it was the beneficiary of his most active and inspiring presence.

Born in London, England, November 24, 1865, he was aged fifty-one when he laid down his useful life. He was a son of Rev. Solomon Levy, one of the prominent Jewish clergymen of London, cantor of wide prestige, a scholar of fine mental attributes. At an early age his parents decided to devote him to the ministry, and at nine he entered the preparatory department of Jews' (Theological) College, London. He showed quick proficiency in languages and mathematics, and his ability as a linguist was considerable, as he was conversant with nine languages, ancient, classical and modern. At sixteen he began his university studies, continuing the theological course at Jews' College and his secular courses at the University College of London. At the former, he took the prize in Hebrew Literature, holding it three consecutive years; the A. S. Palmer and the B. Meyer scholarships; and in the University College won the Felden scholarship in modern languages, several first prizes, and diplomas. In 1882 he matriculated in the University of London, took the intermediate arts examination the year following, and graduated therefrom in 1884, with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, having taken honors in the course. On April 26, 1885, he was unanimously elected rabbi of the Hebrew congregation at Bristol, the youngest ordained rabbi of all English-speaking peoples. While at Bristol he continued his studies in the university. His work as rabbi went ahead notably, and his reputation as a teacher became well known in England. But his opinions in Judaism had become modified during his stay at Bristol; he concluded he could no longer preach orthodox Judaism, and it was for this reason he came to the United States, arriving here in September, 1889.

In America his renown took root of international proportions. Rev. Dr. Levy began his work as rabbi at Sacramento, California, where he continued actively until April, 1893. He then accepted a call as associate rabbi of the Keneseth Israel Reform Congregation, Philadelphia; and as soon as he began to work in Philadelphia it was recognized that he was a man of uncommon oratorical powers, a scholar, and possessed of great ability as an organizer. For eight years he was active in Philadelphia, leaving behind him there a powerful influence for good. He spoke in many churches, at many occasions of State, and found himself on the road to fame. Of liberal views and with remarkable talent as speaker, he was heard by thousands every week. Each worthy reform cause received his support, and with indefatigable energy he gave himself to the task of building public sentiment on behalf of highly conceived causes having economic, civic and social and intellectual purposes. He published eight volumes of lectures, during his years in Philadelphia. These included: "Hopes and Beliefs"; "The Lights of the World"; "Modern Society"; "Judaism, Past, Present and Future"; "Questions for Our Consideration, and The Nineteenth Century," together with other titles.

Rev. Dr. Levy was author of the translation now quite generally used in Jewish congregations, Tractate Rosh Hashana, the first volume of the Babylonian Talmud to appear in English in the United States. He founded the Philadelphia Sterilized Milk, Ice and Coal Company, the Home of Delight, a slum settlement, and was a founder of the Transatlantic Society of America, an Anglo-American society designed to promote good will between Englishmen and Americans. At the time of the war with Spain, he was among the first to

volunteer, and was later elected chaplain of Keegan's Brigade.

In 1901 he was elected rabbi of the Reform Congregation, Rodeph Shalom, in Pittsburgh, and left Philadelphia amid many public evidences of regret at his departure, and of esteem for his character and ability. Arriving in Pittsburgh April 3, he set about organizing his new congregation, which, previous to his election, had consisted of a hundred and fifty members. He came to it when it was in debt about a hundred thousand dollars, owing to the erection of a new temple. Nothing daunted, he began his labors and on September 8, two days after the temple had been completed and dedicated for services, enough had been raised to pay off the entire debt and to leave a considerable surplus. From that day on every activity of the congregation flourished. As a mark of respect for his guidance, the congregation reëlected him eighteen months before the expiration of his first contract, for a further period of five years at an annual salary of twelve thousand dollars. This was the largest paid to date to a rabbi on limited contract. In March, 1910, it was voted to give him the office for life with a salary of fifteen thousand so long as he continued active. His best book was called "Sunday Service Prayer Book," also the "Memorial Service for the Day of Atonement." While in Pittsburgh he wrote and published three volumes of addresses: "Domestic Facts and Forces"; "The Jew's Belief"; "The Moral Law of Sinai"; "Home Service for the Sabbath"; "Home Service for the Passover"; "Home Service for Hanukkah"; "The Children's Service Hymnal"; "Textbook of Religious Ethics for Jewish Children"; "Sabbath Readings"; "A Book of Prayer," and numerous other addresses being included.

Western University of Pennsylvania conferred on him two distinctive honors in recognition of his efforts for Judaism, religious tolerance, and America, giving him the degree of Doctor of Divinity in 1902, and making him a trustee of the institution in 1904. He was also a trustee of Hebrew Union College of Cincinnati, The Transatlantic Society of America, and the Denver Jewish Hospital for Consumptives. He was a vice-president of the Universal Peace Society and organized a peace group in Pittsburgh. As editorial writer of the "Jewish Criterion," a weekly journal of this city, he had a still wider following than would have been the result of his sermons and lectures and writings; and he contributed frequently to newspapers and magazines. He was known as a strong advocate of equitable protection, this protection a national one, to be obtained through readjustment of the tariff, and he was recognized as a friend of the negro, having lent his assistance in Tuskegee and other negro institutions for mental betterment as a means to true equality of races. He had an intensive faith in the future of Reform Judaism, and bent his energies in the directions of caring for the Jewish child, the man of tomorrow. It was with this thought in mind, incidentally, that he founded the Southern Religious Society in Philadelphia, through which he spread reform through downtown Jewish immigrants. The first public meeting of the society was held the first Friday in the twentieth century, indicating, as he said, "the necessary trend of reform during the coming period of time." In harmony with the same thought, he was the first to adapt the ancient Sukkoth symbols to modern needs by erecting the booth on the temple altar during the feast of tabernacles, and was the first to arrange a modern service for the Maccabeean festival.

Rev. Dr. Levy, chiefly during his sixteen years of activity in Pittsburgh, lectured in nearly every large city of the United States and England. He was a speaker of such magnetism that his audiences, whether congregation or outside the temple, invariably were moved. His death occurred after he had delivered what many declared his greatest sermon, Sunday morning; pneumonia had set in, and by Monday his condition was so grave he could not be moved. The fourth day he died. He had completed a notable series on contemporary drama, which were to have been published soon, and was taking up a series on the World War. His works live after him, in the minds and the hearts of men. Trustees of Carnegie Institute were at a Founder's Day banquet when, at eleven o'clock in the evening, word of his passing reached them. In token of respect they rose, and briefly afterwards filed out, President Samuel Harden Church adjourning the meeting. Rev. Dr. Levy was a director of the Irene Kaufman Settlement Board, a director of the Kaufman Fund for Scholarships, and the Emma Fresh Air Farm Association. The latter organization had planned to hold its annual meeting on the Sunday following his death, but postponed the meeting out of respect to his memory. He was an ardent worker in the cause of peace, and did much of a philanthropic nature for the people. It was largely due to his efforts that the mothers' pensions now are in force, he having established the first mothers' pension in the State.

In 1888, at Bristol, England, Rev. Dr. Levy was united in marriage with Henrietta Platnauer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Platnauer, prominent member of the Bristol Congregation. Mrs. Levy, with two daughters, survived him. The daughters: 1. Edna S. Levy, wife of Joseph H. Barach, M. D. 2. Ruth J. Levy, widow of the late distinguished Leon Falk (q. v.), who continues to make her home in Pittsburgh, on the Woodland Road.

Tributes came to the Levy household from all parts of the world; the press of this and other nations carried news of his passing; and an effort was made by contemporaries to place his memory correctly in the chronicles of the historic past. Time alone will place his name and record. A great name, a great record—the importance of his

works on earth can be gauged only on the scale of service to mankind. That service was so large that its mere recording is an inspiration. Leaders in Jewry were quick to pay his memory their respects, and Gentile and Jew united in affection for a great man gone. Dr. Stephen S. Wise, of the Free Synagogue, New York City, who was his personal friend, dismissed a meeting at the synagogue out of respect for his memory. He said for the press:

Dr. Levy was a great Jew and a great American. Finely loyal as a Jewish teacher to the best in Israel and rejoicingly devoted to all that is best in the hope and ideals of America, he was a rabbi in the best sense of the term, for he was a teacher, a teacher of adults as well as children. He was the incarnate of optimism and yet resolute to make the good better. He was conservative touching the past and he was liberal in his hopes for the future. He was unequivocally Jewish, withal the most genial fosterer of brotherly relationships between Jew and Christian. He spent himself without stint on behalf of his people. I sorrow for his passing, but I glory in his life.

In him, Pittsburgh possessed a truly ennobling citizen, and the Nation was bereft by the passing of a man who brought to it the riches of a deep passion to serve Israel to the glory of America.

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**HARVEY B. CHESS**—In the industrial history of America one of the most brilliant examples of contributory value is seen in the person of the late Harvey Buchanan Chess, of Pittsburgh, who followed in the path his father had trodden and became a steel manufacturer, manager and president of one of the most important establishments of its character in the country. He was an inventor of note in his field, a deep student and reader and was possessed of a natural aptitude for scientific matters. He was greatly interested in the navy and owned one of the finest libraries pertaining to that subject in America. Highly endowed mentally and with these qualities to assist, he long attracted the admiring attention of the industrial world by the skill with which he handled the complicated details of the business of which he was the executive head, adding to the renown of Pittsburgh as an outstanding center of steel production.

He was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, April 14, 1883, a son of Harvey Buchanan (1) and Annie (Boles) Chess and a grandson of David and Dorothea (McGeary) Chess. David Chess was one of the earliest metal manufacturers of Pittsburgh, founder of the firm of Chess, Smyth and Company, makers of nails and tacks, with their plant in the Birmingham district on the South Side. He was the father of three sons, all of them rising to prominence in the iron and steel industry here. The three sons were: Henry, Walter and Harvey Buchanan.

Harvey Buchanan Chess (1) was born on the South Side, Pittsburgh, July 10, 1843, and died August 10, 1913. After attending the public schools he entered the Western University, later the University of Pittsburgh, and was a student there at the outbreak of the Civil War. With other students he promptly offered his services to the United States and was enlisted in Young's Battery, which became famous and from which he was honorably mustered out at the close of the war. Upon his return to Pittsburgh he was taken into the employ of Chess, Smyth and Company and upon the death of his father, in 1877, he and his brothers formed the partnership of Chess Brothers and continued to carry on the business. He was a designer and an inventor and perfected many of the machines used by his firm in manufacturing, becoming known throughout the country for this faculty, as he also was as a mechanical engineer. Later the business was incorporated under the title of the Metallic Expanded Metal Company, of which he was vice-president until his retirement in 1907.

Harvey Buchanan Chess (1) married, April 27, 1882, Annie Boles, daughter of James and Carolina (Stowe) Boles, Carolina Stowe being a member of the family which numbered Harriet Beecher Stowe, famous author and abolitionist. They were the parents of two sons: Harvey Buchanan (2) and Philip Sheridan Chess.

Harvey Buchanan Chess (2) received his early education in the public schools of Pittsburgh and at the Shady Side Academy prepared for college. Entering the University of Pittsburgh, he studied there for two years and then matriculated at the University of Vermont, from which institution he was graduated with highest honors in 1907 and received the degree of Mechanical Engineer. This was the year of his father's retirement and he came at once into active association with the enterprise, becoming responsible for the operation of the plant and also the reorganization of its methods, which were then somewhat antiquated. He was elected president of the Expanded Metals Company and under his management it became one of the most important metal manufacturing enterprises in Allegheny County. It was at his death sold to the Wheeling Steel Company and is located at Wheeling, West Virginia. Mr. Chess was a handy workman and used tools with natural aptitude in much experimental work and was particularly expert with radio appliances.

When the United States entered the World War he offered his services and was commissioned a second lieutenant, following a course of training at Fort Niagara at the officers' training camp. He served at Washington, District of Columbia, for a time but appreciation of greater service as an industrial executive led the government to detail him to his own manufacturing plant, where he supervised the production of large outputs of war material for the Allies.

He was a very generous contributor to various charities, among his favorites being the Salvation Army and the Children's Hospital of Pittsburgh, both of which benefited very largely.

He was a member of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, the American Society of Military Engineers, the Pittsburgh Chamber of

Commerce, Duquesne Club, American Legion, Sons of the American Revolution and Sons of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence, his eligibility to the last named coming through his direct descent from John Hart, and he attended the Third Presbyterian Church of Pittsburgh. He was also a member of the Pennsylvania Society of Mechanical Engineers and of the University Club.

His death occurred March 30, 1923.

Harvey Buchanan Chess (2) married, December 26, 1907, Blanche Ella Leard, daughter of William Elliott and Mary Spencer (Curwen) Leard. They were the parents of six children: Harvey Buchanan (3), William Leard, Nancy Hart, Robert McCready, James Stewart and Jane Curwen Chess.

Mr. Chess left a memory of accomplishment and service to his fellowmen that has been rarely exceeded. His studious inclinations and love for mechanical effects gave him pleasure and his achievements promoted the welfare of mankind and the general progress of the country. He was a worthy scion of a fine ancestry and will have a permanent place in the industrial history of America.

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**ANDREW JOHN FISHER,** born in Europe, December 4, 1876, is a son of John and Mary (Sable) Fisher. He attended school in his native city but left home while young—and as a consequence, he has secured his own education, for the most part receiving it informally. He was only thirteen years of age when he came to the United States. Going first to Braddock, Pennsylvania, he secured a job in the steel mills operated by the Carnegie Steel Company, working as a water boy. Machine drafting and design came easily to him; it seemed he had a natural talent for this kind of work. Soon, therefore, he was made an assistant in the drafting rooms. Perceiving in himself a need of further schooling of formal nature, if he wished to progress, Mr. Fisher set about repairing his deficiency, and for six months attended a suitable institution of learning. Resuming his active work thereafter, he became a weighmaster in the mills, continued his studies in night school, and soon was promoted to the drafting division of the Carnegie corporation. After three years with the company he decided to broaden himself through travel. In Philadelphia he met a wealthy Englishman, who was touring abroad. The Englishman took a great liking to the young man; they had much in common, and as he wished a companion, Mr. Fisher was given that place. It was, of course, a most agreeable occupation, and afforded the young man an opportunity for travel which he could not have secured of and by himself. Together they visited Canada, the western reaches of America, Mexico, Cuba, and Europe. Later, his connection at an end, Mr. Fisher returned to the United States and came to Pittsburgh.

This was the commencement of the second phase of his lifetime. Mr. Fisher, in Pittsburgh, speedily became acquainted in business and social circles, and went to work for himself, at first repairing phonographs, which, at the time, were still a novelty and little understood. Repairmen were in demand, and Mr. Fisher distinguished his calling through the quality of work he did. He also repaired cash registers, scales, and other intricate devices, attained to some reputation in this field of endeavor, and saw in it the opportunities for progress which for some years he had been seeking. His venture grew apace; all kinds of machinery were given to his care, and he did work that placed him among the foremost mechanical men in a city noted for its mechanical genius. When persons who had retained him for work had anything that needed repairing, they said, "If anyone can fix it, Mr. Fisher is the man." By word of mouth, and work successfully done, his reputation widened constantly, and his shop was a thriving small industry in itself. After twelve years Mr. Fisher was able to retire, and for two years he devoted himself to his investments, and other private concerns. In 1914 he again entered the trade, and has continued actively identified with it, his present (1932) address being in Kearney Way. He is distributor of the Walting Weighing Machines, and has installed these in a number of the leading hotels of Pittsburgh, also carrying forward his trade at repairing, and interesting himself mechanically in the new inventions, himself having perfected a number of clever scientific devices and improvements of mechanical aspect.

During the World War period he worked diligently in support of the Liberty Loan, War Savings Stamps and Red Cross campaigns, and particularly was successful in the first, garnering in more than a hundred thousand dollars, from associates, for investment in this patriotic fund. As drive succeeded drive, he doubled and re-doubled his efforts, so that by the time the fifth Liberty Loan (the last one) had been successfully terminated he had to his credit several hundred thousands of subscriptions.

His mother, still living and now (1932) aged eighty-seven years, continues to make her home abroad.

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**WILLIAM H. FLICKINGER, M. D.,** is a native Pennsylvanian, born, May 10, 1887, a son of Newton and Minnie (Oxenford) Flickinger. He received his early education in the public schools and then prepared himself for his medical studies at the high school at Blain, Pennsylvania, and at the academy at New Bloomfield. From there he went to the Medical College of Virginia, graduating there with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1917. He served his interneship at the Braddock General Hospital, where he remained for three and one-half years, gaining valuable practical experience. At the end of this period he established himself in general practice in Braddock. Dr. Flickinger does a great deal of surgical work and is a member of the surgical staff of the Braddock General Hospital, having held this

connection ever since he entered private practice. He is a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and the American Medical Association, as well as of the Braddock Chamber of Commerce, the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and Kappa Psi Fraternity. His religious affiliations are with Zion Reformed Church.

Dr. Flickinger married, in 1921, Edna L. Beatty, of Wilkinsburg. Dr. and Mrs. Flickinger are the parents of one son, William Henry Flickinger, 2d.

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**FREDERICK L. AIKEN, JR.,** was born in Pittsburgh, July 19, 1893, a son of Frederick L. and Josephine H. (Pollock) Aiken. His father is in the automobile painting business in Crafton Heights, Pittsburgh. Mr. Aiken's paternal grandfather, George Aiken, was killed in the battle of Bull Run during the Civil War. His maternal grandfather, Captain Robert Pollock, too, fought in that conflict, having organized his own company in what was then known as Allegheny City. Later he became a law partner of Thomas Marshall in Pittsburgh. Mr. Aiken himself received his education in the public schools and after having attended the grade schools in the West End, Pittsburgh, he was graduated from the Pittsburgh High School. He entered the employ of the Riverside Oil Company as general manager of the credit department. This company was a subsidiary of the Benedum-Trees interest. Later Mr. Aiken was connected for one year with the Waverly Oil Company. In 1921 he formed the Aiken Oil Company of which he continued as head until 1930. In that year the Aiken Oil Company, then engaged in the marketing of gasoline and of lubricating oils, was sold to the Vacuum Oil Company which at that time organized the Lighthouse Oil Company, Incorporated. He is a member of the board of directors of the Citizens State Bank of Dormont. For many years a resident of Greentree Borough, Mr. Aiken has taken part in that community's affairs. For the last twelve years he has been a member and the vice-president of the Greentree Board of Education. He is also a member of the board of directors of the Greentree Advancement League and has given much attention to the subject of vocational training. Another organization in which Mr. Aiken has been active, is the Kiwanis Club of the South Hills, which covers the communities of Mount Lebanon, Dormont, Brookline, Beechview, Castle Shannon and Greentree Borough. His religious affiliations are with the United Presbyterian Church, and he was one of the leaders of the organizers and is now one of the trustees of the Wallace Memorial United Presbyterian Church of Greentree Borough. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party, in the affairs of which he has been active locally for a number of years.

Mr. Aiken married in Pittsburgh on May 19, 1915, Jean Miller. Mr. and Mrs. Aiken, who make their home on Greentree and Elmhurst roads, Greentree Borough, have four children: 1. Frederick L., 3d, born in 1916, and now attending the Dormont High School. 2. Marian Joan, attending the public school. 3. George Miller, born in 1923, likewise attending public school. 4. Carol Lee.

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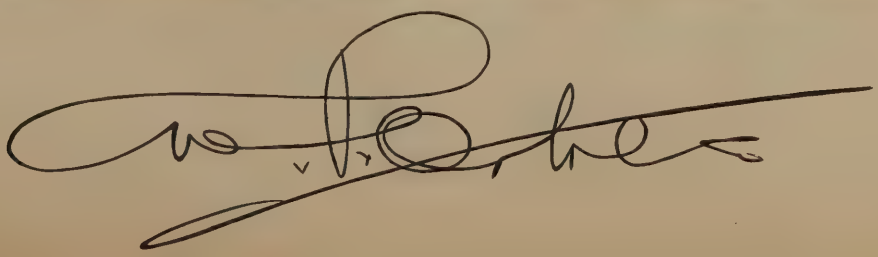
**WILLIAM PASQUALE ORTALE**—The president of the Bank of America Trust Company, William P. Ortale, is one of the most prominent young Italian-American citizens of Pittsburgh. Coming to this country as a boy of seventeen, his record of achievement is truly remarkable.

William Pasquale Ortale was born at Donnici Inferiore, Cosenza, Italy, May 1, 1888, and is the son of Savario and Maria (Spadafore) Ortale. Savario Ortale, although he had visited this country and many other countries in Continental Europe, spent most of his life in Italy, where during many of his early years he engaged in the agriculture business and later as a high executive for a large landowner, retiring at the age of sixty-five. For several years he served as a member of "Commissione Provinciale di Agricoltura," a governmental appointment of high importance. This commission supervises the agricultural affairs of the entire provinces of Cosenza. He was considered one of Donnici's most prominent citizens, and was for years the treasurer of the two churches of the little town. The death of Savario Ortale occurred at the age of seventy, in October, 1924.

W. Pasquale Ortale, received most of his education in Italy; after finishing the schools of the little town of Dinnici Inferiore, he had a private tutor for several years, the late Rev. Giuseppe Infelice, from the same town. Upon his arrival in this country in April, 1905, he obtained employment as a water boy at one dollar per day at the filtration plant, in Aspinwall, Pennsylvania, with the T. A. Gillespie and Company; he studied English for a short time by attending night school at their construction camp under the auspices of the Italian Immigrant Association Night School of New York. As his knowledge of English and familiarity with the customs of this country became the equal of his sound technical training he had received in Italy, together with his engineering tendencies, by February, 1907, he had risen to the position of carpenter foreman, which position he held until November, 1907, the termination of that contract.

In December, 1907, he entered the employ of Westwater & Casey, now John F. Casey Company, also at the filtration plant, as a carpenter foreman, remaining with that company until February, 1909. In March, 1909, he started as assistant general carpenter foreman for Jones Bros., in Middletown, Ohio, erecting the American Rolling Mill Company plant, and finished as superintendent in June, 1911, at which time he enrolled with the International Correspondence School, taking up construction engineering. In July, 1911, he began working for Nealon & Klein, in the erection of a hospital in Middleton, and in December, 1911, he

Lewis Historical Pub. Co. From Photo by Underwood & Underwood Steel Engraving by Finlay & Conn.



was sent by his employer to erect some bridges for the Piedmont and Northern Lines in Anderson, South Carolina, thus keeping him employed until May, 1913; in June, 1913, he began work for Jordan and Munn, as a superintendent to erect a depot, and then was home in Spartanburg, South Carolina, until March, 1914; in April, 1914, he began work with the Caroline Stone Company in Charlotte, North Carolina, as a sales manager, remaining until July, 1914; in August, 1914, he was with the Credit and Reporting Association, in Charlotte, North Carolina, as an agent until January, 1915; in February, 1915, as a superintendent for the Southeastern Life Insurance Company to erect their home office in Greenville, South Carolina, until October, 1915; in November, 1915, took charge of the erection of four open hearth furnaces at Monessen for the Pittsburgh Steel Company as a field superintendent, until July, 1916.

In August, 1916, he obtained employment with the Koppers Company as a field superintendent, at Clairton, in the erection of the largest coke plant in the world. From there he was brought to Pittsburgh to erect a similar plant for the Jones & Laughlin Steel Corporation. This however, being at the time of the World War, and considered essential war work, caused him to be exempted from military service in the United States Army under classification "K"; he continued working there until February, 1920. In March, 1920, he was sent to Warren, Ohio, for the Trumbull Steel Company to erect some new strip mills, and remained there until October, 1920, at which time he enrolled with the Alexander Hamilton Institute, for their course. In November, 1920, he was transferred to Birmingham, Alabama, at the Woodward Iron Company to finish another coke plant and remained there until March, 1921. At this time he requested a leave of absence for a year to go to Greenville, South Carolina, to do some work for the Southeastern Life Insurance Company, where he had spent some months in 1914, at the request of Mr. Lawton, its president. As requested by Mr. Lawton, he went to Greenville and organized the firm of W. P. Ortale Company, Inc., Engineers and Contractors; he erected there some buildings for Mr. Lawton, built the City Fire Station, and several other buildings throughout the city.

In August, 1922, he returned to Pittsburgh in the employ of the Koppers Company to take charge of the construction in the field of another coke plant for the Weirton Steel Company at Weirton, West Virginia, and there he remained until June, 1923. By this time he had, as it were, served his apprenticeship, and his reaching a position of prominence in the business world of the Pittsburgh District was spectacular. On November 20, 1923, the State Banking Department granted him a license to conduct a private banking business under the name of Ortale and Company, Bankers, at No. 901 Wylie Avenue, where he has done very well and has acquired a very large acquaintance and has really established himself in the Pittsburgh District. In May, 1925, he organized the Ortale Contracting Company, a firm engaged in the general contracting business. Mr. Ortale is president of the Pittsburgh Commissary Company, a corporation organized for the purpose of contracting to supply labor and to house and feed workers in camps for large construction projects.

In November, 1925, Mr. Ortale conceived the idea of organizing a consolidated Italian Bank to give the Italian people of this community the banking service they need, and he immediately began to work toward that end. He was successful in obtaining the best Italian element of the entire Pittsburgh Community to support his idea which he had worked out in a manner which gave all subscribers complete protection by advancing all the necessary capital to put the project over. The stock of the bank sold at $65 a share, $50 par value and $15 towards surplus. The bank, started with a capital and surplus approximately a half million, was subscribed to by some nine hundred American-Italians of Pittsburgh, and on November 26, 1928, the organization committee of which Mr. Ortale was made chairman obtained the charter from the State Banking Department for the Bank of America Trust Company, the name that Mr. Ortale chose after a very careful study, thereby realizing his dream of bringing his little private bank to be the nucleus of a real banking institution which is a credit to the city of Pittsburgh. On January 25, 1929, the first stockholders meeting was held and Mr. Ortale was unanimously elected its first president. The offices of the bank were established in the Chamber of Commerce Building, which necessitated the expenditure of a large amount for its alteration, with a board of directors prominent in Italian-American circles of Pittsburgh.

Mr. Ortale is a life member of the Keystone Athletic Club, being one of the boosters and a very active worker in its organization; a member of the Pittsburgh Athletic Association since 1919, where he makes his home. In the fall of 1927 he joined the International Coöperative Club, and in May, 1929, was elected its treasurer. In politics, he is a Republican, and in religious affiliations, a Roman Catholic, attending St. Paul's Cathedral of which he is a member.

He has brought two of his younger brothers to this country to be educated, and the three of them are naturalized American citizens. He is providing for the education of a third brother in England, to enter the diplomatic service of his country. Mr. Ortale is unmarried, but maintains a home in Italy for his mother, whom he adores, and for whom he is making plans to bring to America.

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**GUSTAV LANGENHEIM**—Prominent in wholesale circles and a man outstanding in the general affairs of Pittsburgh, Gustav (baptized Gustav Christian David) Langenheim was born

at Seehausen, Kreis Wanzleben, Germany, December 22, 1835, and died in the city of Pittsburgh, June 19, 1888. He was a son of Henry and Johanna (Zack) Langenheim, the Langenheims of Germany being a family of note for their education, scientific and professional and economic distinction. (Arms are registered in the name.) Henry Langenheim was a chemist, an expert dyer. With his wife and family he came to the United States, locating at Barrington, Illinois. In the family were children: 1. Gustav, of whom further. 2. William, who located in Cincinnati, Ohio; served in the War Between the States with the first German-American regiment formed there; was a prisoner at Libby Prison. 3. Wilhelmina, resident of Chicago. 4. Louis, of Barrington, Illinois. 5. August, who located at Pittsburgh, where he attained a large success in the lumber business under the name of Osterling and Langenheim, and later under the name of Langenheim and Cochran. August Langenheim retired after a long and useful career. His death occurred in 1917. 6. Henry, went to Nebraska; served as drummer boy in the Civil War; wounded in action.

Gustav Langenheim received his education in Germany and came to the United States at the age of eighteen years. Having a natural and acquired gift for designing, he supplemented his early income here by drawing patterns for linoleum. For a time he was in the retail feed business, and later entered the trade in which his name and record became large—the wholesale grocery trade, as a member of the well-known firm of Langenheim and Shepard. Mr. Langenheim was connected with this firm until his death, and himself did much to make the business prosper. A very able business leader, a man of foresight, strictly honest in all his dealings, his advice was widely sought after by his friends. He made many friends in Pittsburgh both in and outside of his circles of business; and his faith in Pittsburgh was substantial, his vision of the future large. His idea for his business was to build it on a firm foundation, to conduct it upon honorable lines rather than to seek spectacular returns in a hurry. His word, as a consequence, was as reliable as that business and was sufficient to his bond. All with whom he came in contact respected him as a man.

Gustav Langenheim married twice. He married, in Pittsburgh, Christina Fry. They had four children: 1. William J. 2. Katharine. 3. Gustav C., was a civil engineer, and served as engineer for the city of Allegheny. 4. Albert Henry. Gustav Langenheim's second wife was Minna Theresa Schwerd, a daughter of Gottlob and Carolina (Wagner) Schwerd. They had two daughters: Flora E. and Gertrude A.

Minna Theresa Schwerd came from Germany to visit her brother, Albert F. Schwerd, a pioneer planing mill operator and architect, well known manufacturer and builder of early Pittsburgh, who produced the Schwerd porch columns. These columns may be seen in the facades of noted buildings throughout the United States. And it was here on this visit that Minna Theresa Schwerd met Mr. Langenheim. She was born in Schönewerda, Germany, August 18, 1848 and died in Pittsburgh, April 23, 1919, being recalled as a woman of sterling character and refinement. With her daughters she traveled extensively.

The family residence had been at No. 175 Locust Street in the old Fifth Ward of Allegheny now No. 1315 Liverpool Street, Northside. The Improvement of the Poor now own it and use it as a temporary home for children. The business was on Seventh Avenue, Pittsburgh, where the Koppers Building now stands.

One who lived his religion (Lutheran) in daily affairs, Gustav Langenheim had a considerable following among young men starting out in life; and to these he always extended a helping hand. As a citizen he interested himself continually in the public-spirited projects designed for the welfare of the city, State and Nation, and his loss was poignantly felt in the numerous spheres of his erstwhile activity.

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**PERCY H. JOHNSTON**—Engaged in the real estate business in Dormont, Pennsylvania, Percy H. Johnston holds a place of importance in the life of this region of the Pittsburgh community. He was born in Washington, District of Columbia, on January 30, 1873, son of John H. and Elizabeth (McLeod) Johnston. His father, who was born in Ogdensburg, New York, in 1843, was for many years employed in the United States Treasury Department in Washington, District of Columbia, died in 1876; while the mother, Mrs. Elizabeth (McLeod) Johnston, was born in Detroit, Michigan, and died in 1879.

Percy H. Johnston received his early education in the public schools of the Nation's capital, and was graduated from high school there in the class of 1890. At once he began to do clerical work, in which he acquired his early business experience; and in 1900, started his association with the wholesale lumber trade in Pittsburgh. In this field he conducted a business under his own name, which he continued until 1928, when he formed the real estate company of Stevenson, Williams and Johnston, of which he was secretary and treasurer until January, 1926. It was that company which developed Bailey Field as the Alpha Improvement Company, in Dormont; and also the Mission Hills and Beverly Heights tracts in Mount Lebanon. Since 1926, Mr. Johnston has been engaged in real estate work for himself under his own name, and he is now president of the Colonial Realty Company, as well as vice-president of the Mission Hills and Beverly Heights Company.

Also active in the affairs of his community, Mr. Johnston is actively interested in politics and civic life. His political affiliation is with the Republican party and he served as a member of the Dormont Borough Council for four years, while he was also for two years a member of the school board and was appointed to the board of adjustment of the

zoning commission in Dormont. In fraternal affairs he is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, in which order he belongs to Dormont Lodge, No. 684, in which he is a past master; St. Clair Chapter, No. 305, Royal Arch Masons, of Dormont, in which he is past high priest; McKean Commandery, No. 80, of Charleroi, in which he is a past commander; Mount Moriah Council, No. 2, Royal and Select Masters, in which he is thrice past illustrious master; Syria Temple of the Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; and the Pittsburgh Consistory of the Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. He also is a member of the Almas Club, of Dormont; a life member of the St. Clair Country Club; and a communicant of the Presbyterian Church.

Percy H. Johnston married, on December 22, 1902, Louise Landmesser, of Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Nicholas and Elizabeth Landmesser. By this union there have been three children: 1. Margaret V., born October 23, 1905, who is a graduate of the Pennsylvania College for Women, of Pittsburgh, from which she received a degree in music; a teacher in the Dormont schools. 2. Elsie P., born April 30, 1907, a graduate of Ohio State University, where she is majoring in chemistry. 3. Percy H., Jr., born September 5, 1916, attending school.

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**WILLIAM ALBERT ROYSTON, JR.**, was born June 11, 1884, at Pittsburgh, son of William Albert Royston, Sr., who was born in England and came to Pittsburgh in 1861, at the age of five years. Mr. Royston has always been engaged in the steel industry, his association now being with the Crucible Steel Company. In 1882 he married Sarah Tyson, now deceased. Children: William Albert, Jr., of further mention; Thomas T., with the Crucible Steel Company in New York; Joseph R., secretary-treasurer of the American Nut & Bolt Company, Pittsburgh; William T. (q. v.); Henry V. N., in business in San Antonio, Texas.

Mr. Royston, Jr., the present senior partner of Royston & Company, was educated in the grade and high schools of Pittsburgh and rounded out his education after leaving school by attendance at night school for seven years. In 1899 he joined the force of the LaBelle Steel Company as office boy and continued there until 1901, when he became a clerk for Follansbee Brothers Company. By 1903, he had advanced to the office of sales manager. He was that year engaged by the Fidelity Title & Trust Company as assistant trust bookkeeper, advancing later to the position of manager of the mortgage department and assistant secretary. From 1912 to 1914 he was vice-president of the Fidelity. Resigning, he entered a partnership with Frank F. Nicola, as junior partner, and on March 1, 1917, left him to go into business for himself under the title of Royston & Company, concerning himself with real estate, financing, and reorganization. His first partner, E. P. S. Wright, died in 1917, when the business had been going for about six months. Mr. Royston continued alone until 1921, when he took in, as junior partner, his brother, William T. Royston. In the intervening eight years, the firm has added certified public accounting to its activities and has organized or reorganized a number of business enterprises successfully operating today in the Pittsburgh district. A few of the projects to which Mr. Royston has since devoted his attention are: Pittsburgh Motor Corporation, president and treasurer; Philadelphia Motor Corporation, Pittsburgh Asphalt Vault Corporation, of all of which he is president and treasurer; J. J. Gillespie Company, of which he is secretary-treasurer; Capper-Harman-Slocum, Inc., publishers, treasurer; Accommodation Loan Company, secretary; Farmer-Stockman Publishing Company, vice-president. In July, 1929, the Royston-Cadillac-LaSalle Company was formed. This company has taken over the four-story and basement property at No. 5609 Baum Boulevard, corner Fairmount Street, and it has become one of the show places among the automobile distributing plants in Pittsburgh.

His many activities do not preclude a lively interest in other local developments, for Mr. Royston participates in civic and social activities as well as business. He is a member of the Real Estate Board, a member of the Lion's Club, of which he was the first president, a director of the Fox Chapel District Association and of the Pennsylvania Association for the Blind. He belongs also to the Pittsburgh and Philadelphia Automobile Dealers' Associations, the Pittsburgh Athletic Association, the Pittsburgh Motor Club, Field Club, Duquesne Club, and the Fellows Club. He is a Republican and a communicant of the Bellefield Presbyterian Church.

On April 21, 1910, William Albert Royston, Jr., married Anna Gerber, daughter of Louis Gerber, now deceased. Children: Sarah Ann; William Albert, 3d, born January 5, 1916; John H. Royston, born September 23, 1919; and twins, Elizabeth and Louis, born October 21, 1922. The family resides on Fox Chapel Road, in Sharpsburg.

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**WILLIAM T. ROYSTON** was born September 2, 1894, in Pittsburgh, son of William Albert and Sarah (Tyson) Royston. The father, born in England, was in childhood brought to Pittsburgh, where he has since lived, his business career devoted to the steel industry. He is now associated with the Crucible Steel Company. William T. Royston, next youngest of five sons, was educated in the public and high schools of Pittsburgh, graduating from the latter in 1913. His first business connection was with the People's Natural Gas Company, with whom he held a clerical position for two years. His ability displaying itself at an early date, he was made auditor of the Anchor Sanitary Company in 1915, and in 1916, he went to Mooseheart, Illinois, as comptroller of "Mooseheart." Then came the call to arms in defense of Democracy when the United States en-

tered the World War. Mr. Royston enlisted in November, 1917, attached to the 23d Engineers, and served overseas for eighteen months, participating in the St. Mihiel and Meuse-Argonne offensive. He became a sergeant and was honorably discharged in June, 1919.

Returning to Pittsburgh, Mr. Royston joined MacLean and Company, certified public accountants, and became a C. P. A., in January, 1923. Mr. Royston is president and secretary of Royston Cadillac-LaSalle Company; vice-president of the Pittsburgh Asphalt Vault Corporation; of the J. J. Gillespie Company he is assistant secretary-treasurer; of the Capper-Harman Slocum Company, assistant treasurer; of the Accommodation Loan Company, vice-president. His religious affiliation is with the First Baptist Church. He belongs to the American Society of Certified Public Accountants, the Pennsylvania Institute of Accounting, and to several clubs, the Pittsburgh Field, and the Keystone Athletic. He is also a member of the American Legion Post, No. 5, Pennsylvania Golf Association, Pittsburgh Motor Club, and the American Association for the Blind.

Mr. Royston is married and resides at No. 340 South Highland Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

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# ADDENDA

*Barton, Lowrie Childs, page 313—Since this biography went to press, Mr. Childs passed away, October 5, 1930.

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